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UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

THE CALENDAR

FOR THE YEAR

1894.



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1894.

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(i.) BOARD OF MODERATORS IN ARTS, 1894.

A. M. Bose, Esq., M.A.

Babu Kalicharan Banerjee, M.A., B.L.

Rev. K. S. Macdonald, M.A., D.D.

Babu Asutosh Mukhopadhyay, M.A., D.L., F.R.A.S., F.R.S.E.

(ii.) The following books have been prescribed as text-books in History for the M.A. Examination in 1896 :—

(a) Green's History of the English People, 4 vols.

Miss Martineau's History of the Thirty Years' Peace, vols. i, ii and iii up to book v, ch. 9.

Mill's History of British India, edited by Wilson; vols. iii, iv, v, (book iv to book vi, ch. 6).

(b) Stubbs's Constitutional History of England.

Hallams's „ „ „

Erskine May's „ „ „

(c) European History from 1754 to 1795 :—

Mahon's History of England—from ch. 32 to the end.

Lecky's History of England during the Eighteenth Century—from ch. 7 to end of vol. vii.

Von Sybel's French Revolution, translated by W. C. Perry; 4 vols.

De Tocqueville's France before the Revolution of 1789, translated by Reeve.

Dyer's History of Modern Europe—from book vi, ch. 5 to book vii, ch. 7.

(d) Sidgwick's Elements of Politics.

Austin's Jurisprudence, Lectures v and vi.

Wheaton's International Law, Parts i and ii.

(e) Adam Smith's Wealth of Nations.

Mill's Principles of Political Economy.

Marshall's Principles of Economics, vol. i, omitting the Appendix.

Levi's History of British Commerce.

(iii.) The following text-books in Mental and Moral Science have been prescribed for the M. A. examination in 1895 :—

Ueberweg	...	...	History of Philosophy (omitting the 1st and 2nd periods of the Philosophy of the Christian era and the appendices).
Caird	...	...	The Critical Philosophy of Kant (1889).
Berkeley	...	...	Fraser's Selections from Berkeley, 3rd edition.
Hamilton	...	...	Lectures in Metaphysics, Dissertations in his edition of Reid's works.
Sully	...	...	The Human Mind.

Mill	...	...	Logic, Examination of Hamilton's Philosophy.
Jevons	...	...	Principles of Science, 2nd edition.
Ueberweg	...	...	System of Logic and History of Logical Doctrines.
Butler	...	...	Dissertations on Virtue, Sermons I, II, III.
Sidgwick	...	...	Method of Ethics, 4th edition.
Martineau	...	...	Types of Ethical Theory, 3rd edition.

NATURAL THEOLOGY.

Caird	...	...	Introduction to the Philosophy of Religion.
Martineau	...	...	Study of Religion, 2nd edition.
Max Müller	...	...	Hibbert Lectures on the Origin and Growth of Religion as illustrated by the Religions of India,

or

EVIDENCES OF CHRISTIANITY.

Butler	...	...	Analogy.
Paley	...	...	Evidences of Christianity.
Gore	...	...	The Incarnation of the Son of God.
Macdonald	...	...	Papers on the Bible, omitting the following :—III, V, VIII and XIII.

(iv.) The following books have been prescribed as text-books in Mental and Moral Science for the B. A. examination in 1896 :—

PASS COURSE.

PSYCHOLOGY AND ETHICS.

James Sully	...	...	Outlines of Psychology, new edition, revised and largely re-written, 1892.
Martineau	...	...	Types of Ethical Theory, 3rd edition Volume I (Introduction only), Volume II, omitting Chapter VII of Book I and Branches II and III of Book II.

HONOUR COURSE. c

PSYCHOLOGY AND ETHICS.

James Sully	...	...	Outlines of Psychology, new edition, revised and largely re-written, 1892.
Martineau	...	...	Types of Ethical Theory, 3rd edition, Vol. I (Introduction only), Vol. II.

HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY.

(*Bacon and Descartes to Reid and Kant.*)

The following books are recommended :—

Ueberweg	...	...	History of Philosophy, Vol. II.
Schwegler	...	...	History of Philosophy.
Fraser	...	...	Berkeley } (Blackwood's Philosophical
Fraser	...	...	Locke } Classics.)

NATURAL THEOLOGY.

Martineau	...	Study of Religion, 2nd edition (omitting Book I and Book III, Chap. II.)
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PURE LOGIC.

P. K. Ray	...	Text-book of Deductive Logic, including the appendix, 4th edition.
Ueberweg	...	System of Logic and History of Logical Doctrines.

(v.) The following book has been prescribed as the text-book in Logic for the F. A. examination in 1896 :—

P. K. Ray	...	Text-book of Deductive Logic, 4th edition, (omitting Chapter II, of part II, Chap. IX of part III, and the appendix).
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(VI.) Candidates for the Premchand Roychand Studentship Examination of 1894, who take up Pure Mathematics, shall be examined in the following subjects :—

- (a) Algebra.
- (b) Trigonometry, Plane and Spherical.
- (c) Theory of Equations.
- (d) Analytical Plane Geometry, including the Higher Plane Curves.
- (e) Analytical Solid Geometry.
- (f) Differential Calculus.
- (g) Integral Calculus, including the elements of the Calculus of Variations.
- (h) Differential Equations.

The following books are recommended :—

Chrystal	...	Algebra. Part II, Chaps. XXIII—XXVIII, XXXII, XXXV.
Hobson	...	Plane Trigonometry.
Casey	...	Spherical Trigonometry.
Burnside and Panton	...	Theory of Equations (3rd Edition).
Salmon	...	Conic Sections.
Salmon	...	Higher Plane Curves, Chaps. I—V, omitting Section V.
Salmon	...	Geometry of Three Dimensions, (omitting the last two Chapters).
Williamson	...	Differential Calculus (7th Edition).
Williamson	...	Integral Calculus (6th Edition).
Forsyth	...	Differential Equations.

(VII.) Candidates for the Premchand Roychand Studentship Examination of 1894, who take up Mixed Mathematics, shall be examined in the following subjects :—

- (a) Analytical Statics.
- (b) Dynamics of a Particle.
- (c) Rigid Dynamics.
- (d) Hydro-mechanics, including the elements of the Theory of Sound.
- (e) Astronomy.
- (f) Newton's Principia, Sections I, II, III, IX, XI.

The following books are recommended :—

Minchin	...	...	Statics (4th Edition), omitting Chap. XIV.
Tait and Steele	...	...	Dynamics of a Particle.
Routh	...	...	Rigid Dynamics, Part I.
Besant	...	...	Hydro-mechanics, Part I (Hydro-statics).
Basset	...	...	Elementary Treatise on Hydro-dynamics and Sound.
Godfray	...	...	Astronomy.
Newton	...	...	Principia, Sections I, II, III, IX, XI.

PART I.

Calcutta University Calendar.

1894.

JANUARY.		
1	M	New Year's Day. Re-examination of 2nd L. M. S. unsuccessful candidates of 1893 begins.
2	T	
3	W	
4	Th	
5	F	
6	S	
7	S	Meeting of Syndicate, and last day of application for F. A. & B. A. Examinations.
8	M	
9	T	
10	W	
11	Th	
12	F	
13	S	
14	S	
15	M	
16	T	
17	W	
18	Th	
19	F	
20	S	
21	S	University of Calcutta founded, 1857.
22	M	
23	T	
24	W	
25	Th	
26	F	
27	S	
28	S	
29	M	
30	T	
31	W	

FEBRUARY.		
1	Th	Convocation for Conferring Degrees.
2	F	
3	S	
4	S	Meeting of Syndicate.
5	M	
6	T	
7	W	
8	Th	
9	F	
10	S	Sri Panchami.
11	S	Entrance Examination begins.
12	M	
13	T	
14	W	
15	Th	
16	F	
17	S	
18	S	
19	M	
20	T	
21	W	
22	Th	
23	F	
24	S	
25	S	F. A. and B. A. Examinations begin, and last day of application for Preliminary Scientific L. M. S., First and Second L. M. S. Examinations.
26	M	
27	T	
28	W	

MARCH.		
1	Th	
2	F	
3	S	
4	S	
5	M	
6	T	
7	W	
8	Th	
9	F	
10	S	Meeting of Syndicate
11	S	
12	M	Preliminary Scientific L. M. S., First and
13	T	Second L. M. S. Examinations begin
14	W	
15	Th	
16	F	Last day of application for M. D. Examina-
17	S	tion.
18	S	
19	M	
20	T	
21	W	Doljatra.
22	Th	
23	F	Good Friday.
24	S	Easter Saturday.
25	S	
26	M	
27	T	
28	W	
29	Th	
30	F	
31	S	

APRIL.		
1	S	Last day of applications for Preliminary Scientific M. B., First and Second M. B. and F. E. Examinations.
2	M	
3	T	
4	W	
5	Th	
6	F	
7	S	
8	S	Eed-ul-Fitr.
9	M	
10	T	Chaitsankranti.
11	W	
12	Th	Meeting of Syndicate
13	F	
14	S	
15	S	Preliminary Scientific M. B., First and Second M. B., M. D. and F. E. Examinations begin.
16	M	
17	T	
18	W	
19	Th	
20	F	Annual Meeting of the Senate.
21	S	
22	S	
23	M	
24	T	
25	W	
26	Th	
27	F	
28	S	
29	S	
30	M	

MAY.		
1	T	Meeting of Syndicate.
2	W	
3	Th	
4	F	
5	S	
6	S	Received applications for the Merchand Reverend Studentship Examination
7	M	
8	T	
9	W	
10	Th	
11	F	
12	S	
13	S	
14	M	
15	T	
16	W	
17	Th	
18	F	
19	S	
20	S	Empress's Birth-day.
21	M	
22	T	
23	W	
24	Th	
25	F	
26	S	
27	S	
28	M	
29	T	
30	W	
31	Th	

JUNE.		
1	F	
2	S	
3	S	
4	M	
5	T	
6	W	
7	Th	
8	F	
9	S	
10	S	
11	M	
12	T	
13	W	Dasahará.
14	Th	
15	F	Eed-uz-zoha.
16	S	
17	S	
18	M	
19	T	
20	W	
21	Th	
22	F	
23	S	Meeting of Syndicate
24	S	
25	M	Last day of application for L. E. and B. E.
26	T	Examinations.
27	W	
28	Th	
29	F	
30	S	

JULY.		
1	S	Meeting of Syndicate
2	M	
3	T	
4	W	
5	Th	
6	F	
7	S	
8	S	L. E. and B. E. Examinations begin.
9	M	
10	T	
11	W	
12	Th	
13	F	
14	S	
		Maharam.
15	S	University of Bombay founded, 1857.
16	M	
17	T	
18	W	
19	Th	
20	F	
21	S	
22	S	
23	M	
24	T	
25	W	
26	Th	
27	F	
28	S	
29	S	
30	M	
31	T	

AUGUST.		
1	W	
2	Th	
3	F	
4	S	
5	S	
6	M	
7	T	
8	W	
9	Th	
10	F	
11	S	After great rain.
12	S	
13	M	
14	T	
15	W	
16	Th	
17	F	
18	S	
19	S	
20	M	
21	T	
22	W	
23	Th	
24	F	Janmashtami.
25	S	
26	S	
27	M	
28	T	
29	W	
30	Th	
31	F	

SEPTEMBER.		
1	S	
2	S	
3	M	
4	T	
5	W	
6	Th	
7	F	
8	S	Meeting of Syndicate
9	S	
10	M	
11	T	
12	W	
13	Th	
14	F	Fatiha-dowazdaham.
15	S	
16	S	
17	M	
18	T	
19	W	
20	Th	
21	F	
22	S	
23	S	
24	M	
25	T	
26	W	
27	Th	
28	F	
29	S	Mahalaya.
30	S	

OCTOBER.

1	M	Durgapuja holidays begin.
2	T	
3	W	
4	Th	
5	F	
6	S	
7	S	Last day of application for B. I. Examination
8	M	
9	T	
10	W	
11	Th	
12	F	
13	S	Last day of application for B. I. Examination
14	S	
15	M	
16	T	
17	W	
18	Th	
19	F	
20	S	
21	S	
22	M	
23	T	
24	W	
25	Th	
26	F	
27	S	
28	S	Kalipuja.
29	M	Last day of application for Second L. M. S. Re-examination.
30	T	
31	W	

NOVEMBER.		
1	Th	
2	F	
3	S	
4	S	Jagaddhatripuja.
5	M	
6	T	
7	W	
8	Th	
9	F	
10	S	
11	S	M. A., B. L., Honours in Law, Premchand Roychand Examinations and Re-examination of 2nd L. M. S. unsuccessful candidates begin.
12	M	
13	T	
14	W	
15	Th	
16	F	
17	S	
18	S	Meeting of Syndicate
19	M	
20	T	
21	W	
22	Th	
23	F	
24	S	
25	S	
26	M	
27	T	
28	W	
29	Th	
30	F	

DECEMBER.		
1	S	
2	S	
3	M	
4	T	
5	W	
6	Th	
7	F	
8	S	Meeting of Syndicate
9	S	
10	M	
11	T	
12	W	
13	Th	
14	F	
15	S	
16	S	
17	M	
18	T	
19	W	
20	Th	
21	F	
22	S	
23	S	Christmas holidays begin.
24	M	
25	T	
26	W	
27	Th	
28	F	
29	S	
30	S	
31	M	Last day of application for Entrance Examination.

II. ACT OF INCORPORATION.

ACT No. II OF 1857

Passed on the 24th January, 1857.

*An Act to establish and incorporate an University at
Calcutta.*

WHEREAS, for the better encouragement of Her Majesty's subjects of all classes and denominations within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal and other parts of India in the pursuit of a regular and liberal course of education, it has been determined to establish an University at Calcutta for the purpose of ascertaining, by means of examination, the persons who have acquired proficiency in different branches of Literature, Science, and Art, and of rewarding them by Academical Degrees as evidence of their respective attainments, and marks of honour proportioned thereunto; and whereas, for effectuating the purposes aforesaid, it is expedient that such University should be incorporated: It is enacted as follows: (that is to say)—

Incorporation.

I. The following persons, namely,
The Right Honourable CHARLES JOHN VISCOUNT CANNING,
Governor-General of India.

The Honourable JOHN RUSSELL COLVIN,
Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces.

The Honourable FREDERICK JAMES HALLIDAY,
Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

The Honourable SIR JAMES WILLIAM COLVILLE, Knight,
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of
Judicature in Bengal.

The Right Reverend DANIEL WILSON, Doctor of Divinity,
Bishop of Calcutta.

The Honourable GEORGE ANSON, General,
Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in India.

The Honourable JOSEPH ALEXANDER DORIN,
Member of the Supreme Council of India.

The Honourable JOHN LOW, Major-General,
Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath,
Member of the Supreme Council of India.

The Honourable JOHN PETER GRANT,
Member of the Supreme Council of India.

The Honourable BARNES PEACOCK,
Member of the Supreme Council of India.

CHARLES ALLEN, Esquire,
Member of the Legislative Council of India.

HENRY RICKETTS, Esquire,
Provisional Member of the Supreme Council of India.

CHARLES BINNY TREVOR, Esquire,
Judge of the Sudder Court of India.

Prince GHOLAM MUHAMMUD.

WILLIAM RITCHIE, Esquire,
Advocate-General in Bengal.

CECIL BEADON, Esquire,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Colonel HENRY GOODWYN, of the Bengal Engineers,
Chief Engineer in Bengal.

WILLIAM GORDON YOUNG, Esquire,
Director of Public Instruction in Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel WILLIAM ERSKINE BAKER,
of the Bengal Engineers,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Lieutenant-Colonel ANDREW SCOTT WAUGH,
of the Bengal Engineers,
Surveyor-General of India.

KENNETH MACKINNON, Esquire,
Doctor in Medicine.

HODGSON PRATT, Esquire,
Inspector of Schools in Bengal.

HENRY WALKER, Esquire,
Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in the Medical
College of Bengal.

THOMAS THOMSON, Esquire, Doctor in Medicine,
Superintendent of the Botanical Garden at Calcutta.

FREDERICK JOHN MOUAT, Esquire,

Doctor in Medicine, and Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.

Lieutenant WILLIAM NASSAU LEES,
of the Bengal Infantry.

The Reverend WILLIAM KAY, Doctor of Divinity,
Principal of Bishop's College.

The Reverend ALEXANDER DUFF,
Doctor of Divinity.

THOMAS OLDHAM, Esquire,
Superintendent of the Geological Survey of India.

HENRY WOODROW, Esquire,
Inspector of Schools in Bengal.

LEONIDAS CLINT, Esquire,
Principal of the Presidency College.

PROSONNO COOMAR TAGORE,
Clerk Assistant of the Legislative Council of India.

RAMAPERSHAD ROY,
Government Pleader in the Sudder Court of Bengal.

The Reverend JAMES OGILVIE,
Master of Arts.

The Reverend JOSEPH MULLENS,
Bachelor of Arts.

Moulavy MUHAMMAD WUJEEH,
Principal of the Calcutta Mudrasah.

ISWAR CHANDRA BIDYASAGAR,
Principal of the Sanskrit College of Calcutta.

RAMGOPAL GHOSE,
Formerly Member of the Council of Education.

ALEXANDER GRANT, Esquire,
Apothecary to the East India Company.

HENRY STEWART REID, Esquire,
Director of Public Instruction in the North-Western
Provinces,

being the first Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the said University, and all the persons who may hereafter become, or be appointed to be Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, or Fellows as hereinafter mentioned, so long as they shall continue to be such Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, or Fellows, are hereby constituted and declared to be one Body Politic and Corporate by the name of the University of Calcutta ; and such Body Politic shall by such name have perpetual succession, and shall have a common seal, and by such name shall sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and answer and be answered unto, in every

Court of Justice within the territories in the possession and under the Government of the East India Company.

II. The said Body Corporate shall be able and capable in law to take, purchase, and hold any property, movable, or immovable, which may become vested in it for the purpose of the said University by virtue of any purchase, grant, testamentary disposition, or otherwise; and shall be able and capable in law to grant, demise, alien, or otherwise dispose of, all or any of the property movable or immovable, belonging to the said University; and also to do all other matters incidental or appertaining to a Body Corporate.

III. The said Body Corporate shall consist of one Chancellor, one Vice-Chancellor and such number of ex-officio and other Fellows as the Governor-General of India in Council hath already appointed, or shall from time to time, by any order published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, hereafter appoint; and the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows for the time being shall constitute the Senate.

Senate of the said University. Provided that if any person being Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, or Fellow of the said University, shall leave India without the intention of returning thereto, his office shall thereupon become vacant.

IV. The Governor-General of India for the time being shall be the Chancellor of the said University, and the first Chancellor shall be the Right Honourable Charles John Viscount Canning.

V. The first Vice-Chancellor of the said University shall be Sir James William Colville, Knight. The office of Vice-Chancellor shall be held for two years only; and the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated shall go out of office on the first day of January, 1859. Whenever a vacancy shall occur in the office of Vice-Chancellor of the said University by death, resignation, departure from India, effluxion of time, or otherwise, the Governor-General of India in Council shall, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette* nominate a fit and proper person, being one of the Fellows of the said University, to be Vice-Chancellor in the room of the person occasioning such

vacancy. Provided that on any vacancy in the said office which shall occur by effluxion of time, the Governor-General of India in Council shall have power to re-appoint the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated or any future Vice-Chancellor to such office.

VI. The Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal and the North-Western Provinces, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, or of any Court of Judicature hereafter to be constituted to, or in which the powers of the said Supreme Court may be transferred or vested, the Bishop of Calcutta, and the Members of the Supreme Council of India, all for the time being, shall be ex-officio Fellows of the said University. The whole number of the Fellows of the said University, exclusive of the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor for the time being, shall never be less than thirty; and whenever the number of the said Fellows, exclusive as aforesaid, shall by death, resignation, departure from India, or otherwise, be reduced below thirty, the Governor-General of India in Council shall forthwith, by notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, nominate so many fit and proper persons to be Fellows of the said University, as, with the then Fellows of the said University, shall make the number of such Fellows, exclusive as aforesaid, thirty. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the Governor-General of India in Council from nominating more than thirty persons to be Fellows of the said University if he shall see fit.

VII. The Governor-General of India in Council may cancel the appointment of any person already appointed or hereafter to be appointed a Fellow of the University and as soon as such order is notified in the *Gazette*, the person so appointed shall cease to be a Fellow.

VIII. The Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, for the time being shall have the entire management of, and superintendence over the affairs, concerns, and property of the said University; and in all cases unprovided for by this Act, it shall be lawful for the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows to act in such manner as shall appear to them best calculated to promote the purposes intended by the said University.

The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor and Fellows shall have full power from time to time to make and alter any bye-laws and regulations (so as the same be not repugnant to law, or to the general objects and provisions of this Act) touching the examination for Degrees and the granting of the same; and touching the examination for Honours and the granting of marks of Honour for a higher proficiency in the different branches of Literature, Science, and Art; and touching the qualifications of the candidates for Degrees and the previous course of instruction to be followed by them, and the preliminary examinations to be submitted to by them; and touching the mode and time of convening the meetings of the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, and, in general touching all other matters whatever regarding the said University. And all such bye-laws and regulations, when reduced into writing, and after the common seal of the said University shall have been affixed thereto, shall be binding upon all persons, members of the said University and all candidates for Degrees to be conferred by the same, provided such bye-laws and regulations shall have been first submitted to, and shall have received the approval of the Governor-General of India in Council.

IX. All questions which shall come before the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall be decided at a meeting of the Senate by the majority of the members present; and the Chairman at any such meeting shall have a vote, and, in case of an equality of votes, a second or casting vote. No question shall be decided at any meeting, unless the Chancellor, or Vice-Chancellor, and five Fellows, or, in the absence of the Chancellor, and Vice-Chancellor, unless six Fellows at the least, shall be present at the time of the decision. At every meeting of the Senate, the Chancellor, or in his absence the Vice-Chancellor shall preside as Chairman; and, in the absence of both, a Chairman shall be chosen by the Fellows present, or the major part of them.

X. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, for the time being shall have full power from time to time to appoint, and, as they shall see occasion, to remove all Examiners, Officers, and servants of the said University.

XI. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows
 shall have power after examination, to confer the several Degrees of Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, Bachelor of Laws, Licentiate of Medicine, Doctor of Medicine, and Master of Civil Engineering ; they shall also have Power, after examination, to confer upon the candidates for the said several Degrees, marks of honour for a high degree of proficiency in the different branches of Literature, Science, and Art, according to rules to be determined by the bye-laws to be from time to time made by them under the power in that behalf given to them by this Act.

XII. Except by special order of the Senate, no person
 shall be admitted as a candidate for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, Bachelor of Laws, Licentiate of Medicine, Doctor of Medicine, or Master of Civil Engineering, unless he shall present to the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, a certificate, from one of the Institutions authorized in that behalf by the Governor General of India in Council, to the effect that he has completed the course of Instruction prescribed by the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the said University, in the bye-laws to be made by them under the power in that behalf given by this Act.

XIII. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows
 shall cause an examination for Degrees to be held at least once in every year ; on every such examination, the candidates shall be examined either by Examiners appointed for the purpose from among the Fellows by the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, or by other Examiners so to be appointed ; and on every such examination, the candidates, whether candidates for an ordinary Degree or for a Degree with honours, shall be examined on as many subjects and in such manner as the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall appoint.

XIV. At the conclusion of every examination of the
 candidates, the Examiners shall declare the name of every candidate whom they shall have deemed entitled to any of the said Degrees, and his proficiency in relation to other candidates ; and also the honours which he may have gained in respect of his proficiency in that department of knowledge

in which he is about to graduate ; and he shall receive from the said Chancellor a certificate, under the seal of the University of Calcutta and signed by the said Chancellor or Vice-Chancellor, in which the particulars so stated shall be declared.

XV. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall have power to charge such reasonable fees for the Degrees to be conferred by them, and upon admission into the said University, and for continuance therein, as they, with the approbation of the Governor-General of India in Council, shall from time to time see fit to impose. Such fees shall be carried to one General Fee Fund for the payment of expenses of the said University, under the directions and regulations of the Governor-General of India in Council, to whom the accounts of income and expenditure of the said University shall once in every year be submitted for such examination and audit as the said Governor-General of India in Council may direct.

ACT No. XLVII of 1860.

Passed on the 6th October, 1860.

An Act for giving to the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay the power of conferring Degrees in addition to those mentioned in Acts II, XXII, and XXVII of 1857.

WHEREAS it is expedient to give to the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay established under Acts II, XXII, and XXVII of 1857, the power of conferring Degrees other than the Degrees in that Act expressly provided for ; It is enacted as follows :—

I. It shall be competent to the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay respectively, to confer such Degrees, and to grant such Diplomas or Licences in respect of Degrees, as the said Chancellor, Vice Chancellor, and Fellows of any such University shall have appointed, or shall appoint by any bye-laws or regulations made and passed, or to be made, or passed by them in the manner provided in the said Acts and submitted to and approved by the Governor-General in Council as far as regards the

University of Calcutta, or by the Governor in Council of Madras or Bombay as regards the Universities of Madras and Bombay respectively.

II. All the provisions contained in the said Acts II, XXII, and XXVII, of 1857, with respect to the Degrees therein mentioned, and to the examinations for those Degrees shall apply to any Degrees which may be conferred under this Act and to the examinations for such Degrees.

ACT No. 1 OF 1884.

Passed on the 4th January, 1884.

An Act to amend the Law relating to the granting of honorary degrees by the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to the granting of honorary degrees, and to give to the Universities at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay the power of granting the degree of Doctor in the Faculty of Law to persons who have not undergone a previous examination; and whereas the Executive Government of each of the said Universities is, by bye-laws made under the Acts establishing the same, vested in a Syndicate consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and certain of the Fellows.

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. Act No. XXI of 1875 (*an Act to authorize the University at Calcutta to grant honorary degrees*) is repealed.

2. If the Vice-Chancellor and not less than two-thirds of the other members of the Syndicate of any of the Universities at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay recommend that an honorary degree be conferred on any person, on the ground that he is, in their opinion, by reason of eminent position and attainments, a fit and proper person to receive such a degree, and their recommendation is supported by a majority of those present at a meeting of the Senate and is confirmed by the Chancellor, it shall be lawful for the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows to confer on that person the degree of Doctor in the Faculty of Law, without requiring him to undergo any examination.

III.

BYE-LAWS.

THE SENATE.

1. The Senate* as constituted by Act No. II of 1857, shall meet ordinarily once a year, on the third Saturday in April,† and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor.
2. The Vice-Chancellor shall convene a meeting of the Senate on the requisition of any six of the members.
3. Nine members of the Senate shall constitute a quorum, and all questions shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the Members present.

THE FACULTIES.

1. The Senate shall be divided into four Faculties, namely, Arts, Law, Medicine, and Engineering. Every Member of the Senate shall be a Member of one Faculty at least, and any Member of the Senate may be a Member of more than one Faculty.
2. The Faculties shall be appointed by the Senate at its Annual Meeting.
3. Each Faculty shall elect its own President. Every meeting of a Faculty shall be convened by its President, or, in his absence, by the Senior Fellow belonging to that Faculty.
4. If any Faculty omit to elect a President before the Annual Meeting of the Senate, or, in case the office should become vacant during the year, to elect a President for the rest of the year, within one month after the vacancy occurs, the Vice-Chancellor may appoint any Member of such Faculty to be its President.
5. Three members of any Faculty shall constitute a quorum of that Faculty.

* By the 8th Section of Act No. II of 1857, the Senate have power to make and alter Bye-laws and Regulations, subject to the approval of the Governor-General of India in Council.

† The Syndicate have power to alter all dates.

BOARDS OF STUDIES.

1. There shall be Boards of Studies for the following Departments of studies :—

(1) English ; (2) Greek, Latin, French, and German ; (3) Sanskrit and Sanskritic languages ; (4) Arabic, Persian, and Urdu ; (5) Mathematics ; (6) Experimental and Mathematical Physics ; (7) Chemistry ; (8) Biology and Geology ; (9) Mental and Moral Science ; (10) History, Political Economy, and Geography.

2. No Board shall consist of fewer than six or more than sixteen members.

3. The members of the respective Boards shall be appointed by the Faculty of Arts from among their own members, shall severally hold office for five years from the date of appointment, and shall be eligible for re-appointment.

Any member who does not attend any meeting of a Board for two years consecutively shall be considered to have vacated his seat at that Board.

4. Each Board shall elect its own President. Every meeting of a Board shall be convened by its President, or, in his absence, by the Senior Fellow belonging to that Board. Three members shall constitute a quorum. The President of a Board shall convene a special meeting of the Board on the requisition of three or more members of the Board.

5. The duties of the Boards shall be to recommend the text-books required from year to year, to recommend the courses of study in their respective departments, to advise the Syndicate on all matters regarding the appointment of Examiners in their respective departments that may be referred to them by the Syndicate, and to consider and report on all other matters referred to them by the Syndicate, the Faculty of Arts, or the Senate.

6. No member shall be elected to more than four Boards.

7. All meetings of the Boards shall be convened through the Registrar, who shall keep a record of the proceedings of the meetings.

BOARD OF ACCOUNTS.

1. A Board of Accounts consisting of three Fellows of the University, not being members of the Syndicate,

shall be appointed annually by the Senate at its Annual Meeting.

2. The Board shall meet ordinarily once in three months, and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor. The three members shall constitute a quorum.

3. The Board shall prepare the University Budget, examine and audit the University Accounts and the Accounts of Endowments and Trust Funds, consider ways and means and the financial effect of any important measures in contemplation, and make recommendations, when necessary, to the Syndicate on all matters relating to the finances of the University. It shall also make an annual report to the Senate on the special features of the finances of the last preceding year.

4. Members of the Board shall hold office until the next annual meeting of the Senate. They shall be eligible for reappointment at the expiration of their term of office. All vacancies in the Board occurring in the course of the year, shall be filled up by persons appointed by the Syndicate.

THE SYNDICATE.

1. The Executive Government of the University shall be vested in a Syndicate consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and ten of the Fellows, who shall be elected for one year by the several Faculties, in the following proportions :—

Five by the Faculty of Arts.
Two by the Faculty of Law.
Two by the Faculty of Medicine.
One by the Faculty of Engineering.

2. The elections, both of the Presidents of the Faculties and of the Members of the Syndicate, shall take place before the Annual Meeting of the Senate, and the names of the persons elected shall be declared at such Meeting.

3. The Syndicate shall meet ordinarily once a month, and at other times when convened by the Vice Chancellor or in his absence from Calcutta, or when the office of Vice-Chancellor should happen to be vacant, by the Senior Member of the Syndicate.

4. All members of the Syndicate must be resident in or near Calcutta. If any member be temporarily absent from Calcutta, the President of his Faculty may appoint a Member to officiate during his absence. Should the period

of absence exceed three months, the Vice-Chancellor may declare his place vacant.

5. On every vacancy in the Syndicate, caused by death, resignation, absence from Calcutta, or otherwise, the Faculty, by whom the Member causing the vacancy was elected, shall proceed to elect a new Member for the remainder of the current year.

6. If any Faculty omit to elect a Member of the Syndicate within one month after a vacancy occurs, the Vice-Chancellor may appoint one from among the Members of that Faculty.

7. Four Members of the Syndicate shall constitute a quorum, and all questions shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the Members present.

8. The Vice-Chancellor, or, in his absence, the Senior* Fellow present shall preside at all Meetings of the Syndicate, and if the votes, including that of the President, are equally divided, the President shall have a casting vote.

9. It shall be the duty of the Syndicate to appoint, and if necessary to remove, the Examiners and all other officers of the University, except the Registrar; to make rules for the conduct of examinations in conformity with the Regulations, and to fix the times at which they shall be held; to grant Degrees, Honours, and Rewards; to keep the Accounts of the University: and to correspond on the business of the University with the Government and all other authorities and persons.

10. During the year, between the Annual Meetings of the Senate, the Syndicate may appoint any Member of the Senate to any one or more of the Faculties, and may transfer any Member from one Faculty to another.

11. The Syndicate shall from time to time frame such Bye-laws and Regulations as may be necessary, subject to the approval of the Senate. Each Faculty shall report on any subject that may be referred to it by the Syndicate.

12. Any Faculty, or any Member or number of Members of the Senate, may make any recommendation to the Syndicate, and may propose any Bye-law or Regulation for the consideration of the Syndicate.

* The ex-officio Fellows of the University are always the Senior Fellows in order of official precedence. The seniority of the other Fellows mentioned in the Act of Incorporation is according to the order in which their names appear there. The seniority of all other Fellows is according to the date and order of their appointment.

13. The decision of the Syndicate on any such recommendation or proposition, or any matter whatever, may be brought before the Senate by any Member of the Senate at one of its Meetings, and the Senate may approve, revise, or modify any such decision or may direct the Syndicate to review it.

14. No question shall be considered by the Senate that has not, in the first instance, been considered and decided on by the Syndicate.

THE REGISTRAR.

1. The Registrar shall be appointed by the Senate at the Annual Meeting. He shall be appointed for two years only, but at the end of every such term he may be re-appointed. The term of office of the Registrar shall commence on the first day of May next following his election. If a vacancy occur in the office of Registrar between two Annual Meetings of the Senate, the Syndicate shall appoint a person to officiate until the next first day of May.

2. It shall be competent to the Syndicate at their discretion to grant leave of absence for short periods to the Registrar, when such leave can be granted without public inconvenience or extra expense. It shall also be competent to the Syndicate once during the Registrar's two years' tenure of office to grant him leave of absence on medical certificate, without forfeiture of salary, for a period not exceeding three months; provided that a satisfactory arrangement can be made without extra expense for the discharge of the Registrar's duties during his absence. Should it be necessary for the Registrar, after enjoying one such leave of absence to be absent a second time (otherwise than for a short period as already provided), or should it be necessary for the Registrar at any time to be absent for more than three months, or to proceed to Europe, the office of Registrar shall thereupon become vacant.

3. The Registrar shall be the custodian of the Records, Library, Common Seal, and such other property of the University as the Syndicate shall commit to his charge.

4. All Meetings of the Senate, the Syndicate, and the Faculties shall be convened through the Registrar, who shall keep a record of the proceedings of such meetings.

IV. REGULATIONS.

(i) ARTS.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

1. The Entrance Examination shall commence annually at such time as the Syndicate shall determine (the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year) and shall be held in Calcutta and in such other places* as shall be determined by the Syndicate.

2. Any person, wherever he shall have been educated, may be admitted to the Entrance Examination.

3. Every candidate for admission to the Entrance Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, either to the Registrar or to a local officer recognised by the Syndicate. Every such application must reach the office of the Registrar at least six weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.

4. A fee of ten rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar or to a local officer recognised by the Syndicate. A candidate who fails to pass, or to present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Entrance Examinations on payment of a like fee of ten rupees on each occasion.

5. The Entrance Examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers, the same papers being used at every place at which the Examination is held. *

* The following places have already been appointed :—

Agra, Barisal, Berhampur, Bhagalpur, Burdwan, Chittagong, Cooch-Bihar, Dacca, Darjeeling, Debrugarh, Gauhati, Hughli, Indore, Jabalpur, Jaffna, Kandy, Katak, Krishnagar, Lahore, Midnapur, Nagpur, Patna, Rampur-Baulia, Ranchi, Rangoon, Shillong and Sylhet.

6. At the Entrance Examination every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

I.—LANGUAGES.

English and one of the following languages :—

Greek.	Hindi.
Latin.	Urdu.
Arabic.	Burmese.
Persian.	Armenian.
Hebrew.	Pali.
Sanskrit.	French.
Bengali.	German.
Uriya.	Tamil.

Any other language may be added to this list by the Syndicate.

The character of the examination in English is indicated by the following extract from the Resolution of the Senate :—

'That under the head English literature there ought to be both prose and Poetry; that the pieces selected should in point of quantity be such as can be conveniently mastered by the students within the time allowed, and that in point of quality they should be such as can be well ^{and of age} understood. Of English grammar and composition should be studied by Entrance students more with a view to be able to write plain English correctly than with a view to learn the philology of the English tongue.

'That there be two examination papers only in English as at present: the first to contain questions on the text-books and questions on grammar arising therefrom, the second to contain passages in a vernacular as defined below, for translation into English, together with questions on English composition

'That in the case of students whose vernacular is English, a special paper be set in which simple essays or letters or other original composition should replace the passages for translation into English.'

Sentences in each language in which the candidate is examined shall be given for translation into the other language, and where a candidate takes up an oriental language for his second language, he shall be required to translate sentences in English into one of the following vernacular languages :—

Bengali, Hindi, Uriya, Mahrathi, Urdu, Burmese, Armenian, Parbatia, Assamese, Telugu, Gujarathi, Khasia, and Tamil. The Syndicate shall have power to add to this list.

The papers in each language shall include questions on grammar and idiom.

II. MATHEMATICS.

Arithmetic.

The four simple rules, Vulgar and Decimal Fractions, Reduction, Practice, Proportion, Simple Interest, Extraction of Square Root, Present Worth, Discount and Stocks.

Algebra.

The four simple rules, Proportion, Simple Equations, Extraction of Square Root, Greatest Common Measure, Least Common Multiple.

Geometry.

The first four Books of Euclid, with easy deductions.

III. HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

The outlines of the History of England and of the History of India. The Elements of General and Physical Geography.

DRAWING.

An optional examination shall be held in drawing. If a candidate passes, the fact shall be notified in his certificate; but success or failure in that subject shall not affect his success or failure in the Entrance Examination or his position in the pass list.

7. As soon as possible after the examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in three divisions, each in alphabetical order, with a column shewing the age stated by each candidate in his application. Every successful candidate shall receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

1. The First Examination in Arts shall commence annually at such time as the Syndicate shall determine (the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year) and shall be held in Calcutta and in such other places* as shall from time to time be appointed by the Syndicate.

2. Any undergraduate of the University may be admitted to this Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study in an affiliated Institution for not less than two academical years after passing the Entrance Examination.† No candidate shall be considered to have

* The following places have already been appointed :—

Barisal, Berhampur, Bhagalpur, Burdwan, Chittagong, Cooch-Behar, Dacca, Hughli, Indore, Jabalpur, Jaffna, Kandy, Katak, Krishnagar, Midnapur, Nagpur, Patna, Rampur-Baulia, and Rangoon.

† The Syndicate have power to make exceptions to this rule in favour of those Deputy Inspectors of Schools, Sub-Inspectors of Schools and *bonâ fide* Masters of English Schools who have served as such for the full period of two academical years. Their applications must be signed by the Inspector of Schools in whose circle they are employed.

prosecuted a regular course of study unless he has attended at least 66 per cent. of the lectures delivered in the Institution to which he belongs in each of the subjects in which he is to be examined. This percentage shall be calculated on the total number of lectures in each subject delivered in the Institution from the commencement of the academical year after the summer vacation. If a student is transferred from one Institution to another in the course of a year, the percentage of attendances in the second Institution shall be calculated on the total number of lectures in each subject delivered in that Institution after the date of the transfer certificate. If a student fails to enter an affiliated Institution before the 1st August in any year, his attendance for that year shall not, except with the special sanction of the Syndicate, be counted.

3. Every candidate for admission shall send his application with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, either to the Registrar or to a local officer recognised by the Syndicate. Every such application must reach the office of the Registrar at least six weeks before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

4. A fee of twenty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar or to the local officer recognised by the Syndicate. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to any one or more subsequent First Examinations in Arts on payment of a like fee of twenty rupees on each occasion, provided he produces a certificate from the head of an affiliated Institution shewing that his name has been on the rolls of that Institution for six calendar months since the date of the last examination to which he was admitted and that he has attended 66 per cent. of the lectures delivered in the Institution during those six months in each of the subjects in which he is to be examined.*

5. The First Examination in Arts shall be conducted by means of printed papers, the same papers being used at every place at which the Examination is held.

* The Syndicate have power to make exceptions to this rule in the case of candidates who after failing in the examination have served as teachers for six months since the date of the last examination.

6. As soon as possible after the examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in three divisions, the first in order of merit, and the second and third in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall on passing receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

7. At the First Examination in Arts every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects, and the number of papers in each shall be as follows:—

I.—English	...	Two papers,
II.—A Second Language	...	"
III.—Mathematics	...	"
IV.—Elementary Physics and Chemistry	...	"
V.—History	...	One paper.
VI.—Logic	...	"

I & II.—LANGUAGES.*

The Second Language shall be one of the following languages:—

Greek.	Hebrew.	Pali.
Latin.	Arabic.	Armenian
Sanskrit.	Persian.	French.

Any other classical language may be added to this list by the Syndicate. Sentences in each language in which the candidate is examined shall be given for translation into the other language.

The papers in each language shall include questions on Grammar and Idiom.

III.—MATHEMATICS.

- (a) *Arithmetic.*
- (b) *Algebra.*—Quadratic equations; theory of quadratic equations and expressions; imaginary expressions; arithmetical, geometrical, and harmonical progressions; permutations and combinations; binomial and exponential theorems.
- (c) *Geometry.*—Euclid. Books I—IV; Book V, Definitions; Book VI. The more important properties of the Parabola, the Ellipse and the Hyperbola.†
- (d) *Trigonometry.*—Methods of measuring angles. Trigonometrical ratios, and the simple relations connecting them.
Relations between trigonometrical ratios of angles differing by multiples of right angles.
Trigonometrical transformations.
Solution of triangles.
Properties of triangles.
Area of a circle.

* The text-books will be fixed from time to time by the Syndicate. (See Section VIII.)

† The extent of the work in Geometrical Conics shall be equivalent to the first six chapters of Taylor's *Elementary Geometry of Conics*.

(c) Logarithms.—The properties of logarithms.

Logarithmic series.

The use of logarithmic tables.

IV.—ELEMENTARY PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY OF THE NON-METALS.

(a) General Ideas—

Units of measurement, and definitions of mass, force, motion.

Laws of motion.

Work and energy—measurement of each.

Chief forces of nature.

General properties of solids, liquids, and gases.

Motions of translation and rotation.

Pressure of fluids and gases ; measurement of pressure.

Equilibrium of floating bodies.

Specific gravity and its determination.

Motion of pendulum.

(b) Heat—

Laws of expansion of solids, liquids, and gases under heat.

Measurement of temperature.

Maximum density of water.

Changes of molecular state, and latent heat of molecular changes of state.

Influence of change of pressure on the boiling point and melting point.

Laws of pressure of gases.

Elastic force of vapour.

Radiation, conduction, and convection of heat.

Phenomena of combustion.

Steam engines.

(c) Light—

Laws of transmission of light and of its intensity

Shadows.

Photometry.

Reflection of light.

Refraction of light.

Images by reflection, and refraction, and their position.

Critical angle.

Properties of prisms and lenses.

Telescope, microscope, spectroscope.

Decomposition of light.

(d) Frictional Electricity—

Electrical attractions and repulsions.

Properties of conductors and non-conductors.

Electrical induction.

Electrical force and density.

Electrical distribution on conductors.

Power of points.

Ramsden's electrical machine.

Condenser ; electrophorus ; Leyden jar.

Electric discharges.

(c) Dynamic Electricity—

Voltaic pile, its modifications.
 Effects of the current.
 Electro-dynamics.
 Electro-magnetism.
 Voltaic induction.
 Thermo-electricity.

V.—HISTORY.

The outlines of the History of Greece and Rome.
 The Historical questions shall include questions relating to the geography of the countries to which they refer.

VI.—LOGIC.

Deductive Logic.

BACHELOR OF ARTS

1. An Examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts shall be held from time to time be appointed by the Syndicate, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.

2. Any undergraduate of the University may be admitted to the Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study in any affiliated Institution for not less than two academical years after passing the First Examination in Arts.† No candidate shall be considered to have prosecuted a regular course of study unless he has attended at least 66 per cent. of the lectures delivered in the Institution to which he belongs, in each of the subjects in which he is to be examined. This percentage shall be calculated on the total number of lectures in each subject delivered in the Institution from the commencement of the academical year after the summer vacation. If a student is transferred from one Institution to another in the course

* Dacca, Hughli, Jabalpur, Kandy, Katak, Nagpur, Patna, and Rangoon.

† The Syndicate have power to make exceptions to this rule in favour of those Deputy Inspectors of Schools, Sub-Inspectors of Schools and *bonâ fide* Masters of English Schools who have served as such for the full period of two academical years. Their applications must be signed by the Inspector of Schools in whose circle they are employed.

of a year, the percentage of attendances in the second Institution, shall be calculated on the total number of lectures in each subject delivered in that Institution after the date of the transfer certificate. If a student fails to enter an affiliated Institution before the 1st August in any year, his attendance for that year shall not, except with the special sanction of the Syndicate, be counted.

3. Any candidate may be examined either for a pass or for honours in any branch. A candidate who desires to be examined for honours in any branch, must take up instead of the pass subject the corresponding honour subject. A candidate who obtains honours in any branch will be considered to have also passed in that branch. Should a candidate not have deserved honours in any branch, the Examiners shall be authorised to declare that he has passed in that branch, if they consider that his attainments come up to the pass standard.

4. Every candidate shall send his application, with Registrar at least six weeks before the commencement of the Examination. If he desires to be examined for honours, he shall state in his application the subject or subjects in which he desires to be so examined.

5. A fee of thirty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted to the Examination unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations for the degree of Bachelor of Arts on payment of a like fee of thirty rupees on each occasion, provided he produces a certificate from the head of an affiliated Institution showing that his name has been on the rolls of that Institution for six calendar months since the date of the last examination to which he was admitted, and that he has attended 66 per cent. of the lectures delivered in the Institution during those six months, in each of the subjects in which he is to be examined.*

6. The examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts shall be conducted by means of printed papers.

* The Syndicate have power to make exceptions to this rule in the case of candidates who after failing in the examination have served as teachers for six months since the date of the last examination.

7. As soon as possible after the Examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in alphabetical order, together with a list of those who have obtained honours in each branch, arranged in two divisions, both in order of merit. The names of those successful candidates who have not prosecuted a regular course of study in an affiliated Institution shall be submitted to the Senate every year before the Convocation with a view to their being admitted to the degree of B. A. At the examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts every candidate shall be examined in one or other of the two following courses marked A and B :—

A.*

Pass Subjects.

I.—English.

II.—Mental and Moral Science, *i.e.*, Psychology, including the Psychology of Ethics and the history of Moral Systems.

Corresponding Honour Subjects.

I.—In addition to the pass subjects, a further course in English and the history of the English language and literature, and an original English essay.

II.—In addition to the pass course, the history of Modern European Philosophy and either
(a) Pure Logic,
or
(b) Natural Theology.

And one of the following :—

Pass Subjects.

III.—One of the following languages : Greek, Latin, Sanskrit, Pali, Hebrew, Arabic and Persian.*

IV.—History of England and History either of India or of Greece and Rome. Elements of Political Economy.

V.—Mathematics as in the B course.

Corresponding Honour Subjects.

III.—In addition to the pass course, Comparative Grammar, and a second course in the Classical language.

IV.—History of England, India, Greece and Rome, a fuller course of Political Economy than the pass course, and Arnold's Lectures on Modern History, *or* Mill on Representative Government, *or* History of the Jews.

V.—Mathematics as in the B honour course.

* The text-books are fixed from time to time by the Syndicate. (See Section VIII.)

B. *

I.—English.

I.—In addition to the pass subjects, a further course in English and the history of the English language and literature, and an original English essay.

II.—Mathematics.

Statics.

Dynamics.

Hydrostatics.

II.—In addition to the pass course Analytical Plane Geometry and the Differential and Integral Calculus as defined below.

And one of the following :—

III.—Physics and Chemistry as defined below.

III.—A fuller course in Physics and Chemistry together with the Doctrine of Scientific Method.

IV.—Physiology and either Botany or Zoology as defined below.

IV.—Physiology, Botany and Zoology, together with the Doctrine of Scientific Method.

V.—Geology and either Mineralogy or Physical Geography as defined below.

V.—Geology, Mineralogy and Physical Geography, together with the Doctrine of Scientific Method.

DEFINITION OF SUBJECTS.

II.—Mathematics.

The pass subjects shall include—

(a) Statics—

Parallelogram and triangle of forces.

Resultant of parallel forces.

Couples.

Moments.

Equilibrium, conditions of equilibrium of any forces acting on a particle or rigid body.

Centre of parallel forces.

Centre of gravity, or centroid.

Friction.

Simple cases of tension of strings.

Levers ; pulley ; wheel and axle ; inclined plane ; screw.

Virtual velocities.

(b) Dynamics—

Definition and measurement of mass, force, velocity, acceleration, momentum, work and energy.

Laws of motion.

* The text-books are fixed from time to time by the Syndicate.
(See Section VIII.)

Uniform motion.
 Uniformly accelerated motion.
 (1) in a straight line.
 (2) in a parabola.
 (3) in a circle.
 Simple cases of impact.
 Simple harmonic motion.

(c) *Hydrostatics*—

The transmission and intensity of fluid pressure.
 Determination of component and resultant fluid pressure in simple cases.
 Centre of pressure.
 Conditions of equilibrium of floating bodies.
 Metacentre.
 Properties of elastic fluids and determination of pressure.
 Specific gravity, and the methods of determining it.
 Measurement of heights by the barometer.
 Mixture of gases.
 Description of the barometer, air-pump, common and force pumps, the diving-bell, the balloon, siphon, and Bramah's press, as applications of hydrostatical principles.

The honour subjects shall include—

(a) *Analytical Plane Geometry.*

Cartesian and polar co-ordinates.
 Transformation of co-ordinates.
 The straight line.
 The circle.
 The parabola.
 The ellipse.
 The hyperbola.
 The general equation of the second degree.

(b) *Differential Calculus.*

Definition of differential coefficients.
 Differentiation of functions of a single variable.
 Successive differentiation.
 Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems, and their simpler applications.
 Evaluation of functions which assume an indeterminate form.
 Differentiation of functions and implicit functions.
 Maxima and minima values of functions of one variable.
 Tangents, normals, asymptotes, curvature, singular points, evolutes, involutes.
 Tracing of curves.

(c) *Integral Calculus.*

Integration of simple functions of a single variable.
 Integration of rational fractions.
 Integration by formulæ of reduction.
 Determination of lengths and areas of curves.

III. *Physics and Chemistry.*

The Pass Course in Physics shall include—

(a) *General Ideas—*

1.—Wave motion :—

Measurement of simple or harmonic wave motions.

Combination of wave motions.

Resolution of complex wave motions into simple or harmonic wave motions.

2.—Potential :—

Definition of potential.

Calculation of potential in simple cases.

Determination of force from potential.

Fundamental propositions respecting lines of force, equipotential surfaces and tubes of force.

3.—Elasticity :—

Definition of elasticity.

Measurement of elasticity in the cases of solids, liquids and gases.

Distinction between, and determination of, elasticity of constant temperature and of constant entropy for gases.

(b) *Heat—*

A more thorough acquaintance with the subject than that required for the First Arts Examination and a greater power of working problems on heat.

(c) *Light—*

In this subject more difficult questions in the determination of foci, focal lengths, &c., will be required than for the First Arts Examination.

(d) *Frictional Electricity—*

This subject must now be taken up in connection with potential.

(e) *Sound—*

The laws of the production and propagation of sound determined experimentally.

Intensity, pitch and quality of sounds.

The velocity of sound in air and other media ; Doppler's principle.

Reflection and refraction of sound.

Measurement of sound vibrations and wave lengths of air.

Resonance.

Interference of sound waves. Beats.

Harmonic tones ; their generation and function in sound.

Longitudinal vibration of rods and of columns of air.

Transverse vibration of strings.

Formation of Chladni's figures.

Vibrations of tuning-forks and bells.

Nature of musical sounds,

Vocal organs of man.

(f) Dynamical Electricity.

Voltaic batteries as sources of electric currents.

Action of currents on magnetic needles. Galvanometers.

Thermo-electric currents.

Definition and measurement of electric force, conductivity, resistance and current.

Ohm's law, and its simpler applications.

Laws of action of currents on currents, and their simpler applications.

Solenoids. Ampère's theory of magnetism.

Electro-magnets.

Mechanical, chemical and heating effects of currents. Electrolysis.

Induced currents, their modes of generation and laws of action.

Ruhmkorff's coil.

Electro-magnetic currents.

Electro-magnetic machines, the more important details of the working of telegraphs.

Theories of electricity.

(g) Magnetism—

Properties of permanent and artificial magnets.

Magnetic induction.

Phenomena of terrestrial magnetism.

Determination of declination, dip and intensity of the magnetic force of the earth.

The compass needle.

Methods of magnetisation.

Determination of magnetic laws of action by the torsion balance.

Magnetic potential.

The Pass Course in Chemistry shall include—**(a) The following general considerations :—**

Definition of Chemistry; differences between chemical action and the action of the physical forces; simple and compound matter; different modes of chemical action; principles of chemical nomenclature; laws of chemical combination; the atomic theory; determination of molecular and atomic weights, symbolic notation; a fairly complete knowledge of atomicity or quantivalence; triads, perissads, &c.; variations of atomicity; absolute, latent and active atomicity; graphic notation; chemical equations; calculation of formulæ; compound radicals; classification of elements; relations between atomic weight and quantivalence; physical and chemical relations of atomic weights; specific or atomic volumes; molecular volumes; chemical affinity; influence of pressure on chemical action; relations of heat to chemical affinity; thermo-chemistry, isomerism and allotropy; solution.

(b) A fairly complete knowledge of the modes of occurrence, methods of preparation, properties, uses and general characters of the following non-metallic elements, of their allotropic modifications and of their principal and best known compounds :—

Hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine.

Oxygen (and ozone).

Boron.

Carbon, silicon.

Nitrogen, phosphorus, arsenic.

Sulphur.

(c) *A general knowledge of—*

The distinction between metals and non-metals ; physical properties of metals ; chemical relations of metals ; alloys ; acids, bases and salts ; the constitution of salts ; theory of normal, acid and basic salts ; general characters and general methods of preparation of compounds of metals with non-metals ; the principles of crystallography ; isomorphism ; outline of the principles of qualitative analysis.

(d) *A knowledge of the methods of preparation, properties and uses of the following metals and principal salts :—*

Sodium, potassium, ammonium, silver.

Calcium (glass manufacture, &c.), magnesium, zinc, copper, mercury.

Gold.

Lead, tin, platinum, aluminium (porcelain, pottery, &c.)

Antimony, bismuth.

Chromium, manganese, iron.

The Honour Course in Physics shall include in addition to the subjects of the Pass Course—

(a) *Heat—*

An elementary knowledge of the principles of thermodynamics.

(b) *Light—*

Spherical aberration.

Dispersion.

The formation of rainbows.

(c) *Polarization of Light—*

Undulatory theory of light.

Reflection and refraction of light.

Prismatic analysis of light.

Achromatism.

Explanation of lines in the solar and other spectra.

Interference of light.

Diffraction of light.

Measurements of wave lengths of light.

Colours of thin plates.

Double refraction.

Polarization of light by reflection, refraction and double refraction.

Interference of polarized light as shewn by double refracting crystals.

Polariscopes.

Elliptic and circular polarization.

Rotary polarization.

The Honour Course in Chemistry shall include in addition to a fuller knowledge of the subjects of the Pass Course—

Inorganic Chemistry—

(a) *Study of the following elements :—*

Selenium, tellurium, lithium, caesium, rubidium, barium, strontium, the earth metals, cadmium, indium, gallium, titanium, vanadium,

uranium, tungsten, molybdenum, nickel, cobalt and the platinum metals.

(b) A knowledge of the methods used in the preparation of the more important acids, salts, &c., employed in the arts and manufactures.

(c) A knowledge of metallurgical operations, such as are employed in the preparation of iron, zinc, copper, lead, tin, mercury, silver and aluminium.

Organic Chemistry—

(a) Definition of Organic Chemistry.

Constituents of organic bodies, synthesis from inorganic materials.

Sources of compounds, purification of compounds.

Determination of boiling point, melting point, and other physical properties of organic bodies.

Preparation of bodies for analysis.

Analysis of organic bodies, methods of determining empirical, molecular and structural formulæ.

Detailed classification of organic bodies, homologous series.

Isomerism, including its various kinds.

Theory of organic radicals.

(b) A knowledge of the methods of preparation, properties and re-actions, together with the relations to one another, of a few typical bodies belonging to each of the various classes of organic compounds (excluding those belonging to the so-called aromatic series), derived from hydrocarbons containing not more than five atoms of carbon.

Practical Chemical Analysis—

A practical knowledge of the qualitative analysis of inorganic substances will be required. At the examination substances will be given for analysis containing not more than two acids and two bases.

IV. Physiology, Botany and Zoology.

Physiology shall include :—

(a) A course of practical instruction in Elementary Physiology.

(b) General Physiology.

Botany shall include :—

(a) The morphology and histology of flowering plants ; the general principles of their classification on the systems of Linuæus and De Candolle; with a detailed acquaintance with the characters of the following natural orders :—

Anonacæ,
Menispermacæ,
Nymphæacæ,
Papaveracæ,
Cruciferæ,
Malvacæ,
Sterculiacæ,
Tiliacæ,
Rubiaceæ.

Compositæ,
Apocynæ
Asclepiadacæ,
Convolvulacæ,
Solanacæ,
Boraginæ,
Acanthacæ,
Verbenacæ,
Labiatæ,

Aurantiaceæ.
Ampelidæ.
Anacardiaceæ.
Leguminosæ.
Myrtaceæ.
Combretaceæ.
Cucurbitaceæ.
Umbelliferæ.
Amarantaceæ.

Urticaceæ.
Euphorbiaceæ.
Palmeæ.
Aroideæ
Commelynaceæ.
Orchidaceæ.
Scitamineæ.
Cyperaceæ.
Gramineæ.

(b) A general acquaintance with the morphology, histology and classification of cryptogams.

(c) Vegetable Physiology.

Zoology shall include :—

(a) Embryonic development and comparative anatomy of the principal orders of animals, ordinal classification of the animal kingdom, and generic classification of one selected order of Vertebrata and one of Invertebrata, to be notified beforehand. The geographical distribution and habitats of animals. The species of the mammals of India, omitting the micro-mammals, *viz.*, Insectivora, Rodentia and Cheiroptera; and the Indian genera of one order of Reptilia and one of Aves, to be previously notified.

(b) Special Physiology of the Vertebrata.

(c) Special Physiology of the Invertebrata.

V. Geology, Mineralogy and Physical Geography.

Geology shall include :—

The classification, structure and formation of rocks. The evidence of past changes afforded by their present condition, and a practical acquaintance with their mineral characteristics, to be tested by specimens. The generic determination of the most characteristic fossil forms, and the indications of age and habit which they afford. A practical knowledge of fossil forms to be tested by specimens. A general knowledge of the geology of Great Britain and Western Europe, and a more detailed knowledge of the geology of India. An acquaintance with geological maps to be tested by the construction of a geological section from a given map.

Mineralogy shall include :—

(a) General characteristics of minerals.

(b) Crystallography of the structure of minerals, fundamental forms of crystals, cleavage, secondary forms, compound crystals, dimorphism, irregularities of crystals, measuring angles of crystals, massive minerals, columnar structure, lamellar and granular structure, pseudomorphous crystals.

(c) Physical properties of minerals; lustre, colour, diaphaneity, refraction and polarization, phosphorescence, electricity and magnetism, specific gravity, hardness, state of aggregation, fracture, taste, odour.

- (d) Chemical properties of minerals ; action of acids, &c., on minerals ; blow-pipe re-action of minerals.
- (e) Classification of minerals.
- (f) Description and recognition of the more important minerals and rocks or mineral aggregates.
- (g) Chemical composition and formulæ of minerals.

Physical Geography shall include :—

The form and density of the earth, and modes of ascertaining them The distribution and characteristic geographical phenomena of land and water. Climate and its determining causes. The inorganic physical geography of India, Meteorology.

EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF

M. A.

1. An Examination for the degree of Master of Arts shall be held annually in Calcutta, commencing at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.

2. Any candidate who has passed the B. A. Examination may be examined for the degree of M. A. in one or more of the following branches :—

- (1) Languages.
- (2) History.
- (3) Mental and Moral Philosophy.
- (4) Mathematics.
- (5) Natural and Physical Science.

3. A fee of rupees fifty shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be examined unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee.

4. Every candidate shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar before such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be notified in the Calendar for the year.

5. The examination in languages shall be in English for candidates whose vernacular is not English, or in any one of the following classical languages, *viz.*, Greek, Latin, Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, Hebrew and Pali.

The subjects in languages shall be selected by the Syndicate two years before the examination.

The examination shall include written answers in English to questions relating to the books selected for the examination.

It shall also include questions on Comparative Grammar, with special reference to the language professed by the candidate.

Every candidate shall be required to write an essay in English on a subject connected with the History or Literature of the language professed by him.

The examination in English shall include the elements of Anglo-Saxon grammar, and one paper in English literature generally.

The examination in the classical languages shall include translation into English from the language professed by the candidate, and into that language from English. A candidate for the degree of M. A. in Sanskrit shall be allowed to take up Indian palæography and epigraphy instead of any group which he may select of the text-books in philosophy fixed by the Syndicate. The Syndicate to determine what constitutes a group for the purpose of this regulation.

6. The examination in History* shall be in the following subjects :—

- (a) The History of England (including Scotland, Ireland and the British Colonies and dependencies) to the accession of Queen Victoria.
- (b) The Constitutional History of England.
- (c) A selected period of History—Indian or European, Ancient, Mediæval or Modern—to be studied with reference to original sources.
- (d) Political Philosophy, General Jurisprudence and International Law.
- (e) Political Economy and Economic History.

Candidates shall also be required to write an Essay in English on some subject included in the foregoing course.

7. The Examination in Mental and Moral Philosophy shall be in the following subjects :—

- Logic, Deductive and Inductive.
- Psychology.
- Ethics.
- Natural Theology, or the Evidences of Christianity.

The above subjects shall be studied historically in the works of the principal authorities.*

8. The Examination in Mathematics shall be in the following subjects :—

- (1) Algebra.
- (2) Plane Trigonometry.
- (3) Theory of Equations and the Elements of Determinants.
- (4) Analytical Plane Geometry.
- (5) Analytical Solid Geometry.
- (6) Differential Calculus.
- (7) Integral Calculus, omitting elliptic integrals and the calculus of variations.
- (8) Differential Equations.

* For text-books, see Section VIII.

- (9) Statics.
- (10) Dynamics of a Particle, omitting the more complicated problems of constrained motion upon surfaces, and also propositions involving the application of the calculus of variations.
- (11) Hydromechanics, omitting the theory of sound.
- (12) Geometrical Optics, omitting the formulæ for the calculation of spherical aberration, and reflection and refraction at surfaces in any manner.
- (13) Spherical Trigonometry, omitting the parts which are not required in Astronomy.
- (14) Practical and Spherical Astronomy.
- (15) Newton's Principia, Sections I to III.
- (16) Rigid Dynamics, including the motion of Rigid Bodies in two dimensions.

9. Candidates in Natural and Physical Science shall be allowed to select alternatively one out of the following subjects :—

- (A) Chemistry.
- (B) Heat, Electricity and Magnetism, as principal subjects, with Light and Sound as subsidiary subjects.
- (C) Light and Sound as principal subjects, with Heat, Electricity and Magnetism as subsidiary subjects.
- (D) Botany.
- (E) Physiology and Zoology.
- (F) Geology and Mineralogy.

(A) The course in chemistry shall be both theoretical and practical. In the practical examination candidates ought to show a good knowledge of chemical manipulation and ought to be able to qualitatively analyse complex inorganic substances. They should also be acquainted with the principles of quantitative analysis.*

(B) and (C) Candidates will have to show a thorough knowledge of the principal subjects and a general acquaintance with the subsidiary subjects, treating the subjects mathematically and experimentally.

(D) Botany* shall include the following :—

- (a) General and Special Morphology and Physiology.
- (b) Systematic Botany.
- (c) Palæobotany.
- (d) Practical knowledge of indigenous Indian plants, and identification of specimens of them by Roxburgh's *Flora Indica* (Clarke's edition).

(E) Zoology* shall include the subjects (a) Comparative Anatomy and Physiology, (b) Distribution, and (c) Evolution.

(F) Geology and Mineralogy* shall include the subjects of (a) Stratigraphical Geology, (b) Palæontology, (c) Mineralogy, (d) Crystallography, (e) Elementary Inorganic Chemistry.

10. As soon as possible after each examination for the degree of M. A., the Syndicate shall publish a list of candi-

* For text-books, see Section VIII.

dates who have passed, arranged in three classes, each in order of merit. Candidates shall be bracketed together, unless the Examiners are of opinion that there is clearly a difference in their merits. Each successful candidate shall receive with his degree of M. A. a certificate setting forth the subject in which he was examined, and the class in which he was placed. The names of those successful candidates who have not prosecuted a regular course of study in an affiliated Institution shall be submitted to the Senate every year before the Convocation with a view to their being admitted to the degree of M. A.

11. The candidate who shall be placed first in the first class in each branch shall receive a Gold Medal and a prize of books to the value of one hundred rupees, and the second student of the first class in each branch shall receive a Silver Medal and a prize of books to the value of one hundred rupees.

12. Any Master of Arts may, on payment of a fee of fifty rupees, be admitted to the M. A. Examination in any branch other than that in which he was previously examined, and may, if his attainments come up to the standard prescribed for the degree of M. A., be granted a certificate to that effect, stating the class in which he has passed. A candidate who fails to pass, or to present himself for examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee.

REGULATIONS FOR THE EXAMINATION OF FEMALE CANDIDATES.

GENERAL.

1. Female candidates shall be examined in a separate place under the superintendence of ladies.

2. No female candidate shall be admitted to any examination without presenting a certificate in the form to be prescribed by the Syndicate, signed by a member of the Senate, or the head of an affiliated institution.

3. In all examinations, the fees paid by female candidates shall be the same as those paid by males.

4. No unsuccessful candidate shall be entitled to a refund of her fee.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION OF FEMALE CANDIDATES.

The Entrance Examination shall be the same for females as for males.

F. A. EXAMINATION OF FEMALE CANDIDATES.

1. Female candidates may be admitted to this examination without studying in an affiliated institution. No candidate, however, shall be allowed to present herself for this examination, until two years have elapsed from the time of her passing the Entrance Examination.

2. Every female candidate shall be allowed to take up the subjects prescribed by the University of Calcutta for the F. A. course, with the option of substituting German, Italian, or an Indian vernacular for the second language.

3. Female candidates shall also be allowed to substitute Botany for Physics and Chemistry.

B. A. EXAMINATION OF FEMALE CANDIDATES.

1. Female candidates may be admitted to this examination without studying in any affiliated institution. But no candidate shall be allowed to present herself for this examination until two years have elapsed from the time of her passing the F. A. Examination.

2. Every female candidate shall be allowed to take up the subjects prescribed by the University of Calcutta for the B. A. course with the option of substituting French for the second language.

3. The names of those female candidates who may succeed in passing the B. A. Examination shall be submitted to the Senate every year before the Convocation, with a view to their being admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

M. A. EXAMINATION OF FEMALE CANDIDATES.

The M. A. Examination shall be the same for females as for males.

(ii.) LAW.**BACHELOR IN LAW.**

1. An examination for the degree of Bachelor in Law shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.

2. Any Graduate of the University may be admitted to the Examination, provided that he has prosecuted a regular course of study in an institution affiliated in Law for not less than two academical years after passing the B. A. Examination. No candidate shall be considered to have prosecuted a regular course of study unless he has attended at least 24 lectures* in each of the groups of subjects prescribed in para. 6, the minimum number of lectures to be delivered in each group being 36.

3. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least thirty days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

4. A fee of thirty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of thirty rupees on each occasion.

5. The examination shall be written and may also be partly oral.

6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—†

1. The Principles of Jurisprudence ; the History and Constitution of the Courts of Law and legislative authorities in India.

2. The Law relating to persons in their public and private capacities, including the Law of testamentary succession.

3. The Law of Property, including the law relating to Land Tenures and the Revenue Laws.

4. The Law of Property, including the laws of Transfer, Prescription and Pre-emption.

5. The Law of Contracts and Torts.

6. The Law of Crimes and Criminal Procedure.

7. The Law of Civil Procedure, including the Law of Evidence and the Law of Limitation.

8. The Hindu Law and the Mahomedan Law (with the exception of parts already included), and the Law of Intestate Succession.

7. Eight papers shall be set at the examination, one on each of the groups of subjects prescribed in the preceding paragraph.

* No candidate shall be allowed to count attendance at more than one lecture in the same day.

† For text-books, see Section VIII.

8. As soon as possible after the examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. The first student of the first class shall receive a Gold Medal, provided that he is considered by the Examiners to have evinced sufficient merit. The Syndicate shall be at liberty to award one or more special prizes if they deem it expedient.

EXAMINATION FOR HONOURS IN LAW.

1. An examination for Honours in Law shall be held annually in Calcutta, commencing at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.

2. Any candidate who has passed the examination for the degree of Bachelor in Law may be examined for Honours.

3. Every candidate for Honours shall send his application to the Registrar at least three months before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

4. A fee of one hundred rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee.

5. The examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers.

6. Candidates for Honours in Law shall be examined in the following subjects:—

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| (a.) General Jurisprudence. | |
| (b.) Hindu Law. | |
| (c.) Mahomedan Law. | |
| (d.) The Law of Mortgage. | |
| (e.) The Law of Succession to the Property of deceased persons. | |
| (f.) The Law of Limitation and Prescription. | |
| (g.) The Law relating to the Purchase and Sale of Immovable Property, including Sales for Arrears of Rent and Revenue. | } as administered in India. |
| (h.) The Law of Tenure of Immovable Property. | |
| (i.) The Law of Trusts including the Law relating to Endowments. | |
| (j.) The Law of Contracts and Torts, | |

7. There shall be six papers of which two at least shall be in Hindu and Mahomedan Law; and there shall also be a *vivâ voce* examination of each candidate, if the Examiners think fit.

8. As soon as possible after the examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in order of merit. Candidates shall be bracketed together, unless the Examiners are of opinion that there is clearly a difference in their merits.

DOCTOR IN LAW.

1. No special examination shall be held, but any person who has graduated as Bachelor in Law, and has at any time passed the Honour Examination, may be admitted to the degree of Doctor in Law without examination, provided that—

(1). Two members of the Faculty of Law or two Doctors in Law shall testify, to the satisfaction of the Syndicate, that since graduating he has practised his profession with repute for five years, and that in habits and character he is a fit and proper person for the degree of Doctor; and

(2). He shall produce an essay approved by the President of the Faculty of Law for the time being, on some subject connected with Law or Jurisprudence.

2. A fee of rupees one hundred shall be payable for the degree of Doctor in Law. No candidate shall be admitted unless he shall have previously paid this fee to the Registrar.

(iii.) MEDICINE.

LICENCE IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

1. An examination for a Licence* in Medicine and Surgery shall be held in Calcutta, and shall commence at such times as the Syndicate shall determine, the dates to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year. The examination shall consist of three parts, entitled respectively the Preliminary Scientific, the First and the Second Licentiate Medical Examination. The Preliminary Scientific and the First Licentiate Medical Examinations

* The holder of this Licence shall be styled Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery.

shall be held annually; the Second Licentiate Medical Examination shall be held twice a year.

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC L.M.S. EXAMINATION.

2. Any undergraduate of the University who can produce certificates to the following effect may be admitted to the examination :—

(a.) Of having passed the First Examination in Arts.

(b.) Of having been engaged in Medical studies for two academic years after passing the First Examination in Arts.

(c.) Of having attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognised by the Syndicate.

Two courses each of 70 Lectures.

Chemistry.

One course of 20 Lectures.

Botany.

One course.

Practical Chemical exercises in testing the nature of ordinary poisons, and in the examination of urine and urinary deposits.

3. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

4. A fee of ten rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of ten rupees on each occasion, provided he produces a certificate that he has, since the date of the last examination at which he presented himself, attended a regular course of instruction* in the subject or subjects in which he failed at that examination.

5. The examination shall be written, oral and practical.

6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

(a.) Chemistry, organic and inorganic, having special reference to practical medical science.

* A regular course of instruction means attendance at one complete course of lectures, or in the case of Practical Chemistry, Practical Chemical Exercises, as defined in para. 2.

(b.) Botany, so far as regards the Anatomy, Histology and Physiology of flowering plants.

(c.) Practical Chemistry, including the testing of the presence and nature of ordinary poisons, and the examination of urine and urinary deposits.

The Syndicate shall notify three months before the examination the portions of Botany* in which candidates shall be examined.

7. As soon as possible after the examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall on passing receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

FIRST LICENTIATE MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

8. Any undergraduate of the University who can produce certificates to the following effect may be admitted to this examination :—

(a.) Of having passed the Preliminary Scientific L. M. S. Examination at least one academical year previously.†

(b.) Of having attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognised by the Syndicate :—

Two courses each of 70 Lectures

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

Materia Medica.

General Anatomy and Physiology.

(c.) Of having studied Practical Pharmacy for three months and of having acquired a practical knowledge of the preparation and compounding of medicines.

(d.) Of having dissected during three winter terms, and of having completed at least twelve dissections in each term.

9. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

10. A fee of fifteen rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may

* See Section VIII.

† A student who has failed in the Preliminary Scientific Examination, but has obtained 15 per cent. of the marks in the aggregate may be admitted to the Combined Preliminary Scientific and First Licentiate examinations of the same year. The fee for the Combined Examination shall be Rs. 25.

be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations, on payment of a like fee of fifteen rupees on each occasion, provided he produces a certificate that he has, since the date of the last examination at which he presented himself, attended a regular course of instruction* in the subject or subjects in which he failed at that examination.

11. The examination shall be written, oral and practical.

12. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

- (a.) Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.
- (b.) Materia Medica and Pharmacy so far as regards drugs contained in the British Pharmacopœia,
- (c.) General Anatomy and Physiology.

13. As soon as possible after the examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in alphabetical order. *Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

14. Any passed student of any vernacular School of Medicine, if recommended by the Principal of an Affiliated Medical College for distinguished merit, may be admitted to the Combined Preliminary Scientific L. M. S. and First L. M. S. examinations, on producing certificates to the following effect :—

(a.) Of having passed the First examination in Arts of the University.

(b.) Of having passed the final examination of the vernacular School of Medicine with marked distinction.

(c.) Of having, subsequently to qualifying in the vernacular classes, been engaged for one year in the study of Medicine and Surgery, and during that time of having attended in a School of Medicine recognised by the Syndicate a course of lectures in each of the following subjects :—

Botany,
Chemistry,

Anatomy,
Physiology.

The fee for the Combined examination shall be Rs. 25.

15. A female student who, after passing the Entrance examination, has attended classes and obtained her certificate in Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery in the Calcutta Medical College, shall, if recommended by the Principal, be admitted to the Combined Preliminary Scientific

* A regular course of instruction means attendance at one complete course of lectures, as defined in para. 8.

L. M. S. and First L. M. S. examinations on her producing certificates to the following effect :—

(a.) Of having passed the First Arts examination of the University.

(b.) Of having attended in a School of Medicine recognised by the Syndicate an additional course of lectures in each of the following subjects :—

Botany,
Chemistry,

Anatomy,
Physiology.

The fee for the Combined examination shall be Rs. 25.

SECOND LICENTIAE MEDICAL EXAMINATION. .

16. Any candidate who can produce certificates to the following effect, may be admitted to this examination :—

(a.) Of having passed the First Licentiate Medical examination or First M. B. examination at least two academical years previously.

(b.) Of having, subsequently to passing the First Licentiate Medical examination, or First M. B. examination, attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognised by the Syndicate :—

Two Courses of 70 Lectures.

Medicine (including Hygiene).
Surgery.
Midwifery.

One Course of 40 Lectures.

General Pathology and Morbid Anatomy.

Two Courses of 50 Lectures.

Medical Jurisprudence.

One Course of 25 Lectures.

Diseases of the Eye.

(c.) Of having, subsequently to passing the First Licentiate Medical examination, or First M. B. examination, dissected the surgical regions, and performed surgical operations during two winter sessions ; the certificate to state the number and nature of the operations so performed.

(d.) Of having duly and carefully performed six *post-mortem* examinations, and having regularly attended one course of practical demonstration in the Dead House.

(e.) Of having conducted at least six Labours.

Certificates on this subject will be received from any legally qualified practitioner in Medicine.

(f.) Of having attended Hospital and Dispensary Practice during the last three academical years of study in the following manner, *viz.* :—

Three months of attendance at the Out-door Dispensary of a recognised Hospital.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Surgical practice of a recognised Hospital, and Lectures on Clinical Surgery during such attendance.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Medical practice of a recognised Hospital, and Lectures on Clinical Medicine during such attendance.

Three months of attendance at the practice of an Eye-Infirmiry.

(g.) Of having drawn up, in his own handwriting, six Medical and six Surgical cases, during his period of service as clinical clerk or dresser.

(h.) Of general character and conduct from the Principal of the College, or School of Medicine, at which he has studied.

17. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

18. A fee of twenty-five rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of twenty-five rupees on each occasion, provided he produces a certificate that he has, since the date of the last examination at which he presented himself, attended a regular course of instruction* in the subject or subjects in which he failed at that examination.

19. A candidate who fails at the Second L. M. S. examination shall be re-examined only in the subject or subjects in which he has failed, provided he presents himself for re-examination within one year from the date of the examination at which he failed. If he fails to present himself for re-examination within one year, he shall be re-examined in all the prescribed subjects.

20. A candidate who fails in more than two of the four subjects, Medicine, Surgery, Midwifery, and Pathology, or in two of these subjects and in Medical Jurisprudence and Hygiene, shall not be admitted to the examination next following that at which he failed.

21. The examination shall be written, oral and practical.

* A regular course of instruction in Medicine or Surgery means six months' attendance at a recognised hospital: in Midwifery, six months' attendance at an obstetric hospital, and presence at six Labours; in Pathology, attendance at six *post-mortem* pathological demonstrations by a Professor of Pathology; in Medical Jurisprudence, attendance at six medico-legal *post-mortems* by a Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, or by a Civil Surgeon.

22. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

- (a.) Principles and Practice of Medicine.
- (b.) Ditto ditto of Surgery.
- (c.) Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.
- (d.) Midwifery with the exception of the subjects of conception, generation and the physiology of the foetus.
- (e.) Medical Jurisprudence with the exception of the subjects of birth, inheritance, legitimacy, paternity, hermaphroditism, impotence, insanity and life insurance.
- (f.) Hygiene and general Pathology.

The identification of microscopic preparations shall form no part of any of the questions in the foregoing subjects. The subject of poisons in the examination in medical jurisprudence shall be limited to poisons commonly used in India; and in the subject of pathology no question in special pathology shall be asked.

The Clinical examination shall be conducted in the wards of a Hospital.

23. Every candidate shall be required—

To examine, diagnose, and treat cases of acute or chronic diseases to be selected by the Examiners, and to draw up careful histories of the cases; also, if required, to perform and report in detail necropsical examinations of any of the selected cases that may have died in Hospital.

To apply apparatus for great surgical injuries and explain the objects to be attained by them, as well as the best manner of effecting those objects.

To perform capital operations upon the dead subject, after detailing to the Examiners the pathological conditions in which such operations are necessary, the different modes of operation adopted, and the reasons for preferring any particular mode of procedure.

24. As soon as possible after the examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

BACHELOR IN MEDICINE.

1. An examination for the degree of Bachelor in Medicine shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year. The examination shall consist of three parts entitled respectively the Preliminary Scientific, the First and Second M. B. examination.

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC M. B. EXAMINATION.

2 Any undergraduate of the University who can produce certificates to the following effect may be admitted to this examination :—

(a.) Of having passed the First Examination in Arts ; *Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined.**

(b.) Of having been engaged in medical studies for two academical years, after passing the First Examination in Arts.

(c.) Of having attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognised by the Syndicate :—

Two Courses each of 70 Lectures.

Chemistry.

Two Courses each of 20 Lectures.

Botany.

One Course of 40 Lectures.

Comparative Anatomy, Comparative Physiology and Zoology.

One Course.

Practical Chemical exercises in testing the nature of ordinary poisons and in the examination of animal secretions and urinary deposits.

3. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

4. A fee of ten rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of ten rupees on each occasion, provided he produces a certificate that he has, since the date of the last examination at which he presented himself, attended a regular course of instruction† in the subject or subjects in which he failed at that examination.

* The words here printed in italics are to take effect as soon as the Syndicate may order.

† A regular course of instruction means attendance at one complete course of lectures, or in the case of Practical Chemistry, of Practical Chemical Exercises, as defined in para. 2.

5. The examination shall be written, oral and practical.

6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

Elementary Chemical Physics, including the general laws of Light, Heat, Electricity and Magnetism ; also Chemistry, organic and inorganic, having special reference to practical medical science.

Botany.

Comparative Anatomy, Comparative Physiology and Zoology.

Practical Chemistry, including the testing of the presence and nature of ordinary poisons and the examination of animal secretions and urinary deposits.

The Syndicate shall notify three months before the examination the portions of Botany* in which candidates shall be examined.

7. As soon as possible after the examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in two divisions, the first in order of merit and the second in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

FIRST M. B. EXAMINATION.

8. Any undergraduate of the University who can produce certificates to the following effect may be admitted to the examination :—

(a.) Of having passed the Preliminary Scientific M. B. examination at least one academical year previously.†

(b.) Of having attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognised by the Syndicate :—

Two Courses each of 70 Lectures.

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

Materia Medica.

General Anatomy and Physiology.

(c.) Of having studied Practical Pharmacy for three months, and of having acquired a practical knowledge of the preparation and compounding of medicine.

(d.) Of having dissected during three winter terms, and of having completed at least twelve dissections in each term.

9. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form

* See Section VIII.

† A student who has failed in the Preliminary Scientific examination, but has obtained 15 per cent. of the marks in the aggregate may be admitted to the Combined Preliminary Scientific and First M. B. examinations of the same year. The fee for the Combined examination shall be Rs. 25.

entered^{*} in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

10. A fee of fifteen rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of fifteen rupees on each occasion, provided he produces a certificate that he has, since the date of the last examination at which he presented himself, attended a regular course of instruction* in the subject or subjects in which he failed at that examination.

11. The examination shall be written, oral and practical.

Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.
Materia Medica and Pharmacy.
General Anatomy and Physiology.

12. As soon as possible after the examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in two divisions, the first in order of merit and the second in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall on passing receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

SECOND M. B. EXAMINATION.

13. Any candidate who can produce certificates to the following effect, may be admitted to this examination :—

(a.) Of having passed the First M. B. examination at least two academical years previously.

(b.) Of having, subsequently to passing the First M. B. examination, attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognised by the University :—

Two Courses each of 70 Lectures,

Medicine (including Hygiene).
Surgery.
Midwifery.

One Course of 40 Lectures.

General Pathology and Morbid Anatomy.

*A regular course of instruction means attendance at one complete course of lectures, as defined in para. 8.

*Two Courses of 50 Lectures.***Medical Jurisprudence.***One Course of 25 Lectures.***Diseases of the Eye.**

(c.) Of having, subsequently to passing the First M. B. examination, dissected the surgical regions, and performed surgical operations during two winter sessions; the certificate to state the number and nature of the operations so performed.

(d.) Of having duly and carefully performed six *post-mortem* examinations, and of having regularly attended one course of practical demonstrations in the Dead House.

(e.) Of having conducted at least six Labours.

Certificates on this subject will be received from any legally qualified practitioner in Medicine.

(f.) Of having attended Hospital and Dispensary Practice during the last three academic years of study in the following manner, *viz.* :—

Three months of attendance at the Out-door Dispensary of a recognised Hospital.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Surgical Practice of a recognised Hospital, and Lectures on Clinical Surgery during such attendance.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Medical Practice of a recognised Hospital and Lectures on Clinical Medicine during such attendance.

Three months of attendance at the practice of an Eye-Infirmiry.

(g.) Of having drawn up, in his own handwriting, six Medical and six Surgical cases during his period of service as clinical clerk or dresser.

(h.) Of general character and conduct, from the Principal of the College or School of Medicine at which he has studied.

14. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

15. A fee of thirty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of thirty rupees on each occasions, provided he produces a certificate that he has since the date of the last examination at which he presented himself,

attended a regular course of instruction* in the subject or subjects in which he failed at that examination.

16. A candidate who has failed at the Second L. M. S. examination shall not be admitted to the Second M. B. examination till six months have expired from the date of such failure.

17. The examination shall be written, oral and practical.

18. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

Principles and Practice of Medicine.

Ditto ditto of Surgery.

Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.

Midwifery.

Medical Jurisprudence.

Hygiene and Pathology.

The Clinical examination shall be conducted in the wards of a Hospital.

19. Every candidate shall be required—

To examine, diagnose and treat cases of acute or chronic diseases to be selected by the Examiners; and to draw up careful histories of the cases; also, if required, to perform and report in detail necroscopical examinations on any of the selected cases that may have died in Hospital.

To apply apparatus for great surgical injuries, and explain the objects to be attained by them, as well as the manner of effecting those objects.

To examine, in presence of the Examiners, morbid products chemically and by the aid of the microscope, demonstrating the results obtained.

To perform capital operations upon the dead subject after detailing to the Examiners the pathological conditions in which such operations are necessary, the different modes of operation adopted, and the reasons for preferring any particular mode of procedure.

20. As soon as possible after the examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, the first in order of merit, and the second in alphabetical order. The candidate who

* A regular course of instruction in Medicine or Surgery means six months' attendance at a recognised hospital: in Midwifery, six months' attendance at an obstetric hospital, and presence at six Labours: in other subjects, attendance at one course of lectures, as defined in para. 13.

A candidate who has obtained the Licence in Medicine and Surgery, and who has been attached to a hospital or dispensary for six months since the date of his last appearance at the Second M. B. examination, will be held to have attended a regular course of instruction.

shall be placed first in the first division shall receive a gold medal of the value of rupees one hundred.

21. A candidate who appears at any of the examinations for the degree of Bachelor in Medicine, and fails to reach the prescribed standard at that examination, shall, if he has attained the standard required at the corresponding examination for a Licence in Medicine and Surgery, be entitled to a certificate of having passed that corresponding examination.

22. Any Licentiate of two years' standing whose diploma dates before the 1st of January 1887, may be admitted to this degree, on paying a fee of fifty rupees, and producing certificates to the following effect :—

(a) Of having passed the First Examination in Arts,* *Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined.*†

(b) Of having attended at a school of Medicine recognised by the Syndicate, a course of lectures in Comparative Anatomy and Zoology consisting of at least 40 lectures.

(c) Of having passed an examination in Comparative Anatomy and Zoology and in General and Comparative Physiology.

23. Any candidate who has passed the Licentiate examination before 1867, or the Senior Diploma examination of the Medical College, may be admitted to this degree, without further examination or fee, on producing a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts,* *Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined.*†

HONOURS IN MEDICINE.

1. Any candidate who has been placed in the first division at the Second Examination for the degree of Bachelor in Medicine, may be examined for Honours in one or more of the following branches :—

Surgery.
Medicine.

Midwifery.
Medical Jurisprudence.

A fee of fifty rupees shall be payable by each candidate for examination in one or more of the above branches.

2. The examination shall take place in the week following the completion of the Second Examination, and

* Any Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery may proceed to the First Examination in Arts or to the B. A. examination, without completing the two years' attendance at an affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the First Arts and B. A. Regulations.

† The words here printed in italics are to take effect as soon after 1869 as the Syndicate may order.

shall be conducted by means of written papers and practical tests.

3. As soon as possible after each examination for Honours, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in order of merit. Candidates shall be bracketed together, unless the Examiners are of opinion that there is clearly a difference in their merits.

DOCTOR IN MEDICINE.

1. An examination for the degree of Doctor in Medicine shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.

2. Any Bachelor in Medicine may be admitted to this examination, provided he can produce certificates to the following effect :—

- (a.) Of having been admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Arts.*
- (b.) Of having, subsequently to passing the M. B. examination completed—

Five years of certified practice of the Medical profession, *or*
Two years' hospital practice and two years' private practice, *or*
Two years' practice, either hospital or private, if the candidate be a Graduate in Medicine with Honours.

- (c.) Of good moral character, signed by two persons of respectability.

3. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least one month before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

4. A fee of one hundred rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of one hundred rupees on each occasion.

5. The examination shall be written, oral and practical.

* Any Bachelor in Medicine may proceed to the B. A. examination without completing the two years' study at an affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the B. A. Regulations.

6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

Medicine, including the practice of Physic.

Surgery.

Midwifery.

Hygiene and Pathology.

7. As soon as possible after the examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in alphabetical order.

8. Any candidate who is not a Bachelor in Medicine, may be admitted to the examination for the degree of Doctor in Medicine, on producing certificates to the following effect :—

(a.) Of having passed the Senior Diploma examination of the Medical College, or the Licentiate examination in Medicine and Surgery of the University.

(b.) Of having attained the age of 35 years.

(c.) Of having practised the medical profession with repute for five years.

(d.) Of fitness, moral and social, for the degree.

(e.) Of having passed the B. A. examination,* *Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined*†; or

The following preliminary examination for those candidates only who had completed their Medical Education in or before the Session of 1859 :—

English.

Subjects of examination shall not be appointed, but the answers of the candidates in all subjects must be such as to show a competent knowledge of the English language.

Mental and Moral Science.

Mental Science ;—as contained in Abercrombie on the Intellectual Powers.

Moral Philosophy ;—as contained in Payne and Abercrombie.

(iv.) ENGINEERING.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING.

1. The First Examination in Engineering shall be held every year in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time

* Any person who has passed a University examination for a Licence in Medicine and Surgery in or before 1864, may proceed to the B. A. examination without passing the First Examination in Arts or completing the two years of study at an affiliated Institution required under para 2 of the B. A. Regulations.

† The words here printed in italics are to take effect as soon after 1869 as the Syndicate may order.

as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.

2. Any undergraduate of the University may be admitted to this examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study in a School of Engineering affiliated to the University, for three years after passing the Entrance examination. A student who has passed the B. A. examination in the B course shall be admitted to the F. E. examination after two years' study in a school of engineering affiliated to the University.

3. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar, at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

4. A fee of twenty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted unless he has paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of twenty rupees on each occasion.

5. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects :—

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| I. Mathematics. | IV. Geodesy. |
| II. Natural Science. | V. Drawing. |
| III. Engineering Construction. | |

I. MATHEMATICS.

Arithmetic. The whole.

Algebra.

To the Binomial Theorem (omitting Scales of Notation), Exponential Theorem and Logarithms.

Geometry.

Euclid—Books 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6, with deductions, Conic Sections treated geometrically.

Trigonometry.

As far as the solution of all cases of plane triangles. De Moivre's Theorem, Exponential values of Sine and Cosine.

Mensuration.

Mensuration of surfaces and solids.

Analytical Geometry.

Equations of the straight line, circle, ellipse, hyperbola and parabola, without reference to the general equation of the 2nd degree.

Statics.

Parallelogram and triangle of forces, resultant of parallel forces, couples, moments, equilibrium of any forces acting on a particle or rigid body, centre of parallel forces, centre of gravity, friction, simple cases of tension of strings, levers, pulleys, wheel and axle, inclined plane, screw.

Dynamics.

Definition and measurement of mass, force, velocity, acceleration, momentum, work and energy.* Laws of motion. Uniform motion. Uniformly accelerated motion in a straight line, parabola, and circle. Relative motion. Simple cases of impact.

II. NATURAL SCIENCE.

Chemistry.

I. *Pure Chemistry*.—Preparation and properties of oxygen and hydrogen. Detonating mixture; synthesis and analysis of water; its physical and chemical properties. Direct oxidation of non-metals and metals. Fundamental laws of chemistry. The atomic theory. Chemical nomenclature and notation. Avogadro's law. Ozone. Hydrogendioxide. Preparation and properties of the halogens. Their compounds with hydrogen. Oxides and oxy-acids of chlorine. Sulphur; sulphuretted hydrogen; oxides and chlorides; sulphuric acid. Nitrogen; ammonia; nitric acid; oxides. Phosphorus; modifications; oxides and oxy-acids; chlorides. Arsenic and antimony; oxides, chlorides, sulphides. Hydrogen compounds of phosphorus, arsenic, antimony. Boron; boracic acid. Silicon; silicon dioxide, silicic acid; chloride and fluoride; hydrofluosilicic acid. Carbon; its oxides; carbon disulphide; methane, ethylene; cyanogen, hydrocyanic acid. Composition of air; determination of moisture and carbon dioxide in air; combustion, nature of flame. Physical and chemical properties of metals. Action of air and acids on metals. Constitution and properties of acids, bases, and salts. Alloys and amalgams. General methods of preparing oxides, sulphides, hydroxides, haloid salts, nitrates, sulphates, carbonates, phosphates. General properties of salts; solubility; nature of solutions; mutual action of salts in solution; natural waters. The most important sources of the metals used in the arts; the chemistry of their methods of extraction. Determination of molecular formulas and atomic weights; vapour density; isomorphism; specific heat, atomic and molecular heat; depression of freezing point and of vapour pressure. Classification of elements according to atomicity. Theory of compound radicals. The periodic law.

* Special importance will be attached to a thorough comprehension of the principles of Work and Energy, and of their application to the solution of Mechanical questions.

II. Chemical Energetics.—**A. Thermo-chemistry.**—Object. Methods of investigation. Calorimeters for solutions and combustion. Thermo-chemical notation (Ostwald's). Thermal units. The fundamental laws of thermodynamics. Cycles. Relation between chemical reactions and entropy. Allotropy. Hess' principle. Heat of combustion and formation; calculation of heat of formation. Neutralisation; behaviour of the more important mono-, di-, and tribasic acids. Dissociation; typical examples; connection with temperature and pressure. Thermal changes attending solution and hydration. Exothermal and endothermal reactions. Application of the principles of thermo-chemistry to the solution of technical problems.

B. Photo-chemistry.—Actinometers; Bunsen and Roscoe's experiments. The laws of photo-chemical induction. Contact effects. Assimilation of carbon by plants; storage of solar energy. Action of light on salts of silver, iron, chromium, uranium.

C. Electro-chemistry.—Faraday's laws. Electro-chemical equivalents. Calculation of E. M. F. of galvanic elements. Differences of potential due to contact of metals and electrolytes. Electrolytic conduction; polarization.

III. Chemical Technology.—Chlorine. Bromine. Iodine. Hydrochloric, sulphuric, nitric acids. Softening of water on a large scale. Phosphorus. Coal Gas. Caustic potash and soda. Nitre. Gunpowder. Pearl-ash. Potassium bichromate. Common salt. Borax. Sodium carbonate. Chili saltpetre. Sal-ammoniac. Magnesium. Quicklime. Mortar. Portland cement. Bleaching powder. Plaster of Paris. Glass, stoneware, pottery and porcelain. Alums. Blanc-fixe; zinc white; white and red lead. Verdigris; silicate paint; chromes; oxide of iron paints. Silver-nitrate. Manufacture of tin plate; galvanized iron.

IV. Practical Exercises.—Qualitative analysis of solutions containing K, Na, NH_4 , Mg, Ca, Sr, Ba, Zn, Ni, Co, Fe, Al, Cr, Cd, Cu, Hg, Pb, Bi, Sn, Sb, As, Au, Ag. Analysis of chlorides, Sulphates, nitrates, nitrites, carbonates, phosphates and silicates. Quantitative analysis of brass, bronze, and bar-silver. Acidimetry and alkalimetry. Determination of iron in iron ores and in samples of iron by volumetric analysis. Assaying of iron ores in the dry way. Determination of sulphur and phosphorus in iron ores and pig-iron. Determination of carbon in commercial iron. Determination of gold by Skey's process. Action of water on lead. Testing of drinking water for ammonia, nitrates, nitrites, sodium chloride, lead, and copper; colorimetric tests; determination of hardness by Clark's soap test. Analysis of limestones.

Physics.

I. Heat.—Expansion; Ramsden, weight-thermometer; Pierre Regnault's experiments on the absolute expansion of mercury and the expansion of gases. Charles' law. Principles of thermometry. Temperature as measured by the expansion of solids, liquids, and gases.

Mercurial thermometer; air-thermometer. Thermometers for various purposes. Density of solids, liquids, and gases. Absolute temperature. **Calorimetry.** Specific heats of solids and liquids; method of mixture, Regnault Bunsen's ice-calorimeter. Specific heat of gases—at constant pressure, Regnault; at constant volume, Röntgen. Dulong and Petit's law; Naumann's law modified by Regnault. Changes of state of aggregation. Regelation. Critical temperature; Andrews' experiments. Measurement of heat of fusion and vaporisation. Influence of pressure on melting and boiling-point. Methods of liquefying gases. Maximum pressure of vapours; Dalton, Regnault; pressure of saturated steam below and above 100° C. Vapour densities; Hofmann's, V. Meyer's methods. Hygrometry; Regnault's hygrometer; Psychrometer. Conduction; variable and permanent stages. Simple cases of steady flow across a plate and along a bar; Wiedemann and Franz' experiments. Convection. Joule's determination of the mechanical equivalent of heat.

II.—Statical Electricity.—Electrification by friction. Modern electrosopes. Ice-pail experiment. Induction. Ramsden's machine. Electrophorus. Voss' and Whimhurst's influence machines. Electric work and energy. Indicator diagram of electric work. Exploration of electric field. Potential at any point of the field. Lines and tubes of force. Equipotential surfaces; lines of induction. Method of drawing lines of force and equipotential surface. Measurement of electricity; torsion balance, attracted disc electrometer, quadrant electrometer. Dimensions. Electrostatic units. Capacity. Condensers; electrification of two concentric spheres; Leyden jar, Lodge's hydraulic model. Specific inductive capacity. Absolute measurement of capacity; statical comparison of capacities; measurement of specific inductive capacity; standard air condenser.

III. Current Electricity.—Chemical and thermal methods of producing currents; Daniell, Grove, Bunsen, Leclanché, Meidinger, Smee; thermopile, thermoelectric battery. Pyro-electricity. Classification of bodies as regards transference of electricity. Electrolytic conduction. Electrolysis of fused compounds and saline solutions. Faraday's laws. The voltameter. Metallic conduction. Ohm's law. Kirchhoff's laws. Units of resistance. Poggendorff's rheochord. Resistance coils. Wheatstone's bridge. Resistance of battery. Resistance of galvanometer. Electromotive force. Standard cells—Raoult, Louge, Latimer Clark. * Determination of electromotive force; statical method; Fechner's and Ohm's methods. Poggendorff's compensation method. Relation of electricity to heat; Joule's Law; Lenz' experiments. Gaseous conduction. Disruptive discharge. Currents regarded as moving charges; Rowland's experiments. Flow of electricity and flow of electric energy; outlines of Poynting's theory. Phenomena attendant on the starting, stopping and varying of a current. Oscillating discharges.

IV. Magnetism.—Fundamental experiments. Magnetic field. The earth a magnet; magnetic elements; declination theodolite; dip-circle; bifilar magnetometer. Methods of magnetization. Relation of magnetism to electricity. Oersted's experiment. Tangent and sinegalvanometers; Thompson's reflecting galvanometer; Wiedemann's two-coil galvanometer. Electro-dynamic experiments; the solenoid. Solenoidal magnets and magnetic shells. Electro-magnets; types. Permeability

and methods of measuring it ; its relation to temperature and mechanical stress ; critical temperature, its relation to other physical properties. Magnetic hysteresis. Magnetic flux, magnetomotive force, reluctance. The law of traction. Induction of currents ; Lenz' law. Direction of induced currents specified by reference to lines of magnetic force. Movement of lines of force with change of magnetization. Self-induction. Ruhmkorff's coil. Electro-magnetic units. Theories of magnetism.

V. *Radiant Energy*.—Laws of a vibrating particle Harmonic vibrations. Transverse and longitudinal waves. Interference of waves travelling in the same and in opposite directions. Stationary waves. Composition of undulations ; elliptical, circular, and rectilinear vibrations. Huyghen's principle. Reflection and refraction of thermal, luminous and electric waves. Velocity of propagation ; Foucault's and Fizeau's experiments. Plane, spherical, and parabolic mirrors. Single and double refraction. Prisms and lenses. Minimum deviation. Determination of refractive indices of solids and liquids. Melloni's experiments on radiant heat. Hertz' experiments on electric radiations. Outlines of Maxwell's theory of light. Dispersion. Spectroscope and spectra. Conditions of achromatism Absorption of ætherial waves : diathermancy and athermancy ; coloured bodies.

VI. *Applied Physics*.—(a). *Heat*—Pyrometers : Wilson, Siemens, Le Chatelier. The double-acting steam engine, Ice-making machines, Otto's gas engine, Petroleum engines.

(b). *Light*.—The sextant. Photometry ; Ayrtton's dispersion Photometer. Telescopes. Microscopes. The camera obscura ; principles of photography.

(c). *Electricity and Magnetism*.—Electro-metallurgy. Telegraphy and Telephony. Batteries in common use. Signals. Single needle instrument ; sounder ; Siemens' ink-writer ; Siemens' A. B. C. Relative merits. Siemens' relay. Line current, local current, double current working ; translation. Duplex telegraphy ; differential and bridge principle. Overground lines ; supports, their preservation ; insulators. Faults in instruments ; on line ; total, partial, intermittent. Testing ; Wheatstone's bridge ; localising faults, loop test. Lightning conductor, Terminal, single and multiple points ; earth connection, its importance ; the conductor, proper material, form ; joints ; clips and brackets ; ridge circuits ; incidental connections, gas and waterpipes ; space protected ; protection of dwelling houses, magazines, chimneys ; periodical inspection and testing ; older and modern theories. The telephone and microphone. Electric bells and indicators. Dynamo-electric machinery. The ideal simple dynamo and motor ; connection between counter-electromotive force and maximum work. Efficiency. Causes of loss of energy. Types of armatures ; armature coils and cores. Field magnets. Pole pieces. Field magnet Coils. Commutators, collectors ; brushes, brush-holders. Curves of potentials and induction. Reaction of armature and field. Lead of brushes ; angle of lead. Methods of exciting field magnets. Classification of dynamos. Examples of Dynamos, continuous and alternate, according to modern practice. Characteristics.

Transmission of electric energy. Accumulators. Transformers. Air-lines ; insulators, testing ; modes of attaching the wire ; materials

for wires ; joints ; lightning protectors. Underground conduits ; the three-wire system, lead covered cables. Comparison with other methods of transmitting energy.

Motors ; Reckenzaum, Immisch. Appliances : electric pumping plant, electric tramways, telpher lines ; electric mining machinery. Electric lighting. The Brush lamp. Incandescent lamps. Electric welding. Electric measurements and measuring apparatus. The volt and ampère. Ayrton's sulphuric acid voltmeter. Calibration of galvanometers. Methods of shielding galvanometers. Proportional galvanometers. Ampère-meters and voltmeters. Ampère-balances. The ballistic galvanometers. Permanent magnet meters. Ayrton's spring meters ; Siemens' electro-dynamometer ; Ayrton's magnifying spring ammeter. Gravity control meters. Electro-magnetic control meters. Relative merits ; testing for accuracy ; calibration by the calorimeter and the voltmeter methods. Cardew's voltmeter. The Ohm ; resistance coils ; the shunt-box. Commercial Ohmmeters. The Farad and microfarad. The Watt.

III. ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION.

Materials. Structure, classification and characteristic qualities of building stones, artificial stones, quarrying and blasting, preparation of bricks and tiles, cementing materials, plasters, paints and varnishes, properties and preservation of timber, iron and steel, lead, copper, zinc, and the common alloys.

IV. GEODESY.

Use of the Scales, Prismatic Compass, Pocket Sextant, Level, Theodolite, and Plane Table. Topographical Surveying of limited areas. Practice of Levelling. Route Surveying and laying out curves. Elements of Practical Astronomy. (Attested Surveys, executed by the candidate, will be submitted to the Examiner, to which marks will be assigned.)

V. DRAWING.

1. Free-hand Drawing.
2. Projection (*a*) Orthographic, (*b*) Isometric, (*c*) Perspective.
6. The examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers, and a paper of questions shall be set in each of the following subjects :—

Arithmetic and Algebra.
 Plane Geometry and Geometrical Conic Sections.
 Trigonometry and Mensuration.
 Statics and Dynamics.
 Analytical Geometry.
 Chemistry.
 Light and Heat.
 Electricity, Magnetism, and the elements of Telegraphy.
 Materials of Construction.
 Geodesy.
 Drawing.

7. As soon as possible after the examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

LICENCE IN ENGINEERING.

1. An examination for a Licence* in Engineering shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.

2. Any undergraduate of the University may be admitted to this examination on producing a certificate from the head of an institution affiliated to the University in Engineering, shewing that he has prosecuted a regular course of study for one year after passing the First Examination in Engineering.

3. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

4. A fee of twenty-five rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he has paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of twenty-five rupees on each occasion.

5. Every candidate shall be examined in one of the following branches marked A and B :—

*A.—(*Civil Engineering.*)

- I. Mathematics.
- II. Natural Science.
- III. Engineering Construction.
- IV. Drawing.

I. MATHEMATICS.

Differential Calculus.

Differential coefficients of simple and complex functions, successive differentiation, differential functions of two variables, functions of functions; implicit functions. Taylor's and Maclaurin's Theorems. Maxima and minima values of functions of one variable.

* The Holder of this Licence shall be styled a Licentiate in Engineering.

Integral Calculus.

Integration of simple functions, rational fractions. Formulæ of reduction. Lengths of curves. Areas of curves and surfaces. Volumes of solids. Differentiation of an integral.

Hydrostatics.

Equilibrium of fluids, specific gravity, equilibrium of floating bodies, centre of pressure, elastic fluids, principles of barometer and application to determine heights of mountains; of the air-pump, condenser pump, siphon, hydrostatic press and the hydrometers.

II.—NATURAL SCIENCE.

Geology.

Object of geology. Its relation to other sciences. The doctrine of uniformity; its limits.

(a). *Astronomical Geology*.—Information obtained from meteorites and by the spectroscope. The nebular theory. Origin of internal heat. Climate in its geological relations; glacial and mild periods; Croll's theory as modified by Wallace.

(b). *Geognosy*.—The globe and its envelopes. Shape and nature of globe; density; probable internal condition; evidences of pressure and internal heat. The age of the earth's crust; Tait's and Wallace's views. Persistence of continental ridges and abysmal depressions.

(c). *Petrography*.—Microscopic characters of rocks. Microscopic elements; their importance in the study of the history of rocks. Microscopic characters of quartz, orthoclase, plagioclase, augite, hornblende, calcite. Essential and accessory constituents. Classification of rocks. Microscopic characters and essential constituents of the following rocks: limestone, dolomite, quartzite, jasper, hornstone, amphibolite; gneiss, micaceous and chloritic schists, phyllite; granite, quartz-porphyr; syenite trachyte, phonolite, obsidian, pumice, diorite; diabase dolerite, plagioclase-basalt; sand and gravel, sandstones conglomerates, breccias, shale, clay; laterites; tuffs; shell-marl, coral-limestone, chalk, crinoidal limestone; tripolite, flint; guano; peat, lignite, coal, anthracite; graphite, oil-shale, petroleum, asphalt; bog-iron ore, clay-ironstone.

(d). *Dynamical Geology*.—Volcanic phenomena; description of volcanoes: kind, shape, distribution; theories of vulcanicity. Hot springs. Earthquakes. Upheaval and depression. Geological functions of air. Geological functions of water and ice; denudation and deposition; river valleys, peculiarities of Indian rivers; glacial erosion; formation of lakes. Geological functions of plants and animals; coral Islands, Darwin's and Murray's theories.

(e). *Petrogenetic Geology*.—Origin of granite, syenite, diabase, diorite, basalt. Origin of sedimentary rocks; minerogen, phytogen, and zoogen sedimentary rocks; theories on the origin of coalbeds and of petroleum; origin of laterite. Origin of metamorphic rocks; theories of metamorphism; local and regional metamorphism; origin of rockcleavage. Ore deposits; origin and classification.

(f). *Architectonic Geology*.—Forms of bedding. Surface markings. Concretions. Relative persistence of strata. Over-lap. Unconformability. Groups of strata. Jointing. Faults, Origin and kinds. Strike and dip; outcrop. Monocline, syncline, anticline. Intrusive

phase of eruptivity ; bosses, sheets, veins and dykes, necks. Inter-bedded phase of eruptivity ; lavas, tuffs.

(g.) *Palaeontological Geology*.—Object. Condition for the entombment of organic remains. Preservation of organic remains in mineral masses, fossilization. Uses of fossils in geology.

(h.) *General Historical Geology*.—Leading principles in stratigraphy. Equivalent strata ; absent strata and formations. Outline sketch of the geological record of Europe.

(i.) *Indian Geology*.—Peninsular area. The metamorphic series. The transition series. Lower and Upper Vindhyan ; Vindhyan basin. The Gondwana system ; geological positions and characters ; probable fluviatile origin. Relation of Gondwana basins to existing valleys ; lower and upper groups : Talchir—Kaiharbari, Barakar ironstone shales, Raniganj ; Rajmahal. The most important coal-fields. The Deccan trap series : area and petrology. Laterite distribution, age. Post-tertiary and recent formations : older river gravels and clays ; kankar. The Indogangetic plane ; upland and alluvial soils, red soil, regur, peat. General outlines of the geology of the Himalayan area.

(j.) *Physiographical Geology*.—Terrestrial features due to disturbance of crust ; monoclinical, symmetrical, unsymmetrical, reversed flexures ; alpine type or mountain structure. Features due to volcanic action ; the Deccan trap area. Features due to erosion ; Indian examples.

(k.) *Field Geology*.—Geological surveying instruments ; tracing of boundaries and faults. Sections ; how to find direction and amount of dip ; Dalton's construction, clinometers. Levelling ; surface profile, datum level, bench marks ; methods of geological levelling ; Abney's level. Lithology ; practical exercises in the identification of Indian rocks.

Mineralogy.

Province of mineralogy. Its relation to other sciences.

1. *Physical Mineralogy*.—

(a.) Properties of minerals independent of direction. Density and specific gravity. Methods of determining specific gravities—hydrostatic balance ; pycnometer ; Jolly's balance ; floatation methods.

(b.) Properties of minerals dependent on direction.

Elasticity.—Relation of co-efficient of elasticity to direction. Surfaces of elasticity, Method of determining co-efficients of elasticity in minerals ; Koch's apparatus ; classification of minerals with reference to elasticity. Physical definitions of 'crystal.'

Cohesion.—Cleavage. Fracture. Hardness : Moh's scale ; sclerometric methods ; Hertz' definition ; Auerbach's experiments. Corrosion figures.

Optical properties of minerals.—Kind and degree of lustre. Double refraction and polarization ; Nicol's prism, tourmaline forceps. Classification of crystals according to their optical properties. Examination of crystals in parallel and convergent polarized light ; polarization microscope. Circular Polarization, Absorption of light ; pleochroism.

Thermal properties.—Good and bad conductors ; conductivity of single and double refracting crystals. Expansion.

Electric properties.—Good and bad conductors ; pyro-, actino-, and piezo—electricity. Hankel's researches.

Magnetic properties.—Para and dia-magnetic minerals.

II. *Crystallographic Mineralogy*—

Relation of physical properties to geometrical form ; arrangement of molecules. Crystalline form ; faces. Planes of reference ; axes ; parameters ; indices ; symbols. Law of rationality of indices. Principles of Miller's and Naumann's notation. Fundamental form ; its selection. Symmetry ; planes and axes of symmetry ; principal and common planes. Classification of crystals. The six crystallographic systems characterised with reference to planes of symmetry. Simple forms and combinations. The holohedral forms of the regular system considered as modifications of the hexakisoctahedron. Combinations of the hexahedron, octahedron, and rhombic dodecahedron. The holohedral forms of the remaining five systems. Close and open forms ; prismatic, tabular, and pyramidal habit. Nature of hemihedrism. Hemihedrism in the regular, hexagonal and tetragonal systems. Nature of tetartohedrism ; trapezohedral tetartohedrism in the hexagonal system, quartz. Distinction between apparently holohedral forms and real ones. Hemimorphism. Crystallographic mimicry—leucite, sal ammoniac. Groth's method of deducing hemihedral and hemimorphous forms from holohedral forms. Isomorphism and heteromorphism ; isomorphous groups of elements, the iso-heteromorphous series of the calcite-aragonite group, of the hornblende-augite group, and of the feldspars. Morphotropism and isogonism. Twinning ; twinning plane, twinning axes, composition plane ; twins, with parallel and non-parallel axes ; contract and penetration twins : distinctive features of twins ; polysynthetic crystals ; twin striation and combination striation. Crystalline aggregates, druses. Pseudomorphism ; pseudomorphs by incrustation, substitution, and alteration ; paramorphs.

III. *Chemical Mineralogy*—

Calculation of formula. Groth's classification of minerals. Group tests.

IV. *Descriptive Mineralogy*—

A somewhat detailed description of the following minerals :—

Elements :—diamond, graphite, sulphur, bismuth, copper, silver, gold, platinum.

Sulphides :—pyrite, marcasite, arsenopyrite, leucopyrite, pyrrhotite ; galenite, chalcocite, chalcopyrite, bornite, argentite, sphalerite, cinnabarite, antimonite.

Sulphosalts :—tetrahedrite.

Oxides :—cuprite ; corundum, hematite, menaccanite ; spinel, magnetite, chromite ; quartz, opal, cassiterite, pyrolusite ; goethite, limonite.

Oxy-salts :—(a) *Carbonates*—calcite, magnesite, siderite, dolomite ; aragonite, witherite, strontianite, cerussite ; azurite, malachite.

(b) *Sulphates* :—anhydrite, barite ; gypsum.

(c) *Phosphates* :—apatite.

(d) *Silicates* :—tourmaline ; epidote, olivine ; garnet, leucite ; nephelite ; muscovite, biotite, lithiummica ; chlorite, rhipidolite ; talc, serpentine ; apophyllite, stilbite, heulandite, scolecite ; augite, hornblende ; orthoclase, microcline, albite, indianite, oligoclase, labradorite ; kaolinite.

Haloid salts :—halite ; fluorite ; cryolite.

V. *Determinative Mineralogy*—

Determination of specific gravities. Use of the scale of hardness. Exercises at the polarization microscope. Measurement of angles by the aid of contact and reflecting goniometers. Separation of rock-

forming minerals by floatation and by the electro-magnet. Blow-pipe analysis. Identification of Indian minerals by the aid of Brush's or any other manual of determinative mineralogy.

Metallurgy.

Physical properties of metals.—Testing machines ; influence of impurities on the properties of iron and copper.

Alloys.

Effect of temperature changes on metals and alloys, with special reference to steel ; annealing, hardening, tempering.

Fuel.—Classification ; manufacture of coke ; Wilson's gas producer ; water gas ; absolute, specific, and pyrometric heating power ; assay of coal ; calorimeters.

Materials.—Ores ; fluxes ; slags ; oxidising and reducing agents ; calculation of furnace charges.

Furnaces.—Hearths ; for roasting, refining, and liquation ; shaft furnaces ; iron blast-furnace, Rachette, Pilsz, Cupola ; reverberatory furnaces ; puddling-furnace, furnaces used in the smelting for copper and tin ; cupellation ; closed vessel furnaces ; Deville's blast furnace ; furnaces used in the reduction of blende and cinnabar, and in the manufacture of cement steel, the converter. Means of supplying air : chimneys, blowing engines, Cowper's and Whitwell's stoves.

Metallurgical processes.—Classification ; outlines of typical processes : blast-furnace-process ; puddling Dank's furnace ; Siemens' open hearth ; Siemens-Martin ; Bessemer, basic process ; Darby's recarburisation process ; tungsten steel, mild metal. The Idria process. Tin smelting. Extraction of zinc by the Belgian and Silesian methods. Heroult's aluminium process. Welsh process of extracting copper from copper pyrite. Lead smelting. Flintshire. Extraction of silver from lead, Parkes, Patinson, Cupellation. Concentration of gold in batteries, modern pan amalgamation. Wet processes as practised in America, Plattner's chlorine process. Methods of producing sound castings.

General considerations. Capital and labour ; causes of failure.

III. ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION.

Practice of Building. Brick and stone masonry, earthwork, carpentry, foundations, walls, floors and roofs of buildings, construction of masonry ; wooden and iron bridges, construction and maintenance of roads, construction of railroads and railway appliances.

Hydraulic Engineering. Canal and river engineering, river training and improvements, flow of liquids through orifices, flow of liquids in pipes. The movements of water in canals and rivers, flow of water over weirs, and waste weirs, afflux of fluids caused by obstruction, water-wheels and turbines, storage of water, supply of water to towns.

Applied Mechanics. Direct stresses, bars and pillars of various forms in tension and compression, transverse strain, deflection of beams, resistance to torsion. The equilibrium, stability, and strength of framed structures, stability of suspension bridges. Theory of earth pressure, and resistance of block work structures. Elements of Graphic Statics.

Mechanism. Elementary forms of machines, levers, cranks, rolling contacts, sliding contacts, mechanism for modifying motion, accumulation and regulation of motion.

Steam-Engine. Measurement of heat, Joule's equivalent, indicators and indicator diagrams, boilers, heating surface, injectors and all other parts of high and low pressure engines.

(Attested designs for an engineering work, executed by the candidate, will be submitted to the Examiner to which marks will be assigned.)

IV. DRAWING.

Engineering and Architectural Drawing.

B.—(*Mechanical Engineering.*)

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| I. Mathematics. | III. Machinery. |
| II. Engineering Construction. | IV. Drawing. |

I. MATHEMATICS.

As laid down for the examination for Branch A.

II. ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION.

Practice of Building. As laid down for the examination for Branch A.

Applied Mechanics. As laid down for the examination for Branch A.

Steam-Engine. The steam-engine as viewed under a knowledge of the doctrine of latent heat, with history of improvements and alterations in original theories, combustion of fuel, heat engines. The conversion of motion, indicators and details of construction, boilers, compound cylinder engines, miscellaneous details.

Hydraulic Engineering. Hydraulic machinery, flow of water in pipes.

III. MACHINERY.

Mechanism and Machine design. Elementary forms of machines, levers, cranks, rolling contacts, sliding contacts, mechanism for modifying motion, accumulation and regulation of motion. Mode of designing riveted joints, fastenings, journals, pivots, axles, shaftings, bearings, strength and form of toothed gearing, belt and rope gearing, link pistons, stuffing boxes, valves and cocks.

Workshop Appliances. Measures of length and methods of measuring. Hand tools for wood and metals. Forming straight edges and surface plates. Foot and power lathe. Machinery for drilling, boring, planing, shaping, slotting, punching, shearing and sawing. Distribution of motive power to machine tools.

Designs. Designs of factories and workshops with arrangement of machinery.

(Attested designs executed by the candidate, will be submitted to the Examiner, to which marks will be assigned.)

IV. DRAWING.

Machine Drawing.

6. Candidates shall also be allowed to present themselves for examination in one or more of the following optional subjects, proficiency in which will affect their place in the division list, but will not be counted towards a pass.

*Optional Subjects.***I. MATHEMATICS.**

Pure Mathematics
Mixed Mathematics } *as in the First Examination in Engineering.*

II. NATURAL SCIENCE.

Chemistry
Physics } *as in the First Examination in Engineering.*

III. ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION.

Materials of Construction, *as in the First Examination in Engineering.*

IV. GEODESY, as in the First Examination in Engineering.

7. The examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers, and a paper of questions shall be set in each of the following subjects :—

Branch A.

Differential and Integral Calculus.
Hydrostatics.
Geology.
Mineralogy and Metallurgy.
Details of Construction.
Roads and Railways.
Hydraulic Engineering.
Applied Mechanics.
Mechanism and Steam Engine.
Engineering and Architectural Drawing.

Branch B.

Differential and Integral Calculus.
Hydrostatics.
Details of Construction.
Roads and Railways.
Applied Mechanics.
Hydraulic Engineering.
Mechanism and Machine design.
Designs and Workshop appliances.
The Steam-Engine.
Machine Drawing.

Optional.

Pure Mathematics.
Mixed Mathematics.
Chemistry.
Physics.
Materials of Construction.
Geodesy.

8. As soon as possible after the examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates

arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

BACHELOR IN ENGINEERING.

1. An examination for the degree of Bachelor in Engineering shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.

2. Any candidate who has passed the First Examination in Arts* may be admitted to this examination, provided he produces a certificate from the Head of an Institution affiliated in Engineering shewing that he has prosecuted a regular course of study for one year, after passing the First Examination in Engineering.

3. Every candidate for admission to the examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar, at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

4. A fee of thirty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted unless he has paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of thirty rupees on each occasion.

5. Every candidate shall be examined in the subjects and in the manner ordered in paras. 5, 6 and 7 of the Regulations for a Licence in Engineering.

6. As soon as possible after the examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

7. The first candidate of the first division shall receive a gold medal of the value of one hundred rupees.

* Any undergraduate who has passed the First Examination in Engineering may proceed to the First Examination in Arts and the Bachelor of Arts Examination, without completing the two years of study at an affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the First Arts and B. A. Regulations.

8. Any Licentiate in Engineering, who has passed the First Examination in Arts, may, on paying the usual fee, be admitted to the degree of Bachelor in Engineering without further examination.

HONOURS IN ENGINEERING.

1. An examination for Honours in Engineering shall be held annually in Calcutta, commencing at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be notified approximately in the Calendar for the year.

A candidate may be examined in one or more of the following subjects :—

- I. Civil Engineering.
- II. Mining Engineering.
- III. Electrical Engineering.

2. Any candidate who has passed in that or any previous year, the examination for the degree of "Bachelor in Engineering" or for a "Licence in Engineering" shall be eligible for admission to the examination for Honours.

3. Every candidate shall send in his application to the Registrar at least three months before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.

4. A fee of rupees one hundred shall be payable by each candidate, and no candidate shall be admitted until he has paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent examinations on payment of a like fee of rupees one hundred on each occasion.

5. The subjects of examination are defined as follows :—

I. CIVIL ENGINEERING.

(a.)—MATHEMATICS,

(1.) Statics. The composition and resolution of forces acting in one plane on a particle or rigid body. Moments. Bending moments. Conditions of equilibrium of a particle or rigid body acted on by forces in one plane. Force diagram of a system of forces in equilibrium. Meaning of virtual work and work done by a force. Applications of the above to the solution of problems (the candidate to be allowed the option of adopting the graphic method of solution). Equilibrium of constrained bodies and the simple machines. Determination of centroids. Friction. The funicular polygon. The catenary. Application to roofs and bridge.

(2.) Dynamics. *Kinematics*, Velocity and acceleration, uniform and variable. Angular velocity. Numerical value of velocity or

acceleration dependent on units of time and length. Relative velocities and accelerations. Composition and resolution of velocities and accelerations. Formulæ connecting time and distance described. Velocity and acceleration.

Kinetics. Newton's laws of motion, especially the scholium to the third law, with applications and illustrations of the same in the working of examples. The doctrine of the dimensions of physical quantities. Relation between force, mass moved, and acceleration produced. Attwood's machine. Motion of projectiles in vacuo. Direct impact of bodies. Coefficient of restitution. Constrained motion of bodies sliding down smooth curves. The doctrine of the simple harmonic motion with application to the pendulum. Uniform motion in a circle. Conical pendulum. The principles of work and energy. Conservation of energy. The motion of a rigid body in two dimensions, in particular round a fixed horizontal axis under the action of gravity. The compound pendulum. The ballistic pendulum. Moments of inertia.

(3.) Geometrical Optics. The reflexion and refraction of light. Mirrors, prisms, lenses. The formation of images. The microscope, the telescope and Hadley's sextant. The spectrum, the spectroscope.

(4.) Spherical Trigonometry. Euclid, Book XI., propositions 1-21. Elementary formulæ for the trigonometrical functions of the parts of a triangle. Napier's analogies. Gauss's theorems. The solution of triangles.

(b.)—ENGINEERING.

(1) Applied Mechanics.

(2) Hydraulics.

(3) Theory and practice of building. Properties of building materials. Road, railway, canal and river engineering.

(c.)—GEODESY.

General principles of surveying, with the theory and use of instruments used in surveying. Measurement of base lines with corrections for level and temperature. Reduction of angles to the plane of the horizon. Reduction to the centre. Spherical excess. Method of distributing errors. Calculation of sides of triangles by the method of chords, by Legendre's theorem, or by spherical trigonometry. Determination of latitudes, longitudes and azimuths. Heights of stations and terrestrial refraction. Measurement of arcs of latitude and longitude. Determination of the figure of the Earth by geodetic measurement and by the pendulum.

The examination shall be both written and oral; the written examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers in each of the following subjects:—

- (1) Statics and Optics.
- (2) Dynamics and Spherical Trigonometry.
- (3) Geodesy.
- (4) Do.
- (5) Applied Mechanics.
- (6) Do. do.
- (7) Hydraulics.
- (8) Do.
- (9) Practice of Building.
- (10) Do. do.

II. MINING ENGINEERING.

(a) Mathematics, as in the course for Civil Engineering.

(b) Electricity in its application to Mining, with special reference to electric bell signalling, electric light installation and electric transmission of power underground.

(c) Principles of Mining, together with a knowledge of the Machinery used in Mining.

Preliminary research. Trenching. Costeaning, etc. Deep-boring, and apparatus employed. Tools used in various mining operations. Methods used in ventilating, lighting, and draining mines. Sinking of shafts. Driving levels, etc., and the methods adopted for protecting them by timbering, masonry, etc. Tubbing. Exploiting. The different systems used in working excavations, etc., and the methods employed for securing them while kept open. Management of shafts for hoisting, travelling and ventilation purposes, and the methods adopted for the prevention of accidents. Management of underground roads, carriage, hauling and transport of minerals, etc. Mechanical preparation and dressing of ores. Different methods of working coal, etc.

(d) Geology and Mineralogy.

Geology.—Petrology; Architectonic Geology; General Geology of India, with a special knowledge of the Gandhwana system, Transition series, and the Metamorphic series.

Mineralogy.—Practical determination of minerals.

(e) *Metallurgy*, including the treatment and analysis of coal. The knowledge of the candidate to be tested practically.

Physical properties of metals.—Testing machines; influence of impurities on the properties of iron and copper.

Alloys.—Effect of temperature changes on metals and alloys, with special reference to steel; annealing, hardening, tempering.

Fuel.—Classification; manufacture of coke; Wilson's gas producer; water gas; absolute, specific, and pyrometric heating power; assay of coal; Wright's calorimeter.

Materials.—Ores; fluxes; slags; oxidising and reducing agents; calculation of furnace charges.

Furnaces.—Hearths; for roasting and refining and liquation; shaft furnaces; iron blast-furnace, Bachtette, Pilz, Cupola; reverberatory furnaces; puddling-furnace, furnaces used in the smelting for copper and tin, cupellation, closed-vessel furnaces. Deville's blast-furnace, furnaces used in the reduction of blende and cinnabar, and in the manufacture of cement steel, the converter. Means of supplying air: chimneys; blowing engines, Cowper's and Whitwell's stoves.

Metallurgical processes.—Classification; outlines of typical processes; blast-furnace process; puddling Dank's furnace; Siemens' open hearth; Siemens-Martin; Bessemer, basic process; Darby's recarburisation process; tungsten steel, mott metal. The Idria process. Tin smelting. Extraction of zinc by the Belgian and Silesian methods. Heroult's aluminium process. Welsh process of extracting copper from copper pyrite. Lead smelting, Flintshire. Extraction of silver from lead, Parks, Patinson, Cupellation. Concentration of gold in batteries, modern pan amalgamation. Augustin's wet process, as practised in America; Plattner's chlorine process. Methods of producing sound castings.

General considerations.—Capital and labour; causes of failure.

The examination shall be both written and oral; the written examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers in each of the following subjects :—

- (1) Statics and Optics.
- (2) Dynamics and Spherical Trigonometry.
- (3) Electricity.
- (4) Geology.
- (5) Do.
- (6) Mineralogy.
- (7) Mining.
- (8) Do.
- (9) Metallurgy.
- (10) Do.

III. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

(a) *Theoretical*.—A knowledge of the principles of Electricity and Magnetism necessary for the proper understanding of the processes and instruments used in the following divisions of the subjects.

(b) *Telegraphy and allied subjects*.

Lines.—Survey of proposed route. Preparation of specifications for material and instruments. Tests, mechanical and electrical, to be applied to material. Erection and maintenance of line. Tests of insulation, resistance, capacity of line. Testing of insulators. Faults, their prevention and localisation.

Office.—Its construction and arrangement. Batteries and instruments, their construction, maintenance and testing.

Different systems of telegraphy. Methods for increasing the carrying power of lines. Duplex, quadruplex and multiplex telegraphy.

Cables.—Submarine and river, their construction, laying, maintenance, working, and testing.

Application of telegraphy, and other electrical apparatus to railway working.

Earth currents and other disturbances in working Telephones and Microphones. Different forms in practical use. Laying of lines, aerial and under-ground. Prevention of disturbances from electrical installations. Central exchanges. Lightning conductors and guards, their construction and application to houses, telegraph offices, lines and cables.

(c) *Electric Lighting and Transmission of Power*.—The electro-magnet, its construction and theory. On the relation between magnetising current, magnetism, and induction, as experimentally determined. Application of these results to the dynamo.

Dynamos.—Preparation of designs for dynamos required for a specified purpose and output. Theory of the dynamo, direct and alternate. Approved types of dynamos according to recent practice. Characteristic curves. Determination of efficiency of dynamos. Lamps. Construction and working of arc lamps of approved type. Incandescent lamps. Arrangement of arc and incandescent lamps in circuit. Photometry. Measurement of efficiency of lamps.

Central Stations.—Use of water power in prime motors. Boilers and engines best suited for proposed work. Tests of their efficiency. Leading methods of central station, distribution of electrical energy by direct and alternate currents. Overhead and under-ground mains. Methods of insulation adopted in both. Loss

of energy in mains. Relation of diameter of conductor to current carried. Devices for regulation of electromotive force and current. Measuring instruments, switches, fuses used in a Central Station.

Batteries.—Secondary batteries, their construction, theory, maintenance, and use in the distribution of electricity.

Transformers, their construction, theory, and use in the distribution of electricity.

Transmission of power by means of electricity. Electro-motors. Theory and construction of electro-motors, direct and alternate. Their use in railways, tramways, and in general machinery. Arrangement of line between generating station and place of distribution.

Electric Welding.

(d) *Electro-metallurgy.*

Electro-deposition of metals and reduction of ores. Construction of dynamos specially designed for these purposes.

(e) *Instruments.*

Theory of electrical measurements. The construction and use of electrical standards of Potential, Resistance, Capacity and Inductance. Galvanometers and other instruments required in the use of these standards. Commercial instruments, their theory, construction, use and comparison with standards. Induction Coils.

(f) *Dynamometers*, their theory and use in the testing of the efficiency of dynamos and motors.

(g) A practical paper to test the knowledge of the candidate in the methods of Electrical Measurement.

(h) *Mathematics*, as in the course for Civil Engineering.

The examination shall be both written and oral ; the written examination shall be conducted by means of papers in each of the following subjects :—

- (1) Statics and Optics.
- (2) Dynamics and Spherical Trigonometry.
- (3) Theory of Electricity and Magnetism.
- (4) Telegraphy.
- (5) Do.
- (6) Electric Lighting and Transmission of Power.
- (7) Do. do do.
- (8) Do. do. do.
- (9) Electro-metallurgy and electrical instruments.
- (10) Practical Examination in Electrical Measurements.

MASTER IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

1. No special examination shall be held, but any person who has graduated as B. C. E. and has at any time passed the Honour Examination, may be admitted to the degree of Master in Civil Engineering without examination, provided that—

(1.) Two members of the Faculty of Engineering or two Masters in Civil Engineering shall testify to the satisfaction of the Syndicate

that, since graduating, he has practised his profession with repute for four years, and that in habits and character he is a fit and proper person for the degree of Master.

(2.) He shall produce an essay approved by the President of the Faculty of Engineering for the time being on some subject connected with Engineering.

2. A fee of one hundred rupees shall be payable for the degree of Master in Civil Engineering. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he has previously paid this fee to the Registrar.

(v.) GENERAL.

1. No question shall be put at any University examination, so as to require an expression of religious belief on the part of the candidates; and no answer or translation given by any candidate shall be objected to on the ground of its expressing any peculiarities of religious belief.

2. The Syndicate shall have power in any case to admit to any University examination in any Faculty any person who shall present a certificate from any Institution authorised on that behalf by the Governor-General of India in Council, shewing that in such Institution he has attended courses of study, passed examinations, or taken degrees corresponding to those which, in connection with such examinations, are exacted from students of the University.

(vi.) ACADEMICAL COSTUME.

Graduates shall wear a European dress with a College Cap, or a white Chapkan and Trousers, with a Shawl Pagree and Black Taz. They also shall wear Gowns and Hoods for the several degrees, as described below—

For the Degree of B. A.

A black silk or stuff Gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of dark blue silk.

For the Degree of B. L.

A black silk or stuff Gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of green silk.

For the Degree of M. B.

A black silk or stuff Gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of scarlet silk.

For the Degree of B. E.

A black silk or stuff Gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of orange-coloured silk.

For the Degree of M. D. or Master in any of the Faculties.

A black silk or stuff Gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, with lining of silk corresponding in colour with the inside border of the Hood for Bachelors of the Faculty.

For the Degree of Doctor in Law.

A violet silk Gown with full sleeves. The Hood shall be of scarlet silk with a lining of white satin.

(vii.) AFFILIATION.

1. Institutions or departments of Institutions, may be affiliated in Arts, Law, Medicine and Engineering.

2. The power of affiliating rests, under the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, with the Syndicate, to whom all applications for affiliation must be addressed through the Registrar.

In the case of a Government Institution, application must be made by the Director of Public Instruction, or other chief educational officer of the province in which the Institution is situated.

In the case of any other Institution, application must be made by the chief controlling authority of such Institution.

Every application must be countersigned by two Members of the Senate, and if thought necessary, in the case of distant Institutions, by the Secretary to the Government of the Province in which the Institution is situated.

3. The application must contain—

(a.) A declaration that the Institution has the means of educating up to the standard under which it desires to be affiliated.

(b.) A statement shewing the provision made for the instruction of the students up to the same standard.

(c.) Satisfactory assurance that the Institution will be maintained on the proposed footing for five years at least.

4. The Syndicate may, with the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, at any time, withdraw the privileges of affiliation from any Institution.

Appendix A.

(1) FORMS OF APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION OF MALE CANDIDATES.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Entrance examination of the Calcutta University.

The Entrance fee* of rupees 10 is forwarded herewith,

I am, &c., &c.

* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that I know nothing against the moral character of the above-named candidate ;

The certificate of every candidate who is not a private student must be signed by the Principal or Head Master of the High School* from which he appears. The certificate of a candidate who appears as a Private student†, must be signed by a Government Inspector of Schools.

that he has not already passed the Entrance examination of the Calcutta University ; that, judging from the exercises that he has sent up and the test examination to which he has submit-

ted, there is in my opinion a reasonable probability of his now passing the Entrance examination, that he has signed the above application in my presence, and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The 18 . }

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Name.

Age in years and months.

Religion.

Race (*i.e.*, nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Where educated.

Present position (*i.e.*, at school or present occupation)

Whether he has appeared at the Entrance examination of any previous year.

Town or village where resident.

Name of father or guardian.

Where to be examined.

Language in which, besides English, to be examined.

Language into which translation to be made.

* A High School is a school recognised by the University as qualified to send up candidates to the Entrance examination. It is in the power of the Syndicate to refuse to recognise any school unless it is certified by a Government Inspector of Schools, as having been in existence since the 1st of July next preceding the examination, and as qualified to teach up to the Entrance standard. The Syndicate may also refuse to recognise any school that shows year after year bad results, or which appears to the Syndicate to be from any cause injurious to the interests of sound education and discipline.

† A student who does not appear from any school, or who has been transferred since the 1st of September next preceding the examination, without the consent of an Inspector, to the school from which he appears, will be treated as a private student. The Inspector's sanction shall not be considered sufficient unless special grounds appear on the face of it. It shall be in the power of the Inspector to instruct a private student to attend the test examination of a Government or other High School instead of holding a test examination himself, and to authorise the Head Master of such school to sign the application from the student which must afterwards be countersigned by the Inspector. No private student will be admitted to a test examination unless accompanied for the purpose of identification by some person known to the officers conducting the test examination.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing First Examination in Arts of the Calcutta University.

The fee* of rupees 20 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the above-named candidate has satisfied me by the production of the Registrar's certificate that he has passed the Entrance examination of the University of Calcutta; that he has completed in one or more of the affiliated Institutions the course of instruction prescribed by this University for the F. A. examination; that I know nothing against his moral character; and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The 18 .

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:—

Age.

Date of Entrance.

Race (*i.e.*, nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Where to be examined.

Whether he has appeared at the First Arts examination of an previous year.

Language in which, besides English, to be examined.

* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

Particulars to be filled in by the Principal, &c.

* College or Colleges attended during the two years.	Date of Admission.	NUMBER OF LECTURES IN													
		English.		Mathematics.		2nd Language.		Physics.		Chemistry.		History.		Logic.	
		Delivered (a.)	Attended (b.)	Delivered (a.)	Attended (b.)	Delivered (a.)	Attended (b.)	Delivered (a.)	Attended (b.)	Delivered (a.)	Attended (b.)	Delivered (a.)	Attended (b.)	Delivered (a.)	Attended (b.)
									*						

Principal.

* The number of lectures delivered and attended in each College must be separately stated.

(a) If a student has attended only one College during the two years of study required by the Regulations, this column must show the total number of lectures delivered in the College during the two years, the lectures in each year being counted from the date on which the College opened after the summer vacation, and not from the date on which the student was admitted.

If a student has attended more than one College during the two years, the lectures in the College first attended must be counted from the beginning of the session to the date on which a Transfer Certificate is given; in the College or Colleges subsequently attended, the lectures must be counted from the date of the Transfer Certificate on which the student is admitted, to the date on which a fresh Transfer Certificate is given, or to the date of application for admission to the F. A. examination.

(b) This number must not include any lectures attended before the receipt of the Transfer Certificate.

B. A. EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the *Course.

The fee † of rupees 30 is forwarded herewith,

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the above-named candidate has satisfied me, by the production of the Registrar's

The certificate is to be signed by the Principal or Head Master of the affiliated Institution in which the candidate has studied, and in the case of those Deputy Inspectors of Schools, Sub-Inspectors of Schools and *bona fide* masters of English schools who have served as such for the full period of two academical years, by the Inspector of Schools in whose circle they are employed.

certificate, that he has passed the First Examination in Arts of the University of Calcutta; that he has completed in one or more of the affiliated Institutions, the course of instruction prescribed by this University for the B. A. examination; that I know nothing against his moral character;

and that I believe the subjoined* account to be true.

The

18 . }

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:—

Age.

Date of Entrance.

Date of passing the First Examination in Arts.

Race (i.e., nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Where to be examined.

Whether he has appeared at the B. A. examination of any previous year.

Whether he takes up the A Course or the B Course.

Whether he is a candidate for the Government Scholarship tenable in England.

Whether he is a candidate for the Gilchrist Scholarship.

Subjects in which he desires to be examined:—

No.	Pass.	Honours.
1		
2		
3		

N. B.—(1) It must be definitely shewn whether the candidate takes up the Pass or the Honour Course in each subject by entering it in its appropriate column.

(2) It must be definitely stated which alternative subject and which alternative sub-division of each subject the candidate takes up.

(Thus [A Course] 3. Second language, Latin Or 3 History of England, Greece, and Rome. Or [B Course] 3. Physiology and Botany.)

* State whether in the A or B Course.

† The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

B. A. EXAMINATION,

*(Form of application for candidates other than students of an
Affiliated Institution.)*

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the* Course.

The fee† of rupees 30 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the above-named candidate has satisfied me, by the production of the Registrar's certificate, that he has passed the First Examination in Arts of the University of Calcutta; that I know nothing against his moral character; and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The

18

}

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:—

Age.

Date of Entrance.

Date of passing the First Examination in Arts.

Race (*i.e.*, nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Where to be examined.

Whether he has appeared at the B. A. examination of any previous year.

Whether he takes up the A Course or the B Course.

Whether he is a candidate for the Government Scholarship tenable in England.

Whether he is a candidate for the Gilchrist Scholarship.

* State whether in the A or the B Course.

† The fee must be paid in Cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

Subjects in which he desires to be examined.

No.	Pass.	Honours.
1		
2		
3		

N. B.—(1) *It must be definitely shewn whether the candidate takes up the Pass or the Honour Course in each subject by entering it in its appropriate column.*

(2) *It must be definitely stated which alternative subject and which alternative sub-division of each subject the candidate takes up.*

(Thus [A Course] 3. Second language, Latin. Or 3. History of England, Greece and Rome. Or [B Course] 3. Physiology and Botany.)

M. A. EXAMINATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing examination for the degree of Master of Arts in

The fee* of rupees 50 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the above-named candidate has satisfied me by the

This certificate is to be signed in the case of students of affiliated Institutions by the Principal of the Institution in which the candidate has studied, and in the case of other candidates by a Member of the Senate or a Government Inspector of Schools or the Principal or Head Master of an affiliated Institution.

production of his diploma, that he has passed the Bachelor of Arts Examination of the University of Calcutta; that I know nothing against his moral character; and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The

18 . }

* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

† No candidate shall be regarded as a student of an affiliated Institution, unless he has been a student of such Institution for a period of 6 months, and has attended a course of at least 50 lectures in the subject in which he desires to be examined.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Age.

Date of Entrance.

Date of graduation in Arts.

Race (*i.e.*, nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Whether he is a candidate for the Government Scholarship tenable in England.

Whether he is a candidate for the Gilchrist Scholarship.

Period or periods of study since passing the B. A. Examination.

Affiliated Institution or Institutions, if any, at which the candidate has studied.	Period or periods of continuous study.	Signature of Principal or Head Master of affiliated Institution.
	.	

BACHELOR IN LAW.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing examination for the degree of Bachelor in Law.

The fee* of rupees 30 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that

has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2 of the Regulations as to Bachelor in Law, and that I know nothing against his moral character.

The certificate is to be signed by the Principal of the College at which the candidate has studied.

The

18 . }

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Age.

Date of graduation.

Present occupation.

Religion.

* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

Particulars to be filled in by the Principal.

*College or Colleges attended during the two years.	Date of Admission.	NUMBER OF LECTURES IN							
		1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.
		The Principles of Jurisprudence, the History and Constitution of the Courts of Law and the Legislative Authorities in India.	The Law relating to persons in their Public and Private capacities including the Law of Testamentary Succession.	The Law of Property including the Law relating to Land Tenures and Revenue Laws.	The Law of Property including the Law of Transfer, Prescription and Pre-emption.	The Law of Contracts and Torts.	The Law of Crimes and Criminal Procedure.	The Law of Civil Procedure including the Law of Evidence and Law of Limitation.	The Hindu Law and the Mahomedan Law (with the exception of parts already included) and the Law of Intestate Succession.
		Delivered.	Delivered.	Delivered.	Delivered.	Delivered.	Delivered.	Delivered.	Delivered.
		(a.)	(a.)	(a.)	(a.)	(a.)	(a.)	(a.)	(a.)
		Attended.	Attended.	Attended.	Attended.	Attended.	Attended.	Attended.	Attended.

Principal.

* The number of lectures delivered and attended in each College must be separately stated.
(a.) This number must not include any lectures attended before the receipt of the Transfer Certificate.

If a student has attended only one College during the two years of study required by the Regulations, this column must show the total number of lectures delivered in the College during the two years, the lectures in each year being counted from the date on which the College opened after the summer vacation, and not from the date on which the student was admitted.

If a student has attended more than one College during the two years, the lectures in the College first attended must be counted from the beginning of the Session to the date on which a Transfer Certificate is given; in the College or Colleges subsequently attended the lectures must be counted from the date of the Transfer Certificate on which the student is admitted to the date on which a fresh Transfer Certificate is given, or to the date of application for admission to the B. L. Examination.

HONOURS IN LAW.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing examination for Honours in Law.

The fee* of rupees 100 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

The

18 . }

DOCTOR IN LAW.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request to be admitted to the degree of Doctor in Law.

The fee* of rupees 100 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that

has fulfilled the requirements

The certificate is to be signed by the President of the Faculty of Law.

contemplated under para. 1 of the D. L. Regulations.

The

18 . }

LICENCE IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Preliminary Scientific examination for a Licence in Medicine and Surgery.

The fee* of rupees 10 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

• CERTIFICATE.

I certify that

has fulfilled the requirements

This certificate is to be signed by the Principal of the College at which the candidate has studied.

contemplated under para. 2 of the Regulations as to Medicine, and that I know nothing against his

moral character.

The

18 . }

Principal.

* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Age.

Date of passing the F. A. examination.

Present occupation.

FIRST L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing First Examination for a Licence in Medicine and Surgery.

The fee* of rupees 15 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that _____ has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 8 of the Regulations as to Medicine, and that I know nothing against his moral character.

The

18 . }

Principal.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Age.

Date of passing the Preliminary Scientific examination.

Present occupation.

SECOND L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Second Examination for a Licence in Medicine and Surgery.

The fee* of rupees 25 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that _____ has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 16 of the Regulations as to Licence in Medicine and Surgery, and that I know nothing against his moral character.

The

18 . }

Principal.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Age.

Date of passing the First L. M. S. examination.

Present occupation.

* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

BACHELOR IN MEDICINE.

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Preliminary Scientific Examination for the degree of Bachelor in Medicine.

The fee* of rupees 10 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that

This certificate is to be signed by the Principal of the College at which the candidate has studied.

his moral character.

has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2 of the Regulations as to Bachelor in Medicine, and that I know nothing against

The 18 . } *Principal.*

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:—

Age.

Date of passing the F. A. examination.

Present occupation.

FIRST M. B. EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing First M. B. examination.

The fee* of rupees 15 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that

This certificate is to be signed by the Principal of the College at which the candidate has studied.

nothing against his moral character.

has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 8 of the Regulations as to Bachelor in Medicine, and that I know

The 18 . } *Principal.*

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:—

Age.

Date of passing the Preliminary Scientific examination.

Present occupation.

* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

SECOND M. B. EXAMINATION.**APPLICATION.***To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.***SIR,**

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing
Second M. B. examination.

The fee* of rupees 30 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that

This certificate is to be signed by the Principal of the College at which the candidate has studied. has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 13 of the Regulations as to Bachelor in Medicine, and that I know nothing against his moral character.

The 18 . }

Principal.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate '—

Age.

Date of passing the First M. B. examination.

Present occupation.

DOCTOR IN MEDICINE.**APPLICATION.***To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.***SIR,**

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing examination for the degree of Doctor in Medicine.

The fee* of rupees 100 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that

This certificate is to be signed by the President of the Faculty of Medicine. has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2 of the M. D. Regulations.

The 18 . }

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING.**APPLICATION.***To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.***SIR,**

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing First Examination in Engineering of the Calcutta University.

The fee* of rupees 20 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the above-named candidate has satisfied me, by the

This certificate is to be signed by the Principal of an Institution affiliated in Engineering.

production of the Registrar's certificate, that he has passed the Entrance examination of the University of Calcutta; that he has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2 of the Regulations; that I know nothing against his moral character; and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The 18 . } Principal.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:—

Age.

Date of passing the Entrance examination.

Present occupation.

Whether he has appeared at the First Examination in Engineering of any previous year.

Religion.

L. E. EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing examination for a Licence in Engineering.

The fee* of rupees 25 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that

This certificate is to be signed by the Principal of the Engineering College at which the candidate has studied.

has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2 of the Regulations as to Licence in Engineering, and that I know nothing against his moral character.

The 18 . } Principal.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:—

Age.

Date of passing the First Examination in Engineering.

Whether he has appeared at the L. E. Examination of any previous year.

Present occupation. •

Religion.

Optional Subject or Subjects.

* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

Any undergraduate who has passed the First Examination in Engineering may proceed to the First Examination in Arts and the Bachelor of Arts Examination, without completing the two years' study at an Affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the F. A. and B. A. Regulations.

B. E. EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing examination for the degree of Bachelor in Engineering.

The fee* of rupees 30 is forwarded herewith

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that

has fulfilled the

This certificate is to be signed by the Principal of the Engineering College at which the candidate has studied. I know nothing against his moral character.

requirements contemplated under para. 2 of the Regulations as to Bachelor in Engineering, and that I

The 18 . }

Principal.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Age.

Date of passing the First Examination in Arts.

Date of passing the First Examination in Engineering.

Whether he has appeared at the B. E. Examination of any previous year.

Present occupation.

Religion.

Optional Subject or Subjects.

Whether he is a candidate for the Gilchrist Scholarship.

MASTER IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

The certificate and application for the degree of Master in Civil Engineering to be in the same form as for the degree of Doctor in Law, with the exception that the certificate is to be signed by the President of the Faculty of Engineering.

(2) FORMS OF APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION OF FEMALE CANDIDATES.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Entrance examination of the Calcutta University.

The Entrance fee* of rupees 10 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c

* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the above-named candidate has not already passed the Entrance examination of the Calcutta University, that she has signed the above application in my presence, and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The certificate of every candidate, who is not a private student, must be signed by the Principal or Head Master of the school* from which she appears.

The certificate of a candidate who appears as a private student† must be signed by the Principal of an Affiliated College or a Government Inspector of Schools.

The

18 . }

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Name.
 Religion.
 Race (*i.e.*, nation, tribe, &c., &c.)
 Where educated.
 Present position (*i.e.*, at school or *present occupation*).
 Whether she has appeared at the Entrance examination of any previous year.
 Town or village where resident.
 Name of father or guardian.
 Where to be examined.
 Language in which, besides English, to be examined.
 Language into which translation to be made.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing First Examination in Arts of the Calcutta University.

The fee‡ of rupees 20 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

* It is in the power of the Syndicate to refuse to recognise any school, unless it is certified by a Government Inspector of Schools as having been in existence since the 1st of July next preceding the examination, and as qualified to teach up to the Entrance Standard. The Syndicate may also refuse to recognise any school that shows, year after year, bad results, or which appears to the Syndicate to be from any cause injurious to the interests of sound education and discipline.

† A student who does not appear from any school, or who has been transferred since the 1st of September next preceding the examination, without the consent of an Inspector, to the school from which she appears, will be treated as a private student. The Inspector's sanction shall not be considered sufficient, unless special grounds appear on the face of it.

‡ The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the above-named candidate has satisfied me, by the production of the Registrar's certificate, that she has passed the Entrance examination of the University of Calcutta ; and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The 18 . }

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :—

Date of Entrance.

Race (*i.e.*, nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Where to be examined.

Whether she has appeared at the First Arts examination of any previous year.

Language in which, besides English, to be examined.

Alternative subject (*Physics and Chemistry or Botany*).

Period or periods of study since passing the Entrance examination.

Affiliated Institution or Institutions, if any, at which the candidate has studied.	Period or periods of continuous study.	Signature of Principal or Head Master of affiliated Institution.

B. A. EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the* Course.

The fee of Rs. 30 is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the above-named candidate has satisfied me, by the production of the Registrar's certificate, that she has passed the first Examination in Arts of the University of Calcutta ; and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The 18 . }

* State whether in the A or B Course.

† The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:—

Date of Entrance.

Date of passing the First Examination in Arts.

Race (*i.e.*, nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Where to be examined.

Whether she has appeared at the B. A. Examination of any previous year.

Whether she takes up the A Course or the B Course

Whether she is a candidate for the Gilchrist Scholarship.

Subjects in which she desires to be examined.

No.	Pass.	Honours.
1		
2		
3		

N.B.—(1.) *It must be definitely shewn whether the candidate takes up the Pass or the Honour Course in each subject by entering it in its appropriate column.*

(2.) *It must be definitely stated which alternative subject and which alternative sub-division of each subject the candidate takes up.*

Thus [A course] 3. Second Language, Latin. Or 3. History of England, Greece, and Rome. Or [B Course] 3. Physiology and Botany.

Period or periods of study since passing the F. A. examination.

Affiliated Institution or Institutions, if any, at which the candidate has studied.	Period or periods of continuous study.	Signature of Principal or Head Master of affiliated Institution.

(3.) FORMS OF CERTIFICATES OF PASSING.

Entrance.

I certify that _____ aged _____ duly passed the
 Entrance examination held in the month of _____ 18 , and
 was placed in the _____ Division.

University of Calcutta ; }
 The _____ 18 . } *Registrar.*

First Examination in Arts.

I certify that _____ duly passed the
 First Examination in Arts held in the month of _____ 18 , and
 was placed in the _____ Division.

University of Calcutta ; }
 The _____ 18 . } *Registrar.*

First Examination in Engineering.

I certify that _____
 duly passed the First Examination in Engineering held in the month of _____
 18 , and was placed in the _____ Division.

University of Calcutta ; }
 The _____ 18 . } *Registrar.*

Licence in Engineering.

This is to certify that _____
 passed the examination for a Licence in Engineering at the Annual
 Examination in the year 18 , and that he was placed in the _____
 Division.

University of Calcutta ; }
 The _____ 18 . } *Registrar.*

*Preliminary Scientific Examination for Licence in
 Medicine and Surgery.*

This is to certify that _____ duly passed the
 Preliminary Scientific Examination for a Licence in Medicine and
 Surgery at the Annual Examination in the year 18 .

University of Calcutta ; }
 The _____ 18 . } *Registrar.*

*First Examination for Licence in Medicine and
 Surgery.*

This is to certify that _____ duly passed the First
 Examination for a Licence in Medicine and Surgery at the Annual
 Examination in the year 18 .

University of Calcutta ; }
 The _____ 18 . } *Registrar.*

Second Examination for Licence in Medicine and Surgery.

This is to certify that _____ having completed the curriculum of study and passed the examinations required by the Regulations of this University (sanctioned by the Governor-General of India in Council in accordance with the Act of Incorporation) for the Licence in Medicine and Surgery, is hereby declared competent and authorised to practise Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery.

Dated at Calcutta, this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

President of the Board of Examiners.

Registrar.

Vice-Chancellor.

Signature of the Licentiate.

Preliminary Scientific Examination for the degree of M. B.

This is to certify that _____ duly passed the Preliminary Scientific Examination for the degree of M. B. at the Annual Examination in the year 18 __, and has been placed in the _____ Division.

*University of Calcutta ; }
The _____ 18 ____ . }*

Registrar.

First M. B. Examination.

This is to certify that _____ duly passed the First Examination for the degree of M. B. at the Annual Examination in the year 18 __, and has been placed in the _____ Division.

*University of Calcutta ; }
The _____ 18 ____ . }*

Registrar.

Second M. B. Examination.

This is to certify that _____ having completed the curriculum of study and passed the examinations required by the Regulations of this University (sanctioned by the Governor-General of India in Council in accordance with the Act of Incorporation) for the degree of Bachelor in Medicine, which has been duly conferred upon him, is hereby declared competent and authorised to practise Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery.

_____ was placed at the final examination in the _____ Division.

Dated at Calcutta, this _____ day of _____, 18 ____.

President of the Board of Examiners.

Registrar.

Vice-Chancellor.

Signature of the Graduate.

Bachelor of Arts Pass Certificate.

This is to certify that _____ obtained the degree of
 Bachelor of Arts in this University at the annual examination in
 the year 18 .

University of Calcutta ; } *Chancellor,*
The 18 . } *or Vice-Chancellor.*

Bachelor of Arts Honour Certificates.

This is to certify that _____ obtained the degree of
 Bachelor of Arts with Honours in this University at the Annual
 Examination in the year 18 , and that he was placed in the
 Division in

University of Calcutta ; } *Chancellor,*
The 18 . } *or Vice-Chancellor.*

Bachelor in the other Faculties.

This is to certify that _____ obtained the degree of
 Bachelor in this University at the Annual Examination in the
 year 18 , and that he was placed in the _____ Division.

University of Calcutta ; } *Chancellor,*
The 18 . } *or Vice-Chancellor.*

Honours.

This is to certify that _____ passed the Honour
 Examination in _____ in the year 18 .

University of Calcutta ; } *Registrar.*
The 18 . }

Doctor or Master in any Faculty.

This is to certify that _____ obtained
 the degree of Doctor or Master in _____ in this University
 at the Annual Examination in the year 18 .

University of Calcutta ; } *Chancellor.*
The 18 . } *or Vice-Chancellor.*

Master of Arts.

This is to certify that _____ obtained the degree of Master
 of Arts in this University at the Annual Examination in the year
 18 , the special branch in which he was examined having been
 and that he was placed in the _____ class.

University of Calcutta ; } *Chancellor,*
The 18 . } *or Vice-Chancellor*

V.

THE UNIVERSITY.

(i.) THE SENATE.

CHANCELLOR:

THE RIGHT HON'BLE VICTOR ALEXANDER BRUCE, EARL
OF ELGIN AND KINCARDINE, P.C., LL.D.

VICE-CHANCELLOR:

1872 SIR ALFRED CROFT, K.C.I.E., M.A.

FELLOWS:

- | | | |
|------|--|----------------------|
| 1890 | His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. | } <i>Ex-officio.</i> |
| 1892 | His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces and Oudh. | |
| " | His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab. | |
| 1886 | The Hon'ble the Chief Justice of Bengal. | |
| 1876 | The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta. | |
| 1893 | His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in India. | |
| " | The Hon'ble Sir Antony Patrick Macdonnell, K.C.S.I. | |
| " | The Hon'ble J. Westland, C.S.I. | |
| 1892 | The Hon'ble Sir Alexander Miller, Kt., Q.C. | |
| " | The Hon'ble Lieutenant-General H. Brackenbury, C.B., R.A. | |
| " | The Hon'ble Sir Charles Pritchard, K.C.I.E., C.S.I. | |
| 1867 | Babu Bhudeb Mookerjee, C.I.E. | |
| 1868 | Rev. J. P. Ashton, M.A. | |
| " | J. Sime, Esq., B.A. | |
| 1870 | Raja Siva Prasad, C.S.I. | |
| 1871 | The Hon'ble Sir Charles Paul, B.A., K.C.I.E. | |
| " | H. Bell, Esq. | |
| " | Babu Mahendralal Sircar, M.D., C.I.E. | |
| " | Rai Kanailal De, Bahadur, F.C.S., C.I.E. | |
| 1872 | Col. H. S. Jarrett. | |
| " | Brigade Surgeon Lieut.-Col. G. King, M.B., LL.D., F.L.S., F.R.S., C.I.E. | |
| " | Maharaja Durgacharan Law, C.I.E. | |
| " | Babu Gaurdas Bysack. | |
| 1873 | Arthur Phillips, Esq., M.A. | |
| " | Babu Annadaprasad Banerjee. | |
| " | Babu Krishnakamal Bhattacharyya, B.L. | |

- 1874 Babu Omeschunder Dutt.
- 1876 Sir Romeschunder Mitter, Kt., B.L.
- „ The Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. O'Kinealy, M.A., LL.D., C.S.
- „ M. S. Howell, Esq., C.S., LL.D., C.I.E.
- „ Maharaja Sir Jotindramohan Tagore, Bahadur, K.C.S.I.
- „ Raja Joykissen Dass, Bahadur, C.S.I.
- „ J. C. Nesfield, Esq., M.A.
- „ Sir Syud Ahmed, LL.D., K.C.S.I.
- „ The Hon'ble Baba Khem Singh Bedi, C.I.E.
- 1877 Sir Alexander Mackenzie, B.A., K.C.S.I.
- „ Surgeon Lieut.-Col. D. D. Cunningham, M.B., F.R.S., C.I.E.
- „ The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Ameer Ali, M.A., B.L., C.I.E.
- „ Nawab Asghar Ali, Khan Bahadur, Diler Jung, C.S.I.
- „ J. Eliot, Esq., M.A.
- „ Mahamahopadhyay Mahesachandra Nyayaratna, C.I.E.
- „ Rev. Lalbihari Day.
- „ The Very Rev. Father E. Lafont, S.J., C.I.E.
- „ A. M. Bose, Esq., M.A.
- „ Babu Kalicharan Banurji, M.A., B.L.
- 1878 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice H. T. Prinsep, C.S.
- „ The Hon'ble Sir Griffith Evans, K.C.I.E.
- „ Babu Mohinimohan Ray.
- „ C. J. Lyall, Esq., B.A., C.S., C.I.E.
- „ The Hon'ble W. C. Bonnerjee.
- „ Raja Sir Saurindramohan Tagore, Kt., Mus. Doc., C.I.E.
- „ A. Pedler, Esq., F.R.S.
- „ A. E. Gough, Esq., M.A.
- 1879 P. K. Ray, Esq., D.Sc.
- „ A. F. Rudolf Hoernle, Esq., M.A., Ph.D.
- „ Babu Trailokyanath Mitra, M.A., D.L.
- „ W. Griffiths, Esq., M.A.
- „ The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Gooroo Dass Banerjee, M.A., D.L.
- „ F. J. Rowe, Esq., M.A.
- „ The Hon'ble Rashbehary Ghose, M.A., D.L.
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} in Law.

} in Medicine

... in Engineering.

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	*Wheeler, Edward Montagu ...	Bishop's College
1891	{ Bhattacharyya, Janakinath...	Sanskrit College
	{ Datta, Hirendranath ...	Presidency College
1892	*Ghatak, Mohinikanta ...	Ditto
1893	*Holland, Florence Mary ...	Private Student
EX-STUDENTS.		
1868	Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh ...	Presidency College
1869	Basu, Annadamohan ...	Ditto
1870	De, Gaurisankar...	Ditto
1871	Mitra, Saradacharan ...	Ditto
1872	Mitra, Kartikchandra ...	Ditto
1873	Mukhopadhyay, Girijabhusan ...	Ditto
1874	*Bandyopadhyay, Biharilal ..	Ditto
1876	*Batavyal, Umeschandra (for 4 years) —	Sanskrit College
	{ *Mulraj ...	Lahore College
1877	{ Basu, Nandakrishna (for 4 years) ...	Presidency College
1878	*Lahiri, Prasannakumar ...	Ditto
1879	*Kennedy, Pringle ...	Teacher
1880	*Majumdar, Nilkantha ...	Presidency College
1881	*Agasti, Suryyakumar ...	Ditto
1882	*Gupta, Asutosh ...	Ditto
1884	*Majumdar, Ramchandra ...	Ditto
1885	*Bandyopadhyay, Rajendrachandra ...	Sanskrit College
1886	*Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh ...	Presidency College
1888	{ *Trivedi, Ramendrasundar ...	Ditto
	{ *Basu, Abinaschandra ...	Ditto

(viii) SUCCESSION LISTS FROM 1857.

Chancellors :

- 1857 The Right Hon'ble Charles John Earl Canning.
 1862 The Right Hon'ble James Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, K.T., G.C.B.
 1863 The Right Hon'ble Sir John Laird Mair Lawrence, Bart., G.C.B., K.C.S.I.
 1869 The Right Hon'ble the Earl of Mayo, K.P.
 1872 The Right Hon'ble Francis Baron Napier of Merchistoun, K.T.
 1872 The Hon'ble Thomas George Baring, Baron Northbrook, P.C., G.M.S.I.
 1879 The Right Hon'ble Edward Robert Lytton Bulwer Lytton, Baron Lytton, G.M.S.I.
 1880 The Most Hon'ble Sir George Frederick Samuel Robinson K.G, P.C., Marquess of Ripon.
 1885 The Right Hon'ble Sir Frederick Temple Hamilton-Temple Earl of Dufferin, K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., P.C., F.R.S., D.C.L.
 1888 The Most Hon'ble Henry Charles Keith, Marquess of Lansdowne, G.C.M.G.
 1894 The Right Hon'ble Victor Alexander Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, P.C., LL.D.

* Mouat Medallists.

Vice-Chancellors :

- 1857 The Hon'ble Sir James William Colville, Knight.
 1859 The Hon'ble William Ritchie.
 1862 The Hon'ble Claudius James Erskine.
 1863 The Hon'ble Henry Sumner Maine, LL.D.
 1867 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice W. S. Seton-Karr, C.S.
 1869 The Hon'ble E. C. Bayley, C.S.I., C.S.
 1875 The Hon'ble Arthur Hobhouse, Q.C.
 1877 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice William Markby.
 1878 The Hon'ble Sir Alexander J. Arbuthnot, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.
 1880 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Arthur Wilson, M.A.
 1883 The Hon'ble H. J. Reynolds, B.A., C.S.
 1885 The Hon'ble C. P. Ilbert, M.A., C.I.E., C.S.I.
 1886 The Hon'ble W. W. Hunter, B.A., C.S.I., C.I.E., LL.D., C.S.
 1887 The Hon'ble Sir William Comer Petheram, Kt., Q.C.
 1890 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Gooroo Dass Banerjee, M.A., D.L.
 1893 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. Q. Pigos, B.A.
 1893 Sir Alfred Croft, K.C.I.E., M.A.

Registrars :

- 1857 William Grapel, Esq., M.A.
 1858 H. Scott-Smith, Esq., B.A.
 1862 J. G. Medlicott, Esq., B.A. } *Officiating.*
 1862 Rev. J. Richards, M.A.
 1863 H. Scott-Smith, Esq., B.A.
 1864 J. Sutcliffe, Esq., M.A., *Officiating.*
 1865 J. Sutcliffe, Esq., M.A.
 1873 W. G. Willson, Esq., M.A., *Officiating.*
 1873 J. Sutcliffe, Esq., M.A.
 1875 H. Woodrow, Esq., M.A.
 1875 W. G. Willson, Esq., M.A. } *Officiating.*
 1875 J. Sutcliffe, Esq., M.A.
 1876 J. Sutcliffe, Esq., M.A. } *Officiating.*
 1876 A. W. Croft, Esq., M.A.
 1877 Charles H. Tawney, Esq., M.A.
 1882 G. Bellett, Esq., M.A.
 1884 Charles H. Tawney, Esq., M.A., *Officiating.*
 1884 Charles H. Tawney, Esq., M.A.
 1885 W. Griffiths, Esq., M.A., *Officiating.*
 1885 W. Griffiths, Esq., M.A.
 1886 Charles H. Tawney, Esq., M.A., *Officiating.*
 1887 P. K. Ray, Esq., D.Sc., *Officiating.*
 1887 P. K. Ray, Esq., D.Sc.
 1889 Charles H. Tawney, Esq., M.A., C.I.E.
 1889 F. J. Rowe, Esq., M.A., *Officiating.*
 1889 Charles H. Tawney, Esq., M.A., C.I.E.
 1890 A. M. Nash, Esq., M.A., *Officiating.*
 1891 A. M. Nash, Esq., M.A.
 1892 A. M. Nash, Esq., M.A.
 1892 W. Griffiths, Esq., M.A., *Officiating.*
 1893 W. Griffiths, Esq., M.A.

Representative in the Bengal Council.

- 1893 The Hon'ble W. C. Bonnerjee.

VI.

BOARDS

(i) BOARDS OF STUDIES.

Date
of
appoint-
ment.

(1) ENGLISH.

1893	C. A. Martin, Esq., LL.D., <i>President</i> .
1892	O. C. Dutt, Esq.
1890	A. M. Bose, Esq., M.A.
"	Babu Kalicharan Banurji, M.A., B.L.
"	F. J. Rowe, Esq., M.A.
1892	The Hon'ble Rashbehary Ghose, M.A., D.L.
1890	Rev. K. S. Macdonald, M.A., D.D.
1892	G. A. Grierson, Esq., B.A., C.S.
1890	H. M. Percival, Esq., M.A.
1893	Rev. J. Hector, M.A.
1892	Babu Saradacharan Mitra, M.A., B.L.
1893	J. Mann, Esq., M.A.
1892	N. N. Ghose, Esq.
1893	Rev. J. Morrison, M.A., B.D.
1892	Rev. A. P. Begg, B.A.
1893	O. R. Wilson, Esq., M.A.

(2) GREEK, LATIN, FRENCH AND GERMAN.

1890	The Very Rev. Father A. Neut, S.J., <i>President</i> .
1892	A. F. Rudolf Hoernle, Esq., M.A., Ph.D.
1890	F. J. Rowe, Esq., M.A.
"	H. M. Percival, Esq., M.A.
1893	Rev. J. Hector, M.A.
"	J. Mann, Esq., M.A.
1892	Rev. H. Whitehead, M.A.
"	Rev. A. P. Begg, B.A.
1893	C. R. Wilson, Esq., M.A.
"	Babu Narendralal De, M.A., B.L.

(3) SANSKRIT AND SANSKRITIC LANGUAGES

1890	Mahamahopadhyay Mahesachandra Nyayaratna, C.I.E., <i>President</i> .
"	Babu Krishnakamal Bhattacharyya, B.L.
"	The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Gooroo Dass Banerjee, M.A., D.L.
1892	G. A. Grierson, Esq., B.A., C.S.
"	Rai Rajkumar Sarbadhikari, Bahadur, B.L.
1890	Rai Bankimchandra Chatterjee, Bahadur, B.L.
"	Babu Nilmani Mukerjee, M.A., B.L.
"	Babu Saradacharan Mitra, M.A., B.L.
1893	J. Mann, Esq., M.A.
1890	Babu Golapchandra Sarkar, M.A., B.L.
1892	Babu Haraprasad Sastri, M.A.
1890	Babu Asutosh Mukhopadhyay, M.A., F.R.A.S., F.R.S. E.

Date
of
appoint-
ment.

(4) ARABIC, PERSIAN AND URDU.

- 1890 The Hon'ble Maulavi Abdul Jubbar, Khan Bahadur, *President*.
 „ Col. H. S. Jarrett.
 1892 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. O'Kinealy, M.A., LL.D., C.S.
 „ A. F. Rudolf Hoernle, Esq., M.A., Ph.D.
 „ F. J. Rowe, Esq., M.A.
 1893 Maulavi Muhammad Yusoof, Khan Bahadur, B.L.
 1890 Nawab Syed Amir Hossein, Khan Bahadur, C.I.E.
 „ The Hon'ble Maulavi Serajul Islam, Khan Bahadur, B.L.
 1892 Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Abdul Hai.
 „ A. F. M. Abdur Rahman, Esq.
 1890 Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmad.
 „ Shams-ul-Ulama Shaikh Mahmud Gilani.
 „ Maulavi Muhammad Abdur Rawuf.
 1892 Maulavi Ashraf-ud-din Ahmad, Khan Bahadur.
 „ Prince Jehan Kadr Mirza Muhammad Wahid Ali, Bahadur.

(5) MATHEMATICS.

- 1890 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Gooroo Dass Banerjee, M.A.,
 D.L., *President*.
 1893 Rev. J. P. Ashton, M.A.
 1890 A. M. Bose, Esq., M.A.
 1892 W. Griffiths, Esq., M.A.
 „ Babu Trailokyanath Mitra, M.A., D.L.
 1890 A. M. Nash, Esq., M.A.
 „ Babu Gaurisankar De, M.A., B.L.
 „ W. Booth, Esq., M.A.
 „ J. H. Gilliland, Esq., M.A.
 1893 C. Little, Esq., M.A.
 1890 Babu Asutosh Mukhopadhyay, M.A., F.R.A.S., F.R.S.E.
 „ Babu Bipinbihari Gupta, M.A.
 1891 Babu Mahendranath Ray, M.A.
 1892 A. Macdonell, Esq., M.A.
 1893 Babu Narendralal De, M.A., B.L.

(6) MATHEMATICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL PHYSICS.

- 1890 Babu Mahendralal Sircar., M.D., C.I.E., *President*.
 1892 Rai Kanailal De, Bahadur, F.C.S., C.I.E.
 „ P. K. Ray, Esq., D.Sc.
 1890 The Very Rev. Father E. Lafont, S.J., C.I.E.
 „ A. M. Bose, Esq., M.A.
 1892 A. Pedler, Esq., F.R.S.
 „ W. Griffiths, Esq., M.A.
 1890 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Gooroo Dass Banerjee, M.A., D.L.
 „ W. Booth, Esq., M.A.
 „ J. H. Gilliland, Esq., M.A.
 „ C. Little, Esq., M.A.
 „ J. C. Bose, Esq., B.Sc.
 „ Babu Asutosh Mukhopadhyay, M.A., F.R.A.S., F.R.S.E.
 „ Babu Bipinbihari Gupta, M.A.
 1891 Babu Mahendranath Ray, M.A.
 1892 A. Macdonell, Esq., M.A.

Date
of
appoint-
ment,

(7) CHEMISTRY.

- 1890 Babu Mahendralal Sircar, M.D., C.I.E., *President*.
 „ Rai Kanailal De, Bahadur, F C.S., C.I.E.
 1892 The Very Rev. Father E. Lafont, S.J., C.I.E.
 1890 A. Pedler, Esq., F.R.S.
 1893 P. K. Ray, Esq., D.Sc.
 1890 Surgeon-Major C. J. H. Warden, M.D.
 „ Rai Taraprasanna Ray, Bahadur, F C.S.
 „ J. C. Bose, Esq., B.Sc.

(8) BIOLOGY AND GEOLOGY.

- 1890 W. King, Esq., D.Sc., F.G.S., *President*.
 „ Babu Mahendralal Sircar, M.D., C.I.E.
 1892 Brigade-Surgeon Lieut.-Col. G. King, M.B., LL.D., F.L.S.,
 F.R.S., C.I.E.
 „ Brigade-Surgeon Lieut.-Col. D. D. Cunningham, M.B., F.R.S.,
 C.I.E.
 1890 P. K. Ray, Esq., D.Sc.
 „ J. C. Bose, Esq., B.A., B.Sc.
 1893 Babu Nilratan Sarkar, M.A., M.D.

(9) MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE.

- 1890 Babu Kalicharan Banurji, M.A., B.L., *President*.
 „ P. K. Ray, Esq., D.Sc.
 1892 A F. Rudolf Hoernle, Esq., M.A., Ph.D.
 „ Babu Krishnabihari Sen, M.A.
 1890 Rev. K. S. Macdonald, M.A., D.D.
 „ Babu Umeschandra Datta, B.A.
 „ Babu Asutosh Mukhopadhyay, M.A., F.R.A.S., F.R.S.E.
 1892 Rev. H. Whitehead, M.A.
 1890 Babu Syamacharan Ganguli, B.A.
 1892 Rev. A. P. Begg, B.A.
 „ Babu Upendranath Mitra, M.A., B.L.
 1893 C. R. Wilson, Esq., M.A.

(10) HISTORY, POLITICAL ECONOMY, AND GEOGRAPHY.

- 1890 H. M. Percival, Esq., M.A., *President*.
 „ A. M. Bose, Esq., M.A.
 „ Babu Kalicharan Banurji, M.A., B.L.
 „ F. J. Rowe, Esq., M.A.
 1892 Babu Krishnabihari Sen, M.A.
 1890 Rev. K. S. Macdonald, M.A., D.D.
 „ Rai Radhikaprasanna Mukerjee, Bahadur.
 1892 Babu Bholanath Pal, M.A.
 1890 The Very Rev. Father A. Neut, S.J.
 „ Babu Chandranath Bose, M.A., B.L.
 „ Babu Haraprasad Sastri, M.A.
 1893 J. Mann, Esq., M.A.
 1892 A. F. M. Abdur Rahman, Esq.
 1893 Babu Umeschandra Datta, B.A.
 „ Rev. J. Morrison, M.A., B.D.
 „ Babu Narendralal De, M.A., B.L.

(ii) BOARD OF MODERATORS IN ARTS, 1894.

(See Addenda.)

(iii) BOARDS OF EXAMINERS, 1893.

(1) ARTS.

M. A. EXAMINATION.

ENGLISH.

A. E. Gough, Esq., M.A. } *Set the papers.*
 M. J. White, Esq., M.A. }
 F. J. Rowe, Esq., M.A.
 H. M. Percival, Esq., M.A.
 J. Mann, Esq., M.A.

SANSKRIT.

Mahamahopadhyay Chandrakanta Tarkalankar.
 Babu Krishnakamal Bhattacharyya, B.L.

PERSIAN.

Col. H. S. Jarrett.
 Shams-ul-Ulama Shaikh Mahmud Gilani.

PHILOSOPHY.

G. Thibaut, Esq., Ph.D.
 Rev. D. Mackichan, M.A., D.D.

MATHEMATICS.

W. Booth, Esq., M.A.
 G. W. Küchler, Esq., M.A.

PHYSICS.

W. Booth, Esq., M.A.
 A. Macdonell, Esq., M.A.

CHEMISTRY.

Surgeon-Major C. J. H. Warden, M.D.
 W. Macmillan, Esq., F.C.S.

PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY.

Brigade-Surgeon Lt.-Col. D. D. Cunningham, M B., F.R.S., C.I.E.

B. A. EXAMINATION.

ENGLISH.

Rev. E. Brown, M.A. } *Set the papers.*
 C. R. Wilson, Esq., M.A. }
 S. Robson, Esq., M.A.
 Rev. J. Hector, M.A.
 H. M. Percival, Esq., M.A.

PHILOSOPHY.

Babu Kalicharan Banurji, M.A.

P. K. Ray, Esq., D.Sc.

H. Stephen, Esq., M.A.

A. Venis, Esq., M.A.

MATHEMATICS.

St John Stephen, Esq., B.A. } *Set the papers.*
 Babu Bipinbihari Gupta., M.A. }

G. W. Küchler, Esq., M.A.

J. H. Gilliland, Esq., M.A.

LATIN.

M. A. Stein, Esq., M.A., Ph.D.

HISTORY.

H. M. Percival, Esq., M.A. *Set the papers.*

M. Prothero, Esq., M.A.

SANSKRIT.

Babu Haraprasad Sastri, M.A.

Babu Rajendrachandra Sastri, M.A.

ARABIC AND PERSIAN.

Col. H. S. Jarrett.

Shams-ul-Ulma Shaikh Mahmud Gilani.

PHYSICS.

P. Brühl, Esq.

A. Macdonell, Esq., M.A.

CHEMISTRY.

Surgeon-Major C. J. H. Warden, M.D.

W. G. McMillan, Esq., F.C.S.

PHYSIOLOGY AND BOTANY.

J. Wood-Mason, Esq.

Surgeon-Captain D. Prain, M.B.

GEOLOGY, MINERALOGY, AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

T. H. Holland, Esq., A.R.C.S.

F. A. EXAMINATION.

ENGLISH.

C. R. Wilson, Esq., M.A. } *Set the papers.*
 Rev. E. Brown, M.A. }

Rev. J. Morrison, M.A., B.D.

Rev. A. P. Begg, B.A.

Rev. A. Tomory, M.A.

W. B. Livingstone, Esq.

Babu Herambachandra Maitra, M.A.

Abdur Rahim, Esq., M.A.

MATHEMATICS.

W. Booth, Esq., M.A. *Set the papers.*

Rev. J. P. Ashton, M.A.

Babu Bipinbihari Gupta, M.A.

C. Little, Esq., M.A.

Babu Gaurisankar De, M.A.

Babu Mahendranath Ray, M.A.

Babu Suryyakumar Karfarma, M.A.

SANSKRIT.

Babu Haraprasad Sastri, M.A.

Babu Golapchandra Sastri, M.A. } *Set the papers.*

Babu Kailaschandra Datta, M.A.

Babu Janakinath Bhattacharyya, M.A.

Babu Nilmani Mukerjee, M.A.

Babu Nrisinhachandra Mukerjee, M.A.

Babu Bireswar Chatterjee, M.A.

Babu Umacharan Banerjee, M.A.

BENGALI.

Babu Saradacharan Mitra, M.A.

ARABIC.

Shams-ul-Ulama Shaikh Mahmud Gilani

PERSIAN.

Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmed.

LATIN.

M. A. Stein, Esq., M.A., Ph.D.

GREEK.

C. R. Wilson, Esq., M.A.

FRENCH.

Rev. V. de Campigneulle, S.J.

PALI.

J. Gray, Esq.

ARMENIAN.

T. Stephen, Esq.

PHYSICS.

P. Brühl, Esq. *Set the papers.*

The Very Rev. E. Lafont, S.J., C.I.E.

J. C. Bose, Esq., B.Sc.

A. Ewbank, Esq., M.A.

CHEMISTRY.

C. J. H. Warden, Esq., M.D. *Set the papers.*

W. H. Wood, Esq.

A. Pedler, Esq., F.R.S.

P. C. Roy, Esq., D.Sc.

BOTANY.

D. Prain, Esq., M.B.

HISTORY.

H. M. Percival, Esq., M.A. *Set the paper.*

A. F. R. Hoernle, Esq., Ph.D.

N. N. Ghose, Esq.

Babu Kalisankar Sukul, M.A.

LOGIO.

A. Venis, Esq., M.A. *Set the paper.*
 Babu Nilkantha Majumdar, M.A.
 Babu Brajendranath Sil, M.A.
 Babu Syamacharan Ganguli, B.A.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

ENGLISH.

F. J. Rowe, Esq., M.A., *Head Examiner.*
 W. Billing, Esq., B.A.
 C. F. De la Fosse, Esq., B.A.
 J. N. Farquhar, Esq., B.A.
 Rev. A. B. Wann, M.A., B.D.
 Rev. J. Edwards, M.A.
 Rev. J. Lamb, M.A.
 Babu Dhanaballaiah Set, M.A.
 Rev. G. Bruce, M.A.
 E. M. Wheeler, Esq., M.A.
 Zahhadur Rahim Zahid, Esq., M.A.
 Babu Jananranjan Banerjee, M.A.
 Babu Debendranath Basu, M.A.
 Babu Durgadas Mukerjee, M.A.
 Babu Lalgopal Chakrabarti, M.A.
 Babu Matilal Chatterjee, M.A.
 Babu Lalitkumar Banerjee, M.A.

MATHEMATICS.

W. Griffiths, Esq., M.A. *Set the papers.*
 W. Booth, Esq., M.A., *Head Examiner.*
 Babu Gobindachandra Das, M.A.
 Babu Baidyanath Basu, M.A.
 Babu Kalipada Basu, M.A.
 Babu Mohinikanta Ghatak, M.A.
 Babu Narendralal De, M.A.
 Babu Rajmohan Sen, M.A.
 Babu Upendranarayan Sinha, M.A.
 Babu Kshetramohan Banerjee, M.A.
 Babu Kaliprasanna Chatteraj, M.A.
 Babu Syamadas Mukerjee, M.A.
 Babu Mohanimohan Chaudhuri, M.A.
 Babu Gobindalal Set, M.A.
 Babu Jyotiprassad Chatterjee, M.A.
 Babu Hemendranath Mitra, M.A.

SANSKRIT AND BENGALI.

Babu Krishnakamal Bhattacharyya, B.L., *Head Examiner.*
 Babu Saradacharan Mitra, M.A. *Set the Bengali paper.*
 Pandit Sibanath Sastri, M.A.
 Babu Kailaschandra Bhattacharyya, M.A.
 Babu Kaliprasanna Bhattacharyya, M.A.
 Babu Harimohan Vidyabhushan.
 Babu Nakuleswar Banerjee.
 Babu Ramkumar Chakrabarti.
 Babu Baradakanta Vidyaratna.

Babu Narayanchandra Bhattacharyya, M.A.

Babu Saratchandra Gupta, M.A.

Babu Asutosh Sastri, M.A.

Babu Bihari Lal Banerjee, M.A.

Babu Bidhubhushan Goswami, M.A.

LATIN.

M. A. Stein, Esq, M.A, Ph.D

GREEK.

C. R. Wilson, Esq, M.A.

FRENCH.

Rev. V. de Campigneulles, S.J.

PERSIAN.

Maulavi Syed Shams-ul-Huda, M.A

ARABIC.

Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmad.

URDU.

Maulavi Muhammad Yousuf Jafari.

Maulavi Syed Rahimuddin.

HINDI.

Babu Kanhailal Sastri.

URIYA.

Babu Ramprasanna Mukerjee.

BURMESE.

A. W. Lonsdale, Esq.

ARMENIAN.

T. Stephen, Esq.

ASSAMESE.

Rai Gunabhiram Baruya, Bahadur.

KHASIA.

Rev. J. Roberts.

PARBATIA.

Babu Kedarnath Chatterjee.

MAHRATHI.

Mahadeo Veshwant Dole, Esq

GUJRATHI.

D. D. Mehta, Esq.

TAMIL

R. Dhanasukati, Esq.

TELUGU.

C. Narayan Swami, Esq.

HISTORY.

Babu Krishnabihari Sen, M.A., *Head Examiner.*

Babu Kunjabihari Basu, M.A.

Babu Sibendranath Gupta, M.A.

Babu Binayendranath Sen, M.A.

Babu Ambikacharnn Mitra, M.A.

Babu Mohitchandra Sen, M.A.

Abdul Haq Abid, Esq., B.A.

Babu Adharchandra Mukerjee, M.A.

Babu Ramananda Chatterjee, M.A.

GEOGRAPHY.

Babu Brajendranath Chatterjee, M.A.
 Babu Brajaballabh Datta, M.A.
 Babu Rajendranath Chatterjee, M.A.
 Babu Inanchandra Ghosh, M.A.
 Babu Kumudinikanta Banerjee, M.A.
 Babu Jibanchandra Mukerjee, M.A.
 Babu Ramendrasundar Trivedi, M.A.
 Babu Umeschandra Ghosh, M.A.

DRAWING.

W. H. Jobbins, Esq.

(2) LAW.

B. L. EXAMINATION.

Gilbert S. Henderson, Esq., M.A.
 Byomkisa Chakrabarti, Esq., M.A.
 Babu Upendranath Mitra, M.A., B.L.
 Babu Jogendranath Bhattacharyya, M.A., D.L.

HONOURS IN LAW EXAMINATION.

C. P. Hill, Esq.
 P. O'Kinealy, Esq.

(3) MEDICINE.

L. M. S. AND M. B. EXAMINATIONS.

Anatomy	...	...	Surgeon-Captain J. B. Gibbons.
Chemistry	...	..	Surgeon-Major C. J. H. Warden.
Materia Medica	...	...	Babu Mahendranath Gupta
Medical Jurisprudence	...	...	Rai Taraprasanna Roy, Bahadur.
Botany	...	...	Surgeon-Captain D. Prain.
Medicine	...	...	{ Surgeon-Lt.-Col. A. Crombie
		...	{ Surgeon-Major St. H. Browne.
Surgery	...	...	Surgeon-Lt.-Col. J. O'Brien.
Physiology	...	...	Surgeon-Captain D. M. Moir.
Pathology	...	...	Brigade-Surgeon Lt.-Col. D. D. Cunningham.
Hygiene	...	...	Surgeon-Captain C. R. M. Green.
Midwifery	...	...	Babu Dayal Chandra Som.
Comp. Anatomy	...	...	Surgeon-Captain D. M. Moir

HONOURS IN MEDICINE EXAMINATION.

Midwifery	...	...	Dr. C. R. M. Green.
Medical Jurisprudence	...	..	Dr. J. B. Gibbons.

(4) ENGINEERING.

F. E., L. E., and B. E. EXAMINATIONS.

Mathematics	...	...	C. Little, Esq., M.A.
Natural Science	...	...	A. Pedler, Esq. F.R.S.
Engineering	...	...	{ W. Banks Gwyther, Esq.,
		...	{ J. H. Toogood, Esq.
		...	{ G. C. Maconchy, Esq.
Drawing	...	...	W. Banks Gwyther, Esq.
Practical Drawing	...	...	{ J. S. Slater, Esq.
		...	{ B. Heaton, Esq.

VII.

RULES FOR EXAMINATIONS

PASSED BY THE SYNDICATE.

(i) ARTS.

I.—GENERAL.

(a) APPOINTMENT OF EXAMINERS

1. In May of each year the Syndicate shall appoint gentlemen to set the question papers in all the subjects of the Arts Examinations of the current academical year.

2. No gentleman shall be appointed to set a paper in a subject of which he teaches the whole or a part.

3. Not less than a month before the commencement of the Arts Examinations the Syndicate shall appoint examiners to look over the answer papers of the candidates, and four Head Examiners to superintend the work of the Entrance examiners, one in each of the following subjects :—

- | | | |
|------------------|--|----------------------------|
| (1) English. | \| | (3) Sanskrit and Bengali. |
| (2) Mathematics. | \| | (4) History and Geography. |

(b) SETTING PAPERS

4. Gentlemen appointed to set the examination papers are requested to write in the margin opposite to each question the maximum number of marks they intend to assign to it.

5. The papers set should be such as candidates can reasonably be expected to answer within the time allotted.

6. The questions in each subject should be fairly distributed over the whole course in that subject and should, as far as possible, conform to the standard of previous years. Where two or more alternative text-books or groups of text-books are prescribed in any subject, the examination questions shall be so framed as to be capable of being answered out of any one of the prescribed text-books or groups of text-books.

7. The examination papers, *in duplicate*, written very legibly on one side only of foolscap paper, are to be sent by post in a sealed and registered double cover to the Registrar at his private residence. No copy of any examination paper is to be retained by the gentleman setting it.

8. When two or more persons are appointed to set papers in any subject for the F. A., B. A. or M. A. examination, it shall be their *joint* duty to moderate the papers set by them in consultation with each other, and to see that the papers set by them conform to the conditions laid down by the University for such examination, and that the standard of questions set remains approximately uniform from year to year.

(c) EXAMINATION OF PAPERS.

9. The examiners will be expected to be present in Calcutta during the examination in the subjects for which they have been specially appointed.

10. When two or more examiners are appointed to examine answers to the same question paper, they shall meet as soon as possible after the examination to decide upon a uniform system of marking.

They shall elect one of their number to act as Chairman, whose duty it shall be to decide all questions that arise after the meeting of the examiners, and to forward to the Registrar a copy of the rules agreed upon at the meeting.

In the case of the Entrance Examination the Head Examiner shall be *ex-officio* Chairman.

11. Each examiner shall be furnished with a roll containing the names and numbers of all the candidates to be examined by him, in which he shall enter the total number of marks assigned to each candidate.

The total number of marks must in every case be a whole number ; if the roll submitted by an examiner contains fractional marks, it will be returned to him for correction.

12. The examiners shall mark on each answer paper the marks assigned to each question, as well as the total marks.

13. The examiners will be expected to examine the papers of the candidates in the order in which their names appear in the roll, and at the end of each week to send to the Registrar the pages of the roll containing the marks assigned to the papers examined.

14. As soon as the results have been tabulated, the Registrar shall prepare a list of the candidates who have failed in one subject only and in order to guard against any possible inaccuracy their papers in that subject shall be re-examined by the original examiners, or by the Head Examiners, on the method of marking already adopted and without any alteration of the standard.

To facilitate the work of re-examination, the examiners, or the Head Examiners, as the case may be, shall keep the answer papers of the candidates arranged in the order in which their names appear on the roll.

The answer papers shall be returned to the Registrar as soon as the work of re-examination is over.

15. Six weeks before the Arts Examinations take place the Syndicate shall fix the latest date for sending in marks.

If any examiner fails to send in all his marks within the prescribed period, the amount of his remuneration shall be reduced by Rs. 16 for each day by which he exceeds that period.

16. Each examiner shall write his name and the subject of examination at the foot of every page of his roll.

17. No entry shall be made in the roll against the name of any candidate from whom no paper is received.

18. Examiners are requested to keep the result of the examination and the marks assigned to candidates *strictly secret*.

19. Not less than a month before the commencement of the Entrance and F. A. Examinations the Syndicate shall appoint, from among the representatives of the Faculty of Arts, four Moderators. The Moderators, in consultation with the Registrar, shall be empowered to pass candidates who have failed in one subject only in either of the above examinations, by the addition of grace marks, If the

Moderators and Registrar are not unanimous on any point, it shall be referred to the Syndicate at their next meeting.

20. The examiners for the B. A. and M. A. Examinations shall report the results of those examinations in their respective subjects to the Syndicate.

II.—SPECIAL.

(a) ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

1. The Examination shall be held early in February in the following order :—

		1st Paper from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. The text-books and questions on Grammar.
		2nd Paper from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M. — Part i—(a) Translation from a vernacular.
Monday, English ...	...	(b) Special questions for students whose vernacular is English.
		Part ii—Questions on English Composition for all candidates.
Tuesday, Mathematics	...	Arithmetic and Algebra from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Geometry from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Wednesday, Second Language		Poetry and Prose from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Translation into a vernacular and Composition from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Thursday, History and Geography	...	History from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		Geography and Huxley's Introductory Primer from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Friday, Drawing*...	...	Freehand and Model Drawing from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.

2. The questions shall be framed chiefly with a view to test a general but intelligent knowledge of the subjects, and questions that are very minute or very difficult shall, as a rule, be avoided.

3. The following values are attached to the various subjects :—
English (1st paper) 120, (2nd paper) 80, Mathematics (2 papers), 80 each. Second Language (1 paper) 80, Translation and Composi-

* 1. Freehand—

The candidate will be required to draw correctly, in outline, straight lines, simple and compound curves. Drawing to be enlarged or reduced to a given size.

2. Model Drawing—

By "model drawing" the delineation of "Geometric solids or common objects from Nature" is to be understood.

The candidate will be required to draw correctly, in outline, Geometric solids, as the cube, triangular, square and hexagonal prisms, the cylinder, and cone. The solids to be arranged in groups of two or three in combination with common objects without ornamentation as Vases, Pots, Buckets, Stools, &c.

Drawing to be not less than eight inches in height.

One paper to be set in this subject.

tion (1 paper), 40. History and Geography, with Huxley's Introductory Primer (2 papers), 60 each.

Part I of the 2nd paper in English (translation from a vernacular, and the corresponding special questions for students whose vernacular is English) shall be calculated to occupy one hour, and 26 marks shall be assigned to it.

In the Mathematical papers not less than 60 per cent. of the marks in Geometry and not more than 30 per cent. of the marks in Arithmetic and Algebra shall be assigned to book-work.

4. To pass the examination, candidates shall be required to obtain 33 per cent. of the marks in English and 25 per cent. in the remaining subjects, and 33 per cent. in the aggregate.

5. Candidates obtaining 50 per cent. of the marks in the aggregate shall be placed in the First Division, and those obtaining 40 per cent. in the Second Division.

6. The Head Examiner shall determine, in consultation with the Entrance examiners, the method of marking the answer papers of the candidates.

For this purpose a meeting of the examiners shall be held as soon as possible after the close of the examination, at which provisional rules shall be drawn up. After this meeting each examiner shall look over a certain number of papers (the number to be determined at the meeting), and shall submit them to the Head Examiner for re-examination. After he has re-examined these papers the Head Examiner shall call another meeting for the final determination of the rules. A copy of these rules shall be sent to each Entrance examiner and to the Registrar.

7. Each Head Examiner shall re-examine 5 per cent. of the answer papers looked over by each of the Entrance examiners in his subject, with a view to see whether they are working uniformly according to the method indicated, and shall direct, if necessary, any examiner to conform strictly to that method.

The re-examination of the answer papers shall be conducted in the following manner :—

Every Entrance examiner shall, as soon as he finishes the examination of about 100 papers, send them with the corresponding pages of his roll to his Head Examiner, who shall examine at least 5 papers taken at random out of them, and shall give the examiner any further instructions he may deem fit, or shall return the remaining papers for re-examination, if he is of opinion that the rules have not been complied with. The same course shall be followed with every subsequent batch of 100 papers.

8. In no case shall the Head Examiner increase or diminish the marks assigned to any paper by an Entrance examiner without himself examining that paper.

9. In case of a difference arising between a Head Examiner and an Entrance examiner an appeal shall lie to the Moderators.

10. Every Entrance examiner must remain in Calcutta as long as his services are required by his Head Examiner.

11. The Head Examiner shall forward to the Registrar by instalments the totalised marks in his subject, with observations on those cases which he may deem worthy of special consideration.

In order to avoid delay in the submission of the totalised marks, Head Examiners are requested to see that the Entrance Examiners look over the papers of candidates in the order in which their names appear in the rolls (General Rule 12).

(b) FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

1. The Examination shall be held in February in the following order :—

Monday, English ...	...	{ Poetry from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. Prose from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Tuesday, Mathematics	...	{ Mathematics from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. " from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Wednesday, Second Language	{	Second Language from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. " " from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Thursday, Physics and Chemistry	{	Physics from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. Chemistry from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Friday, History and Logic	{	History from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. Logic from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

2. In all cases where the answers are written in English, examiners, in giving marks, shall take the correctness of English into account.

3. The value of the papers shall be as follows :—English, 150. Mathematics, 120. Second Language, 120. Physics, 80. Chemistry, 40. Logic, 60. History, 60.

4. In the Mathematical papers at least three-fifths of the marks shall be awarded to book-work.

5. In order to pass a candidate shall be required to obtain 30 per cent. in English, 25 per cent. in Second Language, 25 per cent. in Mathematics, and 20 per cent. in Physics.

No minimum is fixed in the other subjects ; but no candidate shall be allowed to count marks in any subject unless he shall have obtained 15 per cent. in that subject.

A minimum of 30 per cent. in the aggregate shall be necessary to enable a candidate to pass.

Candidates obtaining 60 per cent. in the aggregate shall be placed in the 1st Division, and candidates obtaining 45 per cent. shall be placed in the 2nd Division.

(c) B. A. EXAMINATION.

1. The examination shall be held in February in the following order :—

Monday, English (Pass and Honour).	{	1st Paper from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. 2nd Paper from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Tuesday, English (Honour) ...	{	3rd Paper from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. 4th Paper from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Wednesday, Philosophy and alternative subjects in the B Course (Pass and Honour) ...	{	1st Paper from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. 2nd Paper from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Thursday, Philosophy and alternative subjects in the B Course (Honour) ..	{	3rd Paper from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. 4th Paper from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

Friday, Mathematics and alternative subjects in the A Course (Pass and Honour).	}	1st Paper from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		2nd Paper from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.
Saturday, Mathematics and alternative subjects in the A Course (Honour).	}	3rd Paper from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
		4th Paper from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

2. In all cases where the answers are written in English, examiners in giving marks, shall take the correctness of English into account.

3. The papers in each language shall include questions in Grammar and Idiom, and paraphrasing shall be discouraged. Sentences in each of the languages in which the candidate is examined shall be given for translation into the other language. No questions in Rhetoric are to be set in the Sanskrit Pass and Honour Papers.

4. Different papers shall be prepared for the Pass and Honour candidates who will be examined at the same time. The questions set in the papers for Pass candidates shall be taken only from the Pass Course, and the questions set to the candidates for Honours shall be taken from both the Pass and Honour Courses. In the papers set to the Honour Candidates, the questions taken from the Pass Course shall be more difficult than those in the papers set to candidates for a Pass only. The papers shall be headed English,* 1st Pass paper; English,* 2nd Pass paper; English,* 1st Honour paper; English,* 2nd Honour paper; English,* 3rd Honour paper; English,* 4th Honour paper.

5. The papers shall be headed and distributed among the various subjects as follows :—

A COURSE.

I.—English, 1st Pass Paper ...	Poetry.
" 2nd " " " ...	Prose.
" 1st Honour Paper...	Poetry, Pass Course.
" 2nd " " " ...	Prose, Pass Course.
" 3rd " " " ...	Poetry and Prose, Honour texts.
" 4th " " " ...	History of English Language and Literature and Essay
II.—Philosophy, 1st Pass Paper ...	Psychology.
" 2nd " " " ...	Ethics.
" 1st Honour Paper	Psychology.
" 2nd " " " ...	Ethics.
" 3rd " " " ...	History of Philosophy.
" 4th " " " ...	Natural Theology or Pure Logic.
III.—Second Language, e.g.—	
Sanskrit, 1st Pass Paper ...	Poetry.
" 2nd " " " ...	Prose.
" 1st Honour Paper	Poetry.
" 2nd " " " ...	Prose.
" 3rd " " " ...	Poetry and Prose.
" 4th " " " ...	Comparative Philology.

* Or whatever the subject may be.

IV.—History and Political Economy—

1st Pass Paper	...	History.
2nd " "	...	History and Political Economy.
1st Honour Paper	...	History of England.
2nd " "	...	Political Economy.
3rd " "	...	History of Greece and Rome.
4th " "	...	History of India.

V.—Mathematics as in the B Course.**B COURSE.****I.—English as in the A Course.**

II.—Mathematics,	1st Pass Paper	...	Statics and Hydrostatics.
"	2nd " "	...	Dynamics.
"	1st Honour Paper	...	Statics and Hydrostatics.
"	2nd " "	...	Dynamics.
"	3rd " "	...	Analytical Geometry.
"	4th " "	...	Differential and Integral Calculus.

III.—Physics and Chemistry—

1st Pass Paper	...	Physics.
2nd " "	...	Chemistry.
1st Honour Paper	...	Physics.
2nd " "	...	Physics and Doctrine of Scientific Method.
3rd " "	...	Chemistry.
4th " "	...	(a) Chemistry, time 1½ hours. (b) Chemistry, Practical examination, time 3 hours.

IV.—Biology,	1st Pass Paper	...	Physiology.
"	2nd " "	...	Botany or Zoology.
"	1st Honour Paper	...	Physiology.
"	2nd " "	...	Botany and Doctrine of Scientific Method.
"	3rd " "	...	Zoology and Doctrine of Scientific Method.
"	4th " "	...	Zoology.

V.—Geology,	1st Pass Paper	...	Geology.
"	2nd " "	...	Physical Geography or Mineralogy.
"	1st Honour Paper	...	Geology.
"	2nd " "	...	Mineralogy and Physical Geography.
"	3rd " "	...	Geology and Doctrine of Scientific Method.
"	4th " "	...	Palæontology and Doctrine of Scientific Method.

6. The same number of marks, *viz.*, 100, shall be given for each paper, with the exception of the 4th Honour papers in Chemistry in which 50 marks shall be given for the half-paper in Chemistry and 50 for the practical examination. In order to pass in the Pass Course in any subject, a candidate must obtain 60 marks.

In order to obtain Honours in the First Division in any subject, a candidate must obtain 240 marks; and in order to obtain Honours in the Second Division in any subject, a candidate must obtain 160 marks.

In order to pass in an Honour subject a candidate must obtain 100 marks.

If a candidate obtains Honours in any subject, no minimum aggregate shall be required; but if a candidate does not obtain Honours in any subject, he must, in order to pass, obtain 216 marks in the aggregate; and if he has taken up an Honour subject, 60 per cent. of the marks obtained in that subject shall be counted towards the aggregate.

(d) M. A. EXAMINATION.

1. The examination shall be held in the month of November in the following order:—

Monday,	10 A.M. to 3 P.M.,	1st Paper.
Tuesday	" " " "	2nd "
Wednesday	" " " "	3rd "
Thursday	" " " "	4th "
Friday	" " " "	5th "
Saturday	" " " "	6th "

2. One hundred marks shall be allotted to each paper in all branches of the M. A. Examination and a practical examination in Natural and Physical Science shall be considered equivalent to one paper.

3. In subjects marked A and D in paragraph 9 of the M. A. Regulations, three papers shall be set and three days' Practical Examination held; and in subjects marked B, C, E and F, four papers shall be given and two days' Practical Examination held.

4. In order to pass the M. A. Examination in Languages, History, or Mental and Moral Philosophy, a candidate must obtain 30 per cent. of the marks in each paper with 40 per cent. in the aggregate for a third class; 48 per cent. for a second class; and 60 per cent. for a first class; and in order to pass the M. A. Examination in Mathematics or Natural and Physical Science, a candidate must obtain 33 per cent. in the aggregate for a third class, 45 per cent. for a second class, and 60 per cent. for a first class without any minimum percentage in each paper.

(ii) LAW.

B. L. EXAMINATION.

1. The Syndicate shall, in the month of May, appoint a Board of Examiners, of which the President of the Faculty of Law for the time being, shall be *ex-officio* President.

2. The examination shall be held in the month of November in the following order :—

Date.	From 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.	From 1 30 P. M. to 4-30 P. M.
Monday ...	Jurisprudence, &c., &c.	Law relating to persons in their public and private capacities, &c., &c.
Tuesday ...	Law of Property including the Law relating to Land Tenures, &c.	Law of Property including the Laws of Transfer, &c.
Wednesday ..	Law of Contracts and Torts.	Law of Crimes and Criminal Procedure.
Thursday ...	Civil Procedure, Evidence and Limitation.	Hindu and Mahomedan Law.

3. 100 marks are allotted to each paper. In order to pass the examination a candidate must obtain 33 per cent. in each paper with two-thirds of the total marks for a first class and one-half for a second.

4. Examiners are requested to write in the margin opposite to each question the maximum number of marks they intend to assign to it.

5. The papers set should be such as can be reasonably expected to be answered within the time allotted.

6. The questions in each subject should be fairly distributed over the whole course in that subject.

7. The papers are to be delivered by the examiners either in person to the Registrar or sent to him in a *sealed* double cover on or before the _____.

8. Examiners are required to be present during the examination.

9. Rolls containing the names of the candidates will be supplied to the examiners, who shall enter in them the marks awarded for the answer to each question, as well as the total marks. The total number of marks must in every case be a whole number; if the roll submitted by an examiner contains fractional marks, it will be returned to him for correction.

10. All marks are to be sent in on or before the 3rd Saturday after the end of the examination.

11. The answer papers of the candidates, after they have been examined, are to be returned to the Registrar.

12. Examiners are required to keep the result as well as the marks awarded to candidates **STRICTLY SECRET**. The special attention of examiners is called to this rule.

(iii) MEDICINE.

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC, FIRST AND SECOND L. M. S.

EXAMINATIONS.

1. The Syndicate shall, in the month of November, appoint a Board of Examiners, of which the President of the Faculty of Medicine for the time being shall be *ex-officio* President.

2. The examinations shall be held in the following order :—

Date.	Preliminary Scientific and First L. M. S. Examinations.	Second L. M. S. Examination.
Monday ...	Chemistry, W. O, P. *	Medical Jurisprudence, W. O. Medicine, W. O, P. (3) Surgery, W. O, P. (4) Midwifery and Diseases of Women, W. O, P. (3) Pathology, W. O.
Tuesday ...	Botany, W. O. (1).	
Wednesday	Physiology, W. O.	
Thursday	Anatomy, W. O, P.	
Friday ...	Materia Medica and Pharmacy, W. O, P. (2)	
Saturday		Hygiene, W. O.

3 The full marks for each subject and the minimum marks required for passing the examination have been prescribed by the Syndicate as follows :—

In the Preliminary Scientific and First L. M. S. Examinations.

Prel. Sci....	In Chemistry,	full marks	600	passing marks	240
	„ Botany,	„	600	„	200
	„ Anatomy,	„	1,000	„	500
1st. L.M.S.	„ Materia Medica,	„	1,000	„	500
	„ Physiology,	„	1,000	„	500

In the Second L. M. S. Examination.

In Medicine,	full marks	1,000	passing marks	500
„ Surgery,	„	1,000	„	500
„ Midwifery,	„	1,000	„	500
„ Pathology,	„	600	„	210
„ Hygiene,	„	600	„	210
„ Medical Jurisprudence,	„	600	„	210

4. In those subjects in which there is a practical as well as a written examination, no candidate will be allowed to pass unless he shall obtain at least one-half of the marks allotted to the practical work.

5. Examiners are requested to place opposite each question in their papers the full number of marks assigned to it ; and in subjects such as Medicine and Surgery, wherein the examination is written, oral, practical, and clinical, candidates should be informed what is the maximum of marks obtainable under each head.

* W stands for written, O for oral, and P for practical examinations.

- (1) O includes identification of specimens and plants.
- (2) P includes examination in Practical Pharmacy in a Dispensary or at a Pharmaceutical Laboratory.
- (3) P includes clinical.
- (4) P includes operations and clinical.

6. The papers should be delivered by the examiners in person to the Registrar or sent in a *sealed* double cover on or before the....

7. The questions asked should be such as can reasonably be answered within the time allotted, and should be fairly distributed over the whole subject of examination.

8. Examiners are required to be present during the examination in the subjects for which they have been specially appointed, and they are requested to keep the marks awarded to candidates **STRICTLY SECRET**.

9. In subjects in which there is an oral, clinical, or practical examination, examiners will be good enough to intimate to the Registrar on, or soon after the day of the written examination, when and where such examination is to be held.

10. Rolls in which the marks awarded are to be entered in the examiner's hand-writing will be supplied by the Registrar on the day of examination, and the answer papers duly marked should be returned to the Registrar along with the completed rolls. The total number of marks must in every case be a whole number; if the roll submitted by an examiner contains fractional marks, it will be returned to him for correction.

11. These rolls should be submitted before the.....

12. Examiners will be good enough to retain a duplicate of the roll and bring it with them to the final meeting of examiners for the purpose of checking the marks.

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC, FIRST AND SECOND M. B. EXAMINATIONS.

1. The Syndicate shall, in the month of November, appoint a Board of Examiners, of which the President of the Faculty of Medicine for the time being, shall be *ex-officio* President.

2. The examinations shall be held in the following order :—

Date.	Preliminary Scientific and First M. B. Examinations.	Second M. B. Examination.
Monday ..	Chemistry, W, O, P.*	Medical Jurisprudence, W, O.
Tuesday...	Botany, W, O. (1)	Medicine, W, O, P. (4)
Wednesday	Comparative Anatomy, Comp. Physiology, and Zoology, W, O.	Surgery, W, O, P. (5).
Thursday	Physiology, W, O. (2).	Midwifery and Diseases of Women, W, O, P. (4)
Friday ...	Anatomy W, O, P.	Pathology, W, O, P. (6)
Saturday	Materia Medica and Pharmacy, W, O, P. (3)	Hygiene, W, O.

* *W* stands for written, *O* for oral, and *P* for practical examinations.

(1) *O* includes identification of specimens and plants.

(2) *O* includes identification of specimens under the microscope.

(3) *P* includes examination in Practical Pharmacy in a Dispensary or at a Pharmaceutical Laboratory.

(4) *P* includes clinical.

(5) *P* includes operations and clinical.

(6) *P* includes identification of microscopic preparations and morbid specimens, recent or preserved.

3. The full marks for each subject and the minimum marks required for passing the examination have been prescribed by the Syndicate as follows :—

In the Preliminary Scientific and First M. B. Examinations.

Prel.Sci.	In Chemistry,	full marks	600	passing marks	240
	„ Botany,	„	600	„	200
	„ Comparative Anatomy, Comp. Physiology and Zoology,	„	600	„	200
1st M. B.	„ Anatomy,	„	1,000	„	500
	„ Materia Medica and Pharmacy,	„	1,000	„	500
	„ Physiology,	„	1,000	„	500

In the Second M. B. Examination,

In Medicine,	full marks	1,000	passing marks	500
„ Surgery,	„	1,000	„	500
„ Midwifery,	„	1,000	„	500
„ Pathology,	„	600	„	210
„ Hygiene,	„	600	„	210
„ Medical Jurisprudence,	„	600	„	210

4. In those subjects in which there is a practical as well as a written examination, no candidate will be allowed to pass unless he shall obtain at least one-half of the marks allotted to the practical work. In order to pass the Preliminary Scientific, First and Second M. B. Examinations, a candidate must obtain not less than 50 per cent. of the marks in the aggregate. In order to pass in the First Division a candidate must obtain two-thirds of the total marks.

5. Examiners are requested to place opposite each question in their papers the full number of marks assigned to it; and in subjects such as Medicine and Surgery, wherein the examination is written, oral, practical, and clinical, candidates should be informed what is the maximum of marks obtainable under each head.

6. The papers should be delivered by the examiners in person to the Registrar or sent in a *sealed* double cover on or before the.....

7. The questions asked should be such as can reasonably be answered within the time allotted, and should be fairly distributed over the whole subject of examination.

8. Examiners are required to be present during the examination in the subjects for which they have been specially appointed, and they are requested to keep the marks awarded to candidates **STRICTLY SECRET**.

9. In subjects in which there is an oral, clinical or practical examination, examiners will be good enough to intimate to the Registrar on, or soon after the day of the written examination, when and where such examination is to be held.

10. Rolls in which the marks awarded are to be entered in the examiner's hand-writing will be supplied by the Registrar on the day of examination, and the answer papers duly marked should be returned to the Registrar along with the completed rolls. The total number of marks must in every case be a whole number; if the roll submitted by an examiner contains fractional marks, it will be returned to him for correction.

11. These rolls should be submitted before the.....

12. Examiners will be good enough to retain a duplicate of the roll and bring it with them to the final meeting of examiners for the purpose of checking the marks.

(iv) ENGINEERING.

F. E. EXAMINATION.

(1) The Syndicate shall, in the month of November, appoint a Board of Examiners, of which the President of the Faculty of Engineering for the time being, shall be *ex-officio* President.

(2) The examination shall be held in the first week of May in the following order :—

			From 10 A.M. to 11 P.M.
Monday	...	May	Arithmetic and Algebra.
Tuesday	...	"	Plane Geometry and Geometrical Conics.
Wednesday	...	"	Trigonometry and Mensuration.
Thursday	...	"	Statics and Dynamics.
Friday	...	"	Analytical Geometry.
Saturday	...	"	Geodesy.
Monday	...	"	Materials of Construction.
Tuesday	...	"	Chemistry.
Wednesday	...	"	Light and Heat.
Thursday	...	"	Electricity, Magnetism and Telegraphy.
Friday	...	"	Drawing.

3. The following maximum marks shall be allotted to each paper and subject :—

		Arithmetic and Algebra	...	...	400	
I. Mathematics	{	Plane Geometry and Geometrical	...	...	400	
		Conics	...	...	400	
		Trigonometry and Mensuration	...	...	400	
		Statics and Dynamics	...	...	400	
		Analytical Geometry	...	...	400	
					—	2,000
II. Materials of Construction		...	...	...	400	
III. Natural and Experimental Science	{	Chemistry	...	...	200	
		Light and Heat	...	...	200	
		Electricity, Magnetism and the Elements of Telegraphy	...	...	200	
					—	600
IV. Drawing	{	Practical	...	...	300	
		Questions	...	...	200	
					—	500
V. Geodesy	{	Practical	...	...	300	
		Questions	...	...	200	
					—	500
GRAND TOTAL					...	4,000

4. The pass marks for the First Examination in Engineering shall be one-third in each subject, and half of the aggregate for a Second Class and two-thirds for a First.

5. Examiners are requested to write in the margin opposite to each question the maximum number of marks they intend to assign to it.

6. The papers should be delivered by the examiners in person to the Registrar or sent in a *sealed* double cover on or before the.....

7. Examiners are required to be present during the examination.

8. Rolls containing the names of the candidates will be supplied to the examiners, who are to enter in them the marks awarded for the answer to each question, as well as the total marks. The total number of marks must in every case be a whole number; if the roll submitted by an examiner contains fractional marks, it will be returned to him for correction.

9. All marks are to be sent in on or before the 3rd Saturday after the end of the examination.

10. The answer papers of the candidates, after* they have been examined, are to be returned to the Registrar.

11. Examiners are required to keep the result as well as the marks awarded to candidates **STRICTLY SECRET**. The special attention of examiners is called to this rule.

L. E. AND B. E. EXAMINATIONS.

1. The Syndicate shall, in the month of November, appoint a Board of Examiners, of which the President of the Faculty of Engineering for the time being shall be *ex-officio* President.

2. The examinations shall be held in the first week of July in the following order :—

		From 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.
Monday	... July	Differential Calculus.
Tuesday	.. "	Hydrostatics.
Wednesday	... "	Geology.
Thursday	.. "	Mineralogy and Metallurgy.
Friday	... "	Details of Construction.
Saturday	.. "	Roads and Railways.
Monday	... " .	Hydraulic Engineering.
Tuesday	... "	Applied Mechanics.
Wednesday	... "	Mechanism and Steam Engine.
Thursday	... "	Engineering and Architectural Drawing.
Friday	... "	Optional Subjects.
Saturday	.. "	Optional Subjects.

3. The following maximum marks shall be given for the compulsory subjects of the L. E. and B. E. Examinations, Branch A.

I. Mathematics	...	{	Differential and Integral			
			Calculus	..	...	300
			Hydrostatics	...	...	300
						600
II. Natural Science	...	{	Geology	...	...	300
			Mineralogy and Metallurgy	...	...	300
						600
III. Engineering Construction and Drawing	...	{	Details of Construction	...	...	400
			Roads and Railways	...	...	300
			Hydraulic Engineering	...	...	400
			Applied Mechanics	...	...	300
			Mechanism and Steam Engine	...	...	300
			Attested designs for an Engineering work	..	...	600
			Practical Drawing	...	...	300
			Questions in Drawing	...	...	200
						2,800
GRAND TOTAL						4,000

4. In order to pass the L. E. and B. E. Examinations in the Second Division, a candidate must obtain one-third of the total number of marks given for each group of the compulsory subjects (Mathematics, Natural Science, and Engineering Construction and Drawing) and one-half of the aggregate, and in order to pass in the First Division, a candidate must obtain one-third of the marks for each group and two-thirds of the aggregate.

5. The following marks shall be given for the optional subjects :—

I. Mathematics.						
	Pure Mathematics	...	...	...	...	150
	Mixed Mathematics	...	...	...	...	200
II. Natural Science.						
	Chemistry	...	...	...	...	150
	Physics	...	...	...	...	150
III. Engineering Construction.						
	Materials of Construction	...	...	...	...	200
IV. Geodesy						
	...	...	...	...	...	150
Total						<hr/> 1,000

6. A candidate who has passed in the compulsory subjects will be allowed to have the marks which he may obtain in any of the optional subjects added to his aggregate marks in the compulsory subjects, provided that he secures not less than one-third of the marks for the optional subject or subjects he has taken up.

7. Examiners are requested to write in the margin opposite to each question the maximum number of marks they intend to assign to it.

8. The papers should be delivered by the examiners in person to the Registrar or sent in a *sealed* double cover on or before the.....

9. Examiners are required to be present during the examination.
10. Rolls containing the names of the candidates will be supplied to the examiners, who are to enter in them the marks awarded for the answer to each question, as well as the total marks. The total number of marks must in every case be a whole number; if the roll submitted by an examiner contains fractional marks, it will be returned to him for correction.
11. All marks are to be sent in on or before the 3rd Saturday after the end of the examination.
12. The answer-papers of the candidates, after they have been examined, are to be returned to the Registrar.
13. Examiners are required to keep the result as well as the marks awarded to candidates **STRICTLY SECRET**. The special attention of examiners is called to this rule.

APPENDIX TO SECTION VII.

SCALE OF REMUNERATION TO EXAMINERS.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.				Rs.	A.	P.
Setting an examination paper	...	...	...	25	0	0
Examining an answer paper—						
(1) in Arithmetic and Algebra	..	..	..	0	8	0
(2) in Translation or Geography	...	...	...	0	10	0
(3) in other subjects	...	...	...	0	12	0
Translating 2nd English paper	...	...	...	25	0	0
Head Examiner's fee	...	...	...	350	0	0
Ditto for re-examining an answer paper				1	0	0
F. A. EXAMINATION.						
Setting an examination paper	...	...	..	40	0	0
Examining an answer paper	...	...	..	1	0	0
B. A. EXAMINATION.						
Setting a Pass paper	...	...	...	60	0	0
Setting an Honour paper	...	...	...	80	0	0
Examining a Pass paper	...	...	...	1	4	0
Examining an Honour paper	...	...	...	2	0	0
M. A. EXAMINATION.						
Setting a paper	...	...	...	100	0	0
Examining a paper	...	...	...	3	0	0
PREMCHAND ROYCHAND EXAMINATION.						
Setting and examining papers in any subject	...	...	...	300	0	0
HONOURS IN LAW EXAMINATION.						
Setting a paper	...	...	...	100	0	0
Examining a paper	...	...	...	2	8	0
B. L. EXAMINATION.						
Setting a paper	...	...	...	80	0	0
Examining a paper	...	...	...	2	8	0

**PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC AND FIRST L. M. S.
EXAMINATIONS.**

				Rs. A. P.
Setting a paper	...	...	...	50 0 0
Oral Examination	...	...	...	5 0 0
Practical Examination	...	...	...	5 0 0
Examining a paper	...	...	...	2 0 0

SECOND L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

Setting a paper	...	...	...	70 0 0
Oral Examination	...	...	...	5 0 0
Practical Examination	...	...	...	5 0 0
Examining a paper	...	...	...	2 0 0

**PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC AND FIRST M. B.
EXAMINATIONS.**

Setting a paper	...	...	...	60 0 0
Oral Examination	...	...	...	5 0 0
Practical Examination	...	...	...	5 0 0
Examining a paper	...	...	...	2 0 0

SECOND M. B. EXAMINATION.

Setting a paper	...	...	...	80 0 0
Oral Examination	...	...	...	5 0 0
Practical Examination	...	...	...	5 0 0
Examining a paper	...	...	...	3 0 0

M. D. AND HONOURS IN MEDICINE EXAMINATIONS.

Setting a paper	...	...	...	100 0 0
Oral Examination	...	...	...	5 0 0
Practical Examination	...	...	...	5 0 0
Examining a paper	...	...	...	5 0 0

F. E. EXAMINATION.

Setting a paper	...	...	...	60 0 0
Examining a paper	...	...	...	1 8 0
Examining Projects, Designs and Drawings, for each set	...	...	...	6 0 0

L. E. AND B. E. EXAMINATIONS.

Setting a paper	...	...	...	80 0 0
Examining a paper	...	...	...	2 8 0
Examining Projects, Designs and Drawings, for each set	...	...	...	9 0 0

If an Examiner is appointed to look over answers to a paper or papers that he has not himself set, the fee paid to him shall not be less than half the fee paid for setting the paper or papers.

VIII. TEXT-BOOKS.

(i) ARTS.

In all cases where reference is made to Chapters, Sections, Pages or Lines thus (Chap. V—VIII), the reference is to be understood as inclusive.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1895.

ENGLISH.

The following portions of English selections for the Entrance Examination of 1891, published by Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co. :—

TO BE READ.

Prose.

The Battle of Bannockburn.
 The Battle of Killiecrankie.
 The Spanish Armada.
 Battle of Sedgmoor.
 The Tournament.
 The Exhibition of Arms at Hastinapur.
 The Swayamvara of Draupadi.
 John Smeaton—A Life among the Light-houses.
 Isaac Newton.
 Anecdotes of Lord Exmouth.
 Anecdotes of Lord Gollingwood.
 Account of Howard, the Philanthropist.
 Anecdotes showing the humanity of sailors.
 Account of Fenelon.
 Catherine Douglas, Margaret Carnegie, Mary Pickard, and Amelia Sieveking.
 Charlotte Bronte.
 Mary Evelyn and Mrs. Somerville.
 The Student—His health.

Poetry.

Epitaph on a Hare.	Alice Fell ; or Poverty.
The Dog and the Water-lily.	Lucy Gray ; or Solitude.
Alexander Selkirk.	Casabianca.
Ye Mariners of England.	A Psalm of Life.

The following books or any others covering similar ground are recommended as text-books in Sanskrit Grammar :—

Vidyáságar	...	...	Vyákarana Kaumudi, or
Vidyáságar	—	...	Upakramaniká, as translated by Rajkrishna Banerjee, 12th Edition, or
Nilmani Mukerjee	..	...	Laghumanjari, or
Herambanath Tattváratna	...	...	Vyákarana Sangraha, or
Kalikumar Sarmá	...	...	Vyákaránádarsa, or
Kanailal Sastri	—	...	Vyákaranabodh (in Hindi).

BENGALI.

Calcutta University selections for 1895; edited by Rai Bankim-chandra Chatterjee, Bahadur, B.L; omitting the selections headed "Child Marriage" and "Widowhood," pp. 34—41.

ARABIC.*

Sullam-ul-Adab ... Edited by Colonel Holroyd.

PERSIAN.

Selections by Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmad.

URDU.

Selections by Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmad.

HINDI.

Tulsidas ... — ... Rámáyana, Ajodhyá Kánda.
Rajniti

URIYA.

M. S. Rao — ... Prabandhamálá, pages 1—115
Ram Narayan Ray ... — Kabitá Sangraha.

ARMENIAN.

History of Armenia, Books I—III.

PALI.

Pali Miscellany, by Professor Trenckner (28 pages of text).

Selections from the Jatakas, (Professor Fausboil's edition). The Apannakajataka (36 pages of text).

BURMESE.

Prose.

Zanaka Jataka.
Withandya Jataka.

Poetry.

Lanka-thara Son-ma-sá.
Am-tha-tha-sin-ma-sá.

The spelling required of the candidates who present themselves for examination in Burmese should be in accordance with—

- (a) The Thatpôn published by the Text-book Committee ;
- (b) Judson's Dictionary, and
- (c) The revision made by the Text-book Committee of the words of disputed spelling in Judson's Dictionary.

TAMIL.

Poetry.

Tamil Poetical Anthology, No. II, page 15 to end.

Prose.

Panchatantra ... Parts I, II, and III.

One paper to be set on the text-books in each of the Oriental languages (including questions on grammar and idiom and easy sentences to be translated into the other language); and one paper containing (i) simple passages in English to be translated into one of the vernaculars of India* recognised by the Senate (the passages being taken from a newspaper or other current literature of the day), and (ii) a subject for original composition in one of the vernaculars recognised by the Senate. Half the value of the paper is to be assigned to the passages in English and half to the subject for original composition.

HISTORY.

R. C. Dutt	...	...	Brief History of Ancient and Modern India.
Miss Buckley	—	...	History of England for Beginners.

GENERAL AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Clarke	...	...	Class Book of Geography, omitting (a) all the paragraphs headed "Communications"; (b) all the paragraphs headed "Historical Sketch," and
Huxley	...	...	Introductory Primer, Arts. 12—55 and
Geikie	...	...	Physical Geography Primer.

MATHEMATICS.

Euclid	† Elements of Geometry edited by Hall and Stevens, or any other edition covering the same ground.
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DRAWING.†

Whitehall Drawing Copy-book, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, and 9, Freehand.

* The vernaculars recognised by the Senate are the following :—Bengali, Hindi, Uriya, Mahrathi, Urdu, Burmese, Armenian, Parbatia, Assamese, Telugu, Guzrathi, Khasia, and Tamil.

† The notes are to be read as elucidating the text of Euclid, and the additional propositions are to be treated as riders (see Minutes for 1890-91, page 125.)

‡ See note to page 130.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1896.

GREEK.

Xenophon ... Anabasis, Books I and II.

LATIN.

Livy ... The Hannibalian War, adapted by G. C. Macaulay, M.A. (Macmillan's Elementary Classics).
 Virgil ... Selections by E. S. Shuckburgh, M.A. (Macmillan's Elementary Classics).

One paper to be set in this subject with questions on history, parsing, and geography arising therefrom, and easy passages from authors not prescribed beforehand to be translated into English, and one paper containing questions in Latin grammar with simple and easy sentences of English to be translated into Latin.

GERMAN.

Hauff ... Die Karavane.

One paper to be set on the text-book, and one paper on elementary grammar and composition.

FRENCH.

Selections by G. Eugene Fasnacht (Macmillan's Progressive French Readers, II, second year).

One paper to be set on the text-book, and one paper on elementary grammar and composition.

HEBREW.

The Book of Genesis.

SANSKRIT.

Calcutta University Selections for 1896.

The following books or any others covering similar ground are recommended as text-books in Sanskrit Grammar :—

Vidyáságar	...	...	Vyákarana Kaumudi,
			or
Vidyáságar	...	...	Upakramaniká, as translated by Raj-
			krishna Banerji, 12th edition,
			or
Nilmani Mukerjee	.	—	Laghumanjari,
			or
Herambanath Tattváratna	...	...	Vyákarana Sangraha,
			or
Kalikumar Sarmá	...	—	Vyákaránadarsa,
			or
Kanailal Sastri	...	...	Vyákaranaabodh (in Hindi).

BENGALI.

Calcutta University selections for 1895. Edited by Rai Bankim-chandra Chatterjee, Bahadur, B.L., omitting the selections headed "Child Marriage" and "Widowhood," pages 34—41.

ARABIC.

Sullam-ul-Adab ... Edited by Colonel Holroyd.

PERSIAN.

Selections by Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmad.

URDU.

Selections by Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmad.

HINDI.

Tulsidas ... Rámáyana, Ajodhyá Kánda.

Harischandra ... Satya Harischandra.

URIYA.

M. S. Rao ... Prabandhamálá, pages 1—115.

Ram Narayan Ray ... Kabitá Sangraha.

ARMENIAN.

History of Armenia, Books I—III.

PALI.

Pali Miscellany, by Professor Trenckner (28 pages of text).

Selections from the Jatakas. (Professor Fausboll's edition). The Apannakajataka (36 pages of text).

BURMESE.*Prose.*

Zanaka Jataka.

Withandya Jataka.

Poetry.

Lanka-thara Son-ma-sá,

Am-tha-tha-sin-ma-sá.

The spelling required of the candidates who present themselves for examination in Burmese should be in accordance with—

(a) The Thatpôn published by the Text-book Committee ;

(b) Judson's Dictionary ; and

(c) The revision made by the Text-book Committee of the words of disputed spelling in Judson's Dictionary.

TAMIL.*Poetry.*

Tamil Poetical Anthology, No. II, page 15 to end.

Prose.

Panchatantra ... Parts I, II, and III.

One paper to be set on the Text-books in each of the Oriental languages (including questions on grammar and idiom, and easy sentences to be translated into the other language); and one paper containing (i) simple passages in English to be translated into one of

the vernaculars of India* recognised by the Senate (the passages being taken from a newspaper or other current literature of the day), and (ii) a subject for original composition in one of the vernaculars recognised by the Senate. Half the value of the paper is to be assigned to the passages in English, and half to the subject for original composition.

HISTORY.

R. C. Dutt	...	...	Brief History of Ancient and Modern India.
Miss Buckley	...	...	History of England for Beginners.

GENERAL AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Clarke	...	..	Class Book of Geography, omitting (a) all the paragraphs headed "Communications;" (b) all the paragraphs headed "Historical Sketch;" and
Huxley	...	...	Introductory Primer, Arts. 12—55; and
Geikie	...	...	Physical Geography Primer.

MATHEMATICS.

Euclid	† Elements of Geometry, edited by Hall and Stevens, or any other edition covering the same ground.
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DRAWING.‡

Whitehall Drawing Copy Book, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6 and 9, Freehand.

F. A. EXAMINATION, 1895.

ENGLISH.

Sir W. Butler	• ...	...	Gordon (English men of Action series), omitting Chaps. II and III,
Blackie	...	...	Self-culture.
Tennyson	...	...	Enoch Arden.
Milton	...	...	Paradise Lost, Book I.
Goldsmith	...	...	The Deserted Village.
Helps	...	...	Essays written in the intervals of Business (omitting the Essay on Organization).

Some subject for original composition to be set in one of the papers.

* The vernaculars recognised by the Senate are the following :—Bengali, Hindi, Uriya, Mahrathi, Urdu, Burmese, Armenian, Parbatia, Assamese, Telugu, Guzerathi, Khasia and Tamil.

† The notes are to be read as elucidating the text of Euclid, and the additional propositions are to be treated as riders (see Minutes for 1890-91, page 125.)

‡ See note to page 130.

GREEK.

Herodotus ...	...	... Book IV.
Euripides ...	...	... Hecuba.

LATIN.

Virgil ...	...	... Æneid, Book VI.
Livy ...	...	... Book XXI.

With passages from Latin authors not prescribed beforehand to be translated into English.

FRENCH.

La Fontaine, ...	...	Fables, Books III, IV.
Colbeck. ...	...	French Readings from Roman History, Chaps. VI—XIII. (Macmillan's Foreign School Classics.)

SANSKRIT.

Kálidása. ...	...	... Raghuvansa, Cantos I—V.
Bhatti. ...	...	... Bhattikávyā, Cantos I—V.

PALI.

Jatakas (Fausbøll's edition), Vaggo I—IV, pages 95—234.

Dhammapada (Fausbøll's edition), the First Bhanavaram, pages 1—35.

BENGALI FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES.

Akshay Kumar Dutt. ...	...	Treatise on the Hindu Sects, Introduction to Part II
Hemchandra Banerjee. ...	...	Vritra Sanhāra, Part I.

ARABIC.

Selections by Colonel H. S. Jarrett.

PERSIAN.

Selections by Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmad.

HEBREW.

Genesis.
Ruth.
Psalms I—XLI.

ARMENIAN.*Prose.*

I. Eghishé's History of the Wars of the Vardons (fifth century), Parts I, V, VI, and last ten pages of the Supplement.

II. A course of reading in classical Armenian for advanced students by Elisha. (Selections from ancient and modern classical authors.)

Poetry.

1. Joseph declaring himself to his brothers, pages 117—121.
2. The Mother and Daughter, pages 191—194.
3. The Shepherd and Shepherdess, pages 212—216.

ELEMENTARY PHYSICS.

Ganot.	Popular Natural Philosophy, 5th edition, Book I, omitting articles 12, 13, 32—35, 49—52, 56, 61—75. Book II, omitting articles 107—110. Book III, omitting articles 124—131, 137—140, 155—159. Book V, omitting articles 209, 210, 221, 222, 235, 240—242, 252, 260—265, 268—298, 302, 303, 305. Book VI, omitting articles 355, 365—374, 376—378, 381—397. Book VII, omitting articles 405, 407—409. Book VIII, omitting articles 416, 451—461, 481, 488, 500—508, 511, 512.
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ELEMENTARY CHEMISTRY.

Chemistry of the Non-metals as in Remsen's Elements of Chemistry.

BOTANY FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES.

Oliver's First Book of Indian Botany ; the whole of Part I and Chapter I of part II, *viz.*, the Elements of Morphology and Physiology of Flowering Plants, the principles of their Natural Classification, and the diagnosis and detailed accounts of the following six natural orders :—

1. Malvacæ.	4. Urticacæ.
2. Leguminosæ.	5. Aroidæ.
3. Cucurbitacæ.	6. Gramineæ.

LOGIC.

P. K. Ray.	Text-book of Deductive Logic, 4th edition (omitting Chapter II of part II, Chapter IX of Part III, and the Appendix).
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HISTORY.

Smith.	Smaller History of Greece.
Crichton,	...	*	Primer of the History of Rome.

MATHEMATICS.

Euclid.	—	...	*Hall and Stevens's Edition.
Asutosh Mukhopadhyay.	...	...	Geometry of Conics, omitting all the propositions marked with an asterisk.

* The notes are to be read as elucidating the text of Euclid, and the additional propositions are to be treated as riders (see Minutes for 1890-91, page 125).

F. A. EXAMINATION, 1896.

ENGLISH.

Frederic Harrison	...	...	Oliver Cromwell (Twelve English Statesmen Series).
Sir Alexander Grant	...	...	Xenophon (Ancient Classics for English Readers).
Cowper	...	...	The Task, Book IV.
Milton	...	...	Paradise Lost, Book I.
Goldsmith	...	...	The Deserted Village.
Helps	...	...	Essays written in the intervals of business (omitting the essay on Organization).

Some subject for original composition to be set in one of the papers.

GREEK.

Herodotus	...	...	Book VII.
Euripides	...	...	Hecuba.

LATIN.

Virgil	...	...	Æneid, Book V.
Livy	...	...	Book XXI.

With passages from Latin authors not prescribed beforehand to be translated into English.

FRENCH.

La Fontaine	...	...	Fables, Books I and II.
Colbeck	French Readings from Roman History, Chaps. VI—XIII (Macmillan's Foreign School Classics).

SANSKRIT.

Kálidás	Raghuvansa, Cantos I—VII.
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PALI.

Jatakas (Fausböll's edition), Vaggo I—IV, pages 95—234.

Dhammapada (Fausboll's edition), the First Bhanavaram, pages 1—35.

BENGALI FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES.

Akshay Kumar Dutt	...	...	Treatise on the Hindu Sects, Introduction to Part II.
Hemchandra Banerjee	...	...	Vritra Sanhára, Part I.

ARABIC.

Selections by Colonel H. S. Jarrett.

PERSIAN.

Selections by Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmad,

HEBREW.

Genesis.

Ruth.

Psalms I—XLI.

ARMENIAN.*Prose.*

I.—Eghishé's History of the Wars of the Vardons (fifth century), Parts I, V, VI, and last ten pages of the Supplement.

II.—A course of reading in classical Armenian for advanced students by Elisha. (Selections from ancient and modern classical authors).

Poetry.

1. Joseph declaring himself to his brothers, pages 117—121.
2. The Mother and Daughter, pages 191—194.
3. The Shepherd and Shepherdess, pages 212—216.

ELEMENTARY PHYSICS.

Ganot Popular Natural Philosophy, 5th edition, Book I, omitting articles 12, 13, 32—35, 49—52, 56, 61—75. Book II, omitting articles 107—110. Book III, omitting articles 124—131, 137—140. Book V, omitting articles 209, 210, 221, 222, 235, 240—242, 252, 260—265, 268—298, 302, 303, 305. Book VI, omitting articles 355, 365—374, 376—378, 381—397. Book VII, omitting articles 405, 407—409. Book VIII, omitting articles 416, 451—461, 488, 500—508, 511, 512, or the corresponding portions of any subsequent edition.

ELEMENTARY CHEMISTRY.

Chemistry of the Non-metals as in Remsen's Elements of Chemistry. (Latest edition).

BOTANY FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES.

Oliver's First Book of Indian Botany; the whole of Part I and Chapter I of Part II, viz., the Elements of Morphology and Physiology of Flowering Plants, the Principles of their natural Classification, and the diagnosis and detailed accounts of the following six natural orders:—

- | | |
|------------------|---------------|
| 1. Malvaceæ. | 4. Urticaceæ. |
| 2. Leguminosæ | 5. Aroidæ |
| 3. Cucurbitaceæ. | 6. Gramineæ. |

HISTORY.

Smith Smaller History of Rome.
Fyffe — ... Primer of the History of Greece.

MATHEMATICS.

Euclid *Hall and Stevens's edition.
Asutosh Mukhopadhyay ... Geometry of Conics, omitting all the propositions marked with an asterisk.

* The notes are to be read as elucidating the text of Euclid, and the additional propositions are to be treated as riders (see Minutes for 1890-91, page 125.)

B. A. EXAMINATION, 1895.

ENGLISH.

PASS COURSE.

Shakespeare.	...	...	Midsummer Night's Dream, Julius Cæsar, King John.
Locke.	...	...	Conduct of the Understanding, (Clarendon Press Series).
Burke. ...	...	...	Regicide Peace, Letters I and II, (Clarendon Press Series).
Cowper.	...	...	Letters, Golden Treasury Series, pages 1—163.
Tennyson.	...	...	The Lady of Shalott, The Palace of Art, The Lotos-eaters, Tithonus, The Lord of Burleigh, The Voyage, The Brook, Ode on the Death of the Duke of Wellington, The Revenge, Demeter and Persephone.
Milton. ...	...	' ...	Lycidas, Il Penseroso, L'Allegro.
Morley. ...	...	...	Life of Burke (English Men of Letters Series).

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Spenser.	...	...	Faery Queene, Book I.
Ascham.	...	...	The Schole-master (omitting Part II.)
Matthew Arnold	...	...	Essays in Criticism, First Series.
Gray. ...	...	...	Poems, edited by John Bradshaw (Macmillan & Co.)

Permanent Subjects.

Earle. ...	...	...	The Philology of the English Tongue.
Shaw. ...	...	...	Outlines of English Literature.

GREEK.

PASS COURSE.

Sophocles.	...	...	Philoctetes; Electra.
Demosthenes.	...	...	De Corona.
Æschines.	...	...	In Ctesiphontem.

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Thucydides.	...	...	Book II.
Euripides.	Bacchæ.
Plato.	Phædo.

Permanent Subject.

Peile.	Primer of Philology.
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LATIN.

PASS COURSE.

Virgil.	Georgics, I, II.
Livy.	Books II, III.
Cicero. ...	—	...	Pro Murena.

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Lucretius. ...	...	...	De Rerum Natura, Books I, II.
Tacitus.	Annals. Books III, IV.
Terence.	Adelphi.

Permanent Subject.

Peile.	Primer of Philology.
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FRENCH FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES.

PASS COURSE.

Racine.	Britannicus, edited by E. Pellissier (Macmillan and Company).
Fenelon. ...	...	...	Adventures de Télémaque, edited by C. J. Delille, Books I—XII (G. Bell and Sons).
Emille de Bonnechose. ...	...	...	Lazare Hoche (Cambridge University Press).

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Molière. ...	...	...	Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme, edited by G. E. Fasnacht (Macmillan and Company).
Corneille. ...	...	...	Polyencte, edited by F. E. Gase (G. Bell and Sons).
Racine. ...	...	...	Athalie, edited by Gustave Masson (Clarendon Press Series).
Augustin Thierry. ...	...	...	Récit des Temps Mérovingiens, edited by Gustave Masson, I—III (Cambridge University Press).
Brachet. ...	...	...	Historical Grammar of the French Language, translated by G. W. Kitchin, (Clarendon Press Series).

HEBREW.

PASS COURSE.

Samuel, I and II. ...	...	...	Psalms, XC—CL.
Chronicles, I and II. ...	...	...	Proverbs.

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Isaiah.	
Ezekiel.	
The history of the Hebrew Language and Literature.	

SANSKRIT.**PASS COURSE.**

Kálidása.	...	...	Kumárasambhava Cantos I—VII.
Mágha.	...	...	Sisupálabadha, Cantos I—II.
Kálidása.	...	...	Sakuntalá, text as fixed in Pandit Iswarchandra Vidyásagar's edition.

HONOUR COURSE.*(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)*

Bhavabhuti,	...	...	Uttararámcharita.
Bháravi.	...	...	Kirátárjuniya, Cantos XIII—XIV.

(Permanent Subject.)

Barada Rája,	Laghukaumudi (Dr Ballantyne's edition, as reprinted by Lazarus & Co., pages 1—282, i.e., to the end of Tinanta).
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ARABIC.**PASS COURSE.**

Tarikh-i-Yamini	The first 50 pages (Delhi edition).
Mustatrif.	The first 50 pages (Egyptian edition).
Hamásah.	...	...	31 pages (Urdu Guide Press).
Diwán-i-Mutanabbi.	...	...	Calcutta edition (pages 283—332, beginning with the Qasidah for Azududdaulah).

HONOUR COURSE.*(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)*

Maqamat-i Hariri...	...	...	The first half.
Tarikh-i-Timúri.	...	...	The whole.
Hamásah.	...	...	84 pages from page 32 (Urdu Guide Press).
Banat Súad.	...	...	The whole.

PERSIAN.**PASS COURSE.**

Selections by Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmad.

HONOUR COURSE.*(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)*

Aklak-i-Jalali.	...	...	The whole.
Hafiz	...	...	The first half, i.e., pages 1—125 (Urdu Guide Press).
Wakai-i-Niamat Khan-i Ali.	...	...	The last half.

PALI.**PASS COURSE.**

Kaccáyana	...	...	Pali Grammar (Senart's edition).
Trenckner's Milinda Panha.	...	...

HONOUR COURSE.*(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)*

Childers.	...	...	Mahaparinibbanasutta.
Whitney.	...	...	Language and the Study of Language.

MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE. PASS COURSE.

Psychology and Ethics.

James Sully.	...	...	Outlines of Psychology, New edition, Revised and largely Re-written, 1892, Parts i—iii.
Martineau.	...	...	Types of Ethical Theory, 3rd edition, Vol. I (Introduction only), Vol. II. omitting book II, branches II and III.

HONOUR COURSE.

Psychology and Ethics.

James Sully.	...	...	Outlines of Psychology, new edition Revised and largely Re-written, 1892.
Martineau.	...	...	Types of Ethical Theory, 3rd edition, Vol. I (Introduction only), Vol. II.

History of Philosophy.

Bacon and Descartes to Reid and Kant.

The following books are recommended :—

Ueberweg.	...	...	History of Philosophy, Vol. II.
Schwegler.	.	...	History of Philosophy.
Fraser....	.	...	Berkely { (Blackwood's Philosophi-
Fraser...	...	...	Locke { cal Classics).

Natural Theology.

Martineau.	Study of Religion, 2nd edition (omitting Book I and Book III, Chapter II).
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Pure Logic.

P. K. Ray.	Text-book of Deductive Logic, including the Appendix, 4th edition.
Ueberweg.	•...	...	System of Logic, and History of Logical Doctrines.

MATHEMATICS.

PASS COURSE.

Loney.	...	...	Elements of Statics and Dynamics.
Maxwell ..	...	...	Matter and Motion, Chapter III, and articles 96, 97.
Besant.	...	...	Elementary Hydrostatics, 14th edition, Chapters I—VII (omitting articles 93, 102, 104, 111—121) and Chapter VIII, articles 133-140, or the corresponding portions of the 15th edition,

(or the corresponding portions of S. B. Mukerjee's Elementary Hydrostatics).

HONOUR COURSE.

Loney. ...	...	...	Elements of Statics and Dynamics.
Maxwell. ...	...	...	Matter and Motion.
Besant. ...	...	...	Elementary Hydrostatics, 14th edition, Chapters I—VII (omitting articles 93, 102, 104, 111—121), and Chapter VIII, articles 133—140, or the corresponding portions of the 15th edition.

(or the corresponding portions of S. B. Mukerjee's Elementary Hydrostatics).

Salmon. ...	...	...	Conic Sections (6th edition), Chapters I—III, V—VIII, to the end of article 116, and X—XIII.
Williamson. ...	...	...	Differential Calculus (6th edition), Chapters I—V, IX, XI—XVIII.
Todhunter. ...	...	...	Integral Calculus, Chapters I—VII.

(or the corresponding portions of Williamson's Integral Calculus).

HISTORY.

PASS COURSE.

History of England.

Green.	Short History of the English People.
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History of India.

Elphinstone.	History of India (Hindu and Mahomedan Periods)
Wheeler. ...	...	...	Short History of India (British Period only).

Histories of Greece and Rome

Smith. ...	...	...	Student's History of Greece.
Liddell.	Student's History of Rome.

Political Economy.

Fawcett.	Manual of Political Economy.
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HONOUR COURSE

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Capes.	The Early Empire.
Capes. ...	...	...	The Age of the Antonines.
Bagehot. ...	...	...	The English Constitution.
Mill. ...	...	...	Political Economy.

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.**PASS COURSE.**

Deschanel.	...	...	Elementary Treatise on Natural Philosophy.
Kolbe.	...	...	Inorganic Chemistry, translated by Humpidge.

*Physics, Chemistry, and the Doctrine of Scientific Method.***HONOUR COURSE.**

Deschanel.	...	...	Elementary Treatise on Natural Philosophy.
S. P. Thompson.	...	...	Elementary Lessons in Electricity and Magnetism.
Tait	...	...	Heat (omitting Chaps. 21 and 22).
Frankland and Japp.	...	...	Inorganic Chemistry (Edition 1884), omitting all the sections printed in small type, and all the parts relating to the following elements:—Zirconium, Thorium, Niobium, Tantalum, Beryllium, Palladium, Iridium, Rhodium, Osmium, Ruthenium, Norwegium, Cerium, Didymium, Lanthanum, Yttrium, Erbium, Terbium, Scandium, Samarium, and Dicipium.
Remsen.	...	...	Organic Chemistry,
Jones.	...	...	Junior Course in Practical Chemistry.
Jevons.	...	...	Principles of Science, 2nd edition (omitting Books I and II).

BIOLOGY.*Physiology and Botany.***PASS COURSE.**

Huxley.	...	...	Elementary Lessons in Physiology.
Huxley and Martin.	...	...	Practical Biology.
Prantl and Vines.	...	...	Text-book of Botany.
Oliver.	...	...	First Book of Indian Botany.

*Physiology and Zoology.***PASS COURSE.**

Huxley.	...	...	Elementary Lessons in Physiology.
Huxley and Martin.	...	...	Practical Biology.
Claus-Sedgwick.	...	...	Elementary Text-book of Zoology, Vol. I, General Part and Special Part, Protozoa to Insecta, Vol. II, Special Part, Mollusca to Man.

Physiology, Botany, Zoology, and the Doctrine of Scientific Method.

HONOUR COURSE.

Huxley. ...	...	...	Elementary Lessons in Physiology.
Huxley and Martin....	...	...	Practical Biology.
Foster. ..	...	...	Text-book of Physiology.
Prantl and Vines. ...	...	...	Text-book of Botany.
Oliver. ...	...	...	First Book of Indian Botany.
Henfrey. ....	...	...	Elementary Course of Botany.
Vines. ...	...	...	Lectures on the Physiology of Plants.
Claus-Sedgwick. ...	...	...	Elementary Text-book of Zoology, Vol. I, General Part and Special Part, Protoza to Insecta, Vol. II, Special Part, Mollusca to Man.
Huxley. ...	...	...	Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrata.
Huxley. ...	...	...	Comparative Anatomy of the Invertebrata.
Jevons. ...	...	...	Principles of Science, 2nd edition (omitting Books I and II).

GEOLOGY.

Geology and Physical Geography.

PASS COURSE.

Geikie. ...	...	...	Class-book of Geology.
Judd. ..	...	...	Volcanoes.
Geikie. ...	...	...	Atlas of Physical Geography.
Mill. ...	...	...	The Realm of Nature (University Extension Manuals).
Oldham. ...	...	...	Manual of the Geology of India.
Cole. ...	...	..	Aids to Practical Geology.

Geology and Mineralogy.

PASS COURSE.

Geikie. ...	...	...	Class-book of Geology.
Rutley. ...	...	...	Rock-forming Minerals.
Cole. ...	...	...	Aids to Practical Geology.
Rutley. ...	...	...	Mineralogy.
Oldham. ...	...	...	Manual of the Geology of India.

Geology, Mineralogy, Physical Geography, and the Doctrine of Scientific Method.

HONOUR COURSE.

Geikie. ...	...	—	Text-book of Geology.
Rutley. ...	...	...	Rock-forming Minerals.
Cole. ..	...	...	Aids to Practical Geology.

Geikie. ...	...	...	Atlas of Physical Geography.
Judd. ...	...	...	Volcanoes.
Mill. ...	...	...	The Realm of Nature.
Rutley. ...	...	...	Mineralogy.
Jevons. ...	...	...	Principles of Science, 2nd edition, omitting Books I and II.
Oldham....	...	...	Manual of the Geology of India.

B. A. EXAMINATION, 1896.

ENGLISH.**PASS COURSE.**

Shakespeare. ...	...	...	The Merchant of Venice, Macbeth, King John.
Burke. ...	...	...	Reflections on the French Revolution.
Landor. ...	...	...	Selections by Sidney Colvin : Nos. 7, 9, 19, 21, 185—251 (Golden Treasury Series).
Tennyson. ...	...	...	The Lady of Shalott, The Palace of Art, The Lotos-eaters, Tithonus, The Lord of Burleigh, The Voyage, The Brook, Ode on the Death of the Duke Wellington, the Re- venge, Demeter and Persephone.
Milton. ...	...	...	Lycidas, Il Penseroso, L'Allegro.
Morley. ...	...	...	Life of Burke (English Men of Letters Series).

HONOUR COURSE.*(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course).*

Spenser. ...	...	...	Faery Queene, Book II.
Sidney. ...	...	...	Apology for Poetry.
Mathew Arnold. ...	...	...	Essays in Criticism, First Series.
Gray. ...	...	...	Poems, edited by John Bradshaw, (Macmillan & Co.).

Permanent subjects.

Earle. ...	...	...	Philology of the English Tongue.
Shaw. ...	...	...	Outlines of English Literature.

GREEK.**PASS COURSE.**

Sophocles. ...	...	...	Philoctetes ; Electra.
Demosthenes. ...	...	...	De Corona.
Æschines. ...	...	...	In Ctesiphontem.

HONOUR COURSE.*(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)*

Thucydides. ...	...	...	Book II.
Euripides. ...	...	...	Bacchæ.
Plato. ...	...	...	Phædo.

Permanent subject.

Peile. ... Primer of Philology.

LATIN.**PASS COURSE.**

Virgil. ... Georgics, I, II.
 Livy. ... Books IV and V.
 Cicero. ... Pro Murena.

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Lucretius. ... De Rerum Natura, Books I, II.
 Tacitus. ... Germania and Agricola.
 Terence. ... Adelphi.

Permanent subject.

Peile. ... Primer of Philology.

FRENCH FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES.**PASS COURSE.**

Racine. ... Britannicus, edited by E. Pellissier,
 (Macmillan & Co.).
 Fenelon. ... Adventures de Télémaque, edited
 by C. J. Delille, Books I—XII,
 (G. Bell and Sons).
 Emile de Bonnechose. ... Lazare Hoche, (Cambridge Univer-
 sity Press).

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Molière. ... Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme, edited
 by G. E. Fasnacht, (Macmillan &
 Co.).
 Corneille. ... Polyencte, edited by F. E. Gase,
 (G. Bell and Sons).
 Racine. ... Athalie, edited by Gustave Masson,
 (Clarendon Press Series).
 Augustin Thierry. ... Récit des Temps Mérovingiens, edit-
 ed by G. Masson, I—III, (Cam-
 bridge University Press).
 Brachet. ... Historical Grammar of the French
 language, translated by G. W.
 Kitchin, (Clarendon Press Series).

HEBREW.**PASS COURSE.**

Samuel, I and II.	|	Psalms, XC—CL.
Chronicles, I and II.	|	Proverbs.

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Isaiah

Ezekiel.

The history of the Hebrew Language and Literature.

SANSKRIT.

PASS COURSE.

Kálidása	...	...	Kumárasambhava, Cantos I—V.
Magha.	...	...	Sisupalabadha, Cantos I—II.
Kálidása.	...	...	Sakuntalá, text as fixed in Pandit Iswarchandra Vidyásagar's edition.

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Bhavabhuti.	..	...	Uttararámcharita.
Bhāravi.	...	..	Kirátárjuniya, Cantos XIII, XIV.

Permanent subject.

Baradá Rāja.	Laghulāumudi, (Dr. Ballantyne's edition, as reprinted by Lazarus & Co., pages 1—282, <i>i.e.</i> , to the end of Tinanta).
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ARABIC.

PASS COURSE.

Tarikh-i-Yamini.	The first 50 pages (Delhi edition)
Mustatrif.	The first 70 pages (Egyptian edition)
Hamāsah.	...	...	31 pages (Urdu Guide Press).
Diwān-i-Mutanabbi.	...	...	Calcutta edition (pages 283—332), beginning with the Qasidah for Azududdaulah.

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Maqamat-i-Hariri.	..	...	The first half.
Tarikh i-Timúri.	...	...	The whole.
Hamāsah.	...	...	84 pages from page 32 (Urdu Guide Press).
Banat Súad.	...	...	The whole.

PERSIAN.

PASS COURSE.

Selections by Shams-ul-Ūlama Maulavi Ahmad.

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Aklak-i-Jnlali.	...	...	The whole.
Hañiz.	...	...	From the beginning up to the end of Radifi Dal. (Urdu Guide Press).
Waḡai-i-Niamat Khan-i-Ali.	...	...	The last half
Masnaviyat of Maulana Rumi.	...	...	From the beginning up to the story of Bazangan and Tuti.

PALI.**PASS COURSE.**

Kaccáyana. ... Pali Grammar (Senart's edition).
 Trenckner's Milinda Panha. ...

HONOUR COURSE.

(In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.)

Childers. ... Mahaparinibbanasutta.
 Whitney. ... Language and the study of Language.

MATHEMATICS.**PASS COURSE.**

Loney. ... Elements of Statics and Dynamics.
 Maxwell. ... Matter and Motion, Chapter III and
 articles 96, 97.
 Besant. ... Elementary Hydrostatics, 14th edi-
 tion, Chapters I—VII (omitting
 articles 93, 102, 104, 111—121)
 and Chapter VIII, articles 133—
 140, or the corresponding portions
 of the 15th edition.

(or the corresponding portions of S. B. Mukerjee's Elementary Hydrostatics.)

HONOUR COURSE.

Loney. ... Elements of Statics and Dynamics.
 Maxwell. ... Matter and Motion.
 Besant. ... Elementary Hydrostatics, 14th edi-
 tion, Chapters I—VII (omitting
 articles 93, 102, 104, 111—121),
 and Chapter VIII, articles 133—
 140, or the corresponding portions
 of the 15th edition

(or the corresponding portions of S. B. Mukerjee's Elementary Hydrostatics.)

Salm n. ... Conic Sections (6th edition), Chap-
 ters, I—III, V—VIII, to the
 end of article 116 and X—XIII.
 Williamson. ... Differential Calculus (6th edition),
 Chapters I—V, IX, XI—XVIII.
 Todhunter. ... Integral Calculus, Chapters I—VII.

(or the corresponding portions of Williamson's Integral Calculus.)

HISTORY**PASS COURSE.***History of England.*

Greene. ... Short History of the English People.

History of India.

Elphinstone. ... History of India (Hindu and Ma-
hommedan Periods).

Wheeler. ... Short History of India (British
Period only).

Histories of Greece and Rome.

Smith. ... Student's History of Greece.

Liddell. ... Student's History of Rome.

Political Economy.

Fawcett. ... Manual of Political Economy.

HONOUR COURSE.

(*In addition to the subjects for the Pass Course.*)

Capes. ... The Early Empire.
Capes. ... The Age of Antonines.
Bagehot. ... The English Constitution.
Mill, ... Political Economy.

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.**PASS COURSE.**

Deschanel. ... Elementary Treatise on Natural
Philosophy.

Kolbe. ... Inorganic Chemistry, translated by
Humpidge.

*Physics, Chemistry and the Doctrine of Scientific Method.***HONOUR COURSE.**

Deschanel. ... Elementary Treatise on Natural
Philosophy.

S. P. Thompson. ... Elementary Lessons on Electricity
and Magnetism.

Tait. ... Heat

Frankland and Japp. ... Inorganic Chemistry (Edition 1884),
omitting all the sections printed
in small type, and all the parts

relating to the following elements:—Zirconium, Thorium, Niobium, Tantalum, Beryllium, Palladium, Iridium, Rhodium, Osmium, Ruthenium, Norwegium, Cerium, Didymium, Lanthanum, Yttrium, Erbium, Terbium, Scandium, Samarium, and Decipium.

Remsen.	...	...	Organic Chemistry.
Jones.	...	...	Junior Course in Practical Chemistry.
Jevons.	...	...	Principles of Science, 2nd edition (omitting Books I and II).

BIOLOGY.

Physiology and Botany.

PASS COURSE.

Huxley.	...	...	Elementary Lessons in Physiology.
Huxley and Martin.	...	...	Practical Biology.
Prantl and Vines.	...	...	Text-book of Botany.
Oliver	...	...	First Book of Indian Botany.

Physiology and Zoology.

PASS COURSE.

Huxley.	...	...	Elementary Lessons in Physiology.
Huxley and Martin.	...	...	Practical Biology.
Claus-Sedgwick.	...	...	Elementary Text-book of Zoology, Vol. I, General Part and Special Part, Protozoa to Insecta, Vol. II. Special Part, Mollusca to Man.

Physiology, Botany, Zoology, and the Doctrine of Scientific Method.

HONOUR COURSE.

Huxley.	...	...	Elementary Lessons in Physiology.
Huxley and Martin.	...	...	Practical Biology.
Foster....	...	...	Text-book of Physiology, last edition, omitting the last part (Supplementary)
Prantl and Vines.	...	...	Text-book of Botany.
Oliver.	...	...	First Book of Indian Botany.
Henfrey.	...	...	Elementary Course of Botany.
Vines.	...	...	Lectures on the Physiology of Plants.
Claus-Sedgwick.	...	...	Elementary Text-book of Zoology, Vol. I, General Part and Special Part, Protozoa to Insecta, Vol. II. Special Part, Mollusca to Man.
Huxley.	...	...	Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrata.
Huxley.	...	...	Comparative Anatomy of the Invertebrata.
Jevons....	...	...	Principles of Science, 2nd edition (omitting Books I and II).

GEOLOGY.*Geology and Physical Geography.***PASS COURSE.**

Geikie.	...	—	Class Book of Geology.
Judd. ...	...	...	Volcanoes.
Mill. ...	...	...	The Realm of Nature (University Extension Manuals).
Oldham.	...	...	Manual of the Geology of India.
Cole. ...	...	...	Aids to Practical Geology.

*Geology and Mineralogy.***PASS COURSE.**

Geikie....	...	..	Class Book of Geology.
Rutley....	...	...	Rock-forming Minerals.
Cole. ....	...	...	Aids to Practical Geology.
Rutley....	...	...	Mineralogy.
Oldham.	...	...	Manual of the Geology of India.

*Geology, Mineralogy, Physical Geography and the Doctrine of Scientific Method.***HONOUR COURSE.**

Geikie....	...	...	Text-book of Geology.
Rutley.	...	...	Rock-forming Minerals.
Cole. ...	...	...	Aids to Practical Geology.
Geikie....	...	...	Atlas of Physical Geography.
Judd. ...	...	...	Volcanoes.
Mill. ...	...	...	The Realm of Nature.
Rutley....	...	...	Mineralogy.
Jevons.	...	...	Principles of Science, 2nd edition, omitting Books I and II.
Oldham.	...	...	Manual of the Geology of India.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894.**ENGLISH.**

Chaucer.	...	...	Tale of the Man of Lawe, &c., &c. (Clarendon Press Series).
Shakespeare.	...	...	Much Ado About Nothing, Antony and Cleopatra, Coriolanus, King Lear.
Marlowe.	...	...	Edward II.
Milton.	...	...	Paradise Regained.
Pope.	...	...	Essay on Man.
Tennyson.	...	...	Queen Mary.
Skeat.	...	...	Plutarch of Shakespeare.
Clarendon.	...	...	History of the Rebellion, Book VI (Clarendon Press).
Sir Thomas Browne.	...	...	Hydriotaphia or Urn Burial.
De Quincey.	...	...	The Cæsars.
George Eliot.	...	...	Scenes from Clerical Life.
Mill.	...	...	Essay on Liberty.
Maine.	...	...	Democracy.

Permanent Subjects.

Morris.	—	—	Historical Outlines of English Accidence.
Smith.	...	...	Student's Manual of the English Language.
Taine.	...	...	History of English Literature, translated by Van Laun.
Dowden.	—	...	Shakespeare: a Critical Study of his Mind and Art.
Sweet.	...	...	Anglo-Saxon Primer.
Sayce.	...	...	Introduction to the Science of Language.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1895.

ENGLISH.

Chaucer.	...	...	Prologue and Knight's Tale.
Shakespeare.	...	...	Much Ado About Nothing, King Lear, Twelfth Night, Cymbeline.
Shakespeare and Fletcher.	...	...	Two Noble Kinsmen.
Milton.	...	...	Paradise Regained.
Pope.	...	...	Essay on Man.
Taylor.	...	...	Philip Van Artevelde.
Milton.	—	...	Areopagitica.
Carlyle.	...	...	On Heroes.
Sir Thomas Browne.	...	...	Hydriotaphia or Urn Burial.
George Eliot.	...	...	Scenes from Clerical Life.
Mill	...	...	Essay on Liberty.
Morley.	...	...	On the Study of Literature.
Holmes.	...	...	Autocrat of the Breakfast Table.

Permanent Subjects.

Morris.	...	...	Historical Outlines of English Accidence.
Smith.	—	...	Student's Manual of the English Language.
Taine.	...	...	History of English Literature translated by Van Laun.
Dowden.	...	...	Shakespeare: a Critical Study of his Mind and Art.
Sweet.	...	...	Anglo-Saxon Primer.
Sayce.	...	...	Introduction to the Science of Language.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1896.

ENGLISH.

Chaucer.	—	...	Prologue and Knight's Tale.
Shakespeare.	...	...	Henry IV, Parts I and II, Twelfth Night, Cymbeline.

Shakespeare and Fletcher.	...	Two Noble Kinsmen.
Milton.	...	Paradise Lost, Books X, XI, XII.
Dryden.	...	Absalom and Achitophel, Annus Mirabilis, Astraea Redux (Chris- tie's Selections, Clarendon Press Series).
Taylor.	...	Philip Van Artevelde.
Milton.	...	Areopagitica.
Carlyle.	...	On Heroes.
Bacon.	...	Advancement of Learning, Books I and II.
George Eliot.	...	Silas Marner.
Morley.	...	On the Study of Literature.
Holmes.	...	Autocrat of the Breakfast Table.

Permanent Subjects.

Morris.	...	Historical Outlines of English Acci- dence.
Smith.	...	Student's Manual of the English Language.
Taine.	...	History of English Literature, trans- lated by Van Laun.
Dowden.	...	Shakespeare: a Critical Study of his Mind and Art.
Sweet.	...	Anglo-Saxon Primer
Sayce.	...	Introduction to the Science of Language.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894, 1895, and 1896.**GREEK.**

Homer.	...	Iliad, Books I—XII.
Pindar.	...	The whole.
Æschylus.	...	Prometheus; Agamemnon; Eume- nides.
Sophocles.	...	Œdipus Tyrannus; Ajax; An- tigone.
Euripides.	...	Hecuba; Medea; Ion.
Aristophanes.	...	Knights; Clouds; Frogs; Birds.
Herodotus.	...	Books II and III, to the end of Chap. LXVI.
Thucydides.	...	Books VI, VII, VIII.
Demosthenes.	...	Orations against Leptines and Meidias, De Falsa Legatione.
Plato	...	Republic; Theætetus.
Aristotle.	...	Politics.

Permanent Subjects.

Sayce.	...	Introduction to the Science of Language.
Mahaffy.	...	History of Classical Greek Litera- ture.

Also passages from authors not prescribed beforehand to be trans-
lated into English.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894, 1895, and 1896.

LATIN.

Virgil.	..	...	...	Bucolics (with the exception of II); Georgics; Æneid, Books I—VI.
Horace.	...	...	...	Odes; Epodes; Satires, I (with the exception of 2 and 8); Epistles, I; De Arte Poetica.
Juvenal.	..	...	...	Satires (except II, VI and IX).
Persius.	...	...	...	Satires.
Lucretius.	...	...	...	Books I, V and VI.
Catullus.	...	...	...	1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 12, 22, 30, 31, 46, 49, 51, 63, 64, 65, 66.
Plautus.	...	...	...	Aulularia; Trinummus.
Terence.	...	...	...	Andria; Heauton Timoroumenos.
Livy.	...	...	...	Books XXI—XXV.
Sallust.	...	...	...	Bellum Catilinarium; Bellum Jugurthinum.
Cicero.	...	...	...	Second Philippic; De Natura Deorum.
Tacitus.	—	...	...	Histories.

Permanent Subjects.

Sayce.	...	..	Introduction to the Science of Language.
Crutwell.	...	...	History of Roman Literature.
Also passages from authors not prescribed beforehand to be translated into English.			

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894, 1895, and 1896.

HEBREW.

Isaiah.
 Jeremiah.
 Ezekiel.
 The Minor Prophets.
 Psalms.
 Proverb.
 Job.
 Ecclesiastes.
 Song of Solomon.
 Daniel.
 Ezra.
 Nehemiah.

Permanent Subjects

Robertson Smith.	...	—	Old Testament in the Jewish Church.
Davidson.	...	...	Introduction to the Old Testament.
Ewald.	..	...	History and Antiquities of Israel.
Sayce.	...	...	Introduction to the Science of Language.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894, 1895, and 1896.

PALI.

Anuruddhā. ...	... Abhidhammatthasangaha.
Theragāthā. ...	... The Ekanipāta, Dukanipāta, and Tikanipāta.
Anguttara-nikāya ...	... The Bālavagga, Rathakāravagga, Puglavagga and Devadūtavagga of the Tikanipāta.
Mahāvanisa. ...	... The first five chapters (parichchedas) Turnour's or Suman-gala's Edition.
Jātakas. ...	... Fausboll's Edition, Vol. II, Dalhavagga, Santhavagga, Kalyāna-dhammavagga.
Kaccāyana. ...	... Pali Grammar (Senart's Edition).
Mahāparinibbānasutta. ...	... (Childer's Edition).
Dhammapada. ...	... The first Bhānavāram (pathamakabhānavāram) with Fausboll's Extracts from Buddha Ghosa's Commentary for this portion of the text.
Burnouf. ...	... Introduction à l'histoire du Bouddhisme Indien.
Spence Hardy. ...	... Manual of Buddhism.
Weber. ...	... History of Indian Literature.
Bigandet. ...	... Legends of Gaudama.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894, 1895, and 1896.

ARABIC.

Prose.

Moquddamai-i-Ibn Khalladūn. ...	... Fifty pages.
Maqamāt-i-Hariri. ...	... The second half.

Poetry.

Hamāsah. ...	} The whole.
Diwān-i-Mutanabbi. ...	
Sabai Muallaqah. ...	

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894, 1895, and 1896.

PERSIAN.

Prose.

Munshi Muhammad Mahdi. ...	Durrai Nādirah.
Shams-uddin Faqir. ...	Hadāiq-ul-Balāghāt.
Saifi. ...	Uruz.
Abu'l Fazl. ...	Akbarnāmah, Vol. I.
Inshai Abu'l Fazl. ...	First Daftar.
Jāmi. ...	Qawafi.

Poetry.

Kháqání.	...	...	Qasáíd.
Khusrau.	...	...	Qiránu-Sádain.
Ferdausí.	...	...	Selections from the Sháhnámah by Colonel Jarrett, Calcutta, 1880.
Hakím Sanái.	...	...	Hadíqah.
Sáib.	...	...	Díwán.
Habib Qáání.	...	...	Qasáíd, 1st half.

Candidates are also required to possess a knowledge of Arabic, to the extent laid down in the course for the First Examination in Arts.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894.

SANSKRIT.

Kálidása.	...	...	Vikramorvasí.
Kálidása.	...	...	Meghadúttá.
Bhavabhúti.	...	...	Maháviracharita.
Súdraka.	...	...	Mrichchhakatika.
Visákhadatta.	...	...	Mudrá Rákshasa.
Bánabhatta.	...	...	Kádambarí, Purvabhága.
Vyasa and Sankara.	...	...	Vedánta Súra and Bháshya, first four Sútras of the 1st Adhyáya, and 1st and 2nd Padas of the 2nd Adhyáya.
Gotama and Visvanátha	...	...	Nyáya Súra and Vritti, Chapters I—IV.
Váchaspati Misra.	...	...	Tattva Kaumudi.
Upanishad.	...	...	Katha, with Sankara Bháshya.
Rigveda.	...	...	Hymns from the Rigveda Sanhitá edited by P. Peterson.
Vyása.	...	...	Bhagavadgítá.
Pánini.	...	...	Vaidika Prakriyá, Káraka and Samása, as contained in Sid- dhánta Kaumudi.
Manu.	...	...	Sanhitá (the whole.)
Mammata Bhatta.	...	...	Kávyá Prakása.

Permanent Subjects.

Max Müller.	...	...	Science of Language, Vols. I—II.
Muir.	...	...	Sanskrit Texts, Vol. V.

Students may take up Cunningham's Corpus Inscriptionum, Vol. I, instead of one of the following groups:—

GROUP I.

Nyáya Súra and Vritti (limited as above.)

GROUP II.

Tattva Kaumudi and Vedánta Súra (limited as above.)

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1895 and 1896.

SANSKRIT.

Kālidāsa...	...	...	Vikramorvasī.
Kālidāsa ...	...	...	Meghadūta.
Bhavabhūti	...	...	Mahāvīracarita.
Sūdraka. ...	...	...	Mṛichchhakatika.
Viśakhadatta.	...	...	Mudrā Rākshasa.
Ānabhāta.	...	...	Kādambarī, Purvabhāga.
Vyāsa and Śāṅkara. ...	...	...	Vedānta Sūtra and Bhāṣya, first four Sūtras of the 1st Adhyāya, and 1st and 2nd Pādas of the 2nd Adhyāya.
Gotama and Viśvanātha.	...	...	Nyāya Sūtra and Vṛitti, Chapters I—IV.
Vāchaspati Miśra. ...	...	...	Tattva Kaumudī.
Upaniṣad.	...	...	Kātha, with Śāṅkara Bhāṣya.
Rīgveda.	...	...	Hymns from the Rīgveda Saṁhita, edited by P. Peterson.
Vyāsa. ...	...	...	Bhagavadgītā.
Pāṇini. ...	...	...	Vaidika Prakriyā, Kāraka and Samāsa, as contained in Siddhānta Kaumudī.
Manu. ...	...	...	Sanhitā (the whole.)
Mammata Bhaṭṭa. ...	...	...	Kāvya Prakāsa.

Permanent Subjects.

Max Müller. ...	...	Science of Language, Vols. I—II.
Muir. ...	...	Sanskrit Texts, Vol. V.

Students may take up the Inscriptions of Asoka instead of one of the following groups :—

GROUP I.

Nyāya Sūtra and Vṛitti (limited as above).

GROUP II.

Tattva Kaumudī and Vedānta Sūtra (limited as above).

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894 and 1895.

HISTORY.

- (a) No text-books.
- (b) Hallam. ... Middle Ages, Chap. VIII, part 3 and notes.
- Hallam. ... Constitutional History of England.
- Erskine May. ... Constitutional History of England.
- (c) As a period :—
- The History of Europe during the 16th century.
- Hume. ... History of England.
- Froude. ... History of England.
- Robertson. ... Charles V.
- Prescott. ... Philip II.
- Motley. ... Rise of the Dutch Republic.

(d) Guizot.	...	...	History of Civilisation.
Mill.	...	...	Representative Government.
Austin.	...	...	Jurisprudence, Lectures V and VI.
Wheaton.	...	...	International Law, Parts I and II.
(e) Sidgwick.	...	...	Principles of Political Economy.
Mill.	...	...	Political Economy.
Leone Levi.	...	...	History of British Commerce.
Adam Smith.	...	...	Wealth of Nations.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894.

MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE.

Ueberweg.	...	...	History of Philosophy (omitting the 1st and 2nd periods of the Philosophy of the Christian era and the appendices).
Caird.	...	...	The Critical Philosophy of Kant. (1889).
Berkeley.	...	...	Fraser's Selections from Berkeley, 3rd edition.
Hamilton.	...	...	Lectures in Metaphysics, Dissertations in his edition of Reid's works.
Sully.	...	...	The Human Mind.
Mill.	...	...	Logic, Examination of Hamilton's Philosophy.
Jevons.	...	...	Principles of Science, 2nd edition.
Ueberweg.	...	...	System of Logic and History of Logical Doctrines.
Butler.	...	...	Dissertations on Virtue, Sermons I, II, III.
Sidgwick.	...	...	Method of Ethics, 4th edition.
Martineau.	...	...	Types of Ethical Theory, 3rd edition.

Natural Theology.

Caird.	—	...	Introduction to the Philosophy of Religion.
Martineau.	...	...	Study of Religion, 2nd edition.
Max Müller.	...	...	Hibbert Lectures on the Origin and Growth of Religion as illustrated by the Religions of India,

or

Evidences of Christianity.

Butler.	...	...	Analogy.
Paley.	...	...	Evidences of Christianity.
Gore.	—	...	The Incarnation of the Son of God.
Macdonald.	...	...	Papers on the Bible, omitting the following:—III, V, VIII, and XIII.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894.

MATHEMATICS.

Chrystal. ...	...	...	Algebra, Part II.
Hobson. ...	...	...	Plane Trigonometry.
Burnside and Panton.	...	...	Theory of Equations, Chaps. I—XII.
Salmon. ...	...	...	Conic Sections.
Smith. ...	...	...	Solid Geometry.
Williamson.	...	...	Differential Calculus.
Williamson.	...	...	Integral Calculus.
Greenhill.	...	...	A Chapter in the Integral Calculus.
Forsyth. ...	...	...	Differential Equations, Chapters I—IV, VIII, IX.
Minchin. ...	...	...	Statics, articles 1—218, 235—241, 259—279, 297—301, 315—347.
Williamson and Tarleton.	...	...	Dynamics, Chapters I—VIII.
Besant. ...	...	...	Hydromechanics, Part I (Hydrostatics).
Basset. ...	...	...	Elementary Treatise on Hydrodynamics and Sound, Chaps. I, II, IV, V.
Heath. ...	...	...	Optics.
Casey. ...	...	...	Spherical Trigonometry, Chaps. I, II, V, IX.
Thomson and Tait	...	...	Elements of Natural Philosophy, Division I.
Godfray. ...	...	...	Astronomy.
Newton. ...	...	...	Principia, Sections I, II, III.
Routh. ...	...	...	Rigid Dynamics, articles 1—18, 24, 48—50, 66—213.

(or the corresponding portions of Williamson and Tarleton's Dynamics.)

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1895.

MATHEMATICS.

Hall and Knight.	...	...	Higher Algebra.
Hobson. ...	...	...	Plane Trigonometry.
Burnside and Panton.	...	...	Theory of Equations, Chaps. I—XII.
Salmon. ...	...	...	Conic Sections.
Smith. ...	...	...	Solid Geometry.
Williamson.	...	...	Differential Calculus.
Williamson.	...	...	Integral Calculus.
Greenhill.	...	...	A Chapter in the Integral Calculus.
Forsyth. ...	...	...	Differential Equations, Chapters I—IV, VIII, IX.
Minchin. ...	...	...	Statics, articles 1—218, 235—241, 259—279, 297—301, 315—347.
Williamson and Tarleton.	...	...	Dynamics, Chapters I—VIII.
Besant. ...	...	...	Hydromechanics, Part I (Hydrostatics).
Basset. ...	...	...	Elementary Treatise on Hydrodynamics and Sound, Chaps. I, II, IV, V.

Heath. ...	...	...	Optics.
Casey. ...	...	...	Spherical Trigonometry, Chaps. I, II, V, IX.
Thomson and Tait, ...	...	...	Elements of Natural Philosophy, Division I.
Godfray. ...	...	...	Astronomy.
Newton. ...	...	...	Principia, Sections I, II, III.
Routh, ...	...	...	Rigid Dynamics, articles 1-18, 24, 48-50, 66-213.

(or the corresponding portions of Williamson and Tarleton's Dynamics).

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1894.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

A.—CHEMISTRY.

Roscoe and Schorlemmer. ...	...	...	Treatise on Chemistry, Vols. I and II, Parts I and II.
Watts. ...	...	...	Fownes's Organic Chemistry, edited by Watts.
Frankland. ...	...	...	Lecture Notes for Chemical Students, Vol. II, Organic Chemistry.
Valentin. ...	...	...	Qualitative Chemical Analysis.
Thorpe. ...	...	...	Quantitative Chemical Analysis.
Meyer. ...	...	...	Modern Theories of Chemistry, Parts I and II.

B.—HEAT, ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM AS PRINCIPAL SUBJECTS,
WITH LIGHT AND SOUND AS SUBSIDIARY SUBJECTS.*Principal Subjects.*

Mascart and Joubert.	Electricity and Magnetism, Vol. I.
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or

Maxwell's Electricity and Magnetism, 2nd Edition.	Vol. I. Preliminary, 1-17, 19, 21-24.
	Part I. Chapters I, II 63-77, 80—end, III, IV 95a-96a, 98-99b, 101a-101d, V, VI, VII, VIII, XI 155-164, XIII.
	Part II. Chapters I, II, III, IV, V, VI, IX 315-318, X 325-327, 331-334, XI, XII.
	Vol. II.
	Part III. Chapters I, 371-386, 389-390, 393-394, II, III 407-416, 423, IV, V 437-441, VI, VII 449-451, 453, 455-464, VIII 465.
	Part IV. Chapters I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII 585-598, 602-603, IX 604-617, X, XI, XIII 682-688, XV 721-729, XVI 730, 749, XVII, XVIII 758-761, 763-767, XIX 768-778, 780, XX, XXI 806-821, 831, XXII.

Maxwell.	...	...	Elementary Treatise on Electricity.
Faraday.	...	...	Experimental Researches in Electricity, Vol. I.
Clausius.	...	...	Mechanical Theory of Heat.
Maxwell.	...	...	Theory of Heat, 5th edition, omitting pages 195—208.
Fourier.	...	...	Theory of Heat, Chaps. I and II.
Stewart and Gee.	...	...	Practical Physics, Vol. II.
Glazebrook and Shaw.	...	...	Practical Physics, Chapters VIII—XIII (omitting section 31).

Subsidiary Subject.

Daniell.	Text-book of the Principles of Physics, 1st edition, Chap. V, pages 74—133; Chaps. XIV and XV, or corresponding chapters of 2nd edition.
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C.—LIGHT AND SOUND AS PRINCIPAL SUBJECTS, WITH HEAT, ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM AS SUBSIDIARY SUBJECTS.*Principal Subjects.*

Preston.	...	...	Theory of Light.
Heath.	...	...	Elementary Treatise on Geometrical Optics.
Helmholtz.	...	...	Sensations of Tone, Introduction, and Chapters I—VIII.
Everett.	...	...	Vibratory Motion and Sound.
Donkin.	...	...	Acoustics, omitting Appendix to Chapter IV, Appendix to Chapter VI, and articles 125, 131—135, 138—155, 162—214.
Glazebrook and Shaw.	..	...	Practical Physics, Chapters VIII—XX.

Subsidiary Subject.

Daniell.	Text-book of the Principles of Physics, Chapters VII, XIII and XVI, 1st edition, or corresponding chapters of the 2nd edition.
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D.—BOTANY.

Asa Gray.	Structural Botany.
Sachs.	Text-book of Botany (translated by Bennet and Dyer).
Balfour.	...	...	Palæontological Botany.

Nicholson.	...	...	Manual of Palæontology, Vol. II, Chapters on Palæobotany.
Roxburgh.	...	...	Flora Indica, Clarke's Edition (for reference in identifying Indian plants).
Sachs.	...	...	Physiology of Plants, translated by Ward (1887).

E.—PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY.

Gegenbauer.	...	...	Elements of Comparative Anatomy, translated by Bell.
Gamgee.	...	...	Physiological Chemistry of the Animal Body.
Claus-Sedgwick.	...	...	Text-book of Zoology.
Balfour.	...	...	Comparative Embryology.
Darwin.	...	...	Origin of Species.

F.—GEOLOGY AND MINERALOGY.

Geikie.	...	...	Text-book of Geology.
Nicholson.	...	...	Palæontology.
Blanford.	...	...	Sketch of the Geology of India (being the Introduction to the Manual of the Geology of India).
Dana.	...	...	Text-book of Mineralogy.
Rutley.	...	...	The Study of Rocks.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1895.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

A.—CHEMISTRY.

Roscoe and Schorlemmer	...	...	Treatise on Chemistry, Vols. I and II, Parts I and II.
Richter	...	...	Organic Chemistry, translated by Smith. The portions in large type to be considered of special importance, and the portions in small type of subsidiary importance, and of these portions only a general knowledge to be required.
Frankland	...	...	Lecture Notes for Chemical Students—Vol. II, Organic Chemistry.
Valentin	...	...	Qualitative Chemical Analysis.
Thorpe...	...	...	Quantitative Chemical Analysis.
Meyer ..	...	...	Outlines of Theoretical Chemistry.

B.—HEAT, ELECTRICITY, AND MAGNETISM AS PRINCIPAL
SUBJECTS, WITH LIGHT AND SOUND AS
SUBSIDIARY SUBJECTS.

Principal Subjects.

		(Vol. I—Preliminary—1-17, 19, 21-24. Part I—Chapters—I, II—63-77, 80—end, III, IV—95a-96a, 98-99b, 101a-101d, V, VI, VII, VIII, XI—155-164; XIII. Part II—Chapters I, II, III, IV, V, VI, IX—315-318; X—325-327, 331-334; XI, XII. Vol. II. Part III—Chapters I, 371-386, 389-390, 393-394; II, III—407, 416, 423; IV, V—437-441; VI, VII—449-451, 453, 455-464; VIII, 465. Part IV—Chapters I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII—585-598, 602-603; IX— 604-617; X, XI, XIII—682-688; XV —721-729; XVI—730-749; XVII, XVIII—758-761, 763-767; XIX—768- 778, 780; XX, XXI—806-821, 831; XXII.)
Maxwell's Electricity and Magnetism, 2nd Edition.		...
Faraday	...	... Experimental Researches in Elec- tricity, Vol. I.
Clausius	...	... Mechanical Theory of Heat.
Maxwell	...	... Theory of Heat, 5th edition, omit- ting pages 195--208.
Fourier	...	... Theory of Heat, Chapters I and II.
Stewart and Gee	...	... Practical Physics, Vol. II.
Glazebrook and Shaw	...	... Practical Physics, Chapters, VIII —XIII (omitting section 31).

Subsidiary Subject.

Daniell Text-book of the Principles of Physics, 1st edition, Chap. V, pages 74—133; Chaps. XIV and XV, or corresponding chapters of 2nd edition.
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C.—LIGHT AND SOUND AS PRINCIPAL SUBJECTS, WITH
HEAT, ELECTRICITY, AND MAGNETISM AS
SUBSIDIARY SUBJECTS.

Principal Subjects.

Preston	...	... Theory of Light.
Heath	...	... Elementary Treatise on Geometrical Optics.
Helmholtz	...	... Sensations of Tone, Introduction, and Chapters I—VIII.
Everett	...	... Vibratory Motion and Sound.

- Donkin Acoustics, omitting Appendix to Chapter IV, Appendix to Chapter VI, and articles 125, 131—135, 138—155, 162—214.
- Glazebrook and Shaw ... Practical Physics, Chapters VIII—XX.

Subsidiary Subject.

- Daniell — ... Text-book of the Principles of Physics, Chapters VII, XIII and XVI, 1st edition, or corresponding chapters of the 2nd edition.

D.—BOTANY.

- Asa Gray. Structural Botany.
- Sachs. Text-book of Botany (translated by Bennet and Dyer).
- Balfour. Palæontological Botany.
- Nicholson. Manual of Palæontology, Vol. II, Chapters on Palæobotany.
- Roxburgh. Flora Indica, Clarke's Edition (for reference in identifying Indian plants).
- Sachs Physiology of Plants, translated by Ward (1887.)

E.—PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY.

- Gegenbauer — ... Elements of Comparative Anatomy, translated by Bell.
- Gamgee. — ... Physiological Chemistry of the Animal Body.
- Claus-Sedgwick. Text-book of Zoology.
- Balfour. Comparative Embryology.
- Darwin. Origin of Species.

F.—GEOLOGY AND MINERALOGY.

- Geikie. Text-book of Geology.
- Nicholson. Palæontology.
- Blanford. Sketch of the Geology of India (being the Introduction to the Manual of the Geology of India).
- Dana. Text-book of Mineralogy.
- Rutley. The Study of Rocks.

M. A. EXAMINATION, 1896.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

A.—CHEMISTRY.

- Roscoe and Schorlemmer. ... Treatise on Chemistry, Vols. I and II, Parts I and II.

Richter.	...	...	Organic Chemistry, translated by Smith. The portions in large-type to be considered of special importance, and the portions in small type of subsidiary importance, and of these portions only a general knowledge to be required.
Frankland,	...	...	Lecture Notes for Chemical Students—Vol. II, Organic Chemistry.
Valentin,	...	...	Qualitative Chemical Analysis.
Thorpe.	...	...	Quantitative Chemical Analysis.
Meyer....	...	...	Outlines of Theoretical Chemistry.

D.—BOTANY.

Asa Gray.	...	...	Structural Botany.
Sachs. ...	...	...	Text-book of Botany (translated by Bennet and Dyer).
Balfour.	...	...	Palæontological Botany.
Roxburgh.	...	...	Flora Indica, Clarke's Edition (for reference in indentifying Indian plants).
Sachs....	...	...	Physiology of Plants, translated by Ward (1887).
Bower....	...	...	Practical Botany.

E.—PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY.

Gegenbauer.	...	...	Elements of Comparative Anatomy, translated by Bell.
Gamgee.	...	...	Physiological Chemistry of the Animal Body.
Claus-Sedgwick.	...	...	Text-book of Zoology.
Balfour.	...	...	Comparative Embryology.
Darwin.	...	...	Origin of Species.

F.—GEOLOGY AND MINERALOGY.

Geikie.	... •	...	Text-book of Geology.
Nicholson and Lydekker.	...	...	Palæontology.
Oldham.	...	...	Manual of the Geology of India.
Dana. ...	...	...	Text-book of Mineralogy.
Rutley.	...	...	The Study of Rocks.

(ii.) LAW.

B. L. EXAMINATION, 1894.

I. The Principles of Jurisprudence; the History and Constitution of the Courts of Law and Legislative Authorities in India.	Maine's Ancient Law; Markby's Elements of Law (third edition); Student's Austin's Jurisprudence by Campbell, omitting Parts II and III; Cowell's Tagore Law Lectures, 1872.
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2. The Law relating to Persons in their Public and Private Capacities, including the Law of Testamentary Succession.

Stephen's Blackstone, Book I, Book III, Chapters 1—4, Book IV, Part I, Chapters 2 and 6; Act IX of 1875 (Majority); Act VIII of 1890 (Guardians and Wards); Act IX of 1879 (B. C.), Parts I, II, and VII; Act III of 1881 (B. C.) (Court of Wards); Act III of 1872 (Civil Marriage); Act X of 1865 (Succession Act) except Parts III—V, XXX, XXXI, and XXXV—XL; Act XXI of 1870 (Hindu Wills Act) except the portions of the Indian Succession Act omitted from the study of that Act; Act V of 1881 (Probate); Act VII of 1889 (Succession Certificate); Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage, Chapter XI (Wills); Ameer Ali's Students' Manual of Mahomedan Law, Part II, Chapter III (Wills).

3. The Law of Property, including the Law relating to Land Tenures and the Revenue Laws.

Stephen's Blackstone, Book II, Introduction, and Part I, Chapters 3—9, 15, 16, 20, and 23, and Book II, Part II, Chapters 1, 2, and 4; Regulations I, VIII, XIX (Sections 1—7), and XXXVII (Sections 1—6, 10, 12, 15) of 1793; Regulation VIII of 1819; Regulation XI of 1825; Act XI of 1850, omitting Sections 4, 16, 40—52, and 56—62; Act VII of 1880 (B.C.); Act XIX of 1873, Sections 146, 150, and 166—168; Act VIII of 1885, omitting Sections, 2, 31—36, 39, 56—60, 62—64, 69—71, 76—83, 93—158, and 186—196; Act XII of 1881, Sections 1—23; Act VIII of 1876 (B. C.), Sections 8—16, 87—98.

4. The Law of Property, including the Laws of Transfer, Prescription, and Pre-emption.

Act IV of 1882 (Transfer of Property Act); Act III of 1877 (Registration Act); Act XV of 1877, Sections 26—28 (Prescription); Upendranath Mitra's Indian Law of Prescription and Easements; Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage, Chapter XII (Religious and Charitable Endowments); Ameer Ali's Students' Manual of Mahomedan Law, Part II, Chapters I, II, IV, and V (Gift, *Wakf*, Pre-emption, and Sale); Snell's Principles of Equity, Part I, Part II, Chapters I—VI.

5. The Law of Contracts and Torts.

Stephen's Blackstone, Book II, Part II, Chapter V, Pollock's Law of Torts Chapters 1—5, 7, and 9—10; Act IX of 1872; Act I of 1877, Snell's Equity, Part III, Chapters I—VI.

6. The Law of Crimes and Criminal Procedure.

The Indian Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860), the whole of Chapters 1—5, and such portions of Chapters 6—23 as do not relate exclusively to the amount of punishment to be inflicted for an offence; The Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1882) except Parts 5, 8, and Chapters 38—40, 42—43, and 46.

7. The Law of Civil Procedure, including the Law of Evidence and the Law of Limitation.

Best's Principles of the Law of Evidence, Introduction Book I and Book IV; The Code of Civil Procedure (Act XIV of 1882), Chapters 1—12, 15—22, 30—31, 33, 35—37, 40—43, 45—47; The Evidence Act (Act I of 1872) The Limitation Act (Act XV of 1877), omitting Schedule II.

8. The Hindu Law and the Mahomedan Law (with the exception of parts already included), and the Law of Intestate Succession.

Mitakshara, Chapter I, Sections I—V, Chapter II, Sections I—X; Dayabhaga, Chapters I, II, V, XI; Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage, omitting Chapters 1—4, 6—7, 11—12, 13, 20, and 21; Jogindranath Siromani's Commentaries on Hindu Law, Chapters 1, 2, 3, 11, and 12; Sirajiya (except the details as to succession of distant kindred); Ameer Ali's Students' Manual of Mahomedan Law, Part I; Act X of 1865 (Succession Act), Parts—III—V.

NOTE.—*In the list of text-books for the B. L. examination, when any Act is named, it is to be understood to mean that Act with all subsequent amendments.*

B. L. EXAMINATION, 1895.

1. The Principles of Jurisprudence; the History and Constitution of the Courts of Law and Legislative Authorities in India.

Maine's Ancient Law; Markby's Elements of Law (third edition); Student's Austin's Jurisprudence by Campbell, omitting Parts II and III; Cowell's Tagore Law Lectures, 1872.

2. The Law relating to Persons in their Public and Private Capacities, including the Law of Testamentary Succession.

Stephen's Blackstone, Book I, Book III, Chapters 1—4, Book IV, Part I, Chapters 2 and 6; Act IX of 1875 (Majority); Act VIII of 1890 (Guardians and Wards); Act IX of 1879 (B.C.) Parts I, II, and VII; Act III of 1881 (B.C.) (Court of Wards); Act III of 1872 (Civil Marriage); Act X of 1865 (Succession Act), except Parts III—V, XXX, XXXI, and XXXV—XL, Act XXI of 1870 (Hindu Wills Act), except the portions of the Indian Succession Act omitted from the study

of that Act; Act V of 1881 (Probate); Act VII of 1889 (Succession Certificate); Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage, Chapter XI (Wills); Ameer Ali's Students' Manual of Mahomedan Law, Part II, Chapter III (Wills).

3. The Law of Property, including the Law relating to Land Tenures and the Revenue Laws.

Stephen's Blackstone, Book II, Introduction, and Part I, Chapters 3—9, 15, 16, 20, and 23, and Book II, Part II, Chapters 1, 2, and 4; Regulations I, VIII, XIX (Sections 1—7), and XXXVII (Sections 1—6, 10, 12, 15) of 1793; Regulation VIII of 1819; Regulation XI of 1825; Act XI of 1859, omitting Sections 4, 16, 40—52, and 56—62; Act VII of 1880 (B.C.); Act VIII of 1885, omitting Sections 2, 31—36, 39, 56—60, 62—64, 69—71, 76—83, 93—158, and 186—196; Act VIII of 1876 (B.C.), Sections 8—16, 87—98; Act IV of 1893 (Partition Act).

4. The Law of Property, including the Laws of Transfer, Prescription, and Pre-emption.

Act IV of 1882 (Transfer of Property Act); Act III of 1877 (Registration Act), Part I, Section 3, Parts III, IV, VI, X and XII; Act XV of 1877, Sections 26—28 (Prescription); Upendranath Mitra's Indian Law of Prescription and Easements; Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage, Chapter XII (Religious and Charitable Endowments); Ameer Ali's Students' Manual of Mahomedan Law, Part II, Chapters I, II, IV, and V (Gift, *Wakf*, Pre-emption, and Sale); Snell's Principles of Equity, Part I, Part II, Chapters I—VI.

5. The Law of Contracts and Torts.

Stephen's Blackstone, Book II, Part II, Chapter V; Pollock's Law of Torts, Chapters 1—5, 7, and 9—10; Act IX of 1872; Act I of 1877; Snell's Equity, Part I, Chapters I—VI.

6. The Law of Crimes and Criminal Procedure.

The Indian Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860), the whole of Chapters 1—5 and such portions of Chapters 6—23 as do not relate exclusively to the amount of punishment to be inflicted for an offence; The Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1882), except Parts 5, 8, and Chapters 38—40, 42—43, and 46.

7. The Law of Civil Procedure, including the Law of Evidence and the Law of Limitation.

Best's Principles of the Law of Evidence, Introduction, Book I and Book IV; The Code of Civil Procedure (Act XIV of 1882), Chapters 1—12, 15—22, 30—31, 33, 35—37, 40—43, 45—47; The Evidence Act (Act I of 1872); The Limitation Act (Act XV of 1877), omitting Schedule II.

8. The Hindu Law and the Mahomedan Law (with the exception of parts already included), and the Law of Intestate Succession.

Mitakshara, Chapter I, Sections I—V, Chapter II, Sections I—X; Dayabhaga, Chapters I, II, V, XI; Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage, omitting Chapters 6—7, 11—12 and 13; Sirajiya (except the details as to succession of distant kindred); Ameer Ali's Students' Manual of Mahomedan Law, Part I; Act X of 1865 (Succession Act), Part III—V.

NOTE.—*In the list of text-books for the B. L. Examination, when any Act is named, it is to be understood to mean that Act with all subsequent amendments.*

HONOUR EXAMINATION IN LAW, 1894.

The following books are recommended :—

1. Jurisprudence.

Austin's Jurisprudence.

Bentham's Theory of Legislation.

Sir H. S. Maine's Village Communities.

————— Ancient Law.

Story's Conflict of Laws.

Kent's or Wolsey's International Law.

Sandar's Institutes of Justinian.

2. Hindu Law.

Manu

Yajnavalkya.

Mitakshara.

Vivadachintamani.

Vyavahara Mayukha.

Smriti Chandrika.

Dayabhaga.

Dattaka Mimansa.

Dattaka Chandrika.

Strange's Hindu Law.

Macnaghten's Principles of Hindu Law.

Mayne's Hindu Law.

} The portions relating to inheritance and partition.

3. Mahomedan Law.

Sirajiya.

Baillie's Digest of Mahomedan Law (Sunni and Shia.)

Ameer Ali's Personal Law of the Mahomedans.

Shama Charan's Tagore Law Lectures.

4. *The Law of Mortgage.*

The Transfer of Property Act.

5. *Law of Succession.*

The Indian Succession Act.

The Hindu Wills Act.

The Probate Act.

The Parsi Succession Act.

Walker and Elgood's Law of Executors and Theobald's Law of Wills.

6. *The Law of Limitation and Prescription.*

The Limitation Act.

Gale on Easements.

7. *The Law relating to the Purchase and Sale of Immovable Property including Sales for Arrears of Rent and Revenue.*

Sugden or Dart on Vendors and Purchasers.

The Transfer of Property Act.

The Acts and Regulations relating to Sales for Arrears of Rent and Revenue.

8. *The Law relating to Land Tenures.*

Phillips's Tagore Law Lectures.

Field's Regulations of the Bengal Code, Introduction.

9. *The Law of Trust, including the Law relating to Endowments.*

Lewin on Trusts.

Agnew's Tagore Law Lectures.

10. *The Law of Contracts and Torts.*

Pollock on Contracts.

Pollock on Torts.

Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881.

Chalmer's Bills of Exchange.

HONOUR EXAMINATION IN LAW, 1895.

The following books are recommended :—

1. *Jurisprudence.*

Austin's Jurisprudence.

Bentham's Theory of Legislation.

Sir H. S. Maine's Village Communities.

— Ancient Law.

Kent's or Wolsey's International Law.

Sander's Institutes of Justinian.

2. *Hindu Law.*

Manu.

Jajnavalkya.

Mitakshara.

Vivadachintamani.

Vyavahara Mayukha.

Smriti Chandrika.

Dayabhaga.

Dattaka Mimansa.

Dattaka Chandrika.

Mayne's Hindu Law.

} The portions relating to inheritance and partition

3. *Mahomedan Law.*

Sirajjiya.

Baillie's Digest of Mahomedan Law (Sunni and Shia.)

Ameer Ali's Personal Law of the Mahomedans.

Shama Charan's Tagore Law Lectures.

4. *The Law of Mortgage.*

The Transfer of Property Act.

5. *Law of Succession.*

The Indian Succession Act.

The Hindu Wills Act.

The Probate Act.

The Parsi Succession Act.

Walker and Elgood's Law of Executors, and Theobald's Law of Wills.

6. *The Law of Limitation and Prescription.*

The Limitation Act.

Gale on Easements.

7. *The Law relating to the Purchase and Sale of Immovable Property including Sales for Arrears of Rent and Revenue.*

Sugden or Dart on Vendors and Purchasers.

The Transfer of Property Act.

The Acts and Regulations relating to Sales for arrears of Rent and Revenue.

8. *The Law relating to Land Tenures.*

Phillips's Tagore Law Lectures.

Field's Regulations of the Bengal Code, Introduction.

9. *The Law of Trust, including the Law relating to Endowments.*

Lewin on Trusts.

Agnew's Tagore Law Lectures.

10. *The Law of Contracts and Torts.*

Pollock on Contracts.

Pollock on Torts.

Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881.

Chalmer's Bills of Exchange.

(iii.) MEDICINE.

FOR THE PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC L. M. S. AND M. B. EXAMINATIONS.

(See Regulations; Preliminary Scientific L. M. S., para. 2. Preliminary Scientific M. B., para. 2.)

Elementary Anatomy, Histology, and Physiology of flowering plants; the principles of Hooker and Bentham's system of classification of plants; a detailed account of eight* natural orders which are specially important in Bengal.

The following eight natural orders have been fixed:—

Anonacæ.	Urticacæ.
Leguminosæ.	Palmeæ.
Rubiaceæ.	Aroidæ.
Solanacæ.	Graminæ.

* To be notified from time to time by the Syndicate. See Preliminary Scientific L. M. S. and M. B. Regulations, para. 6.

IX.

UNIVERSITY LIBRARY.

Babu Joykissen Mookerjee, of Ooterpara, made a donation of Rs 5,000 to the University, on the 20th July, 1869, for the purpose of forming a Library. The amount was invested in four per cent. securities till the completion of the University building.

In 1874, the sum of Rs 3,500 was added to the Library Fund from the surplus income of the University of that year; and the Syndicate, having thus at their disposal more than Rs 9,000, appointed a Committee to report on the steps it was advisable to take to form a Library. The Committee reported (see Minutes, Vol. XVIII, page 22) that they thought "it desirable to begin with procuring such books as shall render the Calcutta University Library *Supplementary to other Libraries now existing in Calcutta.*" The general principles laid down by the Committee, and the mode of procedure they proposed for adoption, were approved by the Syndicate; and further transfers have, from year to year, been made to the Library Fund from the surplus income of the University. Several instalments of books have been received, and the Library now contains, besides English works of reference, and the chief authorities on Indian antiquities, fairly complete sets of the Sanskrit, Arabic, Latin, French, and German classics. The following Regulations have been approved by the Syndicate :—

Regulations for the Management of the University Library.

1. (a.) The Library shall be under the management of a Committee consisting of not less than five members, one of whom shall be appointed annually by the Syndicate. The Registrar shall be *ex-officio* Librarian and Secretary of the Committee.

(b.) Members of the Committee, who may leave India during their year of office, with the intention of not returning before the end of their time of office, shall be considered to have vacated their membership.

(c.) Vacancies which may be caused by the retirement or departure of Members, or otherwise, at any time during their year of office, shall be reported to the Syndicate who may then, at their discretion, nominate other Fellows to the office vacated.

(d.) The Syndicate may at any time, at their discretion, appoint additional Members to the Committee.

2. (a.) It shall be competent to the Committee to make such bye-laws, rules and arrangements, as they may think fit, for holding meetings and generally for conducting the business pertaining to their office, provided that all such rules and arrangements are consistent

with the provisions of the Act of Incorporation, the Bye-laws of the University, and with these present Regulations.

(b.) The Committee shall decide on the purchase of books with the money placed at their disposal for that purpose by the Syndicate.

(c.) The Committee shall establish a regular and authentic record of all books borrowed from the Library and returned to it, together with the names of borrowers, the dates of borrowing and returning, and such further details as they may deem advisable

3. The Library is for the use of Resident Fellows of the University, and they alone have the privilege to use it, subject to the present Regulations and to such further rules and orders as may be agreed to by the Library Committee under Regulation 2 (a.)

4. (a.) Persons residing in Calcutta, not being Fellows of the University, may receive special permission from the Syndicate to use the library for the purpose of Literary research. Such permission will be granted only on the recommendation of the Library Committee.

(b.) In recommending any person to the Syndicate under this Regulation, the Library Committee shall specify in writing for the information of the Syndicate, the grounds on which they base their recommendation.

(c.) Persons not being Fellows of the University may consult the Library for the purpose of literary research, without removing the books from the Library between the hours of half-past ten A.M. and half-past three P.M. on the written recommendation of a Member of the Library Committee to the Librarian, but not otherwise.

5. (a.) Subject to the exceptions specified in Regulation 7, Fellows and other persons allowed to use the Library under Regulation 4 (a) may borrow and temporarily remove such books as they may require, provided that one person shall not at one and the same time have more than ten volumes in his possession on loan from the Library. In this Regulation the term "volumes" shall include pamphlets and parts of works separately sewn.

(b.) No book shall be issued and delivered except to the authorised borrower in person, or to some one having written authority from him to receive it on behalf of the authorised borrower.

(c.) Every volume borrowed shall be returned to the Library within two calendar months of the date on which it was removed from the Library. In case any borrower fails to return any book within this period, a notice shall be sent to him by the Librarian calling for the return of the book.

(d.) If a book called for under the previous section be not returned within one week after the receipt of the Librarian's notice, the person who has borrowed the book from the Library shall be subject to a fine of one Rupee for each volume so retained, and to a further fine of an equal amount for each additional week that he may retain it after the expiration of the second week.

(e.) Subject to the provisions of Regulations 6, 7, 8 and 9, a book returned to the Library may be again borrowed by the same person, provided that no other Fellow or person entitled to use the Library has lodged with the Librarian an application for the same work. If such application has been made, the book may not be taken out by the original borrower until returned by the second applicant.

6. The privilege of any Fellow or other person to use the Library shall be suspended, so long as he retains any book which, under these Regulations, he is not entitled to retain, or so long as he leaves unpaid any fine which may have been imposed on him under Regulations 5, 8, and 9.

7. (a.) Books which are valuable on account of their rarity or which belong to a series, and which being out of print it may be difficult or impossible to replace if lost, or books required for constant reference, shall not be removed from the Library.

(b.) A list of the works excluded from removal under this Regulation shall be drawn up by the Library Committee and will be subject to revision and extension from time to time.

8. (a.) The Librarian shall report to the Committee all cases in which books have been mutilated, disfigured by writing on the margin or otherwise injured, while in the possession of readers.

(b.) Any person guilty of such an offence shall be required to replace the injured by an uninjured copy of the book, and shall be liable to the cost of its proper binding and other charges. Further, he shall be fined and suspended from the privileges of the Library at the discretion of the Committee.

9. (a.) A general inspection of the Library and of the record of books issued and returned, shall be made annually in the first week of April by the Library Committee, or by one or more Members of the Committee deputed by them for that purpose.

(b.) During this period of inspection the Library shall be closed, and all books, whatever and by whomsoever borrowed, shall be returned to the Library by the 31st March of each year.

(c.) Any person who fails to return, in accordance with this Regulation, all books borrowed by him, shall be subject to a fine of not less than two rupees for each volume retained, and if such volume is not returned before the expiration of one week after the last day of the inspection, a further fine of an equal amount shall be imposed for each volume for each additional week until that volume is returned or until a copy of the same edition and of equal value is placed in the Library in its stead, and all expenses connected therewith paid by the borrower.

10. The Library shall be closed on Sundays and all public holidays and on all days for holding public examinations. Subject to the exception of Regulation 9, it shall be open on other days between the hours of half-past ten A.M. and half-past three P.M.

LIBRARY COMMITTEE.

Babu Mahendralal Sircar, M.D., C.I.E.
 Sir Alfred Croft, M.A., K.C.I.E.
 Col. H. S. Jarrett.
 Brigade-Surgeon Lieut.-Col. George King, M.B., LL.D., F.L.S.,
 F.R.S., C.I.E.
 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. O'Kinealy, M.A., LL.D., C.S.
 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Ameer Ali, M.A., B.L., C.I.E.
 A. Pedler, Esq., F.R.S.
 A. F. Rudolf Hoernle, Esq., Ph.D.
 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Gooroo Dass Banerjee, M.A., D.L.
 Babu Krishnabihari Sen, M.A.
 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice E. J. Trevelyan.
 Babu Asutosh Mukhopadhyay, M.A., F.R.A.S., F.R.S.E.

X.

ENDOWMENTS.

PREMCHAND ROYCHAND STUDENTSHIPS.

Premchand Roychand, Esq., of Bombay, in a letter to the Government of India, offered to make a donation of two lakhs of Rupees to the Calcutta University, and on the 9th February, 1866, paid over this amount to the Government of India, to be transferred to the University, and held by it as a Body Corporate under section 2 of Act II of 1857. Mr. Premchand Roychand further expressed a hope "that the money should be devoted to some one large object or to a portion of some large object for which it might in itself be insufficient."

The Senate, at a meeting on the 21st July, 1866, accepted Mr. Premchand Roychand's munificent donation, and directed that it should be invested in 5 per cent. Government Securities. The Senate at a meeting on the 31st December, 1892, sanctioned the following plan for appropriating the proceeds of the donation :—

1. Five Studentships of Rs. 1,600 a year each, to be called the Premchand Roychand Studentships, shall be maintained on the interest of the endowment.

2 Any graduate of the University of Calcutta, who has been admitted to the degree of Master or Doctor in any faculty, shall be eligible for only one of these Studentships during twelve years from the time that he passed the Entrance examination.

3. Each Studentship shall be tenable, in the first instance, for two years, during which the Student will be expected to carry on some special investigation or work in the subject or subjects in which the Studentship was awarded. The Studentship shall be extended for a further period of three years, provided the Student satisfies the Syndicate that he has carried out such investigation or work, and he continues it during this further period. At the end of each year after the first year, the student shall submit to the Syndicate a report of the work in which he has been engaged during that year.

4. One election shall be made annually after examination, provided any one candidate be declared by the Examiners to be entitled to a Studentship. Should the Examiners in any year report that no candidates has, in their opinion, shewn sufficient proficiency to entitle

him to a Studentship, it shall be competent to the Syndicate to award the vacant Studentship in any subsequent year.

5. The Studentship shall be awarded in alternate years in Literary and Scientific subjects.

The Literary subjects shall be as follows :—

(1) One of the following languages :—

English.		Greek.
Sanskrit.	|	Latin.
	Arabic.	

(2) Comparative Philology, Paleography, and Epigraphy with reference to the language taken up.

(3) Logic and Mental Philosophy, including History of Philosophy, both European and Indian.

(4) Natural Theology and Moral Philosophy, including History of Philosophy, both European and Indian.

(5) History, Political Economy, and Political Philosophy.

The Scientific subjects shall be as follows :—

(1) Pure Mathematics.

(2) Mixed Mathematics.

(3) Inorganic Chemistry and Chemical Technology.

(4) Organic Chemistry.

(5) Electricity, Magnetism and Sound (to be treated both mathematically and experimentally).

(6) Heat, Molecular Physics, and Physical Optics (to be treated both mathematically and experimentally).

(7) Botany.

(8) Physiology and Zoology.

(9) Geology and Mineralogy.

No candidate shall be allowed to take up more than two subjects.

6. The Syndicate shall have power to define, from time to time, in consultation with experts, the limits of the several subjects, with a view to specialization as far as possible.

7. Candidates must give notice six months before the examination of their intention to appear, and must, at the time of giving such notice, state in writing the subject or subjects they intend to take up and pay a fee of Rs. 32 to the Registrar.

Every candidate must also state, as definitely as possible, the subject or part of a subject in which he intends, if elected to a Studentship, to carry on special investigations, with a view to retain the Studentship during the second term of three years; and the examination will be so framed as to test the extent of his knowledge in that subject or part of a subject. A candidate may also state what contribution, if any, he has made to the subject or subjects in which he desires to be examined.

8. The names of the Premchand Roychand Students, past and present, shall be printed in the Calendar after the names of the Fellows.

RULES FOR THE P. R. S. EXAMINATION

PASSED BY THE SYNDICATE.

1. The examination shall be held in the month of November, and two papers shall be given each day.

2. In each of the subjects for examination, four three hour papers shall be set.

3. The number of questions set in each paper shall be at least twice as many as are required to be answered to secure full marks.

4. Each paper shall carry 100 marks.

5. In subjects 3 and 4 of the Scientific course, two theoretical papers shall be set.

In each of the Scientific subjects 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, three theoretical papers shall be set

6. In subjects 3 and 4 of the Scientific course, the practical examination shall carry 200 marks.

In each of the Scientific subjects, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, the practical examination shall carry 100 marks.

The number of days over which the practical examination shall extend, will be fixed by the Examiner in consultation with the Syndicate.

7. Only marks in excess of 30 in each paper shall be counted towards the total, and each mark above 70 shall count as 2 marks towards the total.

8. The Examiners shall meet together before the examination in order to compare their questions, and after the examination in order to draw up a report (to be printed in the University Minutes), declaring the name of the candidate whom they consider entitled to the Studentship.

DUFF SCHOLARSHIPS.

The subscribers to a fund, raised for the purpose of commemorating the services of the Rev. Dr. Duff, directed the investment of the amount collected (Rs. 20,000) in Government Securities; and offered to transfer the same to the University of Calcutta on the following conditions :—

1. The interest of the money shall be applied to establish :—

I.—A Scholarship of Rs. 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who shall obtain in the First Arts Examination the highest number of marks in Languages.

II.—A Scholarship of Rs. 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who shall obtain in the First Arts Examination the highest number of marks in Mathematics.

III.—A Scholarship of Rs. 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who, having been educated for at least one year in the Free Kirk Institution, shall obtain the highest number of marks in all the subjects of the First Arts Examination taken together.

IV.—A Scholarship of Rs. 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who, being a Christian in religion, and having been educated for at least one year in any of the affiliated Institutions for the education of Europeans and Eurasians, shall obtain the highest number of marks in all the subjects of the First Arts Examination taken together.

2. The above Scholarships shall be called "Duff Scholarships," and shall be tenable with any other Scholarships.

3. The surplus of the funds, after paying any small incidental expenses, shall be suffered to accumulate, and used for the purpose of giving rewards to any students of the University who shall pass with credit in the Evidences of Revealed Religion, Natural Theology and Moral Philosophy in the Examination for Honours or for the Degree of M. A., such rewards to be called "Duff Prizes."

4. Should the accumulations appear to the Syndicate greater than is necessary to carry out Rule 3, they may add to the value of the Duff Scholarships, or increase their number.

5. The Syndicate shall have the power of putting a fair interpretation on any doubtful point in the above rules.

The Senate, at a meeting on the 21st July, 1866, accepted this benefaction from the subscribers of the Duff Memorial Fund.

In accordance with Rule 4 the Syndicate, by a resolution at their meeting on the 11th May, 1889, established a fifth Scholarship of Rs. 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who shall obtain in the First Arts Examination the highest number of marks in Physics and Chemistry.

ESHAN SCHOLARSHIP.

Baboo Eshan Chandra Bose, of Calcutta, bequeathed by his will to the University, the sum of Rs. 12,000 in Government Securities of the 5 per cent. loan for the purpose of founding a Scholarship to be awarded annually in accordance with the terms specified in the following extract from the will :—

“I direct my said Executors, immediately on my decease, if the same shall not be contributed during my lifetime, to set apart out of my estate, Government Securities of the late East India Company, or of the Government of India, or both of them, for the amount of Rupees twelve thousand, of some 5 per cent. loan, or otherwise, that my Executors shall immediately, after my decease, invest a sufficient part of my estate in the purchase of similar Government Securities for Rupees twelve thousand, of some five per cent. loan, so as to provide an annual income of Rupees six hundred, and to endorse over and transfer the same to the Government of Bengal, or the President, for the time being, of the Syndicate of the Calcutta University, subject to the trusts hereinafter mentioned concerning the same, that is to say, interest to found a Scholarship, in the Calcutta University, to be called ‘Eshan’s Scholarship,’ to be awarded to the first scholar, being a Hindu Native of India, on the B. A. list for the year in the order of merit, in consideration of his continuing his studies at the Calcutta Presidency College with a view to the attainment of the higher Degree of M. A., and to be paid to him upon or in case of his attaining that Degree, but not otherwise.”

The Syndicate have laid down the following rules for the awards of the Eshan Scholarship.

(i) The competition for the Scholarship shall be confined only to candidates who have passed the B. A. Examination with honours.

(ii) In deciding who the “first scholar” is, only the marks awarded in the subject or subjects in which a candidate has obtained honours, shall be considered.

(iii) Only the marks in excess of the minimum honour mark shall be counted towards the total, and each mark in excess of the minimum for a first class shall be counted as two marks.

Scholars.

- 1869 Mitra, Kartikchandra.
- 1870 Mitra, Saradacharan.
- 1871 Basu, Isanchandra.

- 1872 Ray, Rajaninath.
- 1873 Mukhopadhyay, Saratchandra.
- 1874 Lahiri, Prasannakumar.
- 1875 Sarkar, Nilkanta.
- 1876 Gupta, Bipinbihari.
- 1877 Sarkar, Chandrasekhar.
- 1878 Agasti, Suryyakumar.
- 1879 Ray, Atulkrishna.
- 1880 Chattopadhyay, Digambar.
- 1881 Chandra, Aghornath.
- 1882 Majumdar, Ramchandra.
- 1883 Ray, Mahendranath.
- 1884 Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh.
- 1885 Sinha, Jogindrakumar.
- 1886 Majumdar, Syamaprasanna.
- 1887 Bandyopadhyay, Lalitkumar.
- 1888 Majumdar, Upendralal.
- 1889 Ghatak, Mohinikanta.
- 1891 Mukhopadhyay, Nandalal.

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TAGORE LAW PROFESSORSHIP.

The Hon'ble Prosunno Coomar Tagore, C.S.I., bequeathed, by his will, to the University, a monthly allowance of Rs. 1,000, for the purpose of founding a Professorship of Law in connection with the University, to be called the "Tagore Law Professorship." The terms of the bequest are given in the following extract from the will:—

"I am desirous of founding a Law Professorship, to be called 'The Tagore Law Professorship,' and of providing an adequate remuneration for the Professor who shall fill the chair provided by me. I direct that my Trustees or Trustee do, and shall, as soon as may conveniently be after my death, invest, in Government Securities, such a sum of money taken from my personalty or by degrees from the income of my real estate, at the discretion of my Trustees or Trustee, as will produce the monthly sum of Rs. 1,000, and that when such sum has been invested, the same may be assigned, transferred, and made over to the University of Calcutta to be held upon the following trusts, that is to say: In trust to pay out of the interest accruing due therefrom the annual sum of Rs. 10,000 by equal monthly payments to the Tagore Law Professor, for the time being, and in trust to apply the residue of the interests in the manner hereinafter mentioned. And I desire that until such sum shall have been so invested and made over as hereinbefore directed, my said Trustees or Trustee shall, either from the proceeds of my personal estate or from the rents, issues, and profits arising from my real property, pay the sum of Rs. 1,000 a month to the University of Calcutta, to be applied by the University in the same manner and for the same purposes as the interest to accrue due from the funds which I have hereinbefore directed to be made over to the University. And I declare that the right of appointing a Professor to the said 'Tagore Law Professorship' and removing or dismissing the incumbent therefrom shall be vested in the Senate of the University. And that the first appointment shall be made so as to begin to take effect not later than the end of one year from the date of my death; my will is that the 'Tagore

Law Professor shall read or deliver at some place within the town of Calcutta one complete Course of Law Lectures, without charge, to the students and other persons who may attend such lectures. Within six months after the delivery of each course of lectures, the lectures shall be printed, and not less than 500 copies thereof shall be distributed* gratuitously. I desire that the expense of such printing and distribution may be defrayed out of the residue of the annual interest of the said fund. Whatever portion of the residue may remain after defraying the expenses, I desire that it may be devoted to the printing and publication of approved works on Law or Jurisprudence. It is my will that the said 'Tagore Law Professorship' shall, save as herein provided, be as to the kind of law which is to be taught and in all other matters and things regulated by and subject to the control of the Senate of the said University."

The Senate has adopted the following scheme for Lectures :—

1. In the month of May in each year, the Faculty of Law shall select not more than three subjects, upon one of which the Professor for the following year shall be required to deliver a course of at least twelve lectures.

2. Immediately after the subject or subjects shall have been thus selected, advertisements shall be published in such newspapers as the Syndicate may think proper, stating the subject or subjects so selected, and inviting applications from candidates for the professorship.

3. Candidates shall send in their applications to the Registrar on or before the 1st May following, and each candidate shall forward with his application one hundred copies of a brief synopsis of his proposed lectures, and if he so pleases, the same number of copies of his introductory lecture.

4. The copies of the introductory lecture and the brief synopsis so sent shall be referred to a Committee of the Faculty of Law, consisting of five members to be chosen by the Faculty, who shall consider the same and report thereon to the Faculty, who shall recommend a candidate to the Senate for election.

5. The election of the Professor shall take place in the month of August.

6. The Professor shall commence to deliver his lectures in the month of November next following his election, and shall complete the delivery thereof in the following January. His salary shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments: the first instalment to be paid on the first day of the month following that in which the first lecture is delivered.

7. The Professor shall send to the Registrar a complete manuscript copy of his lectures within five months from the commencement of the delivery thereof.

PROFESSORS.

1870 Herbert Cowell, Esq.

1871 Herbert Cowell, Esq.

* The Syndicate has laid down the following rules for the distribution of the books :—

That copies of the lectures be distributed gratis only to such students as shall have attended 75 per cent. of the lectures delivered by the Tagore Professor of Law, and shall have obtained not less than 40 per cent. of the marks in the examination held by him.

- 1872 Herbert Cowell, Esq.
 1873 Babu Shama Churn Sarkar.
 1874 Babu Shama Churn Sarkar.
 1875 Arthur Philips, Esq.
 1876 Babu Rashbehary Ghose.
 1877 Ernest John Trevelyan, Esq.
 1878 Dr. Gooroodas Banerjee.
 1879 Dr. Trailokyanath Mitra.
 1880 Babu Rajkumar Sarbadhikari.
 1881 William Fischer Agnew, Esq.
 1882 Babu Upendranath Mitra.
 1883 Dr. Julius Jolly.
 1884 Ameer Ali, Esq.
 1885 Babu Krishnakamal Bhattacharyya.
 1886 K. M. Chatterje, Esq.
 1887 Gilbert Henderson, Esq.
 1888 Babu Golapchandra Sarkar.
 1889 Babu Lal Mohan Das.
 1890 T. A. Pearson, Esq.
 1891 Pandit Prannath Saraswati.
 1892 Maulavi Muhammad Yousuff, Khan Bahadur.
 1893 Arthur Caspersz, Esq.
 1894 Sir Frederick Pollock, Bart.

MOUAT MEDAL.

The Committee of the Mouat Testimonial Fund made over to the University the sum of Rs. 1,740 to be invested in six per cent. Municipal Debentures, with a request that the University would apply the annual interest to carry out the following purpose:—

1. That an annual Gold Medal be instituted bearing the words "Mouat Medal" on one side.

2. That it be awarded to the Premchand Student of the year, and presented to him publicly at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees.

The Senate at the annual meeting in 1872 thankfully accepted this benefaction for carrying out the object of the Fund.

MEDALLISTS.

1874	Bandyopadhyay, Biharilal	—	Presidency College.
1876	Batavayal, Umeschandra	...	Sanskrit College.
1877	Mulraj	—	Lahore College.
1878	Lahiri, Prasannakumar	...	Presidency College.
1879	Kennedy, Pringle	...	Teacher.
1880	Majumdar, Nilkantha	...	Presidency College.
1881	Agasti, Suryyakumar	...	Ditto.
1882	Gupta, Asutosh	...	Ditto.
1884	Majumdar, Ramchandra	...	Ditto.
1885	Bandyopadhyay, Rajendrachandra	...	Sanskrit College.
1886	Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Presidency College.
1888	Trivedi, Ramendrasundar	...	Ditto.
1888	Basu, Abinaschandra	...	Ditto.
1890	Majumdar, Upendralal.	...	Ditto.
1891	Wheeler E.M.	...	Bishop's College.
1892	Ghatik, Mohinikanta	...	Presidency College.

RADHAKANTA MEDAL.

The subscribers to the Radhakanta Memorial Fund made over to the University the residue of the Fund, after providing for the Bust and Portrait of the deceased Raja, amounting to Rs. 2,000 in Municipal Debentures, with a request that the annual interest on the Debentures might be applied "in awarding a Gold Medal to the best Sanskrit scholar among the successful candidates for the Degree of B. A. of each year." At the annual meeting of the Senate in 1873, this benefaction was thankfully accepted.

MEDALLISTS.

1874	Lahiri, Prasannakumar	...	Presidency College.
1875	Das, Jnanendranath	...	Ditto.
1876	Bhattacharyya, Haraprasad	...	Ditto.
1877	Chaudhuri, Prasannanarayan	...	Free Church Instn.
1878	Nag, Kunjalal	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
1879	Basu, Kedarnath	...	Ditto.
1880	Mukhopadhyay, Ramaprasanna	...	Presidency College.
1881	Lahiri, Harihar	...	Ditto.
1882	Bandyopadhyay, Rajendrachandra	...	Ditto.
1883	" Upacharan	...	Dacca College.
1884	" Kalikrishna	...	Presidency College.
1885	Kabiraj, Baikunthanath	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
1886	Bhattacharyya, Janakinath	...	City College.
1887	Bandyopadhyay, Lalitkumar	...	Metropolitan Instn.
1888	Datta, Hirendranath	...	Presidency College.
1889	Chakrabarti, Himansunath	...	Ditto.
1890	Bhattacharyya, Asutosh	...	Ditto.
1891	Misra, Ramaballabh	...	Patna College.
1892	Makunda, Raghaba Pathak	...	Hislop College.
1893	Sen, Priyanath	...	Presidency College.

HARISCHANDRA PRIZE.

Raja Harischandra Chaudhuri, a Zemindar of Mymensing, made over to the University a six per cent. Municipal Debenture bond for Rs. 2,000 in order to found a prize to be called the "Harischandra Prize," to be awarded to the best student in Mathematics, at the B. A. Examination of the year, being a Hindu native of Bengal, in consideration of his prosecuting his studies in Mathematics with a view to the attainment of the higher degree of M. A., and to be paid to him upon his attaining that degree in that subject, but not otherwise.

PRIZEMEN.

1878	Agasti, Suryyakumar	...	Presidency College.
1879	Datta, Krishnalal	...	Ditto.
1880	Chattopadhyay, Ramnath	...	Ditto.
1881	Basu, Kalipada	...	Ditto.
1883	Ray, Mahendranath	...	Ditto.
1884	Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Ditto.
1885	Ray, Satischandra	...	Ditto.
1886	Basu, Abinaschandra	...	Ditto.
1887	Karfarma, Suryyakumar	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
1888	Bhattacharyya, Munindranath	...	Presidency College.
1889	Ghatak, Mohinikanta	...	Ditto.
1892	Biswas, Rakhalaraj	...	Krishnagar College.
1893	Raychaudhuri, Muralidhar	...	Presidency College.

WOODROW SCHOLARSHIP.

The subscribers to the fund, raised for the purpose of commemorating the services of the late Mr. Woodrow, made over to the University of Calcutta Rs. 4,800 in Government Promissory Notes of the four per cent. loan, in order to establish a Science scholarship to be awarded to the best student in Chemistry and Physics at the B. A. Examination of the year, being a native of Bengal, who does not hold any University, Government, or private scholarship, on condition that he pursue his studies in some well organized institution for the degree of Master of Arts in Science.

SCHOLARSHIP-HOLDERS.

1879	Datta, Brajaballabh	...	Krishnagar College.
1880	Sarkar, Bihirilal	—	Presidency College.
1881	Guha, Prasannakumar	...	Dacca College.
1882	Sen, Kshirodchandra	—	Ditto.
1883	Mukhopadhyay, Bisweswar	...	Patna College.
1884	Bandyopadhyay, Kshetramohan	...	Presidency College.
1886	Das, Gobindachandra	—	Dacca College.
1887	Chattopadhyay, Brajendranath	...	Presidency College.
1888	Basu, Basantakumar	...	" Ditto.
1889	Chattopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Ditto.
1890	Ghosh, Dasarathi	...	Ditto.
1891	Basu, Debendranath	...	City College.
1892	Gangopadhyay, Kaliprasanna	...	Presidency College.
1893	Nag, Kamakhyacharan	...	City College.

PACHETE PRIZE.

Maharaja Nilmani Singh Deo, Bahadur, Zemindar of Pachete, made over to the University of Calcutta two Government Promissory Notes of Rs. 1,000 each, of the $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. loan of 1879, in order to found a Prize to be called "the *Pachete Sanskrit Prize*," to be awarded to the student who stands highest in Sanskrit among the successful candidates at the First Arts Examination of the year.

HERSCHEL MEDAL.

The Committee of the Herschel Testimonial Fund made over to the University the sum of Rs. 1,800 in 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes on the following conditions:—

1. That an annual Gold Medal be instituted bearing the words "Herschel Medal" on one side.
2. That the Medal be presented publicly every year at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees to that one of the successful candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Arts who obtains the highest marks in the subjects appointed for Honours in Mathematics.

MEDALLISTS.

1881	Chandra, Aghornath	...	Presidency College.
1882	Das, Radhagobinda	...	Ditto.
1883	Set, Gobindalal	...	Ditto.
1884	Sen, Narayanchandra	...	Ditto.
1885	Ray, Satischandra	...	Ditto.
1886	Basu, Abinaschandra	...	Ditto.

1887	Karfarma, Suryyakumar	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
1888	Bhattacharyya, Munindranath	...	Presidency College.
1889	Ghatak, Mohinikanta	...	Ditto.
1890	De, Kiranchandra	...	Ditto.
1891	Ray, Charuchandra	...	Ditto.
1892	Biswas, Rakhalraj	...	Krishnagar College.
1893	Raychaudhuri, Muzalidhar	...	Presidency College.

COBDEN MEDAL.

In March 1879, the Committee of the Cobden Club, London, offered an annual Silver Medal for proficiency in Political Economy.

With the concurrence of the Committee, it was arranged that this Medal should be awarded to the successful student who in the annual Examination for M. A. in History and Political Economy should obtain the highest number of marks in the latter subject.

MEDALLISTS.

1879	Sukul, Kalisankar	...	Presidency College.
1880	Ghosh, Manmathanath	...	Free Church Institution.
1881	Arndt, George	...	Teacher.
1882	Ghosh, Mahendrakumar	...	Dacca College.
1884	Sinha, Prabhachandra	...	Presidency College.
1885	Chattopadhyay, Ambikacharan	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
1886	Sanyal, Girischandra	...	Metropolitan Institution.
1887	Mukhopadhyay, Satyachandra	...	City College.
1889	Sen, Binayendranath	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
1891	Bandyopadhyay, Srischandra	...	Private Student.
1892	Ray, Anukulchandra	...	Ditto.

DWARKANATH SCHOLARSHIP.

The Committee of the Dwarkanath Memorial Fund, on the 9th September, 1882, made over to the University of Calcutta the sum of Rupees 5,500, in 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes, on the following conditions :—

1. That the amount be applied in founding a scholarship to be awarded subject to the following conditions :—

2. That the Scholarship shall be awarded to such a successful candidate in the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta for the year who, being a student of the South Suburban School, obtains the highest number of marks amongst his fellow students, but does not obtain any other Scholarship.

3. That should no student from the South Suburban School succeed in passing the Entrance Examination aforesaid, or should such students pass but obtain any other Scholarship, the Scholarship shall be awarded to such a successful candidate in the Entrance Examination who, being a student of the Hughli Collegiate School, obtains the highest number of marks amongst his fellow students, but does not obtain any other Scholarship.

4. That should no student mentioned in Resolution (2) or (3) be eligible for the Scholarship, the Scholarship shall be awarded to such student as the Syndicate of the said University shall select.

5. That the Scholarship shall be tenable for two years in one of the Colleges affiliated to the University of Calcutta upon the same terms regarding regularity of attendance and other matters on which Government Junior Scholarships are held.

6. That the holders of the Scholarships for the time being shall be called Dwarkanath Scholars.

7. That the Scholarship shall be paid by monthly sums of Rupees 9 for the first eleven months of the year, and the sum of Rupees 11 for the last month.

8. That the amount aforesaid be invested in Government of India Promissory Notes of the 4 per cent. loan for Rupees 5,500, and the notes handed over to the authorities of the said University with a request that the Syndicate may give effect to the above Resolutions.

9. That should the interest payable on the Government Securities be reduced, the monthly amount to be paid to the Dwarkanath Scholars shall be proportionately reduced to allow of the amount of interest realised meeting the amount payable to the Scholars.

TAGORE MEDALS.

Maharaja Sir Jotindramohan Tagore, K.C.S I., on 13th February, 1883, made over to the University of Calcutta the sum of Rs. 3,500 in 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes, in order to found two medals, a gold and a silver one, to be open to competition amongst all members of the University studying Law in any affiliated College, who shall have attended 75 per cent. of the lectures of the Tagore Law Professor for the year in which the examination shall be held.

The names of the two students are published in the *Gazette* and the medals are presented at the annual Convocation.

MEDALLISTS.

- | | |
|------|---------------------------------|
| 1883 | 1. Bandyopadhyay, Pareschandra. |
| | 2. Bhattacharyya, Manmathanath. |
| 1884 | 1. Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh. |
| | 2. Syed Shamsul Huda. |
| 1885 | 1. Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh. |
| | 2. Sen, Narayanchandra. |
| 1886 | 1. Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh. |
| | 2. Basu, Jnanendranath. |
| 1887 | 1. Camell, Owen. |
| | 2. Chattopadhyay, Ramapati. |
| 1888 | 1. Bandyopadhyay, Haranchandra. |
| | 2. Ghosh, Jnanendramohan. |
| 1889 | 1. Bandyopadhyay, Saratchandra. |
| | 2. Muhammad Mustafa Khan. |
| 1890 | 1. Bandyopadhyay, Haranchandra. |
| | 2. Muhammad Mustafa Khan. |
| 1891 | 1. Das, Satyendranath |
| | 2. Bandyopadhyay, Haripada. |
| 1892 | 1. Shahabuddin Khan. |
| | 2. Bandyopadhyay, Haripada. |
| 1893 | 1. Thakur, Akshaykumar. |
| | 2. Ta, Jadunath. |

MCCANN MEDAL.

The McCann Memorial Committee, on the 15th January, 1885, made over to the University a 4 per cent. Government Promissory Note for Rupees 500 on the following conditions :—

1. That an annual silver medal be instituted bearing the words "McCann Medal awarded to....." on one side, and the University Arms on the other.
2. That the medal be presented publicly every year at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees to that student who obtains the highest number of marks in the B. A. Examination for Honours in Mathematics of the successful Presidency College students who gain no other University Prize, Scholarship or Medal for Mathematics at that examination.
3. That the names of the medallists be printed in the University Calendar.

MEDALLISTS.

1885	Bandyopadhyay, Nrityagopal.
1886	Mitra, Srischandra.
1887	Chattopadhyay, Jyotiprasad.
1888	Bandyopadhyay, Rakhalmohan.
1889	Mitra, Jyotischandra.
1890	Niyogi, Bhabaniprasad.
1891	Biswas, Upendranath.
1892	Bandyopadhyay, Dhanapati.
1893	Sarkar, Kshitischandra.

PEARYCHAND MITRA MEDAL.

The Pearychand Mitra Testimonial Committee on the 7th May, 1886, made over to the University of Calcutta a 4 per cent. Government Promissory note for Rs. 500 on the following conditions:—

- (1.) That an annual silver medal be instituted, bearing the words "Pearychand Mitra Medal" on one side and the University Arms on the other.
- (2.) That the medal be presented publicly every year at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees to the successful student who obtains the highest number of marks in Philosophy in the Honour Course of the B. A. Examination, provided he gets no other medal, in that case the medal is to be awarded to the next best student.
- (3.) That the names of the medallists be printed in the University Calendar and also in the *Gazette*.

MEDALLISTS.

1886	Majumdar, Syamaprasanna	... Presidency College.
1887	Chakrabarti, Lalgopal	... Ditto.
1888*	Brij Nandan Prasad	... Muir Central College.
	Chattopadhyay, Rakhaldas	... Presidency College.
	Datta, Hirendranath	... Ditto.
1889	Hajra, Brajadurlabh	... Ditto.
1890	Bhattacharyya, Mahimanath	... Ditto.
1891	Bandyopadhyay, Albion Rajkumar	... Ditto.
1892	Chattopadhyay, Jyotirmay	... F. C. of Scot. Institution and Duff College.
1893	Bandyopadhyay, Nirmalchandra	... Presidency College.

* Prizes were awarded in lieu of the medal.

HEMANTAKUMAR MEDAL.

On the 5th November, 1887, Dr. Ganga Persaud Mookerjee, of Bhowanipore, made over to the University three Government Securities of the four per cent. loan of 1865, to the value of Rs. 2,500, in memory of his son Hemantakumar, who having been born on the 16th December, 1866, and graduated as Bachelor of Arts with Honours in Philosophy and Sanskrit in 1887, died of fever on the 1st November, 1887; the conditions under which the endowment was accepted are as follows :—

(1.) That an annual gold medal, to be called the Hemantakumar Gold medal, be instituted bearing the words " Hemantakumar Medal awarded to" on one side, and the University Arms on the other.

(2.) That the medal be presented publicly every year at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees, to that one of the successful candidates for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts who obtains the highest number of marks in the subjects appointed for Honours in Mental and Moral Science.

(3.) That the names of the Medallists be printed in the *Gazette* and in the University Calendar.

MEDALLISTS. *

1888*	{ Brij Nandan Prasad	...	Muir Central College
	{ Chattopadhyay, Rakhaldas	...	Presidency College.
	{ Datta, Hirendranath.	...	Ditto.
1889	Chaudhuri, Pramathanath	...	Ditto.
1890	Platel, J.	...	St. Xavier's College.
1891	Mukhopadhyay, Nandalal	...	Presidency College.
1892	Majumdar, Haripada	...	Metropolitan Instn.
1893	Chakrabarti, Jogendrachandra	...	F. C. Institution and Duff College.

SARADA PRASAD SCHOLARSHIP AND PRIZES.

The late Babu Sarada Prasad Roy, Zemindar of Chakdighi, bequeathed by his will to the University a sum of Rs. 5,000 which it was left to the Syndicate to utilise in the best way they thought fit. In February, 1885, the University received from Babu Lalit Mohan Roy, the heir of the deceased, a Government Promissory Note for Rs. 5,000, and in April, 1888, the Commissioner of Burdwan forwarded the interest on the same, amounting to Rs. 3,500. The capital at the disposal of the University thus stood at Rs. 8,500. After consultation with Babu Lalit Mohan Roy, it was determined to found a scholarship of the value of Rs. 10 a month, to be called the Sarada Prasad Scholarship, to be awarded annually to that one of the successful candidates for the First Examination in Arts who having passed the Entrance Examination from the Chakdighi Higher Class English School, had prosecuted his studies in an affiliated College for a period of two years; and in case no successful student appeared from that school, to that one among the successful candidates for the F. A. who had passed the Entrance Examination with the greatest credit from the Burdwan District.

It was also determined to apply the balance which remained, amounting to Rs. 100, every year, to the foundation of four prizes of

* Prizes were awarded in lieu of the medal.

books, to be called the **Sarada Prasad Prizes**, to be awarded to the four successful candidates who stood highest in the subjects of **Physics, Chemistry, Logic and History** respectively. As no separate examination in Chemistry was to be held until 1891, it was decided that two prizes should be given, up to that year, to the two highest candidates in the subject of Physics.

PADMAVATI MEDAL.

On the 4th December, 1888, Dr. Rashbehari Ghosh made over to the University two Government Promissory Notes of the four per cent. loan of 1865 to the value of Rupees 2,500 in memory of his mother, Srimati Padmavati, on the following conditions :—

(1.) That an annual gold medal be instituted bearing the inscription “Padmavati Medal awarded to.....” on one side, and the University Arms on the other.

(2.) That the medal be presented every year, at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees, to a lady candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, who being a native of Bengal is admitted to that degree, and when there are more than one so admitted, to the graduate who obtains the highest number of marks.

(3.) That the names of the medallists be published in the University Calendar.

MEDALLISTS.

1890	Ghoshal, Sarala	...	...	Bethune College.
1891	Datta, Jibanbala	...	...	Ditto.
1892	Tagore, Indira	...	...	Private Student.
1893	Ghosh, Surabala	...	...	Bethune College.

RITCHIE PRIZE.

On the 4th December, 1867, the Honorary Secretary to the Committee appointed for the purpose of commemorating the services of the late Hon'ble William Ritchie, Vice-Chancellor of the University, Advocate-General of Bengal, and Member of the Supreme Council, made over to the University Rs. 672, for establishing an annual prize of books. The amount was invested in Government Securities, and the annual proceeds allowed to accumulate, till the fund amounted to more than Rs. 1,500. On the 11th May, 1889, the Syndicate decided that an annual prize of books to the value of Rs. 60 be awarded to the candidate who obtains the highest number of marks in the examination for the degree of Bachelor in Law.

PRIZEMEN,

1890	Majumdar, Syamaprasanna	...	Ripon College.
March 1891	Syed Ali Belgrami	...	Patna College.
Novr. 1891	Wasudeo Ramchandra Dhobley	...	Morris College, Nagpur.
1892	Biswas, Gopalchandra	...	Ripon College.

SONAMANI PRIZE.

On the 3rd December, 1889, the Hon'ble Dr. Gooroo Dass Banerjee made over to the University a Government Promissory Note of

the four per cent. loan of 1865 of the value of Rs. 1,000 for the purpose of founding a Prize in memory of his mother, Srimati Sonámani Devi, on the following conditions :—

1. That the prize be called the "Sonámani Prize"
2. That it be awarded publicly at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees, to the candidate who stands first in the list of successful candidates for the M. A. Examination in Sanskrit.
3. That the prize consist of books relating to the Sanskrit language or literature to be selected by the candidate entitled to the same.
4. That the names of the prizemen be published in the University Calendar.

PRIZEMEN.

1889	Ray, Satischandra	...	Sanskrit College.
1890	Bandyopadhyay, Muralidhar	...	Ditto.
1891	Bhattacharyya, Asutosh	...	Ditto.
1892	Narayan Dajiba Wadegaonkar	...	Hislop College.

JAYANARAYAN PRIZE.

On the 6th December, 1889, Mahámahopádhya Mahesachandra Nyayaratna, C.I.E., made over to the University a Government Promissory Note of the value of Rs. 500 for the purpose of founding thereby an annual prize in memory of his late preceptor, Pándit Jayanáráyan Tarkapanchánan, on the following conditions :—

1. That the prize be called the "Jayanáráyan Prize."
2. That it be awarded publicly every year to the successful candidate who obtains the highest marks in Sanskrit at the Entrance Examination.
3. That the prize consist entirely of Sanskrit works to the value of Rs. 20.

PHILIP SAMUEL SMITH PRIZE.

On the 20th September, 1888, the Honorary Secretaries to the Philip Samuel Smith Memorial Fund, made over to the University the sum of Rs. 990-4-0 on the following conditions :—

- (1.) That an annual prize of books be awarded to the student who obtains the highest number of marks in Ethics and Natural Theology in the B. A. Honour Examination.
- (2.) That the names of the prizemen be published in the University Calendar.

PRIZEMEN.

1891	Bandyopadhyay, Albion Rajkumar	...	Presidency College.
1892	Majumdar, Haripada	...	Metropolitan Instn.
1893	Chakrabarti, Jogendrachandra	...	F. C. Instn. & Duff College.

AMBIKACHIARAN CHAUDHURI MEDAL.

In 1879 Government accepted the offer of Babu Ambikacharan Chaudhuri, B.C.E., Assistant Engineer, Nagode, to invest Rs. 1,200, in 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes, on condition that out of the interest of the above investment a medal is to be awarded annually to that student of the Seebpur Civil Engineering College who stands first

in Mathematics at the B. C. E. Examination. The administration of the Fund was entrusted to the Principal, Civil Engineering College, Seebpur. The Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, having proposed that the medal should, in future, be publicly presented at the Convocation of the Calcutta University, the Government of Bengal in its letter No. 409, dated the 19th July, 1890, appointed the Registrar of the Calcutta University as administrator of the Fund in place of the Principal, Civil Engineering College, Seebpur. On 14th October, 1890, the latter officer made over to the University the sum of Rs. 132-11-1, being the amount of balance at credit of the above Fund, and forwarded a copy of the Report on the audit of the account of the Fund, countersigned by the Accountant-General, Bengal. The investments, at present, amount to Rs. 1,400, yielding an annual income of Rs. 56.

MEDALLISTS.

1890	Mukhopadhyay, Kshirodchandra...	Civil Engineering College.
1891	Das, Girischandra ...	Ditto.
1892	Sengupta, Madhusudan ...	Ditto.
1893	De, Syamacharan ...	Ditto.

TREVOR MEDAL.

The Trevor Testimonial Committee, on the 13th November, 1890, made over to the University the sum of Rs. 1,500 on the following conditions :—

1. That an annual silver medal be instituted bearing the words "Trevor Testimonial Medal" on one side and the University Arms on the other.

2. That the medal be presented publicly to that Bengali student who obtains the highest number of marks amongst those successful candidates for the L. E. and B. E. examinations who do not obtain the University gold medal.

3. That a prize of Engineering books or instruments to the value of not less than Rs. 40 be also awarded to the medallist.

4. That the names of the medallists be printed in the University Calendar.

MEDALLIST.

1891	Lahiri, Mohinimohan ...	Civil Engineering College.
1892	Mukhopadhyay, Ahindrachandra ...	Ditto.
1893	Pal, Saradasundar ...	Ditto.

KESHUB CHUNDER SEN MEDAL.

On the 10th January, 1891, the Keshub Chunder Sen Memorial Committee, through their Honorary Secretary, made over to the University 4 per cent. Government Promissory notes to the value of Rs. 8,000, with the request that half of the annual interest of the above amount be devoted to annually awarding a gold medal and a prize of books to the value of Rs. 160, necessary for the further prosecution of his studies in Philosophy, to the student at the B. A. Examination who takes the highest honours in his year in that subject; and that the other half of the interest be devoted to awarding an annual prize of the value of Rs. 160 in money and books to the female student who stands highest in general proficiency at the Entrance Examination of her year.

MEDALLISTS.

1890	Platel, J.	...	St. Xavier's College.
1891	Mukhopadhyay, Nandalal	...	Presidency College.
1892	Majumdar, Haripada	...	Metropolitan Institution,
1893	Chakrabarti, Jogendrachandra	...	F. C. Instn. and Duft College.

PRASANNA KUMAR SARBADHIKARI MEDAL.

The Prasanna Kumar Sarbadhikari Memorial Committee, on the 20th March, 1891, made over to the University of Calcutta two 5 per cent. Municipal Debentures for Rupees 1,500 on the following conditions:—

1. That an annual gold medal be instituted bearing the words "Prasanna Kumar Sarbadhikari Medal" on one side and the University Arms on the other.

2. That the medal be presented publicly every year at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees to the successful student who obtains the highest number of marks in Sanskrit in the Honour Course of the B. A. Examination of the year, and who gets no other medal, provided he pursues his studies in some well organized institution for the degree of M. A.

3. That the names of the medallists be printed in the University Calendar.

MEDALLISTS.

1891	Narayan Dajiba Wadegaonkar	...	Hislop College, Nagpur.
1892	Acharyya, Satischandra	...	Krishnagar College.
1893	Bhattacharyya, Debabrata	...	Presidency College.

GOODEVE MEDAL.

The Joint Secretaries to the Goodeve Memorial Committee, on the 6th May, 1891, made over to the University a Government Promissory Note for Rupees 500 on the following conditions:—

1. That an annual silver medal be instituted bearing the words "Goodeve Medal" on one side and the University Arms on the other.

2. That the medal be presented publicly every year at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees, to that student who obtains the highest number of marks in Medicine at the second M. B. Examination of the year.

3. That the names of the medallists be printed in the University Calendar.

MEDALLISTS.

1891	Datta, Surendranath	...	Medical College.
1892	Majumdar, Nagendranath	...	Ditto.
1893	Bhattacharyya, Sureschandra	...	Ditto.

JATINDRA CHANDRA MEDAL AND PRIZE.

On the 30th April, 1892, the Hon'ble Dr. Gooroo Dass Banerjee made over to the University currency notes for Rupees 1,000 * for the purpose

* Rupees 800 have been invested in 4 per cent. Government Securities.

of instituting an annual silver medal and prize in memory of his son, Jatindra Chandra Banerjee, who was born on the 25th November, 1881, and died on the 26th of April 1892, while a student of the Hare School, on the following conditions :—

1. "That a medal bearing the inscription "Jatindra Chandra Medal, awarded to " on one side and the University Arms on the other be awarded to the candidate who stands first at the Entrance examination.

2. That the prize be called the "Jatindra Chandra Prize" consisting of useful books, to be selected by the candidate who wins it, and that it be awarded to the student of the Hare School who passes the Entrance examination most creditably.

3. That the names of the medallists and the prizemen be published in the Calendar.

MEDALLISTS.

1892	Das, Saradaprasanna	...	Chittagong Collegiate School.
1893	Chattopadhyay, Pramathanath		Albert Collegiate School.

PRIZEMEN.

1892	Datta, Saratchandra	...	Hare School.
1893	Pal, Narendranath	...	Ditto.

MCLEOD MEDAL.

On the 12th August, 1892, the Principal of the Medical College, Calcutta, made over to the University the sum of Rupees 1,250 handed over to him by Babu Kailash Chandra Bose, a Fellow of the University, on behalf of a young Marwari gentleman, for the purpose of instituting a gold medal to perpetuate the name of Dr. K. McLeod in connection with the University, on the following conditions :—

1. That the medal should bear the words "McLeod medal, awarded to... .." on one side and the University Arms on the other.

2. That the medal be presented publicly every year at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees to the successful student who obtains the highest number of marks in Surgery at the 2nd M. B. examination.

3. That the names of the medallists be published in the University Calendar.

MEDALLISTS.

1892	Das, Kedarnath	...	Medical College.
1893	Bhattacharyya, Sureschandra	...	Ditto.

BISHNUPRIYA DEVI PRIZE.

On the 26th September, 1892, Rai Gunabhiram Baruya, Bahadur, a Fellow of the University, forwarded to the Registrar a Government Promissory Note for Rs. 300 for the purpose of instituting an annual prize of books, to be called the "Bishnupriya Devi Prize," in memory of his deceased wife, on condition that the same be awarded to the best successful B. A. candidate from Assam. The donation was thankfully accepted by the Syndicate at their meeting held on the 19th November, 1892.

PRIZEMEN.

1892	Ramakanta Baruya	...	General Assembly's Institution.
1893	Sarma, Dwarkeswar	...	Ditto.

VIDYASAGAR MEDAL.

On the 14th December, 1892, the Honorary Secretary to the Vidyasagar Memorial Fund made over to the University the sum of Rs 560 for the purpose of annually awarding a silver medal to be called "Vidyasagar Medal" to a student of the Presidency College who stands first in Sanskrit at the B. A. Honour examination, and who does not obtain any other medal in the same subject.

The donation was thankfully accepted by the Syndicate at their meeting held on the 14th January, 1893.

MEDALLIST.

1893	Bhattacharyya, Kokileswar	...	Presidency College.
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SIBLEY SCHOLARSHIP.

The late Mr. George Sibley, formerly a Fellow of the University, bequeathed all his shares in the Ghosery Cotton Mills Company, "Limited," to the Senate of the University "upon trust to found scholarships of the value of Rs. 50 per mensem for graduates of the University in Civil Engineering with power to divert from time to time any portion of the income not exceeding an equal moiety in any other way which may, in the opinion of the Senate be better calculated to further the study of Engineering Science among the natives of India." At the time of his death Mr. Sibley owned 225 shares in the above-named Company, their nominal value being Rs. 200 each. Of these, 25 shares had to be sold to meet the claim of the Inland Revenue authorities in England, demanding a legacy duty of 10 per cent of the value of the shares and of the amount of any dividends received or accrued since the testator's death, and to pay the Attorney's bill of cost. The remaining 200 shares, together with dividend warrants for Rs. 800, have been made over to the Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, with instructions to sell the shares at their present market value, and to invest the sale proceeds and the amount of dividends in the 4 per cent. loan of 1865. The Faculty of Engineering at their meeting held on the 22nd March, 1893, recommended to the Syndicate that out of the interest of the above endowment, one scholarship (to be called the Sibley scholarship) of Rs. 50 a month, tenable for two years, be awarded annually (I) to any B. E. at the end of his practical course who attends and works regularly in an electrical laboratory or in an electrical workshop: or (II) to any B. E. who is *bond fide* working in a mine.

The selection of the scholars to be according to their standing in the B. E. examination, and each scholar to be required to submit to the Registrar a certificate of good conduct at the end of each month. The scholarship to be forfeited if the conditions on which it is granted cease to be observed.

The recommendation of the Faculty of Engineering was adopted by the Syndicate at their meeting held on the 8th April, 1893.

GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS TENABLE IN ENGLAND BY NATIVES OF INDIA.*

1. Six Scholarships, the cost of which is defrayed by the Government of India, are established tenable in England by persons who are natives of India within the meaning of Section 6 of the Statute, 33 Vic., Cap. 3. The Scholarships are placed at the disposal of the Universities of Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and the Punjab in rotation,† one Scholarship being given to each of the first two Universities during one year, and one Scholarship to each of the last two during next year.

2. Each Scholarship entitles the holder to an allowance not exceeding £200 per annum, payable from the date of his arrival in England, and is tenable for three years.

3. Each Scholar is provided with a free passage to and from England.

4. If any Scholar, not being disabled by sickness, fails to complete a residence of three years in England, or is guilty of gross misconduct or disregard of the orders of Her Majesty's Secretary of State, he will, at the discretion of the Secretary of State, forfeit his Scholarship, and will also be liable to refund the amount representing the cost of his free passage to England.

5. Scholars will be expected to reach England before the opening of the October term at the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge to one of which Universities they will be required to proceed.

RULES FOR ELECTION TO THE GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS.

1. Candidates for the Government Scholarships must be natives of India within the meaning of section 6 of the Statute, 33 Vic., Cap. 3.

2. The selection of the scholars shall take place not later than the month of June in the year in which a scholarship is placed at the disposal of this University.

3. The candidates for the scholarship shall be only such Graduates of the University as have passed the examination for the degree of M. A., or the examination for the degree of B. A., with Honours, and must in all cases be under 22 years of age on the 31st of March, in the year in which the selection is made by this University.

4. Candidates for the examinations mentioned in the preceding rule, who are desirous of competing for the Government Scholarship

* These Scholarships were instituted by Home Department Resolutions No. $\frac{1}{45-57}$, dated the 1st February, 1886, No. $\frac{9}{269-81}$, dated the 23rd August, 1886, and No. $\frac{3}{38-49}$, dated 30th January, 1885. See *Minutes* 1885-86, p. 210, 1886-87, p. 119, and 1887-88, p. 316.

† Under Resolution, dated 17th October, 1888, consequent upon the establishment of the Allahabad University, the Government of India have decided "that with effect from the year 1889, each of the Universities concerned shall participate in the Scholarships in the following sequence":—

Allahabad.	}	1894.
Madras.		
Punjab.	}	1895.
Calcutta.		
Bombay.	}	1896.
Allahabad.		

Madras.	}	1897.
Punjab.		
Calcutta.	}	1898.
Bombay.		

at the disposal of this University either in the year of their examination, or in the three following years, shall intimate the fact to the Registrar at the time they make their applications for these examinations, and shall state whether they have the consent of their families to proceed to England in order to complete a University education there.

5. It shall be the duty of the Senior Board of Examiners in submitting the results of the examinations mentioned in rule 3, to state which of the candidates are in their opinion fit and proper persons to be selected for the Government Scholarship.

6. Candidates for the Scholarship who have been nominated by the Senior Board of Examiners under the preceding rule shall in the month of March in which it is to be awarded be called upon to submit to the Registrar certificates of—

(a) their good conduct, from persons of respectability and position with whom they may be acquainted—

(b) their knowledge of the English language, from one or more of the Professors of the Colleges in which they have been educated, and—

(c) their physical capacity to undergo the course of life and study, which they will have to follow in England, signed or countersigned by a Presidency or Civil Surgeon.

7. In the year in which the selection is to take place, the names of the candidates recommended by the Senior Board of Examiners for that year and for the three preceding years shall be laid before a Committee of the Syndicate, consisting of not more than three members, who shall have power to call for reports from the Principals and Professors of the Colleges in which the graduates were educated, and to make such other enquiries as they think fit, and who shall recommend to the Vice-Chancellor one of the candidates for selection.

RULES FOR INDIAN GOVERNMENT SCHOLARS IN ENGLAND.

(As amended by the Secretary of State in Council, 11th July, 1893.)

1. Every scholar shall, on reaching England, at once present himself at the India Office and report his arrival in writing.

2. Every scholar shall, without any unnecessary delay, inform the Secretary of State to which University he intends to proceed, and shall at once take steps to enter himself at the College he has selected.

3. Every scholar shall, within four weeks of reaching England, submit for the approval of the Secretary of State, a statement showing the general course of study he proposes to follow; and the course approved shall not be changed without the sanction of the Secretary of State.

4. Every scholar shall, at the end of each term of residence at University submit to the Secretary of State, a certificate from the proper College or University authority, showing that his residence, conduct, and progress in study, have been satisfactory during the term.

5. Every scholar shall, at all times, obey such instructions as he may receive from the Secretary of State.

6. Subject to a due compliance with the above conditions, the allowance, at the rate of £200 a year, for three years, will be paid quarterly in advance by the India Office, commencing from the date

of the scholar's reporting his arrival in England ; but this allowance shall be reduced by the amount of any other sum which may become payable to him out of the revenues of India in respect of residence at a University during the same period or any part of it.

7. Every scholar will forfeit his scholarship, who, not being disabled by illness or prevented by any other cause which the Secretary of State may consider sufficient, fails to complete a residence of three years in England, according to the terms and conditions approved by the Secretary of State under Rule 3, or who is guilty of misconduct or disregard of the orders of the Secretary of State. If a scholarship be forfeited, the scholar will lose his claim to a free return passage to India, and will further become liable to refund the cost of his free passage to England.

8. The scholars will be under the special supervision and charge of the Political Aide-de-Camp to the Secretary of State, through whom the necessary orders will be given, and to whom all reports and other communications respecting them should be sent.

SCHOLARS.

- 1886 Jogindranath Das, B.A.
- 1888 Maulavi Abdul Majid, B.A.
- 1890 J. Platel, B.A.
- 1893 Atulchandra Chattopadhyay, B.A.

GILCHRIST SCHOLARSHIPS TENABLE IN EUROPE BY NATIVES OF INDIA.

[These Scholarships are open to Women upon exactly the same conditions as to Men.]

1. Three Scholarships of the value of £200 per annum will be awarded, one every year, to candidates who are natives of India (within the meaning of Section 6* of the Statute, 33 Vic., Cap. 3), or of the "Native States" of India. They shall each be tenable for three years at any University or any Science or Technical College in Europe (approved by the Trustees in each case), on condition that the scholar shall undertake to go through the course and pass the examinations necessary for obtaining a definite Science degree or diploma, as may be prescribed by the Trustees. The nomination to these Scholarships will rest with the Universities of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay in rotation, subject to the conditions hereinafter specified.

2. A scholarship will be given every third year on like conditions, the nomination of suitable candidates for which will rest with the Universities of the Punjab and Allahabad jointly. Each of these Universities may submit to the Government of India the name of one candidate, and the actual nomination to the Scholarship shall be made (from the names submitted) by the Government of India.

* The provision in the section is as follows :—"That for the purpose of this Act, the words 'native of India' shall include any person born and domiciled within the dominions of Her Majesty in India, of parents habitually resident in India and not established there for temporary purposes only ; and that it shall be lawful for the Governor-General in Council to define and limit from time to time the qualification of natives of India thus expressed."

3. The Scholarships will be given (during the next few years) in the following rotation :—

- 1891 Calcutta, Punjab and Allahabad.
- 1892 Bombay.
- 1893 Madras.
- 1894 Calcutta, Punjab and Allahabad.
- 1895 Bombay.
- 1896 Madras.

4. Each scholar will be provided by the Government of India with a free passage to England. The Gilchrist Trust will provide a return passage (at the end of the three years) at a cost not exceeding £50, provided that the scholar shall have fulfilled the conditions of his scholarship; but the scholar will not be entitled to claim any difference between the actual cost of passage and the amount above-named.

5. Each scholar must enter into a written engagement to submit to such regulations as may from time to time be issued by the Gilchrist Trustees for the guidance of the scholars.

6. The tenure of the scholarships will be strictly dependent on good conduct in Europe, and on satisfactory progress being made in study. The Gilchrist Trustees reserve to themselves the right of finally deciding whether a scholar has or has not committed a breach of the Rules and Conditions on which his scholarship is held, as also all questions which may from time to time arise, whether expressly provided for in the Rules and Regulations or not. They further reserve to themselves the power of altering the conditions of the scholarships, or of altogether withdrawing them, if they shall think fit. Due notice of any alterations will be given, and changes will not be made in such a manner as to affect the interests of students already appointed to scholarships.

7. One of the Gilchrist Trustees * will personally see each Gilchrist scholar as soon as possible after he has reported his arrival at the office of the Trustees, and will confer with him upon the course he may propose to pursue, and the University or College to be selected.

RULES FOR ELECTION TO THE GILCHRIST SCHOLARSHIPS.

1. Candidates for the Gilchrist Scholarships must be natives of India within the meaning of section 6 of the Statute 33, Vic., Cap. 3, and must be under 22 years of age on the 1st July in the year in which the selection is made. The scholarships are open to women upon exactly the same conditions as to men.

No person holding a Government of India scholarship, tenable in England, is eligible for a Gilchrist scholarship, or shall continue to hold a Gilchrist scholarship after he has accepted a Government of India scholarship.

2. The selection of a scholar shall take place not later than the month of June in the year in which a scholarship is placed at the disposal of the University.

3. The scholar shall be selected from those graduates of the University who have done especially well in Science or Mathematics at one of the following Examinations :—

- (1.) M. A.
- (2.) B. A. with Honours.

* Professor James Stuart, M.P., has undertaken this function for the present.

(3.) B. E., including the optional subjects, Mathematics and Natural Science.

(4.) M. B.

4. Candidates for the examinations mentioned in the preceding rule, who are desirous of competing for the next Gilchrist scholarship that is placed at the disposal of the University, shall intimate the fact to the Registrar at the time they submit their applications for admission to those examinations, and shall state whether they have the consent of their families to proceed to Europe in order to prosecute a course of scientific study there.

5. It shall be the duty of the examiners at each of the examinations mentioned in rule 4 to state which of the candidates are in their opinion fit and proper persons to be selected for the Gilchrist scholarship.

6. The candidates recommended for the scholarship under rule 5, who are under the prescribed age, shall be called upon by the Registrar to submit, not later than the 1st May in the year in which the selection is made, the following certificates :—

(1.) Certificates of good conduct, signed by persons of respectability and position.

(2.) Certificates of their knowledge of the English language, signed by one or more of the Professors of the Colleges in which they have been educated.

(3.) Certificates of their physical capacity to undergo the course of life and study they will have to follow in Europe, signed or countersigned by a Presidency or Civil Surgeon.

7. Each candidate shall submit with these certificates a declaration that it is his intention, if successful, to proceed to England forthwith, to reside in Europe for a period of three years, unless compelled to return earlier either by ill-health or some other cause which may seem sufficient to the Gilchrist Trustees.

8. In the year in which the selection is to take place, the names, certificates and declarations of all the candidates recommended by the Examiners under rule 5, and who are under the prescribed age, shall be laid before a Committee of the Syndicate consisting of not more than three members, who shall have power to call for reports from the Principal and Professors of the College in which the candidates were educated, and to make such other enquiries as they think fit, and who shall recommend to the Vice-Chancellor one of the candidates for selection.

9. On the nomination of a scholar being completed, the Registrar shall communicate his name and address to the Secretary of the Gilchrist Trust, 17, Victoria Street, Westminster, London, S. W.

REGULATIONS FOR GILCHRIST INDIAN SCHOLARS IN ENGLAND.

(1.) Every scholar shall, on reaching England, at once present himself at the office of the Gilchrist Trust and report his arrival. He shall be provided with an official certificate of identity signed by the Registrar of the University by which he is nominated, or by a Secretary to Government.

(2.) Every scholar shall, on arriving in England, submit for the approval of the Gilchrist Trustees a statement showing the general course of study he proposes to follow ; and specifying the University or College to which he proposes to proceed. After consideration of such statement, the Trustees will decide at what University, or

Science or Technical College in Europe, the Scholarship shall be tenable, and will prescribe the course to be gone through and the degree or diploma to be obtained. Every scholar shall at once take steps to enter himself at the University or College which the Trustees shall have approved. The course finally prescribed by the Trustees shall not be changed without their sanction.

(3.) Every scholar shall, at the end of each University or College term, send to the Secretary of the Gilchrist Trust a certificate from the proper University or College authority showing that his residence, conduct and progress in study have been satisfactory during the term.

(4.) Every scholar shall at all times obey such instructions as he may receive from the Gilchrist Trustees or their Secretary.

(5.) The Scholarship allowance, at the rate of £200 a year, for three years, will be paid quarterly, in advance, by the Gilchrist Trust, commencing from the date when the scholar reports his arrival in England.

(6.) Every scholar will forfeit his Scholarship who, not being disabled by illness or prevented by any other cause which the Gilchrist Trustees may consider sufficient, fails to complete a residence of three years in Europe, or who is at any time guilty of misconduct or disregard of the orders of the Gilchrist Trustees. If a Scholarship be forfeited, the scholar will lose his claim to a free return passage to India.

SCHOLAR.

1891. Das, Bhupatinath, M.

XI.

AFFILIATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA TO THE UNIVERSITIES OF OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE.

(1) UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD.

In a Convocation of the University of Oxford held on the 21st May, 1889, it was decreed that the University of Calcutta be admitted to the privileges of a Colonial University under the following provisions of *Statt. Tit. II, Sect. VII. On Colonial and Indian Universities.*

1. Any University situated in any part of the British Dominions other than the United Kingdom may apply to this University to be admitted to the privileges of this section of the Statutes.

2. The application shall be addressed to the Vice-Chancellor, who shall report the same to the Hebdomadal Council.

3. The Hebdomadal Council, after considering such application and after making such enquiry as it shall deem necessary, shall, if it think fit, propose to Convocation that the University so applying shall be admitted to the privileges of this section of the Statutes.

4 (a) Any person who shall have pursued during two full years a course of study prescribed by a University which has been admitted to the privileges of this section, and shall have passed all the Examinations connected with the course, may, although he shall not have been matriculated, or have satisfied the Masters of the Schools at Responsions or in an Additional Subject, be admitted to any one or more of the following Examinations, *viz.*, any part of the First Public Examination, any Preliminary Examination in the Second Public Examination,

(b) Any such person who shall either have passed the Examination of Candidates not seeking Honours in the First Public Examination, or have obtained Honours in Greek and Latin Literature or in Mathematics in that Examination, or have passed a Preliminary Examination in the Second Public Examination, shall, if he is matriculated not later than the Michaelmas Term next following, be entitled to the following privilege, *viz.*, the Term in which he is matriculated shall be reckoned, for the purposes of any provisions respecting the standing of members of the University, as the fifth Term from his matriculation.

(c) Any person who shall have been matriculated under the provisions of clause (b) may be admitted to any part of the Second Public Examination, if he has passed Responsions, or one of the Examinations which under *Statt. Tit. I, Sect. I,* give exemption from Responsions, or has passed the Examination of Candidates not seeking Honours in the First Public Examination, or has obtained Honours in Greek and Latin Literature in that Examination, or has passed a Preliminary Examination, having satisfied the Examiners in

a Greek Book, and if he has also passed the Examination in Holy Scripture (or in a book offered instead thereof); provided that he shall not be admitted to the Final Honour Examination in the School of Natural Science until he has passed the Preliminary Examination in that School.

(d) Any person who shall have been admitted to the second Public Examination under the provisions of clause (c) shall be entitled to supplicate for the degree of Bachelor of Arts so soon as he shall have passed the Second Public Examination and shall have kept statutable residence for eight Terms, provided that he has obtained Honours either in the First or in the Second Public Examination.

5. The Delegates of Local Examinations shall make regulations respecting—

(1) The registration of persons who have been matriculated under the provisions of this section.

(2) The granting of certificates to such persons showing that they have satisfied the special conditions under which they are admitted to the University Examinations, or under which they are entitled to supplicate for the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

(3) The sending in of names to the Proctor and the producing of certificates to the Proctor by, or on behalf of, persons who avail themselves of the privileges granted by this section.

6. No person already matriculated in this University shall be admitted as a Candidate in the First Public Examination under the provisions of this statute.

7. Any University admitted to the privileges conferred by this section of the Statutes may at any time renounce such privileges, and this University may at any time withdraw the same by a vote of Convocation.

(II) UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE.

On the 16th June, 1887, by a Grace of the Senate of the University of Cambridge, the following regulations were sanctioned for the purpose of granting to students from the University of Calcutta, certain privileges with respect to the period of residence required for a degree.

1. That such of the Institutions for the education of adult students affiliated up to the B. A. standard to the University of Calcutta as that University shall recommend, shall be affiliated to the University of Cambridge by Grace of the Senate for periods not exceeding five years in each case.

2. That a student who has pursued his studies in one or more of such Institutions and has passed the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta and has also passed in the first division in the First Examination in Arts or passed in Honours in the Examination for Bachelor of Arts of that University shall be entitled to be excused all the parts of the Previous Examination; and shall further be entitled, for the purpose of any provision respecting the standing of members of the University, to reckon the first term kept by residence as the fourth term of his residence, and to proceed in due course to the B. A. degree, provided he obtains a degree by one of the Tripos Examinations.

In accordance with Clause 1 of the above regulations, the following Colleges have been recommended by the University of Calcutta for affiliation to the University of Cambridge :—

Presidency College.
Hughli College.
Dacca College.
Krishnagar College.
Berhampur College.
Doveton College.
Free Church of Scotland's Institution and Duff College.
La Martinière College.
L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
Jabalpur College.
Sanskrit College.
Bishop's College
Patna College.
St. Xavier's College.
St. Thomas's College (Colombo).
General Assembly's Institution.
Ravenshaw College (Katak).
Rajshahye College.
Trinity College (Kandy).
Metropolitan Institution.
City College (Calcutta).
Rangoon College.
Ripon College.
Morris College (Nagpur).
Hislop College (Nagpur).
Bethune College.
Victoria College (Cooch-Behar).
Wesley College (Colombo).

XII. INSTITUTIONS AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY.

(I.) IN ARTS.

A. (Up to the B. A. Standard).

- i Presidency College, 1857.
- ii Hughli College, 1857.
- iii Dacca College, 1857.
- iv Krishnagar College, 1857.
- v Berhampur College, 1857.
- vi Doveton College, Calcutta, 1857.
- vii St. Paul's School, Darjeeling, 1857.
- viii Free Church of Scotland's Institution and Duff College,
Calcutta, 1857.
- ix La Martinière College, Calcutta, 1857.
- x London Missionary Society's Inst., Bhowanipore, 1857.
- xi Serampore College, 1857.
- xii Agra College, 1860.
- xiii Benares College, 1860.
- xiv Jabalpur College, 1860.
- xv Sanskrit College, 1860.
- xvi Bishop's College, 1860.
- xvii Ajmere College, 1862.
- xviii Bareilly College, 1862.
- xix Patna College, 1862.
- xx St. Xavier's College, 1862.
- xxi St. John's College, Agra, 1862.
- xxii Jaynarayan's College, Benares, 1862.
- xxiii Lahore Government College, 1864.
- xxiv Delhi Government College, 1864.
- xxv St. Thomas's College, Colombo, 1864.
- xxvi General Assembly's Institution, Calcutta, 1864.
- xxvii Lahore Mission College, 1864.
- xxviii Victoria College, Agra, 1865.
- xxix Church Mission School, Amritsar, 1865.
- xxx Bishop Cotton School, Simla, 1866.
- xxxi Christ Church School, Cawnpore, 1866.
- xxxii Canning College, Lucknow, 1867.
- xxxiii La Martinière College, Lucknow, 1869.
- xxxiv Mussoorie School, 1869.
- xxxv Allahabad High School, 1869.
- xxxvi Muir Central College, Allahabad, 1872.
- xxxvii Ravenshaw College, Katak, 1876.
- xxxviii Rajshahye College, 1878.
- xxxix Trinity College, Kandy, 1878.

- xi Metropolitan Institution, Calcutta, 1879.
- xli Mahomedan Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh, 1881.
- xlii London Mission College, Benares, 1883.
- xliii City College, Calcutta, 1884.
- xliv Boys' High School, Naini Tal, 1884.
- xlvi Rangoon College, 1884.
- xlvi Ripon College, 1885.
- xlvi Morris College, 1885.
- xlvi Free Church Institution and Hislop College, Nagpur, 1886.
- xlix Bethune College, 1888.
- l Victoria College, Cooch Behar, 1888.
- li Wesley College, Colombo, 1888.
- lii Rajchandra College, Barisal, 1890.
- liii Victoria College, Naral, 1890.
- liv Tejnarain Jubilee College, Bhagalpur, 1890.
- lv New Holkar College, 1891.
- lvi Behar National College, Bankipur, 1892.
- lvii Canadian Mission College, Indore, 1893.
- lviii Jaffna College, 1893.

B. (Up to the First Arts Standard.)

- 1 Calcutta Madrasa, 1867.
- 2 Behore High School, 1868.
- 3 Chittagong College, 1869.
- 4 St. Peter's College, Agra, 1870.
- 5 London Mission School, Mirzapur, 1872.
- 6 Midnapur College, 1873.
- 7 Jaypur Maharaja's College, 1873.
- 8 Patiala Maharaja's College, 1874.
- 9 Wesleyan Central Institution, Batticaloa, 1877.
- 10 Residency College, Indore, 1877.
- 11 Rangpur College, 1877.
- 12 St. Francis De Sales' School, Nagpur, 1879.
- 13 Baring High School, Batala, 1880.
- 14 Rajkumar College, Nowgong, Bundelkhand, 1880.
- 15 Albert College, 1881.
- 16 Burdwan Raj College, 1882.
- 17 Government High School, Fyzabad, 1882.
- 18 Prince of Wales' College, Moratuwa, 1882.
- 19 St. George's College, Mussoorie, 1882.
- 20 Allahabad High School, Girls' Dept., 1883.
- 21 Rutlam Central College, 1884.
- 22 Jagannath College, Dacca, 1884.
- 23 University School, 1885.
- 24 Ramsay College, Almora, 1885.
- 25 Girls' High School, Lucknow, 1886.
- 26 Uttarpara College, 1887.
- 27 Roberts College, 1887.
- 28 Bangabasi College, 1887.
- 29 Armenian College, 1888.
- 30 St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling, 1889.
- 31 Brajamohan Institution, Barisal, 1889.
- 32 Murari Chand High School, Sylhet, 1891.
- 33 St. Mary's Institution, Chandernagore, 1891.

- 34 St. John's College, Jaffna, 1892.
- 35 Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science.

(II.) IN LAW.

- 1 Presidency College, 1857
- 2 Hughli College, 1864.
- 3 Dacca College, 1864.
- 4 Krishnagar College, 1864.
- 5 Berhampur College, 1864.
- 6 Patna College, 1864.
- 7 Agra College, 1868.
- 8 Ravenshaw College, Katak, 1869.
- 9 Chittagong College, 1869.
- 10 Canning College, Lucknow, 1870.
- 11 Muir Central College, Allahabad, 1872.
- 12 Rajshahye College, 1880.
- 13 Metropolitan Institution, 1882.
- 14 Mahomedan Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh, 1883.
- 15 City College, 1883.
- 16 Benares College, 1884.
- 17 Ripon College, 1885.
- 18 Morris College, Nagpur, 1886.
- 19 Victoria College, Cooch-Behar, 1888.
- 20 Rajchandra College, Barisal, 1890.
- 21 Tejnarnai Jubilee College, Bhagalpur, 1890.
- 22 Midnapur College, 1892.
- 23 Rangoon College, 1892.
- 24 Behar National College, Bankipur, 1892.

(III.) IN MEDICINE.

- 1 Medical College, Calcutta, 1857.

(IV.) IN ENGINEERING.

- 1 Thomason College, Rurki, 1864.
- 2 Government Engineering College, Howrah, 1880.

I.

Presidency College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

The Presidency College was established on the 15th June, 1855, under orders from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors in their Despatch No. 62, dated 15th September, 1854, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction of Bengal.

The College is open to all classes of the community, and the course of instruction is adapted to the requirements of the University for Degrees in Arts.

Students who have passed the University Entrance Examination are admissible to this College.

There is an admission fee of Rs. 10; and the monthly tuition fee is Rs. 12, except in the case of students holding Junior Scholarships, who pay only Rs. 10.

Five Scholarships, founded in commemoration of the donors whose names they bear, are attached to the College, and are tenable by Graduates in Arts for one year after taking the Degree of B. A., viz. :—

The Burdwan Scholarship ...	... value	Rs.	50 a month.
„ Dwarkanath Tagore ...	... „	„	50 „
„ Bird Scholarship ...	... „	„	40 „
„ Ryan Scholarship ...	... „	„	40 „
„ Gopimohan Tagore Scholarship ...	... „	„	30 „
The following Scholarships are tenable on the same conditions :—			
Two Hindu College Foundation Scholarships		Rs.	40 each.
Four do. do.		„	30 „

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of Mathematics ...	...	W. Griffiths, M.A.
Professor of Chemistry ...	...	A. Pedler, F.R.S.
Professors of Physical Science ...	{	J. H. Gilliland, M.A.
		C. Bose, B.A., B.Sc.
Professors of Moral and * Mental Philosophy and Logic ...	{	P. K. Ray, D Sc.
		A. F. R. Hørnle, Ph.D.
		C. R. Wilson, M.A.
Professors of English Literature ...	{	F. J. Rowe, M.A.
		J. Mann, M.A.
		H. M. Percival, M.A.
Professors of Mathematics ...	{	A. M. Nash, M.A.
		C. Little, M.A.
Asst. Professor of Mathematics ...	...	Bipinbhari Gupta, M.A.
Professor of Geology ...	...	T. H. Holland, F.G.S., A.R.C.S.
Professor of Sanskrit ...	...	Nilmani Mukerjee, M.A.
Assistant Professor of Sanskrit ...	...	Pandit Harischandra Kaviratna.
Professor of Arabic and Persian ...	...	Maulavi Mirza Ashraf Ali.
Temporary Assistant Professor of Chemistry ...	...	P. C. Roy, D.Sc.
Lecturer in English Literature ...	...	Nilkantha Majumdar, M.A.
Lecturer in History ...	...	Binayendranath Sen, M.A.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOLS.

ATTACHED TO THE COLLEGE.

HINDU SCHOOL.

Head Master ... Krishnachandra Ray.

HARE SCHOOL.

Head Master ... Bholanath Pal, M.A.

List of Principals.

1855 J. Sutcliffe, M.A.	1875 C. H. Tawney, M.A. (offg.)
1856 L. Clint (offg.)	1875 J. Sutcliffe, M.A.
1857 E. Lodge (offg.)	1876 A. Croft, M.A. (offg.)
1858 J. Sutcliffe, M.A.	1876 Charles H. Tawney, M.A.
1863 W. Grapel (offg.)	1882 G. Bellett, M.A. (offg.)
1864 J. Sutcliffe, M.A.	1882 John Eliot, M.A. (offg.)
1875 H. Woodrow, M.A. (offg.)	1883 Alex. Pedler, F.R.S. (offg.)

1883	John Eliot, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)	1887	Charles H. Tawney, M.A.
1883	G. Bellet, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)	1888	Alex. Pedler, F.R.S. (<i>offg.</i>)
1884	John Eliot, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)	1889	Charles H. Tawney, M.A.
1884	Charles H. Tawney, M.A.	1889	Alex. Pedler, F.R.S. (<i>offg.</i>)
1885	W. Griffiths, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)	1889	F. J. Rowe, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)
1886	Charles H. Tawney, M.A.	1889	Charles H. Tawney, M.A.
1887	Alex. Pedler, F.R.S. (<i>offg.</i>)	1892	W. Griffiths, M.A.

II.

Hughli College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This institution was founded in 1836, and was originally supported from funds bequeathed by Muhammad Mohsin, a wealthy Muhammadan gentleman, who dying without heirs in the year 1806, left his large property, yielding an annual income of Rs. 45,000 to Muhammadan Trustees "for the service of God." Owing to the misappropriation of the funds Government assumed the office of Trusteeship. The right of assumption was opposed by the original Trustees, but upheld both by the Courts in India and by the Privy Council in England. The period of litigation, extended over many years, during which the annual income accumulated, forming a surplus of Rs. 8,61,100. The surplus was devoted to the foundation and endowment of the Hughli College, and was further increased by a portion of the original zemindaree that became available on the death of one of the Mootawallees of the Hughli Imambarah, an Institution which also derives its support from Muhammad Mohsin's legacy. The College endowment was further increased by the accumulation of unexpended revenue, until the income amounted to Rs. 51,000 per annum. In 1873 the Government of India resolved to transfer the whole of the Mohsin endowment to the purpose of Muhammadan education throughout Bengal, and accordingly increased the provincial assignment for education in Bengal by Rs. 50,000 a year, in order to meet the expenses of the Hughli College, which has now become an Institution maintained by the Government.

The College consists of three Departments, an English, an Arabic, and a Law Department, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal. The English Department is open to all students who have passed the University Entrance Examination, the fees being two rupees per mensem for Muhammadans up to a limit of 17, and Rs. 6 for all others. In the Law Department the fee is Rs. 5 per mensem for the 1st year class and Rs. 7 for the 2nd and 3rd year classes.

There are Hindu and Muhammadan Hostels connected with the College; the boarding-fee in the former is Rs. 4 per mensem, and in the latter Rs. 3.

SCHOLARSHIPS, STUDENTSHIPS, &c.

1. One Laha scholarship of Rs. 25 per mensem, tenable for one year, is awarded annually to a B. A. of the College preparing for the degree of M. A. in any branch.

2. One Rani Katyani scholarship of Rs. 16 per mensem, tenable for two years, is awarded annually to the most deserving student who has passed the F. A. Examination from the College and who has not

gained a Government scholarship, but the Principal, who is the administrator of this scholarship fund, is authorized to divide the scholarship into two of Rs. 8 each whenever such a course may be advisable.

3. One Zemindaree scholarship of Rs. 8 per mensem, tenable for two years, is awarded annually to the most deserving student who has passed the Entrance Examination from the Collegiate or Branch School, and who has not gained a Government scholarship, preference being given to a student of the latter school.

4. Two Mohsin Junior scholarships, each of Rs. 8 per mensem, tenable for two years at this College, are awarded annually.

5. Maharaja Doorgacharn Laha, C.I.E., awards five studentships, each of Rs. 5 per mensem, to students reading in the English Department of the College, and five of Rs. 3 each to students of the Collegiate School.

6. Nine Mohsin Anglo-Persian scholarships, tenable for one year, three of Rs. 5, three of Rs. 4, and three of Rs. 3 per mensem, are awarded annually to the most deserving Muhammadan students of the Collegiate School.

7. Thirty Free Boarderships are attached to the Muhammadan Hostel, 13 of which are open to all Muhammadan students of the College and Collegiate School, who have not gained any Government or Mohsin scholarships, and 17 to students of the Arabic Department.

8. Six Mohsin scholarships, tenable for one year, attached to the Arabic Department, are awarded annually, two of Rs. 8, two of Rs. 6, and two of Rs. 4 per mensem.

9. A Thwaytes Gold Medal, of the value of about Rs. 48, is awarded annually to the graduate from this College who gains the highest number of marks in Mathematics at the B.A. Examination of each year.

10. A scholarship of Rs. 5 per mensem tenable for two years in the Hughli College is awarded annually to the student of the Hughli Collegiate School who obtains the greatest number of marks in Mathematics in passing the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University. And a scholarship of Rs. 5 per mensem tenable for two years in the Hughli College is awarded annually to the student of the Hughli College, who obtains greatest number of marks in Mathematics in passing the First Examination in Arts of the Calcutta University.

These scholarships were founded by the late Babu Suryyamohan Banerjee of Telinipara.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of Mathematics	...	W. Booth, B.A.
Professor of English Literature	...	S. C Hill, B.A., B.Sc.
Professor of Philosophy and Chemistry	...	P. Mukerji, B.Sc.
Assistant Professor of Physics, Chemistry and Logic	...	D. N. Mallik, B.A.
Assistant Professor of Sanskrit	...	Nakuleswar Banerjee.
Assistant Professor of Arabic and Persian	...	Abdul Ali.
Lecturer on English and History	...	Upendranath Maitra, M.A.
Lecturer on Mathematics	...	Kisorimohan Sengupta, M.A.
Offg. Law Lecturer.	...	Ambikacharan Mitra, M.A., B.L.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOLS.

ATTACHED TO THE COLLEGE.

HUGHLI COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.
 Head Master—Nandalal Das.
 HUGHLI BRANCH SCHOOL.
 Head Master—Ramdas Chakrabarti.

List of Principals.

1836	Thomas Alexander Wise, M.D.	1868	Robert Thwaytes, M.A.
1839	James Sutherland, M.A.	1876	William Griffiths, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)
1839	James Esdaile, M.D., (<i>offg.</i>)	1880	William Griffiths, M.A.
1842	James Sutherland, M.A.	1883	William Booth, B.A. (<i>offg.</i>)
1844	L. Clint, B.A.	1883	William Griffiths, M.A.
1846	Captain D. L. Richardson.	1885	M. Mowat, M.A., (<i>offg.</i>)
1848	James Kerr, M.A.	1888	William Griffiths, M.A.
1856	Robert Thwaytes, M.A.	1892	William Booth, B.A. (<i>offg.</i>)
1859	James Graves, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)	1892	William Booth, B.A.
1859	E. Lodge, B.A. (<i>offg.</i>)		
1859	Robert Thwaytes, M.A.		
1867	S. Lobb, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)		

III.

Dacca College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

The College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

It was originally opened as a school, by the General Committee of Public Instruction, in the year 1835. In 1841 it was converted into a College, when a Principal was appointed, and an increase made to the staff of teachers. The College building was erected partly by public subscription in 1841.

Any under-graduate of the University may be admitted, and instruction is given up to the standard of the M. A. Examination of the University of Calcutta. Lectures in Law also are delivered, and students are prepared for the B. L. Examination.

Students in the General Department pay a monthly fee of Rs. 6, and in the Law Department, of Rs. 5.

A silver medal, called the Donnelly Prize, the value of the interest on Rs. 500 subscribed by the native assistants of the late Abkaree Commissioner's Office, in memory of the late A. F. Donnelly, Esq., and a prize, called the Lewis Prize, the value of the interest on Rs. 500, subscribed by students of the College, in memory of G. Lewis, Esq., one of the former Principals of the College, are awarded annually—the former for proficiency in History, and the latter for proficiency in English.

A gold and a silver medal, called the Pope Medals, the value of the interest on Rs. 1,500, subscribed by the native friends of Mr. John van Someren Pope, M.A., one of the former Principals of the College, are awarded annually—the former to the candidate who stands first from the Dacca College in English Honours at the B. A. Examination, and the latter to the candidate who stands first in English at the Entrance Examination from the Dacca Collegiate School.

A prize called the Srinath Prize, the value of the interest on Rs. 200, is awarded annually to that student who stands first in Sanskrit at the Entrance Examination from the Dacca Collegiate School.

Five prizes, called the Ramlochan Ghosh prizes, of the total value of Rs. 40, the interest on Rs. 1,000, presented by Babu Ramlochan Ghosh, to the Dacca College, are annually awarded in the following manner on the results of the Entrance Examination of the Dacca Collegiate School :—

1	Prize of Rs. 8	to the highest student in English.
1	"	" 8 do. do. in Mathematics.
1	"	" 8 do. do. in 2nd Language.
1	"	" 8 do. do. in History & Geography.
1	"	" 8 to the student who obtains the highest total marks.

The prizes are awarded on the results of the Entrance Examination and are limited to those students who do not obtain any scholarship, provided they read for the F. A. Examination in the Dacca College. A student may gain more than one prize if entitled by his marks.

A prize, called the Brennand Prize, consisting of books of the value of the interest on Rs. 700, is awarded annually to that student who at the B. A. Examination stands first from the Dacca College in Mathematics, to enable him to read for the M. A. degree in that subject.

Four scholarships, of Rs. 6 each, are given by the Nawab Bahadur Ahsanullah, C.I.E., to Muhammadan students from the Dacca Madrassah, tenable in the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th year College classes, respectively.

A scholarship of Rs. 20 a month, the interest on Rs. 6,000, is given by Raja Rajendranarayan Raichaudhuri, of Bhawal, in memory of his father, Raja Kalinarayan Raychaudhuri. The scholarship is awarded annually to a graduate of the College to enable him to read for the M. A. degree.

A scholarship, called the Iswarchandra Vidyásagara Scholarship, of Rs. 10 a month, is given by Raja Rajendranarayan Raichaudhuri, of Bhawal, in memory of the late Pandit Iswarchandra Vidyásagara. The scholarship is awarded to the student who passes the Entrance Examination from the Dacca Collegiate School and stands highest in Sanskrit, to enable him to read up to the M. A. standard at the Dacca College.

Attached to the College, and under the control of the Principal, is the Rajchandra Hindu Hostel, founded in memory of the late Babu Rajchandra Das, Zemindar and Banker, of Dacca. It is

supported by an annual contribution from his son, Babu Pratāpchandra Das, Zemindar and Banker, a monthly capitation grant from the Government of Bengal, and the fees paid by students.

Under the control of the Principal are the Collegiate School and the Survey School. The staff of the former consists of a Head Master, fourteen Anglo-Vernacular Masters, three Pandits, one Drawing Master, and one Maulavi, the latter, of a Head Master and seven Assistant Masters.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

General Department.

Principal and Professor of English Literature	...	A. C. Edwards, M.A.
Professor of Physical Science	...	E. F. Mondy, F.C.S.
Professor of History, Mental and Moral Philosophy...	...	C. R. Wilson, M.A. (<i>offg. Professor, Presidency College.</i>)
Assistant Professor of English Literature	...	J. N. Das Gupta, B.A.
Assistant Professor of History, Logic and Political Economy...		Sasibhusan Datta, M.A.
Lecturer on Philosophy and History	...	Mohitchandra Sen, M.A.
Lecturers on Mathematics	...	{ Rajkumar Sen, M.A. Kalipada Basu, M.A.
Offg. Lecturer on English Literature	...	Satischandra De, M.A.
Medical Officer and Lecturer on Chemistry	...	Priyanath Basu, L.M.S.
Assistant Professor of Sanskrit	...	Kaliprasanna Bhattacharyya, M.A.
Lecturer on Sanskrit	...	Prasannachandra Chakrabarti, Vidyaratna.
Lecturer on Arabic and Persian...		Maulavi Abdul Munim.
Laboratory Assistant	...	Suryanarayan Ghosh.

Law Department.

Law Lecturer	...	Rajanikanta Chaudhuri, B.L.
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Collegiate School.

Head Master	...	Ratnamani Gupta.
2nd do.	...	Baikunthanath Ray, B.A.
3rd do.	...	Rajanikanta Ghosh, B.A.

Survey School.

Head Master	...	Haricharan Nag.
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Principals.

1841 J. Ireland, M.A.	1846 G. Lewis.
1844 T. Wise, M.D.	1856 W. Brennand (<i>offg.</i>)

1856	L. Clint, B.A.	1881	J. V. S. Pope, M.A.
1857	W. Brennand (<i>offg.</i>)	1883	A. W. Garrett, B.A. (<i>offg.</i>)
1857	W. Brennand.	1884	R. Parry (<i>offg.</i>)
1873	A. W. Croft, M.A.	1884	W. Booth, B.A.
1874	A. W. Garrett, B.A. (<i>offg.</i>)	1887	A. C. Edwards, M.A.
1875	A. W. Garrett, B.A.	1890	E. F. Mondy, Assoc. R.S.M., F.C.S. (<i>offg.</i>)
1875	A. Ewbank, M.A.	1891	A. C. Edwards, M.A.
1878	J. V. S. Pope, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)		

IV.

Krishnagar College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This College was founded by Government in 1845, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

Any person who has passed the University Entrance Examination may be admitted. Students pay a monthly fee of Rs. 5.

The College is a handsome building, standing upon 3 bigahs of land, and surrounded by an enclosed compound of upwards of 100 more. It was erected in 1856 at a cost of Rs. 66,876; 17,000 of which was collected by private subscription. In consideration of the liberality thus manifested in the district, a donor of Rs. 1,000 is allowed to place a boy, free of expense, at the College in perpetuity, and another, for every Rs. 500 additional he may have subscribed. Part of the ground occupied was purchased by Government; for the remainder, the College is indebted to the munificence of the Maharaja of Nuddea and the Maharani Swarnamayi, C.I., of Cossimbazar.

In 1871, the B. A. classes (the third and fourth year classes) were abolished by Sir George Campbell, then Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; and for some years the College only afforded instruction up to the First Examination in Arts. In 1875, however, Sir Richard Temple, on the petition of the chief inhabitants of the district, consented to restore the College to its former status, provided that a considerable share of the increased cost was subscribed for by the community. A sum, amounting to more than Rs. 40,000, was subscribed during the year, and with this endowment the College was re-established on its original footing. Classes for the A Course for the B. A. were opened in June 1888.

A prize of Rs. 80, founded by Babu Mohinimohan Ray, in 1883, and called the Mohinimohan Ray prize, is awarded annually to the student who most successfully passes the B. A. Examination with Honours, or to a graduate of the College who passes the M. A. Examination in any subject.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

General Department.

Principal and Professor of English

Literature ...

W. Billing, B.A. (*offg.*)

Lecturer on Mathematics ..

H. A. Lane, M.A. (on deputation).

Temporary on Mathematics ...	Suryyakumar Karfarma, M.A.
Lecturer on English Literature ...	Debendranath Basu, M.A.
Lecturer on Physics and Mathematics ..	Govindalal Set, M.A.
Lecturer on Chemistry and Physics	Brajlal Mukerjee, B.A.
Ditto on Philosophy and Logic	Sivendranath Gupta, M.A.
Asst. Professor of Sanskrit ...	Bidhubhusan Goswami, M.A.

Law Department.

Law Lecturer	... Basantakumar Chatterjee, B.L.
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Succession List of Principals.

1845 Capt. D. L. Richardson.	1877 F. J. Rowe, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)
1846 M. G. Rochfort.	1879 W. H. Paulson, B.A. (<i>offg.</i>)
1855 E. Lodge, B.A.	1881 George Watt (<i>offg.</i>)
1857 J. Graves, M.A. (<i>offg.</i>)	1881 G. A. Stack (<i>offg.</i>)
1857 L. Clint, B.A.	1882 J. A. Martin, B.A. (<i>offg.</i>)
1858 A. Smith, M.A.	1883 J. Mann, M.A.
1870 S. Lobb, M.A.	1887 S. C. Hill, B.A., B.Sc. (<i>offg.</i>)
1874 E. Lethbridge, M.A.	1888 S. C. Hill, B.A., B.Sc.
	1890 W. Billing, B.A. (<i>offg.</i>)

V.

Berhampur College.**AFFILIATED, 1857.**

It was opened as a College in 1853. The foundation stone of the building, one moiety of the cost of which was paid by the community, was laid in 1863, and it was occupied in 1869.

In 1865 the Institution was raised to the status of a College, giving instruction up to the standard of the B. A. examination of the Calcutta University. A Law Department was added in 1864. The status was, however, reduced in 1872 to that of a second grade College, and the Law Department was abolished in 1875.

The Institution again became a first grade College with a Law Department attached, in 1888 an M. A. class was opened at the commencement of the year 1889-90. In the B. A. classes instruction is given in the Arts Course. The College is open to all classes of the community, and any University under-graduate is admissible. The monthly fee, in the General Department, is Rs 3.

Attached to the College is a Hindu Hostel, the boarder's fee for which is Rs. 5 a month. Rai Rajib Lochun Ray, Bahadur, the generous Dewan of Her Highness the Maharani Swarnamayi, C.I., of Cossimbazar, died in 1881, leaving the sum of Rs. 15,000 to the Berhampur College, the interest to be used for assisting deserving students.

The interest of this sum is used in giving five scholarships of Rs. 5 a month each, to the five students who gain the highest marks among the candidates, who compete for the Entrance Examination from the Berhampur centre. Each student retains his scholarship for two years, on the condition that he continues for that time in the Berhampur College, after passing the Entrance examination. Full information about these scholarships will be obtained by referring to the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 10th December, 1884, Supplement, page 2457.

In pursuance of the policy recommended by the Education Commission and adopted by the Government of India, the Bengal Government decided in 1886 to transfer the Berhampur College to private management. The munificent offer of Her Highness the Maharani Swarnamayi, C.I., of Cossimbazar, to maintain the College for five years was accepted.

Accordingly, by a Bengal Government Resolution, dated the 14th May, 1887, the control of the College, administrative and financial, was vested in a Board of Trustees, nominated by the Maharani. The Board consist of the District Magistrate and the District Judge for the time being, Babu Baikantnath Sen, B.L., Babu Srinath Pal, B.L., Babu Syamadas Ray, Babu Radhikacharan Sen, Zemindar, and Babu Gopalchandra Mukerjee, M.A., B.L., Pleader, Judge's Court, Murshedabad. It was under the management of the Board of Trustees, that the institution was restored to its former status as a first grade College.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

College Department.

Principal...	...	Brajendranath Sil, M.A.
Professor of English...	...	Matilal Chatterjee, M.A.
Professor of English and Philosophy	...	Hiralal Haldar, M.A.
Professor of Science and Mathematics	...	Saratchandra Sinha, M.A.
Professor of Science and Mathematics	...	Sasisekhar Banerjee, B.A.
Professor of Sanskrit	..	Madhavchandra Tarkasiddhanta.
Assistant Professor of Sanskrit	...	Gayaram Smritikantha.

Law Department.

Professor of Law	...	Haradhan Nag, M.A., B.L.
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School Department.

Head Master	...	Girischandra Sanyal, M.A.
2nd do.	...	Kaliprasanna Banerjee, B.A.
3rd do.	...	Navakrishna Ray, B.A.
And six other Masters, three Gymnastic Master.		Pandits, one Maulavi, and one

Principals.

1853	A. S. Harrison, B.A.	1861	R. Hand.
1856	A. Smith, M.A.	1875	G. Bellett, M.A.
1858	R. L. Martin, M.A., Head Master in charge.	1877	Prasannakumar Sarba dhikari (<i>offg.</i>)
1859	S. W. Bradbury, ditto.	1880	W. B. Livingstone.
1859	R. L. Martin, M.A., ditto.	1887	Brajendranath Sil, M.A.

VI.

Doveton College.**AFFILIATED, 1857.**

This College is attached to the Parental Academic Institution, a day and boarding-school which was established on the 1st March, 1823, by a body of Christian parents who were anxious to secure for their children the benefits of a liberal education, its affairs being conducted by a Committee of Management elected chiefly from among the parents.

In 1855 a legacy of rupees two lakhs and thirty thousand was bequeathed to the Institution by the late Captain John Doveton, which enabled the Committee of Management to extend its sphere of usefulness by the addition, in 1856 of an Infant School or Initiatory Department, and the establishment of a College Department, named in honour of the donor. A few years later a Girls' Department was added.

In 1871 other bequests were made to the Institution by the late Mr. Lawrence Augustus de Souza, of the Firm of Messrs. Thomas de Souza and Sons of Calcutta. These consist, first, of the interest on a sum of rupees Three Lakhs, made permanently applicable to the maintenance and education of a certain number of boys and girls of East Indian parents of a certain class, who are admitted as boarders on the "Lawrence de Souza foundation," at the age of 10, and kept at school till the age of 18; and, secondly, of the interest on a sum of Rs. 15,000 for the establishment of a Scholarship in English literature, styled the "Lawrence de Souza Scholarship." It is of the value of Rs. 50 per mensem, and is tenable for one year at the Doveton College; but it is open to any East Indian boy from any School or College, the successful candidate of one year being at liberty to compete for and hold the Scholarship from year to year until he graduates.

In addition to the above, Mr. L. A. de Souza bequeathed a further sum of Rs. 30,000, the interest of which is to be applied towards the education in England of an East Indian youth of ability, with the view of enabling him to compete for the Covenanted Civil Service of India. This is open to any East Indian candidate, whether educated at the Doveton College or elsewhere.

Secretary C. E. Dissent.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of Classics ...	J. S. Zempin.
Professor of English Literature, History and Logic ...	H. A. Stark, B.A.
Professor of Mathematics and Science	A. Dissent.
Assistant Professor of Mathematics and Science ...	H. N. Sen, M.A.
Professor of Sanskrit ...	J. N. Dé, B.A. (on leave).
Offg. do do ...	Pandit Ramrajendra Bidyaratna,
Professor of Arabic and Persian ...	Maulavi Ali Azam.

List of Principals.

1850 Rev. A. Morgan.	1870 H. Roberts.
1855 George Smith, LL.D.	1877 Rev. J. Robertson, M.A.
1859 J. W. McCrindle, M.A.	1881 J. J. B. Coles, M.A.
1866 J. Sime, B.A.	1887 W. R. Macdonald, M.A.
1869 R. Dick, M.A.	1890 J. S. Zempin.
1869 Rev. R. Robinson.	

VII.

St. Paul's School, Darjeeling.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This school was founded in 1845, and was formerly located in Chowringhee, Calcutta. In 1863 the want of a good school in the hills was much felt, and Calcutta being well supplied with schools, the old premises were sold, and with the proceeds an estate was purchased in Darjeeling, and a new school bearing the same name as the school in Calcutta, was built.

In 1858, two scholarships, worth 20 rupees a month, were founded as a memorial of Bishop Wilson, who had been from the beginning a warm friend to the school. One is given every year, and held for two years.

In 1863 Mr. Patrick Arson, of Calcutta, bequeathed to the school Rs. 3,500—Government Securities 5 per cent.—to establish an "Arson Scholarship."

The school is managed by a Committee meeting in Calcutta, of which the Bishop of Calcutta is President and the Archdeacon Vice-President and Secretary.

The course of study is that prescribed by the University for its examinations for degrees in Arts, and the Code of education for European schools with the addition of religious training upon the principles of the Church of England.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

R. CARTER, B.A., Queen's College, Oxford	... Rector and Head Master.
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W. E. K. SHORE, B.A., late Scholar of Hertford Coll., Oxford (Mathematical Honours, Second Division, Mod's, and Final School).	
A. A. BARNES, B.A., Trinity College, Dublin ...	
H. GODFREY, Certificated Teacher of the Educational Department, England; First Division, London University Matriculation.	} Assistant Masters.
J. Thomas, Royal University, Ireland ...	
A H Read ...	
Mrs. Meyer ...	
Miss Crichton ..	... Teacher of Drawing.

List of Rectors.

1847 Rev. J. Kyd, M.A.	1864 Rev. J. C. Nesfield, M.A.
1849 Rev S. Slater.	1866 Rev. G. M. Wilson, M.A.
1852 Rev. J. Richards, M.A.	1877 Rev. L. F. Philips, M.A.
1855 Rev. G. Pridham, B.C.L.	(<i>offg.</i>)
1859 Rev. W. Ayerst, M.A.	1878 Mr. R. Carter, B.A.
1862 Rev. F. C. Cardew, M.A.	

VIII.

The Free Church of Scotland's Institution and Duff College.

• AFFILIATED, 1857.

Originally established by Dr. Duff in August 1830, for the education of native youths under the name of the General Assembly's Institution, and since 1843 designated the Free Church Institution, being supported by the Free Church of Scotland.

The Institution since 1857 has been in a handsome new edifice, Nimtola Ghât Street, erected at a cost of upwards of £15,000.

It consists of two departments, a College Department and a School Department.

In the College Department all the branches of higher education—the regular subjects of the University curriculum up to the M. A. Degree—are taught, embracing English Literature, Philosophy, Science, Pure and Mixed Mathematics, History and Sanskrit, in immediate connection with systematic instruction in the doctrines and evidences of natural and revealed religion. Students who have passed the Entrance Examination are admissible to the College Department. The monthly tuition fee is Rs. 5.

In the School Department, there are nine graduated classes, teaching up to the University Entrance Standard. Religious instruction is imparted to all the classes. The schooling fee varies from 12 as. to Rs. 3.

Scholarships.

1. There is an endowment of Rs. 80 per month for small Scholarships of Rs. 5 a month each, awarded by competition.
2. There are two endowed Theological Scholarships, of Rs. 16 per month each, called the "Duff Scholarships," designed for students who are candidates for the Christian ministry.
3. There is also an endowed "Hawkins Scholarship," of Rs. 8 per month, founded by the liberality of the gentleman whose name it bears.

Annual Prizes.

1. Endowed Prizes :—

- a. The Hawkins Gold Medal of Rs. 80 to the most successful student in the Institution.
- b. The Ewart Memorial Prize of Rs. 50.
- c. The Kelloe Prize of Rs. 40, founded by the late Mr. Buchan of Kelloe.
2. Besides these, Prizes for general proficiency and regular attendance are awarded in all the classes, with several more for special exercises and essays.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	... Rev. J. Hector, M.A.
Philosophy and English Literature	II. Stephen, M.A.
Mathematics	... A. Thomson, M.A.
English Literature and Logic	... Rev. A. Tomory, M.A.
Physical Science and Mathematics	Rev. J. Watt, M.A.
English Literature and History	... Rev. A. P. Telfer, M.A.
Physical Science and Mathematics	Jnanchandra Ghosh, M.A.
Sanskrit	... { Kailaschandra Bhattacharyya, M.A.
	... { Kalipada Mukhopadhyay.
Persian	... Maulavi Abdul Hadi.

With 17 teachers in School Department.

IX.

La Martinière, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

La Martinière of Calcutta, together with similar Institutions at Lucknow and Lyons, was founded by General Claude Martin, a native of the latter place, and a General in the service of the King of Oudh.

General Martin bequeathed a large sum of money to be devoted to the establishment of a school for the Christian inhabitants of Calcutta, under the direction of the Supreme Court. The School was opened on the 1st March, 1836, and was, according to the provision in General Martin's will, named "La Martinière."

By decrees of the Supreme and High Courts, a body of Governors has been constituted, consisting of the Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the Chief Justice of the High Court, the Bishop of Calcutta, the Commander-in-Chief, the Members of Council, the two Senior Barrister Judges of the High Court, the Advocate-General for the time being, and the Chairman of the Justices of Calcutta. The *ex-officio* Governors elect annually four other Governors, who, with one of the *ex-officio* Governors, form a Board of Acting Governors, to whom the general control of the Institution is entrusted.

By the decree of the Supreme Court, there must be upon the Foundation not less than 75 boys and 40 girls. The Foundationers are entirely supported from the funds of the School.

The Foundationers are chosen from amongst the Christian population of Calcutta; and must not be at the time of election less than four, or more than ten, years of age.

Boarders and Day Scholars are also received on payment of a monthly fee.

Acting Governors.

The Rev. A. Ferrier.

The Venerable Archdeacon MacCarthy.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Norris.

E. Trelawny, Esq.

H. B. H. Turner, Esq.

Secretary and Medical Officer.

Surgeon Lieut.-Colonel O'Connell Raye, M.D.

EDUCATIONAL STAFF.

Principal and Head Master.

W. H. Arden Wood, B.A., F.C.S., late Junior Student of Christ Church, Oxford.

Assistant Masters.

T. H. Ellis, University College, London.

E. G. Heefke.

W. J. Stark, B.A.

P. J. MacVoy.

G. M. Ridsdale.

F. A. Wilson.

Preparatory Department.

Miss Wiseman.

Miss Pritchard

Music

Drawing

Shorthand

... E. Slater, F.C.O.

... R. Sinclair.

... W. J. Stark, B.A.

X.

London Missionary Society's Institution,
Bhowanipore.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This Institution was founded by the London Missionary Society in the year 1838. In 1854 the large and handsome building now used,

consisting of a library, a hall, and sixteen class-rooms, was first opened.

The Institution is divided into three departments, *viz.*, a College Department for under-graduates of the University, a School Department, and a Theological Department for training Christian youths for missionary work.

The course of study comprehends English, Sanskrit, and Bengali Literature, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Mathematics, History and Geography, together with the Sacred Scriptures and Christian evidences.

College fee Rs 5; board (for Christians only) Rs. 7 extra; School fees Rs 2 and under; board (Christians) Rs. 5 extra; several scholarships of Rs. 5 and under are annually awarded.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Philosophy	...	Rev. A. P. Begg, B.A. (Lond.) <i>Principal.</i>
English	...	Rev J. P. Ashton, M.A.
Do.	...	J. N. Farquhar, B.A. (Oxon.)
Mathematics, &c.	...	B. M. Mozumdar, M.A.
Do.	...	K. C. Manna, B.A.
Sanskrit	...	R. K. Chakravarti.
Do.	...	P. Paladhi.
History and Logic	...	D. N. Roy, B.A.

School Department.

Rev. N. L. Dass, Head Master, and thirteen Teachers.

XI.

Serampore College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

XII.

Agra College.

AFFILIATED, 1860.

In 1818 Pandit Ganga Dhar Shastri bequeathed to the East India Company the rents of certain lands in the Districts of Aligarh and Muttra for the promotion of education. In accordance with the Shastri's will Agra College was opened in 1823, the endowment then yielding over Rs. 22,000 a year. Subsequently Government added to the income and raised the College to its present status.

In 1883 the management was transferred to a Board of Trustees. The College now receives annual grants of Rs. 12,000 from Government and Rs. 5,000 from the Municipality of Agra in addition to the original endowment. The total income is about Rs 65,000 a year. At the time of the transfer the Trustees made an appeal to the noblemen and gentlemen of the N. W. Provinces, and a lakh of rupees was added to the endowment, while the capital of the Scholar-

ship Fund was raised from Rs. 25,000 to Rs. 45,000. The Maharajahs of Gwalior and Bharatpur maintain additional scholarships.

The immediate control of the College is in the hands of a Committee, two of the members being official, the rest nominated by the Trustees.

The College consists of two Departments, *viz.*, the College proper under a Principal and seven Professors, and the School under a Head Master with 16 assistants. There are 700 students enrolled, of whom 120 are boarders.

There are also Law Classes.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

College Department.

Principal	...	A. Thomson.
Professor of English Literature	.	C. A. Andrews, M.A.
Second Professor of English Literature	...	F. L. Thomson, M.A.
Professor of Physical Science	...	Hari Dass Gargari, M.A.
Do. Mathematics	...	Umeshchandra Ghosh, M.A.
Do. Sanskrit	...	Matilal Bhattacharyya, M.A.
Do. Persian and Arabic	...	Khwaja Usuf Ali.
Law Lecturer	...	Nilmani Dhar, B.A., B.L.

School Department

Head Master	..	...	A. Vernon.
Second Master	...	...	S. E. Anthony, B.A.

With 15 Assistant Masters.

XIII.

Queen's College, Benares.

AFFILIATED, 1860.

XIV.

Jabalpur College.

(FOUNDED, 1836.)

AFFILIATED, 1860.

This Institution, originally located at Sagar, but transferred to Jabalpur in May, 1873, is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Inspector-General of Education, Central Provinces. Till June, 1885, it was a Collegiate School, teaching up to the First Examination in Arts, when third and fourth year classes were added, and the Institution now teaches up to the B. A. Standard of the Calcutta University.

Only students who pass the Middle School Scholarship examination, a local test, are admitted into the Preparatory Entrance class. They pay a monthly tuition fee of Rs. 1-8-0. In the College classes the fee is Rs. 2-4-0.

Connected with the College is a boarding-house in which some 80 students are provided with free quarters.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Offg. Principal and Professor of Mathematics	...	J. H. Firth.
Professor of Sanskrit	...	K C. Datta, M.A.
Professor of Physical Science	...	Jivanchandra, M.A.
Asst. Professor of Mathematics	...	Haridhan Bandyopadhyay, M.A..
Professor of Persian	...	{ Lala Kunjabihari, Lal, B.A. (on
		leave).
		{ Ibadulla, B.L. (acting).

HIGH SCHOOL.

Dwarkanath Sarkar.	|	Nanauk Chand, B A.
B. Ghantaya	|	Gopal Pershad, B A.

XV.

Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1860.

This is a Government Institution.

It was founded in 1824 for the encouragement of the study of the Sanskrit language and literature, and at first Sanskrit was studied exclusively. At present English is taught here up to the F. A. Standard and Sanskrit to the standard prescribed for the M. A. Examination in Sanskrit, as also for the Sanskrit Title Examination in several branches. A class has been recently opened for teaching the Vedas at the request and expense of Madhab Chandra Giri, Mohanta Maharaj of Tarakeswar.

The College is open to Hindus, occupying a respectable position in Hindu society, irrespective of caste. The schooling fee is Rs. 5 per month in the College Department, and Rs. 3 in the School Department. The privilege of the lower fee of Rs. 2 is conceded to 24 students of the College Department, of whom 20 must be descendants of *bonâ fide* Pandits; the fees of three of the remaining 4 students are paid by Sir Raja Sourindra Mohan Tagore, Kt., Mus. Doc., &c, and that of the other student is paid out of the endowment fund of Srimati Sati Devi of Chandernagore. Besides these there are fifty freeships for the students of the Sanskrit Title classes.

The privilege of the lower fee of Re. 1 is conceded to 200 students of the School Department, 100 to the descendants of *bonâ fide* Pandits, and the fee of 50 of the remaining students is paid by Moharani Sarnamayee, C.I., of Cassimbazar, and that of the other 50 by Babu Jadulâl Mallik of Pathuriaghata out of the estate left by the late Rani Rajkumâri Dâsi. There are three Graduate Scholarships of Rs. 50, 35 and 25 respectively, and there are fourteen senior Scholarships, varying from Rs. 10 to Rs. 20 per month, and Scholarship of Rs. 5 called after its founder Professor E. B. Cowell. There is also an annual medal or prize of Rs. 20 founded by the Maharaja Bahadur of Scindia to be awarded to a student of the College, who on passing the F. A. examination from this College stands next to those, who obtain Scholarships, or any other prizes. There are also eight junior Scholarships of Rs. 8 each, competed for by pupils of the second class of the School Department; there are besides 2 Scholarships of Rs. 5 each, and 10 of Rs. 4 each, called the Moheswari Dasi Scholarships founded by the late Rai Rajiblochan Ray, Bahadur of Cossimbazar

to commemorate the name of his mother. They are awarded annually to the pupils of the third, fourth and fifth classes of the School Department for proficiency in Sanskrit, Literature and Grammar.

A valuable Sanskrit library of manuscripts and printed works is attached to the College, and a Government grant of Rs. 600 per annum is applied to the purchase of standard English and Sanskrit works.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal ... Mahamahopadhyay Mahesachandra
Nyayaratna, C.I.E.

English.

Lecturer ... Sibchandra Gui, M.A., B.L.
Lecturer ... Bireswar Chatterjee, M.A., B.L.
Head Master ... Chandrakumar Maitra.
Second Master ... Adyanath Mukerjee, M.A.
Third Master ... Sidheswar Banerjee, B.A.

and three other English Masters.

Sanskrit. •

Professor of Philosophy and Mahamahopadhyay Mahesachandra
Rhetoric .. Nyayaratna, C.I.E.
Professor of Literature and Mahamahopadhyay Chandrakanta
Grammar ... Tarkalankara.
Professor of Law ... Pandit Madhusudan Smritiratna.
Professor of Vedas ... Pandit Gangadhar Sastri.
Asst. Professor of Rhetoric
and Grammar ... „ Gobinda Sastri.
Asst. Professor of Logic ... „ Kamakhianatha Tarkabagisa.
and six other Pandits.

XVI.

Bishop's College.

(FOUNDED, 1820.)

AFFILIATED, 1860.

This College, founded by Dr. Middleton, the first Bishop of Calcutta, is under the management of the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts. It was designed by its founder to be primarily a Missionary Institution promoting in various ways the spread of the Christian religion among the native population of India, especially by instructing native and other Christian youths in the doctrines and discipline of the Church, in order to their becoming preachers, catechists, and schoolmasters, and also to give a general education to both Christians and Non-Christians. The Scholarships are open only to students intended for Missionary work.

Foundation.

One Fellowship,—founded by the late Rev. John Natt.

Twenty-one Scholarships,—founded by various Societies and individuals.

Visitor.

THE RIGHT REV. THE LORD BISHOP OF CALCUTTA.

Principal.

REV. H. WHITEHEAD, M.A.

Tutorial Staff.

Rev. A. N. Banerji, B.A. (Natt Fellow.)

" C. H. Walker, M.A.

S. C. Dutt, M.A.

K. P. Sen, B.A.

A. C. Tarkalankara.

List of Principals.

1821	W. Hodge Mill, D.D.	1867	Thomas Skelton, M.A.
1841	G. Undy Withers, D.D.	1873	Robert M. Stewart, M.A.
1849	William Kay, D.D.	1875	Rev. John W. Coe, D.D.

" XVII.

Ajmere College.

AFFILIATED, 1862.

XVIII.

Bareilly College.

AFFILIATED IN ARTS, 1888, IN LAW, 1889.

The College consists of two Departments, *viz.* :—

(1.) The College Department which is an Aided Institution supported by public subscriptions and is under the management of a Committee and a Principal.

(2.) The School Department which is supported by Government and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

The School has been in existence since 1836. The present College Department was opened in 1884, and the classes read up to the B. A. standard.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	...	...	A. A. Irwin Nesbitt, M.A.
Professor of History and Philosophy	...	...	P. Ikbal Kishen, B.A.
Do. Mathematics and Science	...	...	B. Jagannath Prasad, B.A.
Assistant Professor of Mathematics and Science	...	...	Babu Abinashchandra Banerji, M.A.
Professor of Arabic and Persian	...	...	M. Mahmud Hosein.
Do. Sanskrit	...	...	P. Ram Dat.
Do. Law	...	...	B. Ram Sarup, B.A., LL.B.
Head Master (offg.)	...	...	Archibald Ross.

Second Master	...	...	P. Ram Narain.
Head Maulavi	...	...	M. Abdul Aziz Khan.
Head Pandit	...	...	P. Lakshman Shastri.

XIX.

Patna College.

AFFILIATED, 1862.

This Institution was opened as a Collegiate School in 1862, and raised to a College in 1864. All students are admissible who have passed the University Entrance Examination, and instruction is given up to the standard of the B. A. Examination of the University of Calcutta.

A Law Department was added in May 1864, and a Lecturer was appointed.

There is an admission fee of Rupees 6; and a monthly tuition fee of Rupees 6 in the General Department; and of Rupees 7 in the Law Department. Two Junior Scholarships, each of the value of Rupees 10 per month and tenable for two years, were founded by Harabullub Narayan of Sonebursa. They can be held only by those students from the Bhagulpore High School or Monghyr Zila School who fail to gain Government Scholarships.

There is also a Pearson Scholarship of Rupees 8, tenable for two years, which is available only for students from the Muzufferpore Zila School.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

General Department.

Principal	...	A. Ewbank, M.A.
Professor	...	S. Kobson, M.A.
Professor	...	H. R. James, M.A.
Professor	...	G. W. Kuchler, M.A.
Asst. Lecturer on Science	...	Narendra Nath Bose, M.A.
Asst. Professor of Sanskrit	...	Pundit Sukbasi Tiwari.
Head Maulavi	...	Maulavi Md. Ibrahim.
Head Master	...	A. S. Phillips, B.A.

Law Department.

Law Lecturer.	...	Birjbansi Sahai.
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XX.

St. Xavier's College.

AFFILIATED, 1862.

This Institution was established under the direction of the Society of Jesus, in January 1860, in the large building, No. 10, Park Street formerly appropriated by the late Dr. Carew for St. John's College.

Since 1868, the adjoining house enlarged and improved, forms part of the College.

Its object is to give to Catholic youths a full course of liberal education, and to train up their hearts to virtue. Pupils of other religious persuasions are also admitted on the same principle of non-interference as the old St. Xavier's College which broke up in 1846.

The College has an Infant Class, a Lower and an Upper School Departments, averaging about 500 pupils, and a College Department of over 250 students. The course of studies embraces all subjects up to the M. A. standard.

Competitions are held during the year, and medals and prizes in books are awarded to the best scholars at the Christmas examination.

A solar spectroscopic observatory, a meteorological observatory, and a splendid museum of Physical Science instruments are attached to the College.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rector	...	...	{ The Very Rev. Vincent Naish, S.J.
Professor of Physical Science	..	..	Rev. E. Lafont, S.J.
Professor of Chemistry	..	..	„ E. Francotte, S.J.
Professors of Mathematics	...	{	„ A. de Peñaranda, S.J.
			„ P. Hipp, S.J.
			„ J. Meunier, S.J.
Professors of English Literature	...	{	„ S. Carbery, S.J.
			„ P. McHugh, S.J.
Professor of Philosophy, Logic and Political Economy	...	..	„ E. O'Neill, S.J.
Professors of Latin	...	{	„ F. Carette, S.J.
			„ J. Meunier, S.J.
Professor of French	...	..	„ J. Levaux, S.J.
Professor of History	...	..	„ L. Van Hæck, S.J.
Professor of Sanskrit	...	..	Pandit Asutosh Sastri, M.A.
Professor of Arabic and Persian	...	..	Maulavi Abu Tahir.

XXI.

St. John's College, Agra.

AFFILIATED, 1862.

This College was established in 1850 in connection with the Mission of the Church Missionary Society at Agra, chiefly at the instance of an influential body of Civilians and Military officers then forming the Committee of the Local Church Missionary Association, who wished to have an Educational Institution of a high order connected with the Mission.

The large and handsome Gothic building in which the classes are now held, erected from the design of Major Kittoe, was completed in 1853.

Scholarships.

1.—Holders of Government and other Scholarships, draw the Scholarships to which they are entitled, whilst in attendance at this College, through the Principal.

2.—Five Scholarships of Rupees 10 each per month, tenable for two years are also available to Native Christian students, who pass the Entrance Examination of Allahabad University in the 1st Division, and who have been previously educated in C. M. S. High Schools, affiliated to St. John's College.

3.—Three "Thomason" Scholarships, value Rupees 7 per month, and tenable for one year, are awarded for proficiency in English Literature in the College Department.

4.—Two Theological Scholarships founded in 1861, value Rupees 5 per month, and tenable for one year, are assigned to the two students who show themselves best acquainted with the doctrines and principles of the Christian religion.

5.—Scholarships to the value of Rupees 100 per month are also given, under certain conditions, from endowments and College funds.

Fees

Every student is required to pay 1 rupee at entrance : and a Schooling fee ranging from annas 4 to Rs. 5 per month according to the income of his parent or guardian.

Principals.

1850	Rev. T. Valpy French, M.A.	1863	Rev C. Ellard Vines, M.A.
1858	„ H. W. Shackel, M.A.	1878	„ J. A. Lloyd, M.A.
1861	„ J. Barton, M.A.	1883	„ G. E. A. Pargeter, M.A.

COLLEGIATE STAFF.

Professor of Philosophy and

Principal

Vice-Principal

Professor of English Literature

Professor of Mathematics

Professor of Science

Asst. Professor of Mathematics

Law Lecturer

Professor of Persian

Professor of Sanskrit

Rev. John Haythornthwaite, M.A.

Rev. T. F. Robathan.

Rev. R. J. Kennedy, B.A.

B. M. Sarkar, M.A.

Narayan Moreswar Sane, M.A.

B. K. Dutt, B.A.

Kedar Nath, B.A., B.L.

Abdul Mabud.

Tulsi Ram Misra, M.A.

School Department.

Head Master

2nd „

3rd „

English Masters

Head Maulavi

Head Pundit

Secretary

... S. G. Thomas.

... Mumtaz Masih.

... Joseph J. Ghose, B.A.

... Nathu Ram.

... M. L. Roy.

... Obed Masih.

... S. Pratt.

... Sadeed-ud-din.

... Hira Lall.

... Muttra Das.

Nine Junior Teachers and a Librarian.

XXII.

Jaynarain's College, Benares

AFFILIATED, 1862.

XXIII.

Lahore Government College.

AFFILIATED, 1864.

(1.) This Institution was opened in 1864, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Punjab.

(2.) It is affiliated to the Calcutta University, but receives considerable grants for scholarships from the Punjab University. It now prepares students chiefly for the examinations of the Punjab University, but some of its students still go in occasionally for the Calcutta University Examinations.

(3.) The Delhi Government College has been incorporated with it since 1st April, 1877. The monthly fees at present are Rs. 6 and 5 for students of the 1st and 2nd years, Rs. 7 and 6 for those of the 3rd and 4th years, and Rs. 9 for the M. A. or 5th year class. The number of students on 31st March, 1888, was 193.

(4.) A gold and a silver medal, in memory of the late Mr. Arnold, are given to those students in the Punjab who pass highest in the M. A. and B. A. examinations of the Punjab University respectively.

(5.) The total expenditure on scholarships from all sources for the year 1890-91 amounted to Rs. 7,039.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of English	W. Bell, M.A.
Professor of History and Second	
Professor of English ...	J. C. Godley, B.A.
Offg. Professor of Mathematics...	Sasibhushan Mukerji, M.A., B.L.
Offg. Professor of Philosophy and	Lalasagar Chand, B.A., until the arrival of a Professor from Eng- land.
Logic	
Professor of Science	J. C. Oman, F.C.S., F.L.S.
Asst. Professor of Mathematics ...	Golak Nath Chatterji, B.A.
Asst. Professor of Philosophy and	"
History	Lala Umrao Singh, M.A.
Asst. Professor of Science and the	
Oriental Teacher	Lala Ruchi Ram, M.A.

XXIV.

Delhi Government College.

AFFILIATED, 1864.

XXV.

**The College of St. Thomas the Apostle, Colombo,
Ceylon.**

*Founded by the Right Reverend James Chapman, D.D., First
Bishop of Colombo, A. D. 1851.*

AFFILIATED, 1864.

XXVI.

The General Assembly's Institution, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1864.

This Institution was established in 1830, by the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland. It is the oldest Institution of the kind in India : for it was here that the system now all but universally followed, was first tried—of imparting the highest form of knowledge including sound Christian instruction, through the medium of the English language. Before this experiment, Bengali or Sanskrit had been exclusively favoured in Bengal by the Government, by Oriental Scholars, and even by Missionaries themselves. The new system was introduced by Dr. Duff, who began his Missionary labours by founding this Institution. Valuable help in the way of procuring pupils was given at the commencement by the famous Rajah Ram Mohan Roy. The success of the Institution soon surpassed all expectations. The Governor-General declared publicly that it had produced “unparalleled results.” After having been carried on for some years in various hired premises, the Institution was removed in 1839 to the present building, which is most conveniently situated in Cornwallis Square.

The Institution was temporarily closed in 1844, in consequence of the secession of the Missionaries with the Free Church. But it was re-opened in 1846 by the Church of Scotland, under the superintendence of the late Rev. Dr. Ogilvie, by whom it was carried on uninterruptedly, and with great efficiency, till his death in 1871. Dr. Ogilvie was succeeded by Dr. Robert Jardine, who retired in 1876 ; after which Mr. James Wilson officiated as Principal for the next two years. The Principals since then have been the Rev. William Hastie, M.A., B.D., the Rev. William Smith, M.A., and the Rev. John Morrison, M.A., B.D.

The General Assembly's Institution is divided into two Departments,—the College Department and the School Department.

In the College Department, which has been affiliated in the Faculty of Arts to the University of Calcutta since 1864, the students pay a monthly fee of Rs. 5 each. The regular subjects of the University curriculum are taught, embracing the English language and literature, the Sanskrit language and literature, history, mathematics, pure and applied, chemistry, physics, mental philosophy, and the doctrines and evidences of the Christian religion.

In the School Department pupils pay fees from 8 annas to Rs. 3 a month. Careful attention is given to instruction in religious knowledge.

Scholarships and Prizes.

1. The Macfarlane Gold Medal is awarded every year to the student of the fourth-year class who shows the greatest proficiency in all the College examinations of the year.

2. The Ogilvie Memorial Scholarship, of at least Rs. 5 per mensem, is awarded every alternate year to the student of the second-year class who takes the highest position in all the College examinations, and succeeds in passing the F. A. Examination of the University. This Scholarship is tenable in the General Assembly's College for the two years after passing the First Examination in Arts.

3. The Macleod Memorial Scholarship is awarded to a Christian student, who, being an under-graduate of the Calcutta University, is preparing for the ministry of the Christian Church.

4. The Steel Gold Medal is given for Scripture knowledge

5. Several prizes and scholarships are awarded for general proficiency in the College examinations.

TEACHING STAFF.

Principal...	...	Rev. J. Morrison, M.A., B.D.
Professor of English Literature ...	...	Rev. J. Edwards, M.A., (on furlough.)
Professor of Philosophy and English Literature ...	...	Rev. A. B. Wann, M.A., B.D.
Professor of Philosophy and English Literature ...	...	Rev J. Lamb, M.A., B.D.
Professor of English Literature and History ...	...	Rev. G. Bruce, M.A.
Professor of Mathematics ...	...	Gourisankar De, M.A.
Professor of Logic and History ...	...	Adharchandra Mukerjee, M.A., B.L.
Professor of Physical Science and Chemistry ...	{	Jnanendrachandra Mukerjee, M.A., B.L.
Professor of Physical Science and Chemistry ...	...	Khirodprasad Bhattacharjee, M.A.
Professor of Sanskrit ...	...	Bireswar Vidyaratna.
Professor of Sanskrit ...	...	Beharilal Banerjee, M.A.

XXVII.

The Lahore Mission School and College.

AFFILIATED, 1864.

The first of these institutions was founded on the 19th December, 1849, soon after the annexation of the Punjab, and is the oldest English school in the province.

It consists of one main school and several branch schools attended by 1,192 pupils. The Rev. C. W. Foreman, M.A., is the Manager of the school and Babu R. C. Das, Headmaster.

The Mission College was established in 1864. After remaining in operation for several years, the work in this department was temporarily suspended until 1886, when the College was revived under favourable circumstances. The number of students on the

roll in 1888 was 125. In addition to the subjects of the University curriculum daily instruction is given in the doctrines of the Christian religion.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of English History	...	Rev. J. C. R. Ewing, M.A., D.D.
Professor of English	...	„ H. C. Velte, M.A.
Professor of Philosophy and Chemistry	...	„ J. H. Orbison, M.A., M.D.
Professor of Mathematics	...	J. G. Gilbertson, M.A.
Professor of Science	...	M. C. Mukerji, B.A.
Professor of Sanskrit	...	Pandit Ganesh Dutt.
Professor of Persian	...	Maulavi Muhammad Hussain, M.D.L.
Professor of Arabic	...	Maulavi Muhammad Rakis.

XXVIII. •

Victoria College, Agra.

AFFILIATED, 1865.

XXIX.

Church Mission School, Amritsar.

AFFILIATED, 1865.

XXX.

Bishop Cotton School, Simla.

(FOUNDED, 1859 ; AFFILIATED, 1866.)

This School, the Head Mastership of which is in the appointment of the Bishop of Calcutta, was founded by the Most Rev. G. E. L. Cotton, Bishop of Calcutta, under the name of the Simla Public School. The Founder promulgated statutes for the School in 1863 ; wherein he styled his foundation, the Bishop's School, Simla, but this designation was subsequently changed, in 1866, to that at present in use for the purpose of perpetuating the name and generosity of the Founder.

The Government of the School is vested in a body of eight Governors, who act in conjunction with the Head Master.

The Governors are four *ex-officio*, and four elected from permanent residents of Simla.

The Head Master must be a communicant, and, *ceteris paribus*, one in Holy Orders is to be preferred to a Layman ; the second and Assistant Masters and all subordinate officers are appointed by the Head Master, their number being fixed by the Governors.

There are eight exhibitions of the annual value of Rs. 120, which are awarded to boys whose parents cannot without difficulty pay the full charges for their education.

A limited number of other exhibitions has also occasionally been awarded either under the same conditions as above, or as prizes given by examination : twelve such are being held at the present time.

The Trustees have the right of accepting any exhibitions founded by private liberality, under any rules, or on any patronage of which they approve.

The course of instruction in the Primary and Middle Departments of the School is framed upon the Educational Code of the Punjab Government : the High School adopts for its standard the curriculum of this University. Latin and Urdu are taught throughout the School : French, Greek, Drawing, Music, and Carpentering are taught as optional subjects. All the scholars are required to attend daily prayers, and to receive regular instruction in Holy Scripture. There is also instruction at stated times in the Church Catechism and the Prayer Book. There are at present 149 boys on the boards.

List of Head Masters.

- 1863 Samuel Slater, D.D.
- 1885 Henry Mowld Robinson, M.A., D.D.
- 1887 Edward Arthur Irons, M.A.

Visitor.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

Trustees.

The Most Rev. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta.
The Ven. the Archdeacon of Calcutta.

Governors.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.	} Ex-officio
The Most Rev. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta.	
The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Lahore.	
The Commissioner of Delhi.	
Colonel K. D. Murray.	} Elected.
The Hon'ble Sir Philip Hutchins, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.	
The Rev. G. E. Nicolls.	
Colonel T. Robertson.	

Head Master.

The Rev. Edward A. Irons, M.A., some time Scholar and Exhibitioner of Emmanuel College, Cambridge.

Second Master.

Mr. F. L. Key, B.A., St. Catherine's College, Cambridge.

Assistant Masters.

- First.* E. J. Chanter, St. Luce's College, Exeter.
- Second.* Wm. Hodder, St. Luce's College, Exeter.
- Third.* E. E. de Fraine, Keble College, Oxford.
- Munshi.* Pandit Girdharilal.
- Drill-Instructor.* Sergeant Lennox.

There are in addition Teachers of Drawing, the Pianoforte, and the Violin.

XXXI.

Christ Church School, Cawnpore.

AFFILIATED, 1866.

XXXII.

Canning College, Lucknow.

AFFILIATED, 1867.

This College, founded by the Talookdars of Oudh in memory of the late Earl Canning, was opened on the 1st of May, 1864. The Institution comprises three departments,—the College proper, a Law Department, and an Oriental Department, in which only Sanskrit, Persian, and Arabic are taught.

Canning College is supported by the Talookdars of Oudh, aided by Government. By a *sunnud* duly executed, the Talookdars unanimously endowed the College in perpetuity with a percentage of the revenues of their talooks. This sum, amounting on an average to forty-one thousand rupees per annum, is collected by the officers of Government, and is deposited in the Government Treasury for the use of the College. A Government grant-in-aid to the amount of twenty-five thousand rupees is also enjoyed by the College, so that its total income from endowment, grant-in-aid, and fees, aggregates seventy-one thousand rupees per annum.

The Institution is open to all classes, and its object, as declared by the rules, is to impart instruction in the English language and literature, in mathematics and science, in law, in the oriental classical languages, and the vernacular languages of the Province of Oudh. Its management is vested in a Committee, consisting of the Commissioner of Lucknow, the Deputy Commissioner, the Inspector of Schools, Oudh Circle, the District Judge, the Executive Engineer, the Principal, and the representatives of the Talookdars.

The students of the Entrance and Preparatory Entrance classes pay a fee of two rupees per mensem. The fee for the College classes is Rs. 3 for the F. A. classes, and Rs. 5 for the B. A. and M. A. classes. The Committee reserve to themselves the right of admitting Oudh students to the free list, or of admitting them on a modified fee.

In addition to Government scholarships, there are local scholarships to the value of Rs. 150 per mensem.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	...	Michael J. White, M.A.
Professor of English Literature and History	...	A. H. Perie.
Professor of Science and Mathematics	...	A. W. Ward, B.A.

Professor of English Literature, Logic and Science	...	W. Young.
Law Professor	...	L. De Gruyther, Barrister-at-Law.
Assistant Professor of Mathematics and Chemistry	...	Saratchunder Mookerjee, M.A., B.L.
Professor of Persian	...	Munshi Ramkishen.
Professor of Sanskrit	...	Debendranath Chakravarti, M.A.
Professor of Arabic	...	Maulavi Abdul Aziz.

XXXIII.

La Martinière College, Lucknow.

AFFILIATED, 1869.

XXXIV.

Mussoorie School.

AFFILIATED, 1869.

XXXV.

Allahabad High School.

AFFILIATED, 1860.

XXXVI.

Muir Central College, Allahabad.

AFFILIATED, 1872.

In 1870-71, Sir William Muir, then Lieutenant-Governor, acceding to a generally expressed wish, invited the co-operation of the Chiefs and Feudatories of the North-Western Provinces and territories adjacent in founding a Central College at Allahabad the seat of Government. His proposal having been warmly responded to, the College was temporarily opened in a hired building on the 1st July, 1872.

This Institution admits all classes of students who have passed the University Entrance examination, and is affiliated in Arts and Law. The course of instruction embraces the University requirements for degrees in those branches.

A fund of sixty-three thousand rupees in Government four per cent. notes endowed by H. H. the Nawab of Rampore, the Maharajas of Vizianagram, Rewah, Punnah, Chirkaree, and others, furnishes fourteen local Scholarships ranging in value from twenty to ten rupees monthly. These are tenable with Government Scholarships. There are also four minor stipends.

The late Nawab Ali Asghar Khan, C.S.I., of Rampore, by a *wagfnama*, dated 13th November, 1872, endowed scholarships to the value of Rs. 50 monthly, "to be given to those students who pass in Arabic."

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of Philosophy	...	A. E. Gough, M.A.
Professor of Mathematics	..	Homersham Cox, M.A.
Mathematical Lecturer	...	Jnanendranath Chakrabarti, M.A.
Offg. Professor of English Literature	...	M. Crosse, M.A.
Asst. Professor of English Literature	...	C. H. Linton, M.A.
Offg. Professor of Physical Science	...	Abhaycharan Sanyal, M.A.
Professor of Sanskrit	..	Adityaram Bhattacharyya, M.A.
Professor of Persian and Arabic Literature	...	Maulavi Amjadali, M.A.

XXXVII.

Ravenshaw College, Katak.

AFFILIATED, 1876.

This College is supported by Government and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Provinces.

It was opened as a Zila School in 1841; raised to a High School in 1868, and to the status of a full College in February 1876. Instruction is given up to the M. A. examination of the University of Calcutta. Students pay a monthly fee of Rs. 4 in the General Department, and Rs. 5 in the M. A. and Law classes.

A Law Department was added in 1871 and affiliated in 1881.

Attached to the College and under the control of the Principal are a Survey School and a Hindu Hostel.

COLLEGE INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal...	...	N. L. Hallward, M.A.
Lecturer on Science	...	Jogeschandra Ray, M.A.
Lecturer on Mathematics	...	Mahinimohan Chaudhuri, M.A.
Lecturer on English	...	Muralidhar Banerjee, M.A.
Lecturer on Philosophy	...	Harischandra Datta, M.A.
Lecturer	...	Jaygopal De, B.A.
Lecturer on Sanskrit	..	Ramprasana Mukerjee Tarkaratna.
Head Maulavi	...	Maulavi Mahomed Ismail.

Collegiate School Department.

Head Master	...	Rajendranath Banerjee, B.A.
Second Master	...	Troylakhyanath Chakrabarty.

Law Department.

Law Lecturer	...	Jogeswar Chandra, M.A., B.L.
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Survey School Department.

Headmaster	...	Umeshchandra Basu,
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XXXVIII.

Rajshahye College.

AFFILIATED, 1878.

The College is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

It is a Government Institution, originally established as a Zila School in 1836. In 1873 it was raised to a Second Grade College (High School), and in 1878, to a First Grade College, the additional expenditure on this account being met partly by a State contribution, and partly by local subscriptions, and the proceeds of an estate granted in perpetuity to Government by Raja Haranath Ray, Bahadur, of Dubalhati. Instruction is given up to the standard of the M. A. examination of the Calcutta University. Lectures in law are delivered and students are prepared for the B. L. examination. The students in the General Department and also those in the Law Department pay a monthly fee of Rs. 3. There is one Free Studentship called the Mayo Free Studentship, tenable for two years, open to the students in the 3rd year class.

Attached to the College and under the control of the Principal are a Junior Madrasa and a Mahomedan Hostel.

An annual prize of Rs. 80, called the Mohinimohan Ray Prize, is awarded to the student who most successfully passes the B. A. examination with Honours, or to a graduate of the College who passes the M. A. in any subject.

A Dighapatia Scholarship of Rs. 20 a month, tenable for one year, is awarded annually to the most successful candidate who passes the B. A. examination from this College, on condition that he will continue the M. A. course in the Rajshahye College. Preference is given to one who passes the B. A. examination with Honours. In addition to this, five scholarships of Rs. 3 each per mensem, tenable for two years, are awarded annually to the five best students who, having passed the F. A. examination, read for the B. A. degree in this College. In 1892 a Scholarship was founded by Babu Harakumar Sarkar of Rampur Boalia of the value of Rs. 3 a month, tenable for 2 years in the B. A. classes. It is awarded to the one who passes the F. A. examination from this College, in the order of merit after the five Dighapatia Scholars, provided that he holds no other Government or local scholarship. This scholarship is named after the donor's father the "Ramkumar free scholarship."

The Madrasa and the College buildings were erected in 1883 and 1884, at a cost of Rs. 38,000 and Rs. 60,000 respectively.

A new Boarding-house, called the Pramathanath Hindu Boarding-house, has been built in connection with the College. But owing to want of funds, it has not yet been opened. There is good ground for hoping, however, that it will soon be opened.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

General Department.

Principal and Professor of English

Literature ... W. B. Livingstone.

Lecturer on English Literature ... Gopalchandra Ganguli, M.A.

Lecturer on Physical Science	...	Kumudinikanta Banerjee, M.A.
Lecturer on Chemistry and Physics	...	Brajaballabh Datta, M.A.
Lecturer on Logic, History and Philosophy	...	Hemendranath Basu, M.A.
Lecturer on Mathematics	...	Rajmohan Sen, M.A.
Asst. Professor of Sanskrit	...	Baikunthanath Tattwabhusan.
Lecturer on Arabic and Persian	...	Maulavi Khalilulla.
Head Master, Collegiate School	...	Sasibhushan Sen, B.A.
2nd Master, Collegiate School	...	Loknath Chakravarti, B.A.
And ten other Assistant Masters,	three Pandits, and a Persian Teacher.	

Madrasa Department.

Head Maulavi	...	Maulavi Abdul Qwader.
English Teacher	...	M. Chainuddin, B.A.
and three Assistant Maulavis,		

Law Department.

Law Lecturer	...	Mahendranath Sanyal, B.L.
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List of Principals.

1878	Haragobinda Sen (Head Master, in charge of the College).	1887	W. B. Livingstone (<i>offg.</i>)
		1887	C. W. R. Tepper, B.A.
1879	F. T. Dowding, B.A.	1888	W. B. Livingstone (<i>offg.</i>)
1880	A. C. Edwards, M.A.	1893	W. B. Livingstone.

XXXIX.

Trinity College, Kandy, Ceylon.

AFFILIATED, 1878.

This Institution was established by the Church Missionary Society in 1872, with the special object of teaching the higher classes of the up-country Singhalese.

The buildings include a house for the Principal, rooms and dormitories for two Boarding Masters and about 70 students, a chapel, the general class rooms for the College and School, a small gymnasium and a swimming bath.

The College course comprises all subjects required for the Calcutta University, as well as the Cambridge Junior Local Examinations.

A Divinity School for the purpose of training agents for the Society is also attached to the College.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	...	Rev. H. P. Napier, M.A.
Vice-Principal	...	Rev. J. Carter, M.A.
Assistant Masters	..	J. W. Wirekoon, B.A., Cal.
		C. O. Siebel.
		A. M. Jayewardne.

TRINITY COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.

Head Master	...	The Principal.	6. C. Mendis.
Assistant Masters	...	1. C. O. Siebel.	7. C. V. Pereira.
		2. H. C. Jayasinghe.	8. E. A. Niles.
		3. A. M. Jayewardne.	9. A. G. Nicholas.
		4. E. D. W. Siebel.	10. B. Dabare.
		5. E. F. Pereira.	11. W. Jasinghe.
Drill Instructor	...	Sergt. Richmond.	

Scholarships.

Prince of Wales' Scholarship, annual value Rs. 240, tenable for three years, in memory of the Prince's visit to Ceylon, founded by the Prince of Wales' Reception Fund Committee, Kandy, open for competition to Singhalese boys below the age of eighteen.

Jubilee Scholarship, of the value of Rs. 50 per annum for the Entrance class.

Childers' Theological Scholarship, value Rs. 140 per annum, tenable for four years, founded by Mrs. Childers, widow of R. Childers, Esq., formerly of the Ceylon Civil Service. This Scholarship is for a student of Trinity College, who has passed the Calcutta Entrance examination, and intends to proceed to the B. A. Degrees; he must also certify his intention to become a candidate for Ordination, and pass an annual examination in a course of Divinity during his tenure of the Scholarship. Failure to satisfy in any of these examinations or in moral conduct shall be considered a forfeiture of the scholarship.

Oakley Scholarship, value Rs. 55 per annum, established by friends of the Rev. W. Oakley, in celebration of his 50th year of service as a Missionary of the C. M. S. in Ceylon. This Scholarship is tenable for one year, the holder being, however, eligible for re-election.

Collins' Divinity Prize, value Rs. 40 per annum, founded by the Rev. R. Collins, the first Principal of this College.

Six C. M. S. Divinity Scholarships, each of the value of Rs. 192, per annum, tenable for 3 years, for the purpose of training candidates for the ministry.

List of Principals.

1872	Rev. R. Collins, M.A., St. John's College, Cambridge.
1878	„ Thomas Dunn (<i>acting</i>).
1880	„ J. G. Garrett, M.A., T.C.D.
1886	„ E. Noel Hodges, M.A., Queen's College, Oxford.
1889	„ E. J. Perry, M.A., Worcester College, Oxford.
1890	„ H. P. Napier, M.A., Trinity College, Cambridge.

XL.

Metropolitan Institution, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1879.

This Institution was originally founded in 1859, under the name of the Calcutta Training School, by Babus Thakurdas Chakravarti, Madhavachandra Dhara, Patitpravana Sen, Gangacharan Sen, Jadavachandra Palit and Boistabacharan Addy, with the late Babu

Syamacharan Mallik as its patron. It continued up to 1863 under the management of a Committee of native gentlemen consisting of the founders and a few other additional members. In 1864 the Institution was placed absolutely in the hands of the late Pundit Iswarchandra Vidyasagar who changed the name of the School into its present name, the Metropolitan Institution. Since then it was under his sole and exclusive management up to his death. After his death the proprietorship of the Institution passed to his son, Pundit Narayanchandra Vidyaratna, who has since been managing it. From the month of June 1893, however, the management of the College Department has been entrusted to the Honorable Surendranath Banerjee, but Pundit Narayanchandra Vidyaratna continues to be proprietor.

The Institution consists of a College and a School. The School has three branches, namely, the Shampakur Branch opened in January 1874, the Bow Bazar Branch opened in June 1885, Bara Bazar Branch opened in July 1887.

In the College the course of instruction is adapted to the requirements of the University for degrees in Arts and Law.

The admission fee to the College is Rs. 3, and the annual tuition fee is Rs. 36 as well for the General as for the Law Departments. The students of the General Department are exempted from payment of the fee payable for admission into the Law Department.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

A few scholarships are attached to the Institution and are tenable by its graduates and under-graduates:—

(1.) Two scholarships, one of Rs. 20 and the other of Rs. 15 per mensem, tenable for two years, to be awarded to such students of the School Department or any of the branch schools, as will pass the Entrance examination in the First Division, stand first and second in order of merit on the list for the year and continue their studies in the Institution.

(2.) Two Scholarships, one of Rs. 25 and the other of Rs. 20 per mensem, tenable for two years, to be awarded to such students of the Institution as will pass the F. A. examination in the First Division, stand first and second in order of merit on the list for the year and continue their studies in the Institution.

(3.) Two scholarships, one of Rs. 30 and the other of Rs. 25 per mensem, tenable for one year, to be awarded to such students of the Institution as will pass the B. A. examination with Honours in the First Division.

(4.) A Money prize or prize of books in the name of His Highness the Maharaja Scindiah Bahadur of Gwalior annually awarded to a student who may pass the First Examination in Arts and may not obtain any other Scholarship or prize. The prize is paid for out of the interest of the sum of rupees three hundred granted by His Highness in February 1893.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

General Department.

Principal and Professor of English

Literature

... N. N. Ghose, Esq.

Professors of English Literature { Hon'ble Surendra Nath Banerjee.

{ Asutosh Mukerjee (Sr.) M.A., B.L.

Professors of Mathematics	...	{ Saradaranjan Ray, M.A.
		{ Kshetramohan Banerjee, M.A.
Professors of Mental and Moral	{	Jnanranjan Banerjee, M.A., B.L.
Philosophy and Logic.	{	N. N. Ghose, Esq
Professor of Physical Science	..	Jotybhushan Bhaduri, M.A.
Professors of Sanskrit	.	{ Navinchandra Vidyaratna.
		{ Kalikrishna Bhattacharjee.

Law Department.

Professors	...	{ N. N. Ghose, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.
		{ Krishnakamal Bhattacharjee, B.A., B.L.
		{ Asutosh Mukerjee, M.A., B.L.
		{ Govindachandra Das, M.A., B.L.

In the school, the admission fee is Rs. 3, and the annual tuition fee is Rs. 36.

In the Branch Institutions, the fee for admission into the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th classes is Rs. 2, and the annual tuition fee for those classes is Rs. 24. The admission fee and the tuition fee for the other classes of those Institutions are the same as for the main Institution.

The School and its three branches teach up to the standard of the Entrance examination of the Calcutta University.

Besides the Superintendent, there are nineteen teachers of English, nine Pandits, and one Writing Master in the School. In the Branch schools, there are thirty-four Teachers of English and sixteen Pandits.

XLI.

The Mahomedan Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh.

AFFILIATED, 1881.

This Institution has been established by the educated and more advanced portion of the Muhammadans of Upper India, under the leadership of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Bahadur, K.C.S.I. The objects in view are to place the benefits of liberal education within the reach of the Muhammadan community, who have markedly failed to avail themselves of Government Educational Institutions, and to reconcile the Muhammadans to the study of Western Science and Literature, by founding a scheme adapted to meet the especial educational wants of the Muhammadan community. However, the Institution is catholic in its character, and is open to students of every creed and race.

This Institution was first opened as a school in June 1875, and in January 1878 it was converted into a College, and was, from the beginning of that year, affiliated to the University of Calcutta up to the standard of the First Arts Examination. In Arts the College has been affiliated to that University up to the B. A. standard from the 1st of January, 1881, and in Law it has been affiliated up to the B. L. standard from the 1st of January, 1883.

In the College and School attached to it all subjects are taught in the English language ; and Arabic, Persian or Sanskrit is taken as the classical language.

All the Muhammadan students are taught theology in Persian or Arabic according to their sect, *i.e.*, Sunnis according to the Sunni sect and Shias according to the Shia sect.

The College is governed by trustees, for whose guidance laws and regulations were passed on December 28th, 1889.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	...	Theodore Beck, B.A.
Professor of English Literature	...	Theodore Morison, M.A.
Professor of Philosophy	...	T. W. Arnold, B.A.
Professor of Mathematics	...	J. C. Chakravarti, M.A.
Professors of Persian and Arabic	..	Maulavi Abbas Husein.
	..	Maulavi Shibli.
Professor of Sanskrit	...	Pandit Shiva Shankara Tripathi.
Head Master of School	...	W. C. Horst, B.A.
and 11 Masters of the School.		

XLII.

London Mission College, Benares.

AFFILIATED, 1871.

XLIII.

City College Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1881.

This Institution was founded as a School under the name of the City School in January 1879. The aim of the Institution from the beginning has been to impart education on a broader basis than usually adapted ; so that it should embrace not only intellectual training and proper enforcement of discipline, but also the improvement of character and the healthy development of all the faculties of the mind. The success of the Institution, and the desire further to develop and carry out their ideas regarding education, led the College Council to add a College Department, which has been affiliated to the Calcutta University up to the standard of the First Arts Examination from January 1881, and up to the B. A. Standard from January 1884.

Particular attention is paid to the moral training of the students, and special classes are held in Gymnastics, Drawing, Music and Science. All the classes are open to the students of the Institution without any extra payment, except the Drawing class, for which a small fee of Eight Annas a month is charged. The Drawing class is also open to outsiders on payment of Rupee One per month.

Extra lectures are delivered to students with a view to impart general information and to create in their minds an interest in things outside the immediate range of class studies. The Library and the Reading Rooms in connection with the Institution also help in furthering this object.

Besides the annual and periodical examinations, Special or Honour Examinations are held in the subjects studied in the different classes, at which more advanced students compete, and by which aptitude in special subjects is encouraged. Monthly returns as to the attendance, progress and conduct of the pupils are sent to their guardians, whose suggestions and co-operation are also invited.

There is a limited number of Scholarships and free studentships awarded to the students passing the University Examinations.

The Institution is open to all classes of the community and consists of a College and a School Department. It has two Branch Schools teaching up to the standard of the University Entrance Examination, one in the town of Mymensing, City Collegiate School, Mymensing Branch, opened in January 1883, and the other in the northern part of the city, called City Collegiate School, Sabha Bazar Branch, opened in June 1886.

COLLEGE DEPARTMENT.

The course of instruction is adapted to the requirements of the University for Degrees in Arts. There is an admission fee of Rs. 3 and a monthly tuition fee of Rs. 3. In the case of students entering from the City School or its branches, the admission fee is Re. 1.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	... Umeschandra Datta, B.A.
Professors of English Literature...	{ Herambachandra Maitra, M.A. Ramananda Chatterjee, M.A. Kali Sankar Sukul, M.A. Mahendranath Ray, M.A., B.L. Kaliprasanna Chatteraj, M.A.
Professors of Mathematics	{ ... A. C. Dutt, Esq., B.A. Cantab, Senior Optime in Mathematical Tripo. Nagendranath Swarnakar, M.A. Rajendranath Chatterjee, M.A. Kaliprasanna Chatteraj, M.A.
Professors of Physical Science and Chemistry.	{ A. C. Dutt, Esq., B.A., Cantab. Nagendranath Sarnakar, M.A.
Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy and Logic.	{ Ambikacharan Mitra, M.A. Kali Sankar Sukul, M.A.
Professors of History and Political Economy.	{ Umeschandra Datta, F.A. Rajendranath Chatterjee, M.A. Krishnakumar Mitra, B.A.
Professors of Sanskrit	{ ... Pandit Baradakanta Vidyaratna. ,, Nriyagopal Kabiratna.
Professor of Arabic and Persian	... Maulavi Mahomed Ismail.
Professor of Latin and French	... Mr. K. Hammergrain.

SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

This Department imparts instruction up to the University Entrance course. The rate of school-fee is Rs. 3 for the first seven classes, Rs. 2 for the Eighth class, and Re. 1 for the Infant class. The admission fee is equal to the amount of school-fee in each class.

Prizes are awarded to the meritorious students according to the results of the annual and special examinations, and examination in special subjects. There is also a limited number of Scholarships and free studentships awarded to students passing the University Examination. Besides Babu Krishnakumar Mitra, B.A., Superintendent, and Babus Kaliprasanna Banerji, M.A., Bishnupada Ganguli, B.A., Pandit Deveschandra Banerji and Babu Rajanikanta Niyogi, Surjakumar Chatterjee, Sitanath Datta, Umapada Ray, Senior Teachers, there are 8 Teachers and 3 Pandits, 1 Gymnastic Master, 1 Drawing Master and 1 Music Master.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

The College has been affiliated in Law from the 1st January, 1883, and teaches up to the standard of the B. L. Examination. Admission fee Rs. 3, and tuition fee Rs. 3. No student of the General Department is charged with any admission fee.

Lecturers	{	S. P. Sinha, Barrister-at-Law.
	{	Kalicharan Banerji, M.A., B.L.
	{	Mahendranath Ray, M.A., B.L.
	{	Golapchandra Sastri, M.A., B.L.

Mymensingh Branch.—Besides Babu Girischandra Chakravarti, B.A., Head Master, and Babu Baradakanta Basu, B.A., Second Master, there are 7 Teachers and 2 Pandits.

Sabha Bazar Branch.—Besides Babu Sasibhushan Basu, M.A., Head Master, Babu Nakurchandra Ghosh, B.A., Second Master, and Abinaschandra Chaudhuri, Teacher and Superintendent, there are 7 Teachers and 3 Pandits.

Constitution of the College.—Mr. A. M. Bose, M.A., Barrister-at-Law, the founder and original proprietor of the College, made over in 1887 the building and all other properties movable and immovable belonging to the Institution to Trustees who are to hold their office for life, and entrusted in the same year the entire management of the Institution to a Council consisting of 9 members to be appointed periodically according to certain rules laid down in the constitution of the College. The Trust Deed has been duly registered. The first 3 Trustees are Mr. A. M. Bose, Babu Durga Mohan Das and Babu Umes Chandra Datta.

The following gentlemen constitute the Council for the present :—

Mr. A. M. Bose, M.A., <i>President.</i>	} <i>Member and Secretary</i>
Babu Durgamohan Das,	
Pandit Sivanath Sastri, M.A.	
Dr. J. N. Mitter, M.R.C.P., London.	
Babu Dwarkanath Ganguli.	
„ Herambachandra Maitra, M.A.	
„ Rajendranath Chatterji, M.A.	
„ Krishnakumar Mitra, B.A.	
„ Umeshchandra Datta, B.A.	

XLIV.

Naini Tal College and Boys' High School.

AFFILIATED, 1884.

XLV.

Rangoon College.

AFFILIATED, 1883.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	...	H. H. Rose, M.A.
Lecturer in Mathematics and Logic	...	E. D. Marshall, M.A.
Lecturer in Chemistry and Physics	...	M. Hunter, M.A., F.C.S.
Lecturer in Latin and English	...	S. Shaw, LL.D.
Lecturer in Pali, and Assistant Lecturer in English	...	J. Gray.
First Assistant to Science Lecturer	...	Maung Aung Thein, B.A.
Second " " " "	...	Maung Ba, B.A.

Collegiate High School.

Head Master	...	G. E. Wales.
2nd "	...	R. A. Findlay.
3rd "	...	Syed Hassan.
4th "	...	G. B. Smart, B.A.

High School Department.

A monthly fee of Rs. 5 is charged in the College and of Rs. 4 in the High School.

Attached to the College is a Boarding Establishment accommodating about 130 boarders (chiefly Burmese) under the management of Mr. Gray and the Resident Masters.

XLVI.

Ripon College.

AFFILIATED, 1884.

This Institution was originally established as a school under the name of the "Presidency School" in January 1880. It continued for two years under the management of a committee; and in January 1882, the management passed entirely into the hands of Babu Surendranath Banerjee, who has since been the proprietor of the Institution, subject to no condition whatever. It was affiliated up to the F. A. standard in January 1884, when the name was changed into the "Presidency Institution," which, however, was again changed into the present name, in December 1884. In 1885 it was affiliated up to the B. A. and B. L. standards of the Calcutta University.

The object of the Institution has been from the beginning to impart education to students of all classes without distinction of creed or colour, at moderate and convenient rates of fees; and further the authorities have always sought to impart such education as would embrace not only intellectual training and the proper enforcement of discipline, but also the improvement of character and the healthy development of the emotions.

The Institution consists of 2 departments, *viz.*, the General and the Law Department. The General comprises the Collegiate Arts classes and the School Department, including a vernacular section. The special classes such as the Gymnastic Class, the Drawing Class, &c., are included in the General Department.

There are 2 classes in the Law Department, teaching the full course of study prescribed for the B. L. and Pleadership examinations; 4 Collegiate Arts classes teaching up to B. A. standard of the University; besides 9 graduates' classes in the School Department, including a vernacular section for the tuition of infants.

The rates of School fees for the College Department, both Law and Arts, are Rs. 3; and of the School Department, they vary from Rs. 3 to annas 8.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Law Department.

Hindu and Mahomedan Law	...	Krishnakamal Bhattacharyya, B.L.
Law of Contracts, &c.	...	Kalicharan Banerji, M.A., B.L.
„ Limitation, &c.	...	Gobindachandra Das, M.A., B.L.
„ Property, &c.	...	J. N. Banerjee, Esq.

General College Department.

Principal and Senior Professor of Sanskrit	...	Krishnakamal Bhattacharyya, B.L.
Professor of English Literature	...	Surendranath Banerjee, B.A.
Do. do.	.	J. N Sarkar, M.A.
Do. Mathematics	...	Haranchandra Banerjee, M.A., B.L.
Do. Philosophy	...	Lalgopal Chukerbutty, M.A.
Do. History and Logic	...	Girischandra Mitra, M.A.
Do. Physics	...	{ Ramendrasundar Trivedi, M.A. Gobindachandra Das, M.A., B.L.
Do. Chemistry	..	Haripada Bhattacharyya, M.A.
Assistant Professor of Sanskrit	...	Pandit Umacharan Tarkaratna.

General School Department.

Head Master	...	...	Purnachandra Goswami, M.A.
Senior Teachers	...	...	K. N. Basu, B.A., S. N. Naudf, B.A., and others.
Head Pandit	...	...	Joyneswar Bhattacharyya.

Besides there are 16 other Teachers, and also a Maulavi, a Gymnastic Master and a Drawing Master.

Besides Babu Amritachandra Ghosh, Superintendent, and Babu H. N. Bhattacharyya, Assistant Superintendent, there are two Clerks, and a Librarian.

There are three Branch Institutions attached to the College, one at Kidderpur, one at Howrah, and the third at Entally. The Instructive Staff at Kidderpur consists of Babu J. N. Banerjee, B.A., Headmaster and twelve other teachers, that of Howrah consists of Babu A. P. Bhattacharyya, B.A., Headmaster and twelve other teachers, and that of Entally consists of Babu Gopalchandra De, Superintendent, and eleven other teachers.

 XLVII.

Morris Memorial College, Nagpur, C. P.

This College was established to commemorate the long connection with the Central Provinces of Sir John Morris, late Chief Commissioner, by associating his name with an Institution for the promotion of higher education. The College is maintained partly out of the interest of the moneys subscribed by the people of the Nagpur and Chhatisgurh Division of the Central Provinces, and partly out of grants by the Local Government and the Nagpur Municipal Committee and District Councils. The subscribers to the College fund have, under the sanction of Government, registered themselves as "The Nagpur Morris College Association," under Act XXI of 1860, and the Institution is managed by a Council constituted as follows :—

1. Commissioner, Nagpur Division.
2. Deputy Commissioner, Nagpur District.
3. Inspector of Schools, Southern Circle.
4. Two members appointed by the subscribers.
5. A member appointed by the Municipal Committee, Nagpur.
6. A member appointed by the District Council, Nagpur.
7. A member appointed by the local bar at Nagpur.

In June 1886 a Law class was opened in connection with the College with a view to preparation for the B. L. degree of the Calcutta University, and with a view to assist candidates for Pledership in the Central Provinces. The tuition fee in the General Department as also in the Law Department is Rs. 3 a month.

In 1886 Raja Mahant Balaram Das, a Feudatory Chief in the Chhatisgurh Division, founded a prize of Rs. 30 to be awarded to the best student in Sanskrit in the C. P., according to the result of the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, on condition of his joining the Morris College.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

General Department.

Principal and Professor of Sanskrit.	{ Pandit Keshava Gopal Tamhan, B.A.
Professor of English Literature ...	Narendranath Ganguli, M.A.
Professor of Philosophy and English ...	Sureschandra Ray, M.A.
Professor of Mathematics ...	Saradaprasad Banerjee, M.A.
Professor of Physical Science ...	Priyanath Mukherji, M.A.
Lecturer in Logic and History ...	Atmaram Narayan Shrotry, B.A.
Law Lecturers ...	{ J. W. C. Fraser, Barrister-at-Law. Apurbakrishna Chaudhuri, B.L.

XLVIII.

Free Church Institution and High School College, Nagpur.

The building on the Juma Talao, in which the classes used to meet, having become unsafe owing to defects in the foundation, a new building has been erected in the city. It was opened by A Mackenzie, Esq., C S.I. (now Sir Alexander Mackenzie) Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, on the 30th August, 1890. The new College is a two-storied building, and gives accommodation to the High School classes as well as to those of the College, the Middle and Primary classes being also taught in adjacent buildings within the College compound.

The cost of the new structure and furnishing amounted to Rs. 44,000, of which Rs. 10,000 were given by Rev. J. G. Cooper, the former Principal of the College. Rs. 6,900 by the Local Government, and the balance by the Foreign Missions Committee of the Free Church of Scotland, and private friends.

The College teaches up to the M. A. standard, and the "A" and "B" courses are both taught in it.

The fee is Rs. 3 per mensem.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of English	Rev. D. Whitton.
Professor of Science ...	Rev. A. Robertson, M.B. and C.M.
Professor of Philosophy and Latin	Rev. J. Lendrum, M.A.
Professor of Sanskrit ...	Sadashiv Jairam, M.A.
Professor of Mathematics ...	Bhagirath Prasad, B.A.
Professor of Logic and History...	Parashuram Krishna, B.A.
Professor of Persian ...	Munshi Mirza Usuf Beg.

XLIX.

Bethune College.

AFFILIATED, 1888.

This Institution for the education of girls was founded in 1849 by the Hon'ble I. E. Drinkwater Bethune, after whose name it is called.

It was maintained by its Founder from his private funds, until 1851, when he died. The Most Noble the Marquis of Dalhousie bore all its expenses from 1851 to 1856. It was then taken over, and has since been supported by Government. The management is entrusted to a committee appointed by the Government of Bengal. The Institution consists of two Departments. The College Department, started in 1879, is open to girls of all ages and nationalities, and provides for instruction up to the B. A. standard of the Calcutta University. The School Department is open only to girls of Hindu extraction between 6 and 18 years of age, and teaches up to the Entrance standard. There is a Boarding Establishment attached to the Institution. The tuition fee for day scholars is Rs. 3 a month in the College Department, and Rs. 2 a month in the School Department. Boarders are charged a uniform fee of Rs. 10 a month. An admission fee of Rs. 2 has to be paid by every day scholar, and of Rs. 10 by every boarder.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Chandramukhi Bose, M.A.	... Lady Principal.
Adityakumar Chatterjee, B.A.	... 1st Lecturer.
Paresnath Sen, B.A.	... 2nd do.
Kamini Sen, B.A.	... 3rd do.
Kaliprasanna Das, B.A.	... Lecturer in Mathematics.
Chandramohan Tarkaratna	... Professor of Sanskrit,
Rasiklal Bannerji, B.A.	... Head Master.
Kumadini Khastgir, B.A.	... First Mistress (on leave).
Surabala Ghose, B.A.	... Do. (Acting).
Surabala Ghose, B.A.	... 2nd Mistress (Acting First Mistress.)
Hemprabha Bose	... 2nd Mistress (Acting).

Besides two Masters, four Mistresses and two Pandits.

L.

Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar.

AFFILIATED, 1888.

This College was founded in commemoration of Her Majesty's Jubilee, and was opened by H. H. the Maharajah of Cooch-Bihar on June 15th, 1888. It is maintained entirely at the expense of the State. Instruction is given up to the M. A. standard in all subjects prescribed by the Calcutta University. All instruction is gratuitous. Two scholarships of Rs. 20, tenable for two years, are offered to those students who are successful at the F. A. Examination, and two of Rs. 30, tenable for one year, to graduates who intend to read for the M. A. Examination. The number of students on the rolls is 111.

Attached to the College and under the control of the Principal is a boarding institution open to all classes at a monthly charge of Rs. 6.

The Jenkin's School is attached to the College and under the control of the Principal. The number of boys on the rolls is over 500.

A public library, well stocked with English literature, is accessible to the students; and at the College there is a library of books directly bearing on the University Course.

There is a Law class connected with the College, in which instruction is given for the B. L. Examination. A fee of Rs. 2 per month is charged.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal ...	...	C. F. De la Fosse, B.A.
Professor of English ...	...	Lalithkumar Banerjee, M.A.
" of Mathematics	...	Upendranarayan Sinha, M.A.
" of Science	...	Mohinimohan Ray, M.A.
" of Philosophy	...	Birchandra Sinha, M.A.
" of Sanskrit	...	{ Saratchandra Gupta-Bidyaratna, M.A.
Law Lecturer	...	Jadunath Bhattacharyya, B.L.
Superintendent of Boarding Institution, Lecturer in the College.	{ Sureschandra Kaviraj, B.A.	
Head Master, Jenkins' School	..	Kunjabihari Mazumdar, B.A.
Second Master, Jenkins' School	..	Gangaprasad Das, B.A.

There is a Gymnasium attached to the College in which the students of the Jenkins School and the College are taught exercises according to European and native methods.

LI.

Wesley College, Colombo.

AFFILIATED, 1876.

This College was founded in 1874, and consists of two divisions, Upper and Lower. Among the subjects read are those prescribed yearly by the Syndicate of the University for the Entrance, First Arts and B. A. Examinations, together with Divinity. Affiliation up to the B. A. standard took place in 1888.

Students are prepared for the University of Cambridge Local Examinations. The Gogerly, Spence-Hardy, and Muttiah Scholarships are of the value of Rs. 90 per annum, and the Grenier Exhibition of Rs. 50.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal...	...	Rev. T. C. Hillard, B.A.
Divinity and English	...	Rev. W. Charlesworth.
" " "	...	Rev. J. A. Spaar.
Science	...	Rev. R. N. Sethukavalar, M.A.
Mathematics and Mental Science.	...	S. G. Lee.
Head Master, Classics	...	C. P. Dias.

ASSISTANT MASTERS.

W. E. Mack, J. A. Wijeyekoon, and eight others.

Principals.

1874. Rev. S. R. Wilkin	|	1884 Rev. S. Hill.
1882. Rev. A. Shipham.	|	1885. Rev. T. Moscrop.

LII.

Raj Chandra College, Barisal.

AFFILIATED, 1889.

This Institution was founded as a H. C. E. School by Babu Beharilal Roy Chowdhuri, Zemindar, Barisal, in memory of his deceased father, Raj Chandra Roy Chowdhuri. It has been affiliated up to the B. A. standard of the Calcutta University. The College is solely supported by the munificence of Babu Beharilal Roy Chowdhuri. Numerous prizes, medals and scholarships have also been founded by the liberality of himself and other public spirited gentlemen for the encouragement of the students.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

General Department.

Principal and Professor of English Literature	...	Durgadas Mukerjee, M.A., B.L.
Professor of Logic and Philosophy and Assistant Professor of English Literature	...	Gopikrishna Kundu, M.A.
Professor of Sciences and Assistant Professor of Mathematics	...	Rasiklal Ghosh, M.A.
Professor of Mathematics and Assistant Professor of Science	...	Chintaharan De, B.A.
Professor of Sanskrit	...	Pandit Asvinikumar Bidyarthna, Kabyathirtha.
Professor of History and Headmaster	...	Kaliprasanna Datta, B.A.

Besides there are two graduates and eight teachers, one Pandit and one Maulavi in the School Department.

Law Department.

Law Lecturers	...	{ Nibaranchandra Das, M.A., B.L. Durgadas Mukerjee, M.A., B.L.
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LIII.

Victoria College, Naral.

AFFILIATED, 1886.

This Institution was founded in January 1857, under the auspices of the late Babu Ramratan Ray, Zemindar of Naral. Encouraged by its success, the present managers sent up an application in April 1885, to the Syndicate of the University to authorise its affiliation up to the F. A. standard, and the prayer was granted by the Government of India in their Memo. No. 162, of the 25th April, 1886. The College from the past session has been raised to the status of a first grade Institution with the sanction of His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

The Institution receives a Government grant-in-aid and a liberal subscription from the local zemindars for its maintenance.

The students' boarding establishment in connection with the Institution provides suitable accommodation for its pupils at a monthly charge of Rs. 4 only. The boarding establishment is situated on a healthy site upon the river Chitra, and is under the supervision of the Senior Professor of the Institution.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Senior Professor of	
Mathematics and Science.	Umeschandra Ghosh, M.A., B.L.
Professor of English...	Bepinbihari Sen, M.A.
" of Philosophy and Logic	Syamacharan Chakravarti, M.A.
" of English	Srischandra Maulik, M.A.
" of Mathematics	Purnachandra Routh, B.A.
Professors of Sanskrit	Amarnath Vidyaratna.
	Benimadhab Bhattacharyya.

Besides there are nine Teachers and two Pundits in the School Department.

LIV.

Tej Narayan Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.

AFFILIATED, 1887.

The Institution was founded as a middle class school in the year 1883, under the patronage of Rai Tej Narayan Singh, Bahadur. The number on its rolls, however, rapidly increasing, it was, within two months of its foundation, raised to the status of a Higher Class Institution, with an endowment of Rs. 150 a month settled upon it by its proprietor, Rai Tej Narayan Singh, Bahadur. In the year 1887, in commemoration of the Jubilee of Her Gracious Majesty, it was raised to the rank of a second grade College, funds for the maintenance of the institution in its higher status having been provided by the proprietor. In 1890 it was raised to the Standard of a first grade College, and a Law Department was added to it in the year.

2. The tuition fee for the two higher classes of the General Department in the College is Rs. 5, and for the two lower ones, Rs. 4. In the Law Department, students going through the B. L. course have to pay Rs. 6, and those studying for the pleadership examination Rs. 5 a month, as fee. There is no admission fee for either of the departments, but a fee of Rs. 4 is charged on the occasion of withdrawal of any student. The College enjoys a Scholarship of Rs. 10, tenable for two years, endowed upon it by the proprietor and designated "Bayley Scholarship." It is awarded to the boy that passes highest among the successful candidates of the collegiate school, who fail to obtain Government Scholarship, provided that the boy continues his studies in the College. It owns further a gold medal for which it is indebted to the munificence of Babu Rama Nath Ghose, Zemindar, Calcutta, the medal being designed for award to the student who distinguishes himself the most among candidates from the College that come off successful in the B. A. Examination.

3. The School Department consists of eight classes, and there is a graduated scale of fees for the classes, rising from annas eight to Rupees two and annas four. The number of free students is twenty-five.

4. The Institution is under the control of a Committee with the proprietor as its President. It is located in a spacious building which was erected at the sole cost of the proprietor. A Boarding Establishment is attached to the College, and the charge for each Boarder is Rs. 6 per mensem.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of Mathematics...	...	Hariprasanna Mukerjee, M.A.
Professor of English Literature ...	...	Isanchandra Misra, M.A.
Professor of Physical Science and Mathematics ...	...	Saradamohan Bhattacharyya, M.A.
Professor of Philosophy and English ...	...	Purnachandra Raychaudhuri M.A.
Lecturer on Sanskrit...	...	Ramgopal Misra.
Lecturer on Persian ...	...	Maulavi Abdul Wahhab.
Law Lecturers ...	...	{ Nibaranchandra Mukerjee, M.A., B.L. Harendralal Ray, B.L.
Head Master ...	...	Charuchandra Basu, M. A.
Second Master ...	...	Dinanath Banerjee, B.A.
Third Master ...	...	Panchkari Banerjee, B.A.

LV.

Holkar College, Indore.

AFFILIATED, 1891.

This College was founded in 1891 by the Maharaja Holkar, G.C.S.I. and is maintained exclusively by His Highness.

All students are admissible who have passed the University Entrance Examination, and instruction is given up to the standard of the B. A. Examination of the University of Calcutta.

No fees are charged to the students, and a sum of Rs. 45 per mensem is distributed in competitive scholarships. A limited number of non-competitive scholarships are awarded annually to deserving poor students.

The College is at present situated in the city of Indore, but a handsome new building, with residentiary quarters attached, is now in course of construction on a fine open space outside the immediate precincts of the city. It will be ready for occupation in June 1893.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of English Literature ...	E. C. Cholmondeley, M.A.
Professor of Persian and Philosophy...	Azeezur Rahman Khan, M.A.

Professor of Mathematics	... Ramkrishna Sakharam Athavale, M.A.
Professor of Sanskrit	... Parashuram Narayan Patankar, B.A.
Professor of Science	... Prabhakar Ramkrishna Bhandar- kar, B.A., L.M.S., Bombay.
Professor of History and Assistant Professor of English Literature	... Bhaskar Vishnu Joshi, B.A. Besides Assistant Shastris.

LVI.

Behar National College, Bankipur.

AFFILIATED, 1892.

This Institution was started as a higher class English school, teaching up to the Entrance Standard in the year 1883, by Babu Bisseswar Singh, Zemindar of Kulharya, in the district of Shahabad, and pleader, practising at Patna. It was founded with the object of a wider diffusion of high English education among the people of Behar and of bringing it within the reach of men of even very limited means. The success which attended the first years of the infant institution encouraged the proprietor to raise it to the status of a college, teaching up to the standard of the F.A. Examination, and it was affiliated to the Calcutta University with the name of the Behar National College in September 1889.

In the year 1892 this Institution was raised to B.A. standard, and a Law class was added to it, in which instruction is given for the Pleadership and B. L. Examinations.

Three Scholarships, each of Rs. 10 a month, tenable for two years, have been founded by the liberality of the proprietor for the encouragement of students to be awarded to the first three of those students who will pass the Entrance examination in the first division from this Collegiate School and continue their studies in this College.

The following is the list of the gentlemen forming the present *personnel* of the

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of Mathematics	... Bhagabatcharan Das, M.A.
Professors of English Literature	... { Rev. D. H. G. Dunne, Debendranath Sen, M.A.
Professor of Physical Science and Chemistry.	... Asutosh Chatterjee, M.A.
Professor of Philosophy and Logic	... Debendranath Sen, M.A.
Professor of Sanskrit...	... Pundit Ramnarayan Ojha.
Professor of Persian	... Maulavi Syed Md. Manzer.
Assistant Professor of Persian	... „ Nassiruddin Haider.
Assistant Professor of Mathematics	... Atma Ram, B.A.
Assistant Professor of History and Logic	... Harbans Sahay, B.A.

Law Department.

Purnendu Narayana Singha, M.A.
Asutosh Chatterjee, M.A.

LVII.

Canadian Mission College, Indore.

AFFILIATED, 1893.

LVIII.

Jaffna College, Ceylon.

AFFILIATED, 1893.

This Institution was opened in 1872 as a successor of the Batticotta Seminary of the American Ceylon Mission, which began in 1824, and was closed in 1856. Its principal building is the Otley Hall, built in 1824, for the old Seminary, and named for Sir Richard Otley of the Supreme Court, a large donor. The Foreign Instructors live in houses belonging to the American Mission. There is a fund of £6,000 held by Trustees in America to support an American Principal and Professors. At present one-half of the salary of the Principal is paid by the American Mission, because he has Mission work. In other respects the College is independent, and is governed by a Board of 18 Directors, who are elected from the three Protestant Christian Denominations, and serve three years, a third being elected each year by the Board itself. The Government Agent is at present the President of the Board, and ten of the Board are native gentlemen.

The College was planned by graduates of the old Seminary to meet the needs of Jaffna for higher education, and a fund of Rs. 13,500 was collected by them toward a local endowment.

The course of study was modelled after that of American Colleges, and the College has gone on for nearly twenty years on its own merits as an independent Institution, and only in 1891 availed itself of the advantages of affiliation. There is connected with it a Divinity School, and an English School numbering 250 students in all standards. The College has 145 students, including preparatory and entrance classes all being required to board on the premises. The charge for board is Rs. 4.50 per month and for tuition Rs. 10 per term of 14 weeks.

A large gymnasium with trapezes, swinging rings, ladder, etc., is in daily use, a half hour's class drill with clubs, wands or dumb-bells being required of all five days a week. A reference library of 800 volumes is open to the students together with access to the larger Mission library. A good supply of apparatus illustrates all the departments of physics. Special instruction in Surveying and Book-keeping. Weekly rhetorical exercises and occasional lectures.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND PRIZES.

There is a Scotch Bursary Fund amounting to Rs. 42,000, of which the interest is used in aid to deserving students to the extent

of Rs. 40 to 60 each per year. The income of the Birch Scholarship of Rs. 1,800, raised in the Straits Settlements, in memory of Mr. Birch of the Civil Service, is loaned to students of Batticotta on security to be repaid after leaving. There are also Green and Marquand scholarships giving Rs. 45 and 60 a year, and three others incomplete. Other funds yield prizes of Rs. 7 to 12 each, named for patrons, and awarded for excellence in English, Mathematics, Physics, Scripture, etc.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	...	Rev. S. W. Howland, M.A., D.D.
Divinity Professor	...	Rev. B. H. Rice.
Professor of Classics	...	J. L. Best.
" of English	...	W. W. Wallace, B.A.
Masters	—	{ S. Hensman.
		{ E. A. Kingsbury.
		{ C. H. Cooke.
		{ T. P. Hudson.
		{ A. Abraham.

Calcutta Madrasah.

AFFILIATED, 1867.

This Institution was founded by Warren Hastings in 1781, with the view of enabling Muhammadans of Bengal to acquire such a knowledge of Arabic literature and law as would qualify them for the Judicial Department, and was endowed by him with a zemindary yielding an estimated rental of Rs. 29,000. In July 1819, the zemindary was resumed, and the rental was commuted to a fixed annual charge on the Treasury of Rs. 30,000.

In 1873 the interest of the Muhammad Muhsin Legacy, amounting to Rs. 51,000, which had hitherto been expended on the Hooghly College, was set free and was devoted to Muhammadan education in Bengal. Several new Madrasahs were founded; and the sum of Rs. 35,000, *plus* the schooling fees, changed afterwards to Rs. 31,000, was fixed as the annual charge of the Calcutta Madrasah and Colingah Branch School. *

The Institution consists of three departments and a branch school. In the *Arabic Department*, Arabic and Persian literature, logic, rhetoric, and Muhammadan Law are taught. The course extends over six years. Of modern sciences, arithmetic and geometry (taught in the vernacular) were made compulsory in 1874, and arrangements have been made to allow students to take up some of the English subjects taught in the Anglo-Persian Department. The monthly fee is eight annas; average number of students, 403.

The *Anglo-Persian Department* is a collegiate school, and teaches up to the Entrance Examination. The monthly fee is Re. 1; average number, 442.

The *College Department* is a second grade College (established in 1884) and teaches up to the F. A. standard. The monthly fee is Rs. 2; average number, 32. For teaching purposes it has been amalgamated with the Presidency College since July 1888, the students of the Madrasah College attending the former College for their lectures.

The *Branch School* is a middle-class English School, and has an *Oriental Department* attached to it, which prepares students for the *Madrasah*. The monthly fee is 8 and 4 annas ; average number of students, 321.

There are 16 Muhsin scholarships of Rs. 10, 8, 6, 4 respectively, awarded in the Arabic Department ; 6 Muhsin scholarships of Rs. 5, 4, 3 respectively, in the Anglo-Persian Department ; and a Scindia and Bhopal scholarship of Rs. 3 Two junior Muhsin scholarships of Rs. 10, tenable for two years, are annually awarded to successful Entrance students.

In the Branch School there are four Muhsin scholarships of Rs. 3, two tenable in the Arabic and two in the Anglo-Persian Department of the Madrasah.

In the College Department there are the following scholarships :— 2 Muhsin scholarships and 3 other scholarships, each of Rs. 10, and tenable for two years, by students reading for the F. A. Examination ; also 2 scholarships of Rs. 10 each, tenable for two years, by passed students of the Madrasah, reading for the B. A. degree in any College of Calcutta.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

College Department.

Principal ... A. F. Rudolf Hoernle, Ph.D.

Anglo-Persian Department.

Head Master ... W. Billing, B.A. (on deputation).
Offg. do. ... G. Lorimer, M.A.

Arabic Department.

Head Maulavi ... Shams-ul-Ulama Maulavi Ahmad.

Branch School.

Head Master ... E. Cleghorn.
Fourteen Maulavis, eighteen English Teachers, one Pandit.

FORMER PRINCIPALS.

Col. S. D. Riley.	| J. Sutcliffe, M.A.
A. Sprenger, M.A.	| H. Blochmann, M.A.
Capt. W. N. Lees, LL. D.	| A. E. Gough, M.A.
Capt. E. St. George.	|

2.

Sehore High School.

AFFILIATED, 1868.

3.

Chittagong College.

AFFILIATED, 1869.

This College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Provinces.

It was originally opened as a school by the General Committee of Public Instruction in 1836. In January 1869 it was converted into a High School or a Second Grade College, teaching up to the First Examination in Arts, and an increase was made to the staff of teachers. A Law Department was then added and affiliated.

Students in the General Department pay a monthly fee of Rs. 3, and those in the Law Department, a fee of Rs. 5 each.

There is an endowment scholarship called Raja Goloke Chandra Chowdhuri Bahadur's Scholarship, worth Rs. 8 a month, tenable in this College for two years, and awardable every year to that successful candidate at the Entrance Examination, who stands next highest to the Government Junior Scholars of the District of Chittagong.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.*College Department.*

Head Master	... Abinashchandra Chatterjee, B.A.
2nd "	... Bisweswar Sen, M.A.,
3rd "	... Rev. A. W. Wiggins, B.A.(<i>offg.</i>)
4th "	... Suryyakumar Ray, B.A.
College Pandit and Translation Master	... Chandrakanta Vidyaratna.
Head Maulavi	... Foiz-ullah,

15 other Teachers.

Law Department.

Lecturer	... Rameschandra Sen, B.L.
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4.

St. Peter's College, Agra.

AFFILIATED, 1870.

This Institution was founded in 1846 by Bishop Borghi. The building, which has a frontage of about 400 feet, was erected by means of contributions from Catholics in Europe and India, together with a large grant from the funds of the Agra Mission. Long before the Mutiny it had established its name as one of the best Seminaries in the North-Western Provinces. In July 1857, the mutineers sacked the building, but it was again opened for educational purposes in January 1858. Since its foundation, St. Peter's College has been under the patronage of the Vicars Apostolic of the Agra Mission and the management of two priests as Rector and Vice-Rector, assisted by a staff of teachers both religious and laymen. Though intended chiefly for Catholic children, St. Peter's admits also

children of other religions on the principle of non-interference. The course of studies embraces all the subjects for the Calcutta University Examination in Arts, and the First and Second Departments of the Thomason College, Roorkee. Candidates are also prepared for the Opium, Secretariat, Survey and Subordinate Medical Departments. Two classes of boarders are admitted into the College: Parlour boarders paying Rs. 25 a month, who dine with the instructive staff and sleep apart from the rest of the boys, and boarders paying Rs. 20 a month. A reduction is made in the case of brothers. Both classes pay an annual fee of Rs. 10 at the beginning of the year for use of books, stationery, medicines, &c. Day-scholars pay a fee of Rs. 4 a month and a 'bus fee of Rs. 3, paying also for their own books, &c. A reduction is also made in the case of brothers. The average number of boarders is 50 and of day-scholars 60.

Attached to St. Peter's College is St. Paul's Orphanage, chiefly for the orphans of British soldiers; children of Civilians too poor to pay for their children in the College are also admitted into the orphanage at Rs. 10 a month and clothes. Difference of religion is not taken into account. The orphans are separated from the boarders in the refectory and play-ground and dormitory, but pursue the same studies and are instructed by the same staff of masters. The following is the instructive and disciplinary staff of both Institutions.

Rector and Instructor in Religious Subjects	...	Very Rev. Fr. Genesius, O.S.F.C.
Vice-Rector and Professor of Mathematics	...	Rev. Fr. L. McCarthy, O.S.C.
Prefect of Discipline	..	Rev. Fr. Raphael, O.S.F.C.
Head Master and Professor of English and Latin Classics	...	M. Dunn, B.A.
Disciplinarians	... ..	{ Brother Dennis. Brother Patrick. Brother Ignatius.

The above are assisted by six junior Masters.

5.

London Mission School, Mirzapur.

AFFILIATED, 1872.

6.

Midnapur College.

AFFILIATED, 1873.

This Institution was founded as a Zila School in 1834, and was converted into a High School in 1873. Since Government orders

of the 16th October, 1877, changing the nomenclature of Government Schools, it has been called the Midnapur 2nd Grade College. It is supported partly by Government and partly by the interest of an endowment fund, raised by the people of the district of Midnapur, amounting to Rs. 51,000 in Government Securities and Municipal Debentures. The management of this College and the attached Collegiate School, which was under the control of the Director of Public Instruction and of a District School Committee, has been made over by Government to the Local Municipality since the 1st of July 1887, on the Grant-in-aid system.

It consists of a College and a School Department. Into the former such students are admitted as have passed the University Entrance Examination and intend to study for the First Examination in Arts. The schooling fee in the College Department is Rs. 5 a month, and that in the School Department varies from one rupee in the lowest to three rupees in the highest class.

A Law Department was also opened in 1873, and was affiliated to the Calcutta University up to the B. L. standard from June 1892. The rate of tuition fee for this department is Rs. 5 a month.

There is a gymnastic class attached to the College in which the boys are taught exercises according to European and native methods. A drill master has been appointed to train the boys in the European system of drill.

Local Scholarships and medals.

One Luchman Prasad Garga Scholarship of Rs. 5 per mensem, tenable for two years, founded by the Zemindar of Moisdal of that name, and one Ajodhyaram Khan scholarship of Rs. 5 per mensem, tenable for two years, founded by Raja Mahendra Lal Khan, Zemindar of Midnapur, to perpetuate the memory of his father, are awarded annually to the two most deserving students who pass the University Entrance Examination from the Collegiate School, but who fail to gain Government Scholarships, on condition that they prosecute their studies in this College.

One Luchman Prasad Garga gold medal, of the value of about Rs. 32, endowed by the Zemindar of Moisdal of that name, is awarded annually to the student from the Midnapur College who passes highest at the F. A. Examination.

Four silver medals, of the value of about Rs. 16 each, called the Harrison, the Martin, the Kali Prasanna Raychaudhuri and the Bipin Bihari Datta medal, are annually awarded to the best students of the Collegiate School in mathematics, history, English composition and English language and literature respectively. The money for the Martin Medal Fund was subscribed by the native friends and admirers of the late R. L. Martin, Esq., Inspector of Schools, to commemorate his name. The rest were endowed by the donors whose names they bear.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master	...	...	Haricharan Ray, M.A.
2nd "	...	...	Isanchandra Ghose, M.A.
3rd "	...	..	Abhaycharan Basu.
4th "	...	..	Jogendranath Hazra, M.A.

Law Lecturer Atal Bihari Singha, B.L.,
 Head Pandit Brajanath Goswami,
 with eight other English teachers, one Pandit and one Persian teacher,

7.

Jaypur Maharaja's College.

AFFILIATED, 1873.

This College was founded in 1844 by the Jaypur Durbar to secure for the people of Jaypur the benefits of a liberal education. It was originally opened as a school, but the success of the Institution having shown that its sphere of usefulness might be extended, it was raised to the status of a College, and affiliated to the Calcutta University up to the F. A. Standard in 1873, the instructive staff being at the same time augmented and improved to meet its wants. The Institution is now affiliated to the new University of Allahabad, and comprises three Departments,—an English, an Anglo-Vernacular, and an Oriental Department. The English Department consists of the College proper, giving instruction up to the B. A. Standard of the Allahabad University, and a Preparatory School containing 12 graduated classes, many of which are divided into sections. In the Anglo-Vernacular Department all subjects are taught in Hindi, and English is taken as a second language. In the Oriental Department, Arabic, Persian or Sanskrit is extensively taught, and the students are trained up for the Oriental Examinations of the Punjab University. The average number of students on the roll of the College is 1,700. Besides intellectual training and a proper enforcement of discipline, particular care is taken to ensure the physical and moral well-being of the students. The Institution also affords to its students the advantages of such an education as may fit them for State employment or professional careers.

A Library and a Debating Club are attached to the College.

Connected with the College and under the control of the Principal is a Rajput School, attended only by the young chiefs of the State, who undergo a special course of instruction.

The College is also the centre of a number of schools in the State, which are in a manner affiliated to it, and are under the control of the Principal. These schools are divided into District Schools, Village Schools, and Girls' Schools, and amount in number to 161, with a daily attendance of about 8,000 pupils. A system of examination is in force for the whole of Jaypur, the chief State Schools sending candidates to the main Institution. The Examinations are intended to lead up to the Middle Class Examination, and are managed by the Principal of the Maharaja's College.

The Educational Institutions described above are entirely supported by the State, no tuition or entrance fee being exacted from the students. Prizes and scholarships to the value of more than Rs. 15,000

are awarded every year to deserving pupils, according to the results of periodical examinations, and examinations in special subjects. Books, too, are given gratis to poor boys, many of whom also receive stipends for their maintenance.

All students of the College, on successfully passing any University or Public Examination, receive stipends or scholarships from the State, varying from Rs. 8 to Rs. 15 a month, and tenable for two years.

A medal is annually awarded by His Excellency Lord Northbrook, to the first boy of the College for general proficiency, in commemoration of his visit to Jaypur in 1876.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Director of Public Instruction and Principal	... Vacant.
Professor of English Literature	... Debendranath Chaudhuri, B.A., B.L.
Professor of History	... Amritajal De, B.A., B.L.
Professor of Mathematics and Physics	... Meghnath Bhattacharyya, B.A.
Professor of Sanskrit	.. Lakshminath Sastri.
Professor of Persian	.. Abdur Rahman.

ORIENTAL DEPARTMENT.

Sanskrit.

Superintendent	... Pandit Rambhaji.
and six Professors and three Assistant Professors.	

Persian-Arabic.

Superintendent	... Vacant
and one Professor of Persian.	

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.

English Department.

Head Master	... Kalipada Bandyopadhyay.
2nd ,,	... Lal Bahadur, B.A.
and twelve Assistant Teachers and three Teachers of Persian.	

Anglo-Vernacular Department.

Superintendent	... Vacant
and four Teachers of English and six Teachers of Hindi.	

Sanskrit Department.

First Teacher of Sanskrit ... Janakilal.
and two Teachers of Sanskrit and two Teachers of Hindi.

Persian Department.

First Teacher of Persian ... Karamatali,
and nine Teachers of Persian and three Teachers of Arithmetic.

Principals.

- 1844 Pandit Sheodin.
- 1855 Munshi Kishen Sharup.
- 1865 Kantichandra Mukerji,
- 1876 Krishnabihari Sen, M.A.
- 1877 Dinanath Mukherji, B A (offg)
- 1879 Chandranath Basu, M.A.
- 1880 Dinanath Mukherji, B.A.
- 1886 Haridas Sastri, M.A.

8.

Patiala Maharaja's College.**AFFILIATED, 1874.**

This School, originally established by His Highness Maharaja Narinder Singh, was thoroughly reorganised by His Highness Maharaja Mahinder Singh, the late Maharaja of Patiala, in 1876, who, when he was invested with the full powers of Government, established an Educational Department under the control of a Director of Public Instruction.

Education is now given in the English, Persian, Arabic and Sanskrit languages. In January 1874, this School was affiliated to the Calcutta University. This School is entirely maintained by funds paid by His Highness the Maharaja from his treasury, and the schooling fee varies with the income of the parents. Annual prizes and monthly scholarships to the value of Rs. 6,500 are awarded to the deserving pupils of the school. Poor boys are admitted free and receive stipends for their maintenance. A gold medal of Rs. 70 is annually awarded by His Excellency Lord Northbrook to the first boy of the school for general proficiency, in commemoration of his visit to Patiala, and laying the foundation-stone of the Mahinder College in March, 1875.

Under the orders of the Council of Regency, a First Arts class was opened in the year 1880 and a Principal appointed also. In commemoration of the fiftieth year of the reign of Her Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress, a B. A. class was opened in 1887 and the College was affiliated to the B. A. standard of the University of the Punjab. In the English Department, instruction is now given up to the standard of the First Examination in Arts of the Calcutta University and the B. A. Examination of the Punjab University.

The Sanskrit, Persian and Arabic Departments train up students for the following examinations of the latter University;—the Shastri, Bisharada, Pragya, and Entrance Examinations in Sanskrit; the Munshi Fazil, Munshi Alim, Munshi and Entrance Examinations in Persian; the Maulavi Fazil, Maulavi Alim, Maulavi and Entrance Examinations in Arabic.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

College Department (English).

Principal and Professor of English Literature	...	Atulkrishna Ghosh, M.A.
Professor of Philosophy and History	...	M. N. Chatterjee.
Professor of Mathematics	...	Lala Diali Ram, B.A.
Lecturer on Persian and Arabic	...	Maulavi Ghulam Murtiza.

*Oriental Department.**Sanskrit.*

Head Pandit	...	Pandit Nand Lal
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and five other Sanskrit Teachers.

Arabic.

Head Maulavi	...	Maulavi Mohamed Ishaq.
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and three other Assistant Maulavis.

COLLEGIATE HIGH SCHOOL.

(A. V. Department.)

Head Master	...	Lala Sujun Singh, B.A.
Second Master	...	Lala Din Dyal.
First Mathematical Teacher	...	Lala Gunda Ram.
First Persian Teacher	...	Maulavi Imamuddin.

with five other English Teachers, one Assistant Mathematical Teacher, and three Persian Teachers.

(Vernacular Department.)

Head Master	...	Pandit Ganeshi Lal
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and two Mathematical Teachers and eight Persian Teachers.

Gurmukhi Department.

Head Teacher	...	Sukhram Dass.
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with one Assistant Teacher.

9.

Wesleyan Central Institution, Batticaloa, Ceylon.

AFFILIATED, 1877.

10.

Residency College, Indore.

AFFILIATED, 1877.

11.

Rungpur College.

AFFILIATED, 1877.

12.

St. Francis de Sales' School, Nagpur.

AFFILIATED, 1879.

This Institution was founded in 1867 by the Society of St. Francis de Sales.

It receives a Government grant-in-aid of Rs. 450 *per mensem*.

The object of this College is to educate Catholic youths, but it is at the same time open to children of other persuasions on the principle of non-interference.

It consists of two departments, the English and the Vernacular.

There are classes for music, drawing and elementary science. The course of studies embrace all the subjects required for the F. A. Examination of the Calcutta University.

Fees.

The students of the College pay an entrance fee of Rs. 5. The schooling fees range from Rs. 5 to annas 8 *per mensem*.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	Rev. E. Bonaventure.
Professor of Mathematics and	
Natural Science	Very Rev. C. Pelvat, B.A.
Professor of Classics	Very Rev. J. M. Girard.
Professor of English and History ...	Rev. E. F. Coppel, B.A.

and twelve other Assistant Masters.

13.

Batala Baring High School.

AFFILIATED, 1880.

14.

The Rajkumar College, Nowgong, Bundelkhand.

AFFILIATED, 1880.

15.

Albert College.

AFFILIATED, 1881.

The Institution was founded in the year 1872, with the object of imparting education to students of the middle classes at moderate and convenient rates. The College has been a self-supporting one

from the beginning, being maintained entirely from fees. It consists of two departments, the English and the Vernacular, containing thirteen classes, many of which are divided into sections. The College Department was opened in 1881, teaching up to the standard of the First Examination in Arts. In the Vernacular classes both English and Bengali are taught, but the latter is used as the principal medium of instruction. Besides the branches rendered compulsory by University requirements, the College insists upon regular instruction in the principles of ethics, separate hours being set apart for lectures on that subject. There are classes also for music and elementary science.

An admission fee of Rs. 3 is charged to all students of the College Department, and the monthly tuition fee is Rs. 3. In the School Department the rates of fees vary from one rupee in the lowest classes to three rupees in the highest.

There are three scholarships attached to the Institution :

- (1) Keshub Chunder Sen Scholarship of Rs. 5 *per mensem*, tenable for two years.
- (2) The Baring Scholarship (in honour of Sir Evelyn Baring) of Rs. 5 *per mensem*, tenable for two years.
- (3) The Yule Scholarship of Rs. 5 *per mensem*, tenable for one year.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rector, Krishnabihari Sen, M.A.
 Dhanballabh Set, M.A.
 Kumudbandhu Dasgupta, B.A.
 Srischandra Laha, B.A.
 Pandit Rajanikanta Chatterjee, B.A.
 Jaharlal Mookerjee, B.A.

and sixteen other Teachers

16.

Burdwan Raj College.

AFFILIATED, 1882.

This Institution, since its first establishment in 1817, has been one of slow but steady growth. True to its mission of supplying the demands of the public of Burdwan for education, in the modern acceptance of the term, it has always kept pace with the real wants of the place. Started as an Anglo-Vernacular school, imparting rudimentary education, which satisfied the intellectual craving of the Burdwan people of the early days of British rule in India, it passed through different stages of improvement, developed various phases of usefulness, and at last attained a recognized position as a second grade College in 1881.

The educational establishments of His Highness the Maharaja divide themselves at the present time under six heads :—First, the College Department, which is open to all students that are matriculated in the Calcutta University, teaching up to the F. A. standard.

Second, the School Department serving chiefly as a feeder or tributary to the above, preparing students for the Calcutta University Entrance Examination.

Third, the Bengali School, teaching up to the Vernacular Scholarship Examination standard.

Fourth, the Persian Department, teaching, amongst others, those boys of the first two Departments that take up Persian as their second language.

Fifth, the Sanskrit School, imparting instruction in the orthodox native style to those whose religious scruples prevent them from availing themselves of the advantages of the English school.

And sixth and last, the Girls' School, the present provision in connection with which, though meagre, is more than sufficient to meet the requirements of female education as it is understood in Burdwan. All these Departments, with the exception of the last two, are under the control of the Principal.

The disbursements in the different Departments aggregate annually about Rs. 21,000, they being entirely met by the munificent charity of His Highness the Maharaja.

Education in all its varieties and phases is imparted gratuitously, several boys in consideration of their extreme indigence being found in money, besides being provided with free tuition.

Three scholarships of Rs. 10 per month each, and tenable for two years, are annually awarded to the best amongst those successful F. A. candidates from the College who fail to secure Government Senior scholarships, to enable them to study for the B. A. Examination.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

College Department.

Principal and Professor of English,

Sanskrit and Logic ... Umacharan Bandyopadhyay, M.A.

Professor of Physics, Chemistry
and Mathematics ... Kalidas Mallik, M.A.

Professor of English and History ... Loknath Mitra, B.A.

Collegiate School.

Head Master ... W. V. Dunsmure.

Second Master .. Jitendranath Chattopadhyay,
B.A.

Third Master ... Nrisinhamurari Panja, B.A.

Senior Pandit ... Dharmadas Chakrabarti.

and ten other Teachers.

Bengali School..

Babu Prankrishna Pandit and two other Pandits.

Persian Department.

Maulavi ... Abdul Gafoor.

Sanskrit School.

Superintendent ... Pandit Aghornath Tattwanidhi.

Girls' School.

Head Mistress ... Madhumati Debi.

17.

Government High School, Fyzabad.

AFFILIATED, 1882.

18.

Prince of Wales College, Moratuwa, Ceylon.

AFFILIATED, 1882.

This College was founded by C. H. de Soysa, Esq., Justice of the Peace, in commemoration of the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to Ceylon, and is intended for the benefit of all inhabitants of the Island without distinction of race or creed. It comprises the College proper, the Collegiate School in two divisions (Upper and Lower), and the Vernacular Department. The course of studies embraces English, Latin, Greek, Sanskrit, Sinhalese, Mathematics, History, Geography, Philosophy, Science, Divinity and Drawing.

There are two Scholarships of Rs. 6 and Rs. 7-50 cts. per mensem awarded on the results of the Cambridge Local and Calcutta Entrance Examinations, the former tenable for one year and the latter for two years.

There is accommodation on the premises for the Principal and a number of resident masters and students. The Institution is at present under the control of J. W. Charles de Soysa, Esq., the eldest son of the Founder.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master	...	Philip Lewis (Acting.)
		G. P. Wiraratna.
		William Fernando.
		Simeon Perera.
		Cornelis De Silva.
Assistant Masters	...	F. B. Pereira.
		J. S. Peiris.
		Francis Marthus.
		Adrian Mendis.
		D. J. Stembo.
Pandits	...	Adrian Fernando.
Drawing Master	...	M. D. Coorey.

19.

St. George's College, Mussoorie.

AFFILIATED, 1883.

20.

Allahabad High School, Girls' Department.

AFFILIATED, 1883.

21.

Rutlam Central College.

AFFILIATED, 1884.

22.

Jagannath College, Dacca.

AFFILIATED, 1884.

This Institution, started originally as a M. V. School, added to itself in the year 1872 an Entrance School, since developed into a Second Grade College or one teaching up to the F. A. standard. It is named after the late Babu Jagannath Raychaudhuri, of Baliati, Dacca, father to Babu Kisorilal Raychaudhuri, the proprietor.

The monthly fee-rate is Rs. 3, and there are an admission and a resignation fee equal to the tuition fee.

Two scholarships, of Rs. 6 a month each, and tenable for two years, are awarded to the best F. A. candidates of each year, failing to obtain Government scholarships.

The best Sanskrit scholar among students passing the F. A. examination in the 1st division from the College is entitled to a medal from Raja Rajendra Narayan Ray Bahadur of Bhawal.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of English and Sanskrit	... Kunjalal Nag, M.A.
Professor of Mathematics and Science	... Baikunthakisor Chakravarti, M.A.
Professor of English and History...	Rakhalkrishna Ghosh, M.A.
Professor of Mathematics	... Kaliprasanna Ray, M.A.
Assistant Professor of History and Sanskrit.	... Sitalchandra Chakravarti, M.A.
Additional Lecturer on Sanskrit...	Dinabandhu Majumdar, B.A.

Jagannath Senior Scholars. 1893.

- 1 Nivaranachandra Bandyopadhyay,
- 2 Jotindranath Basu, No. 1.

23.

University College, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1885.

24.

Ramsay College, Almora.

AFFILIATED, 1885.

25.

Girls' High School, Lucknow.

AFFILIATED, 1886.

26.

Uttarpara College.

AFFILIATED, 1887.

This College is the final outcome of the long-continued efforts of Babu Jaykissen Mukherji (lately deceased) in furtherance of the cause of English education in Bengal. In 1846 he had a Government School opened at Uttarpara, on the basis of an endowment by him and his brother Babu Rajkissen Mukherji (also deceased), of Rs. 1,200 a year, and a Government assignment of equal value. The School prospered, and won its way to the front rank among the Schools in Bengal.

Babu Jaykissen's wish was that his School should ultimately expand into a College, and to this end so long ago as the year 1853 he asked Government to raise the School to a first class College, offering to contribute an equal sum with Government towards the maintenance of the College. In 1883 he submitted a proposal for the conversion of the School into a second grade College, offering to make an endowment for its support, so that it might cost the Government nothing. The recently initiated educational policy of Government stood, however, in the way of his proposal being accepted, and it was accordingly not accepted.

He finally went up to Government in April 1887, with a proposal for the establishment of an aided College in connection with the old Government School. Government accorded him permission to open such a College, but on the condition that he took the School off the hands of Government. He agreed to do so, provided Government left the School the material advantages it derived from its connection with Government. It took some time to settle the terms of the transfer, which was formally effected in March 1889. The College and the Collegiate School are now under the management of a Board consisting of the Magistrate of Hughli as President, of Raja Pyarimohan Mukherji, C.S.I., and Babu Rasbihari Mukherji as representatives of the late Babu Jaykissen Mukherji, and of Babu Manohar Mukherji as representative of the late Babu Rajkissen Mukherji.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Lecturer in English and Logic	...	Syamacharan Ganguli, B.A.
Lecturer in Physics and Chemistry and History.	...	Jnanchandra Ghosh, M.A. (on leave.)
Offg. Lecturer in Physics and Chemistry and History	...	Tarapada Mukherji, M.A.
Lecturer in English	...	Gopalchandra Ganguli, M.A. (on leave.)
Offg. Lecturer in English	...	Khagendranath Chatterji, M.A.
Lecturer in Mathematics and Second Master Collegiate School	...	Kumudbihari Mitra, M.A.
Lecturer in Sanskrit	...	Ramcharan Vidyanod.

Collegiate School.

Head Master	...	Jadunath Pal, B.A.
Head Pandit	...	Krishnapada Vidyaratna.

The rate of fees in the College is Rs. 4 a month, and in the School it varies from Rs. 3 in the three highest classes to Re. 1 in the lowest class.

There is a boarding house attached to the College and Collegiate School. The boarders have free quarters, and make their own boarding arrangements. Among the boarders there used to be at one time 3 teachers. At present there is only 1. The boarding expenses are quite on an economic scale.

Two Scholarships of the value of Rs. 10 each, called "Jaykissen Scholarships," and tenable for two years at an affiliated College, are to be given every year by a gentleman who wishes that his name be not published, at least at present, to successful candidates from the Uttarpara College who, after having prosecuted a regular course of study in the College for full two sessions, pass in the 1st or 2nd Division at the First Arts Examination without winning Government Senior Scholarships. The award is to be made to those two students who stand highest among those who may satisfy the above requirements. Should one or both the Scholarships remain unawarded any year, they are to be awarded the next or any succeeding year in addition to the two annual scholarships. In making these additional awards the condition of two sessions' continuous study in the College is to be dispensed with.

27.

Robert's College.

AFFILIATED, 1887.

28.

The Bangabasi College, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1887.

This Institution was founded as a school under the name of the Bangabasi School in June 1886. The success of the Institution

during the first year of its existence led the proprietors to add a College Department, which has been affiliated to the Calcutta University up to the First Arts Examination standard from June 1887.

College Department.

There is an admission fee of Rs. 4 and a monthly tuition fee of Rs. 3.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of English Literature and Science	...	G. C. Bose, M.A., F.C.S., M.R.A.S., &c.
Professor of English Literature and History	...	B. B. Mukerjee, Barrister-at-Law (on leave).
Professor of Mathematics	—	Syamadas Mukerjee, M.A.
Professor of History	...	Rakhaldas Bose, B.A.
Do. Logic	...	Baradakanta Sanyal, B.A.
Do. Sanskrit	...	Pundit Chandroday Vidyabinod,
Assistant Professor of Sanskrit	—	Gadadhar Kabyatirtha.
Professor of Persian	...	Maulayi Abdul Basit.

The School Department.

This Department imparts instruction up to the University Entrance course. It consists of nine classes, including the three beginners' classes. The schooling fee is Rs. 3 for the first three classes, Rs. 2 for the next three classes, and Re. 1 for the beginners' classes. Examinations are held every Saturday, and guardians are provided with monthly progress reports (showing the number of marks obtained by students at the weekly examinations), together with remarks of conduct, attendance, &c. Holders of Government stipends of any kind are not charged schooling fees. The general management of the affairs of the department is vested in the Superintendent who with the assistance of a competent educational staff, pays strict attention to the moral and intellectual improvement of the students. The two higher classes get the advantage of being taught by some of the College Professors. Special arrangements have been made for teaching the English language in the juvenile classes.

Separate Persian classes are held, where those boys that take up Persian as their second language are taught.

Superintendent of the College ... Rakhaldas Basu, B.A.

First Mathematical Teacher ... Abinaschandra Ghosh, B.A.

First English Teacher ... Baradakanta Sanyal, B.A.

Eight other Teachers and Pandits, of whom two are B. A.'s. An arrangement also exists for teaching Drawing.

29.

Armenian College.

AFFILIATED, 1888.

This College is attached to the Armenian Philanthropic Academy a day and boarding School, which was established on the 2nd of April 1821, by influential members of the Armenian community

resident in Calcutta, "for the education of our youth, both rich and poor." In 1813 Chatoor Mooratkhan bequeathed a sum of Rs. 8,000 towards the opening of such an institution, and his liberality was so supported by a large number of donations, that when the Academy was set on foot it owned over Rs. 2,00,000.

Until the year 1883, the affairs of the School were administered by a number of Armenian gentlemen, who were styled Members of the Institution, and who elected four of themselves to be Managers. But in that year, under a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, a scheme was drawn up for the future regulation and management of the Academy. The Funds of the School were placed in the hands of the Official Trustee of Bengal, and a Board of Managers was appointed.

The College keeps on its rolls about thirty foundationers of Armenian parentage. Some of these lads are provided for by the Armenian Association of Batavia; others, by the Armenian Church of Calcutta, and others, by the College itself. Besides these, pupils of all denominations are received as boarders and day scholars on payment of the usual fees.

" *Managers.*

J. G. Apcar, Esq., B.A., Barrister-St. J. Stephen, Esq., B.A.,
LL.B., Barrister-at-Law.
at-Law.

A. T. Apcar, Esq., M.A., LL B., Barrister-at-Law.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	...	...	R. E. O. Bird.
2nd English Master	...	...	H. B. Gay.
Armenian Master	...	...	T. Isaac.
Assistant Teacher	...	...	F. Currie.
" "	...	...	T. Stephen.
" "	—	...	S. P. Stephen.

There are two Lady Teachers for the Junior Classes.

30.

St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling.

AFFILIATED, 1889.

The College opened in February 1888, under the direction of the Fathers of the Society of Jesus in the building known as St. Joseph's Seminary, Sunny Bank. It has been transferred to North Point, into a new building of stone, in Gothic style, with a façade of 300 feet and two wings of 300 feet each.

The College aims at a sound knowledge of English, Mathematics, History, Geography and the Classics. A special class prepares students for entrance into the Thomason College, Rurki (Engineer class, English candidates). Every facility is offered for learning modern languages, music and drawing, and a complete apparatus for gymnastics is at the disposal of the pupils. A museum of Physical Science instruments and a Laboratory for Chemistry are attached to the College.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rector	...	The Very Rev. A. Neut, S.J.
Professors	—	Rev. L. Devos, S.J.
		„ E. H. Vounan, S.J.
		„ V. De Campigneulles, S.J.
		„ F. X. Crohan, S.J.
		„ C. Fressanges, S.J.
		„ J. V. Gerven, S.J.
		„ H. V. Dale, S.J.
		„ E. De Sadler, S.J.
		„ W. Milrick, S.J.
		„ F. Peal, S.J.

31.

Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.

AFFILIATED, 1889.

This Institution was founded as a higher class English School on the 27th of June, 1884, by the late Babu Brajamohan Datta, Small Cause Court Judge of Nuddea, at the request of the District Education Committee, who had been instructed by the Director of Public Instruction to secure the establishment of a private school, as the number of students in the Barisal Zila School had at that time exceeded 600, and the building was found too small for the accommodation of so many boys. Babu Brajamohan expressed his wish to raise the Institution to the status of a second grade college; but could not fulfil his desire because of his sudden death. His sons, encouraged by the unexpected success of the Institution, and with a view to carry out the wishes of their deceased father, have added the college classes, which have been affiliated up to the F. A. standard of the Calcutta University since June 1889.

The object of the Institution is to give to the students intellectual, physical, as well as moral training, without any reference to any particular sect or creed. Particular attention is paid to the proper enforcement of discipline.

Monthly statements showing the attendance, progress, and conduct of the pupils of the School Department are sent to their parents for their remarks and suggestions. Meetings of teachers and guardians are held at intervals for the purpose of consulting each other on matters of internal economy.

The tuition fee in the College Department is Rs 3 a month.

Babu Birajmohan Raychaudhuri, Zemindar, has founded, in memory of his father, a prize of Rs 75, called the "Nabinchandra Prize," to be awarded in the shape of a gold medal, or books, according to the option of the recipient, to the best amongst the students who pass the Entrance Examination in the 1st Division from this Institution, provided he continues his studies in the College Department.

Babus Rohinikumar Sen, Upendranath Sen, Hemantakumar Sen, Brajakanta Raychaudhuri, Saradacharan Chakravarti, Jageschandra

Chakravarti, Ambikacharan Guha, Kaliprasanna Guha, Nandakumar Ghosh, Gorachand Das, Kaliprasanna Das, Kunjalal Sanyal, Maulavi Syad Mahamad Hussein Choudhuri, Maulavi Syad Abdur Role Choudhuri, Babus Brajabasi Ganguli, Govindamohan Das, Pyarimohan Mohinta, Kristomohan Mohinta, have liberally offered medals, prizes, and scholarships to be awarded to the meritorious students of the College Department. The Institution is deeply grateful to these well-wishers for their kind encouragement.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

College Department.

Principal and Professor of Mathematics and Physical Science	...	...	Brajendranath Chatterjee, M A.
Professor of English Literature and Logic	...	...	Aswinikumar Datta, M.A
Professor of Sanskrit	...	...	Pandit Kaminikanta Vidyaratna.
Professor of History and Asst. Professor of Mathematics and Headmaster of the School	..	...	Kaliprasanna Ghosh, B A.
Asst. Professor of Logic and Sanskrit and Asst. Headmaster of the School	...	...	Jagadis Mukerjee, B A.
Professor of Persian and Arabic	...	...	Maulavi Syad Abdul Kadir.
Laboratory Assistant and Manager of the Institution	...	...	Khosalchandra Ray.

School Department.

Besides the two B. A.'s and Professors of Sanskrit and Persian, &c., of the College Department—

Rakhalchandra Chatterjee, B.A.
 Satyananda Das, B.A.
 Sasibhusan Sinha, B.A.
 Mahendranath Ray, B.A.

and nine other Teachers and three Pandits.

32.

Murari Chand High School, Sylhet.

AFFILIATED, 1891.

This Institution was founded as a higher class English School in 1886 by Babu Girischandra Ray, a Zemindar of Sylhet, who after long continued efforts in furtherance of the cause of education in Assam, developed it last year into a second-grade College or one teaching up to the F. A. Standard. It is named **Murari Chand College**, after his grandfather, the late Babu Murarichand Ray.

The rate of fees in the college classes is Rs. 4 a month, but students passing the Entrance Examination in the first division are allowed to prosecute their studies free of any charge.

The rate of fees in the school classes varies from Rs. 2 to As. 8. Freeships are awarded in consideration of the circumstances and merit of each applicant. Many students are also allowed to prosecute their studies in the school classes at reduced rates of schooling.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of Science and Mathematics	...	Satischandra Ray, M.A.
Professor of English Literature	...	Praphullakumar Chatterjee, M.A.
„ of Logic and History	...	Girischandra Nag, M.A., B.L.
„ of Sanskrit	...	Pandit Kailaschandra Sen.

SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

Head Master	...	Gopalchandra Das, B.A.
Second „	...	Akshayakumar Sen, B.A.
and five other Teachers, one Pandit and one Maulavi.		

33.

St. Mary's Institution, Chandernagore.

AFFILIATED, 1891.

This Institution, founded in the year 1862, is under the direct control of the French administration. It consists of two departments. In both of them, boys learn French, English and Bengali. The French department teaches up to the "Brevet élémentaire," the English department up to the F. A. Standard of the Calcutta University. Those who prepare themselves for the English examinations, may take up either French or Sanskrit for their second language.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	—	Delarue.
Professor of French	—	Pyarimohan Bandyopadhyay, gradué en droit
Do. of English	...	Nandalal Bhattacharyya, M.A.
Do. of Sciences	...	Syamlal Sarkar, M.A.
Do. of Mathematics	...	Gaurkrishna Kar, B.A.
Do. of Sanskrit	—	Daityabhanjana Bhattacharyya.
Do. of History	—	Syamacharan Shaha.

Besides these, there are a Drawing Master, a Gymnastic Teacher, a Maulvi and 21 Junior Teachers for the School Department.

34.

St. John's College, Jaffna.*Founded, 1841.*

AFFILIATED, 1892.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal ...	...	...	Rev. J. W. Fall, M.A
Head Master	...	...	Rev. C. Handy, B.A.

This College was formerly known as the Chundikuli Seminary. It provides for education up to the F. A. standard; and has over 250 students on the list.

35.

Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science.

AFFILIATED, 1893.

1.

Medical College of Bengal.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

1. The Medical College of Bengal was founded by Lord William Bentinck in the year 1835.

The Government of the College and Hospital is vested in the Principal, aided by a Consultative Council, composed of all the Professors, subject to the general control of the Director of Public Instruction.

2. Ten free presentations are awarded annually. These are given to students according to their relative positions in the University, B. L., B. A. and F. A. examinations, preference being given to those who have passed the highest examination.

3. No person will be enrolled as a matriculated student who has not previously passed the First Arts Examination of the Calcutta or an Indian University, or a preliminary Arts Examination of the United Kingdom recognised by the British General Medical Council.

4. All matriculated students of the College are required to pay Rs. 15 on entrance, Rs. 35 for the summer session on the 23rd June, and Rs. 35 for the winter session on 1st November of each year, Rs. 6 extra are required from each student for each course of dissections. Fees once paid cannot be refunded.

Mahomedan students are required to pay Rs. 15 on entrance and one-third fee, *i.e.*, Rs. 12 per session. The remaining two-third fees are charged to the Mohsin Fund.

5. Any matriculated student of the College may, with the permission of the Principal and the Professor of the subject, attend courses of lectures or departments of hospital practice in addition to the full curriculum for the year, and shall be entitled to certificates of attendance at such extra lectures, if the Professor is satisfied that he or she has really studied the subject. The fees payable in advance for such additional courses are the following :—

For a single course of lectures on each subject in one year Rs. 40

For six months' attendance in each department of hospital practice „ 60

6. Any matriculated student who leaves the College before completing his University course, with the object of continuing his studies at a Medical School in Europe, may receive certificates of attendance at lectures on payment of fees at a rate fixed in the foregoing rule. But in calculating the sum to be so paid, the amount of the fees already paid by him as a regular student, or in the case of a free student the amount which would have been paid by him had he been a paying student, will be deducted.

7. Any person not being a matriculated student of the College who wishes to attend any course of lectures, or any department of hospital practice, may do so with the permission of the Principal and Professor of the subject, on payment, in advance, of fees at the rates fixed in para. 5. If he has passed the Entrance Examination of the University, he will receive certificates of attendance at lectures. If he has not passed the Entrance Examination, he will receive no class certificates.

8. College scholarships, (*vide* paras. 9 and 10) prizes and certificates of honour are open for competition only to matriculated students of the College, Military Medical Pupil and Female Certificate classes.

9. Junior scholarships of Rs. 8 per mensem and free tuition for one year are annually awarded to 10 students of the 2nd and to 10 of the 3rd year, on the results of the first year's Test and Honour and Preliminary Scientific, L. M. S. and M. B. Examinations respectively.

10. Ten senior scholarships of Rs. 12 per mensem and free tuition, tenable for two years, are annually awarded to students of the 4th year on the results of the University First Examination in Medicine. But these will not be awarded to students who gain Doorga Charan Laha scholarships of Rs. 30 per mensem for two years, nor to other scholars. Students who have failed from any cause to pass at their first chance are not eligible for these scholarships (Junior and Senior).

The Goodeve scholarship of Rs. 12 per mensem, tenable for one year, is annually awarded to a matriculated student of the 5th year on the result of the Midwifery Test Examination of the 4th year.

The F. C. Chatterjee scholarship of Rs. 17 per mensem, tenable for a year, is annually awarded to the best matriculated student of native Indian extraction, and whose conduct is certified to be good, in Histology at the end of the 4th year. The examination takes place in June each year.

The Abdool Gunny scholarship of Rs. 26 per mensem, tenable for one year, is annually awarded at the end of the 4th year to the best

matriculated student in all subjects at the class examinations of the 1st to 4th year inclusive. The award is made in May.

The Duke of Edinburgh's prize is awarded to the best in Surgery among the matriculated students at the end of the 4th and 5th year. The examination takes place in December and January.

The Bhola Nath Bose's prize of Rs. 40 is awarded to the 4th year matriculated student who proves himself to be the most successful at bedside diagnosis in Surgery and Medicine in alternate years. The award is made in January.

A gold medal and certificates of honour are awarded to the best students in each subject at the Test and Honour examinations.

The Goodeve and Macnamara silver medals are awarded to the best of the 1st-year native students in Anatomy and Chemistry, respectively, on the result of the Test and Honour examinations.

A prize in Clinical Medicine will be awarded annually to the best clinical clerk of the 4th and 5th year matriculated students. This examination takes place in February.

A prize in Clinical Surgery will be awarded annually to the best clinical dresser of the 4th and 5th year matriculated students. This examination takes place in February.

The Rivers Thompson silver medal is annually awarded to the best Mahomedan student who passes the final L. M. S. or M. B. examination of the Calcutta University.

The Lady Rivers Thompson prize of Rs. 50 is awarded to the lady student who obtains the highest number of marks at the final examination.

No student will be allowed to compete for a prize when attending a course in excess of the number prescribed in the College curriculum.

11. College scholars, who receive less than Rs. 20 per mensem, are not required to pay Rs. 35 per session. All other scholars will have to pay fees as matriculated students. These may pay their fees in advance or have their scholarship money deducted till the full amount is received.

12. Any student holding a Medical College scholarship (paras. 9 and 10) will be permitted to draw the stipend of that scholarship at any recognised Medical School in the United Kingdom, provided he furnishes from the head of such school a certificate of good conduct and diligence. These College classes are recognised by all the medical schools in the United Kingdom.

13. The Class Assistants to the Professors of Pathology and Comparative Anatomy will each receive a salary of Rs. 10 monthly.

COURSE OF STUDY FOR MATRICULATED STUDENTS.

<i>1st year.</i>	<i>2nd year.</i>	<i>3rd year.</i>
Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.	Comp. Anatomy, Comp. Physiology, and Zoology.	Materia Medica. Dissections.
Chemistry.	Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy	Physiology.
Botany.	General Anatomy and Physiology.	Hospital practice—one year.
Dissections,	Chemistry.	1st M. B. and L. M. S. Examinations.
	Practical Chemistry.	
	Materia Medica.	
	Botany.	

<i>2nd year.</i>	
Dissections. Pharmacy—three months.	
—	
Preliminary Scientific L. M. S. and M. B. Examinations.	
<i>4th year.</i>	<i>5th year.</i>
Medicine.	Medicine and Clinical Medicine.
Surgery.	Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
Midwifery.	Midwifery and six labour cases.
Medical Jurisprudence with demonstrations.	Medical Jurisprudence with demonstrations.
Hospital practice—twelve months.	Pathology with demonstrations.
	Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.
	Hygiene.
	Dentistry.
	<i>Post-mortem</i> records.
	Hospital practice—six months
	Out-door and Eye Infirmary practice—three months each.

Final M. B. or L. M. S. Examination.

FEMALE CERTIFICATE CLASS.

Lady students must be over 17 years of age before commencing their studies.

They must have passed the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University or an examination officially recognised by that University as equivalent to the Entrance Examination. (The certificate of matriculation of the Melbourne University will be accepted.)

New students may begin their studies from 1st March, but are expected, at latest, to enter formally and commence attendance at the College when the session opens on 23rd June. Under very exceptional circumstances a student will be permitted, at the discretion of the Principal, to extend the time to July 1st, but no application for admission will be entertained after that date.

The duration of the course will be four years.

Tuition (pending orders, to the contrary) will be free.

Students, preferable native ladies, may reside in Sarnomaye Hostel. Applications for residence to be made to the Lady Superintendent of the Hostel, or to the Secretary to the Countess of Dufferin Branch Committee.

The following is the curriculum :—

<i>1st year.</i>	<i>2nd year.</i>
Anatomy.	Anatomy.
Materia Medica.	Physiology (elementary).
Dissections.	Materia Medica.

<i>1st year.</i>	<i>2nd year.</i>
Chemistry (30 elementary lectures).	Chemistry (full course). Dissections.
Compounding (six months).	Attendance at six <i>post-mortem</i> examinations.
Test examinations in Anatomy, Materia Medica, and Chemistry.	Hospital attendance (including outdoor departments)—12 months.
	Pass examinations in Anatomy, Materia Medica, and Chemistry.
<i>3rd year.</i>	<i>4th year.</i>
Medicine and Clinical Medicine.	Medicine and Clinical Medicine.
Surgery and Clinical Surgery.	Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
Medical Jurisprudence (demonstrations).	Midwifery (including six labour cases).
Midwifery (with attendance at three labour cases).	Hospital practice (of which six months in the medical and surgical wards, <i>minus</i> 15 attendances at the Dental Dispensary; and six months exclusively in the midwifery wards, when the students are to take regular tours of duty, night and day, assisting the regular work of the Hospital.
Pathology (with attendance at six <i>post-mortems</i>).	Dentistry (optional).
Physiology.	[Pass examinations in Medicine, Surgery, and Midwifery.
Hospital attendance (of which three months in the ophthalmic wards).	
Pass examinations in Pathology, Physiology, and Medical Jurisprudence.	

Students who are successful are entitled to receive the certificate of the College qualifying them to practise medicine, surgery, and midwifery. A fee of Rs. 10 is charged for each certificate.

The following rules will be observed in regulating advancement from class to class :—

(1) *Test examinations at the end of the first year.* If a student obtains less than 10 per cent. of the marks in any two out of three subjects of examination, she will not be allowed to continue in the College.

(2) *Pass examinations at the end of the second and third years.* In order to pass, a student must gain 33 per cent. in each subject of examination. If a student fails in any two of the three subjects, or, failing in one subject only, if she gains less than 25 per cent. in that subject, she shall be put back for one year. If she fails in one subject only, gaining 25 per cent. or more in that subject, she will be promoted to the next class, but will be required to submit to re-examination in that subject, in addition to the examination in the regular subjects at the end of the following year. She will be permitted to attend lectures on the subject in which she has failed. Failure on re-examination will carry the same penalty as original failure.

(3.) *Pass examinations at the end of the fourth year.* The same rules as apply to the previous pass examinations, with the exception that if a student, failing in one subject only, gains 25 per cent. in that subject, she will be referred back to her studies for a period of six months, at the expiration of which she will be entitled to re-examina-

tion after furnishing proof of having attended hospital practice during that period.

Female students who have not passed the Entrance or its equivalent, will be admitted into the Eden Hospital to learn midwifery. These will receive Rs. 20 per mensem. After a year's tuition and bedside practice, if found proficient, they will obtain a certificate qualifying them to practise midwifery. The fee for each certificate is Rs. 5.

Female students who have not passed the Entrance or its equivalent, but who read and write Bengali, can be admitted in the Eden Hospital as pupil dâis.

Of these, eight will receive Rs 6 per mensem and the rest will be taught free. After 12 months' tuition and bedside practice, if found proficient, they will obtain a certificate qualifying them to practise midwifery.

All certificates are to be registered in the Principal's office.

PRESENT STAFF OF PRIMARY OR ENGLISH CLASS.

Principal ...	...	Surgn.-Major G. Bomford, M.D.
Professor of General Anatomy and Physiology ...	...	Brig. Surgn. Lt.-Col. D. D. Cunningham, M.B., F.R.S., C.I.E.
„ Comparative Anatomy	...	Surgn. Capt. A. W. Alcock.
„ Anatomy ...	...	Surgn. Lt.-Col. J. O'Brien, A.M., M.D., F.R.C.S.
„ Botany ...	...	Brig. Surgn. Lt.-Col. G. King, M.B., F.R.S., C.I.E.
„ Materia Medica	...	Surgn. Lt.-Col. J. F. P. McConnell, M.D., F.R.C.P.
„ Chemistry —	...	Surgn. Capt. J. F. Evans, M.B. (offg.)
„ Medicine ...	...	Surgn.-Major G. Bomford, M.D.
„ Surgery ...	—	Brig. Surgn. Lt.-Col. O'Connell Raye, M.D., F.R.C.S.
„ Midwifery ...	...	Surgn. Lt.-Col. C. H. Joubert, M.B., F.R.C.S.
„ Medical Jurisprudence ...	...	Surgn. Capt. J. B. Gibbons.
„ Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery ...	...	Surgn. Lt.-Col. R. Sanders, M.D.
„ Pathology ...	...	Surgn. Capt F. J. Drury, M.B.
„ Hygiene ...	...	Surgn. Lt.-Col. W. H. Gregg, M.B.
„ Dentistry ...	...	W. T. Woods.
First Demonstrator of Anatomy	...	Beharilal Chakravarti.
Second do.	do.	Lala Golakchandra.

SUCCESSION LISTS.

Principals.

1853 M. J. Bramley.	1868 N. Chevers, M.D.
1855 J. McRae, M.D.	1872 D. B. Smith, M.D.
1856 T. W. Wilson, M.D.	1873 N. Chevers, M.D.
1857 W. C. B. Eatwell, M.D.	1876 D. B. Smith, M.D.
1860 S. B. Partridge (offg.)	1877 J. M. Coates, M.D. (offg.)
1861 N. Chevers, M.D.	1878 D. B. Smith, M.D.
1865 C. R. Francis, M.B. (offg.)	1880 J. M. Coates, M.D.
1866 J. Ewart, M.D. (offg.)	1890 Edward A. Birch, M.D.

Secretaries.

1837	David Hare.	1854	E. Goodeve.
1841	F. J. Mouat, M.D.	1855	F. N. Macknamara, M.A.

1.

Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, N. W. P.**AFFILIATED, 1864.**

The Thomason College was founded in 1847 by the Hon'ble James Thomason, Lieutenant-Governor, N. W. P. It is designed to supply the Public Works and Survey Departments with Assistant Engineers, Overseers, and Sub-Overseers, and to furnish professional works either on loan or purchase through its Library, Press, and Book Depôt.

The College contains three principal classes, *viz.*, an "Engineer Class," an "Upper Subordinate Class," and "Lower Subordinate Class," open to the candidates of all ranks and classes—intended to recruit the Engineer, Upper Subordinate, and Lower Subordinate Departments of the Public Works Department. It also conducts examinations of outsiders for several grades of the P. W. D.

Engineer Class.

The class is open to all statutory natives of India.

The Course lasts two years, when the passed students receive certificates as Assistant Engineers of the P. W. D. A certain number, 4 and 5 in alternate years, receive permanent appointments to the P. W. D. in the Engineer Grade commencing as Apprentice Assistant Engineers. A year's training as Apprentice is also given to two more, and there are also two permanent appointments to the Upper Subordinate Grade open. Candidates for this class must be between the ages of 18 and 22, and must all pass a *competitive* Entrance examination in language, literature, history, mathematics, elementary drawing and physical science.

All European students pay a college fee of Rs. 10 monthly. Three scholarships of Rs. 50 per mensem, tenable for two years, are annually open to native students. Several valuable prizes are given annually; one of Rs. 1,000 to the best student; one of Rs. 250 and one of Rs. 100 for the two best native students; besides two prizes of Rs. 100 and five of Rs. 50, open to all.

Upper Subordinate Class.

The College Course lasts two years, when the passed students receive certificates as Sub-Engineers or Overseers of the P. W. D. and 15 standing first on the list, preference being given to eight soldiers, are then sent for a year's probation on to the Public Works as "Apprentice Overseers," after which, if approved, they are appointed 1st, 2nd, or 3rd grade Overseers in the P. W. D.

All candidates for admission must pass a *competitive* Entrance examination in English, reading and writing, arithmetic, elementary geometry, mensuration, and drawing, and in Urdu and Hindi; and civilian candidates must be between the ages of 18 and 24.

Soldier students receive a "college allowance" of Rs. 11 monthly. Three scholarships of Rs. 30 each, and three of Rs. 25 each per mensem, are annually allotted to English civil students, and three of Rs. 10 each to native students, all tenable for two years.

Students of 3rd grade, if not stipend-holders, pay a college fee of Rs. 1-8 monthly. College prizes in each of the principal subjects of the course are annually given.

During the "apprentice year," a "staff allowance" is given to soldier students, raising their pay to a total of Rs. 80, together with free quarters and the usual "family allowance." Second and third grade apprentices receive salaries of Rs. 60 and 40 respectively; free quarters are also given to those of the second grade.

Lower Subordinate Class.

This class is intended for natives of India only. Most of the students remain for one and a half years only at College, and if successful, receive certificates as Sub-Overseers, and are appointed to the P. W. D., as vacancies occur; there is no guarantee of appointment.

The Entrance examination is competitive, and in the Urdu language. It comprises for class A, elementary history and geography and the use of English figures and words. For class B, a recommendation by an Executive Engineer that the candidate is a good artisan is required, and candidates are examined in arithmetic and writing. Candidates must not be more than 22, nor less than 18, years of age.

Free quarters are provided, no fees are required and the great majority of the students draw stipends of Rs. 5 a month and some of those standing highest on list Rs. 10. All students of B Classes draw stipends of Rs. 10 a month.

Course of Study in Principal Classes.

These vary very much, but include mathematics, civil engineering, surveying, drawing and Urdu for all the above principal classes,—the extent read being of course very different in each class—besides experimental science for the Engineer class and photography for both Engineer and Upper Subordinate classes.

Military Surveying Classes.

A class of 8 soldiers from British Regiments and another of 26 soldiers from Native Regiments are annually passed through a course in Military Engineering and Surveying.

Fees.

[With the exception of the small college fees above noted, the instruction in college is entirely gratuitous].

Outside Examinations.

The College also holds examinations, and grant certificates (of Qualification only) for the grades of Sub-Engineer, 1st Grade Overseer, Assistant Examiner of Accounts, and 4th Grade Accountant of the P. W. D., for all candidates who present themselves under certain rules.

Subsidiary Departments.

These are—

1. A free PUBLIC LIBRARY containing over 15,000 volumes.
2. A large PRESS which executes printing, binding, lithography, and woodcuts, for the College, Government, and Public.
3. A BOOK DEPÔT for sale of the College Publications and text-books.
4. A VOLUNTEER COMPANY : all European civilian students are enrolled in the College Volunteer Company.

Staff.

The principal Staff of the College is as follows :—

Principal	...	...	Major J. Clibborn, B.A., S.C.
Assistant Principals	...	...	Major J. H. C. Harrison, R.E.
			Lieut. E. D. Bullen, R.E., B.A., Dublin.
Head Master, Upper Subordinate Class	...	...	C. C. Sullivan.
Drawing Master, Upper and Lower Subordinate Classes	...	...	G. T. Sparke.
Five Assistant Masters, Upper Subordinate Class	...	...	[Various.]
Head Master, Lower Subordinate Class	...	...	Pandit Baldeo Prasad.
Seven Assistant Masters, do.	...	...	[Various.]

For further detailed information, see the Thomason College Calendar published at Roorkee, N.-W. P., price Rs. 4-12.

2.

Civil Engineering College, Seebpur.

AFFILIATED, 1880.

The College was opened on the 5th April, 1880, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal. All classes of the community are admitted, and the course of instruction is adapted to the requirements of the following :—

- (1) Civil Engineers.
- (2) Foreman Mechanics (apprentices),
or Upper Subordinates.

For admission to the Engineering Departments a student must have passed one of the following tests :—

- (1) The Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, and in English and Mathematics must have obtained at least 40 and 50 per cent. respectively of the marks allotted to those subjects. The candidate's age must be under 19 years.

(2) The F. A. Examination of the Calcutta University. The candidate's age must be under 21 years.

(3) The B. A. Examination in the B Course. The candidate's age must be under 23 years.

The theoretical course, including $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours daily in the workshops, is completed in four years, and the fifth or last year is spent on works in progress.

The tuition fee for this Department is Rs. 8 per mensem during the four years of instruction in class, no such fee being charged to any student after the completion of his theoretical course. The messing fees for those who reside upon the premises are,—for Christians, Rs. 20 *plus* Rs. 2 for rent; for natives, Rs. 7 *plus* Rs. 2 for rent.

For admittance to the Apprentice Department there is an examination, but any candidate who has passed the University Entrance examination, or has passed by Standard VII of the code of European schools is admitted without further test. The theoretical course—including three hours daily in the shops—continues for three and a half years, and the remaining year and half of the five years' apprenticeship is spent entirely in the shops learning a trade.

Members of this department *must* be boarders, and the charge for Europeans and Eurasians up to 25 in number is Rs. 5 each per mensem, whilst 5 are admitted free, and for natives up to 40 in number Rs. 2 per mensem: but apprentices in excess of these numbers are received on payment of the same messing fees as Engineer students.

One scholarship of Rs. 20, three of Rs. 15, and six of Rs. 10, tenable for two years, are given annually to students entering the Engineer Department, and scholarships of the same number and value are competed for at the end of the second year's course, provided that the number of scholarships awarded does not exceed one-half of the number of candidates presenting themselves for examination. In addition there are two scholarships, each worth Rs. 10 per mensem attached to the College, which were founded in memory of the late Major-General Forbes. These scholarships are tenable for one year and are awarded on the result of the First Examination in Engineering. Two stipends of Rs. 100 reserved for students who have passed the F. A. Examination, and six of Rs. 50, tenable for one year, are granted to those students who pass the best examination at the end of the fourth year, and these are guaranteed by Government, in alternate years, 1 and 2 appointments in the superior service, of the Public Works Department open to students of the College.

To Foreman-Mechanics, as apprentices, the system of scholarships is not applicable, but after their final examination ten stipends of Rs. 10 and ten of Rs. 6 each, tenable for one year and a half, are awarded to those apprentices who pass the best examination, both theoretical and practical.

For further information see the College rules, which will be forwarded on application to the Principal.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of Engineering ... J. S. Slater.

Engineer Department.

Professor of Mathematics ... A. Macdonell, M.A.
 Professor of Surveying ... B. Heaton.
 Professor of Physical Science ... P. Brühl.
 Professor of Drawing ... J. T. Bartlett (on furlough).
 Offg. Professor of Drawing ... Dwarkanath Dutt.
 Assistant to Professor of Physical Science ... Upendranath Mitra.

Apprentice Department.

Headmaster and Lecturer on Physical Science ... R. W. F. Shaw, M.A.
 Teacher ... Dwarkanath Dutt (on deputation).
 Teacher ... Surendranath Bhattacharyya, B. E.
 Teacher ... Surendrakumar Basu, B C. E.
 Temporary Teacher ... Haricharan Mukerji, L.E.

Workshops.

Executive Engineer, Calcutta,
 Workshop Division ... C. P. Warde, L.C.E.
 Foreman Instructor ... W. G. Lawrence.

PART II.

GRADUATES AND UNDER-GRADUATES.

I. ARTS.

Graduates.

HONOURS IN ARTS.

1865.

SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Nilambar .. Sanskrit College

HEBREW.

CLASS I.

Blochmann, H. . Teacher

HISTORY.

CLASS II

Sandel, Manilal . Doveton College
Sinha, Chandranarayan Presidency College
Mitra, Mahendralal ... Ditto

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS III.

Som, Jaygobinda . Cal. F. C. Institution

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Bandyopadhyay, Gurudas ... Presidency College

CLASS II.

Das, Lakshminarayan Presidency College

CLASS III.

Mallik, Atulcharan . Presidency College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Ray, Prasannachandra . Presidency College

1866.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Ghosh, Rasbihari ... Presidency College

CLASS III.

Mukhopadhyay, Kapaliprasanna ... Presidency College

HISTORY.

CLASS I.

Basu, Chandranath ... Presidency College

CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Sasibhushan ... Presidency College
Chandra, Jajneswar ... Ditto

CLASS III.

De, Benimadhab ... Presidency College

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Bandyopadhyay, Kalicharan ... Cal. F. C. Institution

CLASS II.

Ghosh, Gobindachandra ... Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Nibaranchandra ... Ditto

CLASS III.

Chattopadhyay, Umakanta ... Presidency College

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Bhattacharyya, Dwarkanath ... Teacher.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Gupta, Kalipada ... Medical College

1867.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh ... Presidency College

SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Nilmani ... Sanskrit College

CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Nrisinhachandra ... Sanskrit College

HISTORY.**CLASS I.**

Chakrabarti, Girindramohan ... Presidency College

CLASS II.

Sarkar, Kisorilal ... Presidency College

Basu, Karunadas ... Ditto

CLASS III.

Haldar, Ramchandra ... Presidency College

Sen, Prasannakumar ... Ditto

Ray, Kaliprasanna ... Ditto

Mukhopadhyay, Becharam ... Ditto

Bhattacharyya, Tarinikanta ... Ditto

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.**CLASS I.**

Mukhopadhyay, Rajkrishna ... Presidency College

CLASS II.

Ghosh, Dhankrishna ... Cal. F. C. Institution

Sil, Jadabchandra ... Presidency College

CLASS III.

Sen, Kasikanta ... Presidency College

MATHEMATICS.**CLASS I.**

De, Gaurisankar ... Presidency College

CLASS II.

Biswas, Piyarimohan ... Dacca College

CLASS III.

Ghosh, Harichatianya ... Dacca College

1868.**ENGLISH.****CLASS II.**

Bandyopadhyay, Saratchandra ... Presidency College

CLASS III.

Basu, Jogindranath ... Presidency College

SANSKRIT.**CLASS III.**

Chattopadhyay, Harakrishna ... Sankrit College

HISTORY.

CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Gopalchandra	...	Presidency College
Ameer Ali	...	Hughli College

CLASS III.

Bandyopadhyay, Taraprasanna	..	Presidency College
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Basu, Anandamohan	...	Presidency College
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CLASS III.

Mitra, Ramcharan	..	Presidency College
Raychaudhuri, Matilal	...	Ditto

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Datta, Benimadhab	...	Presidency College
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CLASS II.

De, Krishnadas	...	Cal. F. C. Institution
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CLASS III.

Basu, Trailokyanath	..	Cal. F. C. Institution
Chattopadhyay, Napharchandra	...	Hughli College

1869.

ENGLISH.

CLASS II.

Sen, Krishnabihari	...	Presidency College
Chaudhri, Jogindranath	...	Ditto
Sen, Jaykrishna	...	Ditto
Datta, Mahendranath	...	Ditto

HISTORY.

CLASS II.

Ghosh, Kshetrachandra	...	Presidency College
Bhanja, Kalidas	..	Ditto

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Ray, Chandrakumar	...	Presidency College
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CLASS III.

Chattopadhyay, Muthuranath	...	Dacca College
Das, Baikunthanath	...	Ditto
Basak, Jagadurlabh	...	Presidency College

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Datta, Jagadbandhu	...	Presidency College
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CLASS II.

Deb, Upendrachandra	..	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Kailaschandra	...	Patna College

CLASS III.

Saha, Gopalchandra	...	Presidency College
Bhattacharyya, Haranath	..	Genl. Assembly's Institution

1870.

ENGLISH.

CLASS II.

Mitra, Kartikchandra	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Sibnath	..	Ditto
Mitra, Saradacharan	..	Ditto

CLASS III.

Mallik, Akhilchandra	..	Presidency College
Datta, Bhabanicharan	..	Ditto

HISTORY.

CLASS II.

Sarkar, Sasibhushan	...	Krishnagar College
Chattopadhyay, Srigopal	..	Ditto
Basu, Trailokyanath	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Hariprasanna	...	Krishnagar College
Chakrabarti, Gopalchandra	..	Cathedral Mission College

CLASS III.

Majumdar, Upendranarayan	..	Presidency College
Set, Rajendranath	..	Ditto

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS III.

Misra, Lakshmisankar	...	Benares College
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MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS II.

Basu, Mohitchandra	...	Presidency College
Das, Lalmohan	...	Ditto
Basu, Rajaninath	...	Ditto

CLASS III.

Ghosh, Rajendranath	... Presidency College
Mitra, Mahendrachandra	... Hughli College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Younan, E.	... St. Xavier's College
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1871.

ENGLISH.

CLASS II.

Chaudhuri, Srischandra	... Presidency College
Basu, Upendranath	... Ditto
Majumdar, Chandramohar	... Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Nilratna	... Hughli College
„ Binodbihari	... Presidency College
Acharyya, Balkrishna	... Benares College

CLASS III.

Mukhopadhyay, Umacharan	... Benares College
„ Kanailal	... Presidency College
Ghosh, Sureschandra	... Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Priyanath	... General Assembly's Institution
Datta, Janakinath	... Presidency College

SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Sarkar, Golapchandra	... Sanskrit College
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CLASS II.

Sinha, Kshirodnath	... Sanskrit College
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ARABIC.

CLASS II.

Ali Reza Khan	... Agra College
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HISTORY.

CLASS I.

Pramanik, Jasadanandan	... Krishnagar College
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CLASS II.

Masanta, Parbaticharan	... Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Jogeschandra	... Krishnagar College

CLASS III.

Datta, Priyanath ... Cathedral Mission College

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Basu, Bipinkrishna ... Presidency College

CLASS III.

Ray, Bamacharan ... Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Bipinbihari ... Ditto

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Girijabhushan ... Presidency College
Basu, Akshyakumar ... Ditto

CLASS III.

Ghosh, Debendranath ... Presidency College
Ray, Radhanath ... Ditto

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS III.

Bhattacharyya, Jogindranath ... Presidency College

1872.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Hukum Chand ... Delhi College
De, Brajendranath ... Canning College

CLASS II.

Basu, Isanchandra ... Presidency College
Chakrabarti, Ramgopal ... Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Jogindranath ... Free Church Institution
Sarkar, Surendranath ... Presidency College
Gupta, Kunjabihari ... Ditto

CLASS III.

Datta, Baishnabcharan ... Free Church Institution
„ Balaichand ... Presidency College
Ghosh, Abinaschandra ... Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Adyanath ... Free Church Institution

SANSKRIT.**CLASS II.**

Bhattacharyya, Sibnath ... Sanskrit College

HISTORY.**CLASS III.**

Mitra, Haricharn ... Presidency College
Ghosh, Birajkrishna ... Ditto

MATHEMATICS.**CLASS II.**

Mukhopadhyay, Sasibhushan ... Presidency College

CLASS III.

Basu, Baidyanath ... Krishnagar College

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.**CLASS I.**

Ghosh, Jogindranath ... Presidency College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.**CLASS III.**

Chaudhuri, Jnanchandra ... Presidency College

1873.**ENGLISH.****CLASS II.**

Bhattacharyya, Narayanachandra ... Free Church Institution
Chaudhuri, Sasibhushan ... Hughli College
Madangopal ... Delhi College

CLASS III.

Das, Bipinbihari ... Presidency College
Deb, Gopendrakrishna ... Ditto
Ghoshal, Tarapada ... Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Haridas ... Ditto
De, Lalbihari ... Free Church Institution
Ray, Saradaprasanna ... Ditto
Kar, Girischandra ... Presidency College

MATHEMATICS.**CLASS I.**

Bandyopadhyay, Biharilal ... Presidency College

CLASS III.

Ray, Rajaninath ... Presidency College

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Datta, Sasibhusan	... Presidency College
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NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS II.

Sen, Batakrisna	... Presidency College
„ Ambikacharan	... Ditto

1874.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Bandyopadhyay, Kedarnath	... Presidency College
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CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Bipinbihari	... Presidency College
Basu, Bipinbihari	... Muir Central College
Sarkar, Siddheswar	... Presidency College

CLASS III.

Priya Das	... Muir Central College
Mukhopadhyay, Saratchandra	... Presidency College
Hukam Chand	... Lahore College
Mukhopadhyay, Tejchandra	... Presidency College
Bishen Lal	... Muir Central College
Mukhopadhyay, Harabilas	... Presidency College

SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Batahyal, Umeschandra	... Sanskrit College
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CLASS II.

Pandit, Prannath	... Sanskrit College
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HISTORY.

CLASS II.

Biswas, Asutosh	... Presidency College
Basu, Lalitkumar	... Free Church Institution

CLASS III.

Chaudhuri, Srikumar	... Cathedral Mission College
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Chattopadhyay, Baburam	... Presidency College
Ray, Gopalchandra	... Ditto

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS II.

Datta, Kailaschandra	...	Dacca College
Gangopadhyay, Benimadhab	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution

CLASS III.

Sen, Gaurballabh	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
Niyogi, Basantakumar	...	Teacher

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS II.

Rudra, Bhagabatchandra	...	Presidency College
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CLASS III.

Ray, Jnanendralal	...	Presidency College
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1875.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Lahiri, Prasannakumar	...	Presidency College
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CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Nistaran	...	Presidency College
Datta, Ramlal		Ditto
Mulraj	..	Lahore College
Sen, Adityachandra	..	Presidency College
Das, Nabinchandra		Ditto

CLASS III.

Ghosh, Haridas	...	Presidency College
Majumdar, Ambikacharan		Genl. Assembly's Institution

HISTORY.

CLASS III.

Ghosh, Apurbakrishna	...	Free Church Institution
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS III.

De, Debsankar	.	Free Church Institution
Ghosh, Ramaprasanna	..	Presidency College
Sarkar, Narendranath	...	Ditto

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Ghosh, Baradaprasad

... Presidency College

1876.

ENGLISH.

CLASS II.

Ray, Debendranath
 Ghosh, Abinaschandra
 Gobindacharan
 Das, Raghunath
 Kar, Harischandra
 David, Ismail

Patna College
 Presidency College
 Patna College
 Presidency College
 Ditto
 Benares College

CLASS III.

Bandyopadhyay, Tinkari

... Presidency College

SANSKRIT.

CLASS II.

Das, Jnanendranath
 Bhattacharyya, Kaliprasanna

... Sanskrit College
 ... Ditto

CLASS III.

Mukhopadhyay, Kalidhan

... Sanskrit College

HISTORY.

CLASS III.

Guha, Rebatimohan

... Dacca College

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Basu, Nandakrishna
 Sarkar, Nilkanta

... Presidency College
 ... Ditto

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS II.

Ray, Satischandra
 Chattopadhyay, Haridas

... Presidency College
 ... Ditto

CLASS III.

Mitra, Abhaycharan
 Bandyopadhyay, Rajkrishna

... Presidency College
 ... Free Church Institution

1877.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Majumdar, Nilkantha	—	Presidency College
Basu, Debendranath	...	Ditto

CLASS II.

Datta, Dwijadas	...	Presidency College
Iswardas	...	Lahore College
Ghosh, Saratchandra	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Prasannakumar	...	Teacher

CLASS III.

Sen, Trigunacharan	...	Presidency College
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ARABIC.

CLASS II.

Amjad Ali	...	Benares College
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CLASS III.

Asharaf Ali	...	Benares College
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PERSIAN.

CLASS III.

Raja Husein	...	Muir Central College
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SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Bhattacharya, Haraprasad	...	Sanskrit College
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CLASS II.

Bapurao Dada	...	Muir Central College
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Gupta, Bipinbihari	...	Presidency College
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CLASS II.

Basu, Durgadas	...	Presidency College
Das, Surendranath	..	Ditto

CLASS III.

Basu, Annadaprasad	.. Presidency College
Misra, Ramsankar	... Benares College

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS III.

Gupta, Girindrakumar	... Free Church Institution
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NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS II.

Eagchi, Upendranath	... Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Hiralal	... Hughli College
Ray, Haricharan	... Canning College

CLASS III.

Basu, Narendranath	... Hughli College
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1878.

ENGLISH.

CLASS II.

Nag, Haradhan	Presidency College
Laichand	Lahore College
Mitra, Purnachandra	Krishnagar College
De, Adwaitaprasad	Cathedral Mission College
Mukhopadhyay, Brajagopal	Presidency College

CLASS III.

Nag, Symakanta	.. Presidency College
Sinha, Pramathakrishna	... Ditto

• SANSKRIT.

CLASS II.

Chattopadhyay, Sripai	... Sanskrit College
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HISTORY.

CLASS I.

Kennedy, Pringle	... Teacher
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Sarkar, Chandrasekhar	... Presidency College
Bagchi, Brajagopal	... Ditto
Chakrabarti, Byomkes	... Ditto

CLASS III.

Datta, Ramlal	... Presidency College
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MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS II.

Ray, Nabadwipchandra	... Free Church Institution
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NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Haranchandra	... Presidency College
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CLASS II.

Guruprasad	... Muir Central College
Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh	... Hughli College
Gyaprasad	... Muir Central College
Bandyopadhyay, Bisweswar	... Hughli College

CLASS III.

Pragdas	... Muir Central College
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1879.

ENGLISH.

CLASS II.

Narayan, Das	... Lahore College
Ghosh, Saradaprasad	... Presidency College

CLASS III.

Chattopadhyay, Mohinimohan	... Presidency College
Mallik, Ramcharan	... Ditto

SANSKRIT.

CLASS II.

Nag, Kunjalal	... Sanskrit College
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HISTORY.

CLASS II.

Sukul, Kalisankar	... Presidency College
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Mitra, Surendranath	... Presidency College
Gupta, Asutosh	... Ditto
Ray, Saradaranjan	... Ditto

CLASS III.

Gargari Haridas	... Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Haridas	... Ditto

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Agasti, Suryyakumar	... Presidency College
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NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS II.

Ray, Chandranarayan	... Hughli College
Chhajumal	... Muir Central College

CLASS III.

Haragobinda Dyall	... Muir Central College
Sanyal, Abhaycharan	... Ditto
Maitra, Batukrishna	... Ditto
Dhar, Nagendranath	... Hughli College

1880.

• ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Maitra, Herambachandra	... Presidency College
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CLASS II.

Basu, Bhupendranath	... Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Pankajakumar	... Ditto
Ray, Sasadhar	... Ditto
Ghosh Ramottam	... Ditto

CLASS III.

Sarkar, Jaganmohan	... Dacca College
Basu, Krittantakumar	... Presidency College

HISTORY.

CLASS III.

Ghosh, Manmathanath	... Free Church Institution
Chaudhuri, Tarapada	... Presidency College

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS II.

Chaudhuri, Tarakisor	... Presidency College
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Krishnadhan	... Presidency College
Sengupta, Kisorimohan	... Ditto

CLASS III.

Mitra, Amulyacharan	... Presidency College
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NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Datta, Brajaballabh	... Presidency College
Das, Gobindachandra	... Ditto

CLASS II.

Sarkar, Charuchandra	... Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Rajendranath	... Ditto
Babu Singh	... Muir Central College
Bagchi, Kedarnath	... Ditto
Basil, M. M.	... Presidency College
Ray, Atulkrishna	... Ditto

CLASS III.

Pal, Maniklal	... Hughli College
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1881.

ENGLISH.

CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Nityagopal	... General Assembly's Institution
Chaudhuri, Suryyakumar	... Ditto
Mitra, Bankimchandra	... Presidency College

Som, Trailokyanath	...	Hughli College
Chattopadhyay, Bisnupada	...	Ditto
Dwarkadas	...	Free Church Institution

CLASS III.

Bandyopadhyay, Surendranath	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Sanatan	...	Canning College

SANSKRIT.

CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Ramprasanna	...	Sanskrit College
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HISTORY.

CLASS III.

Arndt, George	—	Teacher
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Chattopadhyay, Sureschandra	...	Presidency College
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CLASS III.

Ghosh, Nagendranath	...	Presidency College
Goswami, Jadunath	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti Harischandra	...	Hughli College
Chattopadhyay, Ramnath	...	Presidency College
Govindaprasad	...	Muir Central College
Choteylal	...	Canning College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Kantibhusan	...	Hughli College
Chakrabarti, Dwarkanath	...	Presidency College
Niblett, R. H.	...	Muir Central College
Mitra, Bhagabaticharan	...	Hughli College
Sinha, Purnendunarayan	...	Patna College

CLASS III.

Chattopadhyay, Ramanimohan	...	Presidency College
Sarkar, Biharilal	...	Ditto

1882.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Mitra, Baradacharan ... Presidency College

CLASS II.

Majumdar, Jadunath ... Free Church Institution
 Ghosh, Isanchandra ... General Assembly's Institution
 „ Jogindrachandra ... Presidency College
 Bandyopadhyay, Asutosh ... Free Church Institution
 Chattopadhyay, Gangacharan ... Hughli College

CLASS III.

Mitra, Lalbihari ... Hughli College
 Majumdar, Nilmadhab ... Ditto
 Ohdedar, Narendranath ... Presidency College

SANSKRIT.

CLASS II.

Chakrabarti, Asutosh ... Sanskrit College

ARABIC.

CLASS I.

Hushmat Ullah ... Muir Central College

HISTORY.

CLASS II.

Ghosh, Mahendrakumar ... Dacca College
 Bhawani Das ... Lahore College
 Ghosh, Saradacharan ... Dacca College

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Sen, Rajmohan ... Presidency College
 Basu, Kalipada ... Ditto

CLASS III.

Chakrabarti, Jadabchandra ... Presidency College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Ghosh, Kuntibhushan	... Hughli College
Krishna Rao Bhatt	... Muir Central College
Chandra, Aghornath	... Presidency College
Venayak Moreswar Kelkar	... Muir Central College

CLASS II.

Saha, Ramlal	... Patna College
Sen, Ramlal	... Presidency College
Kedarnath	... Lahore College
Hari Lakshman Inderkar	... Muir Central College

1883.

ENGLISH.

CLASS II.

Set, Dhanballabh	... Presidency College
Sarbadhikarai, Debaprasad	... Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Ramsadan	... General Assembly's Institution
Mitra, Kasamay	... Hughli College
Sanyal, Saratchandra	... Canning College

CLASS III.

Sen, Bankimchandra	... General Assembly's Institution
Datta, Madhabchandra	... Presidency College

SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Bandyopadhyay, Rajendrachandra...	Sanskrit College
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CLASS II.

Battacharyya, Kailaschandra	... Sanskrit College
Chakrabarti, Rajmohan	... Ditto

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Chakrabarti, Bhupati	... Presidency College
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Majumdar, Ramchandra	... Presidency College
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CLASS III.

Gupta, Gobindagopal	...	General Assembly's Institution
Das, Radhagobinda	...	Presidency College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra	...	Muir Central College
Chakrabarti, Jnanendranath	...	Ditto

CLASS II.

Jyotirbed, Pitambar	...	Muir Central College
Datta, Jadabchandra	...	Presidency College
Basu, Phanibhushan	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Rasikchandra	...	Dacca College
Thakur, Kasinath Kesab	...	Muir Central College

CLASS III.

Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath	...	Presidency College
Halder, Jogindranath	...	Ditto
Sen, Bisweswar	...	Dacca College

BOTANY.

CLASS II.

Ray, Jogeschandra	...	Hughli College
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1884.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Dutt, Jogen Chunder	...	Presidency College
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CLASS II.

Ray, Dwijendralal	...	Presidency College
Ghosh, Nanilal	...	Ditto
Bhaduri, Atalbihari	...	Ditto
Lahiri, Mohinimohan	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Purnachandra	...	Free Church Institution
Mukhopadhyay, Jogindranath	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Haridhan	...	Free Church Institution
" Syamacharan	...	Presidency College
Basu, Chandramukhi	...	Free Church Institution

CLASS III.

Ghosh, Kalipada	...	Free Church Institution
Chattopadhyay, Kalipada	...	Metropolitan Institution
Mitra, Asutosh, No. II	...	Free Church Institution
Chaudhuri, Kisorimohan	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Girischandra	...	Free Church Institution

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Ray, Mahendranath ... Presidency College

CLASS III.

Ghosh, Haranchandra ... Presidency College

SANSKRIT.

CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Umacharan ... Sanskrit College

CLASS III.

Chattopadhyay, Madhabchandra ... Sanskrit College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Basu, Nriyagopal ... Presidency College

Das, Jaminimohan ... Ditto

Bhattacharyya, Manmathanath ... Ditto

Bandyopadhyay, Pareschandra ... Ditto

CLASS II.

Set, Gobindalal ... Presidency College

Sarkar, Saradaprasad ... Metropolitan Institution

Chakrabarti, Baikunthakisor ... Presidency College

Syam, Saradacharan ... Ditto

Pandit Mohanlal Hukhu ... Muir Central College

Mukhopadhyay, Bisweswar ... Presidency College

Dube, Kalidatta ... Muir Central College

Mitra, Upendranath ... Presidency College

Mukhopadhyay, Kaminikumar ... Ditto

Mitra, Nagendranath ... Ditto

BOTANY.

CLASS II.

Chakrabarti, Manmohan ... Free Church Institution

CLASS III.

Das, Gopalballabh ... Ravenshaw College

HISTORY.

CLASS I.

Sinha, Prabhachandra ... Presidency College

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Sil, Brajendranath ... General Assembly's Institution

M. A.

1885.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Das, Kailasgobinda	... Presidency College
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CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Jwala Prasada Sankhadhara	... Canning College
Sarbadhikari, Jyotiprasad	... Presidency College
Ray, Hemchandra	... Ditto
Das, Abhaycharan	... Genl. Assembly's Institution
Basak, Madhabananda	... Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Amritalal	... Ditto
Gulam Hyder Khan	... Ditto
Taraprasad	... Muir Central College

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Datta, Amritalal	... General Assembly's Institution
Mukhopadhyay, Hiralal	... Metropolitan Institution
Bhattacharyya, Debendranath	... Ditto

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh	... Presidency College
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CLASS II.

Lane, H. A.	... St. Xavier's College
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SANSKRIT.

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Dasray, Basantakumar	... Sanskrit College
Bhattacharyya, Trailokyanath	... Ditto

PERSIAN.

CLASS I.

Raja Bahadur	... Teacher
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HISTORY.

CLASS III.

Chattopadhyay, Ambikacharan	... General Assembly's Institution
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{ Abdur Rahim	...	Presidency College
{ Ghosh, Gopalchandra	...	Patna College
Mukhopadhyay, Durgadas	...	Free Church Institution
Krishna Govind Deshpande	...	Muir Central College
Basu, Purnachandra	...	Presidency College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Chanda, Kaminikumar	...	Presidency College
Sen, Jogindranath	...	Ditto
Ghosh, Jadunath	...	Ditto
Mitra, Saratchandra	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Munindranath	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Satischandra	...	Ditto
Lahiri, Inanendranath	...	Ditto
Chotay Lal Sarma	...	Agra College
Das, Kailaschandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Abdus Samad	...	Free Church Institution
Bhattacharyya, Bipinbihari	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Nandalal	...	Teacher
Bhagwat Prasad	...	Muir Central College
Ghosh, Sitalprasad	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Kumudbihari	...	Dacca College
Sinha, Bankubihari	...	St. Xavier's College
Maitra, Ramaprasad	...	Presidency College
Sarbadhikari, Krishnaprasad	...	Ditto
Ghosh, Rakhalkrishna	...	General Assembly's Institution
Mukhopadhyay, Hemchandra	...	Muir Central College
Bandyopadhyay, Madhusudan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Upadhyay, Indira Datta	...	Teacher

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Ghosh, Bipinbihari	...	General Assembly's Institution
Bhagabati Sahay	...	Metropolitan Institution
Basu, Saratchandra	...	Presidency College
Ghosh, Isanchandra	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Biharilal	...	Presidency College

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Ray, Satischandra	...	Presidency College
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CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Haridas	...	Teacher
Das, Ganeschandra	...	Presidency College
Datta, Samatulchandra	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Siddheswar	...	Hughli College
Ghosh, Rajaninath	...	Presidency College
Rudra, Manmathanath	...	Ditto
Bagchi, Lalitmohan	...	Ditto

SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Goswami, Bidhubushan ... Sanskrit College

CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Satyadhan ... Sanskrit College

CLASS III.

Chakrabarti Debendranath ... Sanskrit College

HISTORY.

CLASS II.

Sanyal, Girischandra ... Metropolitan Institution

PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Nag, Girischandra	...	Presidency College
Sinha, Jogindrakumar	..	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Pratapnarayan	...	Ditto
Mitra, Harendranarayan	...	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Radhagobinda	...	Metropolitan Institution
Nand Kishore Lal	...	Presidency College
Mitra, Ambikacharan	...	General Assembly's Institution
Sarkhel, Haricharan	...	Ditto
Basu, Hemendranath	...	Presidency College
Gupta, Sibendranath	...	Teacher

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Ray, Sureschandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Majumdar, Ramdayal	...	Dacca College
Mitra, Basambad	...	City College
Ghosh, Atalbihari	...	Presidency College
Chaudhuri, Rajyendranath	...	Ditto
„ Ramchandra	...	Benares College

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Nilkanta	...	Free Church Institution
Das, Bamacharan	...	General Assembly's Institution
Basu, Sasibhushan	...	City College
Kasinath	...	Teacher

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Datta, Lalitkumar	...	Dacca College
Ray, Pramodakisor	...	Ditto

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Sinha, Basanticharan	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay Asutosh	...	Ditto

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Sen, Pramathanath	...	Presidency College
Chaudhuri, Jogeschandra	...	Ditto

1887.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Sen, Jagadischandra	...	Dacca College
Ghosh, Atulkrishna	...	Muir Central College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Ahmad	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Naliniranjan	...	Ditto
Kastgir, Saradacharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Ramchandra	...	Muir Central College
Das, Bipinbihari	...	Presidency College
Kanhaiyalal Dave	...	Muir Central College

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Gupta, Syamlal	...	Presidency College
Basu, Annadaprasad	...	Teacher
Bandyopadhyay, Jnanchandra	...	Free Church Institution
Trimback Arant Sothey	...	Agra College
Makar, Jugalbihari	...	Muir Central College
Mukhopadhyay, Sartchandra	...	Berares College
Ray, Purnachandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Bandyopadhyay, Binodlal	...	Free Church Institution

MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Majumdar, Syamaprasanna	...	Presidency College
Basu, Satyananda	...	Ditto

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Raychaudhuri, Purnachandra	..	Presidency College
Bhagwan Dasa	...	Benares College
Haldar, Hiralal	...	General Assembly's Institution
Chat opadhyay, Charuchandra	...	Free Church Institution
Das, Nibaranchandra	..	Teacher
Bandyopadhyay, Banwarilal	...	Free Church Institution

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Datta, Dwarkanath	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ray, Kalicharan	..	Free Church Institution
Basu, Biswanath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
Mukhopadhyay, Kumudbandhu	...	Dacca College
" Girischandra	..	Presidency College
Mitra, Girischandra	...	General Assembly's Institution

SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Bhattacharyya, Janakmath	..	Sanskrit College
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CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Gupta, Saratchandra	.	Sanskrit College
Bandyopadhyay, Prabhacharan	...	Ditto

PERSIAN.

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Syed Kallan	...	Teacher
Mubarak Husain	...	Muir Central College

HISTORY.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Satyachandra	...	City College
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CLASS II.

Sen, Kedarnath	...	Teacher
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Basu, Abinaschandra	...	Presidency College
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CLASS II.

Mitra, Srischandra	...	Presidency College
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CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Dhar, Mohinimohan	... Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Kshetramohan	... Metropolitan Institution
Sarkar, Benimadhab	... Agra College
Datta, Satyakrishna	... Presidency College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

GROUP I.

Chemistry and Electricity and Magnetism.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Trivedi, Ramendasundar	.. Presidency College
Haldar, Piyarilal	.. Ditto
Sinha, Sureschandra	... Ditto
Chaudhuri, Jnanendranath	... Ditto
Mallik, Kalidas	... Ditto

CLASS II.

Mitra, Nagendranath	... Presidency College
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GROUP II.

Electricity and Magnetism and Heat and the Elements of Molecular Physics.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Das, Gobindachandra	... Dacca College
Ghosh, Jnanchandra	... Presidency College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Gauri Sankar	... Muir Central College
Bhattacharyya, Saradamohan	Dacca College
Narayan Moreshwar Sane	... Muir Central College

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Chaturvedi, Badrinath	... Muir Central College
Ray, Kalikumar	... Presidency College

1888.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Lalitkumar	.. Presidency College
Badha Raman	... Agra College
Singh, Vidyacharan	... Muir Central College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Basu, Umapada	...	Teacher
Advani, Matiram S.	...	Presidency College
Majumdar, Akshaykumar	...	Ditto
Gokul Prasad	...	Muir Central College
Datta, Manmathanath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chattopadhyay, Makhanlal	...	City College
Bandyopadhyay, Jagadananda	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bhattacharyya, Srigopal	...	General Assembly's Institution
Chattopadhyay, Haraprasad	...	Presidency College

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Bhaduri, Nabakrishna	...	Teacher
Mukhopadhyay, Tulsidas	...	St. Xavier's College
Pal, Nagendranath	...	Presidency College
Sen, Satischandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Das, Rajkumar	...	Teacher
Bhattacharyya, Asutosh	...	Presidency College
Muhammad Habibulla	...	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Srischandra	...	Teacher
Vinayak Rao Yadeo Bhope	...	Muir Central College
Mukhopadhyay, Kaliprasanna	...	Teacher
Chattopadhyay, Pramathanath	...	Presidency College
Som, Gopalchandra	...	Hughli College
Azezur Rahman Khan	...	Muir Central College
Mukhopadhyay, Nalinikanta	...	Presidency College
Ray, Kulachandra	...	Free Church Institution
De, Ramanath	...	Presidency College
Dvivedi, Mathuraprasad	...	Agra College
Chattopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chaudhuri, Kumudnath	...	Ditto
Misra, Tulsiram	...	Agra College

MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Jnanranjan	...	Free Church Institution
Chakrabarti, Lalgopal	...	Presidency College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Nayanranjan	...	Presidency College
Laha, Syamlal	...	Free Church Institution
Chakrabarti, Syamacharan	...	General Assembly's Institution
Mukhopadhyay, Jogindranath	...	Free Church Institution

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Sen, Kalipada	...	Presidency College
Mitra, Lalitchandra	...	Free Church Institution
Chakrabarti, Hrishikes	...	Metropolitan Institution
Mitra, Adharchandra	...	Free Church Institution
Bhattacharyya, Tinkari	...	General Assembly's Institution
Basu, Chandrasekhar	...	Free Church Institution
Mukhopadhyay, Priyanath, No. 2	...	Presidency College
Goswami, Banamali	...	General Assembly's Institution
Pal, Amritalal	...	Free Church Institution
Guha, Gobindanath	...	City College

SANSKRIT.

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Matilal	...	Teacher
Mukhopadhyay, Gangaprasad	...	Sanskrit College
Bhattacharyya, Manmohan	...	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay Biharilal	...	Ditto

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Chakrabarti, Saratchandra	...	Sanskrit College
Bhattacharyya, Syamacharan	...	Ditto

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Karfarma, Suryyakumar	...	General Assembly's Institution
Niyogi, Rajaniprasad	...	Presidency College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Chattoraj, Kaliprasanna	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ray, Haranchandra	...	Presidency College

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Ray, Jnanadakisor	...	Presidency College
Datta, Jaykali	...	Metropolitan Institution

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

(A).—CHEMISTRY.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Brajendranath	...	Presidency College
White, J. T.	...	Teacher
Bandyopadhyay, Hridayachandra	...	Presidency College

(B).—PHYSICS.

CLASS I.

Chattopadhyay, Jyotiprasad	...	Presidency College
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CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Srotriya, Raghuvansalal	...	Muir Central College
Bandyopadhyay, Aghornath	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Priyanath, No. 1	...	Ditto
Sanyal, Hemchandra	...	Ditto

(E).—PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY.

CLASS II.

Dhar, Bharatchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
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1889.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Datta, Hirendranath	...	Presidency College
Ghosh, Jogendrakumar	...	Dacca College
Khastgir, Hemendralal	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Ramanada	...	City College
Muhammad Abbas Ali	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Jyotischandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bal, Sureschandra	...	Dacca College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Kar, Pramathachandra	...	Presidency College
Maitra, Haridas	...	Ditto
Purohit, Gopinath	...	Agra College
Bandyopadhyay, Kaliprasanna	..	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College

Das, Abinaschandra	...	Presidency College
Raychaudhuri, Tejendranath	...	Ditto
Kumar, Nriyagopal	...	Ditto

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Ghosh, Bipinbihari	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Gopalchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Basu, Nityakrishna	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Sureschandra	...	City College
Chattopadhyay, Hemchandra	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Set, Nibaranchandra	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Purnachandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Mukhopadhyay, Debkisor	...	Metropolitan Institution
Sen, Akshaykumar	...	Dacca College

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Majumdar, Upendralal	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Haranchandra	...	Ditto

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Presidency College
Mallik, Matilal	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Jyotiprasad	...	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Munindranath	...	Ditto

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Rakhalmohan	...	Presidency College
„ Saradaprasad	...	General Assembly's Institution

LATIN.

CLASS I.

Wheeler, E. M.	..	Bishop's College
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SANSKRIT.

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Ray, Satischandra	...	Sanskrit College
Adhikari, Satkari	...	Ditto

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Chakrabarti, Sitalchandra	...	Sanskrit College
Lahiri, Paresnath	...	Teacher

PERSIAN.

CLASS I.

Zahadur Rahim Zahid	...	Private Student
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CLASS II.

Syed Shamsul Huda	...	Private Student
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HISTORY.

CLASS I.

Sen, Binayendranath	...	General Assembly's Institution
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CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Atulkrishna	...	City College
Chandra, Rajchandra	...	Presidency College
Nehal Chand	...	Agra College

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Rakhaladas	...	Presidency College
Sen, Mohitchandra	...	Ditto
Gupta, Jnanendranath	...	Ditto

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Sinha, Birchandra	...	Teacher
Kundu, Gopikrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution

CLASS III.

Basu, Hariprasad	...	Metropolitan Institution
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NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

(A).—CHEMISTRY.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Bhaduri, Kulabhushan	...	Private Student
Bandyopadhyay, Manmohan	...	Presidency College
Bhattacharyya, Haripada	...	Ditto

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Basu, Basantakumar	...	Presidency College
Sarkar, Syamlal	...	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Kshirodprasad	...	Ditto
Ray, Annadamohan	...	Ditto
Datta, Debendranath	...	Ditto

CLASS III.

Datta, Srischandra	...	Presidency College
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(B) PHYSICS.

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Ray, Mohinimohan	...	Presidency College
„ Satischandra	...	Ditto
Ghosh, Rasiklal	...	Ditto

(E) PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY.

CLASS II

In order of merit.

Sarkar, Nilratan	...	M. B.
Ghosh, Bhupendra Sri	...	Presidency College

CLASS III.

Mitra, Nareschandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
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(F) GEOLOGY AND MINERALOGY.

CLASS III

Basu, Sasibhushan	...	City College
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1890.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Chaudhuri, Pramathanath	...	Presidency College
Thakur, Akshaykumar	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Saratchandra	...	Ditto

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Maulik, Srischandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Basu, Debendranath	...	Presidency College
Chakrabarti, Himansunath	...	Ditto
Guha, Umaprasanna	...	Private Student

Chandra, Rowland Nagendralal	...	Presidency College
Guha, Annadacharan	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Rajendralal	...	Ditto
Ray, Debendrakumar	..	Dacca College
Muhammad Mustafa Khan	...	Presidency College
Chakrabarti, Indubhushan	...	Private Student
Sen, Harendranath	...	St. Xavier's College
Sinha, Narigopal	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ray, Binodchandra	...	Private Student
Bandyopadhyay, Bipinbihari	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Khagendranath	...	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Saradacharan	...	Presidency College

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Matilal	...	Private Student
Chakrabarti, Sitalchandra	..	Ditto
Ghosh, Manmohan	...	Presidency College
Ukil, Tarakchandra	..	Dacca College
Maitra, Chandrabhushan	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ghosh, Haridas	...	St. Xavier's College
Gupta, Jajneswar	...	Private Student
„ Satyasan	...	Ditto
Kanjilal, Jogindranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chattopadhyay, Praphullakumar	...	Free Church of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
De, Gobindachandra	...	Presidency College
Bhaumik, Hemchandra	...	Private Student
Sen, Radhikamohan	...	Ditto

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Ghatak, Mohinikanta	...	Presidency College
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CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Ghosh, Umeschandra	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Syamdas	...	Ditto
Sinha, Upenaranarayan	..	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Gopalchandra	...	Ditto

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

De, Hemnath	...	Presidency College
Das, Bhagabaticharan	...	General Assembly's Institution

LATIN.

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Barlow, G.	...	Teacher
Johory, Isaac William	...	Private Student

SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Bandyopadhyay, Muralidhar ... Sanskrit College

CLASS III.

Sarkar, Durganath ... Sanskrit College

PERSIAN.

CLASS II.

Ashfaq, Husain ... St. Xavier's College

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Sen, Binayendranath ... Private Student
Ray, Harendranarayan ... Presidency College

CLASS III.

Ukil, Ambikacharan ... Presidency College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

(A) CHEMISTRY.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Bhaduri, Indubhushan ... Presidency College
De, Satischandra, No. 1 ... Ditto
Das, Bhupatinath ... Hughli College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

. Sinha, Satischandra ... Presidency College
Majumdar, Birajmohan ... Ditto

CLASS III.

Basu, Pramodakumar ... St. Xavier's College

(B) PHYSICS.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Mitra, Joytischandra	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Saratchandra	...	Ditto
Bagchi, Asutosh	...	Ditto

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Presidency College
Mitra, Satischandra	...	Ditto

1891.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Satischandra	...	Agra College
De, Satischandra	...	Presidency College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Gangopadhyay, Gopalchandra	...	Presidency College
Chandra, Atulchandra	...	Ditto
Datta, Atulchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath	...	Presidency College
Som, Nirmalabala	...	Private Student
Bhattacharyya, Nandalal	...	Teacher
Datta, Bhubanmohan	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Prabodhchandra	...	Presidency College
Das, Rebatimohan	...	Ditto
Manekji Merwanji Mulln	...	Morris College

Das, Satyendranath	...	Private Student
Basu, Charuchandra	...	Ditto
Ray, Girindralal	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chattopadhyay, Jadunath	...	Private Student

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Mitra, Nilmani	...	Private Student
Guptaray, Upendralal	...	Dacca College
Bandyopadhyay, Bhubaneswar	...	Metropolitan Institution
Mitra, Debendrakumar	...	St. Xavier's College
Ghosh, Narendrakumar	...	Private Student
Biswas, Jagadballabh	...	Presidency College
Mitra, Srikanta	...	Private Student
Chattopadhyay, Sriram	...	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Surendranarayan	...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar
Goswami, Purnachandra	...	Private Student

SANSKRIT

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Asutosh	Sanskrit College
Sadashiva Jairam Dehadrai	Private Student
Niyogi, Sasikumar	...
	Sanskrit College

CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Harendranath	...	Sanskrit College
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CLASS III.

Bhattacharyya, Rampran	...	Sanskrit College
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ARABIC.

CLASS I.

Sh. Bahadur Ali	...	M. A. O. College
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PERSIAN

CLASS I

Gholam Ghous	...	Presidency College
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HISTORY.

CLASS I.

Sen, Bipinbihari	...	Free Church of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
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CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Srischandra ... Private Student

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Jahnabicharan ... Hughli College

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Sengupta, Prabodhprakas	...	Presidency College
Das, Ramanimohan	..	Private Student
Sen, Debendranath	...	Free Church of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Ezekiel, John	...	Bishop's College
Mallik, Indumadhab	...	Private Student
Datta, Harischandra	..	Ditto
Bardhan, Gobindachandra	...	Presidency College
Sarkar, Manmathanath	...	Ditto

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Mitra, Kumudbihari	..	Presidency College
Raychaudhuri, Bipindrakumar	..	Ditto
Sen, Ambikaprasad	...	Ditto

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (B).

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Biswas, Kunjabihari	...	Presidency College
Bahaduri, Jyotibhushan	...	Ditto

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Sen, Kshirodlal	...	Presidency College
Ghosh, Dasarathi	...	Ditto

CLASS III.

Krishna Lakshman Paonaskar ... Jabalpur College

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Sarkar, Jadunath	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Lalitmohan	...	Ditto
Datta, Dinanath	...	Ditto
Bagchi, Jatindramohan	...	Ditto
Mitra, Mahendrakumar	...	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Annadaprasad	..	Private Student

CLASS II

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Siddheswar	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Albion Rajkumar	..	Ditto
Muhammad Azizul Huq	..	Private Student
Chattopadhyay, Bijaygopal	..	Presidency College
Ghosh, Jogeschandra	...	Private Student
Bhattacharyya, Padmanath	...	Dacca College
Chattopadhyay, Akshaykumar	..	Private Student
De, Bipinbihari	..	Ditto
Mitra, Upendramohan	...	Ditto
Das, Anukulchandra	...	Dacca College
Bhattacharyya, Ramdas	..	Private Student
Mukhopadhyay, Sureschandra	..	Presidency College
{ Chattopadhyay, Lalbihari	...	Ditto
{ Bandyopadhyay, Nanigopal	...	Ditto

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Ray, Rajendramohan	...	Private Student
Basu, Bijaykrishna	..	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Nalinikanta	...	Private Student
Datta, Annadacharan	...	Presidency College
Mitra, Nilkrishna	...	Private Student
Sarkar, Bholanath	...	General Assembly's Institution
{ Sadhu, Krishnalal	...	Private Student
{ Brahmachari, Saratchandra	..	Presidency College

Chakrabarti, Bagalaprasad	...	Metropolitan Institution
Basu, Hemchandra	...	Ditto
Ray, Tripuracharan	...	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Chunilal	...	Presidency College
Sarkar, Debendranath	...	Ditto

LATIN.

CLASS I.

Holland, Florence	...	Private Student
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SANSKRIT.

CLASS I

In order of merit.

Narayan Dajiba Wadegaonkar	...	Hislop College
Misra, Ramaballabha	...	Sanskrit College

ARABIC.

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Syed Kallan	...	Teacher
Nur Bakhsh	...	M. A. O. College

PERSIAN.

CLASS III.

M. Moinuddin Ahmad	...	Private Student
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HISTORY.

CLASS II.

Ray, Anukulchandra	...	Private Student
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MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Nandalal	...	Presidency College
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MATHEMATICS.

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Swarnakar, Nagendranath	...	City College
Haldar, Binodbihari	...	Presidency College
Ray, Rajanikanta	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Surendranath	...	Private Student

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (A).

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Harendrakrishna ...	Presidency College
Sadhu, Rajendralal ...	Hughli College

CLASS III.

Gangopadhyay, Siddheswar ...	Private Student
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NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (B).

CLASS II.

Mallik, Indumadhab ..	Private Student
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CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Rakhalda ...	City College
Basu, Bhupendrakumar ...	Private Student
Datta, Atulchandra ...	City College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (C).

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Lala Digambarlal ...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Tarapada ...	Ditto
Biswas, Upendranath ...	Ditto
Ghosh, Surendranath ...	Ditto

M. A.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdur Rahim	..	1886	Presidency College
Abdus Salam	..	1884	St. Xavier's College
Abdus Samad	.	1886	Free Church Institution
Abul Khair	...	1874	Hughli College
*Acharyya, Balkrishna	...	1871	Benares College
Adhikari, Krishnakisor	...	1884	General Assembly's Instn.
„ Sasibhushan	.	1883	Hughli College
„ Satkari	.	1889	Sanskrit College
„ Sitanath	...	1885	Presidency College
Advani, Matiram S.	..	1888	Ditto
*Agasti, Surryakumar	...	1879	Ditto
Ahmad	.	1887	Ditto
*Ali Reza Khan	...	1871	Agra College
*Ameer Ali, B. L.	...	1868	Hughli College
*Amjad Ali	...	1877	Benares College
*Arndt, George	...	1881	Teacher
Ashfaq Husain	..	1890	St. Xavier's College
Ashraf Ali	.	1877	Benares College
Azeezur Rahman	.	1888	Muir Central College
*Babhu Singh	...	1880	Ditto
Bagchi, Asutosh	...	1890	Presidency College
*„ Brajagopal, B. L.	...	1878	Ditto
„ Jatindramohan	..	1892	Ditto
*„ Kedarnath	...	1880	Muir Central College
„ Lalitmohan	..	1886	Presidency College
*„ Upendranath, B. L.	..	1877	Ditto
Bal, Sureschandra	...	1889	Dacca College
Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra, B. L.	1868	Presidency College	
„ Aghornath, B. L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Albion Rajkumar	..	1892	Ditto
*„ Asutosh	.	1882	Free Church Institution
„ Atulkrishna, B. L.	...	1889	City College
„ Banwarilal, B. L.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Bhupaneswar	.	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bidhubhushan, B. L.	1875	Hughli College	
*„ Biharilal, B. L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Biharilal	...	1888	Sanskrit College
*„ Binodbihari, B. L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Binodlal, B. L.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Bipinbihari	...	1881	Canning College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1890	Private Student
*„ Bisweswar	...	1878	Hughli College
„ Chandmohan, B. L.	1877	Dacca College	
„ Chunilal	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Gangadhar, B. L.	...	1871	Free Church Institution

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

Bandyopadhyay, Gopalchandra, B. L.	1890	Presidency College
*,, Gurudas, D.L.	1865	Ditto
,, Haranchandra, B. L.	1889	Ditto
,, Harendranath	1891	Sanskrit College
*,, Haridas	1879	Presidency College
*,, Haridhan	1884	Free Church Institution
,, Haridaychandra	1888	Presidency College
,, Jagadananda, B.L.	1888	Metropolitan Institution
,, Jnanchandra, B.L.	1887	Free Church Institution
,, Jnanranjan, B.L.	1888	Ditto
,, Jogindranath	1872	Sanskrit College
,, Jyotischandra	1889	Metropolitan Institution
*,, Kailaschandra, B.L.	1869	Patna College
*,, Kalicharan, B. L.	1866	Free Church Institution
,, Kaliprasanna, B.L.	1881	Dacca College
,, Kaliprasanna	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
*,, Kantibhushan, B. L.	1881	Hughli College
*,, Kedarnath, B.L.	1874	Presidency College
,, Kshetramohan, B.L.	1885	Ditto
,, Kshetramohan	1887	Metropolitan Institution
,, Kumudnikanta	1885	Presidency College
,, Lalitkumar	1888	Ditto
,, Madhusudhan, B.L.	1886	Metropolitan Institution
,, Manmohan	1889	Presidency College
,, Muralidhar	1890	Sanskrit College
,, Nanigopal	1892	Presidency College
*,, Nilratna, B. L.	1871	Hughli College
*,, Nistaran, B.L.	1875	Presidency College
*,, Pareschandra, B.L.	1884	Ditto
,, P. N.	1868	Doveton College
,, Prabhacharan, B. L.	1887	Sanskrit College
,, Purnachandra	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
*,, Rajendrachandra	1883	Sanskrit College
*,, Rajkrishna, B. L.	1876	Free Church Institution
,, Rakhalmohan	1889	Presidency College
,, Ramlal, B.L.	1866	Ditto
,, Saradaprasad	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
*,, Saratchandra, B.L.	1868	Presidency College
*,, Saratchandra, B. L.	1890	Ditto
*,, Sasibhushan, B.L.	1866	Ditto
,, Satischandra	1891	Agra College
,, Satyadhan, B.L.	1886	Sanskrit College
*,, Sibnath, B.L.	1870	Presidency College
,, Srischandra	1891	Private Student
,, Surendranath, B.L.	1881	Presidency College
*,, Syamacharan, B.L.	1884	Ditto
,, Syamacharan, B.L.	1871	Patna College
*,, Taraprasanna, B.L.	1868	Presidency College
1,, Tarinidas	1875	Ditto

Indicates Honours in Arts.

*Bandyopadhyay, Tinkari, B.L.	...	1876	Presidency College
*, Umacharan	...	1884	Sanskrit College
*Bapurao Dada	...	1877	Muir Central College
Bardhan, Gobindachandra	...	1891	Presidency College
Baral, Nilmani	...	1878	Ditto
Barlow, G.	...	1890	Teacher
*Basak, Jagadurlabh, B.L.	...	1869	Presidency College
,, Madhabananda, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
,, Rasamay	...	1874	Teacher
*Basil, M. M.	...	1880	Presidency College
Basu, Abinaschandra	...	1887	Ditto
*, Akshaykumar, R.L.	...	1871	Ditto
*, Anandamohan	...	1868	Ditto
*, Annadaprasad	...	1877	Ditto
,, Annadaprasad	...	1887	Teacher
*, Baidyanath	...	1872	Krishnagar College
,, Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
,, Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1879	Ditto
,, Bhupendrakumar	...	1892	Private Student
*, Bhupendranath, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
,, Bijaykrishna	...	1892	Ditto
*, Bipinbihari	...	1874	Muir Central College
*, Bipinkrishna, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
,, Biswanath, B.L.	...	1887	L M S. Coll., Bhowanipur
*, Chandramukhi	...	1884	Free Church Institution
*, Chandranath, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
,, Chandrasekhar, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
,, Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1891	Private Student
,, Debendrabijay, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
*, Debendranath	...	1877	Ditto
,, Debendranath	...	1890	Ditto
*, Durgadas, B.L.	...	1877	Ditto
,, Girischandra	...	1878	Teacher
,, Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1874	Free Church Institution
,, Haridas, B.L.	...	1883	Presidency College
,, Hariprasad, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
,, Hemchandra	...	1892	Ditto
,, Hemendranath •	...	1886	Presidency College
*, Isanchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Teacher
,, Jogindrachandra, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
*, Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1873	Ditto
*, Kalipada •	...	1868	Ditto
*, Karunadas, B.L.	...	1882	Ditto
,, Kasinath	...	1867	Ditto
,, Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1886	Teacher
,, Khagendranath, B.L.	...	1880	Sanskrit College
*, Kritantakumar, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
*, Kunjabihari, B.L.	...	1880	Ditto
*, Lalitkumar, B.L.	...	187	Genl. Assembly's Instn
	...	1874	Free Church Institution

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

*Basu, Mohitchandra, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Nandakrishna	...	1876	Ditto
„ Narendranath	...	1877	Hughli College
„ Nityakrishna	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nityagopal, B.L.	...	1881	Muir Central College
* „ Nityagopal	...	1884	Presidency College
* „ Phanibhushan	...	1883	Ditto
„ Pramodakumar	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Prasannakumar	...	1882	Dacca College
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
* „ Rajannath, B. L.	...	1870	Ditto
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan	...	{ 1886 } { 1889 }	City College
„ Satyananda, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Sureschandra	...	1884	Teacher
„ Trailokyanath, B.L.	...	1868	Free Church Institution
* „ Trailokyanath, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Umapada, B.L.	...	1888	Teacher
* „ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
Basudeblal	...	1877	Canning College
*Batabyal, Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1874	Sanskrit College
*Bhaduri, Atalbihari	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Kulabhushan	...	1889	Private Student
„ Indubhushan	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Jyotibhushan	...	1891	Ditto
„ Lalbihari, B.L.	...	1879	Free Church Institution
„ Nabakrishna	...	1888	Teacher
Bhagabati Sahay, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
Bhagwan Dasa	...	1887	Benares College
Bhagwat Prasad, B.L.	...	1886	Muir Central College
*Bhanja Kalidas, B.L.	...	1869	Presidency College
Bhar, Nityananda	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Bhattacharyya, Adityaram	...	1871	Sanskrit College
„ Annadaprasad	...	1892	Private Student
„ Asutosh	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1891	Sanskrit College
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Debendranath	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
* „ Dwarkanath, B.L.	...	1866	Teacher
* „ Haranath, B.L.	...	1869	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
* „ Haraprasad	...	1877	Sanskrit College
„ Haridas	...	1882	Ditto
„ Haripada	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Jagadbandhu	...	1874	Free Church Institution
„ Janakinath	...	1887	Sanskrit College
* „ Jogindranath, D.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Jugadas, B.L.	...	1880	Cathedral Mission College

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

*Bhattacharyya, Kailaschandra	...	1883	Sanskrit College
" Kaliprasanna	...	1876	Ditto
" Kshirodprasad	...	1889	Presidency College
" Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1869	Ditto
" Makundachandra	...	1877	Sanskrit College
" Manmathanath	...	1884	Presidency College
" Manmohan	...	1888	Sanskrit College
" Matilal	...	1888	Teacher
" Matilal	...	1890	Private Student
" Munindranath, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
" Nandalal	...	1891	Teacher
" Narayanchandra	...	1873	Free Church Institution
" Nayanjan, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
" Padmanath	...	1892	Dacca College
" Ramdas	...	1892	Private Student
" Ramaprasad, B.L.	...	1882	Sanskrit College
" Rampran	...	1891	Ditto
" Ramsadan	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Saradamohan	...	1887	Dacca College
" Sibnath	...	1872	Sanskrit College
" Srigopal, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Srischandra	...	1888	Teacher
" Sukumar, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Syamacharan	...	1888	Sanskrit College
" Tarinkanta, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
" Tinkari	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Trailokyanath, B.L.	...	1885	Sanskrit College
Bhaumik, Hemchandra	...	1890	Private Student
*Bhawani Das	...	1882	Lahore College
*Bishen Lal	...	1874	Mair Central College
*Biswas, Asutosh, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
" Jagadballabh	...	1891	Ditto
" Kunjabihari, B.L.	...	1891	Ditto
" Piyarimohan	...	1867	Dacca College
" Upendranath	...	1892	Presidency College
*Blochmann, H	...	1865	Teacher
Brahmachari, Saratchandra	...	1892	Presidency College
*Chakrabarti, Asutosh, B.L.	...	1882	Sanskrit College
" Bagalaprasad	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
" Baikunthakisor	...	1884	Presidency College
" Bhupati, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
" Byomkes	...	1878	Ditto
" Debendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Sanskrit College
" Durgakanta, B.L.	...	1883	Krishnagar College
" Dwarkanath, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
" Girindramohan, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
" Gopalchandra	...	1870	Cathedral Mission College
" Harischandra	...	1881	Hughli College
" Himansunath	...	1890	Presidency College
" Hrishikes, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

Chakrabarti, Indubhusan, P.L.	...	1890	Private Student
*, „	Jadabchandra	...	1882 Presidency College
*, „	Jnanendranath, B.L.	...	1883 Muir Central College
„	Kumudbihari, B.L.	...	1886 Dacca College
„	Lalgopal	...	1888 Presidency College
*, „	Manmohan, B.L.	...	1884 Free Church Institution
„	Mohinimohan, B.L.	...	1884 Metropolitan Institution
„	Mohinimohan, B.L.	...	1884 Muir Central College
*, „	Rajmohan	...	1883 Sanskrit College
*, „	Rakhaldas	...	1884 Metropolitan Institution
*, „	Ramgopal, B.L.	...	1872 Presidency College
„	Rasikchandra, B.L.	...	1883 Dacca College
„	Saratchandra	...	1888 Sanskrit College
„	Sidheswar, B.L.	...	1886 Hughli College
„	Sitalchandra	...	1889 Sanskrit College
„	Sitalchandra	...	1890 Private Student
„	Syamcaharan	...	1888 Genl Assembly's Instn.
„	Taranath	...	1869 Presidency College
Chanda, Kaminikumar, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
Chandra, Aghornath	...	1882	Ditto
„	Atulchandra	...	1891 Ditto
„	Jajneswar, B.L.	...	1866 Ditto
„	Rajchandra	...	1889 Ditto
„	Rowland Nagendra Lall	...	1890 Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Akshaykumar	...	1892	Private Student
„	Ambikacharan, B.L.	...	1885 Genl Assembly's Instn.
„	Asutosh, B.L.	...	1888 Metropolitan Institution
„	Asutosh, B.L.	...	1890 Presidency College
*, „	Baburam	...	1874 Ditto
„	Bijaygopal	...	1892 Ditto
„	Bireswar, B.L.	...	1871 Sanskrit College
„	Bishnupada, B.L.	...	1881 Hughli College
„	Brajendranath	...	1888 Presidency College
„	Charuchandra	...	1887 Free Church Institution
„	Digambar, B.L.	...	1881 Presidency College
*, „	Gangacharan	...	1882 Hughli College
„	Harakrishna, B.L.	...	1868 Sanskrit College
„	Haraprasad, B.L.	...	1888 Presidency College
„	Haridas, B.L.	...	1886 Teacher
*, „	Haridas, B.L.	...	1876 Presidency College
„	Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1867 Teacher
„	Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1889 F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„	Jadunath	...	1891 Private Student
*, „	Jogeschandra, B.L.	...	1871 Krishnagar College
„	Jyotiprasad, B.L.	{ 1888 1889 }	{ Presidency College
*, „	Kalipada	...	1884 Metropolitan Institution
„	Khagendranath	...	1890 Private Student
„	Lalbihari	...	1892 Presidency College
„	Lalitmohan	...	1892 Ditto

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

*Chattopadhyay, Madhabchandra, B.L.	1884	Sanskrit College
" Makhanlal ...	1888	City College
" Mathuranath ...	1869	Dacca College
" Matilal ...	1878	Presidency College
" Mohinimohan, B.L.	1879	Ditto
" Naliniranjan, B.L.	1887	Ditto
" Napharchandra ...	1868	Hughli College
" Narayandas ...	1883	Presidency College
" Nilkanta, B.L. ...	1886	Free Church Institution
" Pankajakumar, B.L.	1880	Presidency College
" Prabodhchandra ...	1891	Ditto
" Praphullakumar ...	1890	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
" Pramathanath ...	1888	Presidency College
* " Prasannakumar, B.L.	1877	Teacher
" Pratulchandra, B.L.	1869	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Priyanath, B.L. ...	1871	Ditto
" Rajendranath ...	1880	Presidency College
" Rakhaladas ...	1889	Ditto
" Ramananda ...	1889	City College
" Ramnath ...	1881	Presidency College
" Ramanimohan ...	1881	Ditto
" Sanatan ...	1881	Canning College
" Srigopal, B.L. ...	1870	Krishnagar College
" Sripati, B.L. ...	1878	Sanskrit College
" Sriram, B.L. ...	1891	Private Student
" Surendranath ...	1892	Ditto
" Sureschandra, B.L.	1881	Presidency College
* " Umakanta, B.L. ...	1866	Ditto
Chattoraj, Kaliprasanna ...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Chaturvedi, Badrinath ...	1887	Muir Central College
Chaudhuri, Akshaychandra, B.L.	1870	Presidency College
" Asutosh ...	1881	Ditto
* " Jnanchandra ...	1872	Ditto
" Jnanendranath, B.L.	1887	Ditto
" Jageshchandra ...	1886	Ditto
* " Jogindranath, B.L.	1869	Ditto
" Kisorimohan, B.L.	1884	Ditto
* " Kumudnath, B.L.	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Mohinimohan ...	1880	Krishnagar College
" Pramathanath ...	1890	Presidency College
" Radhagobinda, B.L.	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Bai Jyotindranath, B.L.	1886	Presidency College
" Ramchandra ...	1886	Benares College
" Saradacharan ...	1890	Presidency College
* " Sasibhushan ...	1873	Hughli College
" Srikumar, B.L.	1874	Cathedral Mission College
* " Srischandra, B.L.	1871	Presidency College
" Surendranarayan ...	1891	Vict. College, Cooch Behar
" Sureschandra, B.L.	1884	Presidency College

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

*Chaudhuri, Suryyakumar	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Tarakisor, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Tarapada, B.L.	...	1880	Ditto
*Chhajumal	...	1879	Muir Central College
Chotay Lal Sarma	...	1886	Agra College
*Chotay Lal	...	1881	Canning College
Das, Abhayacharan	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Anukulchandra	...	1892	Dacca College
*„ Baikunthanath, B.L.	...	1869	Ditto
„ Bamacharan	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bhagabatcharan	...	1890	Ditto
„ Bhupatinath	...	1890	Hughli College
*„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1876	Teacher
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Gaganchandra	...	1884	Ditto
„ Ganeschandra, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Gangadhar, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
*„ Gobindachandra, B.L.	...	1880	Ditto
„ Gobindachandra	...	1887	Dacca College
*„ Gopalballabh	...	1884	Ravenshaw College
*„ Jaminimohan, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
*„ Jnanendranath	...	1876	Sanskrit College
„ Kailaschandra, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kailasgobinda	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Kshetramohan	...	1875	Sanskrit College
*„ Lakshminarayan, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
*„ Lalmohan, B.L.	...	1870	Ditto
„ Madhusudan, B.L.	...	1873	Free Church Institution
*„ Nabinchandra, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Nibaranchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Teacher
*„ Radhagobinda	...	1883	Presidency College
*„ Raghnath, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
„ Rajkumar	...	1888	Teacher
„ Ramanimohan	...	1891	Private Student
„ Ramsaran	...	1871	Canning College
„ Rebatimohan	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Satyendranath, B.L.	...	1891	Private Student
*„ Surendranath	...	1877	Presidency College
Dasray, Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1885	Sanskrit College
Datta, Amritlal, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Annadacharan	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Aswinikumar, B.L.	...	1879	Krishnagar College
„ Atulchandra, B.L.	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Atulchandra	...	1892	City College
*„ Baishnabcharan	...	1872	Free Church Institution
*„ Balaichand	...	1872	Presidency College
*„ Benimadhab, B.L.	...	1868	Ditto
*„ Bhabanicharan, B.L.	...	1870	Ditto

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

Datta, Bharatchandra	...	1871	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Bhubanmohan	...	1891	Teacher
*,, Brajaballabh, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
" Debendranath, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
" Dinanath	...	1892	Ditto
" Dwarkanath, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
*,, Dwijadas	...	1877	Presidency College
" Harischandra	...	1891	Private Student
" Hirendranath	...	1889	Presidency College
" Isanchandra, B.L.	...	1872	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
*,, Jadabchandra	...	1883	Presidency College
*,, Jagadbandhu, B.L.	...	1869	Ditto
*,, Janakinath, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
" Jaykali, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
*,, Kailaschandra, B.L.	...	1874	Dacca College
" Kailaschandra	...	1871	Sanskrit College
" Krishnalal	...	1881	Presidency College
" Lalitkumar, B.L.	...	1886	Dacca College
*,, Madhabchandra	...	1883	Presidency College
*,, Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1869	Ditto
" Mahimchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
" Manmathanath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Mohinimohan, B.L.	...	1878	Teacher
" Nagendranath	...	1891	Presidency College
*,, Priyanath, B.L.	...	1871	Cathedral Mission College
*,, Ramlal, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
*,, Ramlal, B.L.	...	1878	Ditto
" Samatulchandra	...	1886	Ditto
*,, Sasibhushan	...	1873	Ditto
" Satyakrishna, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
" Srischandra, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
*David, Ismail	...	1876	Beneras College
*De, Adwaitaprasad, B.L.	...	1878	Cathedral Mission College
" Asutosh, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
" Benimadhab	...	1866	Ditto
" Bipinbihari	...	1892	Private Student
" Brajendralal	...	1879	Sanskrit College
*,, Brajendranath	...	1872	Canning College
*,, Debsanker	...	1875	Free Church Institution
*,, Gaurisankar, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
" Gobindachandra	...	1890	Ditto
" Hemnath	...	1890	Ditto
*,, Krishnadas, B.L.	...	1868	Free Church Institution
*,, Lalbihari, B.L.	...	1873	Ditto
" Nandalal	...	1871	Hughli College
" Narendralal, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
" Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1873	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Ramanath	...	1888	Presidency College
" Satischandra	...	1890	Ditto
" Satischandra	...	1891	Ditto

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

De, Upendralal	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instr
Deb, Bhutnath, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
*, Gopendrkrishna, B.L.	...	1873	Ditto
*, Upendrachandra, B.L.	...	1869	Ditto
DeMel. A. W.	...	1883	Teacher
Dhar, Bharatchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
*, Mohinimohan, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
*, Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1879	Hughli College
*Dube, Kalidatta	...	1884	Muir Central College
*Dutt, Jogen Chunder, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
*, William	...	1879	Teacher
*Dwarkadas	...	1881	Free Church Institution
Dwivedi, Mathuraprasad	...	1888	Agra College
Ezekiel, John	...	1891	Bishop's College
Ganga, Sahay	...	1883	Muir Central College
*Gangopadhyay, Benimadhab	...	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instrn.
*, Gopalchandra	...	1891	Presidency College
*, Narendranath	...	1880	Muir Central College
*, Siddheswar	...	1892	Private Student
*Gargari, Haridas	...	1879	Presidency College
Gaurishankar, B.L.	...	1887	Muir Central College
*Gayaprasad	...	1878	Ditto
Ghatak, Mohinikanta	...	1890	Presidency College
Gholam Ghous	...	1891	Ditto
*Ghosh, Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1872	Ditto
*, Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
*, Apurbakrishna	...	1875	Free Church Institution
*, Atalbihari, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
*, Atulkrishna	...	1887	Muir Central College
*, Baradaprasad, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
*, Bhupendra Sri, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
*, Biharilal, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
*, Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instrn.
*, Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
*, Birajkrishna, B.L.	...	1872	Ditto
*, Chandidas, B.L.	...	1878	Ditto
*, Dasarathi, B.L.	...	1891	Ditto
*, Debendranath, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
*, Dhankrishna, B.L.	...	1867	Free Church Institution
*, Gobindachandra, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
*, Gopalchandra	...	1886	Patna College
*, Haranchandra	...	1884	Presidency College
*, Harichaitanya	...	1867	Dacca College
*, Haridas, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
*, Haridas	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
*, Isanchandra	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instrn.
*, Isanchandra	...	1886	St. Xavier's College
*, Jadunath	...	1886	Presidency College
*, Jnanchandra	...	1887	Ditto
*, Jogesachandra	...	1892	Private Student

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

*Ghosh, Jogindrachandra, B.L.	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Jogindrakumar	...	1885	Dacca College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Kalipada, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Kantibhushan, B.L.	...	1882	Hughli College
„ Kshetrachandra, B.L.	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Mahendrakumar, B.L.	...	1882	Dacca College
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1880	Free Church Institution
„ Manmohan, B.L.	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Nagendranath	...	1881	Ditto
„ Nanilal, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Narendrakumar	...	1891	Private Student
„ Prankumar	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Priyanath	...	1879	St. Xavier's College
„ Rajaninath, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Rajendranath, B.L.	...	1870	Ditto
„ Rakhalkrishna	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Ramanath	...	1877	Sanskrit College
„ Ramaprasanna, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Ramottam, B.L.	...	1880	Ditto
„ Rasbihari, D.L.	...	1866	Ditto
„ Rasiklal, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
„ Saradacharan, B.L.	...	1882	Dacca College
„ Saradaprasad, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1877	Ditto
„ Sitalprasad, B.L.	...	1886	Muir Central College
„ Surendranath	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Sureschandra, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Umeschandra	...	1890	Presidency College
Ghoshal, Saratkumar, B.L.	...	1873	Ditto
„ Tarapada	...	1873	Ditto
*Gobindacharan, B.L.	...	1870	Patna College
Gokul Prasad	...	1888	Muir Central College
Gomez, D.	...	1877	Bishop's College
Goswami, Banamali	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bidhubushan	...	1886	Sanskrit College
„ Jadunath, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Kisorilal, B.L.	...	1879	Free Church Institution
„ Purnachandra	...	1891	Private Student
*Govindaprasad	...	1881	Muir Central College
Guha, Annadacharan, B.L.	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Gobindanath	...	1888	City College
„ Kamipikumar, B.L.	...	1875	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rebatimohan, B.L.	...	1876	Dacca College
„ Umaprasanna	...	1890	Private Student
Guin, Sibchandra, B.L.	...	1867	Teacher
Gulam Hyder Khan, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
*Gupta, Asutosh, B.L.	...	1879	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1877	Ditto

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

*Gupta, Girindrakumar, B.L.	...	1877	Free Church Institution
*, Gobindagopal, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jaineswar	...	1890	Private Student
„ Jnanendranath	...	1889	Presidency College
*, Kalipada	...	1866	Medical College
*, Kunjabihari, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra	...	1887	Sanskrit College
„ Satyasaran	...	1890	Private Student
„ Sibendranath	...	1886	Teacher
„ Syamlal	...	1887	Presidency College
Guptaray, Upendralal	...	1891	Dacca College
*Guruprasad	...	1878	Muir Central College
Hajra, Jogindranath	...	1884	St. Xavier's College
Halidar, Binodbihari	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Hiratal	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
*, Jogindranath, B. L.	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Piyarilal	...	1887	Ditto
„ Ramchandra, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
Hanumanprasad, B.L.	...	1873	Canning College
*Hargobinda Dyal	...	1879	Muir Central College
*Hari Lakshman Inderker	...	1882	Ditto
Holland, Florence	...	1892	Private Student
*Hukam Chand	...	1874	Lahore College
*Hukam Chand	...	1872	Delhi College
*Hushmat Ullah	...	1882	Muir Central College
*Iswardas	...	1877	Lahore College
Jagannathprasad, B.L.	...	1883	Patna College
Johory, Isaac William	...	1890	Private Student
Jwala Prasad Sankhadara	...	1885	Canning College
*Jyotirbed, Pitambar	...	1883	Muir Central College
Kanhaiya Lal Dabe	...	1887	Ditto
Kanjilal, Jogindranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
*Kar, Girischandra, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Harischandra	...	1876	Ditto
„ Pramathachandra	...	1889	Ditto
Karfarma, Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Suryyakumar	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Kastagir, Hemendralal	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Saradacharan, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
*Kedarnath	...	1882	Lahore College
*Kennedy, Pringle, B.L.	...	1878	Teacher
Krishna Govind Deshpande, B.L.	...	1886	Muir Central College
Krishna Lakshman Paonaskar	...	1891	Jabalpur College
*Krishna Rao Bhatt	...	1882	Muir Central College
Kumar, Nriyagopal, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
Kundu, Gopikrishna	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
K. Vijaya Raghava Chari	...	1885	Teacher
Laha, Jagadbandhu	...	1870	Dacca College
„ Syamlal, B. L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
Lahiri, Chandrakanta, B.L.	...	1881	Cathedral Mission College

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

Lahiri, Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1872	Free Church Institution
„ Jnanendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
* „ Mohinimohan, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Paresnath	...	1889	Teacher
* „ Prasannakumar	...	1875	Presidency College
Lala Digambarlal	..	1892	Ditto
* Lalchand	...	1878	Lahore College.
Lane, H. A.	...	1885	St. Xavier's College
Lorimer, George	...	1870	Teacher
* Madan Gopal	...	1873	Delhi College
* Maitra, Batukrishna, B.L.	...	1879	Muir Central College
„ Chandrabhushan	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
* „ Haridas, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Herambachandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Rajendralal	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Ramaprasad, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Upendranath	...	1880	Ditto
Majumdar, Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Ambikacharan, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
* „ Ambikacharan, B.L.	...	1875	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Anandanath, B.L.	...	1874	Free Church Institution
„ Birajmohan	...	1890	Presidency College
* „ Chandramohan, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
* „ Jadunath, B.L.	..	1882	Free Church Institution
* „ Nilkanta	...	1877	Presidency College
* „ Nilmadhab, B.L.	...	1882	Hughli College
* „ Ramchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Ramdayal	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Syamaprasanna, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Upendralal	...	1889	Ditto
* „ Upendranarayan, B.L.	...	1870	Ditto
Makar, Jugalbihari, B.L.	...	1887	Muir Central College
* Mallik, Akhilchandra, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
* „ Atulcharan, B.L.	...	1865	Ditto
„ Indumadhab	...	{ 1891	{ Private Student
„ Kalidas	...	{ 1892	{ Presidency College
„ Matilal	...	1887	Ditto
* „ Ramcharan, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
Manekji Merwanji Mulla, B.L.	...	1879	Ditto
* Masanta, Parbaticharan, B.L.	...	1891	Morris College
Maulik, Srischandra	...	1871	Presidency College
Matilal, Surendranath, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
Misra, Brahmasankar	...	1870	Free Church Institution
„ Isanchandra	...	1884	Benares College
* „ Lakshmisankar	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Ramaballabh	...	1870	Benares College
* „ Ramsankar	...	1892	Sanskrit College
„ Tulsiram	...	1877	Benares College
„ Umasankar	...	1888	Agra College
	...	1878	Benares College

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

*Mitra, Abhayacharan	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Adharchandra, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Ambikacharan	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Ambikacharan, B.L.	...	1878	Hughli College
* „ Amulyacharan, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
* „ Asutosh, No. II.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
* „ Bankimchandra, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
* „ Baradacharan	...	1882	Ditto
„ Basambad, B.L.	...	1886	City College
* „ Bhagabatcharan, B.L.	...	1881	Hughli College
„ Bireswar	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
„ Debendrakumar	...	1891	St. Xavier's College
„ Grischandra	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Haranchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Patna College
„ Harendranarayan, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
* „ Haricharan, B.L.	...	1872	Ditto
„ Hemendranath, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Jyotischandra	...	1890	Ditto
* „ Kartikchandra, B.L.	...	1870	Ditto
„ Kumudbihari, B.L.	...	1891	Ditto
* „ Lalbihari, B.L.	...	1882	Hughli College
„ Lalitchandra	...	1888	Free Church Institution
* „ Mahendrachandra, B.L.	...	1870	Hughli College
* „ Mahendrakumar	...	1892	Presidency College
* „ Mahendralal	...	1865	Ditto
* „ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Nareschandra	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nilkrishna	...	1892	Private Student
„ Nilmani	...	1891	Ditto
* „ Purnachandra	...	1878	Krishnagar College
* „ Ramcharan, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
* „ Rasamay	...	1883	Hughli College
* „ Saradacharan, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Saradacharan	...	1883	Teacher
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Satischandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Srikanta	...	1891	Private Student
„ Srischandra, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
* „ Surendranath, B.L.	...	1879	Ditto
„ Trailokyanath, D.L.	...	1864	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
„ Upendramohan	...	1892	Private Student
* „ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1863	Ditto
M. Moinuddin Ahmad	...	1892	Private Student
Mubarak Husan	...	1887	Muir Central College
Muhammad Abbas Ali	...	1889	Presidency College
Muhammad Azizul Huq, B.L.	...	1892	Private Student

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

Muhammad Habibulla	...	1888	Presidency College
Muhammad Mustafa Khan, B.L.	...	1890	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
„ Adharchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
* „ Adyanath, B.L.	...	1872	Free Church Institution
„ Amarchandra, B.L.	...	1878	Hughli College
„ Amritalal, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
* „ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
* „ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1878	Hughli College
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	{ 1885 } { 1886 }	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1889	Ditto
„ Bamapada	...	1879	Teacher
„ Biharilal, B.L.	...	1870	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Binodlal	...	1881	Muir Central College
* „ Becharam, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
* „ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
* „ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1874	Ditto
* „ Bisweswar, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
* „ Brajagopal, B.L.	...	1878	Ditto
„ Chandrasekhar, B.L.	...	1880	Teacher
„ Debkisor	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
* „ Debendranath	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Durgadas, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Gangaprasad, B.L.	...	1888	Sanskrit College
* „ Girijabhushan, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
* „ Girischandra	...	1884	Free Church Institution
* „ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
* „ Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1868	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
* „ Harabilas, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
* „ Haranchandra, B.L.	...	1878	Ditto
„ Harendrakrishna	...	1892	Ditto
* „ Haridas, B.L.	...	1873	Ditto
„ Hariprasanna, B.L.	...	1870	Krishnagar College
„ Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Muir Central College
„ Hiralal, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
* „ Hiralal, B.L.	...	1877	Hughli College
„ Jaineswar, B.L.	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Jahnabicharan	...	1891	Hughli College
* „ Jibanchandra	...	1883	Muir Central College
„ Jnanendrachandra, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Jnanendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
* „ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1872	Ditto
* „ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath	...	1888	Free Church Institution
* „ Kalidhan, B.L.	...	1876	Sanskrit College
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1888	Teacher
* „ Kaminikumar, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

* Mukhopadhyay, Kanailal, B.L.	1871	Presidency College
*, " Kapaliprasanna, B.L.	1866	Ditto
*, " Krishnadhan, B.L.	1880	Ditto
*, " Kshetramohan	1872	Ditto
*, " Kumudbandhu, B.L.	1887	Dacca College
*, " Mukundadeb	1880	Hughli College
*, " Nabinkrishna, B.L.	1863	Presidency College
*, " Nabinkrishna, B.L.	1864	Ditto
*, " Nalinikanta, B.L.	1888	Ditto
*, " Nalinikanta	1892	Private Student
*, " Nandalal	1892	Presidency College
*, " Nibaranchandra, B.L.	1866	Ditto
*, " Nilambar, B.L.	1865	Sanskrit College
*, " Nilmani, B.L.	1867	Ditto
*, " Nityagopal, B.L.	1881	Genl Assembly's Instn.
*, " Nrisinhachandra, B.L.	1867	Sanskrit College
*, " Pratapnarayan	1886	Presidency College
*, " Priyanath	1883	Canning College
*, " Priyanath	1888	Presidency College
*, " Priyanath	1888	Ditto
*, " Purnachandra, B.L.	1884	Muir Central College
*, " Pyarimohan, B.L.	1865	Presidency College
*, " Rajendralal	1890	Ditto
*, " Rajkrishna, B.L.	1867	Ditto
*, " Rakhaldas	1892	City College
*, " Ramprasanna	1881	Sanskrit College
*, " Saradaprasad, B.L.	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
*, " Saratchandra	1874	Presidency College
*, " Saratchandra, B.L.	1887	Benares College
*, " Saratchandra, B.L.	1890	Presidency College
*, " Sasibhushan, B.L.	1872	Ditto
*, " Satischandra, B.L.	1886	Ditto
*, " Satyachandra, B.L.	1887	City College
*, " Siddheswar	1892	Presidency College
*, " Srischandra, B.L.	1877	Ditto
*, " Sureschandra	1892	Ditto
*, " Syamdas	1890	Ditto
*, " Tarapada	1892	Ditto
*, " Tejchandra, B.L.	1874	Ditto
*, " Tulsidas	1888	St. Xavier's College
*, " Umacharan	1871	Benares College
*, " Upendranath, B.L.	1882	Sanskrit College
* Mulraj	1875	Lahore College
Munshi, Gurunath, B.L.	1884	Teacher
Munshilal	1876	Delhi College
Nag, Girischandra, B.L.	1886	Presidency College
*, " Haradhan, B.L.	1878	Ditto
*, " Kunjalal	1879	Sanskrit College
*, " Sambhuchandra, B.L.	1866	Dacca College
*, " Syamakanta, B.L.	1878	Presidency College

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

Namasivaya, V., B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
Nand Kishore Lal, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
Nandi, Ramanath	...	1863	Ditto
Narayan Dajiba Wadegaonkar	...	1892	Hislop College
*Narayan Das	...	1879	Lahore College
Narayan Moreshwar Sane	...	1881	Muir Central College
Nehal Chand	...	1889	Agra College
*Niblett, R. H.	...	1887	Muir Central College
*Niyogi, Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1874	Teacher
„ Gatikrishna, B.L.	...	1885	Patna College
„ Rajaniprasad	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Sasikumar, B.L.	...	1891	Sanskrit College
Nur Bakhsh	...	1892	M. A. O. College
*Ohdedar, Narendranath, B.L.	...	1882	Presidency College
Pal, Amritlal, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Bholanath	...	1867	Teacher
*„ Maniklal	...	1880	Hughli College
„ Nagendranath	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Tulsicharan, B.L.	...	1877	Free Church Institution
Palit, Debendranath, B.L.	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Piryanath, B.L.	...	1877	Free Church Institution
*Pandit, Mohanlal Hukhu	...	1884	Muir Central College
*„ Prannath, B.L.	...	1874	Sanskrit College
*Prag Das	...	1878	Muir Central College
*Pramanik, Jasadanandan, B.L.	...	1871	Krishnagar College
„ Krishnadayal	...	1883	Presidency College
*Priya Das	...	1874	Muir Central College
Purohit, Gopinath	...	1889	Agra College
Radha Raman	...	1888	Ditto
Raja Bahadur	...	1885	Teacher
Ramchandra	...	1887	Muir Central College
Ram Sahay, B.L.	...	1885	Patna College
Ray, Annadamohan	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Anukulchandra	...	1892	Private Student
*„ Atulkrishna	...	1880	Presidency College
*„ Bamacharan, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
„ Baradaprasad, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
*„ Binodchandra	...	1890	Private Student
„ Chandrakumar	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Chandranarayan, B.L.	...	1879	Hughli College
„ Debendrakumar	...	1890	Dacca College
*„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1876	Patna College
*„ Dwijendralal	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Ganganarayan, B.L.	...	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Girindralal, B.L.	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
*„ Gopalchandra	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Haranchandra	...	1888	Ditto
„ Harendranarayan	...	1890	Ditto
*„ Haricharan	...	1877	Canning College
„ Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

Ray, Jnanadakisor, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
*,, Jnanendralal, B.L.	...	1874	Ditto
*,, Jageschandra	...	1883	Hughli College
,, Kalicharan	...	1887	Free Church Institution
,, Kalikumar	...	1887	Presidency College
,, Kaliprasanna	...	1880	Ditto
*,, Kaliprasanna, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
,, Kedarnath, B.L.	—	1876	Dacca College
,, Kulachandra	...	1888	Free Church Institution
*,, Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
,, Mohinimohan	...	1889	Ditto
*,, Nabadwipchandra, B.L.	...	1878	Free Church Institution
,, Pramadakisor, B.L.	...	1886	Dacca College
*,, Prasannachandra, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
,, Purnachandra	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
*,, Radhanath	...	1871	Presidency College
,, Rajanikanta	...	1892	Ditto
*,, Rajaninath	...	1873	Ditto
,, Rajendramohan	...	1892	Private Student
*,, Saradaprasanna	...	1873	Free Church Institution
,, Saradaranjan	...	1879	Presidency College
*,, Sasadhar, B.L.	...	1880	Ditto
,, Satischandra	...	1889	Ditto
*,, Satischandra, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
,, Satischandra	...	1886	Ditto
,, Satischandra	...	1889	Sanskrit College
,, Satyacharan	...	1874	Ditto
,, Somnath	...	1885	Patna College
,, Sureschandra	—	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Tripuracharan	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
Raychaudhuri, Bipindrakumar	...	1891	Presidency College
,, Kshirodchandra	...	1874	Ditto
*,, Matilal, B.L.	—	1868	Ditto
,, Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
,, Tejendranath, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
*Raza Husein	...	1877	Muir Central College
*Rudra, Bhagabatchandra, M.D.	...	1874	Presidency College
,, Manmathanath	...	1886	Ditto
,, Susilkumar	...	1884	Free Church Institution
Sadashiva Jairam Dehadrai	...	1891	Private Student
Sadhu, Krishnalal	...	1892	Ditto
,, Rajendralal	—	1892	Hughli College
*Saha, Gopalchandra, B.L.	—	1869	Presidency College
,, Ramlal, B.L.	...	1882	Patna College
Samanta, Kalitaran, B.L.	...	1883	Presidency College
*Sanyal, Abhyacharan	...	1879	Muir Central College
,, Girischandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
,, Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
*,, Manilal, B.L.	—	1865	Doveton College
,, Nalinimohan, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

*Sanyal, Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Canning College
„ Umeschandra	...	1870	Queen's Coll., Benares
*Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad, B.L.	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Jyotiprasad, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Krishnaprasad, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
Sarkar, Asutosh	...	1880	Dacca College
„ Benimadhab	...	1887	Agra College
„ Bholanath	...	1892	General Assembly's Instn.
*„ Biharilal	...	1881	Presidency College
*„ Chandrasekhar, B.L.	...	1878	Ditto
*„ Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1880	Ditto
„ Debendranath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Durganath	...	1890	Sanskrit College
„ Golapchandra, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1892	Presidency College
*„ Jaganmohan, B.L.	...	1880	Dacca College
*„ Kisorilal, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1891	Ditto
„ Munindranath, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Nandalal, B.L.	...	1886	Teacher
*„ Narendranath, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
*„ Nilkanta	—	1876	Ditto
„ Nilratan, M.D.	...	1889	M.B.
*„ Purnachandra	...	1884	Presidency College
*„ Saradaprasad	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
*„ Sasibhushan	...	1870	Krishnagar College
*„ Siddheswar, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
*„ Surendranath, B.L.	...	1872	Ditto
„ Sureschandra	...	1889	City College
„ Syamlal	...	1889	Presidency College
Sarkhel, Haricharan, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Sarnakar, Nagendranath	...	1892	City College
*Sen, Adityachandra, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Akhilchandra, B.L.	...	1866	Dacca College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1889	Ditto
*„ Ambikacharan, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Ambikaprasad, B.L.	...	1891	Ditto
*„ Bankimchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
*„ Batakrishna, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Binayendranath	...	{ 1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
		{ 1890	Private Student
*„ Bisweswar	...	1883	Dacca College
*„ Chandrakanta, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Dakshincharan, B.L.	...	1882	Sanskrit College
„ Debendranath	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
*„ Guruballabh, B.L.	...	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Guruprasad, B.L.	...	1864	Presidency College

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

Sen, Harendranath	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
„ Jagadischandra	...	1887	Dacca College
* „ Jaykrishna	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Kalikumar, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
„ Kalipada	...	1888	Ditto
* „ Kasikanta, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1887	Teacher
„ Kshirodral	...	1891	Presidency College
* „ Krishnabihari	...	1869	Ditto
„ Krishnakumar	—	1872	Free Church Institution
„ Mohinimohan, B.L.	—	1872	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mohitchandra	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Narayanchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Pramathanath, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
* „ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
„ Radhikamohan, B.L.	...	1890	Private Student
„ Rajkumar	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Rajmohan	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Ramlal, B.L.	...	1882	Ditto
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
* „ Trigunacharan	...	1877	Presidency College
* Sengupta, Kisorimohan	...	1880	Ditto
„ Prabodhprakas	...	1891	Ditto
* Set, Dhanaballabh	...	1883	Ditto
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1875	Benares College
* „ Gobindalal	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Nibaranchandra	...	1889	Ditto
* „ Rajendranath, B.L.	...	1870	Ditto
Setukavalar, R.N.	...	1874	Teacher
Sh. Bahadur Ali	...	1891	M. A. O. College
* Sil, Brajendranath	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
* „ Jadabchandra, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
Singh, Manilal	...	1885	Ditto
„ Viddyacharan	...	1888	Muir Central College
Sinha, Bankubihari, B.L.	...	1886	Xt. Xavier's College
„ Basanticharan, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Birchandra	...	1889	R. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
* „ Chandranarayan	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Jogindrakumar	...	1886	Ditto
„ Kshetralal, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
„ Kshirodnath	...	1871	Sanskrit College
„ Madhabprasad	...	1884	Benares College
„ Natigopal	...	1890	General Assembly's Instn.
„ Nirmalchandra, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
* „ Prabhachandra, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
* „ Pramathakrishna, B.L.	...	1878	Ditto
* „ Purnendunarayan, B.L.	...	1881	Patna College

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

Sinha, Satischandra	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Sureschandra	...	1887	Ditto
„ Upendranarayan	...	1890	Ditto
Som, Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1888	Hughli College
„ Jaygobinda, B.L.	...	1865	Free Church Institution
„ Nirmalabala	...	1891	Private Student
*„ Trailokyanath, B.L.	...	1881	Hughli College
Sriram	...	1872	Delhi College
Sriram, B.L.	...	1876	Canning College
Srotiya, Rughuvalsala	...	1888	Muir Central College
*Sukul, Kalisankar	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Matacin	...	1884	Muir Central College
Sur, Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1882	Presidency College
*Syam, Saradacharan, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
Syed Kallan	...	{ 1887 1892 }	Teacher
Syed Shamsul Huda, B.L.	...	1889	Private Student
Takrim-ud-din Ahmed, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
Taraprasada	...	1885	Muir Central College
*Thakur, Akshaykumar	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Kasinath Kesab, B.L.	...	1883	Muir Central College
Trimbuck Anant Sothey	...	1887	Agra College
Trivedi, Ramendrasundar	...	1887	Presidency College
Twidale, G. A., B.L.	...	1867	Doveton College
Ukil, Ambikacharan	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Tarakchandra, B.L.	...	1890	Dacca College
Upadhyay, Indira Datta	...	1886	Teacher
*Vinayak Moreswar Kelkar	...	1882	Muir Central College
Vinayak Rao Yadeo Bhope	...	1888	Ditto
Wheeler, E. M.	...	1889	Bishop's College
White, J. T.	...	1888	Teacher
*Younan, E.	...	1870	St. Xavier's College
Zahadur Rahim Zahid	...	1889	Private Student.

B. A.

** In Alphabetical Order.*

Abbad Abul Makarem	...	1887	Presidency College
Abdul Aziz	...	1886	Dacca College
Abdul Aziz	...	1887	Teacher
Abdul Aziz	...	1890	Presidency College
Abdul Aziz Khan, B.L.	...	1887	Hughli College
Abdul Bari, B.L.	...	1870	Cathedral Mission College
Abdul Hak	...	1886	Teacher
Abdul Hamin, B.L.	...	1884	Patna College
Abdul Hamid	...	1888	Teacher
Abdul Hamid	...	1890	St. Xavier's College

* Indicates Honours in Arts.

Abdul Hamid	...	1891	Presidency College
Abdul Jabbar, B.L.	...	1884	Hughli College
Abdul Jawad, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
†Abdul Kadir	...	1891	Presidency College
†Abdul Karim	...	1886	Ditto
Abdul Khaliq	...	1873	Hughli College
Abdul Latif	...	1884	M. A. O. Coll., Aligarh
Abdul Lateef	...	1890	Hughli College
Abdul Majid, B.L.	...	1884	Dacca College
†Abdul Majid	...	1887	Presidency College
Abdul Wajid, B.L.	...	1886	Dacca College
Abdur Rahim, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
Abdur Rahman, B.L.	...	1883	Hughli College
†Abdus Samad, B.L.	...	1886	Patna College
Abul Muhmud	...	1889	Presidency College
Acharyya, Bijaykisor	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Jyotishchandra	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Kaliprasanna, B.L.	...	1884	Rajshahye College
„ Kedarnath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Panchanan	...	1885	Teacher
„ Prankrishna	...	1885	General Assembly's Instn.
„ Ramchandra	...	1890	Teacher
†„ Satischandra	...	1892	Krishnagar College
†„ Taraprasanna	...	1885	Presidency College
Achhruram	...	1879	Lahore College
Achyutanand Sahay	...	1888	Patna College
Adhikari, Debicharan	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Gopeschandra, B.L.	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Hemnath	...	1886	City College
†„ Kesablal, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Suryyakumar	...	1875	Presidency College
Adhya, Amulyadhan	...	1892	Ditto
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1868	Hughli College
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Mohanbihari	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Purnachandra	...	1889	Ravenshaw College
„ Saratchandra	...	1884	Hughli College
Adya Prasad, B.L.	...	1889	Patna College
Advani, Hirananda	...	1884	Presidency College
Afsaruddin Mahomed	...	1890	Ditto
Agrawala, Dhannulal	...	1891	Ditto
Agasti, Ramnarayan	...	1883	Free Church Institution
Ahmed	...	1891	Presidency College
Ahmed Hamid-ud-din	...	1868	Teacher
Ahmed Hasan Khan	...	1875	Bareilly College
Ahmed Hसन Khan	...	1885	M. A. O. College, Aligarh
Ahmad Ullah, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
Aich, Radhakanta, B.L.	...	1873	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Aich, Ramaprasad	...	1891	Teacher
Aikath, Saradakumar, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
" Saratchandra	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
Akhileswarprasad, B.L.	...	1876	Patna College
Alamdhar Hoosain	...	1887	Muir Central College
Ali Ahmed, B.L.	...	1881	Patna College
Ali Hasan	...	1888	Ditto
Ali Karim, B.L.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
†Alimuddin Ahmed	...	1890	Presidency College
Alim-uz-zaman	...	1887	Hughli College
Amarnath	...	1880	Canning College
Amir Ali, B.L.	...	1889	St Xavier's College
Amjad Ali	...	1881	Patna College
Amrit Laxman Dighe	...	1887	Muir Central College
Amritlal Kayestha Shrivastava	...	1887	Jabalpur College
†Amrit Ramchandra Bambawal	...	1888	Ditto
Anant Lal	...	1888	Muir Central College
Anup Narayan, B.L.	...	1888	Patna College
Anup Singh	...	1888	Bareilly College
†Arulanantham, A.D.	...	1891	Bishop's College
†Asa Ram	...	1888	Bareilly College
Asaf Khan	...	1892	Presidency College
†Aserappa, Arthur, B.L.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
Asgur Ali Khan, B.L.	...	1884	Patna College
Ashurfee Lal	...	1888	Agra College
A. S. H. Hossain	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn and Duff College
Atmaram, B.L.	...	1865	Agra College
Atmaram	...	1882	Patna College
Atmaram Matha	...	1872	Lahore College
†, Narayan Shrouthy	...	1890	Morris College
Aung Thein	...	1892	Rangoon College
Awadhkisor, B.L.	...	1880	Patna College
Ayaram	...	1878	Lahore College
Ayodhya Prasad	...	1892	Hislop College, Nagpur
†Azmat Ali Firoz	—	1886	Muir Central College
Babulal Rustoji	...	1888	M. A. O College, Aligarh
Babumal	...	1873	Delhi College
Badriprasad	...	1875	Ditto
†Badriprasad	...	1887	Agra College
Bagchi, Annadaprasad, B.L.	—	1872	Krishnagar College
" Brajanath	—	1890	Ripon College
" Debendraprasad, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
" Durgadas	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Durganath, B.L.	...	1868	Berhampur College
" Girjakanta	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Gopalprasad	...	1878	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Hari-chandra, B.L.	...	1867	Teacher
" Hiralal	...	1868	Free Church Institution
" Jajueswar	...	1873	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Bagchi, Kailaschandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manoranjan	...	1890	Krishnagar College
„ Nagendranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nandalal	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Priyambada	...	1892	Bethune College
„ Purnachandra	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Ramaprasad, M.D.	...	1884	M. B.
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1887	Rajshahye College
„ Satyendranarayan, B.L.	...	1890	Presidency College
Bahmanji Muncherji	...	1887	Morris College
Bajinath	...	1873	Delhi College
†Bajinath Sinha, B.L.	...	1887	Patna College
Bajpai, Benimadhab	...	1880	Canning College
Bajpai, Seetla Prasad	...	1885	Ditto
Baksi, Harischandra, B.L.	...	1884	Hughli College
„ Nagendrachandra, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Panchanan	...	1889	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
„ Saradaprasad, B.L.	...	1882	Metropolitan Institution
„ Taraprasanna	...	1886	Ditto
„ Upendralal	...	1889	City College
Baldevaprasad	...	1887	L. M. College, Benares
Batawarlal	...	1876	Bareilly College
Bal, Dwijendranath, B.L.	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Rajendralal, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
Balaji Jairam Jadtao	...	1891	Morris College, Nagpur
†Balaji Vithoba Avalay	...	1885	Canning College
Baldeo Lal, B.L.	...	1882	Patna College
Baldebaram	...	1881	Benares College
Baldeoprasad	...	1871	Agra College
Baleswarprasad	...	1875	Benares College
Baliram Narayan Deshmukh, B.L.	...	1888	Morris College
†Balkrishna Lal	...	1887	Muir Central College
†Balkrishna Narhar Mulkar	...	1892	Hislop College, Nagpur
Banarsi Das	...	1888	M. A. O. College
Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Abinaschandra	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Abinaschandra	...	1887	Teacher
„ Adharchandra	...	1881	Krishnagar College
„ Aghornath, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Akhilchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Ambikacharan	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†„ Amulyachandra, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Annadaprasad, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anradaprasad, B.L.	...	1887	Teacher
„ Anukulchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Anupchandra	...	1886	L. M. S. Col., Bhowanipour
†„ Apurbakumar, B.L.	...	1886	St. Xavier's College
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1881	General Assembly's Instn.

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Bandyopachyay, Asutosh, B.L.	...	1876	Cathedral Mission College
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1884	General Assembly's Instn.
„ Asutosh	...	1886	L.M.S. Col., Bhowanipur
† „ Asutosh	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Asutosh	...	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Atulchandra	...	1884	Ditto
„ Atulchandra	...	1892	Teacher (Roll. Dac.)
„ Atulchandra	...	1892	City College
„ Balaram, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bamandas, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Bamacharan, B.L.	...	1862	Ditto
„ Bamacharan	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bamapada	...	1891	City College
„ Banawarilal, B.L.	...	1878	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Banamali	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baninath, B.L.	...	1882	Patna College
„ Bansidhar, B.L.	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Baradakanta, B.L.	...	1886	Teacher
„ Baranasi	...	1889	Ditto
„ Baranasi	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Basantakumar	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Basantakumar	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Bhairabchandra, B.L.	...	1862	Ditto
„ Bholanath	...	1884	Benares College
„ Bhubanmohan, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
† „ Bhubanmohan	...	1887	L. M. College, Benares
„ Bidhubhushan, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Bidhubhushan, B.L.	...	1879	Ditto
„ Biharilal	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Bijaychandra	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Bijaykrishna	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bindulal	...	1877	St. Xavier's College
„ Binodbihari	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Bireswar	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bisweswar	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Chandrabhushan, B.L.	...	1882	Muir Central College
† „ Chandrabhushan, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandrakumar	...	1872	Free Church Institution
„ Chandranath	...	1870	Teacher
„ Charuchandra	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Charuchandra	...	1891	Krishnagar College
„ Chunilal	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1885	St. Xavier's College
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1889	Ripon College
† „ Dhanapati	...	1892	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Bandyopadhyay, Dharmadas, B.L....	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dharanidhar, B.L. ...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Dibakar ...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Dinabandhu, B.L. ...	1881	Presidency College
„ Dinanath ...	1890	Teacher
„ Durgacharan ...	1876	Muir Central College
„ Durganath, B.L. ...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dwaibachandra ...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Gaganchandra ...	1873	Presidency College
„ Girindrachandra ...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Girindranath ...	1892	Hughli College
„ Girischandra, B.L. ...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gobinlal ...	1891	Presidency College
„ Gopalchandra ...	1871	Krishnagar College
„ Gopalchandra, B.L. ...	1870	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra, B.L. ...	1873	Presidency College
„ Gopikrishna, B.L. ...	1873	Ditto
„ Gopimohan ...	1892	City College
„ Gopinath, B.L. ...	1861	Presidency College
„ Haranchadra ...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Harendranath ...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Haricharan ...	1868	Free Church Institution
„ Haricharan ...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Haridas ...	1890	Patna College
„ Harilal, B.L. ...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Harimohan, B.L. ...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harimohan ...	1888	Agra College
„ Harinath, B.L. ...	1877	Presidency College
„ Haripada ...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Haripada ...	1890	Ripon College
† „ Haripada ...	1892	Presidency College
„ Harisadhan ...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Hemchandra, B.L. ...	1859	Presidency College
„ Hemchandra ...	1885	Krishnagar College
„ Hemnath, B.L. ...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Herambachandra, B.L....	1887	Teacher
„ Hiralal ...	1884	Presidency College
„ Indranath ...	1869	Cathedral Mission College
„ Jadabchandra, B.L. ...	1868	Medical College
„ Jadunath, B.L. ...	1872	Cathedral Mission College
„ Jadunath, B.L. ...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Jagannath ...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jagatchandra, B.L. ...	1865	Presidency College
„ Jaygopal ...	1891	Ditto
„ Jhulanchandra, B.L. ...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jibankrishna ...	1892	Teacher (Koil. Cal.)
„ Jnanendrachandra ...	1885	Presidency College
„ Jogeschandra ...	1891	Berhampur College
† „ Jogindrachandra ...	1888	Free Church Institution

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Bandyopadhyay, Jogindranath	...	1883	Presidency College
" Jogindranath	—	1885	Hughli College
" Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
" Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Jyotindranath, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
" Jyotischandra, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College
" Kaila-chandra, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
" Kaldas	...	1889	Ditto
" Kalidhan, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Kalinkar	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Kalikrishna, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
" Kalipada, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
" Kaliprasanna	...	1887	Teacher
" Kaliprasanna	...	1888	Ditto
" Kaminimohan, B.L.	...	1888	Ripon College
" Kanailal	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Kantichandra, B.L.	...	1871	Teacher
" Karunamay, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
" Kedarnath	...	1877	Benares College
" Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1880	Patna College
" Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1886	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
" Kedarnath	...	1891	Ripon College
" Kedarnath	...	1892	Teacher (Roll. Cal.)
" Kesab Lal	...	1889	Ripon College
" Kshetischandra	...	1890	Teacher
" Kiranchandra	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Krishnachandra	...	1874	Benares College
" Kisorimohan, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Kshetramohan	...	1873	Ditto
" Kshetranath	...	1892	Berhampur College
" Kshetranath	...	1892	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Kumudnath, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
" Kunjabihari	...	1892	City College
" Lalitkumar, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Lalitmohan, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
" Lalitmohan	...	1886	Ditto
" Mahadeb, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
" Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1868	Ditto
" Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1873	Ditto
" Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1875	Ditto
" Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1876	Cathedral Mission College
" Mahendranath	...	1877	St. Xavier's College
" Maheschandra, B.L.	...	1872	Patna College
" Matlal, B.L.	...	1889	Ripon College
" Matlal	...	1892	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
" Nabinchandra, B.L.	...	1869	Patna College
" Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
" Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Nalinimohan	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
" Nandalal, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College

Bandyopadhyay, Nandalal, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
„ Narayandas	...	1834	Ditto
„ Narayandas, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Narendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Narendranath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nibaranchandra, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
† „ Nibaranchandra	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Nibaranchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nibaranchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
„ Nilmadhab, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Nilratan, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Niradchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Nrityagopal, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Nrityagopal, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Panchkari	...	1869	Teacher
† „ Panchkari	...	1887	Patna College
† „ Pannalal	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Parbaticharan, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Parbaticharan	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Paresnath, B.L.	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Pramadacharan, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
„ Pramathanath, B.L.	...	1866	Ditto
„ Pramathanath	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Priy Nath, B.L.	...	1868	Krishnagar College
„ Purnachandra	...	1867	Queen's College, Benares
„ Purnachandra	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Raghunath, B.L.	...	1889	Hughli College
† „ Rajchandra	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rajendralal	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Rajendranath	...	1873	Ditto
„ Rajendranath	...	1886	L. M. College, Benares
„ Rakhachandra	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Rakhaldas	...	1877	Free Church Institution
„ Rakhaldas, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Rakhaldas	...	1886	Teacher
„ Rakhaldas, B.L.	...	1888	Rajshahye College
„ Rakhaldas	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Ramchandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Ramdas	...	1892	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur
„ Ramkrishna, B.L.	...	1886	City College
„ Rammohan	...	1868	Queen's College, Benares
„ Ramnarayan, B.L.	...	1372	Presidency College
„ Ramtaran, B.L.	...	1873	Ditto
„ Rasbihari, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rasbihari	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Rasbihari	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Rasiklal	...	1883	Teacher
„ Rebatichandra, B.L.	...	1870	Dacca College
„ Saradakanta	...	1891	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Bandyopadhyay, Saradaprasad	...	1889	City College
" Saradaprasad	...	1889	St. Xavier's College
" Saradaprasad	...	1890	Ripon College
" Saradaprasad	...	1890	Presidency College
" Saradaprasad	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
" Saratchandra	...	1884	Free Church Institution
" Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Saratchandra	...	1888	Presidency College
" Saratchandra	...	1892	Patna College
†, " Sasadhar	...	1886	Presidency College
" Sasibhushan	...	1870	Free Church Institution
" Sasibhushan	...	1881	Krishnagar College
" Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
" Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1889	City College
†, " Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1890	Presidency College
" Sasibhushan	...	1890	Ripon College
" Sasikumar, B.L.	...	1888	Dacca College
†, " Sasisekhar	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Sasisekhar	...	1877	Presidency College
" Satinath	...	1890	Ditto
" Satischandra, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Satischandra, B.L.	...	1888	Dacca College
" Satischandra, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Satkari, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
" Satyadayal, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
" Sibchandra, B.L.	...	1868	Patna College
" Sibdas	...	1892	General Assembly's Instn.
" Sihnarayan, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
" Siddheswar	...	1868	Hughli College
" Sitaram	...	1883	Canning College
" Srinibas	...	1891	Dacca College
" Srischandra, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
" Srischandra, B.L.	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
" Srischandra	...	1887	Muir Central College
" Srischandra, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
" Subodchandra	...	1892	Patna College
" Sureschandra, B.L.	...	1881	Hughli College
" Syamacharan	...	1881	Canning College
" Syamacharan	...	1889	Berhampur College
" Tarabhushan	...	1892	General Assembly's Instn.
" Taradas, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
†, " Tarakrishna	...	1889	Ditto
" Taranath	...	1888	Muir Central College
" Tarapada, B.L.	...	1868	Krishnagar College
" Tarapasanna, B.L.	...	1877	Hughli College
" Tinkari, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
" Tinkari	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Tripuracharan	...	1874	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Basu,	Bijaykrishna, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
"	Bijaykrishna	...	1888	Teacher
"	Binodbihari	...	1872	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Binodbihari	...	1887	Presidency College
†,	Binodbihari	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
"	Bipinbihari	...	1870	Hughli College
"	Bipinbihari	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
"	Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Birajaprasad, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
"	Bishnupada, B.L.	...	1874	Ditto
"	Brajendrakumar, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Chandrakumar, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
"	Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
"	Charuchandra	...	1887	Presidency College
"	Dakshinaprasad, B.L.	...	1863	Ditto
"	Debendralal, B.L.	...	1863	Ditto
†,	Debendranath	...	1891	City College
"	Debendranarayan	...	1860	Presidency College
"	Dinanath, B.L.	...	1866	Free Church Institution
"	Dinanath, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
"	Dinanath	...	1884	Ditto
"	Dinanath, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
"	Durgakumar	...	1868	Teacher
"	Durgaram, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
"	Dwarkanath	...	1879	Dacca College
"	Grischandra, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
"	Girischandra, B.L.	...	1880	Teacher
"	Girischandra	...	1890	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
"	Girishchandra	...	1892	City College
"	Gobardhan, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Gobindachandra	...	1888	Ripon College
"	Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
"	Goshthabihari	...	1891	Ripon College
"	Gurudas	...	1885	Canning College
"	Harakanta	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Haranchandra	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
"	Hariballabh, B.L.	...	1869	Presidency College
"	Haricharan	...	1890	City College
†,	Haridas, B.L.	...	1883	Presidency College
"	Haridas, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
"	Harinath, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assen.oly's Instn.
"	Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1872	Ditto
"	Hemchandra	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
"	Hiralal	...	1890	Ditto
"	Hridaydhan	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Jadabkrishna, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
"	Jadunath	...	1858	Presidency College
"	Jadunath	...	1875	Ditto
"	Jadunath	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
"	Jagadisachandra	...	1870	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Basu, Jagadischandra	...	1880	St. Xavier's College
„ Jagatchandra	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jajneswar	...	1888	City College
„ Janakinath, B.L.	...	1882	Ravenshaw College
„ Jayantakumar	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Jitendralal	...	1892	Ditto
„ Jnanendranath B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Jnanendranath, B.L.	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†, Jnanendranath	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Jogeschandra	...	1872	Ditto
„ Jogindrachandra	...	1877	Ditto
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1868	Free Church Institution
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath	...	1883	Ditto
„ Jogindranath	...	1892	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Jyotindrakumar	...	1892	Presidency College
†, Jyotindranath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Jyotindranath, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Kadambini	...	1883	Bethune Female School
„ Kai laschandra, B.L.	...	1881	Cathedral Mission College
„ Kalidas	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Kalikumar, B.L.	...	1869	Berhampur College
„ Kalikumar	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kalipada	...	1877	Canning College
„ Kamakhyaprasad	...	1891	Vic. Col., Cooch-Bihar
„ Kedarnath	...	1889	Teacher
„ Kesabkumar, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Khudiram	...	1876	Free Church Institution
„ Kshetramohan	...	1860	Civil Engineering College
„ Kshetramohan, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Kshetramohan	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Kumudkanta	...	1892	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kunjabihari	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Lalbihari, B.L.	...	1884	Canning College
„ Lalitkisor	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Lalitmohan	...	1889	Teacher
„ Latubihari, B.L.	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1868	Hughli College
„ M. M.	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Insti- tution and Duff College
„ Manindranath, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Manmathakumar, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1879	Genl. Assembly Instn.
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1890	City College
†, Manmathamohan	...	1891	General Assembly's Instn.
„ Matilal, B.L.	...	1881	Hughli College
„ Mathuranath, B.L.	...	1866	Free Church Institution
„ Mohinimohan	...	1876	Dacca College
„ Mokshadakumar	...	1889	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Basu, Nabinchandra, B.L.	...	1869	Cathedral Mission College
„ Nagendralal, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nagendranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nandakumar	...	1880	Dacca College
„ Narayanchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Narendrachandra	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Nepalchandra, B.L.	...	1868	Free Church Institution
„ Nilkanta	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nimaichandra, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Nityananda	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Pannalal	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Paresnath, B.L.	..	1873	Presidency College
† „ Prabodhchandra	...	1892	Ditto
„ Pramathanath, B.L.	...	1874	Ditto
„ Pramathanath	...	1889	City College
„ Pramathanath	...	1892	Ripon College
† „ Pramathanath	...	1892	Presidency College
† „ Pramatheswar	...	1891	City College
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1870	Free Church Institution
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	—	1887	City College
† „ Pratapchandra, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Premtosh	...	1889	St. Xavier's College
„ Priyagopal	...	1887	Teacher
„ Priyanath	...	1879	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Priyanath, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Pulinbihari, B.L.	...	1875	Ditto
„ Pyarimohan	—	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Raicharan, B.L.	—	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajaninath	...	1882	Teacher
„ Rajendrakumar, B.L.	—	1866	Presidency College
„ Rajendrakumar	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Rajendrakumar	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Rajendranath	...	1886	Teacher
„ Rajendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Rajkumar	...	1892	Dacca College
„ Rakhchalchandra, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Rakhchalchandra, B.L.	...	1879	Free Church Institution
„ Rakhchalchandra	...	1875	Hughli College
„ Rakhaldas	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Rameschandra, B.L.	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Rameschandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rameschandra, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Rameswar	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Ramkamal	...	1866	Free Church Institution
„ Rasikchandra	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Saradacharan	...	1882	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saradaprasad, B.L.	...	1874	Cathedral Mission College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Basu, Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1873	Dacca College
„ Saratchandra	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Canning College
„ Saratkisor, B.L.	...	1882	Dacca College
„ Saratkumar	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1865	Dacca College
„ Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1869	Hughli College
„ Sasibhushan	...	1872	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Satischandra	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Satischandra	...	1891	Ditto
„ Sibram, B.L.	...	1879	Ditto
„ Siddheswar	...	1889	Teacher
„ Sitalnath	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Sripati, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Sriramchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Ravenshaw College
„ Srischandra	...	1881	Lahore College
„ Sudhanyakumar	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendrachandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Surendranath	...	1890	City College
„ Surendranath	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Sureschandra	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sureschandra, B.L.	...	1886	Doveton College
„ Suryyakumar	...	1888	Teacher
„ Syamacharan	...	1881	Ditto
„ Syamacharan	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Syamacharan	...	1890	Ditto
„ Syamkisor, B.L.	...	1868	Dacca College
„ Tarakchandra, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Tarnicharan	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Trailokyanath, B.L.	...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Udaychandra, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Upendranath	...	1882	Ditto
„ Upendranath	...	1884	Benares College
„ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendranath	...	1892	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Basudeva Narayan	...	1890	Patna College
Basumallik, Asutosh	...	1887	Teacher
Batabyal, Atulchandra, B.L.	...	1878	Presidency College
† „ Bibhucharan	...	1892	Dacca College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
Bejbaruya, Lakshminath	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Belletty, L.	...	1889	Presidency College
Beni Prasad, B.L.	...	1889	Patna College
† Bera, Jayhari	...	1888	Ripon College
Bhabani Sahay, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
Bhabani Sahay	...	1890	Teacher
Bhabani, Sitanath	...	1884	Ditto
Bhadra, Sibendranath	...	1891	Ripon College
Bhaduri, Chandrabhushan	...	1883	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Bhaduri, Indubhushan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jagatchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Ramchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Rajshahye College
„ Srimanta, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
Bhagirathprasad	...	1883	Canning College
Bhagwan Das	...	1887	M. A. O. College
Bhagwan Sahay, B.L.	...	1877	Patna College
Bhagawat Sahay, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
Bhagawat Sahay, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
Bhagawabati Charan, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
Bhagawati Prasad	...	1887	L. M. College, Benares
† Bhakat, Nilmani	...	1889	Ravenshaw College
Bhanja, Srischandra, B.L.	...	1888	L. M. S. Col., Bhowanipur
„ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
Bhar, Adharchandra	...	1885	Hughli College
„ Benimadhab, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Srischandra	...	1887	Genl Assembly's Instn.
„ Trailokyanath	...	1866	Presidency College
Bharonprosod	...	1868	Delhi College
† Bhargav, Binodilal	...	1887	M. A. O. College
„ Kundanlal	...	1884	Canning College
Bhargo, Sambhunath	...	1885	M. A. O. College
Bhatta, Nandaram, B.L.	...	1885	Patna College
„ Napharchandra, B.L.	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Tridharacharan, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
Bhattacharyya, Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1881	Ditto
„ Akshaykumar	...	1882	Hughli College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Amarnath, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Anandamohan, B.L.	...	1886	Teacher
„ Anangamohan, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Arunoday, B.L.	...	1889	Teacher
„ Asutosh	...	1878	Canning College
„ Asutosh	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1889	Genl Assembly's Instn.
„ Bamacharan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bamandas	...	1887	City College
„ Bangachandra	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Banikantha, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baradacharan	...	1889	Dacca College
† „ Basantakumar	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Benimadhab	...	1890	Ditto
„ Benimadhab	...	1891	Ditto
„ Beniprasad, B.L.	...	1875	Canning College
„ Bhabadeb	...	1877	Cathedral Mission College
„ Bhabataran	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Bholanath, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1892	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Bhattacharyya, Bishnuchandra, B.L.	1885	Krishnagar College
„ Bishnucharan	1884	Free Church Institution
† „ Bisweswar	1889	Presidency College
„ Brajakumar, B.L.	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandrakanta, B.L.	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Chandrakumar, B.L.	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Debendranath	1888	Teacher
„ Durgadas	1886	Ditto
„ Dwaibachandra	1891	City College
„ Dwarkanath, B.L.	1869	Patna College
„ Harakumar	1889	Dacca College
„ Harinath, B.L.	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Haripada	1884	Presidency College
„ Indrachandra	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jadabchandra, B.L.	1885	Ditto
„ Jadabchandra, B.L.	1885	Ditto
„ Jadunath, B.L.	1867	Krishnagar College
„ Jajneswar, B.L.	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Janaranjan	1888	City College
„ Jibananda	1870	Sanskrit College
„ Jogindrachandra, B.L.	1883	Presidency College
„ Jnanchandra	1871	Ditto
„ Kailaschandra	1875	Dacca College
† „ Kalipada	1886	Presidency College
„ Kartikchandra, B.L.	1888	Ripon College
„ Karunanath	1890	Ditto
„ Kasiswar	1889	Dacca College
„ Kedarnath	1874	Hughli College
„ Kedarnath, B.L.	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kesabchandra	1890	Ditto
„ Krishnakamal, B.L.	1860	Sanskrit College
„ Krishnanath, B.L.	1884	Rajshahye College
„ Mahendrachandra, B.L.	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	1870	Presidency College
„ Maheswar, B.L.	1879	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Mahimchandra	1885	Ditto
„ Mahimanath	1884	Hughli College
† „ Mahimanath	1890	Presidency College
„ Manikchandra	1877	Free Church Institution
„ Meghnath	1877	Hughli College
„ Nagendranath	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nandalal, B.L.	1889	City College
„ Narendranath	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Narayanchandra	1890	City College
„ Nibaranchandra, B.L.	1886	Presidency College
„ Nrityagopal	1892	Teacher (Roll. Hug.)
„ Pitambar	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	1873	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Priyanath, B.L.	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Purnachandra	1887	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Bhattacharyya, Radhakisor, B.L.	...	1871	Cathedral Mission College
„ Rajanikanta	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajkumar, B.L.	...	1874	Free Church Institution
† „ Ramjadu	...	1887	Patna College
„ Ramakanta	...	1890	Rajshahye College
„ Ramprasanna	...	1889	Teacher
„ Saktikantha, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
† „ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Saratchandra	...	1888	Rajshahye College
„ Saratkumar	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Sarbeswar	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Satischandra	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Sibaprasanna, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
„ Srikantha	...	1886	Ditto
„ Srischandra, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Surendranath	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Surendranath	...	1892	Presidency College
„ †Tarinicharan	...	1892	Hughli College
Bhattachali, Akshaychanda	...	1890	Dacca College
Bhaumik, Dinabandhu	...	1877	Free Church Institution
„ Hridaynath, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Jajneswar, B.L.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Krishnachaitanya, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Maheschandra	...	1888	City College
„ Rajanikanta	...	1891	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
„ Rasiklal, B.L.	...	1890	Ripon College
Bhawani Din	...	1885	Canning College
† Bhowaniprasad	...	1892	Presidency College
Bhaya, Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Rajshahye College
„ Lalitmohan	...	1890	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
† Bholanath	...	1887	Muir Central College
Bhodu, S.	...	1885	Teacher
Bhowal, Gobindachandra	...	1884	Patna College
Bhubaneswari Sahay, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
Bhuniya, Upendranath	...	1891	Teacher
Biharilal	...	1879	Benares College
Bijay Bahadur	...	1887	Canning College
† Billing, W.	...	1886	Teacher
Binayek Moreswar Kelkar	...	1881	Muir Central College
Bindeswariprasad	...	1874	Benares College
Bindeswari Prasad Pandi	...	1888	Muir Central College
Bir, Mohinimohan	...	1892	Dacca College
† Bishenlal Sarma	...	1888	Agra College
† Bisheswar Dayal	...	1887	Ditto
Bishnu G. Deodhar	...	1883	Canning College
† Bishun Prasad	...	1892	Patna College
Bisi, Kesabnath, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
Biswambarnath	...	1876	Delhi College
† Biswambhar Nath	...	1891	Patna College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours,

Biswas, Aghornath, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Amritalal	...	1884	Teacher
„ Anukulchandra	...	1892	City College
„ Atulkrishna	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Bhubanmohan, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Dandadhari, B.L.	...	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Dhankrishna, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Dinanath, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Girindranath, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Girischandra	...	1882	Canning College
„ Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gurudas, B.L.	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Jaineswar, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Kailaschandra B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Kailaschandra, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Kamakshanath, B.L.	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Kasigopal	...	1889	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
† „ Kshirodkrishna, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
† „ Kunjabihari	...	1885	Krishnagar College
„ Lalitkrishna	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Mahadeb	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Pramananda, B.L.	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Prankrishna, B.L.	...	1873	Hughli College
„ Radhagobinda	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajanikanta	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
† „ Rakhraj	...	1892	Krishnagar College
„ Ramnarayan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rudrakanta, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra	...	1888	Teacher
„ Sashthibar	...	1884	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1886	Patna College
„ Srischandra, B.L.	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Srischandra	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Syamacharan	...	1892	Krishnagar College
„ Taraprasad	...	1890	Dacca College
Blaze, L. E.	...	1884	St Xavier's College
Blochman, J.	...	1869	Presidency College
Bomanjee Cowasjee	...	1877	St. Xavier's College
Bomwetsch, G. S.	...	1886	Doveton College
Borah, Satyanath, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
Brahmachari, Priyanath	...	1887	Ditto
Brajjewan Lal	...	1887	Agra College
† Brajpalas	...	1887	Ditto
† Brij Bansi Sahay, B.L.	...	1885	Patna College
Brijmohanlal	...	1878	Canning College
† Brij Nandan Prasad	...	1888	Muir Central College
Brito, Christopher	...	1864	Queen's College, Colombo
Buchanan, W. J.	...	1890	Bangoon College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Buzlur Roheem, B.L.	...	1885	Dacca College
Camell, O	...	1885	St. Xavier's College
†Bhaitram Chaturvedi	...	1887	Agra College
Chaki, Benimadhab, B.L.	...	1880	Cathedral Mission College
Chakrabarti, Adityachandra, B.L.	...	1875	Dacca College
„ Aghornath	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Akhilchandra, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
†„ Akshaykumar	...	1890	Teacher
†„ Amritalal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anantakumar	...	1891	Dacca College
„ Annadacharan	...	1892	Berhampur College
„ Aswinikumar	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Banamali	...	1890	City College
†„ Bankimchandra	...	1890	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Basantakumar	...	1892	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
„ Benimadhab, B.L.	...	1888	General Assembly's Instn.
„ Bhabanichandra, B.L.	...	1876	Agra College
„ Bhupendranath	...	1892	Presidency College
†„ Biharilal, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†„ Biharilal	...	1891	Krishnagar College
„ Binodbihari, B.L.	...	1884	Hughli College
†„ Bipinbihari	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Bisweswar	...	1887	Teacher
„ Brajendrakumar	...	1890	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
„ Chandramohan, B.L.	...	1871	Patna College
„ Chandrakanta	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Chandrakumar, B.L.	...	1888	City College
„ Charuchandra	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Chintaharan	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Debendranath	...	1885	Teacher
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Debendranath	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Debendranath	...	1886	Ditto
„ Durgadas, B.L.	...	1888	Hughli College
„ Gaganchandra	...	1892	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Girischandra	...	1877	Teacher
„ Girischandra	...	1887	City College
„ Girischandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Gobindachandra	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Gopalchandra	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Harachandra, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Harachandra, B.L.	...	1875	Dacca College
„ Harachandra, B.L.	...	1881	Free Church Institution
„ Harendranarayan	...	1882	Rajshahye College
„ Haricharan, B.L.	...	1869	Dacca College
„ Haricharan	...	1890	Ditto
„ Harihar, B.L.	...	1884	St. Xavier's College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Chakrabarti, Harimohan, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Hariprasanna	...	1892	Victoria College, Cooch- Behar
„ Herambanath	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Hiralal	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Hrisikes	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Indranarayan, B.L.	...	1879	Patna College
„ Isanchandra, B.L.	...	1868	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Iswarchandra, B.L.	...	1862	Presidency College
† „ Iswarchandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jadumath, B.L.	...	1881	Ditto
„ Jajneswar	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Jajneswar	...	1892	Rajshahye College
„ Jageshchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Jageshchandra	...	1892	Rajshahye College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jnanadagobinda, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1879	Free Church Institution
„ Kailaschandra	...	1889	City College
„ Kalikumar	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1891	Krishnagar College
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Kartikchandra, B.L.	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Kasichandra, B.L.	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Kshetranath	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Kunjabihari, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lalimohan, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Loknath	...	1875	St. Xavier's College
† „ Mahendranarayan, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath	...	1883	Muir Central College
„ Mahendranath	...	1871	Queen's College, Benares
„ Maheswar	...	1890	Teacher
„ Mahimchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Mahimachandra	...	1890	City College
„ Makundachandra	...	1889	Ditto
„ Manmathanath	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Manmohan	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Nabakumar	...	1876	Dacca College
„ Nanilal, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Phatikchandra	...	1886	Krishnagar College
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1891	Ditto
„ Rajanikanta	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Rajanikanta	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajanikanta	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Rajaninath, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Ramchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Ramanisundar	...	1887	Ditto
„ Ramendra	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Chakrabarti, Ramprasad	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Rasikbihari, B.L.	...	1888	City College
„ Rasikchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Teacher
„ Rebatimohan	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Rebatimohan	...	1892	Dacca College
„ Sāgarchandra	...	1870	Free Church Institution
„ Sanatan	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1890	Vic. Col., Cooch-Bihar
„ Sasibhushan	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	...	1892	Presidency College
† „ Shorat	...	1890	Bethune College
„ Srischandra, B.L.	...	1881	Dacca College
† „ Srischandra	...	1888	Presidency College
† „ Sudarsan	...	1891	Ditto
† „ Sudhansunath	—	1892	City College
† „ Sureschandra	...	1892	Hughli College
„ Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1865	Ditto
„ Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1880	Free Church Institution
„ Syamaldas, B.L.	...	1871	Patna College
„ Syamamohan, B.L.	...	1869	Teacher
† „ Tarakchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tarakeswar, B.L.	...	1888	Rajshahye College
„ Trailokyanath, B.L.	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Udaynarayan	...	1886	Teacher
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1883	Presidency College
Champati, Atulchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Chanda, Kaliprasanna	...	1891	Dacca College
Chandiprasad	...	1879	Muir Central College
Chandra, Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anupchandra	—	1889	Ditto
„ Brajendranath, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Gopikrishna	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kalikrishna, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
„ Manmohan	...	1886	Teacher
„ Matilal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Priyanath, B.L.	...	1875	Free Church Institution
„ Rasmohan	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Upendranath	...	1891	Presidency College
Chandulal	...	1881	Lahore College
Chanmukam, J.K.	...	1890	Teacher
Chanoolal	...	1883	Canning College
Chattopadhyay, Abhaycharan	...	1877	Ditto
„ Abhaykumar, B.L.	...	1882	Dacca College
„ Abinaschandra	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Abinaschandra	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Adharnath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Chattopadhyay, Adityakumar	...	1875	Cathedral Mission College
" Aghornath, B.L.	...	1870	Free Church Institution
" Aghornath	...	1892	City College
†, Akhilchandra	...	1892	Ditto
" Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1870	Patna College
" Amarendranath, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
†, Ambujkumar	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Amritlal, B.L.	...	1861	Presidency College
" Amritlal, B.L.	...	1872	Cathedral Mission College
" Amritlal	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†, Amritlal	...	1890	Presidency College
" Anantanath	...	1890	City College
" Anandacharan	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Anukul	...	1867	Free Church Institution
" Anukulchandra, B.L.	...	1882	Teacher
" Anukulchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
†, Asitaranjan	...	1892	City College
" Asutosh	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Asutosh	...	1886	Free Church Institution
" Asutosh	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
" Atulchandra, B.L.	...	1870	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†, Atulchandra	...	1892	Presidency College
" Banamali	...	1876	Teacher
" Bankimchandra, B.L.	...	1858	Presidency College
" Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1883	Teacher
†, Bhabataran	...	1887	Benares College
" Bhagabanchandra, B.L.	...	1866	Teacher
" Bholanath	...	1884	Ditto
" Bholanath, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
" Bhupatinath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Bhutnath	...	1883	Ditto
" Bhutnath, B.L.	...	1884	Canning College
" Bidhubhushan, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Biharilal, B.L.	...	1880	Dacca College
" Biharilal, B.L.	...	1886	Hughli College
" Binaychandra	...	1886	Free Church Institution
" Binodbihari	...	1888	L.M.S. Col., Bhowanipur
" Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
" Bipinbihari	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Bipinbihari	...	1890	Hughli College
" Bipinbihari	...	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Bipinchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
" Bipradas, B.L.	...	1867	Free Church Institution
" Bishnuchandra, B.L.	...	1873	Cathedral Mission College
" Chandmohan, B.L.	...	1886	Rajshahye College
" Chandrakumar, B.L.	...	1883	Dacca College
" Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Charuchandra	...	1889	Teacher
" Chintaharan	...	1890	Presidency College
" Chintamani, B.L.	...	1885	L.M.S. Instn., Bhowanipur

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Chattopadhyay, Debendrachandra,		B.L....	1887	Presidency College
"	Debendranath	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Dwarkanath, B.L.	...	1877	Patna College
"	Ganapatnath	...	1875	Presidency College
"	Girijabhushan, B.L.	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
"	Girischandra, B.L.	...	1865	Free Church Institution
"	Girischandra, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
"	Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
"	Gopalchandra	...	1877	Ditto
"	Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
"	Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Dacca College
"	Gopalchandra	...	1892	Presidency College
"	Harakumar	...	1884	Free Church Institution
"	Haranchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Haridas	...	1884	Ditto
"	Haripada	...	1890	Teacher
†,	Hariprasad	...	1885	Presidency College
"	Hariprasanna	...	1887	Patna College
"	Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
"	Hrishikes, B.L.	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
"	Isanchandra	...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Iswarchandra, B.L.	...	1877	Patna College
"	Jadunath, B.L.	...	1860	Presidency College
"	Jadunath	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Jahnabicharan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
"	Jitendranath	...	1871	Hughli College
"	Jitendraprasad, B.L.	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
"	Jnanendranath	...	1891	Patna College
"	Jnanendranath	...	1892	Hughli College
"	Jnanranjan, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
"	Jogeschandra, B.L.	...	1888	City College
"	Jogeschandra	...	1892	Presidency College
"	Jogindranath	...	1886	Ditto
"	Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1886	Hughli College
"	Jogindranath	...	1887	Teacher
†,	Joginimohan	...	1889	Presidency College
"	Jwalaprasad	...	1876	Canning College
"	Jyotindramohan	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
"	Jyotishchandra	...	1892	Ditto
†,	Jyotirmay	...	1892	Ditto
"	Jyotiprasad, B.L.	...	1887	Agra College
"	Kalachand	...	1881	Free Church Institution
"	Kalidhan, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
"	Kalinath	...	1867	Dacca College
"	Kalipada	...	1884	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Chattopadhyay, Kalipada, B.L.	...	1884	Hughli College
„ Kalipada, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Kaliprasanna, B.L.	...	1866	Free Church Institution
„ Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1871	Teacher
„ Kedarnath	...	1875	Canning College
„ Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1886	City College
„ Kirtichandra, B.L.	...	1872	Patna College
„ Kisorimohan, B.L.	...	1865	Doveton College
„ Krishnachandra, B.L.	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Krishnalal, B.L.	...	1875	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Kshirodchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Kunjabihari	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kunjabihari, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Kuschandra	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Lakshmanchandra, B.L.	...	1882	Ditto
„ Lalitkumar	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Mahimchandra	...	1867	Dacca College
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1875	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Manmathanath	...	1887	Ditto
† „ Manmathanath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmohan	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Mathurnath	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Mritynjay	...	1887	Benares College
„ Nabakisor	...	1889	Hughli College
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Nagendranath	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Nandalal, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nanilal, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Narayanchandra	...	1887	Free Church Institution
† „ Narendrakrishna	...	1891	Presidency College
† „ Narendranath	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Narendranath	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
„ Nilkanta, B.L.	...	1872	Free Church Institution
„ Nilkanta, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Niradchandra	...	1887	Ditto
„ Niradchandra	...	1891	Ditto
„ Nirajkumar	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Nisikanta	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Nityagopal, B.L.	...	1871	Free Church Institution
„ Paresnath, B.L.	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Pasupati, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Phakirchandra	...	1888	Presidency College
† „ Phanindramohan	...	1890	Ravenshaw College
„ Phelaram, B.L.	...	1886	City College
„ Pitambar, B.L.	...	1868	Hughli College
„ Prabhatchandra, B.L.	...	1875	Dacca College
„ Prabhatchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prabodhchandra	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College

† Indicates B. A with Honours.

Chattopadhyay, Pramathanath, B.L.	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†,, Pramathanath (II) ...	1892	Presidency College
,, Prankrishna ...	1887	Free Church Institution
,, Pratapchandra, B.L. ...	1859	Presidency College
,, Priyagopal ...	1880	Hughli College
,, Purnachandra, B.L. ...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
,, Purnachandra, B.L. ...	1887	City College
,, Purnananda ...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†,, Radhanath ...	1888	Presidency College
,, Rajanikanta, B.L. ...	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Rajanikanta, B.L. ...	1882	Hughli College
,, Rajanikanta ...	1886	Teacher
,, Rajanikanta, B.L. ...	1887	Hughli College
†,, Rajanimohan ...	1888	Presidency College
,, Rajaninath ...	1862	Teacher
,, Rajaninath, B.L. ...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
,, Rajendranath, B.L. ...	1886	L. M. S. Col., Bhowanipur
,, Rajendranath, B.L. ...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
,, Rakhalchandra ...	1886	Ditto
,, Rakhalchandra, B.L. ...	1888	Ditto
,, Ramlal, B.L. ...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Ramanath ...	1883	Free Church Institution
,, Ramapati, B.L. ...	1886	Presidency College
†,, Ramgopal ...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
,, Ratinath, B.L. ...	1881	Hughli College
,, Sabasiba ...	1890	Berhampur College
,, Sajanikanta, B.L. ...	1872	Presidency College
,, Saradaprasad ...	1870	Free Church Institution
,, Saratchandra, B.L. ...	1876	Presidency College
,, Saratchandra, B.L. ...	1879	Ditto
,, Saratchandra, B.L. ...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Saratchandra ...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
,, Sasadhar ...	1891	Ditto
,, Sasibhushan ...	1869	Presidency College
,, Sasibhushan ...	1880	Canning College
,, Sasibhushan, B.L. ...	1884	Free Church Institution
,, Sasibhushan, B.L. ...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
,, Sasibhushan ...	1890	Ditto
,, Satischandra ...	1891	Hughli College
,, Satkari, B.L. ...	1889	Teacher
,, Satyendranath ...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
,, Sibchandra, B.L. ...	1864	Presidency College
,, Sitanath ...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
,, Srikrishna ...	1878	Presidency College
,, Srinath ...	1884	Teacher
,, Srischandra, B.L. ...	1886	Hughli College
,, Sukumar, B.L. ...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Suranath ...	1886	Teacher
,, Surapati, B.L. ...	1883	Metropolitan Institution

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

† Chattopadhyay, Susilchandra	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Syamacharan	...	1866	Medical College
„ Tarapada, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Taraprasad	...	1859	Presidency College
„ Trailokyanath, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1869	Hughli College
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendrachandra, B.L.	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Upendranath	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1884	B. C. E.
„ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Chaturbhuj Sahay	...	1885	Teacher
† Chaturvedi, Chait Ram	...	1887	Agra College
Chaube, Devakinandan	...	1888	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1883	Canning College
„ Annadacharan, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Apurbakrishna, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
† „ Asitachandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Asutosh	...	1890	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
„ Bamapada, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Banawarilal	...	1891	Ditto
„ Bhabanigobinda	...	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bhagabaticharan, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Bhubanmohan	...	1892	City College
„ Binodbihari, B.L.	...	1868	Free Church Institution
„ Brajaraj, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandrakisor	...	1890	Patna College
„ Chandranarayan, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Doveton College
„ Dinanath, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Gaganbihari, B.L.	...	1885	Ravenshaw College
„ Girijasankar, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1863	Ditto
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1874	Ditto
„ Gokulananda, B.L.	...	1883	Ravenshaw College
„ Gorachand, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harasankar, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Harendranarayan, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harikanta	...	1892	Patna College
„ Hiralal	...	1887	Canning College
„ Iswarchandra	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Jadabchandra, B.L.	...	1877	Cathedral Mission College
„ Jadabchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Rajshahye College
„ Janamejay	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jagatchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Krishnagar College
„ Jaychandra	...	1884	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Chaudhuri, Jageshchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jogindrachandra, B.L.	...	1876	Cathedral Mission College
„ Jogindralal, B.L.	...	1882	Hughli College
„ Jogindranath	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Kalachand, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kalidas	...	1874	Jaynarayan's College
„ Kalidas	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Kalikrishna	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Kalimohan	...	1869	Ditto
„ Kaliram, B.L.	...	1875	Cathedral Mission College
„ Kamal	...	1891	Patna College
† „ Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Kisoriballabh	...	1892	Ripon College
† „ Kunjamohan, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Madanmohan, B.L.	...	1890	City College
„ Madhusudan	...	1874	Teacher
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1873	Free Church Institution
„ Mathuranath	...	1888	Teacher
„ Mathuraprasad	...	1888	Muir Central College
„ Mohinimohan	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Mohinimohan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Nalinikanta, B.L.	...	1884	Rajshahye College
„ Narendrakumar, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Nerendranath, B.L.	...	1870	Free Church Institution
„ Prasannachandra, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1883	Dacca College
„ Prasannanarayan, B.L.	...	1877	Free Church Institution
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1874	Cathedral Mission College
† „ Purnachandra	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Rajanikanta, B.L.	—	1870	Ditto
„ Rajanikanta, B.L.	...	1887	Teacher
„ Rakhaldas, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Rakhaldas, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saratchandra	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Saratkumar	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Sasikumar	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1887	City College
„ Satisnarayan	...	1889	Rajshahye College
„ Sitalchandra, B.L.	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Srikanta, B.L.	...	1887	Teacher
† „ Srischandra	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Surendranath	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Syamakanta, B.L.	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Syamasundar, B.L.	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Tarapada	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tinkari, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Tripurakanta, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Chaudhuri, Umeschandra	...	1870	Free Church Institution
" Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1882	Rajshahye College
†, " Upendranath	...	1887	Muir Central College
Chel, Rasbihari	...	1875	Presidency College
Ohhail Bihari Lal	...	1886	Canning College
Chhedilal	...	1870	Bareilly College
Chhatradhari Lal	...	1888	Free Church Institution
Chongdar, Sasikisor	...	1889	Rajshahye College
Choudhry, Ishwari Prasada	...	1887	Muir Central College
Coelo, W. A., B.L.	...	1889	St. Xavier's College
Cones, G. A.	...	1871	Ditto
†Conware Ram Singh	...	1887	Muir Central College
Currie, F., B.L.	...	1872	St. Xavier's College
D'Abru, J. H.	...	1874	Teacher
D'Cruz, J. A.	...	1871	Canning College
" L. W.	...	1865	Doveton College
Dabi Pershad	...	1885	Agra College
Dajee Jayram Panday, B.L.	...	1890	Hislop College
Dakshi, Brajanath, B.L.	...	1884	Krishnagar College
Damilal	...	1877	Agra College
Damoodar Balkrishna Sohani	...	1883	Canning College
Damodar Dajiba Akotkar	...	1892	Morris College, Nagpur
Dan, Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1875	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Parmeswar	...	1870	Free Church Institution
Das, Abhayprasad	...	1891	Presidency College
" Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
" Adharchandra, B. L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Akshaycharan, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
" Akshaykumar, B. L.	...	1887	Ditto
" Amritlal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Annadacharan	...	1890	Ripon College
†, " Bagalamohan	...	1891	Presidency College
" Baikunthanath	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
" Bamacharan, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
" Basantakumar	...	1884	Patna College
" Benimadhab	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Bhagaban	...	1874	Bareilly College
" Bhairabchandra, B.L.	...	1871	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†, " Bhushanchandra	...	1892	Presidency College
" Bidhubhushan	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Bipinchandra	...	1890	City College
" Bireschandra	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn and Duff College
" Bireswar	...	1887	Hughli College
" Bisweswar	...	1892	Teacher (Roll. Cal.)
" Brahmananda, B.L.	...	1883	Ravenshaw College
" Brajanath, B.L.	...	1885	Dacca College
" Brajendramohan, B.L.	...	1870	Free Church Institution
" Chandrakumar, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
" Chittaranjan	...	1890	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Das, Damodar	— 1866 St. John's College
„ Damodar	... 1879 Muir Central College
„ Damodar	... 1881 Benares College
„ Damodar	... 1890 Teacher
„ Debendranath, B.L.	... 1884 Dacca College
„ Debendranath, B.L.	... 1887 Presidency College
„ Debendranath, B.L.	— 1889 Metropolitan Institution
„ Dhairyyanarayan, B.L.	... 1879 Krishnagar College
„ Dinanath, B.L.	... 1868 Free Church Institution
„ Dinanath	... 1887 Dacca College
„ Durgaprasanna	... 1889 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Gangacharan, B.L.	... 1887 Metropolitan Institution
„ Ganapati, B.L.	— 1884 Ravenshaw College
„ Gangaprasad	... 1887 Teacher
„ Girischandra	... 1873 Hughli College
„ Gobindachandra, B.L.	— 1888 Metropolitan Institution
„ Gopalchandra, B.L.	... 1868 Dacca College
„ Gopalchandra, B.L.	... 1884 Presidency College
† „ Gopalchandra	... 1890 Dacca College
„ Gorachand, B.L.	... 1869 Free Church Institution
„ Harendrakumar, B.L.	— 1884 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Haricharan, B.L.	— 1876 Presidency College
„ Harinath	... 1884 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Hariprasad, B.L.	— 1869 Ditto
„ Harischandra	... 1885 Free Church Institution
„ Harkrishna	... 1882 Lahore College
„ Hemendranath	... 1891 Dacca College
„ Hemnath, B.L.	... 1870 Cathedral Mission College
„ Iswarchandra, B.L.	... 1870 Ditto
„ Jadabendranandan	— 1888 St. Xavier's College
„ Jadunath, B.L.	... 1867 Free Church Institution
„ Jagatchandra, B.L.	... 1868 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jagatmohan, B.L.	... 1873 Presidency College
„ Jnanadaprasad	... 1888 Dacca College
„ Jnanendramohan	... 1890 Presidency College
„ Jageschandra	... 1889 Teacher
„ Jageschandra	... 1891 Ripon College
„ Jogindrachandra, B.L.	— 1883 Metropolitan Institution
„ Jogindramohan, B.L.	... 1888 Free Church Institution
† „ Jogindranath	... 1886 Presidency College
„ Kailaschandra, B.L.	... 1886 Free Church Institution
† „ Kailaschandra	... 1891 Presidency College
„ Kalikamal, B.L.	... 1884 Teacher
„ Kalikumar	... 1868 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kaliprasanna	... 1887 Teacher
„ Kamalanath, B.L.	... 1877 Dacca College
„ Kaminikumar	... 1890 Metropolitan Institution
„ Kandarpakumar	... 1888 Ditto
„ Kartik	... 1891 Hughli College
„ Karunachandra, B.L.	... 1887 Genl. Assembly's Instn.

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Das, Karunakumar, B.L.	...	1886	City College
†,, Kanailal	...	1886	Benares College
,, Khudiram	...	1887	City College
,, Kshetramohan	...	1885	Patna College
,, Kuladaprasad	...	1888	Dacca College
,, Kunjabihari, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
,, Lalitmohan, B.L.	...	1884	Dacca College
,, Lalitmohan	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
,, Lambodar, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
,, Madhusudhan	...	1890	Ripon College
,, Madhusudhan	...	1892	Ravenshaw Col., Katak
,, Mahendrachandra	...	1875	Dacca College
,, Mahendralal, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
†,, Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
,, Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1872	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Maheschandra	...	1890	Ripon College
,, Maniklal, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
,, Manmathalal, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Matilal, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
,, Matilal	...	1883	Ditto
,, Mathuranath	...	1887	Teacher
,, Mayadhar, B.L.	...	1885	Ravenshaw College
†,, Manmohan, B.L.	...	1887	Dacca College
,, Mihirlal	...	1890	Hughli College
,, Nabakumar, B.L.	...	1884	Dacca College
,, Nabinchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
,, Nandalal	...	1872	St. Xavier's College
,, Narendrachandra	...	1888	City College
,, Nilmani, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
,, Nityalal	...	1887	Hughli College
,, Padmanath	...	1890	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
,, Parbaticharan, B.L.	...	1867	Teacher
,, Parbaticharan	...	1892	Ravenshaw Col., Katak
,, Piyarilal, B.L.	...	1885	Dacca College
,, Piyarimohan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
,, Prasannachandra	...	1877	Teacher
,, Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
,, Purnachandra	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
†,, Radhamohan	...	1888	Ditto
,, Raghabananda	...	1892	Ravenshaw Col., Katak
,, Radhasundar	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Rajkisor, B.L.	...	1887	Ravenshaw College
,, Rakhchalchandra	...	1889	City College
,, Rakhchalchandra	...	1890	Presidency College
,, Rameschandra	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Rameswar	...	1871	Presidency College
,, Ramprasad, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
,, Ramprasanna	...	1890	Berhampur College
,, Rasbihari, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Das, Rasikchandra, B.L.	...	1880	Canning College
„ Samson	...	1892	Ravenshaw Col., Katak
„ Saradakanta	...	1887	Teacher
„ Sarbananda, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Satyananda	...	1889	Teacher
„ Sibkrishna, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Sudarsan, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sudarsan	...	1892	Ravenshaw Col., Katak
„ Suryyanarayan, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Syamacharan	...	1886	City College
„ Syamlal, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Syamsundar	...	1891	Patna College
„ Tarakchandra, B.L.	...	1877	Cathedral Mission College
„ Taraprasanna	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Taraprasanna, B.L.	...	1877	Teacher
„ Taraprasanna, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Taritmohan, B.L.	...	1882	Hughli College
† „ Umakanta, B.L.	...	1886	City College
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1874	Free Church Institution
„ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1890	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Uttamchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Dasarathi Lall	...	1887	Teacher
Dasdas, Harischandra, B.L.	...	1866	Free Church Institution
„ Krishnachandra, B.L.	...	1866	Ditto
Dasgupta, Annadacharan, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Anantakumar, B.L.	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Asutosh	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
„ Balaram	...	1887	Patna College
„ Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1885	L.M.S. Instn., Bhowanipur
† „ Biharilal, B.L.	...	1887	St. Xavier's College
„ Jajneswar	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kedarnath	...	1889	Teacher
† „ Kumudbandhu	...	1892	Presidency College
† „ Lalitchandra	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Manoranjan	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
„ Mathuranath, B.L.	...	1886	Patna College
„ Matilal	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
† „ Prasannakumar	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Jageschandra, B.L.	...	1886	City College
„ Karunakanta	...	1886	L.M.S. Col., Bhowanipur
„ Sarojmohan	...	1892	Berhampur College
„ Sridhar, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Srimohan	...	1892	Berhampur College
† „ Siriskumud	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Suryyakanta	...	1891	Bishop's College
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1889	Dacca College
Dassinha, Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Datta, Abantinath, B.L.	...	1884	Dacca College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Datta, Abinaschandra	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Akshaychandra, B.L.	...	1866	Ditto
„ Akshaykumar	...	1884	Teacher
„ Amarnath	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Ambikacharan, B.L.	...	1874	Free Church Institution
„ Anandamohan	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Anilchandra, B.L.	...	1888	City College
„ Annadacharan	...	1881	Benares College
„ Aparamacharan, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Asutosh	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Asutosh	...	1891	Berhampur College
„ Aswinikumar, B.L.	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Aswinikumar	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Atulkrishna, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Baidyanath, B.L.	...	1870	Cathedral Mission College
„ Baikunthanath, B.L.	...	1884	Ravenshaw College
„ Balaichand, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
† „ Bamapada	...	1891	Ditto
„ Banikanta	...	1886	Muir Central College
„ Bankubihari	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Bankubihari, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Barunchandra	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Bhabanicharan, B.L.	...	1863	Ditto
„ Bhagabanchandra	...	1876	Ditto
„ Bhairabchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
† „ Bhubanmohan	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Biharilal	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bijaykrishna	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1868	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1870	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bipinbihari	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Chandicharan, B.L.	...	1889	Hughli College
„ Chandrakisor, B.L.	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Debiprasad, B.J.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dharanidhar, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Durgadas	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Dwarkanath, B.L.	...	1887	L. M. S. Col., Bhowanipur
„ Girindranath	...	1888	Patna College
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1875	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1883	Dacca College
„ Girischandra	...	1888	Rajshahye College
„ Girischandra	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Girischandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gobindakisor, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Gopalchandra	...	1892	Ripon College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Datta, Gurudas, B.L.	—	1886	City College
„ Harisankar	...	1868	Hughli College
„ Hridaynath	...	1888	Teacher
„ Isanchandra	—	1889	Dacca College
„ Janakinath	...	1884	Canning College
„ Jibanbala	...	1891	Bethune College
„ Janendramohan, B.L.	...	1888	City College
„ Janendranath	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Janendranarayan, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Jageshchandra	...	1890	Teacher
† „ Jogindrakrishna	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jogindralal, B.L.	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Jogindrachandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jogindranath	...	1881	Ditto
„ Jugalkisor, B.L.	...	1880	Hughli College
„ Jyotilal	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
† „ Kalicharan	...	1887	Hughli College
„ Kalikadas, B.L.	...	1860	Presidency College
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Kamalkrishna, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Kedareswar, B.L.	...	1886	Teacher
„ Krishnakisor, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Krishnamadhab	—	1890	Ditto
„ Kshetramohan, B.L.	...	1886	Doveton College
„ Kumarkrishna	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Kumudkanta	...	1887	Hughli College
„ Lalgopal, B.L.	...	1859	Presidency College
„ Lalbihari, B.L.	...	1874	Muir Central College
„ Lambodar, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Lalitchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Loknath	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Madanmohan	—	1892	Ditto
„ Madhusudan, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Mahabharat, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mahendrachandra	...	1892	Krishnagar College
„ Mahendrakumar	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mahendranath	...	1878	Benares College
„ Mahendranath	...	1881	Teacher
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Maheschandra, B.L.	...	1880	Dacca College
„ Manindrachandra	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
† „ Manindrakrishna, B.L.	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Manmathanath	—	1892	Ditto
„ Manmohan, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Manmohan	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Matilal	...	1886	Teacher
„ Mohinimohan, B.L.	...	1877	Hughli College
„ Nabagopal	...	1890	Ripon College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Datta,	Nabinchandra, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
"	Nagendrachandra	...	1891	St. Xavier's College
"	Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Nandalal, B.L.	...	1875	Ditto
"	Narasinha, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
"	Narendrakrishna, B.L.	...	1879	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Narendranath	...	1884	Ditto
"	Narendranath	...	1890	Patna College
"	Nibaranchandra	...	1884	Presidency College
"	Nrisinhakumar, B.L.	...	1879	Ditto
"	Nityalal	...	1875	Free Church Institution
"	Pareschandra, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
†,	Pramathanath, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
"	Pratapchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
"	Pratulchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Priyanath, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
"	Priyatama	...	1886	Bethune Female School
"	Purnachandra	...	1874	Presidency College
"	Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
"	Purnachandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
†,	Radhakanta, B.L.	...	1886	Patna College
"	Radhakrishna, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Radhikacharan, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
"	Rajanikanta	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Rajendranath, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
"	Ramanath	...	1887	City College
"	Ramgobinda	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
"	Ramgopal, B.L.	—	1868	Berhampur College
"	Ramnarayan	...	1874	Presidency College
"	Saradaprasad, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
"	Saradaprasad	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. & Duff College
"	Saratchandra	...	1880	Presidency College
"	Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
†,	Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Saratchandra	...	1892	L.M.S. Col., Bhowanipuri
"	Sasibhusan, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
"	Sasibhusan, B.L.	...	1870	Free Church Institution
"	Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Sasibhusan, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
"	Sasikumar, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
"	Satayabhushan	...	1888	Dacca College
"	Surendrakrishna, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
"	Sureschandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
"	Suresnath	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Suryyalal, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
"	Syamlal	...	1869	Ditto
†,	Syamlal, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
†,	Tarakinkar	...	1889	Hughli College
"	Tarakanath, B.L.	...	1860	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Datta, Taraknath, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Trailokyanath, B.L.	—	1869	Free Church Institution
„ Umacharan, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
„ Umacharan, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Umeschandra	...	1867	Teacher
„ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1879	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Dattagupta, Upendranarayan	...	1892	Ravenshaw Col., Katak
Dattaray, Anandakisor, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Datilal	...	1883	Muir Central College
David, H.	...	1876	Teacher
†Day, S. S.	...	1889	Hughli College
De, Abinaschandra	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Amritlal, B.L.	...	1867	Free Church Institution
„ Ambikacharan, B.L.	...	1874	Muir Central College
†, „ Ambikacharan	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Anandamohan, B.L.	...	1880	Cathedral Mission College
„ Atindranath	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Baradaprasad, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1881	Hughli College
†, „ Bishnucharan	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Bisweswar	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1888	City College
„ Bhabanisankar	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Brajendrakumar, B.L.	...	1890	Ditto
„ Brajendranath	...	1892	Jabalpur College
„ Brindabanchandra	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Chandrakumar	...	1892	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†, „ Chintaharan	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Chunilal	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
„ Debendranath	...	1890	Hughli College
„ Dhankrishna	...	1870	Free Church Institution
†, „ Dinabandhu	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Dinanath, B.L.	...	1867	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Dulalchandra, B.L.	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Gajendranath	...	1875	Free Church Institution
„ Gaurcharan, B.L.	...	1872	Dacca College
„ Gobindachandra, B.L.	...	1870	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Gopendralal	—	1890	Ditto
„ Haramohan	...	1889	Dacca College
†, „ Haribhushan	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Harischandra	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jadabchandra, B.L.	...	1860	Presidency College
„ Jaharlal	...	1889	M. B.
„ Jaygopal	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jnanendranath	...	1886	Doveton College
„ Jageschandra, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Jogindranarayan	...	1892	Teacher (Roll. Dac.)

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

De, Jugalkisor	...	1874	Hughli College
„ Kailaschandra, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kasipati	...	1884	Ditto
„ Khagendranath	...	1890	Presidency College
† „ Kiranchandra	...	1890	Ditto
† „ Krishnachandra	...	1892	Ditto
„ Krishnakisor	...	1870	Ditto
„ Krishnakisor	...	1887	Free Church Institution
† „ Krishnakumar	...	1892	Dacca College
„ Kumudnath, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Kunjabihari, B.L.	...	1882	Dacca College
„ Mahimchand	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Makhanlal	...	1876	Hughli College
„ Manmathanath	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1886	Patna College
† „ Matilal	—	1864	Medical College
„ Moharlal, B.L.	...	1887	Hughli College
„ Mohimchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nabinchandra, B.L.	...	1861	Presidency College
„ Nilmadhab, B.L.	...	1872	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nilmani	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Nilmani	...	1892	Hughli College
„ Nilmanichand	...	1891	Ravenshaw College
„ Parbaticharan, B.L.	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Panchkari, B.L.	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Pannalal	...	1891	Ditto
„ Piyarimohan	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Prabodchandra	...	1892	Ditto
„ Prasannakumar	...	1885	Teacher
† „ Pratulchandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Purnachandra	...	1886	Ditto
„ Rajmohan, B.L.	...	1867	Dacca College
„ Rakhachandra	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Ramanath	...	1885	Hughli College
„ Ramapati, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Rammohan	...	1883	Teacher
„ Sambhuchandra, B.L.	...	1866	Free Church Institution
„ Saradaprasad	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1888	Ripon College
† „ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Sibchandra, B.L.	...	1866	Ditto
„ Siddheswar	...	1884	Hughli College
„ Siddheswar	...	1885	Ditto
„ Surendranath, B.L.	...	1883	Patna College
„ Tulsicharan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
† Deb, Anandakisor, B.L.	...	1890	Ripon College
† „ Girischandra	...	1887	Teacher
„ Haranchandra	...	1884	Muir Central College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Deb, Isanchandra	...	1885	Dacca College
„ Jnanendranath	...	1892	City College
„ Jogindrachandra	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kalimohan, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Kedarnath	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Madhabchandra	...	1865	Queen's College, Benares
„ Mahendrachandra, B.L.	...	1886	City College
„ Mahendrachandra	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Mathuramohan, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Nandalal, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Ramdhan	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra	...	1889	Teacher
„ Saratchandra	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Sibchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
† „ Surendranath	...	1889	Presidency College
Debi Dayal	...	1887	Canning College
Debiprasad	...	1876	Bareilly College
Debaki Nandan, B.L.	...	1887	Patna College
† DeSilva, J. S.	...	1892	Wesley College, Colombo
DeSilva, S. T.	...	1890	Ditto
D'Sylva, Elphinstone	...	1891	St. Xavier's College
Devakar Dutta Misra	...	1890	Teacher
Devaki Nandan Lal Sahi	...	1886	Benares College
Dhar, Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Annadacharan, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Brindabanchandra	...	1873	Dacca College
„ Dinanath, B L.	...	1868	Teacher
„ Gokulchandra, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Hemchandra	...	1887	City College
„ Kalinath	...	1866	Dacca College
„ Manmohan	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Nilmani, B.L.	...	1866	Teacher
„ Parbaticharan	...	1888	City College
„ Priyanath, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Syamchand, B.L.	...	1867	Hughli College
Dhirajkaran, B.L.	...	1873	Batna College
Dhumi Ram	...	1889	Agra College
† Dhundi Raj Ramkrishna Chandekar	...	1891	Hislop College, Nagpur
† Dikshita, Ambikaprasad	...	1886	Canning College
† Din Dayal	...	1887	Agra College
Din Dayal	...	1888	Ditto
† Dipchand	...	1886	Ditto
Doran, E.	...	1880	St. Xavier's College
† Dover, W. C.	...	1886	Ditto
Dowerah, Krishnaprasad, B L.	...	1889	City College
Driberg, C.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Dube, Debi Prasad	...	1889	Agra College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Dube, Guruprasad	...	1887	Muir Central College
†,, Hardayal	...	1888	Canning College
,, Kumar Lakshmi Narayan	...	1887	M. A. O. College
,, Saligram	...	1887	Muir Central College
†,, Sivaram Tanbaji	..	1887	Hislop College
Durga Dayal	...	1886	Canning College
†,, Durgadatta Joshi	...	1885	Muir Central College
,, Durgaprasad, B.L.	...	1874	Patna College
†Durjan Lal	...	1891	Jabalpur College
Dwarkaprasad	...	1885	Muir Central College
†Ehsan Ali	...	1892	Presidency College
Enayet Karim	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
Evans, R. W.	...	1861	Bishop's College
Fakhruddin, B.L.	...	1890	Patna College
Farid-ud-din Ahmad	...	1880	Hughli College
†Fazilat Hohain	..	1892	Patna College
Fazlalkudir	..	1869	Presidency College
Fazlul Huq	...	1889	Ripon College
Fazl Rusul	..	1874	Bareilly College
Fazlul Karim, B.L.	...	1878	Hughli College
Fazlul Karim, B.L.	...	1883	Dacca College
†Fernando, M. J.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
Forbes, A. H.	...	1864	Doveton College
Fox, J. K.	...	1886	Presidency College
F. Riyazuddin Quazi, B.L.	..	1888	St. Xavier's College
Fuzlullah, M. N.	...	1887	Muir Central College
Gabriel, J.	...	1883	Teacher
†Gaidanlal	...	1887	Muir Central College
Gaidanlal	...	1874	Bareilly College
Ganesh Babaji Ekbote	...	1891	Hislop College, Nagpur
Gangadhar Balwant Gokhale, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
Gangadhar Sitaram Brahmarakshas	...	1888	Ditto
Gangaprasad	...	1883	Benares College
Gangaram Sahni	...	1881	Lahore College
Gangasaran	...	1871	Agra College
Gangopadhyay, Adharchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Patna College
,, Amritlal, B.L.	...	1883	Free Church Institution
,, Anisprakas, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
,, Apurbakumar	...	1874	Presidency College
†,, Atulchandra	...	1892	Krishnagar College
,, Bamacharan, B.L.	...	1890	Ripon College
,, Baradakanta	...	1884	Dacca College
,, Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
,, Benimadhab	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
†,, Bhupalchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
†,, Bidhubhushan, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
,, Bijaykumar	...	1892	Ditto
,, Binodbihari	...	1868	Krishnagar College
,, Binodbihari	...	1889	Ripon College
,, Bipinbihari	...	1888	Dacca College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Gangopadhyay, Birendranath, B.L.	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bishnupada	1886	Teacher
„ Chandrakisor, B.L.	1881	Hughli College
„ Debendranath	1883	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Herambakisor	1888	Dacca College
„ Jadunath	1888	M. B.
„ Jagadbandhu, B.L.	1867	Presidency College
„ Jajneswar	1888	Teacher
† „ Jaygopal, B.L.	1890	Patna College
„ Kalikrishna, B.L.	1875	Presidency College
„ Kaliprasanna	1888	Hughli College
† „ Kaliprasanna	1892	Presidency College
„ Karunakanta	1891	Dacca College
„ Kishorimohan, B.L.	1869	Presidency College
„ Kshetramohan, B.L.	1882	Hughli College
„ Kshetramohan,	1892	Ditto
„ Kumudnath	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lalmohan, B.L.	1887	Ditto
„ Makhanlal, B.L.	1883	Hughli College
„ Mohinimohan	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nabinchandra, B.L.	1860	Presidency College
„ Nabinchandra, B.L.	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nanigopal	1890	Ripon College
„ Nisikanta	1890	City College
„ Nripendranath	1892	Teacher (Roll. Cal.)
„ Piyarilal, B.L.	1876	Presidency College
† „ Pratapchandra	1886	Dacca College
† „ Priyalal	1889	Presidency College
„ Priyanath, B.L.	1883	Ditto
„ Rabichandra, B.L.	1863	Ditto
„ Radhikanath, B.L.	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rajanikanta, B.L.	1872	Presidency College
„ Rajaninath	1874	Dacca College
„ Rajaninath	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajendranath	1890	Krishnagar College
„ Rajmohan	1892	Dacca College
„ Ramchandra	1869	Teacher
„ Rasikkanta	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saratchandra	1888	Teacher
„ Sasibhushan	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Syamacharan,	1860	Presidency College
„ Satyacharan, B.L.	1877	Ditto
„ Trailokyanath, B.L.	1885	Ditto
Ganpat Rao	1889	Agra College
Gargari Ramdas	1884	Free Church Institution
Ghamandi Lal	1887	Canning College
† Ghatak, Baidyanath, B.L.	1885	Patna College
„ Gangeschandra	1890	City College
„ Janakinath, B.L.	1873	Teacher
„ Kaliprasanna	1880	Rajshahye College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Ghatak, Nibaranchandra	...	1881	St. Xavier's College
Ghosh, Abhaycharan	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Abinaschandra	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1872	Ditto
„ Abinaschandra	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Abinaschandra	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Adharchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Aghornath, B.L.	...	1862	Presidency College
† „ Aghornath	...	1887	Hughli College
„ Aghornath, B.L.	...	1884	Teacher
„ Akhilchandra	...	1888	Patna College
„ Akshaykrishna, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1875	Ditto
„ Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
† „ Amarnath	...	1887	Ditto
„ Amritlal, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
„ Ambikacharan, B.L.	...	1869	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Ambikacharan	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Amulyachandra, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anangamohan	...	1890	City College
„ Anantaram, B.L.	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Anilchandra	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn and Duff College
„ Annadaprasad, B.L.	...	1873	Hughli College
„ Annadaprasad	...	1889	St. Xavier's College
„ Annadaprasad, B.L.	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Anukulchandra	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Apurbachandra, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Asutosh	...	1884	Teacher
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Atulbihary, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Atulchandra, B.L.	...	1880	Ditto
„ Atulchandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Atulkrishna, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Atulkrishna, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
„ Banamali, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1881	Dacca College
„ Basantakumar	...	1889	Teacher
„ Becharam, B.L.	...	1868	Free Church Institution
„ Bholanath	...	1892	General Assembly's Instn.
„ Bhubanmohan	...	1870	Krishnagar College
„ Biharilal, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Binodbihari, B.L.	...	1875	Hughli College
„ Binodbihari	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1879	Canning College
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Ghosh, Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bipinbihari	...	1889	Rajshahye College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Bisweswar	...	1889	Teacher
„ Brajalal, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Brajendrakumar	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Chandrakanta, B.L.	...	1887	City College
„ Chandrakumar	...	1870	Krishnagar College
„ Chandrakumar	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Chandramohan	...	1865	Medical College
„ Chandranath, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
† „ Debendrachandra, B.L.	...	1865	Ditto
† „ Debendranath (Jr.)	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Debendranath	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Debendranath	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Dharmadas	...	1890	Teacher
„ Durganarayan	...	1869	Free Church Institution
„ Gaganachandra, B.L.	...	1885	Dacca College
„ Girijabhushan	...	1890	City College
„ Girindranath	...	1885	Doveton College
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Gobindachandra, B.L.	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Gopalchandra	...	1871	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Gopalchandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1890	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1890	Berhampur College
„ Gurudas, B.L.	...	1887	City College
„ Haranath, B.L.	...	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Harankrishna	...	1873	Ditto
„ Harashit	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Harendrakumar	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Harendrakumar	...	1890	Ditto
„ Haridas	...	1889	Teacher
„ Harigopal	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Harischandra, B.L.	...	1883	Ravenshaw College
„ Hemantakumar	...	1890	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
„ Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Hiralal, B.L.	...	1890	City College
„ Hridaynath	...	1890	Teacher
„ Indranarayan	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Iswarchandra, B.L.	...	1871	Dacca College
„ Jadabchandra, B.L.	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Jadunath, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
„ Jadunath, B.L.	...	1872	Free Church Institution
„ Jagabandhu	...	1887	Teacher
„ Jaganmohan	...	1884	Ravenshaw Col., Katak
„ Janakiballabh, B.L.	...	1881	Ditto
„ Jaygopal, B.L.	...	1866	Free Church Institution
„ Jaygopal, B.L.	...	1889	Ripon College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Ghosh, Jnanadiprasad	..	1892	L.M.S. Col., Bhowanipur
„ Jnanachandra	...	1889	City College
„ Jnanendramohan	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jnanendranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath	...	1879	Muir Central College
„ Jyotiprasad, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Kailaschandra	...	1870	Teacher
„ Kalikumar, B.L.	...	1885	Doveton College
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kalipada, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1873	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1888	Benares College
„ Khagendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Kisorilal	...	1890	Teacher
„ Kripanath, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Kshetranath	...	1892	City College
„ Kumudbandhu	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Kunjabihari	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Kunjabihari	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kunjabihari	...	1887	Muir Central College
„ Lalgopal	...	1890	Teacher
„ Lalitmohan, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Madanmohan, B.L.	...	1881	Cathedral Mission College
„ Maheschandra	...	1890	City College
„ Mahimchandra, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Mahimchandra	...	1872	Cathedral Mission College
„ Mahimchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Manmathakumar, B.L.	...	1878	Krishnagar College
† „ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mohinimohan	...	1890	Presidency College
† „ Nabakrishna	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1889	F. O. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Nakari	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nakurchandra	...	1890	City College
„ Nandalal, B.L.	...	1869	Hughli College
„ Narasinhachandra	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Narayanchandra	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Narayandas, B.L.	...	1886	L.M.S. Col., Bhowanipur
„ Narayandas	...	1889	City College
„ Narendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Narendranath	...	1890	City College
„ Nareschandra, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Nityananda	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Nityananda	...	1889	Patna College
„ Nibarankumar	...	1875	Teacher
„ Nilprasanna	...	1883	St. Xavier's College
„ Nrisinhachandra, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Ghosh, Panchanan, B.L.	...	1882	Hughli College
„ Parbaticharan	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Parbatinath, B.L.	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Paresnath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Pranchaitanya, B.L.	...	1886	Teacher
„ Prangopal	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Prasannakumar	...	1870	Krishnagar College
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Prasannakumar	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Prasannakumar	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Pratapchandra	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Priyanath, B.L.	...	1869	Ditto
„ Priyanath, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Radharaman	...	1875	Teacher
„ Raicharan	...	1869	Hughli College
„ Rajanikanta	...	1871	Dacca College
„ Rajanikanta	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rajanikumar	...	1890	City College
„ Rajaninath	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Rajendralal, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Rajendranath	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Rajendranath, B.L.	...	1887	City College
„ Ramdas	...	1888	St. Xavier's College
„ Ramgopal, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Ramrup	...	1868	Queen's College, Benares
„ Ramsakha, B.L.	...	1871	Sanskrit College
„ Rasiklal	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sagarchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saradaprasad	...	1877	Free Church Institution
„ Saradaprasad, B.L.	...	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1886	City College
† „ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1887	L. M. S. Col., Bhowanipur
„ Saratchandra	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Saratchandra No. (II)	...	1892	Ditto
„ Sasankakumar	...	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sasibhushan	...	1887	Ditto
„ Sasidhar, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
„ Sasikumar, B.L.	...	1880	Ditto
„ Sasikumar	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sasimohan	...	1872	Berhampur College
„ Sasimohan, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
† „ Satischandra	...	1888	Ditto
„ Satischandra	...	1889	Rajshahye College
† „ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Ghosh, Satkarichandra	...	1876	Free Church Institution
„ Satyakumar	...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Satiyaprasanna	..	1889	Dacca College
† „ Satiyendramohan	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Siddheswar	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Sitalprasad	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Sitanath	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Srischandra	...	1859	Presidency College
„ Srischandra, B.L.	...	1882	Ditto
„ Srischandra, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Surendrachandra, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Surendrachandra, B.L.	...	1890	Ditto
† „ Surendrakumar	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Surendranath, B.L.	...	1881	Ditto
„ Surendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Surendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Surendranath	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Surendranath	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Suryyanarayan, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
† „ Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1886	Patna College
„ Tarachand	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tarakgopal	...	1887	Teacher
„ Taraknath, B.L.	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Taranicharan, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Taranicharan, B.L.	...	1870	Free Church Institution
„ Taranikumar	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Taraprasanna	...	1891	City College
† „ Tinkari, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tinkari	...	1892	City College
„ Trailokyanath	...	1876	Hughli College
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1868	Patna College
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1873	Hughli College
„ Umeschandra	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Umeschandra	...	1885	Ditto
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Umeschandra	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Upendrachandra, B.L.	...	1873	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Upendranath	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Upendranath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
Ghoshal, Baidyanath	...	1892	Ravenshaw College, Katak
„ Benimadhab, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bhupendranath	...	1892	City College
„ Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Gopalchandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Hemchandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jyotikumar, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
† „ Kshetranath, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Manmohan, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Nabinchandra, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Canning College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Ghoshal, Nilmani	...	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Phakirchand	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Sarala	...	1890	Bethune College
„ Surendranarayan	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Umanath, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
Girijananda	...	1890	Patna College
Godfrey, L.E.	...	1886	Doveton College
Godfrey, E. C.	...	1887	Presidency College
Gokal Prasad	...	1884	Agra College
† Golabchand Dhudda	...	1889	Ditto
Gopaldas Kshatriya	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Gopal Ganesh Ranade, B.L.	...	1886	Canning College
Gopal Mukund Damlay	...	1888	Morris College
Gopal Prasad	...	1883	Ditto
Gopal Ramchandra Dongri	...	1881	Muir Central College
Gopal Sridhar Gadgil	...	1890	Hislop College
Goonewardene, W. F.	...	1877	Free Church Institution
† Gopalji, B. L.	...	1888	Patna College
Gopal Keshav Garde	...	1891	Jabalpur College
Goswami, Banawarilal	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Bhubanmohan	...	1887	Rajshahye College
„ Harendranath	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Haridhan	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Harimohan	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Herambalal, B.L.	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Jadabchandra	...	1868	Ditto
„ Jagadischandra, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kunjabihari, B. L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Nalitmohan	...	1891	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Nrityagopal, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Nrityagopal	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Sasibhushan, B. L.	...	1886	Rajshahye College
„ Surendranath	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Syamsundar, B. L.	...	1885	Dacca College
† „ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1887	St. Xavier's College
† Gourisankar	...	1886	Muir Central College
Guha, Anathbandhu, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Asitakumar	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Aswinikumar, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Aswinikumar, B.L.	...	1884	Rajshahye College
„ Aswinikumar, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Aswinikumar	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Atulchandra	...	1888	Dacca College
† „ Biharilal	...	1888	City College
„ Brajendrakumar	...	1870	Dacca College
„ Chandrakanta	...	1888	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1891	Vict. Col., Cooch-Bihar

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Guha, Gurucharan, B.L.	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Harendranarayan, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Janakinath, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Janendrachandra	...	1891	St. Xavier's College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Jageschandra, B.L.	...	1885	Dacca College
„ Jyotindrachandra	...	1891	Patna College
„ Kaliprasanna, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1866	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kunjabihari	...	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Maheschandra, B.L.	...	1886	Rajshahye College
„ Mahimchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Muir Central College
„ Mukundanath, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nibaranachandra, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
† „ Niradranjan	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1881	Dacca College
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Pyarilal, B.L.	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Pyarimohan, B.L.	...	1869	Dacca College
„ Rajkumar	...	1892	Ditto
„ Rajanikanta	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Rajanikanta	...	1892	City College
„ Ramsundar	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Rohinikumar, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Saratchandra	...	1889	Teacher
† „ Taraprasanna, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Umeschandra	...	1886	Dacca College
Guin, Srinibas, B.L.	...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Gulzarilal	...	1887	Muir Central College
Gun, Taraknath	...	1890	Teacher
Gupta, Amritlal, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Anilchandra	...	1886	Teacher
† „ Annadacharan	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Asutosh	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Baradacharan	...	1886	Presidency College
† „ Bhubanmohan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bhubanmohan, B.L.	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Bhupendranath	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Brajabhushan	...	1892	Berhampur College
„ Brajendramohan	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandranarayan	...	1872	Patna College
„ Dwijendrasankar, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gangagobinda, B.L.	...	1881	Dacca College
„ Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Gopalchandra	...	1877	Ditto
† „ Gopalgobinda, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gurulal	...	1886	Teacher
„ Haranchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Rajshahye College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Gupta, Haricharan	...	1890 F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Jagadiswar, B.L.	...	1870 Krishnagar College
„ Jnanchandra, B.L.	...	1884 Metropolitan Institution
„ Kalimohan	...	1890 Ditto
„ Kaminimohan, B.L.	...	1886 Free Church Institution
„ Kangalchandra, B.L.	...	1882 Hughli College
„ Kunjabihari, B.L.	...	1881 Presidency College
„ Mahananda	...	1871 Hughli College
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1875 Presidency College
„ Makhanlal	...	1892 Ripon College
„ Mohinimohan, B.L.	...	1885 Teacher
† „ Mohinimohan	...	1890 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Mathuranath	...	1883 Ditto
„ Nagendranath	...	1881 Presidency College
„ Nalinchandra, B.L.	...	1889 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Pramathanath	...	1886 F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Pramatheswar	...	1892 Teacher (Roll. Dac.)
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1880 Rajshahye College
„ Pransankar, B.L.	...	1885 Presidency College
„ Purnachandra	...	1887 City College
„ Radhanath	...	1888 Dacca College
„ Radharaman	...	1868 Presidency College
„ Rajendrakisor	...	1890 Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
„ Rajendralal	...	1870 Hughli College
† „ Rajendranath, B.L.	...	1887 Free Church Institution
„ Rajnarayan	...	1872 Patna College
„ Ramgati, B.L.	...	1868 Free Church Institution
„ Rasiklal, B.L.	...	1886 Metropolitan Institution
„ Saratendu	...	1892 Patna College
„ Satyendranath	...	1890 Metropolitan Institution
„ Sibnath	...	1886 Ditto
† „ Sukhamay, B.L.	...	1886 Free Church Institution
„ Sureschandra	...	1892 Patna College
† „ Syamacharan	...	1887 Dacca College
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1880 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Upendrakrishna	...	1884 „ Ditto
Gyaprasad	...	1877 Muir Central College
Gyaprasad	...	1876 Bareilly College
Hubibullah Kaderbhoi, M.	...	1890 Jabalpur College
Hafazat Karim, B. L.	...	1883 Patna College
† Hafiz Ibadullah	...	1886 Agra College
Hajari, Kesablal	...	1891 F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Hajra, Aghorchandra, B. L.	...	1874 Presidency College
„ Amritalal	...	1890 Ripon College
„ Asutosh	...	1889 Canning College
† „ Brajadurlabh	...	1889 Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Hajra, Dwijendrachandra, B.L.	...	1887	Dacca College
" Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1883	Free Church Institution
" Phakirdas, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Rakhalchandra	...	1892	Ripon College
" Ramdas, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
Haldar, Aghornath	...	1892	Berhampur College
" Brajalal, B.L.	...	1866	Free Church Institution
" Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Chaitanyacharan	...	1884	Free Church Institution
" Dakshineswar, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Gaganchandra	...	1884	Free Church Institution
" Kisorilal, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
" Manmohan	...	1890	Victoria College, Cooch- Behar
" Matilal, B.L.	...	1868	Teacher
" Mohimchandra	...	1862	Presidency College
" Prabodchandra	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" S.	...	1886	St. Xavier's College
" Satkari, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
" Syamlal, B.L.	—	1864	Ditto
Handy, C. C.	...	1889	Trinity College, Kandy
† Hanumanprasad Mathur	...	1887	M. A. O. College
Harbans Sahay	...	1890	Patna College
† Harbilas	—	1888	Agra College
Haribans Narayan	...	1892	T. N. Jub. Col., Bhagalpur
Haraprasad Agnihotry	...	1890	Jabalpur College
† Harsahai Lal	...	1891	Patna College
Harsaran	...	1886	Agra College
Hari Balwant Karmakar	...	1889	Hislop College
Harris, E. F.	...	1889	Agra College
" H. W.	...	1890	Ditto
" S. S.	—	1884	Lahore College
" T.	...	1866	Agra College
" W. A.	...	1873	Lahore College
Hart, G. W.	...	1890	Teacher
Hati, Banwarilal, B.L.	...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Heera Jha	...	1890	Patna College
Hemayat Uddin, B.L.	...	1886	Dacca College
Himmat Ali, B.L.	...	1881	Hughli College
Hiralal	...	1888	Jabalpur College
† Homer, J.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
Horst, W. C.	...	1874	Mussoorie School
Housden, F. G.	...	1889	Teacher
H. Po Saw	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
† H. S. E. Carim	...	1890	Ditto
Htoon Chan, B.L.	—	1886	Ditto
Hui, Nibaranchandra, B.L.	...	1890	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Imtiyaz Ali	...	1885	Canning College
Iswariprasad	...	1883	M. A. O. College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Izad Bakhsh, B.L.	...	1877	Hughli College
Izad Bakhsh, B.L.	...	1868	Ditto
Izhar Hussain	...	1889	Patna College
Jacob, Elijah	...	1891	Jabalpur College
Jadunandan Prasad, B.L.	...	1889	Patna College
Jagadamba Prasad	...	1889	Agra College
Jagannath	...	1878	Ditto
Jagannath	...	1878	Ditto
Jagannathprasad	...	1884	Benares College
Jagannath Saran, B.L.	...	1890	Patna College
Jagannath Sahay	...	1890	Ditto
Jagatnarayan	...	1888	Muir Central College
† Jamil Akhtar	...	1891	Patna College
† Janaki Sahay	...	1890	Ditto
Janardan Jyotirvid	...	1889	Bareilly College
Jash, Bholanath	...	1884	Dacca College
† Jayatileka, D.B.	...	1890	Wesley College, Colombo
Jha, Bindhyanath	...	1888	Benares College
„ Ramanath	...	1881	Ditto
Jharkhandi Prasad, B.L.	...	1885	Patna College
„ Somnath	...	1883	Benares College
Joardar, Mahimchandra, B.L.	...	1868	Berhampur College
Johns, G. W.	...	1879	Agra College
Jwalaprasad	...	1883	Canning College
Jyotirbid, Gopaldatta	...	1877	Bareilly College
† Kabiraj, Baikunthanath	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sureschandra	...	1876	Patna College
Kabiruddin Ahmed	...	1887	Presidency College
Kalka Singh	...	1886	Canning College
Kamal-ud-din	...	1892	Patna College
Kandhji, B.L.	...	1882	Ditto
† Kanhya Lal Guru	...	1889	Jabalpur College
† Kanjilal, Kailaschandra, B.L.	...	1872	Treacher
Kar, Abinaschandra	...	1889	Presidency College
† „ Basantakumar	...	1892	Dacca College
„ Binodinikanta	...	1886	Ditto
„ Chandrasekhar	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gaurkisor	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Gopalgobinda	...	1890	Victoria College, Cooch- Behar
„ Haricharan	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Nabinchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Parbatisankar	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Premnarayan, B.L.	...	1885	Teacher
„ Umacharan, B.L.	...	1872	Hughli College
Karmakar, Bankubihari, B.L.	...	1884	Krishnagar College
„ Bhushanchandra	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Hariprasanna, B.L.	...	1880	Dacca College
„ Kumudnath	...	1891	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Karta Krishn	...	1884	Muir Central College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Kasinath Lakshman Panday	...	1892	Morris College, Nagpur
†Kastagiri, Dhirendralal, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
" Jogindralal	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
†, Kumudini	...	1887	Bethune School
†Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1887	Agra College
Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1887	Patna College
Kelly, W. A.	...	1881	St. Xavier's College
Keshab Vinayak Joshi	...	1886	Canning College
Kesheo Bhagavant Byavahare	...	1891	Hislop College, Nagpur
Keshi Misra	...	1890	Patna College
Kewal Krishna	...	1884	Muir Central College
Khaliluddin Ahmad	...	1889	Jabalpur College
Khaliluddin Ahmad	...	1889	Presidency College
Khaleelur Rahman	...	1889	Patna College
Khan, Hridayranjan	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
" Lukmanuddin	...	1884	Canning College
" Ramdurlabh, B.L.	...	1868	Teacher
" Ramgopal, B.L.	...	1871	Krishnagar College
" Saradanath	...	1890	City College
†, Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1888	Ripon College
Khasnabis, Kunjamohan	...	1889	Dacca College
Kishenlal	...	1870	Bareilly College
Kisho Dass	...	1889	Agra College
Konar, Rajanikanta B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Sasibhusan, B.L.	...	1882	Free Church Institution
" Syamacharan	...	1890	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Kotal, Umeschandra	...	1877	Presidency College
Kriparam	...	1873	Lahore College
Krishnachandra	...	1880	Benares College
Krishna Ballabh, B.L.	...	1890	Patna College
Krishnadas	...	1875	Benares College
Krishnaji Hari Datey	...	1886	Canning College
Krishna Makund Anterker	...	1892	Jabalpur College
Krishna Sahay	...	1887	Benares College
Krishna Sahay, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
†Kshatriya, Bhairablal	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†, Debidayal	...	1886	L. M. College, Benares
" Giridharilal	...	1885	Muir Central College
" Lakshminarayan, B.L.	...	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Sheo Sankar	...	1889	Agra College
Kshetrabhusan Prasad Varma	...	1891	Patna College
Kuldip Sahay	...	1890	Ditto
†Kumar, Bireswar	...	1889	City College
" Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Dhirajchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
" Prankrishna, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Kundu, Anandachandra, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
" Bhagabatcharan, B.L.	...	1884	Hughli College
" Madhusudan, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Kundu, Mahendranath	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Makundalal, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Nandalal, B.L.	...	1873	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Radhagobinda	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Rajanikanta	...	1892	Teacher (Boll. Cal.)
„ Ramkumar, B.L.	...	1879	Free Church Institution
† „ Tarinicharan	...	1888	City College
Kundunlal	...	1881	Teacher
Kunjabiharlal	...	1877	Muir Central College
† Kunjabihari Seth	...	1886	Canning College
Lachmi Narayan	...	1892	Patna College
Laha, Amarchand, B.L.	...	1873	Dacca College
„ Bharatbandu	...	1892	Ditto
„ Nabadwipchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Srischandra	...	1881	Presidency College
Lahiri, Akshaychandra	...	1892	City College
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bankimchandra, B.L.	...	1888	Rajshahye College
„ Gopalchandra	...	1887	Teacher
„ Gopalgobinda, B.L.	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harihar, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
† „ Jnanendrabhushan	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lalitmohan, B.L.	...	1881	Rajshahye College
„ Mahendramohan, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Manamohan, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1869	Ditto
„ Purnachandra B.L.	...	1878	Cathedral Mission College
„ Radhikamohan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajendralal, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Rameschandra, B.L.	...	1868	Ditto
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Srihari, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
Lakshman Pandatji	...	1888	Hislop College
Lakshmanprasad	...	1879	Canning College
Laksmi Narayan, B.L.	...	1887	Patna College
Lakshmi Prasad	...	1885	Ditto
Lal, Bahadur, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Bankabihari	...	1884	Ditto
„ Isacharan	...	1884	Lahore College
„ Syamsundar	...	1875	Agra College
Lala, Bindheswariprasad	...	1879	Benares College
„ Damodar Prasad	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Durgacharan Sirivastave	...	1888	Canning College
„ Harbandhan Lal	...	1886	Benares College
„ Kalindi Prasada	...	1886	Ditto
„ Mritunjay Lal	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sivanandan Prasada	...	1886	Benares College
Lalji Singh	...	1889	Patna College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Lalsingh, B.L.	... 1873	Presidency College
Le Feuvre, E. A.	... 1878	Patna College
Lekhray	... 1889	Bareilly College
Leslie, K. M.	... 1883	Presidency College
†Leslie, F. M.	... 1887	Ditto
Lethbridge, W. M.	... 1859	Bishop's College
Lewis, George	... 1868	Lahore Mission College
†Liladhar Joshi	... 1887	Muir Central College
Lila Singh	... 1890	Bethune College
Lilton, C. H.	... 1886	Teacher
Lubeck, H., B.L.	... 1885	Ditto
†Lucas, L. T. R.	... 1889	St. Xavier's College
Lutfur Rahman, B.L.	... 1885	Hughli College
Mack, W. E.	... 1887	Teacher
Madak, Priyanath	... 1883	Hughli College
Madangopal	... 1877	Delhi College
Madanmohan Lal	... 1884	Muir Central College
Madan Singh	... 1881	Lahore College
†Madhao Abaji Waiday	... 1892	Morris College, Nagpur
†Madhava Moreshwar Jamdar	... 1891	Ditto
Madho Narayan	... 1892	Teacher (Roll. Agr.)
Mahabirprasad	... 1879	Canning College
Mahadeo Krishna Padhye	... 1891	Morris College, Nagpur
†Mahbubur Rahman, B.L.	... 1889	Presidency College
Mahananda Sahay, B.L.	... 1888	Patna College
Mahanti, Harakrishna	... 1890	Ravenshaw College
†, Narayanprasad	... 1888	Ditto
" Judhisthir	... 1889	Ditto
Maharaj Singh Mathur	... 1883	Agra College
Maharana, Chandramohan	... 1890	Ravenshaw College
Mahendrakisor	... 1886	Patna College
Mahendra Narayan	... 1892	Ditto
Mahmud, B.L.	... 1886	Presidency College
Mahomed Yusoof, B.L.	... 1867	Ditto
Mahomed Wajjed, B.L.	... 1869	Teacher
Maiti, Mahendranath, B.L.	... 1885	Free Church Institution
" Upendranath, B.L.	... 1882	Ditto
Maitra, Akshaychandra	... 1891	Presidency College
" Akshaykumar, B.L.	... 1883	Ditto
" Akshaykumar, B.L.	... 1885	Ditto
" Ambikacharan, B.L.	... 1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Atalbihari, B.L.	... 1874	Presidency College
" Bijaykrishna, B.L.*	... 1875	Ditto
" Chandicharan	... 1889	Krishnagar College
" Grindrachandra, B.L.	... 1886	Free Church Institution
" Hariballabh, B.L.	... 1868	Teacher
" Harimohan, B.L.	... 1884	Free Church Institution
" Hemantakumar, B.L.	... 1890	Presidency College
" Kalipada	... 1878	Canning College
" Kasinath, B.L.	... 1877	Presidency College
" Kedareswar, B.L.	... 1873	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Maitra, Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1885	General Assembly's Instn.
„ Krishnanath, B.L.	...	1884	Teacher
„ Makundamohan, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Mathuranath, B.L.	...	1885	Teacher
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1884	Krishnagar College
„ Pyarimohan, B.L.	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Radhagobinda, B.L.	...	1859	Presidency College
„ Radhikakrishna	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Ramchandra	...	1888	Krishnagar College
„ Ramgopal	...	1881	Canning College
„ Ramlal, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Sasicharan, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Sureschandra, B.L.	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1878	Krishnagar College
„ Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Trailokyanath, B.L.	...	1887	Muir Central College
„ Umeschandra	...	1890	Ripon College
†Md. Sakhawat Hosen	...	1888	Bareilly College
Maji, Iswarchandra	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Majumdar, Ambikacharan	...	1884	Teacher
„ Annadacharan	...	1887	Muir Central College
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1888	Rajshahye College
„ Banamali, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bankimchandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Bhabanikisor, B.L.	...	1879	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bhupalchandra	...	1892	Ditto
„ Bhupendranath	...	1890	Patna College
†„ Bidhubhushan	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Bidhubhushan	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Bijaychandra	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bimalacharan, B.L.	...	1869	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†„ Binodbihari, B.L.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1882	Teacher
„ Chandicharan	...	1877	Benares College
†„ Chandrasikhar, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Dakshinacharan, B.L.	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Debedranarayan, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Gangacharan	...	1891	Rajshahye College
†„ Haripada	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Hridayanath, B.L.	...	1879	Dacca College
„ Hridayanath, B.L.	...	1883	Free Church Institution
„ Harinath, B.L.	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Indrabhushan, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Indubhushan, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Jagaddurlabh, B.L.	...	1865	Teacher
„ Jageschandra, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution

* Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Majumdar, Kailaschandra, B.L.	..	1866	Presidency College
„ Kalachand, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Kedarnath	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Kedarnath	..	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Kripanath	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Krishnasundar, B.L.	...	1881	Dacca College
„ Kunjabihari	...	1877	Free Church Institution
„ Madhabchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Mahananda, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Mahendrachandra	...	1872	Teacher
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Murarilal, B.L.	...	1882	Ditto
„ Probodhchandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prasannakumar	...	1891	Dacca College
„ Pratapchandra, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Priyasankar	...	1890	Ditto
„ Ramdurlabh, B.L.	...	1872	Dacca College
„ Ramlal	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Ramratan	...	1861	Civil Engineering College
„ Rashbihari, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Rohinikumar, B.L.	...	1884	Teacher
„ Saratchandra	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
„ Saratchandra	...	1892	Hughli College
„ Sasilochar	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Surendranath	...	1886	St. Xavier's College
„ Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Tarinicharan, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
Makar, Goshthabihari	...	1881	Ditto
Makhanlal, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
Malaviya, Madanmohan	...	1884	Muir Central College
Malharnarayan Korday	...	1888	Hislop College
Mallik, Amritakrishna, B.L.	..	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Balaram, B.L.	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Biharilal, B.L.	...	1868	Hughli College
„ Debendrachandra, B.L.	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Hemkumar	...	1891	Ditto
† „ Jnanendranath	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
„ Jogindrachandra, B.L.	...	1871	Krishnagar College
„ Jotindrachandra, B.L.	...	1884	Hughli College
„ Kesablal, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Kunjalal	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Lalitmadhab, B.L.	...	1872	Ditto
„ Latulal	...	1874	Free Church Institution
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Napharlal	...	1891	City College
„ Narendranath	...	1889	Presidency College
† „ Prasaddas, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Mallik, Premchand	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Priyalal	...	1884	Ditto
† „ Satyendrachandra	...	1892	Ditto
„ Srikanta, B.L.	—	1863	Ditto
† „ Surendranath	...	1890	Ditto
„ Surendranath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra, B.L.	...	1865	Ditto
Mandal, Binodbihari, B.L.	...	1873	Cathedral Mission College
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1883	Patna College
† „ Gokulchandra	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Haridas, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jadunath	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Jajneswar	...	1887	City College
„ Krittibas	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Prankrishna, B.L.	—	1881	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rameswar, B.L.	...	1878	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Ramkrishna, B.L.	...	1886	City College
Mangla Prasada	...	1889	Patna College
Maniruddir Hyder, B.L.	...	1889	St. Xavier's College
Manley, H. F.	...	1888	Teacher
† Manmohanlal Agarwala	...	1885	Muir Central College
Manna, Kailaschandra	...	1873	Presidency College
Manoharlal Bhargava	...	1889	Agra College
Manzer, M., B.L.	—	1889	Bishop's College
Marik, Amritlal, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Bhabataran, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Mashuq Ali	...	1887	M. A. O. College
Maulik, Adharchandra	...	1889	Teacher
† „ Purnachandra	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Satischandra	...	1891	Ditto
Maung, Bah	...	1892	Rangoon College
„ Gneo	...	1892	Ditto
„ Hla Baw	...	1889	Ditto
„ Kye O.	...	1891	Ditto
Mazhar-ul-Anwar, B.L.	...	1878	Hughli College
M Choinuddin	...	1892	Rajshahye College
Mendies, H. E., B.L.	...	1866	Doveton College
Mewaram	...	1876	Bareilly College
Mewa Ram	...	1886	Canning College
† Mian Bhai Abdul Hosain	...	1888	Jabalpur College
Mirza Bedar Bukht, B.L.	...	1888	Hughli College
Mirza Kalbali Beg	...	1887	Muir Central College
Mirza Muhammad Faseeh	...	1891	Patna College
Mirza Wahid Ali Beg	...	1886	Canning College
Mirza Warzahat Hossain	...	1890	Teacher
Misra, Baldev	...	1885	Patna College
„ Basudeb, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Biharlal	...	1873	Hughli College
† „ Chandikaprasad	...	1889	Jabalpur College
„ Dibyasinha	...	1887	Ravenshaw College
„ Gauriprasad	...	1884	Patna College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Misra, Harinarayan, B.L.	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Kanhaiyalal	...	1888	Bareilly College
" Lajjaram	...	1881	Canning College
" Ramsahay, B.L.	...	1883	Patna College
" Sarju Prasad	...	1885	Canning College
Mithila Saran	...	1890	Patna College
Mitra, Abhayabar	...	1888	Hughli College
" Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
" Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1868	Ditto
" Abinaschandra, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Achintanath, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
" Adharchandra, B.L.	...	1888	General Assembly's Instn.
" Aghornath, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1872	Hughli College
" Akshaykumar	...	1883	Presidency College
" Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1884	Patna College
" Akshaykumar	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Amarendrachandra	...	1890	Presidency College
" Amritlal, B.L.	...	1889	Ripon College
" Amulyachandra, B.L.	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
" Anandaprasad, B.L.	...	1889	Teacher
" Anantanath	...	1891	Dacca College
" Annadachandra, B.L.	...	1887	Ravenshaw College
" Annadaprasad	...	1884	Patna College
†, Annadaprasad	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Asutosh, B.L.	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Asutosh	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
" Asutosh, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
†, Asutosh	...	1890	Ditto
" Asutosh	...	1892	Presidency College
" Baradakanta, B.L.	...	1884	General Assembly's Instn.
†, Bankimbihari	...	1891	Presidency College
" Basantakumar	...	1891	Teacher
" Benimadhab	...	1864	Presidency College
" Bhagabaticharan	...	1871	Patna College
" Bhubanmohan, B.L.	...	1872	Free Church Institution
" Biharilal	...	1872	Cathedral Mission College
" Biharilal, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
†, Bijaykesab, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Binodbihari, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
" Binodbihari, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Binodbihari	...	1889	Patna College
" Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
" Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1872	Ditto
" Bipinbihari	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Binodchandra	...	1891	Presidency College
" Brajcharan, B.L.	...	1881	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Biswambhar, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
" Chandicharan	...	1881	Free Church Institution
" Chandicharan, B.L.	...	1889	City College
" Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Mitra, Charuchandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Charuchandra	...	1887	City College
„ Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Dakshinaranjan, B.L.	...	1885	Hughli College
„ Debendranarayan	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1872	Free Church Institution
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Dharaniswar	...	1886	St. Xavier's College
„ Dwarkanath, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Girindranath, B.L.	...	1873	Cathedral Mission College
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Girischandra	...	1865	Teacher
„ Gobindachandra, B.L.	...	1873	Patna College
„ Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gopallal, B.L.	...	1870	Teacher
„ Gopendrachandra, B.L.	...	1880	Hughli College
„ Harakumar, B.L.	...	1888	St. Xavier's College
„ Haricharan, B.L.	...	1875	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Haridas	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Haridas, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
„ Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1882	Krishnagar College
† „ Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Patna College
„ Hemchandra	...	1890	City College
„ Hiralal, B.L.	...	1873	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Indubhushan, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1867	Free Church Institution
„ Jadunath	...	1880	Teacher
„ Jaineswar	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Jaineswar	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Jatendralal, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Jaychandra	...	1887	City College
„ Jnanendranath	...	1885	Presidency College
† „ Jnanendranath	...	1887	Krishnagar College
„ Jageschandra, B.L.	...	1869	Free Church Institution
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jugalkisor	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Jotirindraprasad	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Jyotischandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kalicharan, B.L.	...	1888	St. Xavier's College
„ Kalikumar	...	1869	Teacher
„ Kalipada	...	1889	Ditto
„ Kaliprasanna, B.L.	...	1882	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kaliprasanna, B.L.	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Kiranlal, B.L.	...	1890	Presidency College
† „ Krishnagopal	...	1891	Hughli College
„ Krishnakumar	...	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kshetramohan	...	1875	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Mitra, Kunjabihari	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Loknath	...	1884	Hughli College
†, Lalitkisor, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Lalitmohan, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Madanmohan, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Madanmohan	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1869	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Manmohan, B.L.	...	1870	Free Church Institution
„ Mohanchand	...	1876	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nabinkrishna, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
„ Nagendrachandra, B.L.	...	1880	Hughli College
†, Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Nagendranath	...	1886	Ditto
„ Nagendranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nanikumar, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Narsinhachandra, B.L.	...	1863	Presidency College
†, Narendrakumar	...	1888	Ditto
„ Narendranath, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Nareschandra, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nalininath, B.L.	...	1871	Hughli College
„ Nibaranachandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nilgirindra	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Nirmalchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nrityagopal, B.L.	...	1887	Teacher
„ Prabodchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Prasannabandan	...	1865	Queen's College, Benares
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1869	Krishnagar College
„ Prasannakumar	...	1884	Hughli College
„ Prayagchandra	...	1887	Canning College
„ Priyanath	...	1869	Free Church Institution
„ Priyanath	...	1887	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1866	Teacher
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1868	Free Church Institution
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1870	Cathedral Mission College
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1873	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Radhikacharan, B.L.	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Rajaninath, B.L.	...	1868	Hughli College
„ Rajaninath	...	1888	L. M. S. Col., Bhowanipur
„ Rajeswar	...	1880	Patna College
„ Ramendralal, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ R. K.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Rameschandra, B.L.	...	1860	Presidency College
„ Rameschandra, B.L.	...	1890	Ditto
†, Rammohan	...	1877	Ditto
†, Basiklal, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Mitra, Saratchandra, B.L.	—	1881	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Saratchandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sarbanarda, B.L.	...	1883	Free Church Institution
„ Satischandra	..	1887	Ditto
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1890	Ditto
„ Sorashicharan, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Srischandra	...	1882	Rajshahye College
† „ Srischandra	...	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Subodhchandra	..	1892	Presidency College
„ Surendranath	...	1872	Cathedral Mission College
„ Surendranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendranath	...	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sureschandra, B.L.	...	1882	Ditto
„ Sureschandra, B.L.	...	1889	Patna College
„ Syamaldhan	...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Tarabilas, B.L.	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Trailokyanath, B.L.	—	1863	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra, B.L.	...	1870	Teacher
„ Upendragopal, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
† „ Upendramohan	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1868	Ditto
Mockbul Ali	...	1890	Dacca College
Mohanlal	...	1877	Delhi College
Mohanta, Radhikanath	...	1879	Presidency College
Molakram	...	1877	Delhi College
† Monnier, E. H.	...	1887	St. Xavier's College
† Mofa Khorul Islam	...	1889	Ditto
Moung Too	...	1885	Govt. H. School, Rangoon
† Muhammad Abdullah	...	1887	City College
† Muhammad Abdulla	...	1892	Patna College
Muhammad Ainul Huq, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
Muhammad Ali Reza Khan	...	1870	Agra College
Muhammad Azimuddin	...	1885	Muir Central College
† Muhammad Aziz Mirza	...	1887	M. A. O. College
Muhammad Diem, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
Muhammad Habibullah, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
† Muhammad Habibur Rahman	...	1892	Patna College
Muhammad Hasan	...	1888	Dacca College
† Muhammad Hussan	...	1887	Patna College
† Muhammad Hossain Azmi	...	1886	Muir Central College
Muhammad Ibrahim	...	1885	St. Xavier's College
Muhammad Ishfak, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
Muhammad Ismail, B.L.	...	1880	Patna College
Muhammad Israel	...	1886	Presidency College
Muhammad Israil Khan	—	1886	Ditto
Muhammad Khan	...	1892	Teacher (Roll. Jab.)
Muhammad Maghul Alam	...	1888	Muir Central College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

†Muhammad Naseem	...	1887	Canning College
Muhammad Shafi	...	1882	Lahore College
†Muhammad Sultan Alum	...	1887	Presidency College
Muhammad Taher, B.L.	...	1889	St. Xavier's College
†Muhammad Yusuf Ali	...	1892	Presidency College
†Muhammad Zahur Alam	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Muhammad Wazir Ahmed	...	1885	Benares College
Muhammad Zahir	...	1891	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Muhibuddin Ahmad, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Abhaycharan	...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Abinaschandra	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Abinaschandra	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Adharchandra	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Aghornath, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Aghornath	...	1887	Ditto
„ Akhilchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
†„ Akshaykumar	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Ambikacharan, B.L.	...	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†„ Amritlal	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Amritasekhar, B.L.	...	1889	Berhampur College
†„ Aparaprasad, B.L.	...	1885	Hughli College
„ Asutosh	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Asutosh	...	1889	Patna College
„ Asutosh	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Aswinikumar, B.L.	...	1885	Hughli College
„ Bagalananda, B.L.	...	1890	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Bamacharan, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bamandas	...	1892	City College
„ Bankimchandra	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Bankimnath	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baradacharan	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
„ Baradakanta	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baranasi	...	1889	Teacher
„ Bhagabanchandra, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
„ Bhabacharan, B.L.	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Bhabanicharan	...	1870	Teacher
„ Bhabataran	...	1890	Patna College
„ Bholanath, B.L.	...	1873	Free Church Institution
„ Bhubanmohan, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Bhupatinath, B.L.	...	1885	Hughli College
„ Bhushanchandra, B.L.	...	1887	City College
„ Bhutnath, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Bidhubhushan, B.L.	...	1873	Canning College
„ Bidhubhushan, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Biharilal, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Mukhopadhyay, Biharilal	...	1878	Patna College
„ Biharilal	...	1881	Krishnagar College
„ Biharilal, B.L.	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Biharilal, B.L.	..	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Binodbihari, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Bipinbihari	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1886	St. Xavier's College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1889	Jabalpur College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1892	Ditto
„ Bipinchandra	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Bipradas	...	1868	Krishnagar College
„ Bipradas	—	1890	Ripon College
„ Birajchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Bishnucharan, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Biswanath, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Brajalal	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Brajendranath	...	1892	Hughli College
„ Chandrabhushan	...	1871	Krishnagar College
„ Chandrakumar, B.L.	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Chandrasekhar, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Charuchandra	...	1887	Ravenshaw College
„ Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1880	Patna College
„ Charuchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Charuchandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Oharuchandra	...	1891	Ditto
„ Chintaharan	...	1892	Rajshahye College
„ Chintamani	...	1885	Benares College
„ Debendrachandra, B.L.	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Debendranath	—	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dinanath	...	1863	Teacher
„ Durgadas, B.L.	...	1870	Ditto
„ Durgadas	...	1873	Free Church Institution
„ Gangacharan	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Gangaprasad	...	1861	Presidency College
„ Gaurhari	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Girijabhushan	...	1890	Patna College
„ Girijasaran	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Girindrachandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Girindranath	...	1872	Krishnagar College
„ Grindranath, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1866	Ditto
„ Gobindachandra, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Gobindrachandra,	...	1889	Ditto
„ Gobindadeb, B.L.	...	1871	Hughli College
„ Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Gopalchandra	—	1877	Benares College
„ Gopalchandra	...	1887	M. B.
„ Gopallal, B.L.	...	1869	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Mukhopadhyay, Gopimohan, B.L.	...	1868	Free Church Institution
„ Hanseswar, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Haragobinda, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Harakali	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harendranath	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Haricharan	...	1890	City College
„ Haridas	...	1878	St. Xavier's College
„ Harihar	...	1888	City College
„ Harilal	...	1874	Cathedral Mission College
„ Haripada, B.L.	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Haripada, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Haripada	...	1889	City College
„ Hariprasanna	...	1885	Rajshahye College
„ Hariprasanna	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Hariprasanna, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Haripurna	...	1876	Muir Central College
„ Harischandra, B.L.	...	1881	Hughli College
„ Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Hemchandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Hemantakumar	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Indrachandra, B.L.	...	1887	Teacher
„ Jadunath, B.L.	...	1861	Presidency College
„ Jadunath	...	1867	Krishnagar College
„ Jagadis	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Jagadis	...	1885	Ditto
„ Jaharlal	...	1884	Ditto
„ Janjeswar	...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jaminikanta	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Janakinath, B.L.	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Jayhari, B.L.	...	1881	Ditto
„ Jaygopal, B.L.	...	1872	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Jnanendranath	...	1889	L.M.S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Jageshchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Jogindrachandra, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
„ Jogindrachandra, B.L.	...	1879	Free Church Institution
„ Jogindrachandra, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Jogindrakumar	...	1887	Ditto
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1874	Free Church Institution
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1884	Muir Central College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Jogindranath	...	1890	City College
„ Jogindranath	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
„ Jyotindranath	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Jyotindranath	...	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Jyotindranath	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Kailaschandra, B.L.	...	1863	Ditto
„ Kalidas	...	1875	Free Church Institution
„ Kalidas	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Mukhopadhyay, Kalidas, B.L.	....	1886	Hughli College
„ Kalikananda, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Kalikrishna	..	1878	Lahore College
„ Kalinath, B.L.	...	1872	Krishnagar College
„ Kalipada, B.L.	...	1873	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kalipada	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kaliprasanna, B. L.	...	1880	Patna College
„ Kaliprasanna, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kaliprasanna, B. L.	...	1863	Presidency College
† „ Kalisankar	...	1886	Ditto
„ Kanailal, B.L.	...	1864	Ditto
„ Kanailal	...	1890	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Kantichandra, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Kantichandra, B. L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Karunasindhu, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Kedareswar, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kedarnath	...	1885	M. A. O. College
„ Kedarnath	...	1888	Teacher
„ Kedarnath, B. L.	...	1889	Patna College
„ Kedarnath	...	1890	Teacher
„ Krishnakali	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Krishnamohan	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Kshetrachandra, B. L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Kshetramohan	...	1874	Cathedral Mission College
„ Kshetrprasada, B.L.	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Kshitibhushan, B. L.	...	1886	Krishnagar College
„ Kumudinikanta	...	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Lalmoan, B. L.	...	1886	City College
„ Madhusudan	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1873	Free Church Institution
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1886	City College
„ Mahendranath, B. L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mahendranath	..	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1874	Hughli College
„ Manmathanath, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Manmathanath	...	1889	Ditto
„ Manmohan	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Matilal	...	1885	Rayahaye College
† „ Matilal, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Matilal	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Nabagopal	...	1890	City College
„ Nagendranath, B. L.	...	1884	Krishnagar College
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1884	St. Xavier's College
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nagendranath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
„ Nandagopal	...	1888	City College
„ Nandalal	...	1881	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Mukhopadhyay, Narayanchandra	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn
„ Narendranath, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Nilalobit, B.L.	...	1877	Cathedral Mission College
„ Nilkanta, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
† „ Nilmani, B.L.	...	1889	City College
„ Nilmani	...	1891	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Nilratan	...	1890	Berhampur College
„ Nityalal, B.L.	...	1881	Free Church Institution
„ Nripalchandra	...	1887	Teacher
„ Paradakinkar, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Phanibhushan, B.L.	...	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Pramadanath, B.L.	...	1872	Hughli College
„ Pramathanath, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
† „ Pramathanath	...	1890	Ditto
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1877	Patna College
„ Priyanath, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Priyanath	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Purnachandra	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Purnachandra	...	1883	Canning College
„ Purnachandra	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Pyarilal, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Pyarimohan	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Rajendranath	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Rajanikanta, B.L.	...	1875	Ditto
† „ Rajmohan, B.L.	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Rajnarayan, B.L.	...	1875	Ditto
„ Rakhalchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Hughli College
„ Rakhaldas, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Ramchandra, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Ramchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Instn.
„ Ramdhan, B.L.	...	1886	L.M.S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Ramaprasad, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
† „ Ramjiban, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Ramlal, B.L.	...	1859	Presidency College
„ Rammohan	...	1891	Ripon College
† „ Rasbihari, B.L.	...	1887	Dacca College
† „ Santoshnath, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saradacharan, B.L.	...	1889	City College
„ Saradaprasad	...	1872	Free Church Institution
„ Saradaprasad, B.L.	...	1881	Patna College
„ Saratchandra	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra	...	1885	Canning College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saratchandra	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1888	Teacher
„ Saratchandra	...	1892	St. Xavier's College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Mukhopadhyay, Saratkinkar	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1863	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1886	City College
„ Sasibhushan	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
† „ Satischandra	...	1889	Hughli College
„ Satischandra	...	1891	Teacher
„ Satyabhushan	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Satyacharan, B L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Satyanath	...	1867	Teacher
„ Satyaprasanna	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sibnarayan	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Sitalchandra	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Srihari, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sriharsha, B L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Srikrishna, B.L.	...	1869	Teacher
„ Srinath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sripati	...	1884	Hughli College
„ Srischandra	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Srischandra, B.L.	...	1889	Teacher
„ Suratnath	...	1890	Hughli College
„ Surendranath, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendranath	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Surendranath	...	1890	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
„ Surendranath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sureschandra	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Sureschandra, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Susilendra, B L.	...	1886	Teacher
„ Tarapada	...	1891	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
„ Taraprasanna, B.L.	...	1860	Presidency College
„ Taraprasanna, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tariniprasad	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Thakurdas, B.L.	...	1873	Free Church Institution
„ Tinkari, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tripuracharan	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Tulsidas, B.L.	...	1877	Cathedral Mission College
„ Tulsidas	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Umacharan	...	1878	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Umakali, B.L.	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Umeschandra	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Umeschandra	...	1892	Hughli College
„ Upendrachandra, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Upendrachandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Upendrachandra, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Upendranarayan	...	1890	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Mukhopadhyay, Upendranath, B L.	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Upendranath, B.L.	... 1881	Teacher
„ Upendranath, B.L.	... 1884	Ditto
„ Upendranath	... 1888	Metropolitan Institution
Mukhoti, Baradakanta	... 1889	Dacca College
Mukundalal	... 1885	Agra College
†Mukunda Raghoba Pathak	... 1892	Hislop College, Nagpur
Mulchand	... 1884	Muir Central College
Mundle, B.D.	... 1889	Bishop's College
Munna Lal, B	... 1892	Jabalpur College
Munshi, Dakshinacharan	... 1886	Rajshahye College
„ Srinarayan	... 1878	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†Murlidhur	... 1887	Canning College
Murphy, E. A. B. E.	... 1886	Mussoorie School
Mustafi, Asutosh	... 1890	Ripon College
„ Chandragati, B.L.	... 1875	Presidency College
„ Debendranath	... 1889	Teacher
„ Manmatha	... 1886	Metropolitan Institution
Nag, Abhayacharan	... 1879	Presidency College
„ Bamacharan, B.L.	... 1871	Ditto
„ Baradacharan, B.L.	... 1873	Ditto
„ Girischandra	... 1890	City College
„ Jagadbandhu, B.L.	... 1870	Dacca College
„ Jyotindramohan	... 1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kunjabihari, B.L.	... 1869	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	... 1870	Cathedral Mission College
„ Matilal	... 1890	Ripon College
„ Nabinchandra, B.L.	... 1885	Presidency College
„ Nisikanta	... 1891	Ditto
„ Rebatikanta, B.L.	... 1877	Ditto
„ Sibchandra, B.L.	... 1869	Teacher
Nagwant Sahay, B.L.	... 1877	Patna College
Naha, Anangamohan, B.L.	... 1873	Teacher
Namdeo Madhao Hastak	... 1892	Morris College, Nagpur
Nanabhoy Nowrajee Burjorjee	... 1890	Rangoon College
Nandakisor	... 1870	Delhi College
Nandakisor	... 1874	Ditto
Nandakumar	... 1883	Agra College
Nandan, Hemchandra, B.L	... 1867	Teacher
Nandi, Abinaschandra, B.L.	... 1888	Ripon College
„ Atulkrishna	... 1891	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Becharam	... 1872	Teacher
„ Jagatochandra, B L. •	... 1890	Dacca College
„ Loknath	... 1872	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath	... 1892	Hughli College
„ Mathuranath	... 1888	City College
„ Prakaschandra, B.L.	... 1887	Dacca College
„ Rajaninath, B L.	... 1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Ramanchandra, B.L.	... 1872	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Nandi, Sitanath	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sureschandra	...	1890	Presidency College
†Nand Kishore Lall, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
Narain Dass	...	1889	Agra College
Narayanakailasam Aiyar	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
Narayan Kesheo	...	1892	Hispol College, Nagpur
Narayan Krishna Hardas	...	1891	Ditto
Narayanprasad	...	1884	Canning College
Narayanprasad, B.L.	...	1875	Patna College
Nath, Harihar, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
Naubak Chand	...	1878	Benares College
Navaratna Lal	...	1891	Patna College
Nehalchandra	...	1879	Benares College
†Nitbiharilal	...	1887	Muir Central College
Niyogi, Bamacharan	...	1889	Vic. Col., Cooch-Bihar
„ Brajanandan	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
†„ Bhabaniprasad	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
„ Dwijendrachandra	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
†„ Hemkumar, B.L.	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jasadanandan	...	1890	Teacher
„ Jogindrakumar, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmohan, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Manmohan	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prasannakumar	...	1892	City College
„ Saradaprasad, B.L.	...	1873	Patna College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendranath	...	1888	M. B.
„ Trailokyamohan, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Udaychandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
Nizamdeen Hasan, B.L.	...	1877	Muir Central College
Nownidh Lal, B.L.	...	1887	Patna College
Obed-ul Rahman, B.L.	...	1868	Berhampur College
†O'Neill, E.	...	1887	St. Xavier's College
Owen, M.	...	1886	Ditto
Pain, Amritlal, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Chandrakanta, B.L.	...	1869	Krishnagar College
„ Iswarprasad	...	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Manilal	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Nandadulal, B.L.	...	1872	Ditto
„ Priyalal, B.L.	...	1879	Ditto
Pakrasi, Gopalchandra	...	1885	Teacher
Pal, Abhaycharan, B.L.	...	1874	Ditto
„ Akshaychandra	...	1887	Hughli College
„ Amritlal, B.L.	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Anantalal	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Annadaprasad, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Aparaprasad	...	1887	Hughli College
„ Apurbakrishna, B.L.	...	1875	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Asutosh	...	1890	Hughli College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

†Pal, Asutosh	...	1892 Presidency College
„ Baikunthanath, B.L.	...	1861 Ditto
„ Benimadhab	...	1866 Free Church Institution
„ Bhutnath	...	1882 Ditto
„ Biharilal, B.L.	...	1873 Presidency College
„ Chandranath	...	1890 Dacca College
„ Chandrasikhar	...	1889 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Debendranath, B.L.	...	1883 Free Church Institution
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1884 Hughli College
„ Gopallal	...	1890 Ripon College
„ Haridas	...	1883 Free Church Institution
† „ Harischandra	...	1888 L.M.S. Col., Bhowanipur
„ Hirallal	...	1873 Hughli College
„ Jadunath	...	1872 Presidency College
„ Janakinath, B.L.	...	1884 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1891 City College
„ Kartikchandra, B.L.	...	1868 Hughli College
„ Lakshminarayan	...	1886 City College
„ Nanigopal, B.L.	...	1874 Cathedral Mission College
„ Nilmani	...	1892 Rajshahye College
„ Niradbaran, B.L.	...	1885 Free Church Institution
† „ Prabhaschandra, B.L.	...	1887 Patna College
„ Radhikamohan	...	1889 F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Rajchandra	...	1876 Teacher
„ Sanatkumar	...	1892 Presidency College
„ Saradaprasanna, B.L.	...	1886 Metropolitan Institution
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1879 Presidency College
„ Sarbeswar, B.L.	...	1885 Metropolitan Institution
„ Sibkrishna	...	1884 Free Church Institution
„ Srinath, B.L.	...	1868 Hughli College
„ Srinath, B.L.	...	1881 Presidency College
„ Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1881 Ditto
„ Syamacharan	...	1889 Dacca College
Palchaudhuri, Satischandra	...	1891 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Palit, Amritlal, B.L.	...	1884 Presidency College
„ Baikuntharath, B.L.	...	1884 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Banabihari, B.L.	...	1885 Ravenshaw College
„ Biharilal	...	1891 General Assembly's Instn.
„ Harinath, B.L.	...	1874 Cathedral Mission College
„ Hridaynath	...	1889 Rajshahye College
„ Kalicharan, B.L.	...	1886 General Assembly's Instn.
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1886 Ravenshaw College
„ Sibchandra, B.L.	...	1884 Presidency College
„ Taraknath, B.L.	...	1866 Ditto
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1877 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Palodhi, Hariprasad	...	1885 L. M. College, Benares
Pan, Kalipada	...	1887 City College
Panda, Baijnath	...	1888 Jabalpur College
Pande, Chunilal	...	1883 Canning College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Pande, Hariram	...	1880	Muir Central College
„ Jayaprasad, B.L.	...	1883	Patna College
„ Ramabatar	...	1877	Muir Central College
„ Sibadatta	...	1874	Benares College
†Pandit, Akshaykumar	...	1889	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
†„ Biswambharnath	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Ikbalkishen Shargha	...	1885	Canning College
„ Jagatnarayan	...	1884	Ditto
„ Jwalanath, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Kashinath Gunjver	...	1888	Canning College
„ Kedarnath	...	1876	Ditto
†„ Siikrishen Tikko	...	1888	Ditto
„ Suryyanarayan, B.L.	...	1875	Ditto
„ Suryyanarayan Bahadur	...	1887	Ditto
„ Tribhubannath Shivapori	...	1884	Ditto
Panja, Nrisinhamurari	...	1871	Free Church Institution
Parmananda	...	1876	Agra College
Pati, Radhanath, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
Pathak, Chandrakanta	...	1889	City College
„ Jwalaprasad	...	1878	Hughli College
„ Kisorimohan	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Ramratan, B.L.	...	1868	Berhampur College
Patnaik, Chaturbhuj	...	1877	Presidency College
Pattadar, Gurugobinda, B.L.	...	1878	Krishnagar College
Pattanayak, Ganeswar	...	1887	Ravenshaw College
Pauray, Janakinath	...	1867	Berhampur College
Perasharam Krishna, H.	...	1891	Hislop College, Nagpur
†Percival, J. R., B.L.	...	1887	St. Xavier's College
Pereira, C. V.	...	1892	Trinity College, Kandy
†Pereira, J. E. F.	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
Phakirchand	...	1881	Muir Central College
Phillips, A. S.	...	1863	Teacher
Phulchand	...	1887	Ajmere College
†Platel, J.	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
Popelay, Lachmandas	...	1872	Delhi College
Porel, Bhubanmohan	...	1865	Free Church Institution
Pragdin Shurma	...	1888	Canning College
Pramanik, Harinath	...	1885	Free Church Institution
Pramanik, Rameswar, B.L.	...	1877	Canning College
Prayagnath, B.L.	...	1884	Patna College
Purushottam Ganesh, P.	...	1891	Hislop College
Purushottam Lal	...	1887	Jabalpur College
Purushottam Sitaram Deva	...	1892	Morris College, Nagpur
Qasemuddin Khan	...	1890	Patna College
Raghunandanprasad, B.L.	...	1879	Ditto
Raghunandanprasad	...	1881	Benares College
Raghunandan Prasad	...	1892	Patna College
Raghunath Ganesh	...	1887	Jabalpur College
Raghunathprasad	...	1877	Muir Central College
Raghunath Ramchandra Buldeo, B.L.	...	1887	Morris College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Raghunath Prasad	...	1889	Teacher
Raghunath Sahay, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
Raghupershad	...	1886	Canning College
Raha, Abhaycharan	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Gobindachandra	...	1889	Teacher
„ Prasannakumar	...	1890	City College
„ Upendranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
Rai, Debiprasad, B.L.	...	1888	Jabalpur College
„ Krishna Bahadur	...	1891	Patna College
„ Prithwi Nath	...	1886	Muir Central College
†Rajaram	...	1886	Canning College
Raj Kishore	...	1891	Patna College
Rakshit, Brajamohan	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath	...	1887	Hughli College
Ramaprasad	...	1891	St. Xavier's College
Ramchandra Balkrishna Wevaray, BL	...	1889	Hislop College
Rambart, T. A.	...	1874	Teacher
Ramdayal	...	1873	Lahore College
Ramjiwanlal, B.L.	...	1889	Patna College
Ramkisor Bhargav	...	1888	Canning College
Ram Krishna	...	1888	Ditto
Ramlal	...	1877	Agra College
Ramlal Dinanath Pande	...	1892	Hislop College, Nagpur
†Ram Newas	...	1888	Agra College
Ramprasad, B.L.	...	1883	Patna College
Ramprasada	...	1883	Canning College
Ramprasad Mathur	...	1887	Muir Central College
Ram Sarup	...	1888	Ditto
Rashakabihari	...	1880	Agra College
Ratanchand	...	1868	Ditto
Ratnaparki, Manohar Damodar	...	1879	Benares College
Raushanlal	...	1879	Agra College
†Rauth, Purnachandra	...	1887	Dacca College
Ray, Abinaschandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Abinaschandra	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1865	Ditto
„ Akshaykumar	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Amritlal, B.L.	...	1873	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Amritlal	...	1880	Ditto
„ Amritlal	...	1891	City College
„ Amulyanath, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anukulchandra	...	1888	Teacher
„ Abinaschandra	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Anukulchandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anukulchandra	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1889	St. Xavier's College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Ray, Baidyanath	...	1890	Free Church of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Baikunthanath, B.L.	...	1876	Dacca College
†, Baikunthanath	...	1885	Patna College
„ Bamacharan, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†, Baradakanta, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baranasi, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Benibhushan, B.L.	...	1880	Ditto
„ Benimadhab, B.L.	...	1866	Ditto
„ Benimadhab, B.L.	...	1875	Hughli College
„ Bhabanath, B.L.	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Bholanath	...	1867	Queen's College, Benares
„ Bijaygopal	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Bijaykrishna, B.L.	...	1875	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bipinchandra, D.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Birajmohan	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Biswambhar, B.L.	...	1881	Teacher
„ Brajanath	...	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Brajendrachandra, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Brajendranath	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Brajendranath, B.L.	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
„ Chandicharan	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Chandrakumar, B.L.	...	1867	Teacher
„ Chandrasekhar, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†, Charuchandra	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Debendranath	...	1871	L.M.S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Debendranath	...	1887	City College
†, Dewanchandra, B.L.	...	1890	Hughli College
„ Dhaneschandra	...	1866	Civil Engineering College
„ Dineschandra, B.L.	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Dolgobinda, B.L.	...	1890	City College
†, Durgadas	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Durgakanta, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Durganath	...	1889	Ditto
„ Durgasundar, B.L.	...	1872	Dacca College
„ Gaurpada, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Girijaprasanna, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1873	Queen's Col., Benares
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1877	Ca.edral Mission College
„ Gobindacharan	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Gobindachandra, B.L.	...	1882	Hughli College
„ Gopalchandra	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Gopendrachandra	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Gurbaksh	...	1879	Agra College
„ Haralal	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Harendrakrishna	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harendralal, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Harendranarayan, B.L.	...	1873	Dacca College
„ Harendranarayan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harikrishna, B.L.	...	1877	Teacher

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Ray, Harimohan	...	1883	Canning College
„ Harinarayan, B.L.	...	1864	Teacher
„ Harinath, B.L.	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Harinath, B.L.	...	1880	Krishnagar College
„ Harinath, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Harinath	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Hemendranath, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
„ Hiralal	...	1888	City College
† „ Indukumar	...	1888	Krishnagar College
„ Indranarayan, B.L.	...	1879	Hughli College
„ Jadabchandra	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Jadabchandra	...	1889	Ditto
„ Jadunath, B.L.	...	1885	Hughli College
„ Jadunath, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
„ Jagadischandra, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Janakinath	...	1892	City College
„ Jajneswar, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jnanachandra	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Jnanendramohan	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
„ Jogindranath	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Jogeschandra, B.L.	...	1874	Ditto
„ Jogeschandra	...	1887	City College
„ Jogindranath	...	1887	Ditto
† „ Jogindranath	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Jyotindramohan	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Kalikumar	—	1886	Patna College
„ Kalikumar, B.L.	...	1889	City College
„ Kalimohan, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Kalipada	—	1892	Ditto
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Kasiswar	...	1890	Berhampur College
„ Kedarnath	...	1877	Cathedral Mission College
„ Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kesabchandra, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Kesablal	...	1892	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kshetramohan	...	1891	Dacca College
„ Kiranchandra	...	1887	City College
„ Kisorimohan, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Krishnanath, B.L.	...	1866	Ditto
„ Kshetraprasad, B.L.	—	1888	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Kshitischandra	—	1888	Presidency College
„ Kuladakinkar, B.L.	...	1877	Ditto
„ Kuladananda, B.L.	...	1884	Hughli College
„ Kumudinikanta, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kumudnath	...	1890	Ditto
„ Kumudnath	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Kunjamohan, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Lalitmohan, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Lalitmohan	...	1890	Teacher

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

† Ray, Lalitmohan	...	1891	Patna College
„ Lalitmohan	—	1892	Presidency College
„ Madhabachandra	...	1862	Civil Engineering College
„ Madhusudan	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Madhusudan, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Mahendrachandra	...	1892	Krishnagar College
„ Mahendralal, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1870	Cathedral Mission College
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	—	1873	Patna College
† „ Mahendranath	...	1888	St. Xavier's College
„ Maheschandra, B.L.	...	1883	Rajshahye College
„ Mahimchandra	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Mahimchandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmathanath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Manamohan	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Manindrachandra, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Makundanath, B.L.	...	1877	Ditto
„ Manaranjan	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Manimohan	...	1891	Patna College
„ Matilal	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
„ Matilal	...	1892	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nabakrishna	...	1890	Berhampur College
„ Nabinchandra, B.L.	...	1872	Cathedral Mission College
„ Nagendrakumar, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendrakumar	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Nagendranath	...	1869	Berhampur College
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1880	Cathedral Mission College
† „ Nagendranath	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nalinikanta	...	1892	City College
„ Nandagopal	...	1881	Teacher
„ Nanimadhub	—	1888	City College
„ Nepalchandra	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nikhilnath, B.L.	...	1888	Krishnagar College
„ Nikhilnath	...	1892	Berhampur College
„ Nikunjabihari, B.L.	...	1880	Hughli College
„ Nilmadhab, B.L.	...	1869	Patna College
„ Nirmalchandra	...	1890	L.M.S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Nityananda	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nripendrachandra, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Paramesprasanna	...	1890	City College
„ Parbaticharan	—	1862	Teacher
„ Prasannagopal, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Prasannagopal, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1867	Free Church Institution
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Prasannakumar, B.L.	...	1889	Hughli College
„ Prasannanath, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Priyanath	...	1886	City College
„ Priyanath	—	1888	Teacher
„ Pulinchandra	...	1890	Dacca College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Ray, Purnachandra	...	1872	Cathedral Mission College
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1872	Krishnagar College
„ Purnachandra	...	1892	Patna College
„ Pyarilal, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Radhaballabh, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Radhaballabh, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajanikanta	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rajanikanta	...	1887	City College
„ Rajchandra, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Rajendrachandra	...	1890	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
„ Rajendranarayan, B.L.	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Rajendranath, B.L.	...	1877	Canning College
„ Rajendranath, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Ramanihara	...	1885	Benares College
„ Ramanikanta	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Ramapati	...	1887	City College
„ Ramchandra, B.L.	...	1887	Rajshahye College
„ Rangalal, B.L.	...	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rasbihari	...	1888	Ditto
„ Sailendrabandhu, B.L.	...	1879	Hughli College
„ Sambhunath, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Santoshkumar, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saradaprasad, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Rajshahye College
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
† „ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Saratchandra	...	1892	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1885	Ditto
„ Sasikanta, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Satischandra	...	1883	St. Xavier's College
„ Satischandra	...	1892	City College
„ Satyanath	...	1884	Krishnagar College
† „ Satyendranath	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sitanath, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Sitanath	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Sibnandanlal	...	1873	Patna College
„ Srigobinda	...	1890	Rajshahye College
„ Srinath, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Srischandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Srischandra	...	1890	City College
„ Sudhansubhushan, B.L.	...	1868	Free Church Institution
„ Surajmohan	...	1888	City College
„ Surendranath, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Surendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Surendranath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendranath	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Sureschandra, B.L.	...	1889	St. Xavier's College
„ Sureschandra	...	1890	Krishnagar College
† „ Sureschandra	...	1891	Presidency College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Ray, Suryyakumar	...	1885	Teacher
„ Syamchand, B.L.	...	1870	Ditto
„ Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1881	Free Church Institution
„ Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Syamjus	...	1873	Delhi College
„ Tarakchandra, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Tarananda	...	1891	Ditto
„ Taranimohan, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tarasundar	...	1890	Ditto
„ Tariniprasad, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Trailokyanath, B.L.	...	1889	Rajshahye College
„ Ugrakanta, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Umacharan	...	1877	Cathedral Mission College
„ Umagati, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendranath	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendranath	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Raychaudhuri, Abhaykumar	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Amareschandra, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1881	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh	...	1890	Berhampur College
„ Debendrakumar, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Girijaprasanna	...	1890	Ditto
„ Jadabkrishna, B.L.	...	1871	Ditto
„ Kalidas, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Kshetramohan, B.L.	...	1866	Free Church Institution
„ Kshirodchandra	...	1892	City College
† „ Lalbihari	...	1892	Ditto
„ Makhanlal	...	1891	Ditto
„ Nagendranath	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
† „ Nalininath	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Parbaticharan, B.L.	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Paresnath, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Paresnath, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajendranath	...	1888	Canning College
„ Saratchandra	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1889	Teacher
„ Sibadas	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Sibkrishna, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sirischandra, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Suryyakanta	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Umacharan	...	1892	Ditto
„ Upendrakisor	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
Raymaulik, Binodbihari, B.L.	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Priyabhushan	...	1889	Vic Col., Cooch-Behar
Reazuddin, B.L.	...	1883	Muir Central College
Rebello, P. T.	...	1872	St. Xavier's College
Rostan, J. B.	...	1871	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Rothwell J. M. G.	...	1872 Bishop's College
Rudra, Madhusudan	...	1881 Genl. Assembly's Instrn.
" Rajanikanta, B.L.	...	1889 Teacher
Saad Abul Fazail	...	1891 Presidency College
†Sadashive Ganput Subhadar	...	1889 Hislop College
Sadasiva Murhur Nalumwar	...	1885 Canning College
Saha, Bamacharan	...	1891 Dacca College
" Fazaruddin	...	1890 Rajshahye College
" Ganeschandra, B.L.	...	1888 Teacher
" Gangadas, B.L.	...	1886 Presidency College
†, Jogendralal, B.L.	...	1888 Metropolitan Institution
" Kamalkrishna	...	1891 Ripon College
" Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1884 Free Church Institution
" Madanmohan	...	1892 City College
" Narayanchandra	...	1889 Teacher
" Nibaranchandra, B.L.	...	1887 Free Church Institution
" Prankrishna	...	1891 City College
" Rajanikanta	...	1887 Free Church Institution
" Ramcharan	...	1889 Metropolitan Institution
Sahay, Jadunath, B.L.	...	1870 Patna College
" Jagannath, B.L.	...	1881 Ditto
" Mahabir, B.L.	...	1884 Ditto
" Nilkantha, B.L.	...	1862 Ditto
" Raghubansa, B.L.	...	1869 Presidency College
Sahib Lal	...	1884 Muir Central College
Sahu, Durgacharan	...	1880 Ravenshaw College
Sailajaprasad, B.L.	...	1886 Patna College
Sajjad Husain	...	1884 M. A. O. College
Sajibanal	...	1873 Patna College
Sajibanlal	...	1878 Benares College
Sakharam Maroti Bakeray	...	1889 Hislop College
Saligram	...	1881 Canning College
†Samanta, Jagadbandhu	...	1891 Metropolitan Institution
" Kaliprasanna	...	1890 F. C. of Scotland's Instrn and Duff College
" Manohar, B.L.	...	1889 Genl. Assembly's Instrn.
" Nilmadhab, B.L.	...	1866 Free Church Institution
" Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1887 Metropolitan Institution
†Samarawara, J	...	1887 Free Church Institution
Samir-ul-din-Ahmed, B.L.	...	1884 Presidency College
Sandal, Mohanal	...	1889 Agra College
Sanghat Ali	...	1892 St. Xavier's College
Sanjhimul	...	1868 Lahore College
Sankardayal	...	1877 Agra College
†Sankar Lakshman Gokhale	...	1892 Hislop College, Nagpur
Sankarlal	...	1871 Agra College
Sankarlal	...	1889 Teacher
Sankardas	...	1877 Muir Central College
†Sankhua, Daityaprasad, B.L.	...	1890 Ravenshaw College
Sanyal, Baidyanath, B.L.	...	1888 Dacca College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Sanyal, Banichandra, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baradakanta	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Bholanath	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Bhubanmohan, B.L.	...	1872	Teacher
„ Bishnuchandra	...	1881	Benares College
„ Chandramay, B.L.	...	1889	City College
„ Chandrasekhar	...	1866	Queen's College, Benares
„ Dasarathi, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Dinanath	...	1881	Cathedral Mission College
„ Durgananda	...	1884	Rajshahye College
„ Harischandra, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Janakinath	...	1890	City College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1871	Cathedral Mission College
„ Kedarnath	...	1874	Hughli College
„ Kisorilal	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Krishnagopal, B.L.	...	1873	Cathedral Mission College
„ Lalitmohan	...	1888	Rajshahye College
„ Mahendranath, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Mathuranath	...	1876	Free Church Institution
„ Nagendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Pyarilal	...	1889	Ditto
„ Radhanath	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Radhikaprasad, B.L.	...	1888	Free Church Institution
„ Rajanikanta, B.L.	...	1888	City College
„ Ramchandra, B.L.	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Ramlal, B.L.	...	1869	Free Church Institution
„ Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tarinicharan	...	1885	Agra College
„ Trailokyasaran	...	1892	Rajshahye College
Sarbadhikari, Amritakumar, B.L.	...	1871	Sanskrit College
„ Rajkumar, B.L.	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Suresprasad	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
Sarkar, Abhaycharan, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Adharchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Akhilpati	...	1889	Ravenshaw College
„ Akshaychandra	...	1867	Hughli College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1890	Bishop's College
† „ Annadaprasad, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Asutosh, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baradakanta, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Basantakumar	...	1885	Ditto
„ Becharam, B.L.	...	1884	Hughli College
„ Bhabataran, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Chintamani	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dinanath, B.L.	...	1872	Krishnagar College
„ Durgacharan	...	1882	Metropolitan Institution

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Sarkar,	Ekkarinath	...	1890	Teacher
"	Gobindapada, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Gopalchandra	...	1880	Rajshahye College
"	Haradhan	...	1872	Free Church Institution
"	Haradhan	...	1892	Ripon College
"	Hemchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Jagatchandra	...	1871	Cathedral Mission College
"	Jagatnarayan, B.L.	...	1879	Patna College
"	Jogindralal	...	1892	City College
"	Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
"	Jogindranath	...	1891	City College
"	Jogeschandra	...	1871	Presidency College
†,	Jogindranath	...	1892	Ditto
†,	Jyotischandra	...	1891	Krishnagar College
"	Kailaschandra, B.L.	...	1883	Presidency College
"	Kalikrishna	...	1890	Ravenshaw College
"	Kalikumar, B.L.	...	1885	Doveton College
"	Kalipada, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Kaliprasanna	...	1866	Presidency College
"	Kedarnath, B.L.	...	1869	Cathedral Mission College
"	Krishnachandra, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
"	Kumudnath, B.L.	...	1887	Muir Central College
"	Kunjabihari	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
†,	Lalitmohan	...	1889	Dacca College
"	Mahendranath	...	1874	Free Church Institution
"	Matilal, B.L.	...	1862	Presidency College
"	Mukundasundar, B.L.	...	1887	Rajshahye College
"	Nabagopal	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
"	Nagendranath	...	1876	Ditto
"	Nandalal, B.L.	...	1877	Cathedral Mission College
"	Natabarchandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
"	Nrityagopal, B.L.	...	1874	Free Church Institution
"	Pareschandra, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
"	Paresnath, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
"	Prakaschandra	...	1891	L. M.S. Instn., Bhowanipur
"	Prankrishna	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
"	Prasannakumar	...	1888	Teacher
"	Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
"	Purnachandra	...	1886	Ditto
"	Radhikaprasad	...	1888	Ripon College
"	Rajanikanta, B.L.	...	1883	Dacca College
†,	Rajanikanta, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
"	Ramchandra, B.L.	...	1880	Dacca College
"	Ramnarayan, B.L.	...	1878	Patna College
"	Saratkumar	...	1890	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
"	Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
"	Sasibhushan	...	1891	Patna College
†,	Sasibhushan	...	1892	Hughli College
"	Satyasaran	...	1890	Berhampur College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

†Sarkar, Sitikantha	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
†,, Surendranath	...	1892	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Sureschandra	...	1892	Teacher (Roll. Pat.)
,, Taraknath	...	1871	Krishnagar College
,, Tarinicharan	...	1890	Ditto
,, Umeschandra	...	1859	Free Church Institution
,, Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1861	Presidency College
Sarkhel, Harakumar, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
Sarma, Chandranath	...	1891	City College
,, Kamalchandra	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
,, Nabinchandra, B.L.	...	1876	Cathedral Mission College
†,, Sibram, B.L.	...	1887	City College
†Sarmabiswas, Ramankrishna	...	1886	Dacca College
Satiar, Radhikalal	...	1890	Teacher
Saugor Chand	...	1864	Agra College
Sayyid Abdul Gaffur	...	1890	Ravenshaw College
Sayyid Faizuddin Hosain	...	1877	Hughli College
Sayyid Hosein	...	1884	M. A. O. College
Scott, G. W.	...	1877	Patna College
Sen, Abinaschandra	...	1883	Rajshahye College
,, Adharlal	...	1877	Presidency College
,, Adharnath, B. L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
,, Akshaykumar, B. L.	...	1871	Hughli College
,, Akshaykumar, B.L.	...	1884	Rajshahye College
,, Akshaykumar	...	1889	Ripon College
,, Akshaykumar, B. L.	...	1891	Dacca College
†,, Ambikacharan	...	1873	Medical College
,, Ambikacharan, B.L.	...	1884	Teacher
,, Anandagopal	...	1868	Ditto
,, Anantakumar, B. L.	...	1889	City College
,, Annadacharan, B.L.	...	1880	Dacca College
,, Annadacharan	...	1885	L.M.S. Inst., Bhowanipur
,, Annadacharan, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
,, Annadakumar, B.L.	...	1881	Dacca College
,, Apurbakrishna	...	1875	Presidency College
,, Asutosh, B.L.	...	1873	Ditto
,, Asutosh, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
,, Baikunthanath, B. L.	...	1863	Presidency College
,, Banamali	...	1891	St. Xavier's College
,, Baradakanta	...	1887	City College
,, Baradagobinda, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
,, Baradakanta	...	1891	Teacher
,, Basantakumar	...	1874	Dacca College
,, Basantakumar, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
†,, Basantakumar	...	1889	Presidency College
†,, Bhaminiranjana, B.L.	...	1886	City College
,, Bhubanmohan	...	1870	Dacca College
,, Bhubanmohan	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
†,, Bhupalchandra, B.L.	...	1887	St. Xavier's College
,, Bhupendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Sen, Bilaschandra	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Binoðbihari, B.L.	...	1882	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1872	Hughli College
„ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1881	Dacca College
† „ Bipinbihari, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Bipinbihari	...	1890	L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur
„ Bipinchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
† „ Bishnupada, B.L.	...	1888	City College
„ Biswanath	...	1888	Canning College
„ Brajalal	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Chandicharan	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Chandicharan	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Chandrabhushan	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Chandramohan, B.L.	...	1866	Dacca College
„ Dakshinaranjan, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Debendramohan, B.L.	...	1882	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Debendranath	...	1886	Teacher
„ Dinabandhu	...	1868	Ditto
„ Dinabandhu	...	1886	St. Xavier's College
„ Dinanath, B.L.	...	1865	Dacca College
„ Dinanath, B.L.	...	1886	Hughli College
† „ Dineschandra	...	1889	Teacher
„ Durgacharan, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Ekkari, B.L.	...	1887	Free Church Institution
„ Gangaprasanna	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Gokulnath	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Gopibhushan	...	1888	Ditto
„ Haricharan, B. L.	...	1872	Free Church Institution
„ Harimohan	...	1879	Dacca College
„ Harinath	...	1877	Teacher
„ Hemchandra	...	1878	Ditto
„ Hemendranath, B. L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Isanchandra	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Jaineswar, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Jatramohan, B.L.	...	1873	Cathedral Mission College
„ Jitendranath	...	1892	City College
† „ Jnanendralal	...	1885	Hughli College
„ Jnanedrakumar	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Jogindrakumar, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Jyotindrachandra, B.L.	...	1886	Doveton College
† „ Jyotishchandra	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Kailaschandra, B.L.	...	1880	Free Church Institution
„ Kailaschandra	...	1889	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
„ Kalicharan, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kalimohan, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Kalimohan	...	1892	City College
„ Kaliprasanna, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Sen, Kaliprasanna	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Kamalakanta, B.L.	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Kamalakanta	...	1868	Teacher
† „ Kamini	...	1886	Bethune Female School
„ Kaminikamal, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kaminimohan	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Kanailal, B.L.	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Kanailal	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Kasibhushan	...	1884	Teacher
„ Kasiswar, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kēdarnath, B.L.	...	1877	Ditto
„ Kesablal	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Kisorilal, B.L.	...	1879	Hughli College
† „ Kisorimohan	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Kshetramohan, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Kshirendrasankar	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kshirodchandra	...	1882	Dacca College
† „ Kshirodchandra	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kunjabihari	...	1891	Ditto
„ Kusumkuar	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Lalgopal, B.L.	...	1870	Krishnagar College
„ Lalitchandra, B.L.	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Lalitkumar, B.L.	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Lalitmohan, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Lalmohon	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Madhusudan	...	1891	Ditto
„ Mahendrachandra, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Mahendrakumar, B.L.	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Mahendrakumar	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Maheschandra	...	1872	Hughli College
† „ Manasaranjan	...	1891	Presidency College
„ Manmathanath	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Matilal	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Mathurnath, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nabinchandra	...	1868	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nagendrachandra, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Nagendrachandra, B.L.	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nagendranath	...	1892	Presidency College
„ Nalininath, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Narendranath, B.L.	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Niradbihari	...	1885	Teacher
„ Nisikanta	...	1889	Dacca College
† „ Nityagopal, B.L.	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Panchugopal	...	1889	Krishnagar College
„ Pranhari, B.L.	...	1884	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Paresnath	...	1882	Ditto
† „ Paresnath	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Phanibhushan	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Gen, Priyanath	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Purnananda	...	1888	Benares College
" Radhakrishna, B.L.	...	1864	Presidency College
" Radhanath, B.L.	...	1875	Ditto
" Rajanikanta, B.L.	...	1889	City College
" Rajendranath	...	1885	Patna College
" Rajkrishna, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
" Rajkumar	...	1875	Teacher
" Rajkumar	...	1892	Ripon College
" Rajaniranjan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Rakhalidas	...	1891	City College
" Rameschandra, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Rameschandra	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
" Rameschandra, B.L.	...	1885	Dacca College
" Rameschandra, B.L.	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
†, Rasbihari	...	1891	Presidency College
" Rasiklal	...	1882	Teacher
" Ratneswar, B.L.	...	1872	Presidency College
" Rebatimohan, B.L.	...	1887	Dacca College
" Saradacharan, B.L.	...	1887	St. Xavier's College
" Saradaprasad, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
" Saradaprasad, B.L.	...	1880	Dacca College
" Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1880	Ditto
" Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1886	Benares College
" Saratchandra	...	1887	Free Church Institution
" Saratchandra, B.L.	...	1888	L. M. S. Col., Bhowanipur
" Sasadhar	...	1891	Teacher
" Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1866	Presidency College
" Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1867	Dacca College
" Sasibhushan, B.L.	...	1880	Presidency College
" Sasibhushan	...	1881	Hughli College
" Sasibhushan	...	1882	Ditto
" Sasikumar, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Satiskamal, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
" Satischandra, B.L.	...	1884	Muir Central College
" Satischandra, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Satischandra	...	1891	Ditto
" Satischandra	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
" Satyakinkar, B.L.	...	1869	Presidency College
" Satyendranath	...	1890	Ditto
" Srikanta, B.L.	...	1878	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Srinath, B.L.	...	1877	Ditto
" Srischandra, B.L.	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Sulpani	...	1878	Presidency College
" Surendrachandra, B.L.	...	1886	Doveton College
" Syamacharan	...	1891	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
" Syamlal	...	1873	Presidency College
" Syamlal, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Sen, Taracharan, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Taraprasad, B.L.	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Taraprasanna, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Taraprasanna, B.L.	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Trailokyanath	...	1871	Hughli College
„ Tarinikrishna, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Tattweskamal	...	1890	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
„ Umacharan	...	1887	Teacher
„ Umacharan, B.L.	...	1887	City College
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1873	Free Church Institution
„ Umeschandra, B.L.	...	1885	Rajshahye College
„ Upendranath	...	1884	Free Church Institution
† „ Upendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Canning College
„ Upendranath	...	1890	Teacher
Sengupta, Ambikaprasad, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Girischandra, B.L.	...	1883	Teacher
„ Jotindramohan	...	1892	Hughli College
„ Kalidas, B.L.	...	1875	Ditto
„ Kalikumar	...	1890	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Krishnakumar, B.L.	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath	...	1892	Patna College
† „ Saratchandra	...	1889	Presidency College
† „ Saratchandra	...	1889	Ditto
„ Surendranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Taraprasad	...	1890	Hughli College
„ Tinkari	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Senmajumdar, Jadabchandra, B.L.	...	1880	Dacca College
Set, Bipinbihari	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manilal, B.L.	...	1876	Free Church Institution
„ Nabinlal	...	1885	Ditto
„ Radheschandra	...	1889	Rajshahye College
† Shahabuddin Khan	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
† Shaikh Muhammad Abdul Hakim	...	1891	Patna College
† Shaikh Muhammad Abdul Majid, B.L.	...	1890	Ditto
† Shankar Madhava Harkarey	...	1891	Morris College, Nagpur
Sheolal	...	1877	Teacher
Sheo Sahay	...	1884	Canning College
Sherman, S. T.	...	1870	St. John's College
Shesha Rao Naidu, C.	...	1889	Hislop College
Sheucharanlal	...	1884	Muir Central College
† Shibbon Lall	...	1886	Agra College
Shionath	...	1870	Delhi College
Shivacharanlal	...	1885	Muir Central College
† Shivaprasada Srivastava	...	1888	Canning College
Shivaram Sadashiva Pitambare	...	1888	Hislop College
Sridhar Ganesh Paranjpe	...	1887	Ditto
Shuk Deo Tewari	...	1890	Jabalpur College
Shumsuzzoha	...	1888	Patna College
Shwe Zan Aung	...	1892	Bangoon College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Sibnath Singh, B.L.	...	1888	Patna College
Sikdar, Bidhubhusun	...	1891	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Kisorimohan, B.L.	...	1878	Krishnagar College
Sil, Aghornath, B.L.	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Binodbihari	...	1876	Free Church Institution
„ Brajendrakumar, B.L.	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Balaichand	...	1892	Hughli College
„ Gobindachandra, B.L.	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Gokulnath	...	1864	Hughli College
„ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1887	St. Xavier's College
„ Kanailal	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Kanailal	...	1874	Medical College
„ Kanailal, B.L.	...	1876	Cathedral Mission College
„ Makhanlal, B.L.	...	1884	Hughli College
„ Maniklal	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Narayanprasad	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Ramhriday, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
† Simlai, Syamacharan, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
Simmons, W. J.	...	1864	Doveton College
Singh, Bhupsen, B.L.	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Bhudhsen, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
„ Prayaga	...	1874	Benares College
„ Saligram, B.L.	...	1874	Presidency College
Sinha, Amritlal	...	1881	Canning College
„ Atalbihari, B.L.	...	1885	Presidency College
„ Baladeb	...	1878	Ditto
„ Baikunthanath, B.L.	...	1889	City College
„ Bankubihari	...	1889	Patna College
„ Basantakumar	...	1892	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Bidyaprasad, B.L.	...	1888	Patna College
„ Biswanath, B.L.	...	1888	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Brajanandan, B.L.	...	1878	Patna College
„ Brajeschandra, B.L.	...	1876	Ditto
„ Debendranath	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dwijadas	...	1890	Patna College
„ Gopalchandra, B.L.	...	1884	Free Church Institution
„ Harendrachandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harimohan	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Hemendralal	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
† „ Hemendranath	...	1889	City College
„ Hiralal	...	1891	Hughli College
„ Jaygopal, B.L.	...	1867	Free Church Institution
„ Jageschandra, B.L.	...	1883	Ditto
„ Jageswarprasad, B.L.	...	1888	Patna College
† „ Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1887	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
† „ Jyotindramohan	...	1890	Ditto
„ Kalikumar	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Karunasiddhu	...	1890	Ravenshaw College
„ Kedarnath	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Sinha, Kumar Kumudchandra	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Kumar Pramodchandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Lakshminarayan, B.L.	...	1889	St. Xavier's College
„ Lalitmohan	...	1890	Teacher
„ Madhusudan	...	1870	Berhampur College
„ Madhusudan, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Madhusudan	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Manindrachandra	...	1885	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Manindralal	...	1888	Ditto
„ Mathuranath, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Matilal, B.L.	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Matilal	...	1874	Ditto
„ Matilal	...	1888	City College
„ Nikunjabihari, B.L.	...	1873	Free Church Institution
„ Prakaschandra	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Purnachandra, B.L.	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Purnachandra	...	1888	City College
„ Raghunath	...	1890	Agra College
„ Rajendranath	...	1889	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rajkrishna, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Ramaprasanna, B.L.	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Ramchandra	...	1882	Ditto
„ Ramcharan, B.L.	...	1878	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Ramlal, B.L.	...	1886	Patna College
† „ Saratchandra	...	1887	Canning College
„ Sasibhushan	...	1885	Free Church Institution
„ Sasibhushan	...	1892	Dacca College
„ Satischandra, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
„ Shamsheerbahadur	...	1886	L. M. College, Benares
„ Sibabadan	...	1885	Muir Central College
„ Srimohan, B.L.	...	1889	City College
„ Surendranath	...	1882	Hughli College
„ Surendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Presidency College
„ Suryanarayan, B.L.	...	1860	Ditto
„ Syamlal, B.L.	...	1880	Patna College
„ Taraknath	...	1888	City College
„ Uditnarayan	...	1885	Muir Central College
Sinharay, Abinaschandra	...	1889	Ripon College
Sitalparsad, B.L.	...	1878	Patna College
Sitaram	...	1879	Canning College
Sitaram Krishna Joshi	...	1892	Teacher (Roll Nag.)
Siva Nandan Lal, B.L.	...	1889	Patna College
† Sivanandan Sahay	...	1892	Ditto
Sivaparsad	...	1880	Agra College
Sivaparsad	...	1887	Benares College
Sivaprasad, B.L.	...	1889	Patna College
Sivdayal	...	1873	Lahore College
Sivpratapnarayan, B.L.	...	1872	Patna College
Sivsaranlal, B.L.	...	1875	Teacher
Smart, G. B.	...	1889	Rangoon College
S. M. Ishaq	...	1888	Muir Central College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Sobhakar, Kshetranath	...	1890	Ripon College
Solomons, W. H.	...	1878	Cathedral Mission College
Som, Baikunthanath, B.L.	...	1886	City College
„ Baradaprasanna, B.L.	...	1866	Free Church Institution
„ Brajabihari, B.L.	...	1867	Ditto
„ Charusasi	...	1889	Presidency College
„ Debendralal, B.L.	...	1867	Hughli College
„ Jadunath	...	1887	L. M. S. Col., Bhowanipur
„ Muralilal, B.L.	...	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nandalal	...	1891	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
„ Saradaprasad	...	1877	Hughli College
„ Srilal	...	1878	Ditto
Soobh Narayan, B.L.	...	1890	Patna College
Srimani, Jogindranath, B.L.	...	1883	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Sripati Balwant Rao Gharpure	...	1892	Morris College, Nagpur
†Srivastava Krishnakumar	...	1887	Canning College
Srotiya Krishna Swarup	...	1888	Muir Central College
†Stark, H. A.	...	1885	Doveton College
†Stark, W. J.	...	1892	Presidency College
Sukhdeoprasad	...	1884	Agra College
Sukeswar Prasad, B.L.	...	1889	Patna College
Sukul, Bhadrnath	...	1871	Krishnagar College
„ Gadadharprasad	...	1883	Canning College
„ Hiralal, B.L.	...	1889	Morris College
†Sundar Bhan	...	1887	Agra College
Sundar Das Suri	...	1886	Teacher
Sundarlal	...	1881	Muir Central College
Sur, Biharilal	...	1886	Teacher
„ Harimohan, B.L.	...	1874	Hughli College
„ Hemchandra B.L.	...	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Sasibhushan	...	1886	Free Church Institution
Surajul Islam, B.L.	...	1867	Dacca College
Surjandas	...	1876	Lahore College
Suryyanarayan	...	1885	Teacher
Suryya Prasad, B.L.	...	1886	Patna College
Suryya Sahay	...	1884	Canning College
Swaries, W. J.	...	1885	Doveton College
†Swaranakar, Panchkaji	...	1889	City College
Syam, Baradacharan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
Syed Abdul Majid	...	1892	St. Xavier's College
Syed Abdul Malik	...	1889	Rajshahye College
Syed Abdul Mahmud	...	1889	Patna College
†Syed Abdul Salek	...	1891	Rajshahye College
†Syed Ahmad Ali	...	1888	Patna College
Syed Ahmed Hossain, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
Syed Ali, B.L.	...	1874	Ditto
Syed Ali Ashraf	...	1892	Presidency College
Syed Ali Hassan, B.L.	...	1890	Hughli College
Syed Ali Mozhar	...	1891	St. Xavier's College
†Syed Azizul Hassan	...	1887	Patna College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Syed Ghani Hyder, B.L.	...	1889	Patna College
†Syed Gahlib Husnain, B.L.	...	1889	Ditto
Syed Golam Durwash, B.L.	...	1888	Ditto
Syed Hossain	...	1867	Presidency College
Syed Karam Hossain	...	1889	Patna College
Syed Khyrat Ahmed, B.L.	...	1877	Teacher
Syed Mahmud-al-Hassan	...	1888	Agra College
Syed Mohammad Ali	...	1886	M. A. O. College
Syed Muhammad Hosain	...	1892	Patna College
Syed Muhammad Mujtaba	...	1885	Agra College
Syed Muhammad Yusaf Ali, B.L.	...	1884	Patna College
Syed Muzhar Imam	...	1873	Ditto
Syed Nazir Hossain, B.L.	...	1886	Free Church Institution
Syed Nural Hasan	...	1892	Patna College
Syed Sakhawat Hossain	...	1878	Hughli College
Syed Shahenshah Hussain Rizwi	...	1887	Canning College
†Syed Wahiduddin Ahmad, B.L.	...	1887	Hughli College
Syed Wazir Hassan, B.L.	...	1884	Patna College
Ta, Jadunath	...	1891	City College
Tajammal Ali	...	1890	Ravenshaw College
†Tagore, Indira	...	1892	Private Student
„ Kshitindranath	...	1890	Presidency College
„ Sudhindranath	...	1890	Ditto
†S. Z. Ahmed	...	1890	St. Xavier's College
Talapatra, Ramjadab, B.L.	...	1868	Berhampur College
Talukdar, Baradachandra, B.L.	...	1884	Rajshahye College
„ Harendrachandra, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Nabakumar	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
Tamhan, Kesabgopal	...	1884	Canning College
Tapeswari Prasad, B.L.	...	1884	Patna College
Tarachand	...	1881	Agra College
Tarafdar, Chandrakisor	...	1877	Cathedral Mission College
„ Rakhaldas, B.L.	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
Taslim-ud-din-Ahmad, B.L.	...	1877	Presidency College
Tatya Balkrishna Ksheersagar	...	1889	Agra College
†Tewari, Ambikacharan	...	1888	Canning College
„ Chandrasekhar, B.L.	...	1879	Hughli College
„ Mangobinda	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Srischandra, B.L.	...	1889	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
Tha Ban	...	1889	St. Xavier's College
Thakurdas	...	1868	Lahore Mission School
Thakurdyal, B.L.	...	1886	Patna College
Thakur, Harikinkar, B.L.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Kesabadasa	...	1886	Muir Central College
„ Narendranath, B.L.	...	1886	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rajendranath, B.L.	...	1884	Ditto
„ Madhab Singha	...	1884	Canning College
„ Radhakrishna, B.L.	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
Thakurprasad, B.L.	...	1887	Patna College
Thakurprasad	...	1890	Morris College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Thakurprasad, B.L.	... 1889	Teacher
Thomas, D.	... 1884	Ditto
Thompson, J. B.	... 1869	Bishop's College
Thomson, J. F.	... 1872	Hughli College
„ S. B.	... 1884	Ditto
„ W. H.	... 1877	Ditto
Thoy, C.	... 1890	Hislop College
Tiery, E. R. T.	... 1868	Doveton College
„ F. T. H.	... 1862	Ditto
Trevedi, Ayodhya Prasad	... 1888	Bareilly College
Trimbak Waman Joshi	... 1889	Jabalpur College
Tripathi, Rajkisor	... 1892	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Trutwein, F. A. C.	... 1889	Rangoon College
†Tubrez Ali	... 1885	Hughli College
†Twidale, F. W.	... 1891	Presidency College
Ukil, Syamacharan, B.L.	... 1886	Free Church Institution
Umar Baksh	... 1880	Lahore College
Umed Rai	... 1885	Teacher
†Upadhyay, Rupendranath	... 1892	Presidency College
Vaughan, J. E.	... 1891	St. Paul's Schl., Darjeeling
Vazir Ahmed	... 1886	Bareilly College
Venis, H. C.	... 1886	Benares College
Venkatesh Govind Daoo	... 1890	Morris College
Vethakan Yesudian	... 1891	Bishop's College
Vinayek Anant Pardhu	... 1890	Hislop College
Vinayak Babaji	... 1887	Morris College
†Vinayak Moreswar Kharay	... 1892	Hislop College, Nagpur
Vishnu Ramchandra Joshi	... 1887	Morris College, Nagpur
Vishwanath Ganpatrao Gharpurey	... 1892	Ditto
Vishwanath Vaman Paranspe	... 1888	Teacher
Wahiduddin Ahmad	... 1890	St. Xavier's College
Waikoon, J. W.	... 1889	Trinity College, Kandy
Wajid Husain, B.L.	... 1883	Patna College
†Wali Muhammad	... 1892	Ditto
Waliur Rahman, B.L.	... 1888	Presidency College
Walker, G. C. C.	... 1889	St. Xavier's College
†Waman Rustam Rao Mandloi	... 1889	Hislop College
†Waman Vithal Kane	... 1890	Ditto
†Wasi Ahmad	... 1891	Presidency College
†Wasudeo Ramchandra Dhobley, B.L.	... 1889	Agra College
Wilayat Husain	... 1886	M. A. O. College
†Yadava Prabhakar Watak	... 1890	Hislop College, Nagpur
Yadeo Wasudeo	... 1891	Ditto
†Yugala Kishora	... 1886	L. M. College, Benares
Yaquinnuddin Ahmed, B.L.	... 1884	Presidency College
Yawar Hosain Khan, B.L.	... 1886	Patna College
Younan, J., B.L.	... 1868	Teacher
†Zahurlal Huq, B.L.	... 1886	Dacca College
Zahurul Husen	... 1886	Teacne
Zillur Rahim	... 1887	Ditto
Zorab Manook	... 1885	St. Xavier's College

† Indicates B. A. with Honours.

Graduates—B. A.

HONOURS.

1885.

ENGLISH.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chotay Lal Sarma	...	Agra College
Mitra, Saratchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chattopadhyay, Nilkanta	...	Free Church Institution
Maitra, Ramaprasad	...	Presidency College
Basu, Purnachandra	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Lahiri Jnanendranath	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Narendranath	...	Free Church Institution
Bandyopadhyay, Madhusudan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Mukhopadhyay, Bhutnath	...	Free Church Institution
Ghosh, Rakhalkrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
Stark, H. A.	...	Doveton College
Mukhopadhyay, Hemchandra	...	Muir Central College
Guha, Jogeschandra	...	Dacca College
Chattopadhyay, Hariprasad	...	Presidency College
Majumdar, Ramdyal	...	Dacca College
Chakrabarti, Kumudbihari	...	Ditto

MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE.

FIRST DIVISION.

Sinha, Jogindrakumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
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SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Ghosh, Sitalprasad	...	Benares College
Nag, Girischandra	...	Presidency College
Majumdar, Ramdyal	...	Dacca College
Ray, Sureschandra	...	Teacher
Pandit Ikbāl Kishen Shargha	...	Canning College

SANSKRIT.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Kabiraj, Baikunthanath	...	General Assembly's Institution
Goswami, Bidhubhushan	...	Free Church Institution
Chakrabarti, Debendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chaudhuri, Radhagobinda	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Durgadatta Joshi	Muir Central College
Balaji Vithova Avalay	Canning College
Mukhopadhyay, Jagadis	Metropolitan Institution
Krishnagobinda Despande	Muir Central College
Chakrabarti, Purnachandra	Metropolitan Institution

MATHEMATICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Ray, Satischandra	...	Presidency College
Brij Bansi, Sahay	...	Patna College
Manmohanlal Agarwala	...	Muir Central College
Bandyopadhyay, Nityagopal	...	Presidency College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Datta, Biharilal	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ghosh, Rajaninath	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Jnanendrachandra	...	Ditto
Rudra, Manmathanath	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Aparaprasad	...	Hughli College
Tubrez Ali	...	Ditto
Datta, Samatulchandra	...	Presidency College
{ Acharyya, Taraprasanna	...	Ditto
{ Das, Ganeschandra	...	Ditto
{ Ray, Baikunthanath	...	Patna College
Sen, Jnanendralal	...	Hughli College
Mitra, Lalitkisor	...	Free Church Institution
Basu, Saratchandra	...	Canning College
Chotay Lal Sarma	...	Agra College
Bagchi, Lalitmohan	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ghatak, Baidyanath	...	Patna College

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

FIRST DIVISION.

Sinha, Basanticharan	...	Presidency College
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SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Sen, Jogindranath	..	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Jnanendrachandra	...	Ditto
Datta, Samatulchandra	...	Ditto
Simlai, Syamacharan	...	Ditto

1886.

ENGLISH.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit

Bhattacharyya, Janakinath	...	City College
Mukhopadhyay, Durgadas	...	Free Church Institution
Wheeler, E. M.	...	Presidency College
Das, Jogindranath	...	Ditto
{ Das, Nibaranchandra	...	City College
{ Fernando, M. J.	...	Free Church Institution
Ahmad	...	Presidency College
Guha, Taraprasanna	...	Ditto
Datta, Manmathanath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Kastagiri, Saradacharan	...	Ditto
{ Abdus Samad	...	Free Church Institution
{ Chattopadhyay, Naliniranjan	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Chandrabhushan	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Majumdar, Surendranath	...	St. Xavier's College
{ Sen, Jagadisachandra	...	Dacca College
Ramachandra	...	Muir Central College
Dover, W. C.	...	St. Xavier's College
{ Chattopadhyay, Khirrodchandra	...	Presidency College
{ Guha, Umeschandra	...	Dacca College
{ Ghosh, Atulkrishna	...	Muir Central College
{ Sarkar, Rajanikanta	...	Free Church Institution
{ Abdur Rahim	...	Presidency College
{ Ghosh, Saratchandra	...	Dacca College
De, Manmathanath	...	Patna College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Azmat Ali Firoz	...	Muir Central College
De, Ramanath	...	Presidency College
{ Das, Bipinbihari	...	Ditto
{ Mukhopadhyay, Saratchandra	...	Benares College

Ghosh, Surendranath	...	Dacca College
Chakrabarti, Phatikchandra	...	Krishnagar College
Dasgupta, Mathuranath	...	Patna College
Ray, Kalicharan	...	Free Church Institution
Bhaduri, Nabakrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
Sen, Debendranath	...	Teacher
Muhammad Husain Azmi	...	Muir Central College
Shibbon Lall	...	Agra College
Abdul Karim	...	Presidency College
Yugala Kishora	...	L. M. College, Benares
Abdus Samad	...	Patna College
Basu, Haridas	...	Metropolitan Institution
Dasgupta, Prasannakumar	...	Dacca College
Gauri Sankar	...	Muir Central College
Ghosh, Ambikacharan	...	Dacca College
{ „ Syamacharan	...	Patna College
{ Gokulprasad	...	Muir Central College
{ Zahurlal Haq	...	Dacca College
Gupta, Bhubanmohan	..	Metropolitan Institution
Bardolai, Gopinath	..	General Assembly's Institution
Dikshita, Ambikaprasad	...	Canning College
Gupta, Sukhamay	...	Free Church Institution
Bandyopadhyay, Purnachandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Chattopadhyay, Haraprasad	...	Free Church Institution
Gupta, Kaminimohan	...	Ditto
Mitra, Hemchandra	..	Patna College
Ray, Saratchandra	..	Presidency College
Kanhaiya Lal Dave	..	Muir Central College
Gangopadhyay, Bhupalchandra	...	Presidency College
Sarmabiswas, Ramankrishna	...	Dacca College

MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Majumdar, Syamaprasanna	...	Presidency College
Raychaudhuri, Purnachandra	...	Ditto
Ghosh, Atalbihari	...	Ditto
Basu, Satyananda	...	Ditto
De, Ramanath	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Durgadas	...	Free Church Institution
Bandyopadhyay, Apurbakumar	...	St Xavier's College
Mitra, Basambad	...	City College
{ Chattopadhyay, Charuchandra	..	Free Church Institution
{ Das, Nibaranchandra	...	City College
Bandyopadhyay, Jagadananda	...	Metropolitan Institution
Kunjabihari Seth	...	Canning College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Trimbukanant Sothey	...	Agra College
Bhattacharyya, Janakinath	...	City College

Nand Kishore Lall	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Kalisankar	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Kshirodchandra	...	Ditto
Dipchand	...	Agra College
Das, Kanailal	...	Benares College
Jugalbihari Makar	...	Agra College
Haldar, Hiralal	...	General Assembly's Institution
Sen, Upendranath	...	Canning College
Rajaram	...	Ditto

SANSKRIT.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Janakinath	...	City College
Chakrabarti, Sitalchandra	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Basu, Nityakrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
Sen, Kamini	...	Bethune Female School
{ Trimbuckanant Sothey	...	Agra College
{ Vinayak Rao Yadeo Bhope	...	Muir Central College
Bandyopadhyay, Sasadhar	...	Presidency College
Das, Bipinbihari	...	Ditto
Kanahiya Lal Dave	...	Muir Central College
Mukhopadhyay, Girischandra	...	Hughli College
Gangopadhyay, Bhupalchandra	...	Presidency College
Das, Umakanta	...	City College
De, Purnachandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Dasgupta, Prasannakumar	...	Dacca College
Bandyopadhyay, Prabhacharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Gokulprasad	...	Muir Central College
Bhattacharyya, Syamacharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Gangopadhyay, Pratapchandra	...	Dacca College

PERSIAN.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Zahhadur Rahim	...	Dacca College
Mubarak Hussain	...	Muir Central College
Hafiz Ibadullah	...	Agra College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Abdus Samad	...	Patna College
Muhammad Habibullah	...	Ditto

LATIN.

FIRST DIVISION.

Wheeler, E. M. ... Presidency College

SECOND DIVISION.

Billing, W. ... Teacher

HISTORY.

FIRST DIVISION.

Mukhopadhyay, Satyachandra ... City College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Sen, Bhaminiranjan ... City College
 „ Kedarnath ... Metropolitan Institution
 Bandyopadhyay, Ramkrishna ... City College

MATHEMATICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Basu, Abinashchandra ... Presidency College
 Bandyopadhyay, Kshetramohan ... Metropolitan Institution
 Mitra, Srischandra ... Presidency College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Haldar, Piyarilal ... Presidency College
 { Basak, Rajkisor ... Ditto
 { Das, Gobindachandra ... Dacca College
 { Mukhopadhyay, Abinashchandra ... Presidency College
 Chaudhuri, Jnanendranath ... Ditto
 Dhar, Mohinimohan ... Metropolitan Institution
 Bhattacharyya, Kalipada ... Presidency College
 Chaturbedi, Badrinath ... Muir Central College
 Kundu, Radhagobinda ... Hughli College
 Datta, Radhakanta ... Patna College
 Bhattacharyya, Saradamohan ... Dacca College
 Ray, Kalikumar ... Patna College
 Kshatriya, Debidayal ... L. M. College, Benares
 Ghosh, Surendrakumar ... Hughli College
 Datta, Satykrishna ... Presidency College
 Narayan Moreswar Sane ... Muir Central College

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Trivedi, Ramendrasundar	...	Presidency College
Das, Gobindachandra	...	Dacca College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

{ Haldar, Piyarilal	...	Presidency College
{ Mitra, Srischandra	...	Ditto
Sinha, Sureschandra	...	Ditto
{ Chaudhuri, Jnanendranath	...	Ditto
{ Sarkar, Annadaprasad	...	Ditto
Saha, Gangadas	...	Ditto
Kastagiri, Dhirendralal	...	Ditto
Gouri Sankar	...	Muir Central College

1887.

ENGLISH.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Radha Raman	...	Agra College
Bandyopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Presidency College
" Jnanranjan	...	Free Church Institution
Abdul Majid	...	Presidency College
Chakrabarti, Lalgopal	...	Ditto
Majumdar, Akshaykumar	...	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Hridaychandra	...	Benares College
" Lalitkumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
Monnier, E. H.	...	St. Xavier's College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Gupta, Gopalgobinda	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Ghosh, Aghornath	...	Hughli College
{ Sen, Nityagopal	...	Presidency College
{ Ghosh, Tinkari	...	Metropolitan Institution
Raychaudhuri, Tejendranath	...	Presidency College
Vidhyacharan Singh	...	Muir Central College
{ Homer, J.	...	Free Church Institution
{ Leslie, F. M.	...	Presidency College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Jogindrakumar	...	Metropolitan Institution

{ Bandyopadhyay, Aghornath	..	Presidency College
{ Gupta, Annadacharan	...	Dacca College
Misra, Tulsiram	...	Agra College
Sen, Satischandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
{ BrajpalDas	...	Agra College
{ O'Neill, E.	...	St. Xavier's College
{ Bholanath	...	Muir Central College
{ Muhammad Aziz Mirza	...	M. A. O. College
Bhattacharyya, Asutosh	...	Presidency College
Basu, Umapada	...	Canning College
Sundar Bhan	...	Agra College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Bhubanmohan	...	L. M. S. College, Benares
{ Chattopadhyay, Pramathanath	...	Presidency College
{ Chakrabarti, Biharilal	...	General Assembly's Institution
Mukhopadhyay, RakhalDas	...	Ditto
{ Advani, Matiram S.	...	Presidency College
{ Dwivedi, Mathuraprasad	...	Agra College
{ Kedarnath	...	Ditto
{ Ray, Jnanadakisor	...	Dacca College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Rasbihari	...	Ditto
{ Nitbiharilal	...	Muir Central College
{ Chakrabarti, Iswarchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Deb, Girischandra	...	Teacher
{ Chattopadhyay, Bhabataran	...	Benares College
Mandal, Haridas	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Chakrabarti, Tarakchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Sen, Bipinbihari	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Bhattacharyya, Nayanranjan	...	Presidency College
Nehalchand	...	Agra College
{ Sen, Akshaykumar	...	Dacca College
{ „ Kalipada	...	Presidency College
{ Das, Rajkumar	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
{ Conwar, Ram Singh	..	Muir Central College
{ Goswami, Umeschandra	...	St. Xavier's College
{ Muhammad Hussan	...	Patna College
{ Bhattacharyya, Saratchandra	...	Free Church Institution
Kedarnath	...	Patna College
{ Bisheswar Dayal	...	Agra College
{ Majumdar, Binodbihari	...	Free Church Institution
Sen, Bhupalchandra	...	St. Xavier's College
{ Bhargav. Binodilal	...	M. A. O. College
{ Sarma, Sibram	...	City College
{ Chaudhuri, Upendranath	...	Muir Central College
{ Datta, Saratchandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Chaitram Chaturvedi	...	Agra College
{ Ghosh, Satyendramohan	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
{ Mitra, Jnanendranath	...	Krishnagar College
{ Sen, Khirodchandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
{ Muhammad Sultan Alum	...	Presidency College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Debkisor	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Gaidanlal	...	Muir Central College
Aserappa Arthur, L. R.	...	Free Church Institution
Percival, J. R.	...	St. Xavier's College

Mukhopadhyay, Priyanath	...	Presidency College
{ Datta, Syamlal	...	Ditto
{ Samarawara, J.	...	Free Church Institution
Gupta, Rajendranath	...	Ditto
Das, Matilal	...	General Assembly's Institution

MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chakrabarti, Lalgopal	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Jnanranjan	...	Free Church Institution
Abdul Majid	...	Presidency College
Bhattacharyya, Nayanranjan	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Hemantakumar	...	Ditto
Sinha, Birchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Asutosh	...	Presidency College
Sen, Kalipada	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Sitikantha	...	Metropolitan Institution
Majumdar, Chandrasekhar	...	General Assembly's Institution
{ Bhaumik, Jaineswar	...	Free Church Institution
{ Bhattacharyya, Tinkari	...	General Assembly's Institution
Mitra, Rasiklal	...	Ditto
{ Mukhopadhyay, Matilal	...	Ditto
{ Das, Manmohan	...	Dacca College
Barua, Gunjanan	...	General Assembly's Institution
{ Dube, Saligram	...	Muir Central College
{ Chaturvedi, Chaitram	...	Agra College
Sundar Bhan	...	Ditto
{ Murlidhar	...	Canning College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Rajchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ghoshal, Kshetranath	...	Ditto
Mitra, Nagendranath	...	Free Church Institution

SANSKRIT. "

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Lalitkumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bhattacharyya, Manmohan	...	Dacca College
Mukhopadhyay, Gangaprasad	...	Hughli College
Guha, Gobindanath	...	City College

De, Dinabandhu	...	Dacca College
Chattopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Metropolitan Institution
Liladhar Joshi	...	Muir Central College
Bandyopadhyay, Biharilal	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Nisikanta	...	Dacca College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Ramjiban	...	Metropolitan Institution
Lahiri, Paresnath	...	Rajshahye College
Ghosh, Tinkari	...	Metropolitan Institution
Dwivedi Mathuraprasad	...	Agra College
Bandyopadhyay, Nibaranchandra	...	Free Church Institution
Misra, Tulsiram	...	Agra College
Kastgiri, Kumudini	...	Bethune School
Badriprasad	...	Agra College
{ Dube, Sivaram Tanbaji	...	Hislop College
{ Chakrabarti, Saratchandra	...	Presidency College
Sinha, Jogindranath	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
Chakrabarti Hrishikes	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bandyopadhyay, Panchkari	...	Patna College
Mukhopadhyay, Hemantakumar	...	Presidency College

PERSIAN.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Śrivastava, Krishnakumar	...	Canning College
Syed Wahiduddin Ahmad	...	Hughli College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Syed Kallan	...	M. A. O. College
Bajjnath Sinha	...	Patna College
Nitbihari Lal	...	Muir Central College
Muhammad Abdullah	...	City College
Syed Azizul Hassan	...	Patna College
Din Dayal	...	Agra College
Hunumanprasad Mathur	...	M. A. O. College

ARABIC.

SECOND DIVISION.

Muhammad Naseem	...	Canning College
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LATIN.

SECOND DIVISION.

Monnier, E. H.

... St. Xavier's College

HISTORY.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Nehalchand

... Agra College

Muhammad Aziz Mirza

... M. A. O. College

MATHEMATICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Karfarma, Suryyakumar

... General Assembly's Institution

Vidyyacharan Singh

... Muir Central College

Chattopadhyay, Jyotiprasad

... Presidency College

Das, Rajkisor

... Ravenshaw College

Niyogi, Rajaniprasad

... Presidency College

Basu, Sriramchandra

... Ravenshaw College

Pal, Prabhaschandra

... Patna College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

{ Srotriya, Raghubansalal

... Muir Central College

{ Mallik, Matilal

... Hughli College

{ Rauth, Purnachandra

... Dacca College

{ Chattoraj, Kaliprasanna

... Genl. Assembly's Instn.

Ghosh, Amarnath

... Presidency College

Balkrishna Lal

... Muir Central College

{ Bhattacharyya, Ramjadu

... Patna College

{ Sinha, Saratchandra

... Canning College

{ Ray, Haranchandra

... Presidency College

,, Jnanadakisor

... Dacca College

Basak, Gokulkrishna

.. Free Church Institution

Datta, Kalicharan

... Hughli College

Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh

... Presidency College

Chakrabarti, Bipinbihari

... Dacca College

Gupta, Syamacharan

... Ditto

Brajpal Das

.. Agra College

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Jyotiprasad

... Presidency College

Ray, Haranchandra

... Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Brajendranath	...	Ditto
Niyogi, Rajaniprasad	...	Ditto
Sen, Nityagopal	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Ditto

1888.

ENGLISH.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Ramananda	City College
Sen, Mohitchandra	Presidency College
Ghosh, Jogindrakumar	Dacca College
Chattopadhyay, Rakhal Das	Presidency College
Datta, Hirendranath	Ditto
Majumdar, Upendralal	Ditto
Gupta, Jnanendranath	Metropolitan Institution
Kar, Pramathachandra	Presidency College
Sen, Binayendanath	General Assembly's Instn.
Mukhopadhyay, Tulsidas	St. Xavier's College
Chattopadhyay, Susilchandra	General Assembly's Instn.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Phakirchandra	...	Presidency College
Abbas Ali	...	Ditto
{ Har Bilas	...	Agra College
{ Mitra, Bijaykesab	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bandyopadhyay, Jyotischandra	...	Ditto
Das, Abinaschandra	...	Patna College
Guha, Biharilal	...	City College
Bhattacharyya, Srigopal	...	Ravenshaw College
Bishenlal Sarma	...	Agra College
Sarkar, Sureschandra	...	City College
Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Chaube, Devaki Nanda	...	Agra College
Ray, Binodchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Guha, Umapasanna	...	Presidency College
{ Bal, Sureschandra	...	Dacca College
{ Bhattacharyya, Basantakumar	...	Ripon College
Basu Pannalal	...	Free Church Institution
Guha, Atulchandra	...	Dacca College

Chaudhuri, Kedarnath	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Saradacharan	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Ray, Indukumar	...	Krishnagar College
" Kshitischandra	...	Presidency College
Maitra, Haridas	...	Ripon College
Gopinath Prohit	...	Agra College
Das, Radhamohan	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Ghosh, Satischandra	...	Presidency College
" Bipinbihari	...	Ditto
{ Gopalji	...	Patna College
{ Tewari, Ambikacharan	...	Canning College
Ghosh, Haridas	...	City College
Chakrabarti, Srischandra	...	Presidency College
Mitra, Jatendralal	...	Metropolitan Institution

MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

{ Brij Nanda Prasad	...	Muir Central College
{ Chattopadhyay, Rakhaldas	...	Presidency College
Datta, Hirendranath	...	Ditto
Sen, Binayendranath	...	General Assembly's Instn.
{ " Mohitchandra	...	Presidency College
{ Gupta, Jnanendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Bandyopadhyay, Amulyachandra	...	Free Church Institution
Kar, Pramathachandra	...	Presidency College
Datta, Harischandra	...	Ravenshaw College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Basu, Hariprasad	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bhattacharyya, Srigopal	...	Ravenshaw College
Abbas Ali	...	Presidency College
Kundu, Gopikrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
Ukil, Ambikacharan	...	General Assembly's Instn.
Das, Ramanimohan	...	Presidency College
Mahanti, Narayanprasad	...	Ravenshaw College
Mukhopadhyay, Gopalchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Kanjilal, Jogindranath	...	Ditto
Sen, Bishnupada	...	City College
{ Chakrabarti, Srischandra	...	Presidency College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Jogindrachandra	...	Free Church Institution
" Atulkrishna	...	City College

SANSKRIT.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Datta, Hirendranath	...	Presidency College
Ray, Satischandra	...	General Assembly's Instn.

Chakrabarti, Srischandra	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Rakhal Das	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Ray, Baradakanta	...	Metropolitan Institution
Gopinath, Prohit	...	Agra College
Bandyopadhyay, Amulyachandra	...	Free Church Institution
Mahanti, Narayanprasad	...	Ravenshaw College
Bal, Sureschandra	...	Dacca College
Chattopadhyay, Radhanath	...	Presidency College
Pandit, Biswambharnath	...	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Nandalal	...	Hughli College
Srigopal	...	Ravenshaw College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Atulkrishna	...	City College
{ Bera, Jayhari	...	Ripon College
Bhattacharyya, Debendranath	...	Teacher
Khan, Saratchandra	...	Ripon College
Ram Newas	...	Agra College
Bhattacharyya, Janaranjan	...	City College
Chakrabarti, Kartikchandra	...	Ripon College
Datta, Harischandra	...	Ravenshaw College
Pal, Harischandra	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur

PERSIAN.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Md. Sakhawat Hosen	...	Bareilly College
Syed Ahmed Ali	...	Patna College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Pandit Srikishen Tikkoo ^b	...	Canning College
Sivaprasada Srivastava	...	Ditto
Asa Ram	...	Bareilly College
Lalla Durgacharan Srivastava	...	Canning College
Dube, Hardayal	...	Ditto

HISTORY.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Gupta, Jnanendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Ghosh, Jogindrakumar	...	Dacca College
Chakrabarti, Mahendranarayan	...	Presidency College

MATHEMATICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Munindranath	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Syamdas	...	Hughli College
Bandyopadhyay, Rakhalmohan	...	Presidency College
Datta, Pramathanath	...	Ditto
Majumdar, Upendralal	...	Ditto
Sen, Ambikaprasad	...	Dacca College
Bandyopadhyay, Haranchandra	..	Presidency College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Jogindranath	...	Free Church Institution
Mitra, Narendrakumar	...	Presidency College
Ray, Mahendranath	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Satyendranath	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Chaudhuri, Kunjamohan	...	Presidency College
{ Mian Bhai Abdul Hossain	...	Jabalpur College
{ Ray, Mohinimohan	...	Presidency College
Datta, Bankubihari	...	Metropolitan Institution
Mitra, Kumudbihari	...	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Herambakisor	...	Dacca College
De, Chintaharan	...	Ditto
Laha, Syamlal	...	Free Church Institution

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Majumdar, Upendralal	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Rakhalmohan	...	Ditto
Mitra, Narendrakumar	...	Ditto
Datta, Pramathanath	...	Ditto
Basu, Basantakumar	..	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Munindranath ..	..	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION:

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Rajanimohan	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Haranchandra	...	Ditto
Amrit Ramchandra Bambawal	...	Jabalpur College
Bhattacharyya, Haripada	...	Presidency College
Ray, Mohinimohan	...	Ditto
Biswas, Kshirodkrishna	...	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Kshirodprasad	...	Metropolitan Institution

BIOLOGY.

SECOND DIVISION.

Ghosha, Bhupendrasri

... Presidency College

1889.

ENGLISH.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

De, Satischandra	... Presidency College
{ Ghatak, Mohinikanta	... Ditto
{ Bhattacharyya, Bisweswar	... Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Santoshnath	... Metropolitan Institution
" Sasibhushan	... Presidency College
" Saratchandra	... Ditto
Kumar, Bireswar	... City College
Basu, Charuchandra	... Metropolitan Institution
Chakrabarti, Hemansunath	... Presidency College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Gobindachandra	... Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Rajendralal	... City College
Ray, Debendrakumar	... Dacca College
Basu, Debendranath	... Presidency College
Sengupta, Saratchandra	... Ditto
Maulik, Srischandra	... Metropolitan Institution
Sinha, Hemendranath	City College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Saratchandra	Presidency College
{ Wasudeo Ramchandra Dhobley	Agra College
Chandra, Rowland Nagepdralal	General Assembly's Institution
Datta, Tarakinkar	Hughli College
Sen, Kisorimohan	Dacca College
{ Golabchand Dhudda	Agra College
{ Baral, Syamdas	Presidency College
Lucas, L. T. R.	St. Xavier's College
Gangopadhyay, Priyalal	Presidency College
Muhammad Mustafakhan	Patna College
{ Sarker, Lalitmohan	Dacca College
{ Day, S. S.	Hughli College
{ Gangopadhyay, Bidhubhushan	Presidency College
De, Hemnath	Ditto
Datta, Bhubanmohan	Metropolitan Institution
Ukil, Tarakchandra	Dacca College
Basu, Premtosh	St. Xavier's College

{ Bandyopadhyay, Bipinbihari	...	Berhampur College
{ Deb, Surendranath	...	Presidency College
Bhattacharyya, Matilal	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Mukhopadhyay, Satischandra	...	Hughli College
{ Syed Ghalib Husain	...	Patna College
{ Lahiri, Janendrabhushan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chattopadhyay, Joginimohan	...	Presidency College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Akshaykumar	...	Dacca College
{ Sen, Dineschandra	...	Teacher
Coello, W. A.	...	St. Xavier's College
{ Ray, Nagendranath	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
{ Bandyopadhyay, Tarakrishna	...	Presidency College
De, Gobindachandra	...	Ditto

MATHEMATICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Ghatak, Mohinikanta	...	Presidency College
Sinha, Upendranarayan	...	Patna College
Mitra, Jyotischandra	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Gopalchandra	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Ghosh, Umeschandra	...	Presidency College
{ De, Hemnath	...	Ditto
{ Das, Bhagabaticharan	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
Chattopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Presidency College
De, Satischandra	...	Ditto
Mallik, Prasaddas	...	Ditto
Dasgupta, Lalitchandra	...	Dacca College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Saratchandra	...	Presidency College
{ Muhammad Azizul Huq	...	Ditto
Sen, Paresnath	...	Dacca College
Kanhya Lal Guru	...	Jabalpur College
{ Sen, Basantakumar	...	Presidency College
{ Sengupta, Saratchandra	...	Ditto
{ Pandit, Akshaykumar	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar

MENTAL AND MORAL SCIENCE.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chaudhuri, Pramathanath	...	Presidency College
Hajra, Brajadurlabh	...	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Bisweswar	...	Ditto
{ Datta, Manindrakrishna	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
{ Basu, Debendranath	...	Presidency College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Gopalchandra	—	Presidency College
Majumdar, Bidubhushan	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Hemansunath	...	Ditto
Das, Mahendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Basak, Krishnaprasad	...	City College
Ganpat Rao	—	Agra College
{ Sarkar, Akhilpati	...	Ravenshaw College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Rajendranath	...	City College
Mofa Khorul Islam	...	St. Xavier's College
Bardhan, Gobindachandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Ghosh, Debendranath	...	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Purnachandra	...	Dacca College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Nilmani	...	City College
{ Dasgupta, Sriskumud	...	Free Church of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Sengupta, Saratchandra	...	Presidency College
De, Satischandra	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Ramgopal	—	Free Church of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Sen, Kisorimohan	...	Dacca College

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

De, Satischandra	...	Presidency College
Mitra, Jyotischandra	...	Ditto
Ghatak, Mohinikanta	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Saratchandra	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

De, Hemnath	...	Presidency College
Muhammad Azizul Huq	...	Ditto
Bhaduri, Indubhushan	...	Ditto
Majumdar, Birajmohan	...	Ditto
Ghose, Umeschandra	...	Ditto
{ Misra, Chandikaprasad	...	Jabalpur College
{ Bagchi, Asutosh	...	Presidency College
Das, Bhupatinath	...	Hughli College

HISTORY AND POLITICAL ECONOMY.

FIRST DIVISION.

Bhattacharyya, Bisweswar	...	Presidency College
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SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Gangopadhyay, Bidhubhushan	...	Presidency College
Bhakat, Nilmani	...	Ravenshaw College
Deb, Surendranath	...	Presidency College

SANSKRIT.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chakrabarti, Hemansunath	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Sasibhushan	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Hajra, Brajadurlabh	...	Presidency College
Maulik, Srischandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bandyopadhyay, Muralidhar	...	Presidency College
{ Basu, Charuchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Mukhopadhyay, Saratchandra	...	Presidency College
Wasudeo Ramchandra Dhobley	...	Agra College
Mahbubur Rahman	...	Presidency College
{ Ukil, Tarakchandra	...	Dacca College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Jnanendranath	...	L.M.S Institution, Bhowanipur
Sarkar, Durganath	...	Presidency College
Lahiri, Janendrabhushan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Waman Rustam Rao Mandloi	...	Hislop College
De, Ambikacharan	...	Presidency College
Sadashive Ganput Subhadar	...	Hislop College
Mukhopadhyay, Kedarnath	...	Patna College
Sarkar, Akhilpati	...	Ravenshaw College

PERSIAN.

FIRST DIVISION.

Ashfaq Husain	...	Presidency College
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 1890.

ENGLISH.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Satischandra	—	Agra College
Platel, J.	...	St. Xavier's College
Holland, Florence	—	Private Student

Pereira, J. E. F.	...	St. Xavier's College
Mitra, Asutosh	—	Metropolitan Institution
De, Kiranchandra	...	Presidency College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

{ Gangopadhyay, Gopalchandra	—	Presidency College
{ Manikji Merwanj Mullna	...	Morris College
Bhattacharyya, Mahimanath	...	Presidency College
Das, Gopalchandra	...	Dacca College
{ De, Bipinbihari	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Niyogi, Bhabaniprasad	...	Presidency College
{ Lila Singh	...	Bethune College
Mukhopadhyay, Pramathanath	...	Presidency College
{ Gangopadhyay, Jaygopal	...	Patna College
{ Mandal, Gokulchandra	...	Presidency College
Ghosh, Manmathanath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bandyopadhyay, Sasisekhar	...	Ditto
Sinha, Jyotindramohan	...	General Assembly's Institution
{ Ghoshal, Sarala	...	Bethune College
{ Gupta, Mohinimohan	...	General Assembly's Institution
{ Bagchi, Jyotindramohan	...	Presidency College
{ Biswas, Kunjabihari	...	Ditto
Nag, Girischandra	...	City College
De, Satischandra	...	Presidency College
{ Datta, Nagendranath	...	Ditto
{ Goswami, Purnachandra	...	Ripon College
{ Basu, Binodbihari	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Jayatileka, D. B.	...	Wesley College, Colombo
{ Niyogi, Hemkumar	...	General Assembly's Institution
Janaki Sahay	...	Patna College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Sasibhushan	...	Presidency College
{ Niyogi Sasikumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
Sengupta, Probodhprakas	—	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Bhubaneswar	...	City College
Mitra Annadaprasad	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chaudhuri, Surendranarayan	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
{ Bandyopadhyay, Harendranath	...	Presidency College
{ Chakrabarti, Bankimchandra	...	Free Church Institution and Duff College
{ Chakrabarti, Shorat	...	Bethune College
{ Das, Rebatimohan	...	Presidency College
{ Chattopadhyay, Amritalal	—	Ditto
{ Sen, Bipinbihari	...	Free Church Institution and Duff College
{ Chakrabarti, Amritalal	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Ray, Jyotindramohan	...	Presidency College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Pannalal	...	Ditto
{ Ray, Abinaschandra	...	Ditto
Das, Satyendranath	...	Ditto

Mallik, Jnanendranath	...	St. Xavier's College
{ Basu, Jnanendranath	...	Presidency College
{ Chakrabarti, Manmohan	...	Ripon College
{ Mitra, Upendramohan	...	Presidency College
{ Adhikari, Kesablal	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Chattopadhyay, Ambujkumar	...	Ditto
{ Deb, Anandakisor	...	Ripon College
{ Ray, Dewanchandra	...	Hughli College
{ Ghosh, Nabakrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Mitra, Debendrakumar	...	Dacca College
{ Bhattacharyya, Padmanath	...	Ditto
{ Datta, Atulchandra	...	Hughli College

MATHEMATICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

De, Kiranchandra	...	Presidency College
Niyogi, Bhabaniprasad	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Phanindramohan	...	Ravenshaw College
Raychaudhuri, Bipindrakumar	...	Presidency College
Chakrabarti, Akshaykumar	...	Teacher
Sen, Kshirodlal	...	Presidency College
Datta, Nagendranath	...	Ditto

PHILOSOPHY.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Platel, J.	...	St Xavier's College
Bhattacharyya, Mahimanath	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Jahnabicharan	...	Hughli College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Sengupta, Prabodhprakas	...	Presidency College
Das, Satyendranath	...	Ditto
{ Basu, Bijaykrishna	...	City College
{ De, Satischandra	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Pramathanath	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Phanindramohan	...	Ravenshaw College

De, Haribhushan	...	Presidency College
Ghosh, Satischandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Sankhua, Daityariprasad	...	Ravenshaw College
{ Sen, Debendranath	...	General Assembly's Instn.
{ Bhattacharyya, Padmanath	...	Dacca College
{ Mitra, Asutosh	—	Metropolitan Institution
Mallik, Surendranath	...	Presidency College
Atmaram Narayan Shrouthy	...	Morris College
Chaudhuri, Asitachandra	...	Presidency College

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

De, Kiranchandra	...	Presidency College
Bhaduri, Jyotibhushan	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Niyogi, Bhabaniprasad	...	Presidency College
Biswas, Kunjabihari	...	Ditto
Raychaudhuri, Bipindrakumar	...	Ditto
Ghosh, Dasarathi	...	Ditto
Ray, Jogindranath	...	Ditto
Datta, Nagendranath	...	Ditto
Waman Vithal Kane	...	Hislop College
Sen, Kshirodlal	...	Presidency College
Krishna Laxman Paoansker	...	Jabalpur College

HISTORY.

FIRST DIVISION.

Sen, Bipinbihari	...	Free Church Institution and Duff College
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• SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Mitra, Jatirindraprasad	...	Dacca College
Bandyopadhyay, Srischandra	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
Mitra, Debendrakumar	...	Dacca College

SANSKRIT.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Asutosh	...	Presidency College
„ Padmanath	...	Dacca College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Mahimanath	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Pramathanath	...	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Surendranath	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
Mukhopadhyay, Jahnabicharan	...	Hughli College
Niyogi, Sasikumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
Atmaram Narayan Shrouy	...	Morris College
Sinha, Jyotindramohan	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Sengupta, Prabodhprakas	...	Presidency College
De, Haribhushan	...	Ditto
Yadava Prabhakar Watak	...	Hislop College
Sarkar, Manmathanath	...	Presidency College
Bhattacharyya, Rampran	...	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Harendranath	...	Ditto
Mitra, Annadaprasad	...	Metropolitan Institution

LATIN.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Platel, J.	...	St. Xavier's College
Holland, Florence	...	Private Student

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Jayatileka, D. B.	...	Wesley College, Colombo
Pereira, J. E. F.	...	St. Xavier's College

PERSIAN.

FIRST DIVISION.

Golam Ghous	..	Presidency College
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SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Shaikh Muhammad Abdul Majid	...	Patna College
Shahabudin Khan	...	St. Xavier's College
H. S. E. Carim	...	Ditto
S. Z. Ahmed	...	Ditto
Alimuddin Ahmed	...	Presidency College

1891.

ENGLISH.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Nandalal	...	Presidency College
Sarkar, Jadunath	...	Ditto
Sen, Manasaranjan	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Lalitmohan	...	Hughli College
„ Lalbihari	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Jaygopal	...	Ditto
Datta, Dinanath	...	Hughli College
Abdul Kadir	...	Presidency College
Ghosh, Jogeschandra	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Bijaygopal	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bandyopadhyay, Asutosh	...	General Assembly's Institution
Arulanantham, A. D.	...	Bishop's College
{ Biswambhar Nath	...	Patna College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Jyotindranath	...	Presidency College
{ Chakrabarti, Sudarsan	...	Ditto
{ Guha, Aswinikumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
Das, Anukulchandra	...	Dacca College
Chaudhuri, Srischandra	...	Presidency College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Nanigopal	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
{ Ray, Lalitmohan	...	Patna College

PERSIAN.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Jamil Akhtar	...	Patna College
Shaikh Muhammad Abdul Hakim	...	Ditto

• SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Wasi Ahmad	...	Presidency College
Muhammad Zahur Alam	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College

HISTORY.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Nandalal	...	Presidency College
Sarkar, Jadunath	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

Basu, Manmathamohan ... General Assembly's Institution

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

FIRST DIVISION.

Ray, Charuchandra ... Presidency College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Ghosh, Surendranath	...	Presidency College
{ Basu, Debendranath	...	City College
{ Ray, Sureschandra	...	Presidency College
Halder, Binodbihari	...	Ditto
Durjan Lal	...	Jabalpur College
Dhundi Raj Ramkrishna Chandekar	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Twidale, F. W.	...	Presidency College
Lala Digambar Lal	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Tarapada	...	Ditto
Basu, Atalbihari	...	Ditto
{ Basu, Bhupendrakumar	...	Ditto
{ Biswas, Upendranath	...	Ditto
{ Datta, Bamapada	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Sudarsan	...	Ditto
{ Chandra, Upendranath	...	Ditto
{ Syed Abdul Salek	...	Rajshahye College

MATHEMATICS.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Ray, Charuchandra	...	Presidency College
Biswas, Upendranath	...	Ditto
Mitra, Srischandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ray, Rajanikanta	...	Metropolitan Institution
Das, Kailaschandra	...	Presidency College
{ Basu, Pramatheswar	...	City College
{ Sarnakar, Nagendranath	...	Ditto

SANSKRIT.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Misra, Ramaballabh	...	Patna College
Narayan Dajiba Wadegaonkar	...	Hislop College, Nagpur

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Lalbihari	...	Presidency College
} " Bijaygopal	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Harsahai Lal	...	Patna College
Sen, Manasaranjan	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Amritalal	...	Metropolitan Institution
Samanta, Jagadbandhu	...	Ditto
Sankar Madhava Harkarey	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Mukhopadhyay, Jyotindranath	...	Presidency College
Mitra, Krishnagopal	...	Hughli College
Ray, Tarananda	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
Sarkar, Jyotischandra	...	Krishnagar College
Bandyopadhyay, Gobinlal	...	Presidency College
Madhava Moreshwar Jamdar	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Chakrabarti, Biharilal	...	Krishnagar College
Mitra, Bankimbihari	...	Presidency College
Sen, Rasbihari	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Narendrakrishna	...	Ditto

PHILOSOPHY.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Nandalal	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Albion Rajkumar	...	Ditto
Narayan Dajiba Wadegaonkar	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Chattopadhyay, Manmathanath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Ray, Durgadas	...	Presidency College
Das, Bagalamohan	...	Ditto
Datta, Dinanath	...	Hughli College
Raychaudhuri, Nalininath	...	Presidency College

1892.

ENGLISH.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Atulchandra	...	Presidency College
Sen, Jyotishchandra	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Wali Muhammad	...	Patna College
Chakrabarti, Sudansunath	...	City College

Chaudhuri, Kisoriballabh	...	Ripon College
Mallik, Surendranath	...	Presidency College
Stark, W. J.	...	Ditto
Guha, Rajanikanta	...	City College
Basu, Prabodhchandra	...	Presidency College
Chakrabarti, Hrisikes	...	Ditto
Ray, Saratchandra	...	General Assembly's Instr.
Bishun Prasad	...	Patna College
Sivanandan Sahay	...	Ditto
Dasgupta, Kumudbandhu	...	Presidency College
{ Tagore, Indira	...	Private Student
{ Chattopadhyay, Pramathanath (II)	...	Presidency College
Guha, Niradranjan	...	Xt. Xavier's College
Basu, Jyotindranath	...	Presidency College
Chakrabarti, Sureschandra	...	Hughli College
Muhammad Yusuf Ali	...	Presidency College
{ Datta, Jogindrakrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Das, Bhushanchandra	...	Presidency College
{ Kar, Basantakumar	...	Dacca College
{ DeSilva, J. S.	...	Wesley College, Colombo
Narayan Kesheo	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
{ Bandyopadhyay, Haripada	...	Presidency College
{ Raychaudhuri, Lalbihari	...	City College
{ De, Krishnakumar	...	Dacca College
{ Basu, Akshaykumar	...	City College

PHILOSOPHY.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Majumdar, Haripada	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chattopadhyay, Jyotirmay	...	Free Church Institution
Sarkar, Jogindranath	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Asitaranjan	...	City College
Basu, Prabodhchandra	...	Presidency College

FRENCH.

FIRST DIVISION.

Tagore, Indira	...	Private Student
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PERSIAN.

FIRST DIVISION.

Fazilat Hosain	...	Patna College
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SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Wali Muhammad	...	Patna College
Eshan Ali	...	Presidency College
Muhammad Abdullah	...	Patna College

MATHEMATICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

Biswas, Rakhraj ... Krishnagar College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Dhanapati	...	Presidency College
Pal, Asutosh	...	Ditto
Datta, Madanmohan	...	General Assembly's Institution
Dasgupta, Kumudbandhu	...	Presidency College
Ghosh, Saratchandra, No. (II)	...	Metropolitan Institution
De, Bishnucharan	...	Presidency College
{ „ Krishnachandra	...	Ditto
{ Muhammad Habibur Rahman	...	Patna College
Sarkar, Sasibhushan	...	Hughli College
„ Surendranath	...	General Assembly's Institution

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Upendralal	...	Krishnagar College
Sen, Jyotishchandra	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Atulchandra	...	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Kaliprasanna	...	Ditto
Sankar Lakshman Gokhale	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Ghosh, Kshetranath	...	City College
Mallik, Satyendrachandra	...	Presidency College
Upadhyay, Rupendranath	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Matilal	...	Ditto
{ Chattopadhyay, Akhilchandra	...	City College
{ Chaudhuri, Saratkumar	...	Presidency College
Maulik, Purnachandra	...	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Atulchandra	...	Krishnagar College
Basu, Pramathanath	...	Presidency College

SANSKRIT.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Mukunda Raghoba Pathak	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Acharyya, Satischandra	...	Krishnagar College
Bandyopadhyay, Haripada	...	Presidency College
Das, Bhushanchandra	...	Ditto
Balkrishna Narhar Mulkar	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
{ Batabyal, Bibhucharan	...	Dacca College
{ Bhattacharyya, Tarinicharan	...	Hughli College
Madhao Abaji Waidya	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Bhawaniprasad	...	Presidency College
Vinayak Moreshwar Kharay	...	Hislop College, Nagpur

1893.

ENGLISH.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bhadra, Satyendranath	...	Dacca College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Hariprasanna	...	Presidency College
{ Ray, Narendranath	...	Hughli College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Raha, Hemantakumar	...	Presidency College
Mitra, Sureschandra	...	Ditto
{ Bandyopadhyay, Nanigopal	...	Ripon College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Satischandra	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
Sen, Kumudkanta	...	Presidency College
Chandra, Hrishikes	...	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Nibaranchandra	...	Dacca College
Datta, Satyendra	...	Presidency College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Nirmalchandra	...	Ditto
{ Sengupta, Jyotirindranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Afzabar Rahaman	...	Presidency College
{ Ray, Satischandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
Ghosh, Nitaicharan	...	City College
„ Kshetranath	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Durgacharan	...	Ditto
Sen, Chandrasekar	...	Hughli College

PHILOSOPHY.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chakrabarti, Jogindrachandra	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College
Bandyopadhyay, Nirmalchandra	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Hariprasanna	...	Ditto
Mitra, Sureschandra	...	Ditto
Sen, Priyanath	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Satischandra	...	City College
Ray, Narendranath	...	Hughli College
Chandra, Hrishikes	...	Presidency College
Ghosh, Kshetranath	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Upendrachandra	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College

MATHEMATICS.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Raychaudhuri, Muralidhar	...	Presidency College
Bhattacharyya, Nanilal	...	City College
„ Hirailal, I	...	Metropolitan Institution

Sarkar, Kshitischandra	...	Presidency College
Brahmachari, Upendranath	...	Hughli College
Sengupta, Upendramohan	...	Ditto
Ray, Muktidaranjan	...	City College
Sengupta, Khagendranath	...	Patna College
Sen, Mohitkanta	...	Presidency College
Datta, Rameschandra	...	Ditto

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Durgadas	...	Presidency College
Nag, Kamakhya Charan	...	City College
} Lala, Trilok Nath	...	St. Xavier's College
} Ray, Mahimchandra	—	General Assembly's Institution
Sarkar, Sarasilal	...	Presidency College
Chaudhuri, Anathnath	...	Ditto
Biswas, Satischandra	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Kshitischandra	...	Ditto
Mukhoti, Mahendranath	—	General Assembly's Institution
Sarbadhikari, Kiranprasad	...	Presidency College
} Mukhopadhyay, Phanindranath	...	Ditto
} Raychaudhuri, Muralidhar	...	Ditto
Trimbak Tatiaji Korke	...	Jabalpur College
Hajra, Saratchandra	...	Presidency College
Mukhopadhyay, Manmathanath	...	Ditto
Sen, Mohitkanta	...	Ditto
Majumdar, Annadaprasad	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Saratchandra	...	City College
Ghosh, Gopalchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ray, Muktidaranjan	...	City College

SANSKRIT.

FIRST DIVISION.

Sen, Priyanath	...	Presidency College
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SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Debabrata	...	Presidency College
" Kokileswar	...	Ditto
Ray, Upendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bandyopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Krishnagar College
Sen, Ramchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Das, Nilambar	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
Sarkar, Panchanan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bhattacharyya, Kuladaprasad	...	Ripon College

Vasudev Govind Apte	...	Hislop College
Mitra, Chandrakanta	...	Patna College
Chattopadhyay, Durgacharan	...	Presidency College

PERSIAN.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Muhammad Akhter	...	Patna College
Abu Iman Fazlur Rahim	...	Hughli College
Shaikh Khalil Ahmad	...	Patna College

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Syed Md. Naqui	...	Patna College
„ Izhar Hasnain	...	Ditto

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul Azim	...	St. Xavier's College
Abdul Aziz	...	Dacca College
Abdul Hamid	...	St. Xavier's College
Abdul Rahim	...	Presidency College
Abul Maqsud	...	St. Xavier's College
Adhikari, Kaminikumar	...	Dacca College
„ Phanibhushan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Ajodhya Prasad	...	Patna College
Aminul Islam	...	Presidency College
Annaji Ganesh	...	St. Xavier's College
Arthur Rao	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College
Atai Elahi	...	Hughli College
Bagchi, Praphullachandra	...	City College
Bah Kho	...	Rangoon College
Baksi, Tarinikanta	...	L. M. S. Col., Bhowanipur
Balajee Narayan Fukey	...	Hislop College
Baldeo Naraien Singh	...	St. Xavier's College
Balwant Sahay	...	Patna College
Bandyopadhyay, Bijaykumar	...	Presidency College
„ Charuchandra	...	Hughli College
„ Haridas	...	Ripon College
„ Jogeschandra	...	City College
„ Kalidas	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
„ Kalidas	...	L. M. S. Col., Bhowanipur
„ Lalbihari	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College
„ Manoranjan	...	Hughli College
„ Mathuranath	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College
„ Pramodchandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Rajanikanta	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College

Bandyopadhyay, Rajanikanta	...	Presidency College
„ Rajendrachandra	...	Dacca College
„ Rasikchandra	...	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Sasibala	...	Bethune College
„ Upendrachandra	...	Presidency College
„ Upendranath	...	General Assembly's Institution
Basak, Rajendralal	...	Dacca College
Basu, Atulchandra	...	Presidency College
„ Chunilal	...	Patna College
„ Debendranath	...	Dacca College
„ Kaliprasanna	...	Hughli College
„ Karunamay	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Radhikaprasad	...	Dacca College
„ Sasisekhar	...	Presidency College
„ Satischandra	...	Ditto
„ Surendrakrishna	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Surendranath	...	Naral Victoria College
„ Trailokyanath	...	General Assembly's Institution
Bhattacharyya, Akshaykumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dasarathi	...	Hughli College
„ Girijacharan	...	Ditto
„ Jogindranath	...	Presidency College
„ Pramathanath	...	City College
„ Saratchandra	...	Naral Victoria College
„ Taraknath, No. I	...	Ripon College
„ Taraknath, „ II	...	Ditto
Biswas, Bakulal	...	Ditto
Bomanji Buzorji Mehta	...	Hislop College
Chakrabarti, Gopalchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Purnendu	...	Dacca College
„ Rakhaldas	...	Hughli College
„ Saratchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Saratchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendranath	...	Ripon College
„ Surendranath	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
Chandra, Ellen	...	Bethune College
„ Hemendranath	...	City College
Chattopadhyay, Akhilkumar	...	Rajshahye College
„ Bama pada	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Bipinbihari, No. I	...	Hughli College
„ Bipinbihari, „ II	...	Ditto
„ Bishnupada	...	City College
„ Haneswar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Haripada	...	City College
„ Jogindranath	...	Presidency College
„ Jotishchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Krishnachandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Panchkari	...	Presidency College
„ Rakhalschandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rameschandra	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College
„ Ramkrishna	...	Ditto
„ Srinarayan	...	Patna College

Chattoraj, Srimadhab	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College
Chaudhuri, Banwarilal	...	Rajshahye College
„ Charuchandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
„ Durllabhkrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dwijendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Rajanikrishna	...	Teacher
„ Ramgopal	...	Patna College
„ Surendranath, No. I	...	Metropolitan Institution
Das, Ajaychandra	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Akshaykumar	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Basantachandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
„ Chandrakanta	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jagatchandra	...	City College
„ Kaliprasanna	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
„ Kaminikumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kulachandra	...	Ripon College
„ Pyaricharan	...	Dacca College
„ Ramanikanta	...	Ditto
„ Saradananda	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
Dasgupta, Atulchandra	...	Presidency College
„ Hemchandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
„ Syamasankar	...	Dacca College
Datta, Dasarathi	...	Hughli College
„ Harischandra	...	Presidency College
„ Indubhushan	...	Teacher
„ Jogeschandra, No. I.	...	Ripon College
„ Jogeschandra, „ II.	...	Ditto
„ Nadiachand	...	Patna College
„ Nagendrachandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
De, Bhabendranath	...	Ripon College
„ Purnachandra	...	Dacca College
„ Purnachandra	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College
„ Sasimohan	...	Presidency College
Deb, Iswarchandra	...	City College
„ Syamacharan	...	Ditto
Efazuddin Ahmed	...	Hughli College
Ekanayaka, H. J. V.	...	Wesley College, Colombo
Gangopadhyay, Asutosh	...	Ripon College
„ Rajanikanta	...	City College
„ Ramanimohan	...	Patna College
„ Surathnath	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
Ganpati Sadasheo Panday	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Ganpat Vanaik Kher	...	Hislop College
Ghatak, Narmadacharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Ghosh, Bhupendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Binodlal	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College
„ Gopalchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Jyotindramohan	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
„ Kaminikumar	...	Patna College
„ Lalitmohan	...	Presidency College
„ Sitanath	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Surabala	...	Bethune College
Ghoshhajra, Kantichandra	...	Berhampur College

Guha, Dineschandra	...	Dacca College
„ Durgamohan	...	Ditto
„ Jnanranjan	...	Ditto
„ Jogeschandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satindranath	...	Ripon College
„ Satischandra	..	Metropolitan Institution
Gupta, Rameschandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Haldar, Kisorilal	...	Ripon College
H. M. Abdul Gany	...	Patna College
Jagannath Gadi Kathicar	...	Hislop College
Janki Prasad	...	Patna College
Kanjilal, Haridas	...	Ripon College
Kar, Nabinchandra	...	Teacher
Karmakar, Purnachandra		St. Xavier's College
Kashinath Waman Kul Karni		Jabalpur College
Kumar, Bipranarayan		Patna College
Kundu, Jagannath		Teacher
Lahiri, Narendranath		Presidency College
„ Sureschandra		Teacher
Lakshmi Narayan, A.		Jabalpur College
Maitra, Nagendranath		Ripon College
Majumdar, Bidhubhushan		Presidency College
Mallik, Sisirkumar		St. Xavier's College
Marsh, J. A.	...	Rangoon College
Mitra, Asutosh	...	Hughli College
„ Baburam	...	Ripon College
„ Brajendralal	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
„ Hemchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Manmathachandra	...	Patna College
„ Narendranath	...	F. C. Instn and Duff College
Muhammad Sulaiman	...	Hughli College
Mukhopadhyay, Debabrata	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Girindranath	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College
„ Girindranath	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Haribhushan	...	Presidency College
„ H. B.	...	Ditto
„ Jogindranath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Kumarishnath	...	Ripon College
„ Manmohan	...	Ditto
„ Mrigendralal	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prangopal	...	F. C. Instn. and Duff College
„ Praphullachandra	...	Ripon College
„ Ramchandra	...	Hughli College
„ Sasibhushan	...	City College
„ Sitalchandra	...	Ditto
Muti Mubasa		Teacher
Nandi, Akinchan		F. C. Instn. and Duff College
Niyogi, Jogindraprasad		City College
„ Prasannakumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
Pal, Basantakumar	...	Presidency College
„ Manmathanath	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Siddheswar	...	Hughli College
Palit, Anathnath	...	Presidency College

Pan, Radhikapada	... Hughli College
Panigrahi, Dasarathi	... Ravenshaw College, Katak
Purushottam Vishnu Jogdand	... Jabalpur College
Raghunath Balwant Gharpure	... Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Raghunath Singh	... St. Xavier's College
Ray, Aghornath	... Presidency College
" Asutosh	... Teacher
" Bipinchandra	... Ditto
" Chandrakisor	... Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Harijiban	... Ripon College
" Nalinchandra	... Presidency College
" Nalinikanta	... Krishnagar College
" Nalinimohan	... Ripon College
" Sarasimohan	... F. C. Instn. and Duff College
" Sasisekhar	... Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Satischandra	... Metropolitan Institution
" Satyendranath	... Presidency College
" Srischandra	... Krishnagar College
Raychaudhuri, Bhujangadhar	... Presidency College
" Bipinbihari	... Rajchandra College, Barisal
Sadhu, Taraknath	... Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Saha, Gobindachandra	... Ripon College
" Jnananjan	... Hughli College
Saiyad Muhsin Ali	... Ditto
Sarbadikari, Nagendraprasad	... Presidency College
Sarkar, Hariprasanna	... Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Rajaniranjan	... F. C. Instn. and Duff College
" Siddheswar	... Hughli College
Sarma, Dwarakeswar	... Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Saradacharan	... Rajshahye College
Sen, Bijaykumar	... Genl. Assembly's Institution
" Chintaharan	... Ditto
" Chittaranjan	... Ripon College
" Jadunath	... City College
" Jagadischandra	... Ditto
" Jagatchandra	... Ditto
" Jasadananda	... Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Lalitmohan	... Ripon College
" Lalitmohan, No. II	... City College
" Manilal	... St. Xavier's College
" Nalinikanta	... Ripon College
" Satischandra	... St. Xavier's College
" Upendranath	... Metropolitan Institution
Sengupta, Nagendranath	... City College
" Saradakumar	... Ripon College
Shahamat Hossain	... T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Sheikh Kader Bukhsh	... Teacher
Sheoram Ganesh	... Hislop College
Sridhar Bheekajee Gadgil	... Jabalpur College
Sridhar Vishnu Paranjpe	... Hislop College
Sinha, Banwarilal	... Presidency College
" Satischandra	... Ripon College
Smart, J. B.	... Rangoon College

Stemhoff, B. G.	Hislop College
Syed Ata Husain	Patna College
Syed Mohamed Ismail	Ditto
Syed Zainuddin	Ditto
Tagore, Surendranath	St. Xavier's College
Talattuff Hosain	Dacca College
Vishwanath Damodar Salpekar	Morris College, Nagpur
Wahidun Nabi	City College
Waman Narayan Dharap	Hislop College
Wasudeo Balwant Patwardhan	Ditto

MAHARAJA VIZIANAGRAM SCHOLARSHIP OF RS. 50 PER MONTH

[TENABLE FOR ONE YEAR AWARDED AT THE B. A.

DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Chakrabarti, Girindramohan	...	1866	Presidency College
Basu, Anandamohan	...	1867	Ditto
Datta, Jagadbandhu	...	1868	Ditto
Mitra, Kartikchandra	...	1869	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Girijabhushan	...	1870	Ditto
Basu, Isanchandra	...	1871	Ditto
Ray, Rajaninath	...	1872	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Saratchandra, I.	...	1873	Ditto
Lahiri, Prasannakumar	...	1874	Ditto
Sarkar, Nilkanta	...	1875	Ditto
Gupta, Bipinbihari	...	1876	Ditto
Sarkar, Chandrasekhar	...	1877	Ditto
Agasti, Suryyakumar	...	1878	Ditto
Ray, Atulkrishna	...	1879	Hughli College
Chattopadhyay, Digambar	...	1880	Patna College
Chandra, Aghornath	...	1881	Presidency College
Majumdar, Ramchandra	...	1882	Ditto
Ray, Mahendranath	...	1883	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh	...	1884	Ditto
Chotaylal, Sarma	...	1885	Agra College
Bhattacharyya, Janakinath	...	1886	City College
Bandyopadhyay, Jnanipujan	...	1887	Free Church Institution
Majumdar, Upendralal	...	1888	Presidency College
Ghatak, Mohinikanta	...	1889	Ditto

Under-Graduates.

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

1892.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chakrabarti, Brajalal	...	Sanskrit College
Baksi, Taritkanti	...	Patna College
Chakrabarti, Jnansaran	...	Presidency College
Mitra, Bhupendranath	...	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Saratchandra	...	Hughli College
Nag, Nalinikanta	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh (1)	...	Burdwan Raj College
Cohen, Matilda	...	Bethune College
Datta, Jogindranath	..	Utterpara College
{ Chakrabarti, Saratkumar	...	Presidency College
{ Chippendale, J. W.	...	Bishop's College
Sarkar, Bijaynath	...	Rajshahye College
Sinclair, Charles Stanley Blanchard	...	Mussoorie School
{ Bandyopadhyay, Haribilas	...	Presidency College
{ Mukhopadhyay, Nanigopal	...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
{ Ray, Srischandra	...	Presidency College
„ Basantakumar	..	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Sekharnath	...	Uttarpara College
Shattock, Percy E. F.	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Chattopadhyay, Sasibhusan	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
{ Maulik, Kalachand	...	Metropolitan Institution
{ Sen, Nibaranchandra	...	Jagannath College
Yaswant Govind Apte	...	Oanadian Mission Col., Indore
Bhattacharyya, Gobindachandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Paresnath	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
{ Balmakund Kanungoi	...	Ravenshaw College
Basu, Satischandra (2)	...	City College
Bandyopadhyay, Gunamani	...	Uttarpara College
{ Ghosh, Pryarilal	...	Midnapur College
{ Niyogi, Upendrachandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
De, Mahendrachandra	..	Dacca College
{ Das, Rakhalchandra	...	Midnapur College
{ Mallik, Pramathanath	...	Hughli College
{ Bandhopadhyay, Bholanath	...	City College
{ Cohen, Rachel	...	Bethune College
Ray, Satischandra	...	Hughli College
Chakrabarti, Bidhubhushan	...	Metropolitan Institution

{ Chattopadhyay, Kumudbandhab...	Midnapur College
{ Lahiri, Jotindrachandra	... Krishnagar College
Kunj Bihari Lal Misra	... Jabalpur College
{ Mitra, Brajendralal	... Presidency College
{ Ray, Gopalchandra	... Midnapur College
Madhao Harihar Bhakay	... Hislop College, Nagpur
{ Basak, Binodbihari	... Presidency College
{ Chakrabarti, Chintaharan	... Jagannath College, Dacca
{ Ghosh, Gunendramohan	... Presidency College
{ Guha, Saradakanta	... Ditto
{ Sinha, Charuchandra (2)	... Ditto
{ Basu, Haridas	... Berhampur College
{ Dutta, Charuchandra	... Presidency College
{ „ Jogindrachandra	... Patna College
{ Ghosh, Dakshinaranjan	... Dacca College
Bhattacharyay, Pramathanath	... T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Adhikari, Durgadas	... Berhampur College
Basu, Sirischandra	... Presidency College
Pal, Jogindranath	... Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul Khaliq	... Chittagong College
Abdul Majid	... Patna College
Achyut Sitaram Sathe	... Morris College, Nagpur
Ambadas Bajirao	... Ditto
Anwar Karim	... Patna College
Bagchi, Debendranath	... General Assembly's Institution
Bajjnath Sahay	... Patna College
Bakrey Vinayak Sadasheo	... Morris College, Nagpur
Baksi, Brajendranath	... Rajshahye College
Bal, Sasikumar	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
Balak Ram	... Lahore Government College
Baldeva Mahtha	... Behar National College
Bandyopadhyay, Adharchandra	... F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Anukulchandra	... T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Bisweswar	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Gobindachandra	... Burdwan Raj College
„ Harigopal	... Ditto
„ Harihar	... Dacca College
„ Parsanath	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Purnachandra	... Hughli College
„ Rajendralal	... Dacca College
„ Santasil	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	... General Assembly's Institution
„ Tarapada	... Hughli College
Bangali Rama	... Patna College
Basak, Jadunath	... General Assembly's Institution
Basu, Atulkrishna	... Burdwan Raj College
„ Binodlal	... Krishnagar College

Basu, Jajneswar	...	Ripon College
„ Kartikchandra	...	Ditto
„ Manojmohan	...	Bangabasi College
„ Pasupati	...	Ditto
„ Sukharanjan	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Umeschandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Basumallik, Jyotindranath	...	Burdwan Raj College
Bhagwant Manohar Ekbote	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Bhatta, Durgadas	...	Chittagong College
Bhattacharyya, Debendrachandra	...	Berhampur College
„ Kalipada	...	Sanskrit College
„ Nagendranath	...	Rajshahye College
„ Rameschandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bhikaji Vinayak Apte	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Biswas Brajalal	...	Burdwan Raj College
Brahmachari, Aswinikumar	...	Dacca College
Carson, Charles William Charteris	..	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Chakrabarti, Bipinbihari	...	Victoria College, Naral
„ Bhabataran	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bidhubhushan	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Jadunath	...	Rajshahye College
„ Kailaschandra	...	Dacca College
„ Lalmohan	...	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	Ditto
„ Syamsundar	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
Chandra, Purnachandra	...	Uttarpara College
Chattopadhyay, Girijananda	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Girindranath	...	City College
„ Harakumar	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Harisadhan	...	Uttarpara College
„ Jyotindranath	...	Patna College
„ Khagendranath	...	Ripon College
„ Rajkumar	...	Jabalpur College
„ Saratkumar	...	Presidency College
Chaudhuri, Hridaynath	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Rajanikanta	...	Ditto
D'Attaiades, P.	...	Rangoon College
Damodar Bapurao Patwardhan	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Das, Asutosh	...	Patna College
„ Aswinikumar	...	Presidency College
„ Benimohan	...	Chittagong College
„ Bunilal	...	Behar National College
„ Harischandra	...	St. Mary's Instn, Chandernagore
„ Jnanendramohan	...	Presidency College
„ Kalikumar	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Mahimchandra	...	Chittagong College
„ Nankulal	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Parbaticharan	...	Krishnagar College
„ Prangobinda	...	Midnapur College
„ Premananda	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Priyanath	...	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendramohan	...	Patna College

Dasgupta, Asutosh	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
Dasmajumdar, Tariniprasanna	...	T N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Datta, Bhabaniprasad	...	Victoria College, Naral
„ Dinanath	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
„ Kamalaprasad	—	St. Xavier's College
„ Krishnachandra	...	Midnapur College
„ Mahendranath	...	Hughli College
„ Mahimacharan	...	Albert College
„ Nalinikumar	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
Dawood Bhai	...	Jabalpur College
De, Ananthbandhu	...	Dacca College
„ Chandranath	—	Hughli College
„ Haridas	...	Uttarpara College
„ Pramathanath	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Rameschandra	...	Chittagong College
„ Syamacharan	...	Presidency College
Deb, Harisaran	...	Dacca College
„ Pulinbihari	...	Metropolitan Institution
Deosaran Singh	...	Behar National College
Dhagat Lakshmi Sankar	...	Jabalpur College
Dhara, Saratchandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
Dhurandhar Prasad	...	Patna College
Dube, Chuni Lal	...	Jabalpur College
Gangopadhyay, Gopalchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Ghazanfar Ali Khan	..	Calcutta Madrasa
Ghosh, Bankubihari	..	City College
„ Chandrakanta	...	Dacca College
„ Kisorimohan	—	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kshitischandra	...	Presidency College
„ Kunjabihari	—	Victoria College, Naral
„ Narayanchandra	...	Presidency College
„ Prakaschandra	...	Jabalpur College
„ Rajkumar	...	Chittagong College
„ Satischandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Satischandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Tinkari	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution
„ Umapasanna	•	and Duff College
Gokul Prasad	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
Goswami, Asutosh	...	Jabalpur College
Guha, Asutosh	...	Ripon College
„ Saratchandra	...	Dacca College
Gupta, Lalitmohan	•	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Priyanath	...	Dacca College
„ Saratchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Satischandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Satischandra	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Satischandra	...	Presidency College
Halder, Hemantakumar	—	General Assembly's Institution
Hannah, R. G. A.	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Harakh Lal	...	Behar National College
Hardie, W.	...	Teacher (Mus. T. I.)
Haribansi Sahay	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur

Higgs, Reginald	...	St. Xavier's College
Hira Lal	...	Patna College
Indra, Mahendranath	...	General Assembly's Institution
Jatadhari Prasad	...	Behar National College
Kalyan Chand	...	Jabalpur College
Kanhyalal Kayasth	—	Ditto
Kanjilal, Rajendranath	...	Hughli College
Kar, Gaurysam	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Isanchandra	...	Dacca College
Khastgir, Surendralal	...	Presidency College
Kyaw Min	...	Rangoon College
Lachmi Chand Bothera	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Lakshman Ramchandra Purohit	—	Jabalpur College
Maitra, Hemchandra	—	General Assembly's Institution
„ Pramathanath	—	Patna College
Mitra, Suryyakanta	—	Rajshahye College
Majumdar, Girijacharan	...	Patna College
„ Harinath	...	Rajshahye College
„ Panchanan	...	Krishnagar College
„ Saratchandra	...	Chittagong College
Mahabir Lal	...	Rangoon College
Mangal Charan	—	Patna College
Mangal Das	...	Behar National College
Manohar Bapuji Bodhankar	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Manzur Ahmad	...	Jabalpur College
Matlab Ahmad Khan Chaudhury	...	Presidency College
Maung Yan Win	...	Rangoon College
Milne, John Stuart	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Misra, Madhabchandra	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Murari	...	Ditto
Mitra, Amritanath	...	Dacca College
„ Dwarkanath	...	Presidency College
„ Girijabhushan	...	Bangabasi College
„ Jotindranath	...	Presidency College
„ Jnanendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kulachandra	...	Ditto
„ Prabhaschandra	...	Presidency College
„ Prasannakumar	...	Victoria College, Naral
„ Tejchandra	...	Presidency College
Mojibar Rahman Tarafdar	...	Hughli College
Muhammad Musa	...	Patna College
Muhammad Mustapha Khan	...	Jabalpur College
Muhammad Yasin	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Mukhopadhyay Anandachandra	...	Ripon College
„ Dhanuadas	...	Rajshahye College
„ Gangadhar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kaliprasanna	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Kamadakinkar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kartikchandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Matilal	...	T N Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Nagendranath	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Prithwiraj	...	Hughli College
„ Sisirkumar	...	Ripon College

Mukhopadhyay, Suryyanarayan	...	Burdwan Raj College
Nag, Charuchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Kisoriprasad	...	General Assembly's Institution
Nandeokar Daju Raoji	...	Canadian Mission Col., Indore
Narayan Baliiram, A.	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Narayan Bhargo Rao Gadgil	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Narayan Vaman Thatte	...	Ditto
Niyogi, Jadunath	...	Rajshahye College
Ollenbach, A. J.	...	Patna College
Pakrasi, Niranjanachandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Pal, Bankabihari	...	Albert College
„ Nityagopal	...	Hughli College
„ Srischandra	...	Ditto
„ Umacharan	...	City College
Paude, Brajamohan	...	Behar National College
Pathak, Sribulaki	...	Patna College
Raghunath Rao Purshottam		
Mulaskar	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Ragahunath Sadashiva Thakur	...	Ditto
Rai Phaw	...	Rangoon College
Rakshit, Saralabala	...	Bethune College
Ramkrishna Lakshman Srikhande	...	Jabalpur College
Ramkrishna Vithal Atre	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Ray, Atulchandra	...	Ditto
„ Bagalaprasad	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Debendranath	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Debicharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dwijendranath	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
„ Jnanendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Jnanendranath	...	City College
„ Maheschandra	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Manindranath	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Nagendranarayan	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Rajendranath	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Sanukulchandra	...	Midnapur College
„ Satyendranath	...	Kri-hnagar College
Robertson, Percival M.	...	St. Xavier's College
Saha, Mahendrakumar	...	Presidency College
Sahana, Aghornath	...	Burdwan Raj College
San Hla	...	Rangoon College
Sarkar, Brajendrakumar	...	Rajshahye College
„ Kesabchandra	...	Bangabasi College
„ Nripendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Taraknath	...	Ripon College
Sarma, Durgadhar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Laksheswar	...	Presidency College
Sen, Abinaschandra	...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
„ Basantakumar	...	Ditto
„ Dhirajmohan	...	Dacca College
„ Jadunath	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Jnanadananda	...	Midnapur College
„ Nisikanta	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal

Sen, Praphullachandra	...	Dacca College
„ Rajendrachandra	...	Braramohan Institution, Barisal
„ Rohinikumar	...	Dacca College
„ Sasadhar	...	Braramohan Institution, Barisal
Shaik Arjan Ullah	...	Hughli College
Shaik Osman Ali	...	Midnapur College
Shankar Balwant Chitnavis	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Sinha, Kisorilal	...	Behar National College
„ Rajendralal	...	Hughli College
„ Sisupal	...	Behar National College
Smith, Gerald A.	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Som, Nagendrachandra	...	Dacca College
„ Suryyakumar	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
Srimani, Bhringeswar	...	St. Xavier's College
Sukul, Gobindachandra	...	Ripon College
Syed Hosain Ali	...	Calcutta Madrasa
„ Khair Ali	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Khaliq Baksh	...	Hughli College
Tanba Ramchandra Jabadey	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Tha Hla	...	Rangoon College
Thein Kin	...	Ditto
Trimbak Moreshwar Pardhu	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Vinayak Chimnaje Gokhale	...	Jabalpur College
Wasudeo Ramkrishna Pandit	...	Ditto

THIRD DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul Aziz Khan	...	Patna College
„ Bari	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Hafiz	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Hamid	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Karim	...	Dacca College
Abdur Rajak	...	Midnapur College
Abdus Sobhan	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Abrar Hosain	...	Presidency College
Abul Kasim	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Acghar Ali	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
Acharyya, Chandranath	...	Hughli College
Acharyyachaudhuri, Nagendranarayan	...	Presidency College
Adhikari, Achyutanath	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Inanendranath	...	Krishnagar College
„ Jogindranath	...	Albert College
„ Kshetranath	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Manmathanath	...	Teacher (Mid. T. I.)
„ Saratchandra	...	Berhampur College
Ahmad Hossain	...	Midnapur College
Alakh Narayan	...	Behar National College
Amanat Hosain	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Amiruddin Shaikh	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Ardwise, Alfred H.	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College

Aserappa, Charles Piers	...	Teacher (Col. T. I.)
Bagchi, Bibhutisekhar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandrakumar	...	Ditto
„ Suryyakanta	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Baksi, Jogeschandra	...	Midnapur College
„ Upendrachandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
Baldeo Sahay	...	Patna College
Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Abinaschandra	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Akshaykumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Amarchandra	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Anathbandhu	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Asutosh	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Atulchandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Atulchandra	...	Behar National College
„ Basantakumar	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Bidhubhushan	...	Ripon College
„ Bijaynath	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Debendranath	...	Patna College
„ Debicharan	...	Jabalpur College
„ Goshthabihari	...	Albert College
„ Hajariprasad	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Harihar	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Harimohan	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Haripada	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jnanendranath	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Jnanendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Jogeschandra	...	City College
„ Jyotindrachandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Jyotindrakumar	...	City College
„ Kartikchandra	...	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	Bangabasi College
„ Kesabchandra	...	Ditto
„ Kirankumar	...	Ditto
„ Kshetrachandra	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Kshirodchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Lalmohan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Manindralal	...	Presidency College
„ Manmathanath	...	Ditto
„ Munindranath	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Nisikanta	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Nisikanta	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Panchanan	...	Krishnagar College
„ Prandhan	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajkumar	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Rameschandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Ranjitkumar	...	Uttarpara College
„ Saratchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Saratchandra	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Saratchandra (II)	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Saratchandra (I)	...	Ditto
„ Saratkumar	...	Patna College

Bandyopadhyay, Sibkrishna	...	Lahore Government College
„ Surendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Taraprasanna	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Upendranath	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
Bansi Lal	...	Patna College
Baral, Atindranath	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
„ Manindrachandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
Baranasi Lal	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Bardhan, Bharatchandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Jageshchandra	...	Ditto
„ Umeschandra	...	Ditto
Barkatulla Miah	...	Rajshahye College
Baruya, Bishnuprasad	...	City College
Barui, Mahendranath	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Basak, Brajarajkumar	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
Basu, Amritlal	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh	...	Ditto
„ Atulchandra	...	Midnapur College
„ Bhabendranarayan	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Bhupendrakumar	...	Bangabasi College
„ Birendrakumar	...	Dacca College
„ Brajanath	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Brajendralal	...	Presidency College
„ Brajendranath	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Chittatosh	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Dwijendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Hemchandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Jatindrachandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jyotindranath	...	Ripon College
„ Jyotindranath (II)	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kalicharan	...	Victoria College, Naral
„ Kaliprasanna	...	Presidency College
„ Karalicharan	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
„ Khagendranath	...	Ripon College
„ Manindrakumar	...	Bangabasi College
„ Manindranath	...	Presidency College
„ Manmathanath	...	Ditto
„ Natabar	...	Teacher (Cal. T. 2.)
„ Nrityagopal	...	Ripon College
„ Parbaticharan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Phakirchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Purnachandra	...	Midnapur College
„ Rebaticharan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Saratchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sarojranjan	...	Krishnagar College
„ Sasibhushan	...	City College
„ Sasibhushan	...	Ripon College
„ Sasikumar	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Satischandra (I)	...	City College
„ Satischandra (II)	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Sibchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Sonalal	...	Patna College
„ Srischandra	...	Ripon College

Basu, Surendranath	...	Teacher (Kri. T. 1.)
„ Syamsundar	..	Ravenshaw College
„ Tarunchandra	...	Bangabasi College
„ Umeschandra	...	Dacca College
Bhadra, Nagendranath	...	Albert College
Bhaduri, Upendranath	...	General Assembly's Institution
Bhagwat Sinha	...	Patna College
Bhar, Ramhari	...	General Assembly's Institution
Bhattacharyya, Agornath	...	Ripon College
„ Amulyadhan	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Anathbandhu	...	Sanskrit College
„ Asutosh	...	Uttarpara College
„ Aswinikumar	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Banamali	...	Sanskrit College
„ Basantakumar	...	Victoria College, Naral
„ Chandranath	...	Rajshahye College
„ Gangacharan	...	Dacca College
„ Gauriprasad	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gunabhiram	...	Victoria College, Coocn-Bihar
„ Jogindranath	...	Bangabasi College
„ Jogindranath	...	Hughli College
„ Kalipada	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Lalitmoan	...	Victoria College, Naral
„ Mrigendranath	...	Sanskrit College
„ Nalininath	...	Ripon College
„ Priyanath	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Ramanimohan	...	City College
„ Saradaprasad	...	Hughli College
„ Saratchandra	...	Rajshahye College
„ Saratchandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Tarachand	...	Rajshahye College
„ Upendranath	...	Albert College
Bhaumik, Bipinbihari	...	Victoria College, Naral
„ Kedarnath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bhup Bahadur Prasad	...	Behar National College
Biharilal Bhikaji, P.	...	Jabalour College
Biswal, Bhabagrahi	...	Teacher (Kat. T. 1.)
Biswas, Abhayacharan	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Apurbadhan	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bhupatinath	...	Presidency College
„ Bhushanchandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Binodbihari	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Bipinbihari	...	Albert College
„ Debendrakisor	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Kalikanta	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Paresnarayan	...	Ripon College
„ Phakirchandra	...	Midnapur College
„ Surendrachandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bisweswar Prasad	...	Patna College
Bonerjee, Alexander Duff	...	St. Xavier's College
Brahmachari, Girijamohan	...	Dacca College
Canagaratnam, Arumugam	..	Wesley College, Colombo

Chakrabarti, Amarchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Bholanath	...	City College
„ Bhubanmohan	...	Victoria College, Naral
„ Chandranath	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Chintaharan	...	Uttarpara College
„ Dwijeschandra	...	Hughli College
„ Gobindachandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Haridayal	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Ichchhamohan	...	Dacca College
„ Iswarchandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Jadunath	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Jnanananda	...	Ditto
„ Jyotischandra	...	Krishnagar College
„ Krishnadhan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Lalitkumar	...	Krishnagar College
„ Mohinimohan	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Mrityunjay	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Mukundabihari	...	City College
„ Prannath	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Radhikaprasanna	...	Hughli College
„ Rameschandra	...	Ditto
„ Rameschandra	...	Rajshahye College
„ Saradaprasad	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Sasibhushan	...	Rajshahye College
„ Sasibhushan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Satischandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Satischandra	...	Krishnagar College
„ Surendranath	...	City College
„ Surendranath	...	Sanskrit College
„ Trailokyanath	...	Ripon College
Chandra, Brajanath	...	Midnapur College
Chanter, Edgar Dale	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Chattopadhyay, Amarnath	...	City College
„ Amirtalal	...	Ripon College
„ Amulyanath	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Bhupendranath	...	Patna College
„ Bipinbihari	...	Ripon College
„ Bipinbihari	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Charuchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Debendranath	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Haribhushan	...	Berhampur College
„ Kalipada	...	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Krishuadhan	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Kunjabihari	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Mahendranath	...	Krishnagar College
„ Manilal	...	Ripon College
„ Manmohan	...	Hughli College
„ Manoranjan	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Nrityagopal	...	Albert College
„ Panchkari	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Prasannakumar	...	Raj Chandra College, Barisal

Chattopadhyay, Rajanibhushan	...	City College
„ Rajmohan	...	Rajshahye College
„ Ramratan	...	City College
„ Saradakanta	...	Rajshahye College
„ Sarojkanta	...	Berhampur College
„ Sasibhushan	...	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur
„ Satkari	...	Presidency College
„ Sisirkumar	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Srischandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Surendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Umeschandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Upendranath	...	Ripon College
Chaudhuri, Bhabanath	...	Ditto
„ Debendranath	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Krishnalal	...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar
„ Sachikumar	...	Rajshahye College
„ Umeschandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendranath	...	Albert College
Danda, Rajaninath	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
Danbahadur Lal	...	Behar National College
Das, Aswinikumar	...	Dacca College
„ Aswinikumar	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Bhikaricharan	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Bipinbihari	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Bipinbihari	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Bipinchandra	...	Ditto
„ Kailaschandra	...	Ditto
„ Kalpataru	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Kumarchandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Madhusudan	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Nagendrakrishna	...	City College
„ Pannalal	...	Ditto
„ Pramathanath	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
„ Priyalal	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajanikanta (II)	...	City College
„ Rasamay	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Saratkumar	...	Ripon College
„ Sasibhushan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Satischandra	...	Ditto
„ Satischandra	...	Dacca College
„ Tarapasanna	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Trailokyanath	...	Midnapur College
Dasgupta, Annadabihari	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Debendranath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Gobindakumar	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Kedareswar	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Lalitmohan	...	Ripon College
„ Manaranjan	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Prasannakumar	...	Ripon College
„ Satischandra	...	Dacca College
„ Tarapasanna	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar

Datta, Agnes	...	Bethune College
„ Anukulchandra	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Asutosh	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Baidyanath	...	Presidency College
„ Bhabanath	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Hridaynath	...	Albert College
„ Jajneswar	...	Chittagong College
„ Jatindranath	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Jnanendralal	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kaliprasanna	...	Ripon College
„ Lalitmohan	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Manmathanath	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Manujendra	...	Presidency College
„ Mohinikumar	...	Dacca College
„ Mrigendranarayan	...	Ripon College
„ Nagendranath	...	Teacher (Bur. T. 2.)
„ Nanigopal	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Narayandas	...	Albert College
„ Narendrakisor	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Narendranath	...	Teacher (Cal. T. 16.)
„ Nikunj-bihari	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Praphullachandra	...	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Satyacharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendranath	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Sureschandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sureschandra	...	Krishnagar College
„ Tulshicharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendrakumar	...	Rajshahye College
„ Upendranath	...	City College
„ Upendranath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
Dattachaudhuri, Prasannakumar	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
De, Anukulchandra	...	Teacher (Chi T. 2.)
„ Bisweswar	...	Patna College
„ Durgacharan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Goshthabihari	...	Raj Chandra College, Barisal
„ Gurucharan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Haranchandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Kaminikanta	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Maheschandra	...	Dacca College
„ Maniklal	...	Ripon College
„ Narasinha	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Nibaranchandra	...	Hughli College
„ Praphullachandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Purnachandra	...	Hughli College
„ Ramanath	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Satyaranjan	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
Deb, Indrakumar	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Prakaschandra	...	Dacca College
Debi Prasad	...	Behar National College

DeSilva, E. Francis	...	Wesley College, Colombo
DeSouza, Clarence	...	St. Xavier's College
Dey, S. C.	...	Bishop's College
Dube, Ambasankar	...	Jabalpur College
„ Ramaprasad B.	...	Canadian Mission Col., Indore
„ Syamacharan	...	Jabalpur College
Dutt, Cyril T.	...	Teacher (Agr. T. 1.)
Enomuther, Joseph	...	Bishop's College
Fateh Narayan Sinha	...	Patna College
Fisher, Henry Cosmo	...	St. Francis de Sales' School, Nagpur
Gangopadhyay, Kshirodkumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mahendranath	...	Bishop's College
„ Matilal	...	T N Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Mrityunjay	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Rohinikanta	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Saradaprasad	...	L.M.S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Umaprasad	...	Krishnagar College
Ganpat, Sahay	...	Patna College
Ghatak, Aswinikanta	...	Ripon College
„ Bamandas	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Bholanath	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Isanchandra	...	City College
Ghosh, Abinashchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anukulchandra	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Asutosh	...	Hughli College
„ Bankimchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Bhubanmohan	...	Victoria College, Naral
„ Biharilal	...	Dacca College
„ Binodbihari	...	City College
„ Brajendrakumar	...	Albert College
„ Bindabanchandra	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Chandranath	...	City College
„ Charuchandra	...	Presiden y College
„ Charuchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dayalchandra	...	Hughli College
„ Gopaldas	...	Presidency College
„ Haradhan	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Hiralal	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Jnanendramohan	...	City College
„ Jnanendranath	...	Albert College
„ Jogindranath	...	Chittagong College
„ Jogindrasri	...	Presidency College
„ Kaliprasad	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Kesablal	...	Victoria College, Naral
„ Kunjabihari	...	Ripon College
„ Nibarananchandra (1)	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Nilambar	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Nripendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nriyagopal	...	Presidency College
„ Radhakanta	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Rameschandra	...	Metropolitan Institution

Ghosh, Ratischandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
" Babatimohan	...	Dacca College
" Sambhunath	...	Midnapur College
" Saratchandra	...	Bangabasi College
" Sasadhar	...	City College
" Satischandra	...	Hughli College
" Satischandra (I)	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Sitanath	...	Bangabasi College
" Surendranath	...	St. Xavier's College
" Susilkumar	...	Presidency College
Ghoshal, Debendranath	...	Rajshahye College
" Dwarkannath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
" Kripanath	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
Ginvar Dhar	...	Patna College
Gokulannanda Prasad Varma	...	Behar National College
Gop, Janakinath	...	Rajshahye College
Gopal Hari	...	Patna College
Goswami, Akinchannath	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
" Anathbandhu	...	Rajshahye College
" Debendranath	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Jadunath	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Mahananda	...	Teacher (Bur. T. 3.)
" Priyanath	...	Krishnagar College
Greening, Mabel	...	Loretto House
Guha, Bepinbihari	...	Chittagong College
" Durgamohan	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
" Hemchandra	...	Presidency College
" Kshitishchandra	...	Dacca College
" Nibaranchandra	...	Krishnagar College
" Satyacharan	...	Presidency College
" Sitanath	...	Dacca College
" Srinath	...	City College
" Upendranath	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
Guin, Harigopal	...	City College
Gupta, Anandamohan	...	Ripon College
" Dwijendranath	...	Presidency College
" Indubhushan	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
" Kshirodchandra	...	City College
" Kumudbandhu	...	Dacca College
" Kumudinikanta	...	Jagannath College
" Purnachandra	...	Ripon College
" Saratsasi	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Taranath	...	Albert College
Guruprasad Singh	...	Patna College
Halder, Nagendranath	...	Hughli College
" Narayanchandra	...	Presidency College
Harinarayan Prasad	...	Patna College
Hari Vathal Kane	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Hazarika, Rupram	...	Metropolitan Institution
Hor, Sudharam	...	Midnapur College
Howe, George	...	Lahore Mission College
Imdad Khan	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Inayatulla Mallik	...	City College

Indra, Lalitmohan	...	Burdwan Raj College
Jagdeo Saran	...	Patna College
Jamshed Rustumjee	...	Jabalpur College
Jayram Narayan Hershe	...	Ditto
Jeremiah, Edward	...	Teacher (Lah. T. I.)
Jha, Sudhadhar	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Jharkhandi Prasad	...	Ditto
Jokiuddin Ahmed	...	Dacca College
Jugal Kisor	...	Patna College
Kabiraj Mrityunjay	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Raghunath	...	Burdwan Raj College
Kamla Sahay	...	Behar National College
Kamta Prasad	...	Jabalpur College
Kandha Prasad	...	Patna College
Kanhya Lal	...	Ditto
Kar, Chintamani	...	Ravenshaw College
„ Golakchandra	...	Chittagong College
Karmakar, Brajamohan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
Khan, Banawarilal	...	Presidency College
Khasnabis, Mahendrakumar	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
Khwet Pouki	...	Rangoon College
Kulwant Sahay	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
Kumar, Saratchandra	...	Midnapur College
Kundu, Girischandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mahimchandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
„ Mohanlal	...	Metropolitan Institution
Laha, Girischandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Lahiri, Kamakhyaprasad	...	City College
„ Ramanimohan	...	Bangabasi College
„ Rambramma	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saratchandra	...	Patna College
„ Sasinath	...	Rajshahye College
Lakshman Gadi Khate	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Lala Ram Sahay	...	Jabalpur College
Lalji Sahay	...	Behar National College
Madhao Govind Parande	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Mahadeo Raghunath Joomday	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Mahanti, Jaykrishna	...	Ravenshaw College
Mahapatra, Adwaitachandra	...	Ditto
Maitra, Abhaygobinda	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
„ Anathbandhu	...	Rajshahye College
„ Basantakumar	...	Bangabasi College
„ Bipinchandra	...	Rajshahye College
„ Rampran	...	Midnapur College
„ Surendranath	...	Krishnagar College
Mujumdar, Bhudeb	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Gaganchandra	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Haripada	...	Berhampur College
„ Krishnanath	...	Rajshahye College
„ Purnachandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar
„ Srinath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Maliab, Pramathanath	...	Patna College
Mallik, Asipada	...	St. Xavier's College

Mallik, Manoranjan	...	Presidency College
„ Pannalal	...	Ditto
„ Brischandra	...	Hughli College
Mandal, Hrishikes	...	Ripon College
„ Satischandra	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Mangal Dayal	...	Behar National College
Martand Dadaji Deshpande	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Martin, F. B.	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Mathuranand Prasad	...	Behar National College
Mathura Pande	...	Teacher (Pat. T. 2.)
Mattey, Dwarkanath	...	Behar National College
Maulik, Purnachandra	...	Bangabasi College
Maung Bah Thoo	...	Rangoon College
Maung Maung	...	Ditto
Mercado, S.	...	Bishop's College
Misra, Kunjeshwar	...	Rajshahye College
„ Satyarupa	...	Behar National College
Mitra, Annadaprasad	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Asutosh	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh (II)	...	Ripon College
„ Basantakumar	...	Berhampur College
„ Jogindrachandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Mahendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Nisibhushan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Panchanan	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Purnachandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Ramendranarayan	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Rohinikanta	...	Ditto
„ Saratkumar	...	Presidency College
„ Sasibhushan	...	Krishnagar College
„ Satischandra	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Satyendrachandra	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Sureschandra	...	City College
„ Sureschandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Upendranath	...	Ripon College
Muhammad Abdul Karim	...	Patna College
„ Abdul Ahed Khan	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Ismail (I)	...	Calcutta Madrasa
„ Nain Khan	...	Ditto
„ Shamsuzzoha	...	Ditto
„ Waziruddin	...	Patna College
Mukhopadhyay, Abanikanta	...	City College
„ Abinashchandra	...	Albert College
„ Anukulchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Atindranath	...	Ditto
„ Atulchandra	...	City College
„ Raidyanath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Bhagabaticharan	...	Midnapur College
„ Bipinbihari	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
„ Bisweswar	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Brahmakisor	...	Metropolitan Institution

Mukhopadhyay, Chintaharan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
" Debendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Harigopal	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Hiralal	...	City College
" Hirendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Jaharilal	...	Uttarpara College
" Jahnabhiprasad	...	Hughli College
" Jaminikanta	...	Dacca College
" Jatindranath (II)	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Jitendranath	...	Presidency College
" Jnanendradath	...	Krishnagar College
" Jnanendranath	...	Hughli College
" Kamakhyakumar	...	Dacca College
" Kshetramohan	...	Midnapur College
" Manmathanath	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Manmathanath	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Nagendranath	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Narendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Nilmani	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
" Nirapada	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Niradchandra	...	Bangabasi College
" Pratapchandra	...	Krishnagar College
" Rajbihari	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
" Rajendranath	...	Patna College
" Rajkrishna	...	Sanskrit College
" Rakhaladas	...	City College
" Ranendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Saratchandra (II)	...	City College
" Saratchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Satyaprasad	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Satyendranath	...	Uttarpara College
" Siddeshwar	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Srigopal	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Surendranath	...	Presidency College
" Surendranath	...	Ripon College
Mukund Vithal Indapwar	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Mundle, S. P.	...	Bishop's College
Mustaphi, Sasibhushan	...	Presidency College
Nag, Bipinbihari	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Nagendrachandra	...	Dacca College
Naladaru Nowrojee, F.	...	St. Xavier's College
Nailamutha, M. A.	...	Bishop's College
Nandi, Abhaykumar	...	Ripon College
" Abinaschandra	...	Midnapur College
" Amulyacharan	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Bipinbihari	...	Chittagong College
" Kedarnath	...	Rajshahye College
" Nityananda	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Radhagobinda	...	Ditto
Nath, Harimohan	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
Nuruddin Ahmad	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Pain, Nilmani	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College

Pain, Trailokyanath	... Albert College
Pal, Haridas	... Teacher (Cal. T. 14.)
„ Jogindranath	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Phanibhushan	... Ditto
„ Satischandra	... Presidency College
„ Sisirkumar	... Patna College
Panda, Satischandra	... Berhampur College
Pathak, Srikantha	... Albert College
Patnaik, Radhamohan	... Ravenshaw College
Phukan, Prasannakumar	... Ripon College
Poddar, Nityananda	... Burdwan Raj College
Pradhan, Mahendranath	... General Assembly's Institution
Pramanik, Natabar	... Metropolitan Institution
Raghubir Saran	... Presidency College
Raha, Bhubanmohan	... General Assembly's Institution
„ Jadabchandra	... Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Kesabchandra	... General Assembly's Institution
Rajkhhowa, Benudhar	... City College
Rakhshit, Adwaitachandra	... Dacca College
„ Anandachandra	... Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Kshetranath	... Rajchandra College, Barisal
Rama Nand	... Behar National College
Ramanand Prasad	... Ditto
Ramanna Chinappa, G.	... Hislop College, Nagpur
Ramchandra Ganesh Apendra	... Ditto
Ram Prasad	... Behar National College
Ray, Abhaypada	... Burdwan Raj College
„ Abinaschandra	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Akhilchandra	... Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Ambikacharan	... Rajshahye College
„ Anantamohan	... General Assembly's Institution
„ Asutosh	... Hughli College
„ Asutosh	... Presidency College
„ Asutosh	... Burdwan Raj College
„ Atulchandra	... St. Xavier's College
„ Benimadhab	... Victoria College, Naral
„ Bhudharchandra	... Albert College
„ Bhupendranath	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Bibhutitosh	... Burdwar Raj College
„ Charuchandra	... Ditto
„ Debendranath	... General Assembly's Institution
„ Debendranath	... Burdwan Raj College
„ Girijaprasad	... Teacher (Bur. T. 1.)
„ Haranchandra	... Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Harischandra	... City College
„ Jadabchandra	... Hughli College
„ Jagadishwar	... Rajshahye College
„ Janakiprasanna	... Krishnagar College
„ Jatindrakumar	... Hughli College
„ Jitendranath	... Presidency College
„ Joytischandra	... Berhampur College
„ Kaminikumar	... L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Manmohan	... City College

Ray, Manmohan	... F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Nalinanga	... Albert College
„ Nalinibihari	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Nalinikanta	... Krishnagar College
„ Pramathanath	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar
„ Pulinbihari	... Burdwan Raj College
„ Rajanikanta	... Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Rajendrakumar	... Ditto
„ Rangalal	... Ditto
„ Rebatisankar	... Dacca College
„ Sasibhushan	... L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Satischandra	... Presidency College
„ Sekharnath	... Patna College
„ Sisirkumar	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Sitanath	... Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Srinath	... Dacca College
„ Surendranath	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Tejendranath	... City College
„ Umesnarayan	... Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Upendramohan	... St. Xavier's College
Raychaudhuri, Indubhushan	... Ripon College
„ Jyotischandra	... Patna College
„ Manmohan	... Albert College
„ Tarinicharan	... Behar National College
Rayson, Ramsiromani	... T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Sachidanand	... Jabalpur College
Sadashiva Krishna Tripurawar	... Morris College, Nagpur
Saha, Asutosh (I.)	... Albert College
„ Bipinbihari	... Presidency College
„ Krishnachandra	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Sanatan	... Ditto
„ Sriramchandra	... Ripon College
Sakharam Ganesh Paranjpe	... Hislop College, Nagpur
Samajdar, Jaineswar	... City College
Samanta, Janakinath	... Ditto
Sarbadhikari, Binayprasad	... Presidency College
Sanyal, Kshirodchandra	... Ripon College
„ Nilmani	... Patna College
„ Saradaprasanna	... General Assembly's Institution
Sardar, Achyutananda	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Manikchand	... General Assembly's Institution
Sarkar, Asutosh	... T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Baradaprasad	... Dacca College
„ Biharilal	... Presidency College
„ Chandrakisor	... Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Chandrakumar	... Presidency College
„ Dhirendranath	... Albert College
„ Durgadas	... Burdwan Raj College
„ Gobindacharan	... Ripon College
„ Haramati	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Haricharan	... Berhampur College
„ Hemchandra	... Ripon College

Sarkar, Jagatchandra	...	Bangabasi College
„ Jageschandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Kalidas	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Kesabchandra	...	City College
„ Lalitchandra	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Maheschandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Nalinikanta	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nrityagopal	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Radhikaprasad	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Saratchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satyacharan	...	Berhampur College
„ Srischandra	...	Rajshahye College
Sarma, Golapchandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Lakshminath	...	Sanskrit College
„ Saratchandra	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Tarinicharan	...	General Assembly's Institution
Sasmal, Giridhari	...	Midnapur College
Sen, Adwaitachandra	...	Ripon College
„ Akhilbandhu	...	City College
„ Annantanarayan	...	Berhampur College
„ Annadacharan	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Annadacharan	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Bagalacharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bipinbihari	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Bireswar	...	Presidency College
„ Girijabhusan	...	Ditto
„ Girindrakumar	...	Ditto
„ Haranchandra	...	Chittagong College
„ Hemchandra	...	Dacca College
„ Jagadiswar	...	Berhampur College
„ Jagatchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jatindranath	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Jageschandra	...	Ripon College
„ Jogindranath	...	Victoria College, Nara
„ Jyotindranath	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Mahimchandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Manadaprasanna	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Mathuranath	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Matilal	...	Dacca College
„ Mohamohan	...	Berhampur College
„ Nandalal	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prasantakumar	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Pratapchandra (I.)	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Pyarimohan	...	Chittagong College
„ Rameschandra	...	Presidency College
„ Rohinikumar	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Rohinikumar	...	Ripon College
„ Saradaprasad	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Saratchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Saratchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sasankamohan	...	Chittagong College

Sen, Srischandra	...	Presidency College
„ Sudhirschandra	...	City College
„ Sureschandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Sureschandra	...	Presidency College
„ Syamacharan	...	Chittagong College
„ Tarinipada	...	Midnapur College
„ Tribenikumar	...	St. Xavier's College
Sengupta, Pramodprakas	...	Ripon College
„ Bijaykrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajkumar	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Upendranath	...	Presidency College
Set, Ganeschandra	...	Teacher (Cal. T. 12.)
„ Nandalal	...	Hughli College
„ Nikunjabihari	...	Metropolitan Institution
Shaikh Jonab Ali	...	Calcutta Madrasa
„ Wahizuddin Ahmad	...	Ripon College
Shamsul Haq	...	Behar National College
Sharafat Ali Khan	...	Dacca College
Sheo Prasad	...	Jabalpur College
Sheopratap Narayan	...	Patna College
Shridhar Trimbak Apte	...	Canadian Mission Col., Indore
Sil, Suryyakumar	...	General Assembly's Institution
Singha, David Binode	...	Bishop's College
Sinha, Asutosh	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Atulchandra	...	Ditto
„ Brahmadeva Narayan	...	Behar National College
„ Charuchandra (1)	...	Presidency College
„ Chintaharan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca
„ Lakshman	...	Behar National College
„ Nrisinhadas	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Purnachandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Rajanikanta	...	Midnapur College
„ Ramanath	...	Teacher (Cal. T. 24)
„ Sasibhusan	...	Patna College
„ Satischandra	...	Ripon College
„ Surendrachandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Taraprasanna	...	General Assembly's Institution
Sinhachaudhuri, Satyeschandra	...	Ditto
Sinhadeb, Balindra	...	Burdwan Raj College
Sinhathakur, Radhaballabh	...	Ditto
Sittampalam, S. A.	...	Trinity College, Kandy
Som, Girischandra	...	Dacca College
Srinatayan Lal	...	Patna College
Stowell, Arthur T.	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Sundar Lal	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Sureswari Prasad	...	Patna College
Sutradhar, Gopeswar	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
Syambihari Sahay	...	Behar National College
Syed Abdus Samad	...	Patna College
Syed Abul Hayat	...	Ditto
Syed Amjad Ali	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Syed Sherfuddin Ahmad	...	Patna College
Thakur Prasad	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur

Topdar, Mahimchandra	... City College
Vishnu Chintaman Tambe	... Hislop College, Nagpur
Waizul Haq	... Patna College
Wasudeo Ramchandra Bhat	... Jabalpur College

1893.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Chattopadhyay, Asutosh	... Hughli College
Bhattacharyya, Krishnachandra	... Presidency College
Pal, Jogindranath	... Hughli College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Asutosh	... Ditto
{ Mukhopadhyay, Bijaygopal	... Presidency College
Ghosh, Ramendranath	... General Assembly's Institution
{ Hannah, Emily Clair	... Private Student (Roll. Hug., P. I.)
{ Ray, Satischandra	... Presidency College
Datta, Ambikacharan	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
{ Ballabh, Kunjabihari	... General Assembly's Institution
{ Mitra, Kiranchandra (I)	... Presidency College
{ Bhattacharyya, Rasikmohan	... Ditto
{ Guha, Abinaschandra	... Ditto
Dattagupta, Karunakumar	... Dacca College
Chattopadhyay, Hemchandra	... Presidency College
Madak, Binaykrishna	... Hughli College
Deb, Ramdulal	... Presidency College
{ Bhattacharyya, Prasannachandra	... Dacca College
{ Gangopadhyay, Bholanath	... Hughli College
Kundu, Upendranath	... Presidency College
haru Miah	... St. Xavier's College
Bhattacharyya, Anukulchandra	... Metropolitan Institution
" Harinath	... Ripon College
{ Bandyopadhyay, Sasadhar	... T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
{ Sen, Gunadacharan	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
Gupta, Jaykrishna	... City College
Kundu Purnachandra	... Presidency College
{ Basak, Saratchandra	... Dacca College
{ Kirkpatrick, S.	... Presidency College
{ Chaklader, Haranchandra	... General Assembly's Institution
{ Sarkar, Hemchandra	... Berhampur College
Abu Nasr Muhammad Ali	... Dacca College
Mitra, Saratchandra	... Presidency College
Chaudhuri, Saratchandra	... Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Tarakanath	... City College
Mitra, Saratchandra (I)	... Ripon College
Charpure Mahadeo Trimback	... Morris College, Nagpur

Sengupta, Jitendranath	...	Presidency College
{ Basu, Sanakakumar	...	Dacca College
{ Gangopadhyay, Nibaranchandra	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
{ Sarkar, Saratsasi	...	Burdwan Raj College
{ Syed Muhammad Abdullah	...	Calcutta Madrasa

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Abadhbihari Chaube	...	Patna College
Abdul Wadud	...	City College
Acharyya, Nandalal	...	Dacca College
Adhikari, Nalinikanta	...	Berhampur College
Aditya, Gopimohan	...	Dacca College
Akhouri Nityananda Singha	...	Patna College
Alfazuddin Ahmed	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Anderson, F.	...	Rangoon College
Aparajit, Trimbak Baliram	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Bagchi, Harendrakrishna	...	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Abanimohan	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Ambikacharan	...	Patna College
„ Arabinda	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Jadunath	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kedareshwar	...	Krishnagar College
„ Narendranath	...	Uttarpara College
„ Nibaranchandra	...	Jagannath College
„ Prabodhchandra	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Rajkumar (I.)	...	Presidency College
„ Rajnarayan	...	Uttarpara College
„ Santoshkumar	...	Ditto
„ Saratchandra (II.)	...	Presidency College
Basu, Binodbihari	...	Ditto
„ Hemchandra	...	Dacca College
„ Jamininath	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Jyotindranath (I.)	...	Jagannath College
„ Jyotindranath	...	Ripon College
„ Kshetramohan	...	Dacca College
„ Tarapada	...	Krishnagar College
Bhattacharyya, Bamacharan	...	Hughli College
„ Baradasankar	...	Rajshahye College
„ Nagendranath	...	Ripon College
„ Sasibhushan	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Sriharsha	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Srischandra	...	Presidency College
„ Surendranath	...	Berhampur College
„ Taraknath	...	Jagannath College
„ Taranganath	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
„ Umeschandra	...	City College
Bishnu, Bansadhar	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
Biswas, Nilratan	...	Metropolitan Institution

Biswas, Purnachandra	...	Hughli College
Brahma, Phaniindranath	...	Presidency College
Chakrabarti, Asutosh	...	Ripon College
" Chandrakumar	...	Jagannath College
" Saratchandra	...	Bangabasi College
" Tarakeswar	...	Rajshahye College
" Upendrachandra	...	Jagannath College
" Upendranath	...	Ripon College
Chandra, Bamacharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chattopadhyay, Abanimohan	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Asitachandra	...	Presidency College
" Basantakumar	...	Ripon College
" Bimalchandra	...	Presidency College
" Harihar	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Kalidas	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Priyanath	...	Presidency College
" Rampada	...	Ditto
" Saratchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Suryyakanta	...	Presidency College
Chaudhuri, Basantakumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Praphullachandra	...	Jagannath College
" Suhridnath	...	Presidency College
Chiene, O.	...	St. Xavier's College
Das, Aghornath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
" Aswinikumar	...	Jagannath College
" Harikrishna	...	Presidency College
" Janakinath	...	Murarichand College, Sylhet
" Jyotindranath	...	St. Mary's Col., Chandernagar
" Karunakumar	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
" Mahendranath	...	Berhampur College
" Narendrakumar	...	Presidency College
" Surendranath	...	Dacca College
" Taraprasanna	...	Presidency College
Dasgupta, Chandrakumar	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Jogindrachandra	...	Presidency College
Datta, Apurbakrishna	...	Ditto
" Asutosh	...	Ditto
" Dharaninath	...	Ditto
" Jogindrakisor	...	Jagannath College
" Kshitischandra	...	Albert College
" Krishnalal	...	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Nagendranath	...	Ripon College
" Rakhaldas	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Ramgopal	...	Metropolitan Institution
De, Hemchandra	...	Ditto
" Jaharlal	...	Ditto
" Lalitmohan	...	Ditto
" Ramdayal	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
" Suryyamani	...	Jagannath College
De Mellos, Bertha Adria Hudson	...	Bethune College
Durgaprasada	...	St. Xavier's College
Gangopadhyay, Matilal	...	Ditto

Gangopadhyay, Narendranath	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Nilmani	...	Ripon College
Ghanasyamprasad Misra	...	Jabalpur College
Ghosh, Harinath	...	Ripon College
„ Jitendranath	...	Albert College
„ Kalipada	...	Ripon College
„ Krishnachandra	...	Presidency College
„ Kshetramohan	...	Hughli College
„ Nandalal	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Ramcharan	...	Bangabasi College
„ Sailendranath	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Susilchandra	...	Ripon College
Ghoshal, Surendranath	...	Presidency College
Gokhale Keshava Gunesh	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Goonetilleka, C. W.	...	Trinity College, Kandy
Guha, Jaygobinda	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Raicharan	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
Gupta, Bipinbihari	...	Ripon College
„ Jyotindramohan	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Haldar, Nagendranath	...	Ripon College
Hariballal Parachure	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Hyam, S. I. J.	...	Rangoon College
Jadunandan Sahay	...	Patna College
Kemble, J. W.	...	Bishop's College
Lahiri, Bijaylal	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jageshchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Mahanti, Gaurisam	...	Ravenshaw College
Maitra, Jadabchandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
Mallik, Debendrakumar	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Munindralal	...	Hughli College
Manna, Rajanikanta	...	Metropolitan Institution
Manuel, J. R.	...	Rangoon College
Maung Kin	...	Ditto
Maung Shin	...	Ditto
Mitra, Apurbakrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Haridhan	...	Ditto
„ Jyotindranath	...	Presidency College
„ Kalidas	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lalbihari (II.)	...	Sanskrit College
„ Nripendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Nripendranath	...	Jabalpur College
„ Surendranath (I.)	...	City College
Muhammad Abdus Samad	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Muhammad Irfanulla	...	Ditto
Muhammad Walayatullah	...	Jabalpur College
Mukhopadhyay, Haranchandra	...	Presidency College
„ Harendranath	...	Sanskrit College
„ Jnanadaprasad	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Jnandranath	...	Ripon College
„ Jyotindrachandra	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College

Mukhopadhyay, Nanigopal	..	Presidency College
" Santoshnath	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Satkari	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Syama Charan	...	City College
Niyogi, Rameschandra	...	Ditto
Pal, Upendranath	...	Hughli College
Pramanik, Jagadbandhu	...	Burdwan Raj College
Ragho Prasad	...	Patna College
Rakshit, Kesabchandra	...	St. Mary's Col., Chandernagar
Ray, Jatin	...	Presidency College
" Kalikumar	...	Dacca College
" Nibaranchandra	...	Ripon College
" Prabodchandra	...	Presidency College
" Prakaschandra	...	Dacca College
" Satischandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
Raychaudhari, Jogindranath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
" Kesab Lal	...	City College
Richard, E.	...	Rangoon College
Sadhukhan, Nilmani	...	Hughli College
Saba, Harakumar	...	Dacca College
Sarkar, Kedarnath	...	Hughli College
" Nagendranath	...	Ripon College
Sen, Akshaykumar	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Bimalananda	...	St. Xavier's College
" Gopalchandra	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Indubhushan	...	Presidency College
" Kalikumar	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
" Kaminikumar	...	Dacca College
" Kshetramohan	...	Presidency College
" Nalinikanta	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Satischandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Sengupta, Abanimohan	...	Jagannath College
" Abaninath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
" Pratapchandra	...	Dacca College
Sil, Praphullakumar	...	Presidency College
Sinha, Debendranath	...	Hughli College
" Kshetramohan	...	Presidency College
" Sureschandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
Som, Sriskumar	...	Dacca College
Southon, Kate Emmeline	...	Diocesan Girls' School, Naini Tal
Sur, Surendranath	...	St. Mary's Col., Chandernagar
Tafazzul Ahmad	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Ukil, Kumunkanta	...	General Assembly's Institution
Vijaretnem, J. C.	...	Jaffna College
Wight, Amy Estelle	...	La Martinière College for Girls

THIRD DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul Ghuffar	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Abdul Majid (IL)	...	Calcutta Madrasa

Abdul Raoof	...	Patna College
Abraham, A.	...	Teacher (Roll. Jaf. T. 1.)
Abul Hayat Tarafder	...	Hughli College
Adhikari, Haripada	...	Sanskrit College
„ Kaminikumar	...	Teacher (Roll. Dac. T. 5.)
Ahmedazzaman	...	Jagannath College
Aikath, Chandicharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Amrut Morishwarrao Pardhy	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Anderson, P. R.	...	Ditto
Asrar Ali	...	Ravenshaw College
Baikunth Prasad	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Bakta Jamal	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Bal, Debendranath	...	Jagannath College
Balmakunda Upadhyay	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Bandyopadhyay, Anantakumar	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Anukul	...	Teacher (Roll. Bur. T. 3.)
„ Asutosh	...	Jagannath College
„ Bankimchandra	...	Uttarpara College
„ Bhutnath	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Bibhutibhushan	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Binodbihari	...	Jagannath College
„ Harakumar	...	St. Mary's Col., Chandernagar
„ Haricharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jagabandhu	...	Uttarpara College
„ Jnanchandra	...	Dacca College
„ Jyotindranath	...	City College
„ Lalitmohan	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Lalitmohan	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Nakuleswar	...	Bangabasi College
„ Nanigopal	...	City College
„ Nibaranchandra	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Nrisinhaprasad	...	Ripon College
„ Prabodhnarayan	...	Uttarpara College
„ Prasannakumar	...	Berhampur College
„ Rabaneswar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajendrachandra	...	Jagannath College
„ Saratchandra	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
„ Sasimohan	...	Jagannath College
„ Satindranath	...	Uttarpara College
„ Satischandra	...	Ditto
„ Satischandra (II.)	...	City College
„ Satyakanta	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Sridharchandra	...	Bangabasi College
„ Surendrakumar	...	Ripon College
„ Surendranath	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Surendranath	...	Uttarpara College
„ Susilchandra	...	Patna College
„ Upendrachandra	...	Hughli College
„ Upendranath	...	Uttarpara College
„ Upendranath	...	City College
„ Upendranath	...	Jagannath College
Banik, Srinath	...	Burdwan Raj College
Baral, Nilraten	...	

Barat, Abinaschandra	... Hughli College
Bardhan, Gangacharan	... Raj Chandra College, Barisal
„ Umeschandra	... Jagannath College
Barman, Basantakumar	... Ditto
Barpute Govind Ganesh	... Canadian Mission Col., Indore.
Bartlett, W. H.	... Jaffna College
Baruya, Kripalchandra	... Metropolitan Institution
Basil, B. G.	... St. Xavier's College
Basu, Abhaycharan	... General Assembly's Institution,
„ Anathnath	... F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Annadacharan	... Ripon College
„ Asimakumar	... Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh (II.)	... City College
„ Aswinikumar	... Jagannath College
„ Atalkumar	... F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College.
„ Atulchandra	... Midnapur College
„ Atulkrishna	... Burdwan Raj College
„ Atulkrishna	... City College
„ Bhupendranath	... Presidency College
„ Bidhubhushan	... Ripon College
„ Binaykrishna	... T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Bipinbihari	... Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Brajanath	... Burdwan Raj College
„ Girindranath	... Ripon College
„ Jadabchandra	... Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Jakinath	... Ripon College
„ Jogindrakrishna	... General Assembly's Institution
„ Lalitmohan	... Midnapur College
„ Narendranath	... General Assembly's Institution
„ Priyagopal	... St. Xavier's College
„ Rameschandra	... Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Rameschandra	... Presidency College
„ Sailendranath	... General Assembly's Institution
„ Saratchandra	... Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Satindrachandra	... City College
„ Satischandra	... Ripon College
„ Satyacharan	... Presidency College
„ Siddheswar	... City College
„ Surendrakumar	... Presidency College
„ Surendranath	... L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Surendranath	... Ripon College
Bera, Debendanath	... Presidency College
Bhaduri, Bimalchandra	... F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Bhagabatnarayan Sinha	... Patna College
Bhagwan Sahay	... Ditto
Bhar, Haridas	... General Assembly's Institution
Bhargo Nilkanth Jategaokar	... Jabalpur College
Bhaskar Moreshwar Vighnay	... Morris College, Nagpur
Bharat Prasad	... Behar National Col., Bankipur
Bhattacharyya, Asutosh	... City College
„ Bhutnath	... Teacher (Roll. Bha. T. 1.)

Bhattacharyya, Brajagopal	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Gopalchandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
" Jibankrishna	...	City College
" Jageshchandra	...	Rajshahye College
" Kalipada	...	Bangabasi College
" Kaminimohan	...	Ripon College
" Kumudchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Mohitchandra	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
" Munindramohan	...	Sanskrit College
" Nandagopal	...	St. Xavier's College
" Nandalal	...	City College
" Narayanchandra	...	Ditto
" Pramathanath	...	Hughli College
" Pramathanath	...	Krishnagar College
" Praphullachandra	...	Hughli College
" Rakhalidas	...	City College
" Saratchandra	...	Jagannath College
" Satischandra	...	City College
Bhaumik, Krishnasundar	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
Bindheswari Prashad (I.)	...	Patna College
Bindheswari Prashad (II.)	...	Ditto
Bishumbhar Nath Dube	...	Jabalpur College
Bishun Sahay (I.)	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Biswas, Asutosh	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Bishnupada	...	Berhampur College
" Brajendrakumar	...	City College
" Jnanendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Kaliprasanna	...	Jagannath College
" Pramathanath	...	Rajshahye College
" Prannath	...	Bishop's College
" Radhikaprasad	...	Berhampur College
Cantwell Alice	...	Loretto House
Chaki Baradagobinda	...	General Assembly's Institution
Chakrabarti, Bipinbihari	...	Jagannath College
" Digambar	...	Chittagong College
" Durgamohan	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
" Iswarchandra	...	Chittagong College
" Jahnabhicharan	...	Jagannath College
" Kalipada	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
" Mahendrakumar	...	Ripon College
" Purnachandra	...	Chittagong College
" Radhanath	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Saratchandra	...	Rajshahye College
" Sasibhushan	...	Sanskrit College
" Satischandra	...	Albert College
" Satischandra	...	City College
" Srikanta	...	Ripon College
" Sudhirschandra	...	City College
" Trailokyanath	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Upendranath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
Chanda, Krishnakisor	...	Rajshahye College

Chanda, Ramāprasad	...	Dacca College
Chandra, Saratchandra	...	City College
Chattopadhyay, Abinaschandra	...	Uttarpara College
„ Amritalal	...	Ripon College
„ Amulyakumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Aswinikumar	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Binodbihari	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Bipinbihari	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Bireswar	...	Presidency College
„ Dinabandhu	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Girjabhushan	...	City College
„ Girindarbhushan	...	Ditto
„ Girindranath	...	Presidency College
„ Haranchandra	...	Uttarpara College
„ Jadunath	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Jyotibhushan	...	Krishnagar College
„ Kaminikumar	...	Brajamohan Institution Barisal
„ Khagendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kshirodkanta	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Kumudchandra	...	Presidency College
„ Lalitmohan (II.)	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lalitmohan	...	Ripon College
„ Nagendranath	...	Hughli College
„ Nandalal	...	Presidency College
„ Nanigopal	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Narayanchandra	...	City College
„ Paresnath	...	Presidency College
„ Praphullachandra	...	City College
„ Purnachandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Radharaman	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Rajendranath	...	City College
„ Rajendranath	...	St. Xavier College
„ Sailajaprasad	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saratchandra	...	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	City College
„ Satyendranath	...	Jagannath College
„ Surendranath	...	Krishnagar College
„ Surendranath	...	City College
Chaudhuri, Bankeschandra	...	Naral Victoria College
„ Bijaykrishna	...	City College
„ Dhirendranath	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Narendralal	...	Hughli College
„ Prabodhchandra	...	Presideney College
„ Syamendranarayan	...	Krishnagar College
Chaw Hla	...	St. Xavier's College
Dam, Mathuranath	...	Murarichand College, Sylhet
Das, Abinaschandra	...	Midnapur College
„ Aswinikumar	...	Dacca College
„ Atulmohan	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Bamanchandra	...	Naral Victoria College
„ Banamali	...	Jagannath College
„ Bharatchandra	...	Murarichand College, Sylhet

Das, Bhimsinha	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bhudhar	...	Dacca College
„ Charuchandra (II.)	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Gobindachandra	...	Jagannath College
„ Jainaram	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Janakinath	...	Bangabasi College
„ Jatindranath	...	Midnapur College
„ Jogindranath	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Krishnachandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mahendralal	...	Chittagong College
„ Nimaichandra	...	Jagannath College
„ Premchandra	...	Murarrichand College, Sylhet
„ Radhacharan	...	Jagannath College
„ Rakhachandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Subodhchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Upendanath	...	Ditto
„ Uperdranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Dasarath Lal	...	Patna College
Dasgupta, Asutosh	...	Dacca College
„ Bimalananda	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Lalitmohan	...	Jagannath College
„ Nibaranchandra	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Ramdas	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Satischandra	...	Presidency College
Datta, Akshaykumar	...	Albert College
„ Amulyachandra	...	Berhampur College
„ Asutosh	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Basantakumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Benimadhab	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Bhupalkumar	...	Presidency College
„ Bijendrakrishna	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Birendrakumar	...	Rajshahye College
„ Brajendrachandra	...	Jagannath College
„ Jatindrakumar	...	Ripon College
„ Jnanendranath	...	City College
„ Jageshchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Jogindrachandra (A)	...	Jagannath College
„ Jogindrachandra (B)	...	Ditto
„ Jyotishchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kalisankar	...	Chittagong College
„ Lalbihari	...	City College
„ Paresnath	...	Ditto
„ Prakaschandra	...	Hughli College
„ Purnananda	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Radharaman	...	Dacca College
„ Rajkumar	...	Chittagong College
„ Saradacharan	...	Albert College
„ Saradacharan	...	Jagannath College
„ Saratchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Sasibhushan	...	Dacca College
„ Upendranath	...	Ripon College
Dattamunsi, Asutosh	...	Ditto
D'Cruz, Ida	...	Loretto House

De, Ambikacharan	...	Ripon College
„ Asutosh	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Banamali	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Basantakumar	...	Ripon College
„ Charuchandra	...	Presidency College
„ Girischandra	...	Rajshahye College
„ Hemchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Kaminikumar	...	Dacca College
„ Prabhachandra	...	Berhampur College
„ Prasidachandra	...	Jagannath College
„ Rajkumar	...	Ditto
„ Ramdas	...	City College
„ Saurindranath	...	Ripon College
„ Sitanath	...	Dacca College
„ Umapati	...	Patna College
Deb, Taraknath	...	City College
DeSilva, R.	...	Trinity College, Kandy
DeSouza, Francesca	...	Bethune College
Dhar, Anukulchandra	...	Presidency College
„ Dinanath	...	Jagannath College
„ Manomohan	...	City College
Dinkar Vaman Harkare	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Diwakar Hari Pendgay	...	Ditto
Gajanan Seoram Kundle	...	Ditto
Ganesdatta Sinha	...	Patna College
Gangopadhyay, Hiralal	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Lakshminarayan	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Nisikanta	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Phanindranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prabhatchandra	...	Jagannath College
„ Ramanikumar	...	Dacca College
„ Tarakdas	...	Hughli College
Ghatak, Bhairabchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Hemchandra	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
„ Kunjabihari	...	Jagannath College
Gholam Lillahe	...	Burdwan Raj College
Ghosh, Amulyacharan	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Anukulchandra	...	Hughli College
„ Asutosh	...	Midnapur College
„ Atulchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Balaichand	...	Bangabasi College
„ Basantakumar	...	Jagannath College
„ Bhubanmohan	...	Naral Victoria College
„ Binodlal	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Bipinbihari	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandicharan	...	Patna College
„ Gopalchandra	...	Teacher (Roll. Ber. T. 1..)
„ Harinath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Haripada	...	Ditto
„ Jaharlal	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kalikrishna	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Mahendranath	...	City College

Ghosh Narendranath	...	Hughli College
„ Nibaranchandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Paramananda	...	Jagannath College
„ Pramathanath	...	Hughli College
„ Pramathanath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Ramanimohan	...	Presidency College
„ Sachindrakumar	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Saratchandra	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Satischandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	...	Presidency College
„ Sisirkumar	...	Hughli College
„ Sitalaprasad	...	City College
„ Surendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Surendranath	...	Ripon College
„ Surendranath	...	Jagannath College
„ Tinkari	...	Presidency College
Ghoshal, Kesab Lal	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
„ Lalitmohan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Gorakh Prasad	...	Patna College
Goswami, Jogeschandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Radhakrishna	...	City College
„ Ramanath	...	Ripon College
Govind Balwant Joshi	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Govind Parashuram Tamankar	...	Jabalpur College
Govind Sadasho Sibdar	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Guha, Abinashchandra (II)	...	Presidency College
„ Bhabadacharan	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Bipinchandra	...	Dacca College
„ Jadunath	...	Ripon College
„ Lalmohan (II)	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Sasankakumar	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Satischandra	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Surendranath	...	Ditto
„ Tripuracharan	...	City College
Guhathakurta, Jogindranath	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Gupta, Anukulchandra	—	Burdwan Raj College
„ Biharilal	...	City College
„ Bijaykrishna	...	Presidency College
„ Bishnudas	...	Berhampur College
„ Dwijendranath	...	Presidency College
„ Mahimchandra	...	Jagannath College
„ Priyanath	...	Ditto
„ Pulinbihari	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rohinikumar	...	City College
„ Satischandra	...	Ditto
„ Tariniprasad	...	Metropolitan Institution
Hafizuddin Khandkar	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Halder, Atulchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Jyotischandra	...	Presidency College
„ Priyamadhab	...	City College
Hardinge, G. E.	...	Rangoon College
Harihar Charan	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur

Harinandan Das	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Hari Sapashiv Tanksale	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Higgs, B. E.	...	St. Xavier's College
Hom, Bipinchandra	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
Jageshwar Govind Puranic	...	Morris College, Nagpur
J., Lajja Shanker	...	Jabalpur College
Kar, Kaminikumar	...	Jagannath College
„ Manimohan	...	City College
„ Nabakisor	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Panchanan	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
Karmakar, Sripati	...	Metropolitan Institution
Kesho Lal	...	St. Xavier's College
Konar, Annadaprasad	...	Ditto
„ Kalipada	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Krishna Gangadhar Karandikar	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Laha, Tulsidas	...	Metropolitan Institution
Lahiri, Kesabchandra	...	Albert College
„ Prankrishna	...	Rajshahye College
„ Surendranath	...	Hughli College
Lakshman Rajaram Atré	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Latfal Haq	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Laxman Rajaram Aradhey	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Lin, W.	...	Rangoon College
Loughran, J. W.	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
L. T. Ah Pon	...	Rangoon College
Lucas, S. E. R.	...	Dacca College
Madheo Gobind	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Mahiuddin Ahmed	...	Ripon College
Maiti, Sitanath	...	Midnapur College
Maitra, Abinaschandra	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Jogindranath	...	Rajshahye College
„ Kuladamohan	...	Metropolitan Institution
Majumdar, Brajasundar	...	Albert College
„ Jnanendramohan	...	City College
„ Jnanendranath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Jogindranath	...	Jagannath College
„ Mahendranath	...	Ripon College
„ Nibaranchandra	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Ranjanmohan	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Satischandra	...	Albert College
Mallik, Chunilal	...	Hughli College
„ Debendranath	...	Ditto
Mandal, Bhajahari	...	Midnapur College
Manickji Rustamji Edaban	...	Canadian Mission Col., Indore
Matilal Agnihotri	...	Jabalpur College
Maulik, Aswinikumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
Maung Po Hla	...	Rangoon College
Maung Tha Gyaw	...	Ditto
Misra, Manmohan	...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
„ Nalinchadhra	...	Sanskrit College
Mitra, Amarkumar	...	Bangabasi College
„ Amritlal	...	Ripon College

Mitra, Basantakumar	...	Patna College
" Chunilal	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Haridas	...	City College
" Hemchand	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Hemchandra	...	Presidency College
" Jibeschandra	...	Midnapur College
" Jnanendranath	...	Presidency College
" Jnanendranath	...	Ripon College
" Jyotindranath	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Kedarnath	...	Midnapur College
" Kedarnath	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Kshirodchandra	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
" Mahimchandra	...	Bangabasi College
" Manmathanath	...	Ripon College
" Mohinimohan	...	Hughli College
" Nibaranchandra	...	Midnapur College
" Sailendranath (I.)	...	Presidency College
" Satyakinkar	...	Ditto
" Srischandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Surendranath (II.)	...	City College
" Susilchandra	...	St. Xavier's College
Mitter, C. L.	...	General Assembly's Institution
Mohamad Said-uddin	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Mohamad Syed	...	City College
Mookerjee, C. S.	...	St. Xavier's College
Muhammad Abdullah	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Muhammad Akbar	...	Ravenshaw College
Muhammad Ali	...	Ripon College
Muhammad Irfan	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Muhammad Ismail	...	St. Xavier's College
Mukhopadhyay, Akshaykumar	...	Albert College
" Akshaykumar	...	Berhampur College
" Ambikacharan	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Anilchandra	...	St. Xavier's College
" Anukul	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Anukulchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Asutosh	...	Ditto
" Basantakumar	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
" Bhubanmohan	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Bipinbihari	...	City College
" Chandrabhushan	...	Ripon College
" Dineskrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Durgagatf	...	Ditto
" Herambachandra	...	Albert College
" Indranarayan	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Indusekhar	...	Berhampur College
" Jatindranath	...	Krishnagar College
" Jibanhari	...	Bangabasi College
" Jogendranath	...	Ditto
" Jyotilal	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
" Kalipada	...	City College
" Kisorilal	...	Metropolitan Institution

Mukhopadhyay,	Kshitischandra	...	Krishnagar College
"	Kunjabihari	...	Metropolitan Institution
"	Madhusudan	...	Uttarpara College
"	Matilal	...	Presidency College
"	Mrigankalal	...	Metropolitan Institution
"	Nabakumar	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
"	Nagendranath	...	Ripon College
"	Nagendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
"	Nakulchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
"	Nandalal	...	City College
"	Nanigopal	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
"	Narendranath	...	Rajshahye College
"	Nisikanta	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
"	Nityaprasanna	...	Metropolitan Institution
"	Phanimadhab	...	General Assembly's Institution
"	Pramathanath	...	Presidency College
"	Rabindranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
"	Rajendranath	...	Hughli College
"	Rakhaldas	...	Berhampur College
"	Satischandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
"	Sripati	...	Berhampur College
"	Srischandra	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
"	Srischandra	...	Presidency College
"	Sureschandra	...	Ripon College
"	Syamacharan	...	Rajshahye College
"	Tarapada	...	Ripon College
"	Upendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Munshi, Kuladacharan		...	General Assembly's Institution
Murali Lal		...	T. N. Jubilee Col., Bhagalpur
Mustafi, Jatindranath		...	Ripon College
Muzharuddin		...	Calcutta Madrasa
Nag, Dasarathi		...	Presidency College
Nagchaudhuri, Nalinbihari		...	Metropolitan Institution
Nahar, Puranchand		...	Berhampur College
Nanda, Krishnachandra		...	Ravenshaw College
Nandi, Ashutosh		...	Presidency College
"	Debendranath	...	Hughli College
"	Hariprasad	...	Presidency College
"	Rashbihari	...	Jagannath College
Narsing Sahay		...	Patna College
Na'imuddin Mia		...	Ripon College
Nettles, W. H. J.		...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Niyogi, Abhaschandra		...	Metropolitan Institution
"	Kumudnath	...	Presidency College
Pal, Basantakumar		...	Ditto
"	Gobindachandra	...	Jagannath College
"	Gopeswar	...	Ripon College
"	Kailasnath	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
"	Saradaprasad	...	Metropolitan Institution
"	Sasibhushan	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
Paltu Prasada		...	Patna College

Pande, Durgaprasad	...	Jabalpur College
Panja, Saradaprasad	...	City College
Parui, Brindabanchandra	...	Ditto
Pathak, Dwarkaprasad	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Pati, Raghunath	...	Ravenshaw College
Percival, S. W.	...	St. Xavier's College
Philipiah, G.	...	St. John's College, Jaffna
Phukan, Radhanath	...	Metropolitan Institution
Pitt, L.	...	Rangoon College
Poddar, Chandrabino	...	Jagannath College
Paramanik, Haripada	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Parojmala	...	Bethune College
Ragho Bapurao Paithankar	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Raghoonath Sahay	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Raghunath Madhava	...	Jabalpur College
Raha, Guruprasanna	...	Metropolitan Institution
Rajdeo Sahay	...	Patna College
Rama Pratap	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Ramchandra Amarat Kuthe	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Ramchandra Anand Rao Deshpandey	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Ramchandra Bhargao Rao Gadgil	...	Hislop College, Nagpur
Ramrao Madhao Wathodkar	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Rashid-uddin Mohamed	...	Midnapur College
Ray, Ajodhyaram	...	Bangabasi College
„ Amulyaratan	...	City College
„ Anukulchandra	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Aswinikumar	...	Krishnagar College
„ Atulchandra	...	City College
„ Atulgopal	...	Ditto
„ Bholanath	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Bhubanmohan	...	Jagannath College
„ Bilaschandra	...	Dacca College
„ Debendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Durgadas	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
„ Dwarkanath	...	Bangabasi College
„ Gangadas	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Girischandra	...	Jagannath College
„ Haradhan	...	City College
„ Hemchandra	...	Ripon College
„ Jageschandra	...	Hughli College
„ Kaliprasanna	...	Jagannath College
„ Kisoripati	...	Midnapur College
„ Krishnachandra	...	Berhampur College
„ Lalitchandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
„ Mohinimohan	...	City College
„ Nagendraprasad	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
„ Nalinchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Narendranath	...	Berhampur College
„ Niradkrishna	...	Krishnagar College
„ Prabhavati	...	Bethune College
„ Prangobinda	...	Albert College
„ Priyagopal	...	Burdwan Raj College

Ray, Pulinbihari	...	Narail Victoria College
„ Rajendranath (I.)	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
„ Ramkamal	...	Ripon College
„ Sasibhushan	...	Rajshahye College
„ Subodhchandra	...	Patna College
„ Suranath	...	Hughli College
„ Surendranath	...	Rajshahye College
„ Sureswar	...	City College
„ Taranath	...	Rajshahye College
„ U. Harrison	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Raychaudhuri, Mahendranarayan	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Radhakumar	...	City College
Rowlands, R. C. W.	...	Trinity College, Kandy
Sachchitanand Sahay	...	Patna College
Sadashiva Madhava Parande	...	Jabalpur College
Saha, Lakshminarayan	...	Berhampur College
„ Matilal	...	City College
„ Panchanan	...	Presidency College
„ Pyarimohan	...	Jagannath College
„ Ramsundar	...	Dacca College
Samanta, Jyotindranath	...	Burdwan Raj College
Santa Prasad	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Sanyal, Purnachandra	...	Ripon College
„ Saratchandra	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Sureswar	...	Rajshahye College
Sarfaraz Hossain	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Sarkar, Biharilal	...	Ripon College
„ Bipinchandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
„ Haren Granarayan	...	Albert College
„ Hemchandra	...	Rajshahye College
„ Jnanendraprasad	...	Bangabasi College
„ Jugalkisor	...	Burdwan Raj College
„ Lakshminarayan	...	Ditto
„ Rajanikanta	...	City College
„ Sailendranath	...	Morris College, Nagpur
„ Sureschandra	...	Ripon College
„ Upendrachandra	...	Jagannath College
Sarma, Kaminikumar	...	Ditto
Sarmabardolai, Probodhchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Syed Ali Mahdy	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Sen, Abinaschandra	...	Jagannath College
„ Akshaykumar	...	Ditto
„ Anadinath	...	Ripon College
„ Apurbakumar	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
„ Bamacharan	...	Krishnagar College
„ Baradacharan	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Basantakumar	...	Ditto
„ Biharilal	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Brajendrakumar	...	Teacher (Roll. Dac. T. 2.)
„ Chandicharan	...	Presidency College
„ Chunilal	...	Albert College
„ Dakshinaranjan	...	Chittagong College

Sen, Debendranath	...	L. M. S. College, Bhowanipur
" Girindranath	...	St. Xavier's College
" Girischandra	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Jnanendramohan	...	Patna College
" Jageschandra	...	Albert College
" Jogindranath	...	Dacca College
" Kalikrishna	...	Bangabasi College
" Kedareswar	...	Jagannath College
" Kedareswar	...	City College
" Kunjabihari	...	Ripon College
" Madhusudan	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Mathuranath	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
" Nalininath	...	Bangabasi College
" Nirupamchandra	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
" Premkumum	...	Bethune College
" Rajkumar	...	Jagannath College
" Rakhachandra	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Saratchandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
" Srischandra	...	Presidency College
" Srischandra	...	St. Xavier's College
" Sukumar	...	Dacca College
" Surendranath	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
" Syamakanta	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Tarapada	...	Krishnagar College
Sengupta, Amritlal	...	Ripon College
" Baradakanta	...	Dacca College
" Bhubaneswar	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Bipinbihari	...	Presidency College
" Dwarkanath	...	Jagannath College
" Iswarchandra	...	Chittagong College
" Tarinicharan	...	Albert College
" Upendrachandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
Set, Surendranath	...	St. Mary's Col., Chandernagar
Shoenandan Singh	...	Teacher (Roll Pat. T. 9.)
Shiva Bax	...	Teacher (Roll Ind. T. 1.)
Shivannandan Prasad	...	Patna College
Shreedhar Lakshman Tambe	...	Canadian Mission Col., Indore
Sridhar Wakratund Munje	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Shiwa Palaka Singha	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
Sil, Kalidas	...	Hughli College
Sinha, Bijaychandra	...	Presidency College
" Gurucharan	...	Behar National Col., Bankipur
" Jatindramohan	...	Burdwan Raj College
" Jageschandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Kiranchandra	...	Ripon College
" Narendranath	...	Patna College
" Phakirdas	...	Ripon College
" Phanindranath	...	Patna College
" Siteschandra	...	Berhampur College
Sipani, Indrachand	...	Ditto
Sital Prasad	...	Patna College
Sitaram Keshave Chitalay	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Som, Chapalacharan	...	Jagannath College

Som Satyendranath	...	Hughli College
S. Talmizur Rahman	...	Presidency College
Sur, Ramlal	..	St. Mary's Col., Chandernagar
Syamsundar Prasad	...	Patna College
Syed Hasan	...	Ditto
Syed Khalil Ahmed	...	Ditto
Syed Muhammad Ali Shah	...	Jabalpur College
Syed Muhammad Hashem	..	St. Xavier's College
Syed Muhammad Karim	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Syed Nazir Ahmed	...	Patna College
Tatya Rao Madhew	...	Teacher (Roll. Nag., T. 5.)
Thakurta, Rebatimohan	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
Vaz, W.	...	St. Xavier's College
Vinayek Balkrishna Chepay	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Vinayek Chintaman Pendse	..	Jabalpur College
Vishwanath Vishnu Digraska	..	Hislop College, Nagpur
Waman Baliram Lakhey	..	Ditto
Waman Gopal Joshie	..	Morris College, Nagpur
Wasudeo Tukaram Vyvaray	..	Ditto
Wirasinha, J. S.	...	Trinity College, Kandy
Yashawant Govind Deshpande	...	Morris College, Nagpur
Zia-un Naby	...	Calcutta Madrasa

DUFF SCHOLARS, 1893.

Chattopadhyay, Asutosh (Languages)	...	Hughli College
„ Asutosh (Mathematics)	...	Ditto
„ Asutosh (Physics and Chemistry)	...	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Nagendranath	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Kemble, J. W.	...	Bishop's College

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

1892.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul Alim Muhammad	17	Dacca Madrasa
Abdul Ghafur	16	Dalton Institution, Darbhanga
Abdul Haq	16-6	Patna Collegiate School
Adhikari, Jageschandra	15	Puthia H. E. School
„ Saratchandra	16-5	Tamluk Hamilton School
Ali Akbar	15-4	Commilla Zila School

Anthony, Richard William	17-6 ...	Mussoorie School
Apcar, Thomas S.	16-4 ...	St. Xavier's College
Appucutty, K.	18-1 ...	Jaffna College
Aung Hla	16-8 ...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Asimuddin Ahmad	19 ...	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
Babu Mahadeo Prasad	15-7 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Bagchi, Dwijendranath	14-8 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Jagadishwar	16-10 ..	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Mahendranath	15-6 ...	New Indian School
Baidyanath Sahay Sinha	16 ...	Arrah Zila School
Bajpai, Nilmani	16 ...	Garbita H. E. School
Balkrishna Sheoram	17-6 ...	Raipur High School
Bandyopadhyay, Abhay- charan	16-7 ...	Hindu School
" Amulyadhan	15 ...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
" Bholanath	15 ...	Berhampur Collegiate School
" Bhushanchandra	16-9 ...	Barisa H. C. E. School
" Debendranath	15 ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
" Dwijapada	14 ...	Banwaribad H. E. School
" Girijanath	15-1 ...	Barahanagar Victoria School
" Harijiban	14 ...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
" Jagatbandhu	15-6 ...	Munshiganj H. C. E. School
" Jyotindranath	15 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Kalikamal	17-4 ...	Jalpaiguri Zila School
" Kalikanta	14-7 ...	Noakhali Zila School
" Kalikes	16-3 ...	Albert Collegiate School
" Nibaranchandra	18-7 ...	Barisal Zila School
" Panchanan	14-3 ...	Birbhum Govt. School
" Sachindranath	15 ...	Hare School
" Shashthicharan	17-8 ...	South Suburban School
" Satiskumar	16-11 ...	Aryya Mission Institution
" Satyabrata	14-4 ...	Konnagar H. E. School
" Surendralal	17-4 ...	Jaynagar Institution
" Surendranath	16 ...	F. C. Institution, Chinsura
" Surendranath	15 ...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
Basak, Rajendrakumar	13 ...	Ruplal Raghunath School, Dacca
" Sambhulal	14-5 ...	General Assembly's Institution
Basu, Binodbihari	14-3 ...	Konnagar H. E. School
" Charuchandra	15 ...	Ranchi Zila School
" Ganeschandra	17 ...	Faridpur Zila School
" Gaurkrishna	14-8 ...	St. Mary's Institution, Chander- nagar
" Gopalchandra	15-8 ...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
" Gopeschandra	15 ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
" Goshtabihari	15-6 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Academy, Bankipur
" Haripada	15-10 ...	Bankura Zila School
" Hemchandra	15-7 ...	Netrokona Dutt H. E. School
" Jyotirmay	16-4 ...	Bhastara School
" Kesabchandra	17 ...	Jaynagar Institution

Basu, Krishnadhan	20-11...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Lalbihari	16 ...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Pramathanath	14 ...	Shillong Govt. High School
„ Priyanath	15-1 ...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Satischandra	17 ...	Raja Suryya Kumar's Institution, Rajbari
„ Surendranath	16 ...	Albert Collegiate School
Bellairs, Edward James		
Wilfred*	17-5 ...	Private Student (Nai. P. 2.)
Bhabani, Surendrakumar	16 ...	Graduates' Institution
Bhaduri, Satischandra	16 ...	Calcutta Aryan Institution
Bhagabati Charar	16-4 ...	Chapra Zila School
Bhar, Narendranath	15-2 ...	General Assembly's Institution
Bhattacharyya, Bhabasankar	15-2 ...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Bijaykumar	14 ...	Hare School
„ Brajendranath	14 —	T. K. Ghosh's Academy, Bankipur
„ Harendrachandra	17 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Harimohantapaswi		
	18 ...	Boral H. C. E. School
„ Harisankar	17 ...	Dasghara H. E. School
„ Jyotindranath	14-2 ...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Jyotischandra	15-8 ...	Kumarkhali Mathura Nath H. E. School
„ Kamaleschandra	15-6 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Krishnagopal	15 ...	Berhampur Hindu Academy
„ Kumaischandra	15 ...	Nawab's High School, Murshidabad
„ Ramchandra	18 ...	Naral Vic. Collegiate School
„ Saratchandra	14-3 ...	Kisorgang H. C. E. School
„ Satischandra	20 ...	Pabna Zila School
„ Satischandra	17 ...	Jenkins' School, Cooch-Behar
„ Taraninath	18-6 ...	Daulalpur H. E. School
„ Upendranath	15-8 ...	Payaragacha Ripon H. C. E. School
Bishan, Datta	15-3 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Biswas, Chandrabhushan	17-2 ...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Jadunath	16 ...	Abaipur Ramsundar Institution
„ Nagendranath	17 ...	Magura H. E. School
„ Raicharan	17 ...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Surendranath	13-6 ...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Syamacharan	18 ...	City Collegiate School, Sobhahazar Branch
Brahmachari, Bipinkihari	15 ...	Kesab Academy
Brahmadhyan Lal	16 ...	Arrah Zila School
Buckley, Caroline Jane		La Martinière for Girls
Burton, B. H.	15-3 ...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Chakrabarti, Bamanchandra	17 ...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Banamali	16-10...	Barisal Zila School
„ Bimalacharan	15-9 ...	Dacca Collegiate School

Chakrabarti, Bipinchandra	16-7	...	Commilla Zila School
„ Hemchandra	16	...	Hindu School
„ Jnanindu	14	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Kaliprasanna	16	...	Metropolitan Institution, Syam-pukur Branch
„ Narendranath	15-6	...	Madaripur H. E. School
„ Rajendrachandra	14-7	...	Birbhum Government School
„ Saratchandra	18	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	15-3	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Satyansunath	15-3	...	City Collegiate School
Chanda, Aswinikumar	17-4	...	Barisal Zila School
Chandra, Rajendranath	14-1	...	L. M. School, Midnapur
Chatterjee, Nina		...	Private Student (Lah. P. 5.)
Chattopadhyay, Akshaykumar	15-6	...	Khulna Zila School
„ Atulchandra	14-6	...	Jaynagar Institution
„ Bhupati	14-4	...	Banwaribad H. E. School
„ Bhutnath	19-9	...	Arya Mission Institution
„ Bhutnath	16-1	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Hemantakumar	15-4	...	City Collegiate School
„ Hemantakumar	13	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Kalipada	15-6	...	Jangipur H. E. School
„ Nagendranath	16	...	Baharu H. E. School
„ Nalinimohan	17-4	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
„ Satischandra	16	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Sudhirschandra	17-3	...	Bogra Zila School
Chaudhuri, Bhupati	17	...	Bongong H. E. School
„ Hariprasanna	15-2	...	Birbhum Govt. School
„ Jogindrachandra	17	...	Chittagong Municipal School
„ Kumudinikanta	18-6	...	Narayanganj H. E. School
„ Nandagopal	17	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
„ Narendranarayan	14-7	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Taraprasanna	16	...	Kagram H. E. School
Cox, Walter Hulbert	16-11	...	Philandar Smith Institute, Mussoorie
Das, Adharchandra	15-9	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
„ Akshayachandra	12-5	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
„ Asutosh	16-2	...	City Collegiate School
„ Asutosh	16-5	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Bechulal	17	...	Kesab Academy
„ Bipinchandra	19-4	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Dayanidhi	17-6	...	Kendrapara H. E. School
„ Goshthabihari	15-4	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Haraprasanna	17	...	Brajamohan Instn., Barisal
„ Haridas	17-2	...	Serampur Union Institution
„ Haridas	17-10	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Lalbihari	14-1	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Mahendrakumar	16	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Mathuranath	16	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Rajendranath	16-10	...	Hindu School
„ Saradaprasanna	15-5	...	Chittagong Collegiate School

Das, Saratchandra	15-7 ...	Barisal Zila School
Dasdas, Gopalchandra	17 ...	Calcutta Institution
Dasgupta, Durgaprasanna	14-8 ...	Barisal Zila School
„ Jitendrakumar	13 ...	Kalia H. E. School
Datta, Adharnath	20-6 ...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Atulchandra	13-6 ...	Hare School
„ Kedarnath	14-2 ...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Kshitischandra	16 ...	Pabna Zila School
„ Nikunjabihari	16 ...	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Panchanan	17-9 ...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Santasil	16-6 ...	Metropolitan Institution Bow Bazar Branch
„ Saratchandra	16 ...	Hare School
Dattatraya Mahadeo Godshay	15-10...	Indore English Madrasa
Davidson, Evelyn A. M.	...	Private Student (Col. P. I.)
De, Ekkar*	17 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Gopalchandra	14 ...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Harinath	14-10...	St. Xavier's College
„ Lalbihari	16-6 ...	Hindu School
Deb, Manmathakrishna	16-10 ..	Metropolitan Institution, Syampur Branch
Dev, Vinayak Sitaram	16-8 ...	City School, Nagpur
Dhar, Hariram	13-4 ...	Dacca Pogose School
Duli Chand	17 ...	Barh Bayley Aided H. E. School
Edwards, Ella	... —	Diocesan Girls' School, Naini Tal
„ Navaratnam	16-10...	Trinity College, Kandy
Feilmann, Edith	... ..	Diocesan Girls' School, Naini Tal
Gangopadhyay, Annada- prasad	17-3 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Chunilal	15 ...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Harendralal	16-9 ...	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Haricharan	15 ...	Sibpur H. C. E. School
„ Kalibandhu	15-6 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
Ghosh, Amarendranath	15-1 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Banamali	19-11...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Dulahari	14 ...	Hazaribagh Zila School
„ Harilal	15-2 ...	Kandi School
„ Harinath	17 ...	Baharu H. E. School
„ Jyotischandra	16-3 ...	Chatra H C E. School
„ Kalikumar	16-1 ...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Kalinath	16 ...	Jessore Zila School
„ Kunjalal	13-6 ...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Manmathanath	15-3 ...	Dumka Zila School
„ Mohitchandra	15-3 ...	Hare School
„ Natabihari	16-8 ...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Prabhatranjan	14-5 ...	City Collegiate School

* Passed in Drawing.

Ghosh, Pramathanath	14-6 ...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Priyanath	18-10...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Sanatkumar	16-5 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Surendranath	16-9 ...	South Suburban School
„ Upendranath	15 ...	Jhenidah H. E. School
Ghoshal, Saratchandra	15-8 ...	New Indian School
Girja Sankar	15 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Gomes, Joseph Francis	17 ...	St. Peter's College, Agra
Goswami, Bijaykrishna	17-4 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nalinikanta	16 ...	Dighapatia H. E. School
Govind Chinnajee	15-8 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Greening, Ada Mary	... ...	Loretto House, Calcutta
Guha, Hemchandra	16-6 ...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Jayantakumar	16-2 ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Srischandra	14-7 ...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Surendramohan	16 ...	South Suburban School
Gupta, Abinashchandra	16-4 ...	Ruplal Raghunath School, Dacca
„ Chittaharan	16-4 ...	Barisal Zila School
„ Rameschandra	14-4 ...	Jamalpur Donough School
„ Satischandra	18 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Siddheswar	12 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Academy, Bankipur
„ Upendrachandra	12 ...	Ruplal Raghunath School, Dacca
Hajra, Manasaram	16-6 ...	Purulia Zila School
Haldar, Umeschandra	15-5 ...	Purjana Makundanath H. C. E. School
Hamilton, George	16 ...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Hari Ganpatrao Gharpurey	13-9 ...	City School, Nagpur
Hor, Prasannakumar	17 ...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Bihar
Horchaudhuri, Syamasankar	14 ...	Kalia H. E. School
Howe, Elsie	... ...	Lady Dufferin's C. G. School, Lahore
Hypher, Andrew Ignatius	18-4 ...	St. Xavier's College
Jadu Prasad	12-3 ...	Behar H. C. E. School
Jay Daval Singh	18 ...	Delhi M. B. High School
John, Dottie	... ...	Loretto Convent, Darjeeling
Jones, Eustace P.	15-3 ...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Kamala Prasad	14-6 ...	Motihari Zila School
Kanagarayar, K. T.	17-3 ...	Jaffna College
Kasinath Vishwanath Warranasiwar	16 ...	City School, Nagpur
Konar, Asutosh	17 ...	Serampur Union Institution
Kundu, Mukundlal	14 ...	New Indian School
„ Upendralal	14-2 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala-khan Branch
Lahiri, Ranajitchandra	16-4 ...	Pabna Zila School
„ Sarbaranjan	15 ...	Abaipur Ramsundar Institution
Latfur Rahman	13-6 ...	Kushia H. E. School
Mahapatra, Srikrishna	18-4 ...	General Assembly's Institution
Maiti, Manilal	17-7 ...	Serampur Union Institution
Maitra, Kisorimohan	17-3 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Sasikamal	14 ...	Hare School
„ Surendramohan	15-7 ...	Berhampur Collegiate School

Majumdar, Akshaykumar	14-5	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Bhubanchandra	20	...	Hutwa Eden School
„ Bijaygobinda	16-6	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Hemchandra	15	...	Chatmohar S. N. School
„ Jadunath	15-6	...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
„ Jnanadacharan	14	...	Northbrook School, Darbhanga
„ Kaminikumar	16-11	...	Habiganj High School
„ Pyarimohan	16	...	Chandpur Hasan Ali Jub. Schl.
„ Ramlal	17	...	Magura H. E. School
„ Saratchandra	13	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Sureschandra	19	...	Mukerjee's Semy., Muzafferpur
Mallik, Bipinchandra	14-5	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
„ Harendrachandra	13-6	...	Katwa H. E. School
„ Susilmadhab	13-11	...	South Suburban School
Manuel, Agnes	...	...	Loretto Convent, Darjeeling
Marsden, Mabel	...	...	Ditto
Mathra Dass Peshawari	18	...	Lahore Central Model School
Maung Gyi	16-8	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Maung Thein Maung	16-7	...	Maulmein Government High and Normal School
Misra, Indranarayan	14-5	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Mitra, Akshaykumar	16	...	Hare School
„ Anukulchandra	14-6	...	Baghbazar Model School
„ Binaykrishna	17-8	...	Arbajia J. V. School
„ Charuchandra	15-2	...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Gopalchandra	16	...	Calcutta Aryan Institution
„ Munindrakumar	14-7	...	Doveton College
„ Nalinchandra	15-8	...	Purulia Zila School
„ Ramanimohan	15	...	Balasore Zila School
„ Satischandra	15-1	...	Khulna Zila School
„ Surendranath	14	...	Calcutta Aryan Institution
Moreshtar Narayan Patvardhan	15	...	City School, Nagpur
Moses, Owen	15-2	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Ramah	—	—	Doveton Institution
Muhammad Ghous Khan	13-8	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Muhammad Maslah Uddin	18-8	...	Arrah Zila School
Muhammad Nurul Huda	17	—	Patna Collegiate School
Mukhopadhyay, Abinashchandra	19	...	Daulatpur H. E. School
„ Adityanath	16	...	Sil's Free College
„ Apurbachandra	14	...	Shillong Govt. High School
„ Asutosh	14-1	...	Birbhum Government School
„ Aswinikumar	14-4	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Atulchandra	15	...	Barasat Government School
„ Baranasibasi	16	...	Rungpur Zila School
„ Bijaynath	14-4	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Debatacharan	16-7	...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
„ Debendranath	15-6	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Haripada	17	...	Badla H. E. School
„ Jatindranath	14-1	...	Jalpaiguri Zila School
„ Jageschandra	17	—	Birbhum Government School

Mukhopadhyay, Kshitibhu-	14	...	T. K. Ghosh's Academy,
shan			Bankipur
„ Krishnachandra	15-2	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Mahendranarayan	14	...	Kandi School
„ Manmohan	13-5	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Nandalal	17	...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Phanindranath	17	...	Metropolitan Institution, Syam-
			pukur Branch
„ Prabhatnath	14-7	...	Rungpur Zila School
„ Rajendralal	14-6	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Rasbihari	14-4	...	Birbhum Government School
„ Sarachandra	14-7	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Saratchandra	14-2	...	South Suburban School
„ Satkari	15-1	...	Barrackpur Govt. School
„ Siikanta	13	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Suryyakumar	17-6	...	Hindu School
„ Tarinikumar	16-5	...	Commilla Zila School
Murat Singh	15-7	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Muttutambay, Seemampillai	17-11	...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo
Nag, Gangaprasanna	17-9	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Lalitmoan	15-3	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
Nandi, Anandachandra	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Jadunath	18	...	Raja Suryyakumar's Institution,
			Kajbari
„ Rajaninath	15	...	Bogra Zila School
Nasir Uddin Ahmad	16-1	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
Nath, Jadugopal	16-1	...	South Suburban School
Naujadik Lal	16	...	Sasseram H. C. E. School
Nayak, Raghunath	18	...	Raniganj H. C. E. School
Nuruddin Ahmed	16-6	...	Nowgong High School
O'Connor, Roderic	16-6	...	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling
Oji Uddin	19-2	...	Sylhet National Institution
Otto, Bertram Charles			
William	15-11	...	Doveton College
„ Sophia Mary	...	...	Pratt Memorial School
Pal, Bhagabatcharan	14-1	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Jibeswar	15-6	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Jogeschandra	16-9	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Purnachandra	14	...	Kushtia H. E. School
„ Pyarilal*	15-3	...	Rungpur Zila School
„ Rajanikanta	18	...	Kushtia H. E. School
„ Surendranath	16	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
Pandit Ganga Ram Kaul	14-7	...	Lahore Central Model School
Pandurang, Lakshaman			
Koltay	18	...	City School, Nagpur
Parsuram Sinha	17	...	Arrah Zila School
Pathak, Bhudeb	15-1	...	Dinajpur Zila School
„ Jnanendranath	18-5	...	Ajimganj B. P. K. J. H. E.
			School
Po Than	17	—	Rangoon Collegiate School

* Passed in Drawing.

Prabhu Narayan	16	...	Monghyr Zila School
Pryce, Kenneth Donald	17-4	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Pyaray Lal Ramcharan	15-7	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Raghuvans Nath Tilakhanath	16	...	Raipur High School
Raha, Saratkumar	14-11	...	Bankura Zila School
Rajendra Prasad	15-6	...	Patna College School
Rakshit, Bannamali	14-9	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ram Prasad	16-1	...	Patna Collegiate School
Ray, Adyanath	17	...	Birbhum Government School
" Amulyanath	16-8	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
" Binodbihari	14	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
" Chandrasekhar	15-1	...	St. Xavier's College
" Gunindranath	14-6	...	Purulia Zila School
" Hemantakumar	17-1	...	St. Xavier's College
" Jogeschandra	14-9	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Kasinath	15-3	...	Barasat Government School
" Pramadarajan	17-6	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Priyanath	15-2	...	Brajamohan Institution
" Pyarimohan	15-8	...	Commilla Zila School
" Rajeschandra	17-3	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
" Ramaprasad	15-7	...	Purulia Zila School
" Sadananda	14-6	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
" Satischandra	14-7	...	Senhati High School
Raychaudhuri, Bhupendranath	13	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Harimohan	17-9	...	New Indian School
" Jagadischandra	18-10	...	Cotton Institution
" Pratapchandra	16	...	Barasat Government School
" Samares	15	...	Hare School
Rice, Herbert	15-11	...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Saha, Dinabandhu	15-6	...	Noakhali Zila School
" Nandadulal	18-5	...	Pabna Zila School
" Radhagobinda	15	...	Santosh Jahnabhi School
" Rajanikanta	15-9	...	Jangipur H. E. School
" Srinath	15-9	...	Dacca Collegiate School
Sant Ram Oppadhiay	16-11	...	Patiala High School
Sanyal, Bijaykrishna	17	...	Chanchal Siddheswar Instn.
" Hirallal	14-2	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
" Saratchandra	15	...	Hare School
Sarbadhikari, Saratprasad	14	...	Hindu School
Sarkar, Asutosh	14	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Ekkari	17 3	...	Bridhar Bansidhar School
" Jaygobinda	17	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Jnanendranath	17	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
" Kisorimohan	14-5	...	Rungpur Zila School
" Krishnakumar	17-9	...	Brajamohan Instn., Barisal
" Kunjabihari	18	...	Khararia High School
" Satischandra	16	...	Hughli Collegiate School
Sarkhel, Kartikchandra	19-8	...	Brajamohan Instn., Barisal
Sarma, Kailaschandra	19-2	...	Sylhet National Institution
Sasani, Trailokyanath	14-4	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
Sen, Akshaychandra	16-3	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Amulyachandra	16-11	...	St. Xavier's College

Sen, Basantakumar	16	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Bisweswar	17	...	Brajamohan Instn., Barisal
„ Chandrabhushan	18	...	Ditto
„ Hemchandra	15-5	...	Rungpur Zila School
„ Hemchandra	15-3	...	Feni H. E. School
„ Jageschandra	15-1	...	Debrugarh High School
„ Kaminikanta	15-4	...	Khulna Zila School
„ Kaminikumar	17	...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Mahendranath	15-4	...	Senhati High School
„ Prasannakumar	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Surendrakumar	15	...	City Collegiate School
„ Surendranath	14-5	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Syamaprasanna	14	...	Munshiganj H. C. E. School
„ Umeschandra	18-3	...	Brajamohan Instn., Barisal
„ Upendranath	14	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
Sengupta, Basantakumar	14	...	Kalia H. E. School
„ Jageschandra	15-9	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Jageschandra	14-6	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Kalimohan	16	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Kamakhyaacharan	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Kedarnath	17	...	Khararia High School
„ Sasidas	15	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Sukumar	15	...	Kalna Maharaja's School
„ Umapada	13-10	...	Birbhum Govt. School
Siddheswar Nath	14-6	...	Gya Zila School
Sil, Sibchandra	14-7	...	Hughli Collegiate School
Sinha, Amarnath	16-6	...	Hindu School
„ Debapatinarayan	17	...	T. K. Ghosh's Academy, Bankipur
„ Kaliprasanna	17-2	...	Tamluk Hamilton School
„ Nateschandra	12-11	...	Dinajpur Zila School
„ Surendranath	16	...	Jaynagar Institution
Sittamaplam, S.	15-11	...	Jaffna College
Sivadip Narayan	14-8	...	Arrah Zila School
Smith, Ralph Stanley*	17-3	...	Philander Smith Institute, Mussoorie
S. Muhammad Afzal	14	...	Gaya Sahebganj School
Swayambar Das	20	...	Patna Collegiate School
Syam, Bamacharan	16-2	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
Syamnandan Prasad	14	...	Mukerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
Syed Abdul Ghafur	18	...	Gaya Sahebganj School
Tarafdar, Sisirkumar	17	...	C. M. Boys' Boarding School
Thukur Saran	16	...	Chapra Zila School
Tiwari, Hirananda	17-4	...	Arrah Zila School
Wall, Charles Henry Vander	18-8	...	Kandy Boys' High School
Vishnao Ramchandra P.	15-9	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Wadsworth Harry Howe	17-1	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Wetherill, Henry Buswell	15-1	...	La Martinière College
William, Elinor	...	...	Diocesan Girls' School, Naini Tal
Woodhull, J. S.	17	...	Jaffna College
Young, William	16-11	...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Zahhadur, Rahim	17	...	City Collegiate School

* Passed in Drawing.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Abayasekara, James Samuel	16-7 ...	Richmond College, Galle
Abdul Ghafur	18 ...	Chapra Zila School
Abdul Aziz	15-3 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Abdul Hamid	18-4 ...	Chittagong Collegiate School
Abdul Hamid	15-6 ...	Darbhanga Raj School
Abdul Jabar Mullah	16 ...	Beldanga H. E. School
Abdul Majid Khan H.	18-6 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Abeyeratne, Punchi Banda	18-10...	Trinity College, Kandy
Abu Ahmad Abdul Basit	18 ...	Dacca Madrasa
Adhikari, Saratchandra	15-4 ..	Parjana Makundanath H. C. E. School
„ Umeschandra	16 ...	Puthia H. E. School
Adhya, Babulal	17 ..	Midnapur Town School
„ Goshthabihari	15 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
Aditya, Kartikchandra	14-11...	New Indian School
Agacy, Herber	16-2 ...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Agarwala, Pannalal	16 ...	Metropolitan Institution
Agha Jan	17 ...	Edward's C. M. High School, Peshawar
Aich, Srischandra	20 ...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
Ainuddin Ahmad	15-6 ...	Bogra Zila School
Alakh Niranjan	17 ...	Mukerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
Ali Akbar	14 ...	Ditto
Ambalavanan Kandappar	16 ...	St. Paul's High School, Rangoon
Amir Chand	16 ...	Private Student (Lah. P. 6.)
Anant Damodar, Niphadkar	17-3 ...	Indore English Madrasa
Andarawewe James, Timothy	17-10...	Trinity College, Kandy
Anderson, Jessie	...	Pratt Memorial School
Arjun, Bhuyan	15 ...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Audhbihari Prasad Sahai	19 ...	Mukerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
Aung Dun	16-9 ...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Ayodhya Prasad	16 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Babu Lal	14-9 ...	Monghyr Zila School
Bag, Biharilal	17 ...	F. C. Institution, Chinsurah
Bagchi, Herambanath	14-2 ...	Parjana Makundanath H. C. E. School
„ Satischandra	16 ...	Dighapatiya H. E. School
Baikuntha Dasarathi Pujahari	17-7 ...	Morris High School, Sambalpur
Baksi, Upendranath	16-5 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Balgobind Sahai	20-6 ...	Teacher (Pat. T. 2.)
Bal, Napharchandra	16 ...	Howrah Municipal School
Balbhadra Bajpai	16-3 ...	Sehore High School
Baldeo Sahai	16-4 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Balkrishna Bhagwant	15 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Bandyopadhyay, Abinashchandra	17 ...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Abinashchandra	15 ...	Bagnan H. E. School
„ Akinchan	18-3 ...	Purulia Zila School
„ Amulyachandra	16 ...	Madaripur H. E. School

Bandyopadhyay, Annada- charan	19-4 ...	Banoripara Union Institution
„ Asutosh	16 ...	Parjana Makundanath H. C. E. School
„ Asutosh	16-4 ...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Aswinikumar	17 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Bhupatinath	16 ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Birchandra	14-1 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Cintaharan	13-3 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Debendranath	15 ...	Naihati Mahendra School
„ Dinabandhu	18-11 ...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Haraprasanna	18 ...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Harendrachandra	15-3 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Haridas	16-9 ...	Hindu School
„ Harimohan	17-6 ...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Hemchandra	21 ...	Mankar H. E. School
„ Kamakhyanath	16 ...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
„ Karunakanta	18-5 ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Krishnachandra	16-5 ...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Kshetranath	15 ...	Rajagram A. S. School
„ Kshirodkumar	16-2 ...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
„ Kunjabihari	17-8 ...	Baripur H. E. School
„ Madhusudan	16 ...	Parjana Makundanath H. C. E. School
„ Makhanlal	16-6 ...	Nimta H. E. School
„ Nagendranath	15-1 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Nalinikanta	19-3 ...	Arrah Zila School
„ Narendranath	15-6 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala- khana Branch
„ Nikunjabihari	14 ...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
„ Nilmani	18 ...	Ditto
„ Praphullakumar	14-4 ...	Muragacha H. E. School
„ Prasadkumar	16 ...	Konnagar H. E. School
„ Pulinchandra	17-11 ...	Chanchal Siddeswari Institution
„ Rajanibhushan	16 ...	Kuchiakole Radha Institution
„ Ramchandra	18 ...	New Indian School
„ Ramdas	18 ...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Ramlal	13-4 ...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Rohinikanta	16-10 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Satischandra	14 ...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Srischandra	14-9 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala- khana Branch
„ Surendranath	16 ...	Hazaribagh Zila School
„ Surendranath	14 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Acmy., Bankipur
„ Taracharan	14 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
Banik, Bipinbihari	19 ...	Munsiganj H. C. E. School
Baral, Ratanchand	15-6 ...	Hindu School
Bardhan, Nibaranchandra	15 ...	Commilla Victoria School
Bardolai, Nibinchandra	15-1 ...	Tezpur High School
Barman, Saratchandra	14 ...	Nawab's High School, Mur- shidabad
„ Saratkumar	16 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Acmy., Bankipur
Baruya, Nandiswar	17-6 ...	Gauhati High School

Basu, Anathbandhu	18	...	City Collegiate School, Myman-singh Branch
„ Anukulchandra	14-4	...	Hughli Branch School
„ Atulkumar	16	...	Hare School
„ Bamacharan	16	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Bhabataran	13	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Bipinbihari	20	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Brajendranath	13-2	...	Konnagar H. E. School
„ Dakshinaranjan	17	...	Sammilani Institution, Jessore
„ Harendranath	13	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Haridas	15-2	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Jaygopal	17-10	...	Barasat Government School
„ Jnanendranath	18	...	New Indian School
„ Jogindranath	14-2	...	Konnagar H. E. School
„ Jyotindranath (II.)	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jyotischandra	16	...	Ditto
„ Kalikumar	16	...	Ruplal Raghunath School
„ Kisorinath	15	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Manmathanath	15-8	...	New Indian School
„ Nagendrakumar	13	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Nibaranchandra	18-4	..	Naral Victoria Collegiate School
„ Nisanath	14-6	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Pulinbihari	18-5	...	Deogarh H. C. E. School
„ Raimohan	14	..	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Rakhalchandra	16	..	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Ramlal	16-5	..	Khulna Zila School
„ Saratchandra	18	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Satyacharan	14-11	...	Naral Victoria Collegiate School
„ Satyacharan	17-6	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Srischandra (I.)	14-3	...	New Indian School
„ Surendranath	14-9	...	Hare School
„ Susilchandra	15	...	Senhati High School
Batbyal, Kalachand	13	...	Kesab Academy
Beyce, Purnachandra	17-9	...	Bishenpur H. E. School
Bhaduri, Dwijadas	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Pramathanath	16-1	..	Nawab's High School, Murshidabad
Bhagwan Das	17-1	...	Sagur High School
Bhagwat Sahai	20	..	Patna City School
Bhaiyalal Chimanrai	18-3	...	City School, Nagpur
Bhar, Hemchandra	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
Bhaskar Ganesh Pandit	16	...	City School, Nagpur
Bhattacharyya, Austosh	17-11	..	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Baikunthanath	18-9	...	Sylhet Government High School
„ Banamali	17	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Bidhubhusan	14-5	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala-khana Branch
„ Bipinbihari	19	...	Hindu School
„ Bipinchandra	14-2	...	Kisorganj H. E. School
„ Hemchandra	13-11	...	Purbasthali Victoria Institution
„ Jagatbandhu	16-8	...	Commilla Zila School
„ Janakinath	16-9	...	Dacca Collegiate School

Bhattacharyya, Jibankrishna	17	...	New Indian School
„ Jogindrachandra	16-6	...	Birbhum Government School
„ Kshetranath	17	...	Dhankuria H. E. School
„ Munindranath	16-8	..	City Collegiate School
„ Manmohan	18	...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Nrisinhacharan	16	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Priyanath	16	...	Mahisadal Raj H. E. School
„ Ramdayal	13-9	...	Shillong Govt. High School
„ Ramkumar	19	...	Murari Chand High School, Sylhet
„ Ramranjan	16	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Saratchandra	16-4	...	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
„ Satyakumar	15	...	F. C. Institution, Chinsurah
„ Samarajitchandra	15-4	...	Sudhakarapur H. E. School
„ Syamacharan	19-10	...	Private Student (Syl. P 1.)
„ Upendranath	15-6	...	Purulia Zila School
Bhaumik, Bamandas	16	...	Muragacha H. E. School
„ Basantakumar	16	...	Dighapatia H. E. School
Biswas, Bamacharan	16	..	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Bipinbihari	17	...	Muragacha H. E. School
„ Debendrachandra	12	—	Dacca Pogose School
„ Kalipada	16	...	Mekligang H. C. E. School
„ Kunjabihari	15	...	Amta H. E. School
„ Satyacharan	19	—	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Sibendrachandra	17	—	Sylhet National Institution
Blah U. Solomon	15-6	...	Shillong Govt. High School
Bulloch, Mary	...	...	Loretto Convent, Darjeeling
Busher, Richard Charles*	17-6	...	Philandar Smith Institute
Carey, John	15-10	—	St. Paul's High School, Rangoon
Chaki, Nityagopal	13-3	...	Mymensingh Zila School
Chakrabarti, Abinaschandra,			
(I.)	17	...	Magura H. E. School
„ Bansadhar	17-9	...	Brajamohan Instn., Barisal
„ Baradakisor	15	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
„ Bhagabanchandra	16-7	...	Jangipur II. E. School
„ Bholanath	17-6	...	Barrackpur Govt. School
„ Bhupalchandra	19	...	Pakur H. E. School
„ Bijaykrishna	16	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala- khana Branch
„ Chintamani	15	...	Calcutta Institution
„ Debnath	16	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Durgadas	18	...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Harendralal	14-4	...	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
„ Indusekhar	15-10	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Jatindramohan	16-5	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Kalipada	15-4	...	Konnagar H. E. School
„ Kaliprasanna	16-6	—	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch

* Passed in drawing.

Chakrabarti, Kalisankar	19-3 ...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Krishnasundar	18 ...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Kumudchandra	15 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Kumudcharan	17 ...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
„ Kunjabihari	17-1 ...	Dhubri High School
„ Lalitmohan	16 ...	Hazaribagh Zila School
„ Maheschandra	16-10...	Commilla Zila School
„ Makundachandra	16-5 ...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Munindranath	14 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nalinimohan	13-5 ...	Hughli Branch School
„ Narendranath	13 ...	Jekin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Nityagopal	16 ...	Senhati High School
„ Prasannachandra	17 ...	Commilla Zila School
„ Pratapchandra	18 ...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Radhikacharan	15-6 ...	Gaibandha High School
„ Rajanikanta	18-3 ...	Jamalpur Donough School
„ Rajendrachandra	15 ...	Kaligarj H. E. School
„ Rajendranath	16 ...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Ramnath	18-6 ...	Searsole H. E. School
„ Saradaprasad	15 ...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Satischandra	15 ...	Barasat Government School
„ Srikanta	17 ...	Barisal Zila School
„ Surendranath	13-7 ...	Searsole H. E. School
„ Surendranath	15-4 ...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Susilchandra	16 ...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Syamacharan	17 ...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Syamacharan	13-3 ...	Jamalpur Donough School
„ Taramohan	17 ...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
„ Taranath	19 ...	Dighapatia H. E. School
„ Umeschandra	16 ...	Kalia H. E. School
Chanda, Lalmohan	15-8 ...	Dacca Pogose School
Chandrabal	19-1 ...	Delhi A. S. V. Jub. High Schi.
Chandra, Debendrakrishna	15 ...	Daihat H. E. School
„ Radhikaprasad	14 ...	Kandi School
„ S. Supendralal	16 ...	General Assembly's Institution
Chandrasagaram, A. S.	18-11...	Jaffna College
Chattopadhyay, Adharchandra	17-5 ...	Sonamganj Jubilee High School
„ Ambunath	16-6 ...	Patna Collegiate School
„ Amritlal	16-3 ...	Khulna Zila School
„ Annadacharan	15 ...	Sonamganj Jubilee High School
„ Baidyanath	15-3 ...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Bankimchandra	16 ...	Gustia K. N. H. E. School
„ Bhubanmohan	13 ...	Satkira Prannath H. E. School
„ Bejaymadhab	17 ...	New Indian School
„ Binodbihari	17-4 ...	Ditto
„ Bipinchandra	14 ...	Barasat Government School
„ Durgacharan	16 ...	Perozepur H. C. E. School
„ Girishbhusan	14-6 ...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
„ Girindranath	17-3 ...	Krishnagar A. V. School

Chattopadhyay, Haripada	17	...	Tamluk Hamilton School
„ Hemendranath	15	...	Hare School
„ Jitendranath	15-4	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Jogindranath	14-4	...	Lalgola Vic. Jub. H. E. School
„ Jogindranath	18	...	Tarakeswar H. E. School
„ Khudiram	16	...	Searsole H. E. School
„ Kisorimohan	15-11	...	Telinipara Bhadreswar School
„ Kuladaprasad	14-11	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Manimohan	15	...	L. M. S. School, Baduria
„ Manmohan	15-6	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Nagendranath	18	...	Nimta H. E. School
„ Nilmadhab	16	...	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Panchanan	20	...	Banaghat H. A. V. School
„ Prabodhnandan	16-4	...	Lalgola Vic. Jub. H. E. School
„ Raimohan	18-6	...	Arrah Zila School
„ Rajanikanta	15-6	...	Kandi School
„ Ramkali	20	...	Janai Training School
„ Rebatinath	13-5	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra (II.)	15-4	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Sibadas	12	...	Behala H. E. School
„ Sibchandra	15	...	Kagram H. C. E. School
„ Surendranath	15-4	...	Chakdighi S. P. Institution
„ Surendranath	13	...	T. K. Ghosh's Academy, Bankipur
„ Sureschandra	16-11	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Susilchandra	17-3	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Susilkishna	16-2	...	Hindu School
„ Trilochan	34	...	Teacher (Bur. T. 1.)
„ Upendranath	14	...	Tamluk Hamilton School
Chaudhuri, Bidyakumar	18-5	...	Sonamganj Jub. High School
„ Bipinbihari	15	...	Chittagong National Institution
„ Birendranarayan	15	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Dwarkanath	12-6	...	Commilla Zila School
„ Harimohan	16-8	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Kartikcharan	17	...	Bhastara School
„ Manmohan	15-2	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Nagendralal	13-3	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Parbaticharan	20	...	Sylhet National Institution
„ Pramathanath	13-7	...	Northbrook School, Darbhanga
„ Ramchandra	22	...	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
„ Sripatinath	14-9	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
„ Srischandra	17	...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
„ Srischandra	17	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Sureschandra	19-8	...	Kumarkhali Mathuranath H. E. School
Chhedi Singh	18	...	Gaya Sahebganj School
Chelliah, John V.	16-7	...	Jaffna College
„ Saravanamuthi	17-8	...	Trinity College, Kandy
Chidambar Ramchandra Deo	17	...	City School, Nagpur
Chintaman Narayan Kelker	16	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Chopra, Amarnath	16-3	...	Lahore D. A. V. High School
Clarence, L. V.	23	...	Jaffna College

Cohen, Raphael M.	18-6 ...	St. Xavier's College
Cotta, John	19-11 ...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Crosbie, Blanche	...	Diocesan Girls' Schl., Naini Tal
Crossette Tambyah H.	22-2 ...	Teacher (Roll. Ind. T. 1.)
Cumarasamy, V.	16-5 ...	Jaffna College
Duliluddin Ahmad	13-5 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Dam Annadakumar	20-4 ...	Sylhet Government High School
Damodar Prasad, No. 1	18-6 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Das, Ambikacharan	17-10 ...	Mahisadal Raj H. E. School
„ Badanchandra	17-6 ...	Murari Chand H. Schl., Sylhet
„ Balaram	17-9 ...	Ruplal Raghunath School
„ Bipinbihari	18 ...	Sylhet Government High School
„ Gaganachandra	18-10 ...	Ditto
„ Harakisor	16 ...	Jamalpur Donough School
„ Hemantakumar	17-3 ...	Calcutta Aryan Institution
„ Jatindrakumar	15 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Jageschandra (II)	14 ...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
„ Kailaschandra	16 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Krishnachandra	16 ...	Midnapur Town School
„ Krishnalal	15 ...	Kandi School
„ Kshitinath	14 ...	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Kunjabihari	16-1 ...	Kuchkuchia Wesleyan High School
„ Kunjabihari	18 ...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Lalitkumar	18-5 ...	Banwaripara Union Institution
„ Lahitmohan	16-7 ...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Manmohan	17-5 ...	Pabna Zila School
„ Nandiram	17 ...	Gauhati High School
„ Narendranath	17-1 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Pabitrath	20 ...	Sylhet Government High School
„ Panchkari	17 ...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Phanindranath	16-11 ...	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur
„ Priyanath	15 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Pulinbihari	18-3 ...	Sylhet Government High School
„ Radhacharan	20 ...	Ditto
„ Rajanikanta	18-3 ...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Ramchandra	18 ...	Murari Chand High School, Sylhet
„ Ramanchandra	20 ...	L. M. S. School, Khangra
„ Ramkrishna	15-4 ...	Mahisadal Raj H. E. School
„ Srinath	15 ...	Ditto
„ Surendrakumar	15-3 ...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Surendranath	16-6 ...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Tarinicharan	13 ...	Hazaribagh Zila School
„ Umeschandra	16-8 ...	Sylhet Government High School
Dasdas, Surendranath	15 ...	Calcutta Institution
Dasgupta, Annadacharan	14-8 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Annadacharan	14 ...	Kalia H. E. School
„ Bhubanbihari	16 ...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Debendrachandra	15-1 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Nirmalchandra	13 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Tarakchandra	13 ...	Commilla Victoria School

Dastidar, Rajanikanta	13-11...	Sylhet National Institution
Datta, Aybhaycharan	16 ...	Giridhi H. E. School
" Anandakisor	20 ...	Sonamganj Jubilee High School
" Bankimchandra	14 ...	Taki Government School
" Baradakanta	17 ...	Kesab Academy
" Bijaygopal	17 ...	Magura H. E. School
" Bipinbihari	18-5 ...	Banwaripara Union Institution
" Bipinbihari	12 ...	Halisahar H. E. School
" Bireswar	16 ...	Ranchi Zila School
" Chandrakumar	16 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Gaurchandra	17 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Harihar	14 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Hiralal	15 ...	New Indian School
" Indranarayan	17-6 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bara-bazar Branch
" Indubhushan	17-4 ...	Midnapur Collegiate School
" Jagatchandra	16-4 ...	Sylhet Govt. High School
" Jnanadaprasad	16-6 ...	Mukerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
" Jatindranath	15-11...	Sammilani Institution, Jessore
" Jageschandra	16 ...	Kaliganj H. E. School
" Jogindranath	15 ...	Senhati High School
" Jugalkrishna	16-2 ...	Katwa H. E. School
" Kshirodchandra	15 ...	Commilla Zila School
" Lalitmohan	14-10...	Rangpur Zila School
" Manmohan	16-3 ...	Barisal Zila School
" Mihirlal	16 ...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandarnagar
" Nitaikisor	19 ...	F. C. Institution, Chinsurah
" Pratapchandra	14 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Radhagobinda	16-3 ...	Daihat H. E. School
" Ramanimohan	14 ...	City Collegiate School
" Sachindranath	16 ...	Chittagong Municipal School
" Sureschandra	15 ...	Calcutta Aryan Institution
Dattagupta, Saratkumar	10-6 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
David, Grace	... ..	Private Student (Cal. P. 20.)
De, Akshaykumar	15 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala-khana Branch
" Bipradas	15-3 ...	Commilla Zila School
" Debendrachandra	16 ...	Dacca Pogose School
" Girischandra	19-5 ...	Bajitpur H. E. School
" Haridas*	16-7 ...	Oriental Seminary
" Harimohan	15 ...	City Collegiate School, Mymen-singh Branch
" Harinarayan	17 ...	Kesab Academy
" Jagadischandra	17 ...	Ditto.
" Kisorilal	18-10...	Ranaghat H. A. V. School
" Madanmohan	15-5 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Nikunjabihari	14-2 ...	Hughli Branch School
" Rajanikanta	16-6 ...	Sherpur Victoria Academy
" Rajkrishna	18-4 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Rasbihari	14-6 ...	Bhagyakul H. C. E. School

* Passed in Drawing.

De, Saratchandra	17	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Saratkisor	17	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Surendranath	15	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Syamsundar	17	...	Ruplal Raghunath School
Deb, Umeschandra	17	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
De Silva, William Ogle*	18-10	...	Wesley College, Colombo
Devine, W.	15-8	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Dhanes Dhari	14	...	Behar H. C. E. School
Dhar, Amritlal	16	...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
„ Kirannath	15-3	...	Hughli Branch School
„ Lalmohan	16-6	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
„ Tarakchandra	18-9	...	Dacca Pogose School
Dinkar Madhaorao Hastak	19-6	...	City School, Nagpur
Diwakar Balajee Kawadakar	13-10	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
D'Santos, James A.	17-1	...	St. Xavier's College
Duni Chand	17	...	M. A. O. School, Amritsar
Ellis, Charles P.	15-7	...	St. Paul's H. School, Rangoon
Esh, Ramaniballabh	17	...	Sylhet National Institution
Gajanan Govind Jugady	18-11	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Gangopadhyay, Akshaykumar	15	...	Senhati High School
„ Bhubuneswar	14-7	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Bhubanmohan	13-5	...	Sherpur Victoria Academy
„ Bilaschandra	13	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Haranath	17-5	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Harihar	18-8	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Jnanendramohan	16	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Jogindranath	15	...	Matihari Zila School
„ Kalicharan	19	...	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Nabagopal	17-11	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Sasibhushan	18-5	...	Pabna Zila School
George, Cedric Roberts*	16-5	...	Doveton College
Ghosh, Asutosh	16	...	Magura H. E. School
„ Atalbihari	15-6	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Basantakumar	18-3	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Batakrishna	19-7	...	Kagram H. C. E. School
„ Bhabadischandra	15	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
„ Biharilal	19	...	Janai Training School
„ Binodbihari	14	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Birajakanta	17	...	Murari Chand H. Schl., Sylhet
„ Debendranath	15	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Dwarkanath	16	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Dwarkanath	16-4	...	Diamond Harbour H. E. School
„ Gopendranath	15-5	...	Hindu School
„ Haricharan	17-3	...	Sridhar Bansidhar School, Nawabganj
„ Haridas	18-1	...	Chakdighi S. P. Institution
„ Harischandra	18-4	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
„ Hemangamohan	17	...	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
„ Hemchandra	16	...	Jhikra H. E. School

* Passed in Drawing.

Ghosh, Jnanadacharan	15	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
" Jogindrachandra	18	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Jogeschandra	17	...	Mymensingh Zila School
" Jogindranath	15	...	Patuakhali Jubilee School
" Jyotindranath	15-8	...	Kalighat School
" Jyotischandra	13	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Kshirodchandra	13-6	...	Ariadaha H. E. School
" Lalitmohan	17	...	Rai H. M. T. Bahadur's Free H. E. School, Barari
" Lalmohan	17-3	...	Darjeeling Zila School
" Mahendranath	14	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Mohinimohan	12-8	...	Dinajpur Zila School
" Munindrakumar	15	...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Nagendranath	16-6	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Narayanchandra	17	...	Amta H. E. School
" Nibaranchandra	17	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Nilmani	16-4	...	Searsole H. E. School
" Pramathanath	16-9	...	Tejnarayan Jub. Coll. School
" Rajendranath	14-2	...	Hare School
" Ramanimohan	14	...	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
" Sailendranath	17	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Saratchandra	17-5	...	Magura H. E. School
" Sasadhar	15	...	Mymensingh Zila School
" Sasadhar	18	...	Khararia High School
" Sasibhushan	16	...	Jaynagar Institution
" Satischandra	16-6	...	Bankura Zila School
" Satischandra	16	...	South Suburban School, Bhow- anipur
" Satischandra	17	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Satyendranath	14	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Sitanath	16-8	...	Bagirhat H. E. School
" Surendranath	18	...	Barasat Government School
" Sureschandra	13	...	Monghyr Victoria Jub. School
" Sureschandra	16	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Swarnakumar	16	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Syamacharan	16-3	...	Dhubri High School
" Umeschandra	18	...	Doito
" Upendranath	14	...	Taki Government School
Ghoshal, Karindranath	14-8	...	Birbhum Government School
" Paresnath	17	...	Mahisadal Raj H. E. School
Gobind Ram Rampal	16	...	Ludhiana C. B. B. School
Godbir, Alexander Richard	15-7	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Gohanram Tamaria	15-5	...	Chybasa Zila School
Gopal Das	15-6	...	Arrah Zila School
Gopal P. Kalamker	14-6	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Gopal Sridhar Lule	16	...	City School, Nagpur
Gopi Krishna	16-3	...	Patna Collegiate School
Gopi Prasad	16-4	...	Kayastha Pathsala, Bankipur
Goswami, Goshthakisor	15-3	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Jadunath	19-8	...	Boinchi B. L. Institution
" Raimohan	14	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Rasbihari	15	...	Lalgola Vic. Jub. H. E. School

Goswami, Upendramohan	15	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
Govind Atmaram Wehkarkar	16-2	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Govind Raghunath Degwekar	16	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Greenway, Frederic Charles	15-3	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Guha, Akshaykumar	19	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Bankubihari	17	...	Jenkin s School, Cooch-Behar
„ Bhubaneswar	15-9	...	Sherpur Victoria Academy
„ Debendranarayan	14-5	...	Jessore Zila School
„ Debendranath	16-6	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Dineschandra	15	...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Jyotindramohan	14	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Kulachandra	15-3	...	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
„ Madhusudan	18-3	...	Kalaskati H. E. School
„ Manmohan	15	...	Nattore Municipal School
„ Pratapchandra	16	...	Silchar High School
„ Sureschandra	14-6	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Upendrachandra	14	...	Dacca Collegiate School
Gupta, Ananthbandhu	16-2	...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Benibhushan	16	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Gopalchandra	14	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Nabinchandra	14	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Praphullachandra	16	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Rameschandra	14	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Halдар, Pramathanath	14-5	...	Nawab's High School, Murshi- dabad
„ Srischandra	13-8	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
Hamiduddin Ahmad	18-6	...	Dacca Jubilee School
Hari Anant Ghaneker	18	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Harihar Charan	13-8	...	Arrah Zila School
Harihar Prasad Singh	16-6	...	Behar National Coll. School
Hari Brasad	16-8	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Harip Ullah	18	...	Hughli Collegiate School
Hari Vithal Aole	16-10	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Hasnain, Samuel	17	...	Matihari Zila School
Hosain Baksh	17-5	...	Darjeeling Zila School
Hughes, Alfred	19-1	...	St Xavier's College
Hurmat Ullah	16	...	Mymensingh Zila School
Hyam, Joseph T. J.	19	...	Private Student (Ran. P. 3.)
Jagatpati Pande	16	...	Chapra Zila School
Jagdam Sahai	18-1	...	Ditto
Jagaddip Sahai	13	...	T. N. Jub. Collegiate School
Jadgeo Sahai	16-6	...	Patna Collegiate School
Jageswar Prasad	16-6	...	Darbhanga Raj School
Jaikrishna Pralhad Desh- pande	17-2	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Janaki Saran	16	...	T. K. Ghose's Acady., Bankipur
Jardine, Nellie Rose	...	...	Wesleyan Girls' High School, Kandy
Jiwan Singh, A.	17-6	...	Amritsar M. B. School
Jogi, Ramjiban	17-1	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Joseph, Charles Henry	18-9	...	St. Xavier's College
Jugalkisor Prasad	14-8	...	Arrah Zila School

Jugeswar Nath	16	...	Chapra Zila School
Kar, Binodbihari	16	...	Khararia High School
„ Isanchandra	15	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
„ Ramgopal	18	...	Rajagram A. S. School
„ Sasikumar	12-6	...	Commilla Zila School
Karamat Khan	16-4	...	Ruplal Raghunath School
Karmakar, Mohanchandra	19	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
„ Nilmohan	17	...	Ruplal Raghunath School
„ Radhagobinda	16-8	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
Karunaratne, Henry Alfred	17-10	...	Trinity College, Kandy
Kasinath Sahai	13-6	...	Mukerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
Kathiravaloo, S.	18	...	Jaffna College
Kayastha, Ambikaprasad	14-6	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Keelan, P. S.	16-2	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Keshow Mukund, B.	17	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Khan, Bamapada	16	...	Pandra H. C. E. School
„ Gosthabihari	19	...	Grabhabanipur H. E. School
„ Saradindu	15	...	Dhubri High School
Khoda Baksh	17-2	...	Habiganj High School
Krishna Lal	17	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Krishna Moreshwar Pardhy	17-3	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Kumar, Rakhaldas	16	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
Kundu, Kshetranath	16	...	Lauhajang High School
„ Ramgopal	17	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Laha, Pratapchandra	15-6	...	Hindu School
Lahiri, Jogeschandra	15-7	...	Parjana M. N. H. E. School
„ Krishnadas	16-9	...	Serampur Union Institution
„ Pareschandra	17-9	...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Phanindranath	15-2	...	Tamluk Hamilton School
„ Sibchandra	17	...	Hare School
„ Shudhirkumar	19-3	...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School
„ Taraprasanna	15	...	Gauhati High School
Lakshman Jairam Joshi	15-2	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Lakshmikant Chintaman Chitale*	16	...	City School, Nagpur
Lakshmi Narayan	15	...	Chapra Zila School
Lakshmi Narayan	16	...	Patna Collegiate School
Lakshmi Sinha	20	...	Chapra Zila School
Lala Tarak Nath	14-5	...	Birbhum Government School
Laughlin, Francis James	17-3	...	St. Peter's College, Agra
Lennox, James*	17-4	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Mackertich, Mervyn Aratoon	14-4	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Madasar Hosain	14	...	Graduates' Institution
Madhao Ramchandra Chik-kledeker	17-6	...	Indore English Madrasa
Madhava Sinha	17	...	Chapra Zila School
Mahadev Parshuram Bhide	17	...	City School, Nagpur
Mahalanabis, Hemantanath	14	...	Dacca Pogose School

* Passed in Drawing.

Maheswarker Genesh Vithal	17-5 ...	Indore English Madrasa
Maitra, Ananthbandhu	17 ...	Gauhati High School
„ Atulchandra	12-5 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala- khana Branch
„ Girischandra	17 ...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
„ Gopalchandra	15 ...	Chatra H. C. E. School
„ Hridaygobinda	15 ...	Puthia H. C. E. School
„ Surendralal	18-2 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Majumdar, Gaurgopal	16-4 ...	Banwaribad H. E. School
„ Harendrakumar	15 ...	Nowgong High School
„ Jatindranath	14-7 ...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Kalikumar	17-11 ...	Pabna Zila School
„ Manimay	14-2 ...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Manmohan	17 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Manoranjan	18 ...	Pabna Zila School
„ Panchanan	15-2 ...	Kumarkhali Mathuranath H. E. School
„ Pramathanath	17-3 ...	Metropolitan Instn., Shampukur Branch
„ Saratchandra	18 ...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Surendranarayan	19 ...	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
„ Surendranath	14 ...	New Indian School
Malakar, Madanmohan	16 ...	Munshiganj H. C. E. School
Mallick, Amiyamadhab	15-11 ...	South Suburban School, Bhow- anipur
„ Girijananda	16-9 ...	Tikari H. C. E. School
„ Jitendrachandra	14-5 ...	Hazaribagh Zila School
Mandal, Durgadas	16-3 ...	Birbhum Government School
„ John	17-3 ...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Kanchan	14 ...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Sagarchandra	17-4 ...	Tamluk Hamilton School
Manna, Jatindranath	15 ...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
Manohar Madhao Ghate	21-5 ...	City School, Nagpur
Matiur Rahman	17 ...	City Collegiate School
Mathra Das	16-2 ...	Edwards C. M. High School, Peshawar
Maung Kyouk Lon	23-2 ...	Teacher (Ran. T. I.)
Maung Lat*	20-5 ...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Maung Tha Tun	16-3 ...	Akyab Govt. High School
Maung Thaw	16-7 ...	Moulmein Government High and Normal School
McVoy, Bertie	17-7 ...	La Martinière College
Misra, Amritlal	14-10 ...	Monghyr Zila School
„ Rajrajeswar	17 ...	Kalna Maharaja's School
„ Saratchandra	16-6 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Mistri, Raghunathsaran	17-4 ...	Darjeeling Zila School
Mitra, Amulyakrishna	14-10 ...	Hare School
„ Anukulchandra	18-10 ...	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Birendranath	14-9 ...	Metropolitan Institution

* Passed in Drawing.

Mitra, Debendrakumar	17	...	Bajnajogini H. E. School
„ Dwijendranath	15	...	Metropolitan Institution, Shampukar Branch
„ Gaugopal	15	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Kamakshynath	14-6	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
„ Krishnajibab	17	...	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch
„ Manilal	17	...	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Priyanath	14	...	Chapra Zila School
„ Sailendranath	16	...	Kusthia H. E. School
„ Satischandra	15	...	Howrah Municipal School
„ Sudhirschandra	15-2	...	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur
„ Surendranath	14	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Syamapada	18	...	New Indian School
„ Upendranath	17-10	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
Mitramustaphi Bhujagendrabhushan	13-1	...	Birbhum Government School
Mohiuddin Ahmad	14-3	...	Arrah Zila School
Mratha Aung	17-4	...	Akyab Govt. High School
Muhammad Abdul Majid	18	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Muhammad Abdul Momin	11-3	...	Ditto
Muhammad Akhtar	13	...	Monghyr Zila School
Muhammad Ataruddin	16	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Muhammad Dillpazir	13-10	...	Monghyr Zila School
Muhammad Hashin Sher	18	...	Private Student (Pat. P. 1.)
Muhammad Hidat Hosain	16	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Muhammad Ibrahim	18-1	...	Hughli Branch School
Muhammad Ishaq	18-2	...	Arrah Zila School
Muhammad Jamil Ahmad	17	...	Patna Collegiate School
Muhammad Naimatullah	21-7	...	Ditto
Muhammad Wasir	16-9	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
Muhammad Zamir Uddin	20	...	Ditto
Mujibar Rahman	15	...	Dhankuria H. E. School
Mukhopadhyay, Abinashchandra	16-2	...	Maheshpur H. C. E. School
„ Asutosh	15	...	Balagarh H. C. E. School
„ Basantakumar	15	...	Kendrapara H. E. School
„ Bhujendranath	16	...	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Bijaykrishna	15-2	...	Bantra H. C. E. School
„ Bimalacharan	15-6	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Brajabhushan	15-1	...	Kuchkuchia Wesleyan H. E. School
„ Brajendramohan	14-3	...	Sibpur H. C. E. School
„ Dasarathi	17-4	...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
„ Debendrakumar	14	...	Gauhati High School
„ Dibakar	17-5	...	Private Student (Cal. p. 23.)
„ Fkkarichandra	15	...	Monghyr Vic. Jub. School
„ Girindranath	16-6	...	Arrah Zila School
„ Haralal	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Haridas	13-8	...	Burdwan New School
„ Harimohan	19	...	Mukerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
Jaminimohan	16	...	Dacca Jubilee School

Mukhopadhyay, Jasadanandan	16-7	Kandi School
" Jatindranath	13 ...	Bhagalpur Zila School
" Jayantakumar	17-1 ...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
" Jnanchandra	16-10...	Lauhajang High School
" Jnanendranath	15-3 ...	Dacca Pogose School
" Jageschandra	16 ...	Beldanga H. E. School
" Jogindralal	16-2 ...	Narit H. E. School
" Jyotindranath	15-5 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Kalikaprasad	18-10...	Hindu School
" Kalipada	16 ...	Purulia Zila School
" Kanailal	17 ...	Chakdighi S. P. Institution
" Mahendrakumar	16 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Manindrachandra	18-6 ...	Berhampur Coll. School
" Nalinkumar	16-3 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
" Panchugopal	13-10...	Gauhati High School
" Prabodhchandra	13-4 ..	Ulubaria H. C. E. School
" Purnachandra	17-9 ...	Barahanagar Victoria School
" Purnachandra	15 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School
" Rajanikanta	18-4 ...	Noakhali Zila School
" Rajendralal	18 ...	Barisa H. C. E. School
" Rajendranath	14 ...	Bhagalpur Zila School
" Rasgopal	17-2 ...	Uttarpara Coll. School
" Rebatiranjana	13-3 ...	Noakhali Zila School
" Sailendranath	15 ...	Burdwan New School
" Santos Kumar	18-2 ...	Uttarpara Coll. School
" Satischandra	13-6 ...	Chandernagar School
" Satischandra	16-3 ...	Kalighat School
" Satischandra	15-6 ..	Hughli Collegiate School
" Satischandra	15-2 ...	Barisa H. C. E. School
" Sudhakar*	16 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Sukumar	15 ...	Balasore Zila School
" Tinkari	16-5 ...	New Indian School
" Upendranath	15-6 ...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Mukhoti, Kumudnikanta	14-5 ...	Commilla Zila School
Mukteswar Prasad	15-6 ...	Saran Academy
Mulchand	16-10...	Lahore Central Model School
Murari Prasad	16-6 ...	Saran Academy
Murali Manohar Pande	16 ...	Chapra Zila School
Murli Mal	18 ...	Lahore Central Model School
Nag, Haridas	16 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Surendranath	17 ...	Silchar High School
Nagchaudhuri, Narendra-		
krishna	16 ...	Hare School
Nand Bahadur Sinha	17-8 ...	Behar National Coll. School
Nandan, Sirischandra	18 ...	Burdwan Municipal School
Nandi, Abhayalochan	18 ...	Ruplal Raghunath School
" Jaminikanta	15 ...	Dacca Coll. School
" Kalidas	14-2 ...	Burdwan Raj Coll. School
" Lalitmohan	15-9 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Mathuranath	15 ...	Dacca Pogose School

* Passed in Drawing.

Nandi, Nanigopal	14 2 ...	Bantra H. C. E. School
Narbadeswar Prasad	15-2 ..	Arrah Zila School
Narayan Bhagwant, K.	17 ..	Jabalpur Coll. School
Narayan Gopal Waradpanday	17 ..	City School, Nagpur
Narayan Singh	17-11 ..	Lahore Central Model School
Narayan Vinayak Soman	18 ...	City School, Nagpur
Nath, Saradaprasad	15 ...	Behala H. E. School
Naziruddin	13 ...	Matihari Zila School
Nilkanth Bhaskar Kakre	15-5 ...	Jabalpur Coll. School
Niyogi, Kuladaprasad	16 3 ...	Krishnagar Coll. School
" Nalinaksha	15 ...	Simla Bengal Academy
O'Connor, Kate	...	Teacher (Ran. T. 4.)
On Gain	17-11...	Rangoon Coll. School
Pain, Nabakumar	14 ..	Sil's Free College
Pal, Akshaymar	18 ..	Kesab Academy
" Ambikacharan	14-3 ..	Chittagong H. E. School
" Asutosh	15 ..	Burdwan New School
" Bijaygopal	17 ..	Cotton Institution
" Binodbihari	14-8 ..	Kalighat School
" Charuchandra	14-1 ...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
" Debendranath	16-6 ..	Hughli Coll. School
" Jagabandhu	16 ..	Pakur H. E. School
" Jugalkisor	17 ..	Santipur Municipal School
" Kalikisor	19 ..	Kaliganj H. E. School
" Krishnachandra	19 ...	Sylhet National Institution
" Krishnaprasanna	17 ..	Chatmahar Sambhunath School
" Mahendrachandra	16-7 ...	Lauhajang High School
" Nityananda	18-9 ...	Narayanganj H. E. School
" Nutbihary	16 ...	Sanskrit Coll. School
" Radhanath	18 ...	Mymensingh Zila School
" Rajaninath	20-9 ..	Dacca Pogose School
" Surendrabhushan	15-1 ...	Ravenshaw Coll. School
Paladhi Bipinchandra	16-11 ..	Nawab Abdul Gany's Free School, Dacca
Palit, Manoranjan	16 ..	Sylhet Govt. High School
Panda, Ramnath	16 ...	Jabalpur Coll. School
Pandit, Krishnabandhu	16-4 ..	Chittagong Coll. School
Panja, Adharchandra	17 ..	Mahisadal Raj H. E. School
Pati, Madhusudan	16-7 ..	Katak Mission English School
Po Tha	16-6 ...	Rangoon Coll. School
Pramanik, Harilal	17-6 ...	Santipur Municipal School
Purchase, Norman William	15-5 ...	Rangoon Coll. School
Purkait, Upendranath	16-7 ...	Diamond Harbour H. E. School
Radhakrishna Lal	17 ...	Raniganj H. E. School
Rafiqul Hasan	15-3 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Raghoba Mahadeva	18-4 ..	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Raghunandan Prasad	14-1 ...	Arrah Zila School
Raha Anath Bandhu	15-7 ...	Lalgola Vic. Jub. H. E. School
Rajkisor Sahai	20 ...	Chapra Zila School
Ramanand	18 ...	Giridhi H. E. School
Rambilas Lal	17-6 ...	Chapra Zila School
Rampratap Narayan	17 ..	Private Student (Pat. P. 4.)
Ramchandra Janardan	16 ...	Jabalpur Coll. School

Ramchandra Poshetti*	17-6 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Ramkrishna Vishnu Pandit	17-6 ...	Sagar High School
Ramnarayan Lal	14 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Ramlagan Lal	17 ..	Arrah Zila School
Ramsaran Lal	17-3 ...	Ditto
Rana, Srikrishna	14-3 ...	Hare School
Rasul Baksh	16 ...	Mukerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
Ray, Akshaykumar	15-7 ...	Midnapur Coll. School
„ Amulyachuran	16 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala- khana Branch
„ Annadacharan	16 ...	Munsiganj H. E. School
„ Asutosh	16-7 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Sham- pukur Branch
„ Banawarilal	14 ...	Taki Government School
„ Binodbihari	17 ...	Madaripur H. E. School
„ Bisweswar	14-8 ...	Rajshahye Coll. School
„ Bisweswar	19 ...	Dacca Coll. School
„ Durgamohan	18-2 ...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Haridas	14 ...	Ripon Coll. School
„ Hemchandra	15-6 ...	Dacea Jubilee School
„ Jadabkrishna	15 ...	Berhampur Coll. School
„ Jadunath	13-11 ...	Hindu School
„ Janakiballabh	18 ...	Private Student (Bau. P. 2.)
„ Manmathanath	17-2 ...	Naral Vic. Coll. School
„ Munindranath	13-8 ...	Monghyr Zila School
„ Nirupamchandra	15 ...	Private Student (Cal. P. 13.)
„ Phanindrabhushan	14-4 ...	Lalgola Vic. Jub. H. E. School
„ Pramathanath	17-5 ...	Rungpur Zila School
„ Purnachandra	16 ...	Halisahar H. C. E. School
„ Purnachandra	16-4 ...	Rajshahye Coll. School
„ Ramanikisor	12-5 ...	Sherpur Vic. Academy
„ Basiklal	16 ...	Senhati High School
„ Sanyasicharan	17-2 ...	Feni H. E. School
„ Satischandra	16-11 ...	Brajamohan Instn., Barisal
„ Satischandra	15 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Satischandra	16 ...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Satischandra	17-5 ...	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Someschandra	14 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Sukhendranarayan	16-6 ...	Comilla Zila School
„ Surendramohan	15 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Sureschandra	18-6 ...	Raniganj H. E. School
„ Upendramohan	18-9 ...	Barisal Zila School
Raychaudhuri, Bisweswar	17 ...	Ditto
„ Durgaprasanna	18 ...	Rajchandra Coll. School
„ Gatmadhab	13 5 ...	Krishnagar Coll. School
„ Jatindramohan	16-10 ...	Uttarpara Coll. School
„ Kshirodchandra	17 ...	Tamluk Hamilton School
„ Kumarnath	16-3 ...	Chuadanga Vic. Jub. H. E. Schl.
„ Kumudnath	16-6 ...	Hindu School
„ Munindranath	15 ...	Taki Government School
„ Pramathanath	15 ...	Calcutta Institution

* Passed in Drawing.

Raychaudhuri, Rasikranjan	14	...	Kalia H. E. School
Reaks, Reginald Rupert	16-7	—	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Rebeiro, Eustace	16-7	...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Reid, Fred. William Herbert	18-2	..	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Rikhiswar Narayan	16-6	..	Patna Collegiate School
Rodrigues, Louis R.	16-3	..	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Russell, Chillatury	18-1	..	Jaffna College
Sadasheo Raghunath Date			
Dikshit	16	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Sadat Ali Khan	17	...	Dacca Jubilee School
Saha, Akhilchandra	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandrasekhar	15-6	...	Serajganj Banwarilal H. E. Schl.
„ Lalitmohan	14	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Raimohan	18	...	Dacca Jubilee School
Sahazad Ali Mallik	13-4	...	Uluberia H. C. E. School
Sahu, Anamchandra	17-4	...	Ravenshaw Coll. School
Samadar, Chintaharan	20	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
Samanta, Makhanlal	14-4	...	Searsole H. E. School
Sandrais, Jules	18-6	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Sangarapillai, Visuvanother	17-2	...	Jaffna College
Sant Singh, P.	18-2	...	Amritsar M. B. School
Sanyal, Kalicharan	17	...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
„ Kshetragopal	17-6	...	Sasseram H. C. E. School
„ Kshetranath	17-10	—	Nattore Municipal School
„ Purnachandra	16	...	Mymensingh Zila School
Sarbadhikari, Basantakumar	20-11	...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
„ Chandranath	14	...	Khanakul K. Institution
Sardar, Jogindranath	19	...	Metropolitan Institution
Sarkar, Abinaschandra	19-9	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
„ Bhupendrakumar	17-2	...	Ditto
„ Binaybhushan	13	...	Monghyr Vic. Jubilee School
„ Jogeschandra	15-7	...	Rangpur Zila School
„ Lalanchandra	14	...	Raja Suryya Kumar's Institution, Rajbari
„ Lalitmohan	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Tituram	19-7	...	Burdwan Municipal School
Sarma, Anandiram	13-2	...	Gauhati High School
„ Iswarchandra	17	...	Habiganj High School
Saw, Jyotindranath	15	—	Matihari Zila School
Sen, Abinaschandra	15	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
„ Akhilchandra	16	—	Ruplal Raghunath School
„ Annadaprasad	14-7	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Basantakumar	16-4	...	Shazadpur H. E. School
„ Bipinbihari	13-5	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Bipinchandra	18-9	...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Bisweswar	16	—	Bagbazar Model School
„ Gurgadas	16	—	Private Student (Bha P. 2.)
„ Girijanath	16-4	—	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Gopalcharan	17-6	—	Dinajpur Zila School
„ Haranchandra	15	...	Kesab Academy
„ Hemchandra	16-8	...	Commillah Zila School
„ Iswarchandra	15	—	Silchar High School

Sen, Jatindranath	15	Rajchandra Coll. School
„ Kalinkinkar	15-5	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Manmathanath	13-9	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Parbatiraman	17-6	Habiganj High School
„ Pratapchandra	15	Munshiganj H. E. School
„ Rameschandra	14	Ranchi Zila School
„ Ramlal	16-8	Metropolitan Institution, Bara-bazar Branch
„ Saratchandra	17-3	Faridpur Zila School
„ Sasibhushan	16-2	Gaibanda High School
„ Surendranath	16	Ghatal Municipal School
„ Surendranath	13	Senhati High School
„ Sureschandra	16-7	Purulia Zila School
„ Upendrachandra	14-4	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
Sengupta, Ambikaprasanna	14-3	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Asutosh	16-6	Barisal Zila School
„ Debendranath	16	Senhati High School
„ Lalbihari	16	Ruplal Raghunath School
„ Narendranath	16-7	Bali Rivers Thompson School
„ Purnachandra	17	Barisal Zila School
„ Sasibhushan	14	Kalia H. E. School
„ Satischandra	18	Debrugarh High School
Seth, Charles George	14	La Martinière College
Shafuddin Ahmed	16	Patna City School
Shafuddin	17	Mookerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
Shahabuddin	18-1	Private Student (Lah. P. 3.)
Shah Jahan Ali	17	Jorhat High School
Shaik Fazl Ilahi	16-3	Mission High School, Gujrat
Shambhu Prasad	16	Jabalpur Coll. School
Sheobhajanlal	15	Hatwa Eden School
Sheocharan Lal Rameswar	17	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Sheoram Adkoba Naik	18-3	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Sil, Purnachandra	17	Shazadpur H. E. School
„ Satischandra	17	City Coll. School, S. Branch
Sinha, Asutosh	16-10	Private Student (Bur. P. 2.)
„ Brajadayal	15-1	Serajganj Banwarilal H. E. Sch.
„ Gopeswar	17	Pakur H. E. School
„ Harinarayan	14-2	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Hemkanta	14	Kandi School
„ Kamalaprasad	17	Arrah Zila School
„ Madangopal	17-6	T. N. Jubilee Coll. School
„ Manmathanath	19-8	City Coll. School, S. Branch
„ Rajendranath	16	Rai H. M. T. Bahadur's Free School, Barari
„ Sajanikanta	14-6	Northbrook School, Darbhanga
Sinharay, Ramkumar	17	Garbeta H. C. E. School
Sinnatamby, J. K.	16-6	Jaffna College
Sirimanne, Henry Alfred	18-9	Trinity College, Kandy
Sivaprasad Pande	15-8	Buxar H. E. School
Siv Lal	15-3	Lahore D. A. V. High School
Solomon	16-11	Akyab Govt. High School
Som, Gobindapada	14	Sibpur H. C. E. School

Som, Murarimohan	14.4	...	Hughli Branch School
Starr, Mary		...	Diocesan Girls' Schl., Naini Tal
Stubbs, Laura		...	Loretto Convent, Darjeeling
Sukla, Beniprasad	18.7	...	Arrah Zila School
Sur, Nilmani	15	...	Garden Reach C. M. S. H. E. School
Syam, Annadacharan	18	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Parbaticharan	16	...	Ditto
Syamsundar Vaish	19.2	...	Delhi A. S. V. Jub. High School
Syed Abdur Rashid	15.3	...	Rajshahye Coll. School
„ Abdul Wahid	18.5	..	M. A. A. School, Patna
„ Mehdi Hasan	17	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
„ Mahammad Abdul Munaim	16	...	Calcutta Madrasa
„ Muhammad Naim	20.6	...	Patna Coll. School
„ Nisar Hosain	21.5	...	Sehore High School
Tahabildar, Kaliprasanna	20	...	Calcutta Aryan Institution
Talukdar, Kesabchandra	17.2	...	Rangpur Zila School
„ Sasadhar	17	...	Dighapatia H. E. School
„ Syamacharan	16	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
Tambimutee, Emmanuel Rasanayagam	17.1	...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo
Tambyah, K.	18.6	...	Jaffna College
Thakur Das	15.2	...	Amritsar M. B. School
Tiwari, Jagamohan	14.5	...	Jajpur H. E. School
„ Kunjabiharilal	17.2	...	Jabalpur Coll. School
„ Raghunath	16.10	...	Pandra H. E. School
„ Sheo Narayan	16.2	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Ukil, Nalinikanta	14	...	Kushtia H. E. School
Upadhyay, Sivanandan	18.8	...	Arrah Zila School
Vanketesh Maroti Lonkar	17	...	City School, Nagpur
Vankett, Robert Charles	15.8	...	St. Paul's High School, Rangoon
Vinayak Ganesh Chihey*	15	..	City School, Nagpur
„ Raghunath Deorao	18.10	...	Jabalpur Coll. School
Vishnu Krishna Gole	20	..	Indore English Madrasa
Vishwanath Balwant			
Paranjape	17.1	...	Ditto
V. Vithalrao Kesheo Rao	17.6	...	City School, Nagpur
Wadsworth, William S.	16.1	...	St. John's Col., Jaffna
Weerasekera, D. C.	19.1	...	Wesley Col., Colombo
Welsh, Henry	17.6	..	Fair Oak's School, Mussoorie
Wernicke, Bernard Charles	16.1	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Wilayat Hosain	14	...	Monghyr Zila School

THIRD DIVISION. .

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul Ghani	15	...	Calcutta Madrasa
„ Hakeem	16	...	Mozufferpur Society's School
„ Latif Khan	17	...	T. N. Jubilee Coll. School
„ Mannan	16	...	Kendrapara H. E. School

* Passed in Drawing.

Abdul Mazid	17	...	Arrah K. J. Academy
Abdur Rubb	18	...	South Suburban School
Abdus Subhan	20-6	...	Patna Coll. School
Abul Hosain	20	...	Mozufferpur Society's School
Acharyya, Gopalchandra	14-8	...	Kalna Maharaja's School
" Sasibhushan	20-6	...	Brajamohan Instn., Barisal
Adhikari, Lalitmohan	14-7	...	Meherpur H. E. School
Adhya, Makhanlal	17	...	South Suburban School
Aditya, Apurbakrishna	15-10	...	City Coll. School, Sobhabazar Branch
Akmal Khan	16	...	Barisal Zila School
Anand Raghunath Shahaney	16-2	...	F. C. Instn. Nagpur
Anant Sitaram Kalele	20	...	Canadian Mission Coll., Indore
Apcar, Thomas Andrew	17	...	Armenian Coll. School
Arit, Christ	18	...	Ranchi Zila School
Arjan Jha	15	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Bag, Nagendranath	17	...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
Bagchi, Sudhirranjan	15	...	Krishnagar Coll. School
Baisya, Syamlal	15	...	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School
Baksi, Kshetrapada	15	...	Ghatal Municipal School
" Kshitischandra	14	...	Krishnagar Coll. School
Balwant Lakshman Burwahaker	18	...	Canadian Mission Coll., Indore
Banawari Lal	14	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
Bandyopadhyay, Abhayprasa	16	...	Banwaribad H. E. School
" Ambikacharan	17-8	...	Jalpaiguri Zila School
" Charuchandra	16	...	Khanakul Krishnagar Instn.
" Debendranath	14-6	...	Jabalpur Coll. School
" Haripada	16	...	Kalighat School
" Hariprasad	14-8	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
" Jyotischandra	14	...	Dumka Zila School
" Kalidas	15-3	...	South Suburban School
" Kalipada	15-8	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
" Lausen	15	...	Jara H. E. School
" Manmathanath	17-3	...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
" Mathuramohan	15-8	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Muktakesi	...	...	Bethune Collegiate School
" Phanindranath	13-5	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Pramathanath	16	...	Garden Reach C. M. S. H. E. School
" Purnachandra	13-4	...	Burdwan Raj Coll. School
" Rajchandra	16	...	Ludhiana Ch. B. B. School
" Saratchandra	15-6	...	Albert Coll. School
" Saratchandra,	18	...	Ranaghat H. A. V. School
" Sarojkanta	16-4	...	Jalpaiguri Zila School
" Satischandra	16	...	Sanskrit Coll. School
" Satischandra	20-3	...	Pakur H. E. School
" Satischandra	14-9	...	Krishnagar Coll. School
" Surendranath	17-4	...	Uttarpara Coll. School
" Surendranath	14	...	Ariadaha H. E. School
" Suryyapada	15-1	...	Bagbazar Model School
" Upendranath	17-8	...	Hindu School

Banik, Radhasyam	17	...	Dacca Pogose School
Bansi Lal	15	...	Bhagalpur Madrasa
Baral, Mihirchandra	15	...	Midnapur Town School
„ Surendranath	18-5	...	Palamow Government School
Baruya, Annadakumar	16	...	Gauhati High School
„ Chandradhar	16	...	Jorhat High School
„ Nilkantha	19	...	Sibsagar Govt. High School
Basak, Binodbihari	17-4	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Dinabandhu	18-5	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Hemchandra	16	...	Metropolitan Institution Syampur Branch
„ Purnachandra	13	...	Ruplal Raghunath School
„ Radharaman	18	...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
Basu, Arunoday	14	...	T. N. Jubilee Coll. School
„ Atulchandra	15	...	Burdwan New School
„ Bhupatinath	16	...	Teghoria H. C. E. School
„ Bimalacharan	17	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
„ Bisweswar	14	...	Dacca Coll. School
„ Ghanasyam	16	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Girijacharan	15-2	...	Howrah Bible H. C. E. School
„ Hanseswar	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harendranath	18	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Jagadischandra	16	...	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Jatindrakrishna	13-9	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Jageschandra	17	...	New Indian School
„ Jogindrakumar	17-5	...	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Jyotindranath	13-6	...	Metropolitan Institution, Syampur Branch
„ Kripasundar	15-4	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Kuladacharan	14	...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
„ Mohinimohan	15	...	Raja Suryyakumar's Institution, Rajbari
„ Narayanprasad	16	...	Chapra Zila School
„ Nareschandra	14	...	Hare School
„ Piaphullahchand	12-7	...	City Collegiate School, Sobha- bazar Branch
„ Priyalal	17-1	...	South Suburban School
„ Rameschandra	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Raneswar	17	...	New Indian School
„ Rasmohan	15-8	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Saratkumar	14	...	Ditto
„ Sarojnath	14-5	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Sasisekhar	17-4	...	Darbhanga Raj School
„ Srischandra	16-11	...	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Suryyakumar	18	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
„ Upendranath	18	...	Khararia High School
Bhadra, Kalikrishna	18	...	Nava Maharaja's College
„ Pandabchandra	18	...	Ruplal Raghunath School
Bhagat Ram Puri	18	...	Lahore D. A. V. High School
Bhagwant T r y m b a k Musharif	19-10	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Bhakta, Banawarilal	17	...	Albert Collegiate School
Bhattacharyya, Atulbandhu	14-4	...	Calcutta Aryan Institution

Bhattacharyya, Bakulmohan	16-2	...	Khulna Zila School
" Biharichandra	16	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
" Binodbihari	14-6	...	Gauhati High School
" Gopendranath	17	...	Pakur H. E. School
" Jadunath	18	...	Jamalpur Donough School
" Jogindranath	15-6	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Kantibhushan	17-7	...	Serampur Union Institution
" Kunjabihari	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Nabagopal	15	...	Santipur Municipal School
" Purnachandra	16-1	...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
" Satyendranath	13-8	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
" Surendranath	16	...	L. M. S. Instn, Bhowanipur
" Sureschandra	14-6	...	Birbhum Govt. School
" Taraprasanna	17	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
Bindheswari Prasad	14	...	Hatwa Eden School
Biswas, Bamandas	17	...	Dumka Zila School
" Debendraprasad	16-3	...	Bantosh Janhavi School
" Haridas	16	...	Harinavi A. S. School
" Lakshminarayan	18-9	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Mahimchandra	15-3	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
" Mathuranath	18-5	...	Netrokona Dutt High School
" Sibadas	17	...	Santipur Municipal School
" Surendranath	18-2	...	Kayekala H. E. School
" Taraprasanna	14-6	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
Bond, Norman	17-2	...	Mussoorie School
Buchanan, Ethel	...	...	Private Student (Cal. P 21.)
Chakrabarti Abhaycharan	17-7	...	Matabhanga H. E. School
" Abinaschandra	16-6	...	Calcutta Institution
" Ambikacharan	14	...	Commilla Victoria School
" Ambikacharan	15	...	Bhagyakul H. C. E. School
" Anathnath	16	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
" Aradhan	16	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Atulchandra	17	...	Kaliganj H. E. School
" Baradaprasanna	15-11	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
" Debendranath	15	...	Harinarayanpur H. E. School
" Debendranath	19-7	...	Boinchi Beharilal Institution
" Gangacharan	14	...	Ruplal Raghunath School
" Kailaschandra	17	...	Kisorganj H. E. School
" Manmohan	15	...	Patuakhali Jubilee School
" Nepalchandra	18-3	...	Khulna Zila School
" Priyanath	19	...	Midnapur Town School
" Purnachandra	16	...	Chittagong Municipal School
" Rajchandra	16	...	Dinhatra H. E. School
" Rajendrakumar	15	...	Malkhanagar H. E. School
" Saratchandra	17-1	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Satischandra	19	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Satischandra	17	...	Lauhajang H. C. E. School
" Tarunanath	14-11	...	Darjeeling Zila School
" Umacharan	14	...	Metropolitan Institution
Chaliha, Radhaprasad	17-4	...	Jorhat High School
Ohanda, Kulachandra	16-3	...	Faridpur Zila School
Chandika Prasad	15	...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School
Chandipat Sahai	13	...	Behar National Coll. School

Chandra, Dhankrishna	16	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Chase, James	18-6	...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo
Chattopadhyay, Amritlal	16	...	Calcutta Institution
„ Baidyanath	16-4	...	Balasore Zila School
„ Chandrakumar	16-6	...	Barasat Govt. School
„ Chandrasekhar	15	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Dharanindranath	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Girindranath	14	...	Gosain Durgapur H. E. School
„ Hariprasad	16-5	...	Dinajpur Zila School
„ Hemchandra	17	...	Cotton Institution
„ Jogindranath	15-10	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Mahitosh	15	...	Howrah Municipal School
„ Manindranath	17-3	...	Hitampur H. E. School
„ Nabinkrishna	15-6	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Nagendranath	17	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Narendranath	17	...	Hare School
„ Nibaranchandra	17-8	..	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Prabhaschandra	18-9	...	Mukherjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
„ Raghupati	17-2	...	Hare School
„ Rajendranath	16-7	—	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Rajendranath	15-5	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Rampada	17-3	...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
„ Sailendranath	14-4	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Saratchandra	18-4	...	Barrackpur Govt. School
„ Sasibhushan	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	18	...	Konnagar H. E. School
„ Satischandra	16	...	Beldanga H. E. School
„ Satischandra	15	...	Halisahar H. C. E. School
„ Sitanath	16	...	Bhagyakul H. C. E. School
Chaudhuri, Achyutananda	16-4	..	Gauhati High School
„ Dwijendranath	17	—	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Gunamani	16	..	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Harischandra	14-6	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Jamininath	22	...	Teacher (Syl. T. 2.)
„ Karalkrishna	16	...	New Indian School
„ Rajanimohan	20	...	Sonamganj Jubilee High School
„ Rasiklal	17-6	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Saradaprasanna	16-4	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Sasikanta	16-5	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Satischandra	18	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Susilchandra	16-7	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
Chintaman Vishwanath			School
„ Surbate	21	...	Sagar High School
Cole, Frederick Eustace	16-5	...	Philander Smith Institute, Mussoorie
Corbett, Patrick Terence			
„ Fitzgerald	16-2	...	St. Xavier's College
Damodar Prasad (II.)	16-5	...	Patna Collegiate School
Das, Anathnath	16	...	Simla Bengal Academy
„ Aswinikumar	16-3	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School

Das, Bharatchandra	21-9 ...	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Binodbihari	17-5 ...	Narit H. E. School
„ Bipinbihari	17 ...	Begumganj Ramendra High School
„ Bipinchandra	15-5 ...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Chandramohan	16 ...	Maldah Zila School
„ Gaurchandra	14 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Jaminikumar	15 ...	Begumganj Ramendra High School
„ Joeschandra (I.)	18 ...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
„ Kaliprasanna	18 ...	Jangipur H. E. School
„ Kesabchand	17 ...	Purnia Zila School
„ Kesabchandra	14-4 ...	Baripur H. E. School
„ Manindranath	15-3 ...	Hare School
„ Nabinchandra	17 ...	Pirozepur H. C. E. School
„ Nripendranath	12 ...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Prasannakumar	17 ...	Ruplal Raghunath School
„ Pratapchandra	16-4 ...	Jangipur H. E. School
„ Priyanath	15-2 ...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
„ Pyarikisor	20-5 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Rajanikanta	14 ...	Lalgola Victoria Jubilee School
„ Rajendralal	16 ...	Calcutta Institution
„ Sadhuprabhudan	18 ...	C. M. S. Boys' Boarding School, Calcutta
„ Saharlal	14 ...	Ruplal Raghunath School
„ Sanatan	17 ...	Chandpur Hasan Ali Jub. Schl.
„ Sasibhushan	16-10 ...	Silchar High School
„ Sasikanta	16 ...	City Coll. School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Sasikumar	16-2 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Syamacharan	18-10 ...	Badla H. E. School
„ Trailokyannath	14-9 ...	Maldah Zila School
Dasgupta, Hemantakumar	15 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Mahendranath	16 ...	Khulna Zila School
„ Nagendranath	17-9 ...	Jangipur H. E. School
„ Pramathanath	15 ...	New Indian School
„ Ratneswar	19-6 ...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
Datta, Anadichandra	16-9 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Anukulchandra	15-4 ...	„ Ditto
„ Asutosh	17 ...	Kagram H. C. E. School
„ Bimalaprasad	16 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Girischandra	16 ...	„ Ditto
„ Joeschandra	14-8 ...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. C. E. School
„ Lalitmohan	16-5 ...	Narayanganj H. E. School
„ Mahimchandra	16 ...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
„ Manmathanath	17 ...	F. C. Institution, Chinsurah
„ Milanchandra	15-7 ...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Narendranath	18 ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Panchanan	15 ...	Howrah Municipal School
„ Radhakanta	15 ...	Gauhati High School

Datta, Rajendranath	15-5 ...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
„ Ramdas	17-4 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rammay	16-3 ...	Kuch Kuchia Wesleyan High School
„ Rasiklal	15-9 ...	Bagirhat H. E. School
„ Sailendranath	18-2 ...	Saran Academy
„ Saratchandra (C)	15 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	17-5 ...	Dhubri High School
„ Satischandra	12-3 ...	City Coll. School, Sobhabazar Branch
„ Sitalchandra	15-6 ...	Senhati High School
„ Satyaranjan	16 ...	Lauhajang High School
„ Surendranath	16-2 ...	Hare School
„ Sureschandra	14 ...	Magura H. E. School
„ Taraknath	17-6 ...	Mahanad F. C. Mission School
„ Tripuracharan	16 ...	National Institution, Chittagong
„ Umacharan	17 ...	General Assembly's Institution
D'Costa, Oliver	18-8 ...	Batala Bearing High School
De Alwis, Edwin Charles	16-3 ...	Trinity College, Kandy
De, Amritlal	17-2 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Durgacharan	18-7 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Nagendranath	16 ...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Pramathanath	15-6 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Rajendrakisor	18-2 ...	Maulavibazar High School, Sylhet
„ Rebatimohan	15 ...	Lauhajang H. C. E. School
„ Surendrakumar	15 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendranath	17-3 ...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
Deb, Krishnachandra	18-2 ...	Aryya Mission Institution
Debray, Sukeschandra	12 ...	Metropolitan Institution
Deoki Nandan	15 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Dharmadeo Narayan	17 ...	Chapra Zila School
Dhar, Mahimchandra	15 ...	Chittagong Municipal School
Dube, Ramsahai	16-6 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Dwarka Prasad	12-6 ...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School
Faqir Chand	14-10 ...	Hushiarpur M. B. School
Faramurz Rustomjee	16-2 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Fazl Ilahi	18 ...	Lahore Mission School
Fiaz Ahmad	15 ...	Nowgong High School
Firoz Khan	19 ...	Edward's C. M. High School, Peshawar
French, Charles Edwin Clugé	16-8 ...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Gajindra Prasad	20-1 ...	Darbhanga Raj School
Ganesh Balkrishna Chipe*	17-8 ...	City School, Nagpur
Ganes Prasad	15-6 ...	Monghyr K. P. Institution
Ganga Prasad	17 ...	Buxar H. E. School
Gangopadhyay, Asutosh	16 ...	Kalna Maharaja's School
„ Gopendranath	16 ...	Khulna Zila School
„ Jatindranath	19-6 ...	Hatuganj M. N. H. E. School
„ Kailaschandra	20-5 ...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Ramesohandra	18 ...	Dacca Pogose School

* Passed in Drawing

Gangopadhyay, Tinkari	19	...	Janai Training School
Gaya Prasad	17-8	..	Arrah K. J. Academy
Ghatak, Chintaharan	18-1	..	Tejpur High School
„ Debendrachandra	18	..	Metropolitan Institution, Bara-bazar Branch
„ Harischandra	16	...	Ranchi Zila School
Gholam Haldar	15-10	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady, Bankipur
Golam Qadir Khan	17-3	...	Multan C. M. High School
„ Syed Khan	16-7	...	Nawab Abdul Ganny's Free School
Ghosh, Abinaschandra	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bijaygopal	14	...	L. M. S. Instn, Bhowanipur
„ Bijaykumar	15-8	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Binodbihari	14	...	Baharu H. E. School
„ Chintamani	15-5	...	City Collegiate School, Sobha-bazar Branch
„ Haridas	16	...	Baidyabati H. C. E. School
„ Hemlata	...	...	F. C. Normal School
„ Jadunath	16	..	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School
„ Jibankrishna	13	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Jyotundranath	16	...	Jessore Zila School
„ Jyotischandra	15	...	Kesab Academy
„ Jyotischandra	17-9	..	Hazaribagh Zila School
„ Kiranchandra	15-6	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kuladakanta	16	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow-Bazar Branch
„ Kumudini	...	...	Bethune Collegiate School
„ Nabingopal	17	...	Pakur H. E. School
„ Prabodhchandra	16	...	Khanakul Krishnagar Instn.
„ Pramathanath	17-5	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Purnachandra	16	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Radha Madhab	16	...	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Rajanibhushan	16	...	Kuchiakole Radha Institution
„ Rajendranath	19-5	...	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Ramendranath	16-4	...	Daulatpur H. E. School
„ Sadananda	17	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Sasibhushan	17-6	...	Mahisadal Raj School
„ Satischandra	16	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Trailokyanath	16-2	..	Dacca Collegiate School
Ghoshal, Kshetranath	19	...	Konnagar H. E. School
Giri, Girischandra	18-1	..	Contai H. C. E. School
Girija Sahai	17-5	...	Palamow Government School
Golwalkar Kasinath Gopal	20-6	...	Indore Military High School
Gopal Narhar Lalit	17	...	Indore English Madrasa
Goswami, Gopiballabh	18-6	...	Kumarkhali Mathuranath H. E. School
„ Nilsasadhar	16-6	..	Catwa H. E. School
„ Sasibhushan	16-5	..	Lalgola Vic. Jub. H. E. School
Guha, Annadacharan	19-6	...	Banwaripara Union Institution
„ Jadabchandra	20	...	Malkhanagar H. E. School
„ Jnanendranath	14	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Purnachandra	14-2	...	Dacca Pogose School

Guha, Sasikumar	16	...	Raja Suryyakumar's Institution, Rajbari
Gupta, Haridas	16.5	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Jnanadacharan	16	...	Chackdighi S. P. Institution
„ Rasbihari	21	...	Agartala H. E. School
„ Satischandra	17	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow-Bazar Branch
„ Subala		...	Eden Female School, Dacca
Guru, Kamtaprasad	15.10	...	Sagar High School
Hajra, Damodar	16.6	...	Kagram H. E. School
Haldar, Kshitischandra	12	...	Metropolitan Institution Bala-khana Branch
Harihar Prasad	17	...	Matihari Zila School
Hazarika, Kamalakanta	19.2	...	Tezpur High School
Hefferman, Joseph Leslie	17.11	...	La Martinière College
Hiller, Walter Ernest	18	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Himmat Sahai	17.6	...	Arrah Zila School
Hirat, Samuel Charles	17	...	Trinity College, Kandy
Hom, Saratchandra	16	...	Mymensingh Zila School
Ilahi Baksh	17	...	Chapra Zila School
Imdad Ali	17	...	Graduates' Institution
Imdad Ali Khan	15.6	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Invoye, T. R.	16.6	...	Sibsagar Govt. High School
Iswari Prasad	15.6	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Jacobs, George Henry	15.8	...	Trinity College, Kandy
Jadu Lal	22.6	...	Patna Collegiate School
Jainuddin Hosain	17	...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
Jamuna Prasad	16.11	...	Chapra Zila School
Jang Bahadur	16.5	...	Saran Academy
Jethu Mahtan	15	...	Behar H. C. E. School
Joardar, Rajanikanta	16.6	...	Pabna Zila School
Jush, Panchanan	17	...	Metropolitan Institution, Syam-pukur Branch
Kaikhusru Sorabji	18.6	...	Lahore Central Model School
Kale Ramchandra Narayan	18.3	...	Indore English Madrasa
Kar, Durgamohan	15.8	...	Dacca Collegiate School
Karmakar, Kisorimohan	17	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Rammay	15	...	Burdwan New School
Kartik Prasad	14.8	...	Monghyr Zila School
Kasinath	17	...	Gaya Sahebganj School
Krishna Gopal Khandakar	17.9	...	Free Church Instn., Nagpur
Krishna Narayan Muley	17.9	...	Ditto
Kusari Nagendranath	16	...	Jara H. E. School
Lahiri, Kalidas	17	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
Lalji Sahai	16	...	Matihari Zila School
Lakshmi Sinha	19	...	Durbhanga Raj School
Latfur Rahman	16	...	Shillong Govt. High School
Madhao Wasudeo Dakey	16.4	...	Free Church Instn., Nagpur
Mahabir Prasad	15.4	...	Behar H. C. E. School
Mahadeo Lal	15	...	Hazaribagh Zila School
Maiti Bamnarayan	15	...	Jhikra H. E. School
Maitra, Banamali	15	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Harendranarayan	18	...	L. M. S. School, Khagra

Maitra, Jnanendranath	15-3 ...	Hare School
„ Jnanendranath	20-3 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Praphullachandra	19 ...	Pabna Zila School
„ Rameshchandra	17 ...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Rohinikanta	16 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Saratchandra	20 ...	Sherpur H. E. School
„ Sisirchandra	19 ...	Dighapatia H. E. School
Majumdar, Debendranath	18 ...	Narayanganj H. E. School
„ Priykrishna	13-8 ...	Islampur H. E. School
„ Umakanta	18 ...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
Malik, Afzal	20 ...	Kendrapara H. E. School
Mallik, Jaharlal	15 ...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Satyendrakumar	15-6 ...	New Indian School
Mandal, Bipinbihari	18-8 ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
„ Krishnadas	13-6 ...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Sasibhushan	14-6 ...	Searsole H. E. School
„ Umeschandra	14-6 ...	Baharu H. E. School
Mangal Singh	15 ...	Commilla Victoria School
Mary Tara Chand	... ..	Private Student (Agr. P. 1.)
Maulik, Amarendrachandra	12-3 ...	Hare School
Maung Kyauk	17-8 ...	Rangoon Collegiate School
„ Kyi	19 ...	St John's College, Rangoon
„ Tha Htoon	16 ...	Akyab Govt. High School
„ Tun Aung Gyaw	16-6 ...	Bessein Govt High School
Misra, Anandalal	13-9 ...	Monghyr Zila School
„ Biswarup	15-6 ...	Patna City School
„ Kriparam	25-9 ...	Private Student (Nag P. 4.)
„ Syama Datta	18-9 ..	Patna Collegiate School
Mitra, Bhagabatchandra	18-11...	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Binaychandra	14-1 ...	Burdwan Raj Coll. School
„ Chandranath	20-6 ...	Private Student (Cal. P. 3.)
„ Chandrapriya	16-6 ...	Hindu School
„ Charuchandra	17 ...	New Indian School
„ Charuchandra	14-7 ...	Konnagar H. E. School
„ Digendranath	13-2 ...	New Indian School
„ Manoranjan	17-1 ..	Barrackpur Govt. School
„ Saratchandra	15 ...	New Indian School
„ Surendranarayan	16-2 ...	Naral Victoria Coll. School
„ Tinkari	17-9 ...	Burdwan New School
Moizuddin Ahmad	17 ...	Purnia Zila School
Moreswar Shridhar Perarker	17 ...	Free Church Institution, Nagpur
Moti Lal	16-2 ...	Patna M. A. A. School
Muhammad Abdur Rahman	17-9 ...	Burdwan Municipal School
Muhammad Ismail	16 ...	Saran Academy
Muhammad Halim Raja	16 ...	Mukerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
Muhammad Karim Ullah	16 ...	Jummoo High School
Muhammad Muazzam	15 .	Gaya Zila School
Muhammad Nazir	18	Chapra Zila School
Muhammad Yusuf Ali	18	Rajshahye Coll. School
Mukhopadhyay, Adhindranath	18	Albert Coll. School

Mukhopadhyay, Basantakumar	15-3	Dacca Pogose School
„ Bibhutibhushan	14 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Binaykrishna	19-11...	Hindu School
„ Bipinchandra	15 ...	Gaya Zila School
„ Chittatosh	18 ...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Girindranath	15 ...	Boral H. C. E. School
„ Gobindachandra	15 ...	Hindu School
„ Gopalchandra	40-3 ...	Private Student (Hug. P. 1.)
„ Harakumar	15 ...	Sibpur H. C. E. School
„ Haribhushan	17-4 ...	South Suburban School
„ Harimohan	15 ...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Hariprasanna	18-3 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
„ Hariprasanna	15-3 ..	Bagati H. E. School
„ Hemchandra	18-7 ...	Private Student (Bur. P. 3.)
„ Hemchandra	15 ...	Munsiganj H. C. E. School
„ Jagadiswar	14-7 ...	Sudhakarpur H. E. School
„ Jatindranath	17 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Jogindrachandra	17 ...	Sil's Free College
„ Jogindranath	16 —	Sibpur H. C. E. School
„ Jyotindranath	17 ...	Multan C. M. High School
„ Kalicharan	14-6 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Krishnalal	15-2 ...	Hindu School
„ Kumarnath	17 ...	Darbhangra Raj School
„ Kunjalal	16-1 ..	Hindu School
„ Lalitmohan	17-8 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Mahendranath	19-8 ...	Chandernagar School
„ Naranarayan	15 ...	Balagarh H. C. E. School
„ Nibaranchandra	16-8 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Niradchandra	15 ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Panchanan	17 ...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Parbaticharan	15-5 ..	Jalpaiguri Zila School
„ Phanindranath	16 ...	Mahisadal Raj School
„ Raicharan	16-4 ...	Kalaskati H. E. School
„ Rakhalraj	13-9 ...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Saratsasi	17-6 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow- Bazar Branch
„ Sasibhushan	16-6 ...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Satischandrase	16-6 ...	New Indian School
„ Satyaprasad	15-5 ...	South Suburban School
„ Sibchandra	17 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Sripaticharan	22 ...	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School
„ Surendranath	20 ...	Private Student (Hug. P. 2.)
„ Upendranath	17 ...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
Murli Dhar, K.	17-2 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Must, William Henry	17 5 ...	Mussoorie School
Muzafar Ali	11-6 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Nag, Robinikumar	16 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
Nago Atmaram Goverdhan	22-3 ...	Free Church Institution, Nagpur
Nandan, Abinaschandra	17 ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
Nandi, Bhushanchandra	18 ...	Jaynagar Institution
„ Jogescharandra	15 ...	Ruplal Raghunath School
„ Nagendralal	17 ...	Hare School

Nand Kumar	16	...	Arrah Zila School
Narayan Sadasheo Kusare	17	...	Raipur High School
Nawab Ahmad	18-6	...	Murarichand H. School, Sylhet
Nazimuddin Ahmad	16-11	...	Pabna Zila School
Nazir Hasan	16-8	...	Patna M. A. A. School
Niaz Muhammad	20	...	Teacher (Jab. T. I.)
Niyogi, Jadunath	16	...	Santosh Jahnabhi School
„ Nanilal	16-6	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Sasindramohan	15	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
Padarath Lal	15	...	Monghyr K. P. Institution
Pakrasi, Jadunath	17	...	Naral Victoria Coll. School
Pal, Durgacharan	17	...	Senhati High School
„ Gopalchandra	16-3	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Harendralal	17-9	...	Lauhajang High School
„ Mahatapchandra	15	...	Mahisadal Raj School
„ Narendranath	13-10	...	Hare School
„ Rajanikanta	17	...	Ruplal Raghunath School
Palakdhari Ray	17-6	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
Palit, Jogindramohan	14-1	...	Silchar High School
Pandit, Aghornath	16	...	Rajshahye Coll. School
Parameswar Prasad Karan	13	...	Monghyr Victoria Jub. School
Paul, Felix Gabriel	16	—	St. Patrick's School
Pereira, George Eustace	17-3	...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo
Poddar, Benimadhab	18	...	Raja Suryyakumar's Institution, Rajbari
„ Priyanath	15	...	Kalia H. E. School
Po Saw	18-5	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Po Tin	16	...	Ditto
Pramanik, Charuchandra	16-10	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Jugalkisor	18	...	Santipur Municipal School
Pugh, U. Eleazar	17-6	...	Shillong Govt. Normal School
Quarry, Frederick George	18-11	...	Mussoorie School
Raghubir Prasad, G.	19-7	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Raghwendra Waman-Lakhar	20-4	...	Private Student (Nag. P. 7.)
Rajindra Prasad	15	...	Chapra Zila School
Rakshit, Jogindrakisor	15-3	...	Dacca Collegiate School
Ramchandra Rajeswar Rao			
„ Dikshit	19-4	...	City School, Nagpur
Ram Lal	16	...	Monghyr Zila School
Ram Sundar Lal	16	...	Arrah Zila School
Rawani, Immanuel	18	...	Ranchi Zila School
Ray, Ambikacharan	17-2	...	Rungpur Zila School
„ Aswinikumar	15-3	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Bijaykumar	15	...	Calcutta Institution
„ Chandramohan	17	...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
„ Chunilal	16	...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
„ Debendranath	14-7	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Girindranath	19	...	Garbeta H. C. E. School
„ Kiranchandra	11-8	...	Monghyr Zila School
„ Kumar Debendranath	15	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
„ Nakuleswar	14-6	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Nalinikumar	17	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Nandalal	16	...	Dacca Jubilee School

Ray, Panchanan	16-2	...	Jangipur H. E. School
„ Sasibhushan	18	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
Raychaudhuri, Anukulchandra	16-3	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
„ Aswinikumar	17	...	Barasat Government School
„ Durgapada	17-6	...	City Collegiate School
„ Dwarkanath	16	...	Jessore Sammilani Institution
R. Syam Das	19-2	...	Amritsar M. B. School
Sadashive Ramchandra Deshkar	18	...	City School, Nagpur
Sadashiva Prasada	16	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Saha, Amritlal	17	...	Banwaripara Union Institution
„ Benimadhab	17-5	...	Serajanj Banwarilal H. E. School
„ Kalicharan	15-7	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Kartikchandra	16-10	...	Bagirhat H. E. School
„ Mahimchandra	16	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Panchanan	21	...	Metropolitan Institution, Syam-pukur Branch
Sakha, Haripada	19-11	...	Bankura Zila School
San, Dibakar	15	...	Burdwan New School
Sankar Vishnu Kulkarni	16-2	...	Indore English Madrasa
Santoshi Jha	18-2	...	Rai H. M. T. Br. Free H. E. School, Barari
Sant Pratap	18	...	Mukerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
Sanyal, Jnanendranath	14	...	New Indian School
Sarkar, Amarchandra	15-2	...	Ditto
„ Amritlal	15-4	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
„ Binaykrishna	18-2	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow-Bazar Branch
„ Brajendranarayan	19	...	Pakur H. E. School
„ Chandranath	16-3	...	Jangipur H. E. School
„ Hajarilal	17-3	...	Chuadanga Victoria Jub. H. E. School
„ Hemantakumar	17	...	New Indian School
„ Kaminikumar	15	...	Rowile H. E. School
„ Nandalal	19	...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Priyanath	17	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Sureschandra	16	...	Khanakul Krishnagar Instn.
„ Trailokyanath	15-10	...	Rangpur Zila School
Savundranayagam, Anthonipillai Lawrence	17-6	...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo
Sen, Abaniprasad	17	...	Ruplal Raghunath School
„ Baradaprasad	16-2	...	South Suburban School
„ Brajendranath	15	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Dharanidhar	18	...	Magura H. E. School
„ Hemantakumar	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Jatindramohan	15-8	...	Munsiganj H. C. E. School
„ Jnanendranath	16	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Jogeschandra	18	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Jyotirmay	16	...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Kailaschandra	18-6	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Karunakumar	17	...	Madaripur H. E. School

Sen, Krishnabihari	13	...	Monghyr Vic. Jub. School
„ Madhusudan	15	...	Senhati High School
„ Nalinikanta	18	...	Patiya H. E. School
„ Nibaranchandra, No. (1)	19-5	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Nisinath	13	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Praneschandra	16-5	...	Seraiganj Banwarilal H. E. School
„ Praphullakumar	14	...	New Indian School
„ Pratapchandra	23-11	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Ramanikumar	15	...	Hare School
„ Sanatkumar	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saradakumar	14-8	...	Feni H. E. School
Sengupta, Ambikacharan	17	...	Kalia H. E. School
„ Daibakilal	13-4	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Hemchandra	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajendrachandra	18-6	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Rameschandra	16	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Sewak Ram	16	...	Lahore D. A. V. High School
Shave, Edward Desmond	16-3	...	St. James' High School
Sikdar, Matilal	17-6	...	Abaipur Ramsundar Institution
Sil, Baidyanath	14-3	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Hemchandra	15-4	...	Ditto
Simpson, Alexander Edward	15-3	...	St. James' School
Sinha, Bishnulal	17	...	Hazaribagh Zila School
„ Brijmohan	19-3	...	Arrah Zila School
„ Loknath	19	...	Teacher (Pat. T. 1.)
„ Nandipati	15-10	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Rambibhuti	16	...	Arrah Zila School
„ Satischandra	14	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Sinheswarchandra	16-11	...	Ditto
Sital Prasad	16-3	...	Monghyr K. P. Institution
Siva Varan Lal	18	...	Chapra Zila School
Som, Biharilal	16-5	...	Bhola H. E. School
Subi Lal	17-3	...	Darjeeling Zila School
Sukh Dayal	18 7	...	Gujrat Mission High School
Suraj Bhushan Lal	17	...	Gaya Zila School
Sur, Narayanchandra	17-4	...	Telinipara Bhadreswar School
Syama Ballabh	15	...	Chapra Zila School
Syed Abdul Hamid	19-6	...	Jamalpur Donough H. E. School
„ Abdul Rawuf	16-6	...	Kalighat School
„ Ali Hosain	15	...	Calcutta Madrasa
„ Ali Hosain	14-3	...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur
„ Gulzar Hosain	17	...	Nawab Abdul Gany's Free Schl.
„ Hakim Shah	18-7	...	Gujrat Mission High School
„ Khalil Ullah	20	...	Teacher (Syl. T. 4.)
„ Mazhur-un-Nabi	16	...	Gaya Zila School
„ Muhammad Anisul Hasan	18	...	Mukerjee's Semy., Mozufferpur
„ Nurul Huq	17-2	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Velayat Hosain	17 11	...	Sagar High School
Talukdar, Debendramohan	16	...	Sherpur Victoria Academy
Tara'dar, Asutosh	16	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
Thakur, Hemchandra	15	...	Islampur H. E. School

Thakur, Jaynarayan Sinha	13-6 ...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur
Thakur-Saran	14-3 ...	Arrah Zila School
Tribeni Prasad	16 ...	Monghyr K. P. Institution
Tripati, Upendranath	20 ...	Midnapur Town School
Udhava Sheshrao Patta	16-2 ...	City School, Nagpur
Ukil, Hemchandra	14-7 ...	Commilla Zila School
Vajjnath Narayan Varadpande	18-8 ...	City School, Nagpur
Velupillai, A.	17-8 ...	Jaffna College
Vinayek Ganesh Najbiley	16 ...	Free Church Instn., Nagpur
Vithal Venkatesh Gaoli	22 ...	Ditto
Waman Ganesh G.	16-1 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Wasi Ahmad	17 ...	Chapra Zila School
Webb, Alexander O'Brien	16-9 ...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Wernicke, Frederick Page	14-5 ..	Ditto

1893.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul Jabbar	13-3 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Abdul Khaleque	13-5 ...	Munsiganj H. E. School
Abdul Majid	15 ..	Mymensingh Zila School
Abey Siriwardhana, F. de Yosa	19-3 ...	Trinity College, Kandy
Abul Hasan	16-6 ...	Saram Academy
Abul Hassan Abdul Qayyum	15 ...	Dacca Madrasa
Abulkhair Kabiruddin Ahmed	16 ...	Barisal Zila School
Adhikari Haripada	14-5 ...	Meherpur H. C. E. School
„ Madhabchandra	18 ...	Midnapur L. M. School
„ Nilkanta	16 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bara- bazar Branch
„ Ramlal	15 ...	Azimganj B. P. K. J. H. E. School
Aftabuddin Ahmed	17 ...	Dacca Madrasa
Agarwala, Krishnaprasad	17-5 ...	Tejpur High School
Ajab Khan	18-8 ...	Edward's C. M. School, Peshawar
Ajodhya Prasad	14-9 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Aksir Ahmed	16 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Alihaider	16 ...	Ditto
Amiruddin	19-6 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Anisuzzaman Khan	11-11 ...	Ditto
Ashraf Ali Khan	18 ...	Balasore Zila School
Assadazzaman	16 ...	Dacca Madrasa
Azizul Islam	17-8 ...	Sylhet Government High School
Bagchi, Chandrakanta	14 ...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Debendranath	14-9 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School

Bagchi, Gaurikanta	14	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
" Krishnachandra	14	...	Pabna Zila School
" Krishnanath	14.4	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Balkrishna Bhasker Kekre	14.6	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Balwant Apaji Pandhay	17.1	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Bandyopadhyay, Akshaykumar	15.2	...	Ripon Coll., School, K. Branch
" Bamacharan	14.4	...	Louhajang High School
" Bamacharan	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Bansibihari	17.6	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
" Bhudeb	15	...	Aryan Institution, Calcutta
" Bidhubhushan	14	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Bijanbihari	14	...	Konnagar H. E. School
" Binodbihari	16	...	Narail Victoria Coll., School
" Debendrakumar	13.2	...	City Collegiate School, Mymen-singh Branch
" Debendranath	18	...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
" Gopalchandra	15.6	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
" Haralal	16.9	...	Barisal Zila School
" Harigopal	17	..	Mahisadal Raj School
" Haripada	15.5	..	Dainhat H. E. School
" Indubhushan	12	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Jadugopal	14	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
" Jnanendranath	16.3	...	Hare School
" Jageschandra	17	...	Ulipur M. S. H. E. School
" Jogindranath	16	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala-khana Branch
" Jogindranath	14.3	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
" Kalipada	16	...	New Indian School
" Kamakhyacharan	16	...	Dhankuria H. E. School
" Kedarnath	17	...	Pandra H. E. School
" Manindranath	18.3	...	Ripon Collegiate School, How-rah Branch
" Manamatthanath	14	—	Howrah Municipal School
" Manomohan	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Nagendranath	17.9	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
" Nalinanabha	15	..	Bankura Zila School
" Nandalal	12.6	...	Berhampur Hindu Academy
" Panchanan	15	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Prasannakumar	16.2	...	Purulia Zila School
" Pratapchandra	16	...	Dinajpur Zila School
" Radharaman	14.10	...	Purnia Zila School
" Rajmohan	18	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
" Rebatimohan	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Sachindranath	15	...	Noakhali Rajkumar Jub. School
" Saratchandra	16	...	Bhoita H. E. School
" Sasibhushan	17.7	...	Birbhum School
" Satyabhushan	14.5	...	Hindu School
" Suprabhat	19	...	Ranaghat H. A. V. School
" Surendranath	16	...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School
" Surendranath	14.6	...	Nawab's H. School, Murshida-bad.

Bandyopadhyay, Swariswar	15-4	...	Barasat Government School
Banik, Jajneswar	15-8	...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Radhakanta	15-3	...	Dacca Jubilee School
Barat, Sanatkumar	14	...	New Indian School
Barnabas, Aruliah	18-1	...	Jaffna College
Barori, Atulchandra	13-6	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Manomohan	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
Baruya, Bipinchandra	17	...	Chittagong H. E. School
„ Mahadananda	15	...	Debrugarh High School
Basak, Asutosh	18	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bara- bazar Branch
„ Kunjabihari	17-6	...	Hindu School
„ Rajendralal	14	...	New Indian School
Basu, Amarendranath	17	...	Hare School
„ Atulkrishna	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Basantakumar	16	...	New Indian School
„ Basantakumar	15-10	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Charuchandra	16	...	Jessore Zila School
„ Girischandra	15	...	Agartala High School
„ Gobindaprasad	14-4	...	Jajpur H. E. School
„ Harinath	19	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Hemchandra	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jaminikanta	13-7	...	Tejpur High School
„ Jotindramohan	13	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Jageschandra	15	...	Chandpur Hasan Ali Jub. School
„ Jyotishchandra	16	...	Ranaghat H. A. V. School
„ Jyotishchandra	13	...	Sridhar Bansidhar School, Nawabganj
„ Kalipada	14-7	...	Ripon Collegiate School, How- rah Branch
„ Kisorimohan	12	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Matilal	18	...	New Indian School
„ Narendrakumar	15-1	...	Ditto
„ Narendrakumar	14	...	Bongong H. E. School
„ Narendranath	15-9	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Nisanath	15	...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Priyanath	17-11	...	B. M. Institution, Barisal
„ Rakhaladas	14-2	...	Kalighat H. E. School
„ Rakhalraj	15	...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
„ Rasbihari	20-7	...	Basirhat Municipal H. E. School
„ Sanjibchandra	15-6	...	Naihati Mahendra School
„ Sasithushan	18	...	Ulipur M. S. H. E. School
„ Satischandra	16-8	...	South Suburban School, Bhow- anipur
„ Satischandra	16-6	...	Hare School
„ Satischandra (Jr.)	16	...	Midnapur Town School
„ Satischandra	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Satyendrakumar	15-6	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
„ Sudhansumohan	14-6	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Surathkumar	18-4	...	Patna Collegiate School
„ Taraknath	13-5	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Umacharan	15-6	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady, Bankipur
„ Upendranath	15	...	Barasat Government School

Ba Thin	15-9	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Ba U.	17 6	...	Ditto
Bauwens, A.	16-1	..	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Berrie, John George	16-7	..	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Berrie, William Chalmers*	15-2	...	Ditto
Bhaduri, Nitaicharan	16	...	Oriental Seminary
Bhagan Das	16-10	..	Multan C. M. H. School
Bhandari, Hemantakumar	18	...	Mahisadal Raj School
Bhar, Haricharan	15-6	...	Ripon Collegiate School
Bhattacharyya, Abhaychandra	17	...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Amarchandra	16	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Anangachandra	16	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
„ Annadacharan	15-3	...	Naral Victoria Coll. School
„ Annadacharan	15	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Arabinda	14-7	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Basantakumar	17	...	Harinavi A. S. School
„ Bipinbihari	16	...	Ditto
„ Debendranath	16-6	...	Purulia Zila School
„ Gangadhar	14-3	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Gangeschandra	15-4	..	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Girischandra	17-10	...	Shillong Govt. High School
„ Gopalchandra	17-7	..	Hindu School
„ Haricharan	15-8	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Hemchandra	15-5	...	Kuchiakol Radha Institution
„ Jnaneschandra	15	...	Kesab Academy
„ Jogeschandra	13-2	...	Kandi School
„ Kalikisor	20	...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Kaminikumar	15-7	..	Ditto
„ Kesabchandra	17-10	...	Jaynagar Institution
„ Kisorimohan	15-5	...	Arrah Kayastha Jub. Academy
„ Mahendranath	16	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
„ Nibaranchandra	13-2	...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School
„ Pramathanath	17	..	Pabna Zila School
„ Rasiklal	19	...	Rowile High School
„ Saratchandra	17	...	Barahanagar Vic. School
„ Subodhchandra	14	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Syamacharan	16-2	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Tarinicharan	16	...	Faridpur Zila School
Bhaya, Upendranath	14	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Biswas, Amritalal	16	...	Naral Victoria Collegiate School
„ Gopalchandra	13	...	Khulra Zila School
„ Jogindrakrishna	14-1	...	Dasghara H. E. School
„ Kshetramohan	16	...	Aryan Instn., Calcutta
„ Satischandra	16-4	...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Satyakinkar	14-8	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
B. Kesheo Harihar	18-5	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Brahmachari, Syamacharan	14	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
Brajakisor Narayan	17	...	Chapra Zila School

* Passed in Drawing.

Brijakisore Prasad	14.5 ...	Gaya Zila School
Calogreedy, A.	19.5 ..	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling
Camell, J.	15-10...	St. Xavier's College
Carrapiett, R. S.	16-10...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Cartland, M.	16-8 ...	St. Xavier's College
Chaki, Nabagopal	12-6 ...	Mymensingh Zila School
Chakrabarti, Akhilchandra	15 ...	Barisal Zila School
„ Akshaykumar	17 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Basantakumar	16 ...	Santosh Jahnavi School
„ Basantakumar	14.4 ..	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Chandrakanta	18 ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal
„ Haridas	19 ...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
„ Jadumani	17 ...	Jara H. E. School
„ Jadunath	15.4 ...	Hindu School
„ Jnanendranath	13 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Jogindrachandra	18 ...	Senhati High School
„ Kailaschandra	14 ...	Commilla Zila School
„ Kalisundar	13 5 ...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Nabakumar	15 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Nisikanta	13 ...	Munshiganj H. E. School
„ Prasannakumar	18 ...	Feni H. E. School
„ Priyagopal	16-2 ..	Kalighat H. E. School
„ Priyanath	15-6 ...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
„ Purnendu	15 ...	Rangpur Zila School
„ Raicharan	19-3 ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal
„ Raimohan	15 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Rajendrakumar	15-6 ...	Aryan Institution, Calcutta
„ Saradindunarayan	14-9 ...	Gaya Zila School
„ Saratchandra	17.4 ...	Lakshmipur H. E. School
„ Saratchandra	16 ...	Senhati High School
„ Saratchandra	19-3 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Srischandra	15 ...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Surendranath	16-2 ...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Surendranath	16 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Sureschandra	14 ...	Bonamukhi Jubilee H. E. School
„ Susillal	16 ...	Taki Government School
Chamberlain, W.	15.7 ...	St. James' School
Chanda, Jamininath	16 ...	Rowile High School
Chandra, Aghorlal	17-6 ...	Hindu School
„ Jnanendranath	16-6 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Satyacharan	17 ...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
Chandrakumar	14 ...	Chapra Zila School
Chandra Narayan	18-4 ...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Chattopadhyay, Abanichandra	15 ...	Hindu School
„ Abinaschandra	13 ...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Adharchandra	17 ...	Ditto
„ Akhilchandra	16-6 ...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
„ Ambikacharan	17-2 ...	Barisal Zila School
„ Asutosh	17-6 ...	Hindu School
„ Asutosh	13-6 ...	Raja S. K.'s Institution, Rajbari
„ Bhubanmohan	17 ...	Calcutta Institution
„ Bidhubhushan	17 ...	Chakdighi Saradaprasad Instn.

Chattopadhyay, Bijaykrishna	15-4	...	Barasat Government School
" Bijaykrishna	17	...	Calcutta Institution
" Bijaypada	16-6	...	Kalna Maharaja's School
" Binaygopal	15	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow-Bazar Branch
" Bijaykrishna	15-4	...	Aryan Institution, Calcutta
" Binodbihari	14	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Bisweswar	15-6	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Brajaballabh	15	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Brajendrakumar	15	...	Nelphamari H. E. School
" Chandicharan	14-8	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Chandrakanta	16	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
" Charusasi	13-10	...	Birbhum School
" Dineschandra	15-8	...	Faridpur Zila School
" Gaganchandra	15	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Gopalchandra	15-6	...	Hindu School
" Haralal	14	...	Commilla Zila School
" Harisadhan	14	...	Searsole H. E. School
" Jatindralal	15-5	...	City Collegiate School
" Jatindramohan	15	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
" Jageschandra	14-7	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Jageschandra	17	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Jogindranath	16-10	...	Barisal Zila School
" Kalipada	13-3	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
" Karunakumar	15-2	...	Hughli Branch School
" Kesabchandra	14-2	...	Behala H. C. E. School
" Mohinimohan	16-3	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
" Nagendranath	15	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
" Nisapati	14	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Patiram	14-9	...	Northbrook School, Darbhanga
" Pramathanath	14	...	Albert Collegiate School
" Purnachandra	14	...	Hughli Branch School
" Rajanikanta	14-10	...	Searsole H. E. School
" Ramapati	15-2	...	Hare School
" Ramkinkar	16	...	Bankura Zila School
" Santosh	12-6	...	Raja S. K's Institution, Rajbari
" Satischandra	16	...	Santipur Municipal School
" Sibnath	12	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Srischandra	16	...	Narayanganj H. E. School
" Surendranath	15	...	Chakdighi Saradaprasad Instn.
" Sureschandra	15-8	...	C. M. S. Boys' Boarding School
" Syamadhan	17-6	...	Jaynagar Institution
" Tinkari (II.)	16-2	...	City Collegiate School
Chaudhuri, Abinaschandra	18	...	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School
" Amiyanath	14-11	...	St. Xavier's College
" Annadacharan	16	...	New Indian School
" Basantakumar	17	...	Pabna Zila School
" Bipinbihari	16	...	Barasat Government School
" Bipinchandra	13	...	Chittagong National Institution
" Chandicharan	16-3	...	Jangipur H. E. School
" Dwarkanath	17	...	Sylhet Maulavi Bazar H. School
" Gangacharan	16	...	Santosh Jhanavi School
" Harilal	17	...	Nokhali Rajkumar Jub. School

Chaudhuri, Krishnakanta	16-1	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Kumudnath	13-9	...	Ditto
" Kunjakisor	18	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
" Prasannanath	14	...	Naogaon K. D. School
" Rajanikanta	16	...	Sylhet Murarichand Collegiate School
" Saratchandra	13-6	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Sibagobinda	14-4	...	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School
" Srischandra	14-7	...	City Collegiate School
" Suryyakumar	18	...	Metropolitan Institution
Clarke, Douglas Allan	17-8	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Collaco, J.	17-8	...	St. Francis de Sale's School, Nagpur
Colthurst, Elsie Rose	...	...	Miss O'Brien's Day School
Conner, J. P.	17-2	...	St Paul's School, Darjeeling
Cumarasamy, T. T.	17-1	...	Juffna College
Curtis, W. L.	15-2	...	St Paul's School, Darjeeling
Das, Adharchandra	18-1	...	Oriental Seminary
" Asutosh	17	...	City Collegiate School
" Asutosh	16	...	Chakdighi Sarada Institution
" Bamapada	14-6	...	Ariadaha H. E. School
" Baradakanta	16-8	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
" Bhubaneswar	17	...	Jenkin's School, Kooch-Behar
" Bhubanmohan	15	...	Hughli Branch School
" Bhubanmohan	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Bisweswar	13-2	...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Dhaneswar	19-3	...	Janai Training School
" Gadadhar	12-9	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
" Gangacharan	15	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
" Girischandra	20-2	...	City Collegiate School, Myncn-singh Branch
" Gobardhan	12	...	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School
" Gobindachandra	17-9	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
" Golakchandra	16	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
" Harendrachandra	14-3	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Haripada	17	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution
" Hiranyamohan	14-3	...	Faridpur Zila School
" Jogindrachandra	17	...	Shillong Govt. High School
" Jogindranath	16-2	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
" Kartikchandra	15-4	...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
" Lakshminarayan	16	...	Ghatal Municipal H. E. School
" Madhusudan	20	...	Sylhet Government High School
" Muktinath	17	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
" Nadiabihari	16	...	Sylhet Government High School
" Nagendranath	15	...	Hare School
" Prakaschandra	15-2	...	Narayanganj H. E. School
" Purnachandra	14	...	Burdwan Albert Victor Instn.
" Radhakrishna	16	...	Balasore Zila School
" Rajkumar	15	...	Calcutta Institution
" Ramchandra	18	...	Kisorganj H. E. School
" Ramlochan	19-1	...	Sylhet National Institution
" Rohinikumar	14	...	Commilla Victoria School
" Saratchandra	15-9	...	Hindu School

Das, Saratchandra	15	...	Halisahar H. C. E. School
„ Saratchandra	18-5	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Sasibhushan	15-3	...	Jamalpur Donough High School
„ Sibaprasad	17	...	Balasure Zila School
„ Srinath	14	...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Subalchandra	17	...	Chinsura F. C. Institution
„ Surendranath	17	..	Hughli Coll. School
„ Tarinimohan	15-5	..	Jalpaiguri Zila School
Dasgupta, Anantakumar	14-9	...	Kalia H. E. School
„ Asutosh	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bisweswar	14-2	...	Kalia H. E. School
„ Harimohan	15	...	Commilla Victoria School
„ Jatindrakumar	16-8	..	Barisal Zila School
„ Nibaranchandra	16	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Saratchandra	14-3	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Satischandra	15	...	Khulna Zila School
„ Surendranath	13	...	Kalia H. E. School
Datta, Abinaschandra	14-10	...	Hare School
„ Akshaykumar	14-2	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Asutosh	17	...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
„ Bijaychandra	14-2	...	Hare School
„ Chintaharan	18-11	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Dasarathi	14-4	...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
„ Dharanidhar	13	...	Sherpur Victoria Academy
„ Haridas*	13-6	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Jaychandra	20	...	Silchar High School
„ Kartikcharan	18	...	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Kiransasi	18	...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
„ Munindranath	16-4	...	Aryan Institution
„ Nagendranath	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nalinikanta	14	...	Kesab Academy
„ Nanigopal	15-6	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Nityananda	15	...	Narayanganj H. E. School
„ Nripendranarayan	15-4	...	Hare School
„ Nriyagopal	14	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Pramathanath	16	...	T. N. Jubilee Coll. School
„ Rajmohan	17	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Ramanath	14-10	...	Shillong Govt. High School
„ Saratchandra	16-8	...	Krishnagar A. V. School
„ Sasibhushan	14	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Satischandra	16-4	...	Habiganj High School
„ Sitalprasad	16	...	Jahanabad High School
„ Sripati	13-8	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Srischandra	17	...	Gobardanga H. E. School
„ Surendrakisor	16-4	...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Sureschandra	16-4	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Syamacharan	15	...	Simla Bengal Academy
„ Upendranath	15	...	Halisahar H. C. E. School
Dattagupta, Taraknath	17	...	Bagirhat H. E. School

* Passed in Drawing.

Davidson, Louise	...	Rangoon Convent School
D'Costa, N.	15-11 ...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
D'Cruze, Edith Julia	... ..	La Martinière College for Girls
De, Bangachandra	14 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Bisweswar	20-10 ...	Barisal Zila School
„ Charuchandra	15 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Girischandra	14 ...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Goshthabihari	17-6 ...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Kanailal	15 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Kedarnath	18 ...	Kisorganj H. E. School
„ Manarathadhan	16 ...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Narendrakrishna	14 ...	New Indian School
„ Narendramohan	18-5 ...	Silchar High School
„ Rajmohan	14 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Ramgopal	17-9 ...	Sylhet National Institution
„ Saratchandra	15-7 ...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Satischandra	15 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Sricharan	17 ...	Midnapur Town School
„ Umeschandra	18-2 ...	Birbhum School
Deb, Rakhachandra	16 ...	South Subarban School, Bhowanipur
DeMello, Edith S.	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 13.)
DePenning, V. E.*	16-3 ...	La Martinière College, Calcutta
DeRozario, F. E. C.	15-9 ...	Doveton College
Devi Prasad Raghunath Prasad	17 ..	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Dhar, Jatindramohan	16 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Kiranmay	19-5 ...	Private Student (Roll. Hug. P. 1.)
„ Krishnalal	16 ...	Oriental Seminary
„ Nandalal	17 ...	Hare School
Dharma Shreedar Madhav	19 ...	Indore English Madrasa
Dillon, G. F. W. L.	16-4 ...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Dinker Dhundhiraj Jatar	15 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Dodsworth, P. T. L.	18-7 ...	Mussoorie School
Esuf Ali	15 ...	City Collegiate School
Faiznur Ally	15-8 ...	Debrugarh High School
Fernando, H. I.*	17-8 ...	Prince of Wales' Col., Moratuwa
Fienbarg, A.	18-8 ...	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling
Gangopadhyaya, Abinaschandra	14-3	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Baradakanta *	19-4 ...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Debendranath	17-3 ...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Haricharan	15-8 ...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Jagadisprasad	15-6 ...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Manmathanath	15-5 ...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Satischandra	17-6 ...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
„ Upendrachandra	13-2 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
Gasper, Ethel Gertrude	... ..	Loretto House, Calcutta
„ Florence Olive	... ..	La Martinière College for Girls
Ghatak, Bisweswar	13-6 ...	Berhampur Collegiate School
„ Matilal	13 ...	Bhagyakul H. C. E. School
„ Sureschandra	15 ..	Pabna Zila School

* Passed in Drawing.

Ghatakchaudhuri, Satis-chandra	13-2 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
Ghosh, Abinaschandra	18 ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Aghornath	17-10...	Berhampur Collegiate School
" Ambikadas	14 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Annadakanta	17-8 ..	Silchar High School
" Annadakumar	16-2 ..	Naral Victoria Coll School
" Anukulchandra	20-3 ...	Perozepur H. E. School
" Arabindaprakas	16-11...	Hindu School
" Asutosh	17 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Basantakumar	15 ..	Daulatpur High School
" Dhireschandra	17 7 ...	Hindu School
" Hemchandra	13 ...	Amta H. E. School
" Jadabchandra	17 ...	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur
" Jatindranath	14 ...	Ditto
" Jogindranath	15 ...	Baharu H. E. School
" Lalitmohan	15 ...	Jessore Zila School
" Narendranath	13-2 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
" Panchanan	16-2 ...	Purulia Zila School
" Prabodhchandra	15 ...	Barahanagar Victoria School
" Rajanikumar	14 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Rajendrachandra	14-8 ...	Midnapur Collegiate School
" Saratchandra	19 ...	Baharu H. E. School
" Sasibhushan	18 ...	Bagirhat H. E. School
" Satischandra	15 ...	Burdwan Municipal School
" Sibchandra	17-7 ...	Hindu School
" Srischandra	15 ...	Hare School
" Susilchandra	16 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Upendrachandra	16 ...	Kandi School
" Upendralal	17 ...	Noakhali Zila School
" Upendranath	15-11...	Ranchi Zila School
Ghoshal, Adharchandra	17-6 ..	Ghatal Municipal H. E. School
" Biharilal	20 ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Jogindralal	15 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Jogindranath	15 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Kailaschandra	18 ...	Chanchal Siddheswari Institution
Gleeson, F. H.	16-9 ...	St. George's College, Mussoorie
Gokul Prasad	16-6 ...	Sagar High School
Golam Ali Hyder	18 ...	Saran Academy
Gopal Vinayek Kekre*	16-9 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Gopinath	14-8 ...	Behar H. C. E. School
Goswami, Abanimohan*	18 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Akshayachandra	15-10...	Chatra H. C. E. School
" Amulyachandra	14 ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
" Jugalkisor	15 ...	Meherpur H. C. E. School
" Prabhaschandra	18 ...	Sirampur Union Institution
" Radharaman	16-2 ...	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School
Gould, H.	17 ...	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling
Govind Ronia	16 ...	City School, Nagpur
Grenon, C. F.	16-5 ...	La Martinière College, Calcutta

Passed in Drawing.*

Guha, Pabitraraman	16-5 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Praphullachandra	13-4 ...	Ditto
„ Sachindrachandra	14-6 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Surryyakumar	15-6 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Umeschandra	22 ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
Gunaratnam, R.	18-1 ...	Jaffna College
Gunpat, Khando Bhalerao*	15-11...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Gupta, Bhuvanmohan	15-3 ..	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Bhuvanmohan	16-2 ...	Ramgopalpur P. J. K. H. Schl.
„ Dhirendranath	16 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jatindra	15-6 ...	St. Xavier's College
„ Lalitmohan (I.)	17-3 ...	Barisal Zila School
„ Lalitmohan (II.)	17-5 ...	Ditto
„ Mahendrakumar	16 ...	Sylhet Government High School
„ Nanigopal	16-10...	Hindu School
„ Syamacharan	16-8 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
Guria, Krittibas	18-3	Tamluk Hamilton School
Halidar, Asutosh	16 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Saratchandra	16 ...	Hare School
„ Syamdhan	16 ...	Behala H. C. E. School
Harihar Prasad	16-1 ...	St. Xavier's College
Harihar Ramchandra Lohakere	17-2 ...	F. C. Insutitution, Nagpur
Hari Sakharama Dandaikar	17-5 ...	Oriental Seminary
Hari Sheoram	15-6 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Hart, T. T.	15-4 ...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Hazlewood, A. L.	16-2 ...	St. Paul's High Schl., Rangoon
Hewlett, C. G.	17-10...	Ludhiana C. B. B. School
H. Leng Ngee	18-3 ...	Maulmein Govt High School
Hunter, D. J.	17-3 ...	Calcutta Boys' School
Imam Ali	16 ...	Mymensingh Zila School
Isaacson, H. S.	17-8 ...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Ishwari Prashad	24 ...	Private Student(Roll. Bha. P. 6.)
Jan Muhammad	17 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
Jana, Harischandra	18 ...	Mahisadal Raj School
„ Kusaprasad	17-1 ...	Contai H. E. School
Janki Prasad, B.	13-7 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Jarbo, W.	16-9 ...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Joseph, H. P.	16-3 ...	Wesley College, Colombo
Kabasi, Kusilal	16 ...	Dhankuria H. E. School
„ Radhanath	15-10...	Ditto
Kamla Prasad	14 ...	Darbhanga Raj School
Kanagasapy, A.	17-1 ...	Jaffna College
Kanungui, Jogindralal	15 ...	Chittagong Collegiate School
Kanjilal, Jnanendranath	13 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
Kar, Atalbihari	14 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Bhutnath	14-6 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Dasarathi	16-4 ...	Hindu School
„ Mathuranath	15 ...	Khararia High School
Karmakar, Adharchandra	18 ...	Chanchal Siddheswari Instn.

* Passed in Drawing.

Karmakar, Nabinchandra	20	...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Raimohan	14-4	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Sasibhushan	16-1	...	Boinchi B. L. Institution
„ Srikanta	14 6	...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
Karmchand	16-2	...	Lahore C. M. School
Khamaru, Upendranath	16	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
Khan, Harischandra	14-2	...	Howrah Municipal School
Khasnabis, Rajendrakumar	15	...	Noakhali Rajkumar Jub. School
Khastgir, Upendralal	18	...	Chittagong Municipal School
Khushi Ram Agarwala	15-3	...	Lahore C. M. School
Konar, Bamapada	17	...	Chakdighi Sarada Institution
Krishna Lakshman Peshawe	17-5	...	Nagpur High School
Krishna Sahay	14-9	...	Gaya Zila School
Kundu, Bijaychandra	16-6	...	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School
„ Haripada	16-6	...	Barrackpur Government School
„ Kunjobinod	14-2	...	Lohajang H. C. E. School
„ Sasadhar	13-5	...	Bogra Zila School
„ Satischandra	15-2	...	Hughli Collegiate School
Laha, Sasibhushan	16	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Lahiri, Baradaprasad	18-5	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Bhujangabhushan	17	...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Satischandra	14-7	...	Faridpur Zila School
Lucas, C. J.	16-10	...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Luffmann, B. E.	15-10	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Lydiard, L. W. C.	17-1	...	St. Xavier's College
Mackay, J. S.	16-10	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Madak, Gobindachandra	15-2	...	Bishenpur H. E. School
Madanmohan Sahay	16	...	Chapra Zila School
Madho Charan	12	...	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School
Mahajan, Hari Kashinath	18-2	...	Indore English Madrasa
Mahamed Akbar Ali	14-6	...	Mymensingh Zila School
Mahanti, Adwaitacharan	15	...	Puri Zila School
„ Narsinhacharan	17-2	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Mahatabuddin Ahmed	15	...	Dinajpur Zila School
Maitra, Aswinikumar	14	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Basantakumar	16	...	Jenkin's School, Kooch-Behar
„ Jnanadaprasad	18	...	Naral Victoria Collegiate School
„ Nalinikanta	17-1	...	Tejpur High School
„ Radhikanath	17	...	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School
„ Saratchandra	15	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
„ Taracharan	15	...	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School
Majumdar, Atulchandra	16	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Bagalamohan	15	...	Chandpur Hasan Ali Jub. School
„ Basantakumar	16-5	...	Chanchal Siddheswari Instn.
„ Binodlal	17	...	Daulatpur High School
„ Bipinbihari	14-6	...	Hughli Branch School
„ Birendranath	17-5	...	Netrokona Dutt H. School
„ Girischandra	15-4	...	Khulna Zila School
„ Haricharan	15-6	...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
„ Haridas	16-5	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Kalachand	16-5	...	Purulia Zila School

Majumdar, Kisorimohan	15-6	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Mahimchandra	16-9	...	Noakhali Zila School
" Nripalchandra	17-4	...	Sri Bharati Institution
" Nripendrakumar	16	...	Nowgong High School
" Rajendralal	14-8	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Ramanikisor	15	...	Mymensingh Zila School
" Santichandra	16-4	...	Ditto
" Satyakumar	14-3	...	Burdwan Raj Coll. School
" Sukumar	18	...	Murarichand Coll. Schl., Sylhet
" Tarinicharan	16	...	Kushtia H. E. School
Malakar, Pyarimohan	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
Mallik, Bijaykrishna	16-2	...	Chapra Zila School
" Haridas	16	...	Oriental Seminary
" Kshetranath	18	...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
" Manilal	14-2	...	Hughli Branch School
" Panchanan	17	...	Hughli Collegiate School
Mamtazbar Rahman Tarafdar*	19-6	...	Bogra Zila School
Mandal, Gobindachandra	15-1	...	Bagnan H. E. School
" Pulinbihari	14	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Satischandra	16	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
Manomohan Lall	13-9	...	Lahore C. M. School
Maqbul Hosain	14-10	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
Martin, O. K.	16-3	...	Doyeton College
Maung Taw	14-8	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Maung Wah	16-5	...	Ditto
Mazheral Haq	14-7	...	Calcutta Madrasa
McDonald, Esther Stella*	...	...	La Martinière College for Girls
McDowell, Elsie C.*	...	...	Woodstock School
Merces, A.	17-2	...	St. Xavier's College
Mirza Shagufta Bukht	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
Misra, Basudeb	16-6	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Mitra, Ambikacharan	16-6	...	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School
" Ambikacharan	17	...	Calcutta Institution
" Banwarilal	13	...	Naral Victoria Collegiate School
" Banwarilal	17-6	...	Gosain Durgapur H. E. School
" Basantakumar	16	...	Magura H. E. School
" Benimadhab	16	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
" Charuchandra	16	...	Garbeta H. E. School
" Debendranath	16-6	...	Harinavi A. S. School
" Girischandra	19	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
" Guruprasad	18	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
" Harisatya	15-6	...	Konnagar H. E. School
" Jnanendrachandra	14	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
" Jogindranath	13-3	...	Calcutta Institution
" Khagendranath	14	...	Howrah Municipal School
" Matilal	14	...	Naral Victoria Collegiate School
" Narendranath	15	...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
" Narendranath	15	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Prasannachandra	13-6	...	Noakhali Zila School
" Saratchandra	17	...	Tangail Bindubasini School

* Passed in Drawing.

Mitra, Saratchandra	15	...	Jessore Zila School
„ Sudhanyakumar	17-9	...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Surendranath	14	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Upendrachandra	14-3	...	Katwa H. E. School
„ Upendrakumar	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
Mohanlal Diwan	16-3	...	Amritsar C. M. H. School
Mohammad Asghar Ali	14-4	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Moreno, H.	17-10	...	St. Xavier's College
Mahammad Abdul Gafore Khan	17-8	...	Hosangabad Govt. H. School
Muhammad Abid	16	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Muhammad Ibrahim	15-4	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Muhammad Kabir Ahmed Khan	17-2	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Muhammad Mobeen	13	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Muhammad Shafi	13-5	...	Ditto
Muhammad Tamizuddin Mian	16	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Mukhopadhyay, Akshaykumar	16	...	Barrackpur Government School
„ Anukulchandra	17	...	Ranaghat H. A. V. School
„ Asutosh	19-6	...	Kagram H. E. School
„ Atalchandra	18	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bhutnath	20	...	Metrop Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Bishnucharan	16	...	Bagati H. E. School
„ Debendranath	16	...	Balagarh H. E. School
„ Debendranath	14	...	Ilsoba Mondlye School
„ Gopeschandra	19-8	...	Birbhum School
„ Gurupada	14	...	Dainhat H. E. School
„ Harendrakumar	16-2	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Haricharan (II.)	15-3	...	City Collegiate School
„ Haridas	13	...	Jamalpur H. E. School
„ Harilal	14-6	...	Balagarh H. E. School
„ Haripada	15-5	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Haripada	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Harisadhan	14-2	...	Kalna Maharaja's School
„ Indranath	18	...	Bali River's Thompson School
„ Janakinath	13-10	...	Sil's Free College
„ Jibanpati	18	...	Amta H. E. School
„ Jugalkisor	15-10	...	Saran Academy
„ Jotindramohan	18-1	...	Bagbazar Model School
„ Joytischandra	12-4	...	Lahajang High School
„ Kalidhan	16-6	...	Ripon Coll. Schl., H. Branch.
„ Kesabchandra	14-9	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kshetradas	15	...	Ditto
„ Kshetramohan	15-6	...	Ditto
„ Makhangopal	16-9	...	Tamluk Hamilton School
„ Narendranath	15-11	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Panchanan	16	...	Kagram H. E. School
„ Prakashchandra	18	...	Srirampur Union Institution
„ Praphullakumar	17-10	...	Gobardanga H. E. School
„ Praphullakumar	16	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
„ Radharaman	13-7	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
„ Saratchandra	16-7	...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
„ Satischandra	13-6	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Satischandra	18-7	...	Century School, Calcutta

Mukhopadhyay, Satyendranath	15...	New Indian School
„ Sitanath	13 ..	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Sudhirkumar	14-2 ...	Raniganj H. E. School
„ Surendranath	15-1 ..	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Tinkari	17 ..	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Trailokyanath	17 ..	Khararia High School
„ Udaychandra	15 ..	Bagbazar Model School
„ Upendranath	14-6 ...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
„ Muktaprasad	20 ...	Teacher (Roll. Nag. T. 2.)
Nag, Basantakumar	14-1 ..	Commilla Victoria School
„ Gopalchandra	16 ...	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee Schl.
Najabut Hussain	13 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Nuj-buddin Ahamed	20 ...	Private Student (Roll Cal. p. 32.)
Nanda, Chandrasekhar	14-11 ...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Nandi, Banamali	17 ...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Hemendranath	14 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Jaykumar	18-6 ...	Shillong Govt. High School
„ Jageschandra	16-10 ..	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Kalicharan	16-7 ...	Hindu School
Narayan Ramsa Dhole	18 ...	City School, Nagpur
Narbada Prasad	16 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Naskar, Ramsankar	17 ...	Jaynagar Institution
Navaratna Panday	14-5 ..	Gaya Zila School
Nawab Miyan	13-5 ...	Chittagong H. E. School
Nayak, Bansidhar	15-3 ...	Puri Zila School
„ Hrishikes	14-2 ...	Jangipur H. E. School
Nene Sadashiva Neelkanth	19-6 ...	Indore English Madrasa
Nicholas, A. A.	16-2 ..	Rangoon Collegiate School
Niyogi, Banikantha	17 ...	Monghyr K. P. Institution
„ Binaybhushan	13-1 ...	Nawab's H. Schl. Murshidabad
„ Jyotischandra	14-4 ...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Narendranath	14-3 ..	Maldah Zila School
Old, Louisa*	..	Diocesan Girls' Schl., Naini Tal
Ondaatje, A.	17-3 ...	Trinity College, Kandy
Otto, E. C.	15-5 ..	Doveton College
Pal, Bidhubhushan	15 ...	Kandi School
„ Durgacharan	18 ...	Kalighat H. E. School
„ Gokulchandra	15 ...	Feni H. E. School
„ Haripada	15 ...	Bandipur High School
„ Kalidas	16 ...	Chatra H. C. E. School
„ Narendranath	15 ...	Hare School
„ Phakirchandra	18-10 ..	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Saratchandra	14-4 ...	Konnagar H. E. School
„ Satischandra	15-9 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ *Tarinicharan	14-5 ..	Hughli Collegiate School
Palchaudhuri Amarendranath	15-4 ..	Kalna Maharaja's School
„ Gunendranath	16 ...	Ranaghat H. A. V. School
Palit, Sailendranath	16-4 ...	Hare School
Pampu Sing	16 ...	Gauhati High School
Pathak, Mahadeb	14-1 ...	Katwa High School

* Passed in Drawing.

Patwari, Upendranath	16-3 ...	Bantra H. C. E. School
Peal, J.	16-4 ...	St. Xavier's College
Ponniiah, K.	17-11 ...	Jaffna College
Pramanik, Rasbihari	14 ...	Baharu H. E. School
Proctor, Robert C.	15-8 ...	Jaffna College
Quillet, P. L.	15-6 ...	La Martinière College, Calcutta
Quinn, A.	17-10 ...	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling
Raghubans Sahay	18 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Raghunath Ramchandra Bum- baywale	18 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Raha, Anukulchandra	19 ...	Brajamohon Institution, Barisal
Ramadeva Narayana	16 ...	Chapra Zila School
Ramchandra Balkrishna Kakde*	14-3 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Ramchandra Motiram	16-9 ...	Raipur High School
Ramchandra Pralhad Desh- pandey	15-4 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Ramcharan Lal	14-1 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Ramkrit Sinha	16-5 ...	Gaya Zila School
Ramoo Lal	16 ...	Chapra Zila School
Ram, Prasad	19 ...	Private Student (Roll. Pat P. 14.)
Rana, Bhagirath	17 ...	Balasore Zila School
Ratan Singh	17-6 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Ratna, M. D.	17-4 ...	Jaffna College
Rattan Chand Khanna	18-3 ...	Lahore C. M. School
Ray, Akshaykumar	18 ...	Khulna Zila School
„ Anandamohan	19-3 ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Asutosh	17-4 ...	Ditto
„ Atulkrishna	15 ...	L. M. S. Instn, Bhowanipur
„ Bipinchandra	15-2 ...	Habiganj High School
„ Birpratap	16-3 ...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Biswanath	15 ...	Parjana M. N. H. E. School
„ Brajanath	17 ...	Jenkin's School, Kooch-Behar
„ Debendranath	15 ...	Ranchi Zila School
„ Dhirajchandra	14-6 ...	Sudhakarpur H. E. School
„ Haranchandra	15 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Hemendrakumar*	15-10 ...	Hare School
„ Jagadananda	15 ...	Pabna Zila School
„ Jogindranath	14 ...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Jyotindranath	15-2 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Krishnagobinda	17-9 ...	Dighapatiya H. E. School
„ Lalanchandra	16-9 ...	Dinajpur Zila School
„ Monoranjan	13-8 ...	Khararia High School
„ Mohitchandra	17 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Nagendranath	15 ...	Khararia High School *
„ Nilratan	16-8 ...	New Indian School
„ Prabhakar	16-2 ...	Jara H. E. School
„ Prabhansukumar	15-7 ...	City Collegiate School
„ Prabhaschandra	15-4 ...	Bankura Zila School
„ Prakaschandra	16 ...	Pabna Zila School
„ Pratapchandra	14-2 ...	Chanchal Siddheswari Instn.

* Passed in Drawing.

Ray, Rajendraprasad	16-7	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Rameschandra	16-4	...	Hindu School
„ Rasamay	17	...	Banoripara Union Institution
„ Rasikchandra	14	...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Rasikchandra	14	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Saratchandra (I.)	13	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Satinath	17	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	14-7	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
„ Satyendrakumar	16-4	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Subodhchandra	15	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Surendramohan	14	...	Santosh Jahnavi School
„ Surendranath	15	...	Kuchia Kol Radha Instn.
„ Tarapada	13-9	...	Purbasthali Victoria Institution
„ Taritbhushan	13	...	Bagyakul H. C. E. School
„ Tribhubaneswar	13-4	...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
Raychaudhuri, Ajitnath	14-3	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
„ Charuchandra	17-8	...	Hitampur H. E. School
„ Debendranath	14	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Haraprasanna	18	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Pramathanath	16-3	...	Madaripur H. C. E. School
„ Surendranarayan	14	...	Kushtia H. E. School
Reaks, F. H.	16-3	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Rice, P.	15-5	...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Robert, J.	15-9	...	Jaffna College
Sadashio Dhondba Kimmattkar	17	...	City School, Nagpur
Saha, Dasaratha	17	...	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School
„ Harimohan	17	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Nabinchandra	15	...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Nriyagopal	14	...	Beldanga H. E. School
„ Premananda	16	...	Narayanganj H. E. School
„ Rajanikanta	17	...	Metropolitan Instn., Balakhana
Sandrasagra, J.	17-9	...	St. Xavier's College [Branch
Sanyal, Binaykumar	16	...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Ganganath	16	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Jyotischandra	15	...	Cotton Institution
Sarkar, Benimadhab	16-3	...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
„ C. N.	13	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Harischandra	13-4	...	Howrah Bible H. C. E. School
„ Kedarnath	14-2	...	Sirajganj B. L. School
„ Mahendranath	16-6	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Nalinihari	15-6	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Narayanchandra	16-8	...	Lalgola Vic. Jub. H. E. School
„ Narendranath	14-7	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Radhaballabh	15-6	...	Barasat Government School
„ Satischandra	14	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
„ Satischandra	13	...	Berhampur Hindu Academy
„ Taraknath	15	...	Puri Zila School
„ Upendrachandra	13-11	...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
Sarma, Purnachandra	16	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
Saw Chin Cheng	16-5	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Saw Chin Htin	14-7	...	Iditto

Scott, W. H.	16-5 ...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Sen, Amritlal	22 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Aswinikumar	18-3 ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Atulchandra	17-11 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Bamandas	15 ...	Faridpur Zila School
" Bankubihari	15 ...	Ripon Collegiate School
" Charuchandra	16 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Debendranath	16-5 ...	Senhati High School
" Dineschandra	16 ...	Metropolitan Inst., Balakhna Br.
" Durgaprasanna	16 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Gopinath	14 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Harakumar	16 ...	Lohajang High School
" Haridas	16-1 ...	Ranaghat H. A. V. School
" Indubhushan	18 ...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
" Jagadisachandra	13-6 ...	Dinajpur Zila School
" Jagatchandra	15-7 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Jogeschandra	17 ...	Fabna Zila School
" Jogindranath	20-6 ...	Chittagong Collegiate School
" Kalimohan	16 ...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
" Lalitchandra	16 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Nandakisor	16-6 ...	Deogarh H. C. E. School
" Pramathanath	15 ...	Bankura Zila School
" Pramathanath	15 ...	Searsole H. C. School
" Radheschandra	15-9 ...	Dinajpur Zila School
" Rajendranath	15 ...	Albert Collegiate School
" Rajkumar	14 ...	Senhati High School
" Rasaranjan	18 ...	Ditto
" Rasikchandra	18 ...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
" Sachindrakumar	14-6 ...	Century School, Calcutta
" Sarala	... ...	Bethune Collegiate School
" Sasijiban	14 ...	Chittagong Municipal School
" Satischandra	14 ...	Kesab Academy
" Satischandra	18 ...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
" Satyendranath	15-6 ...	Hindu School
" Sriskumar	13-10 ...	Shillong Govt. High School
" Surendrakisor	13 ...	L. M. S. Instn. Bhowanipur
" Surendranath	13-6 ...	Meherpur H. C. E. School
" Surendranath	13-5 ...	Chittagong Collegiate School
" Taraprasad	15 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Upendranath	16-10 ...	Faridpur Zila School
Sengupta, Biharlal	18-2 ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Hemantakumar	19 ...	Naral Vic. Collegiate School
" Hridayranjan	15-8 ...	Albert Collegiate School
" Jaminikanta	14 ...	Khararia High School
" Jitendranath	15 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Academy, Bankipur
" Jyotindramohan	16 ...	Dhubri High School
" Parbaticharan	15 ...	Santosh Jahnavi School
" Rajendrachandra	18-3 ...	Barisal Zila School
" Rakhbalchandra	15-7 ...	Albert Collegiate School
" Sasibhushan	15-3 ...	Dumka Zila School
Set, Batabihari	15-10 ...	Hindu School
" Sahayram	18 ...	Balagarh H. E. School
Shadwell, R.	17-5 ...	Calcutta Boys' School

Shafiqul Hasan	13	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
Shaikh Inayetullah	14-10	..	Bankura Zila School
„ Majid Ali	16	...	Sagar High School
Shamsuddin Ahmed	17	...	Dacca Madrasa
Sankar Somaiya	23	...	Teacher (Roll. Nag. T. 3.)
Sharman, Grace	..	...	Bishop's School, Nagpur
Sheodas Krishna	15 4	...	Nagpur High School
Shriniwas Gopal Kelkar	17-2	..	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Siddik Ahmad	14	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Sil, Nitaichand	13-3	...	Hughli Collegiate School
Sinha, Amritlal	16-9	...	Tamluk Hamilton School
„ Banwarilal	17-9	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
„ Bholanath	15-3	...	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Ganapati	16-6	..	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
„ Hemchandra	16	...	Habiganj High School
„ Lalitmadhab	19-1	...	Birbhum School
„ Rajanikanta	16	...	Chittagong H. E. School
„ Satischandra	16	...	Jhikra H. C. E. School
„ Udaychandra	14-5	...	Lalgola Vic. Jub H E. School
„ Umeschandra	15	...	Mymensingh Zila School
Sinharay, Lalmohan	17	...	Chakdighi Sarada Institution
Sinnatampy, K.	15-9	...	Jaffna College
Sivapershad	13	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Sluney, W. G.	18	...	St. Francis de Sale's School, Nagpur
Smyth, Mary	...	...	Teacher (Roll. Ran T. 2.)
Som, Haridas	15-8	...	Hare School
Southon, C. E	17-9	...	Mussoorie School
Sparke, Harry Charles	15-3	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Srimani, Charuchandra	16	...	Hare School
S. Shaifuddin Ahmed	13-10	...	Debrugarh High School
Stapleton, Agatha E. L.	...	...	Pratt Memorial School
St. Romaine, J.	18-9	...	St. Xavier's College
Subramaniyapillai Sivapatha			
„ Sunderampillai	14-3	...	Private Student (Roll. Jaf. P. 6.)
Sullivan, Rose	...	...	Teacher (Roll. Ran. T. 3.)
Suppiramaniapillai	•	...	
„ Vytialingapillai	17-10	...	Private Student (Roll. Jaf. P. 5.)
Sur, Atulchandra	15-5	...	Patna Collegiate School
„ Jogindrachandra	15	...	Telinipara Bhadreswar School
„ Priyanath	• 13	...	Sridhar Bansidhar School, Nawabganj
Surya Bhan	19-3	...	Jabalpur Hitakarini Sabha H. School
S. Wali Muhammad	16-8	...	Sagar High School
Swan, G. A.*	15-7	...	La Martinière College, Calcutta
Swaries, A.	16-3	...	St Joseph's Boarding School
Syed Ahmed Ali	15	...	Chapra Zila School

* Passed in Drawing.

Syed Muhammed Zaki	17	..	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Wazir Hyder	17-4	...	Patna Collegiate School
Ta, Radhakisor	16-5	...	Metropolitan Instn., Bara Brch.
Tafazzel Husain	17-5	..	Faridpur Zila School
Tagore, Manisha		...	Loretto House, Calcutta
Taharat Karim	17	...	M. A. A. School, Patna
Talapatra, Satischandra	18	...	Dighapatiya H. E. School
Tarafdar, Surendranath	15	...	Majdia Railbazar H. E. School
Tatya Govind Avaley	17	..	City School, Nagpur
Trimbak Balwant Bhanage	17	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Tripathi, Jugalkisor	14-6	...	Ranchi Zila School
Twidale, G. F.	16-11	..	La Martinière College, Calcutta
Tydemant, E.	23-10	...	Teacher (Roll Lah. T. 2.)
Vaithilingan, M.	16-8	...	Jaffna College
Vaithilingan, S	16-9	...	Ditto
Vinayak Ganesh Kanhere	16-3	...	City School, Nagpur
Vishnu Dyal	15-11	...	Patna Collegiate School
Vishwanath Ganesh Udhawa	19	..	Pte. Student (Roll. Nag. P. 63.)
Vyse, J. C.	14-1	...	Calcutta Boys' School
Waman Venkat Rao Gharpure	17-3	...	City School, Nagpur
Werasut Husein	19	..	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
West, Ethel May	...	...	La Martinière College for Girls
Wijesuriya, D. E.*	17-10	...	St Thomas' College, Colombo
Willis, Euphemia	..	...	Pratt Memorial School
Willis, Gladys A. G.	...	...	Ditto
Wilson, Arthur Bruce	17-4	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Yeakubaly	18 11	...	Faridpur Hindu Institution
Zainulabideen	19	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Ziaul Huq	17-3	...	Kendrapara H. E. School

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul Aziz	14	...	Hughli Collegiate School
Abdul Aziz	17	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
Abdul Hafeez	15	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Abdul Hafiz	16	...	Darbhanga Dalton Institution
Abdul Hamid	19	...	Burdwan Municipal School
Abdul Jabbar	17	...	Dacca Pogose School
Abdul Majid	14	...	Monghyr Zila School
Abdul Quadir	17-2	..	Patna City School
Abdul Sattar	16-2	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
Abdul Wahid	19	...	Barari Rai H. M. T. Free H. E. School
Abdur Rahim	18	..	Sylhet Murari Chand Coll. Schl.
Abdur Rahim	15	...	Monghyr Victoria Jubilee School
Abdur Rahim	18	...	Rangpur Zila School
Abdur Rahman	14 7	...	Noakhali Zila School

* Passed in Drawing.

Abraham, Aaron	19-8	...	Nagpur High School
Abu Saieed	14	..	Midnapur Collegiate School
Acharyya, Jatindranath	15-6	...	Harinarayanpur High School
" Ramodacharan	17 6	..	Sonamganj Jubilee High School
" Prasannakumar	15-6	...	Bishenpur H. E. School
" Saratchandra	16	..	Behala H. C. E. School
Adhikari, Panchanan	16-5	...	Sadhuhati H. E. School
" Pyarilal	17	...	Pabna Zila School
" Satischandra	18	..	Kandi School
" Satischandra	16	..	Albert Collegiate School
Ahmad	15-3	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Aich, Sureschandra	14-8	...	Noakhali Zila School
Ajudhiaprasd Bhargava	18 9	..	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Akhourree Ramjee Prasad	14-6	...	Patna Collegiate School
A. K. Rahat Ali Khan	15	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Alauddin Ahmad	15	...	Bhagalpur Madrasa
Alexander, L.	15-9	...	St. Xavier's College
Ali Ahmad	14	..	Midnapur Collegiate School
Altaf Karim	15-6	...	Patna Collegiate School
Ambadas Jayram Panchabhai	25	...	Prte. Student (Roll. Nag. P. 17.)
Ambalavanar, A.	20	...	Jaffna College
Ambica Prasad	17-9	...	Arrah Zila School
Amir Hossain	13-2	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Amir Hossain	21-6	...	Private Student (Roll. Pat. P. 7.)
Amjad Ali	21	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
Amjad Hussain	16	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Anand Gopal Deshmukha	16	...	Raipur High School
Anjumul Husain Ahmed	14-6	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Ash, Balaichand	18	...	General Assembly's Institution
Ashraf Mohamed Shamsul Hoda	17-6	..	Calcutta Madrasa
Audhbehari Lal	15-9	...	Arrah Zila School
Ayodhea Sinha	19	...	Darbhanga Raj School
Ayodhya Ram Tiwari	20	...	Palamow Govt. School
Azgar Ali	15	...	Commilla Zila School
Azharuddin Ahmed	17-8	...	Shazadpur H. E. School
Azizar Rohman	16	...	Nowgong High School
Badiozzamal Ahmed	19	...	Golaghat Bezbaruya High School
Badrisaran Singh	20	...	Gaya Zila School
Bagchi, Bijaykrishna	14-8	...	New Indian School
" Harimohan	14-10	...	Gaya Zila School
" Herambachandra	16	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Krishnalal	16 10	...	Metropolitan Instn, S. Branch
" Madhusudan	13-5	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Syamchandra	15	..	Santosh Jahnvi School
Bajrang Sahay	15	...	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School
Baksi, Lalitmohan	15-7	...	Sirajganj B. L. School
Balajee Govind Kapray	20-5	...	City School, Nagpur
Balaji Pandurang Wachasunder	18	..	Ditto
Balajee Sheoram Rotiwar	19	...	Ditto
Balanki Misra	16-7	...	Sambalpur High School
Bala Ram	16-6	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Baldeonarayan	16	...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School

Baliram Raosaheb Joshi	18-4 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Balkishore Prasad	15-7 ...	Arrah Kayastha Jubilee Acdy.
Balkrishna Bapujee Bharguwar	17 ...	City School, Nagpur
Balkrishna Laxman Bhat De-		
gamvar	17-6 ...	Private Student (Roll. Nag. P. 26)
Balkrishna Sakharan Tembhekar	17	City School, Nagpur
Baloo Madhao Bargi	18 ...	Ditto
Balavant Shrikrishna Phatak	19 ...	Indore English Madrasa
Balavant Yadava Kulkarni	19 ...	Ditto
Balwant Raghao Deshmukh	14-8 ...	City School, Nagpur
Balwant Rai	16-7 ...	Amritsar M. B. School
Banarsi Das	14-8 ...	Delhi A. S. V. J. School
Bandyopadhyay, Abanimadhab	16-4	Matihari Zila School
„ Aghornath	14-6 ...	Azimganj B. P. K. J. H. E. School
„ Amarendranath	16-10 ...	Ranchi Zila School
„ Amritlal	16 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Amulyaratna	15-7 ...	Jangipur H. E. School
„ Annadamohan	13 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Asutosh	16 ...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Asutosh	13-6 ...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
„ Aswinikumar	17 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Aswinikumar	17 ...	Naldanga Bhushan School
„ Atulkrishna	15 ...	Halisahar H. C. School
„ Baidyanath	17 ...	Srirampur Union Institution
„ Biharilal	20-3 ...	Raj Chandra Collegiate School
„ Bijaykrishna	16 ...	Chinsura F. C. Institution
„ Bijaymadhab	14-6	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Binaykrishna	16 ...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 5)
„ Binodbihari	16 ...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
„ Binodbihari	16-6 ...	Calcutta Institution
„ Brajanath	14 ...	Muragacha H. E. School
„ Chandicharan	15 ...	Chakdighi Sarada Institution
„ Chandrabhushan	19-10 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Charuchandra	17 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Debendranath	18 ...	Purnea Zila School
„ Dwarkanath	15 ...	New Indian School
„ Girischandra	18 ...	Contai H. E. School
„ Gopalchandra	17-3 ...	Baluti H. E. School
„ Gopalchandra	20-1 ...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 54.)
„ Gopallal	21-8 ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Haranarayan	18 ...	Khanakul Krishnagar P. K. Seminary
„ Harisadhan	15 ...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Hemlal	18 ...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Herembachandra	20 ...	Aryan Institution, Calcutta
„ Jatindrachandra	14-1 ...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Jatindramohan	14-6 ...	Hughli Branch School
„ Jatindranath	15-5 ...	Hare School
„ Jatindranath	14-10 ...	Hindu School
„ Jnanendranath	16-10 ...	Mahestala H. E. School
„ Jogindranath	14 6 ...	Rajshahi Collegiate School
„ Jogindranath	17-2 ...	Mahestala H. E. School

Bandyopadhyay, Kalikrishna	15	...	Telinipara Bhadreswar School
" Kalipada	15-8	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
" Kamakhacharan	18	...	Kisorganj H. E. School
" Kbagendranath	14-9	..	Midnapur Collegiate School
" Krishnalal	15	...	New Indian School
" Kshetramohan	17-4	..	Bali Rivers Thompson School
" Kuladacharan	17	..	Lalgola Vic Jub. H. E. School
" Lalitmohan	13-2	...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
" Mahendrachandra	19-4	...	Patna Collegiate School
" Mahendralal	15-7	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
" Mahendranath	18	...	Faridpur Zila School
" Manmathanath	16-8	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Mohinimohan	14-9	...	Pakur H. E. School
" Nagendranath	14-1	...	Khulna Zila School
" Nagendranath	15	..	Barahanagar Victoria School
" Nalinchandra	16	...	Metropolitan Instn., Balakhana Branch
" Narendrakrishna	16	—	Hindu School
" Nibaranchandra	16	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Prabharanjan	19-6	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 1.)
" Rajbhushan	15-6	...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
" Rajendrachandra	17	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Rajendralal	19	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Rajendranath	17-2	..	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
" Ramlal	17-1	...	Jaynagar Institution
" Rangalal	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Ranjankrishna	15-7	...	South Suban. Schl., Bhowanipur
" Saratchandra	15-1	...	Mahanad F. C. Mission School
" Saratkumar	13-6	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Saratkumar	17	..	New Indian School
" Sarojranjan	15	..	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
" Sashibhusan	16-6	...	Kuch Kuchia High School
" Satischandra Jr.	14	..	Halisahar H. C. E. School
" Satischandra	15-6	...	Kuchiakol Radha Institution
" Satischandra	16-6	..	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
" Satischandra	18-8	..	Santosh Jahnivi School
" Satyacharan	17-2	..	General Assembly's Institution
" Sibchandra	18	...	Pakur H. E. School
" Sripati	15	...	Sonamukhi Jubilee H. E. School
" Surendrakrishna	15-6	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Surendranath	13	...	Gaya Shahebganj H. E. School
" Surendranath	17	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
" Surendranath	17	...	Pakur H. E. School
" Surendranath	16-5	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Susilchandra	11	...	Monghyr Victoria Jubilee School
" Susilkumar	13	...	Kalia H. E. School
" Syamalal	15	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
" Upendrachandra	17	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Upendramohan	18-5	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
Bansi Lal	15	...	Monghyr Victoria Jubilee School
Bapu Narasinha Bhawe	21	...	Private Student (Roll. Ind. P. 6.)
Bapusingh Ramsing	17	...	City School, Nagpur
Baral, Jnanendranath	17	...	Palamow Govt. School

Baral, Rasamoy	19	...	St. Mary's Instn, Chandernagar
Barat, Sadananda	14	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
Baray Lal	16-10	...	Sagar High School
Bardhan, Tribenimohan	16	...	Commilla Zila School
Barkakoti, Brahmanada	16-6	...	Tejpur High School
Barman, Bipinbihari	14-6	...	Hughli Branch School
„ Brajabihari	16	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
„ Gaganchandra	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Umanath	15	...	City Collegiate School
Baruya, Bachalal	17-10	...	Debrugarh High School
„ Phanibhushan	16	...	Sibsagar High School
„ Radhikaprasad	16	...	Ditto
„ Rajaninath	18	...	Dibrugarh High School
„ Umeschandra	17	...	Chittagong Municipal School
Basak, Haripada	16	...	Meharpur H. C. E. School
„ Kasiswar	14-7	...	Rajshahi Collegiate School
„ Nitaikisor	18	...	Metropolitan Instn., Baraba, Br.
„ Saratchandra	13	...	Dacca Pogose School
Basheeruddin Muhamad	17-2	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Ba Shin	17-6	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Basu, Abinaschandra	12	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Abinaschandra	16-9	...	Patna Collegiate School
„ Adharnath	15	...	Daulatpur High School
„ Akhilnath	16	...	Gusthia K. N. H. E. School
„ Banbihari	13-2	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Baradacharan	18-6	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Basantakumar	16-8	...	Hindu School
„ Benimadhab	16-3	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Bhabanath	15	...	New Indian School
„ Bhupatimohan	18-2	...	Narail Victoria Collegiate Schl.
„ Bhupendranath	15-3	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Bhupendranath	16	...	Babulia J. S. H. E. School
„ Bijaykrishna	16-6	...	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Bijaymadhab	17-3	...	Basirhat Municipal H. E. School
„ Bipinbihari	17-2	...	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Birsinhanarayan	17	...	Raj Chandra Collegiate School
„ Brajamadhab	17-2	...	Bishop's Collegiate School
„ Chandrakumar	18	...	Krishnagar A. V. School
„ Charuchandra	15	...	New Indian School
„ Debendranath	15-2	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
„ Dwijendranath	15	...	Metropolitan Institution, Shams- bazar Branch
„ Girindranath	17-6	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Haridas	17	...	Sri Bharati Institution
„ Harigopal	13-3	...	Bantra H. C. E. School
„ Isanchandra	18-3	...	Khulna Zila School
„ Jagadisachandra	14	...	Malda Zila School
„ Jagatchandra	15-10	...	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Jatindranath	14	...	Narail Victoria Collegiate Schl.
„ Jitendranath	15	...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
„ Jnaneschandra	17	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Jogindranath	13-1	...	Dacca Collegiate School

Basu, Kanailal	16	...	City Collegiate School
„ Kedarnath	16	...	Majdla Rail Bazar H. E. Schl.
„ Lalbihari	15	...	Goalundo High School
„ Lalitmohan	17-6	...	Darbhanga Raj School
„ Manatosh	16	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Manmohan	17	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Mohinimohan	14	...	Commilla Zila School
„ Nagendranath	14-4	...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
„ Nandalal	17-9	...	Magura H. E. School
„ Narendranath	16	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Narendranath (II.)	16-6	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Narendranath	16	...	Sibpur H. O. E. School
„ Natabar	17	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Nisikanta	14	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Phanibhushan	15	...	Boral H. C. E. School
„ Prabhatchandra	15	...	Jabalpur Hitakarini Sabha H. School
„ Prakritachand	17-8	...	City Collegiate School
„ Pramathabhushan	16	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Pramathanath	13-2	...	Howrah Municipal School
„ Prankumar	13	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Radhikamohan	14-3	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Rakhalidas	17-7	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Ramkrishna	18-1	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Rasbihari	17-6	...	City Collegiate School
„ Rasikchandra	15	...	Madaripur H. C. E. School
„ Rebatimohan (I.)	15-2	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Sanatkumar	13-2	...	Bagnan H. E. School
„ Saratchandra	16-6	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Saratchandra	16-5	...	Simla Bengal Academy
„ Saratchandra	14	...	New Indian School
„ Saratkumar	15	...	Bhagulpur Zila School
„ Sashibhushan	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	14	...	Munshiganj H. E. School
„ Satyacharan	15-2	...	Hughli Branch School
„ Shashthicharan	15	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
„ Siddheswar	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Srinath	19	...	Banoripara Union Institution
„ Srinath	17	...	Puri Zila School
„ Srischandra	19-6	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Srischandra	17-2	...	Mahanad F. C. Mission School
„ Sudhansubhushan	14	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Surendranath	14-1	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Sureschandra	19-5	...	Saran Academy
„ Susilchandra	17	...	Century School, Calcutta
„ Susilkumar	19	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P 34.)
„ Taraknath	18-3	...	Sanmilani Institution, Jessore
„ Taraprasanna	14-2	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Taraprasanna	16	...	Harinavi A. S. School
„ Upendranath	14	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Upendranath	14-8	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
Bateswar Prasad	16	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
Ba Thwin	15-3	...	Rangoon Collegiate School

Batto Lal	17	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Bazlar Rahaman	15	...	Kushtia High English School
Bean, A. J. G.	16-10	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Benares Sahay	15	...	Saran Academy
Bahaduri, Dinabandhu	14	...	Jenkin's School, Kooch-Behar
„ Krishnacharan	17-1	...	Raniganj High English School
„ Manmathanath	15	...	Balagarh H. E. School
„ Radhikaprasad	15-6	...	Bantra H. C. E. School
Bhagwant Lal	15	...	Chapra Zila School
Bhagwati Charan	17-9	...	Arrah Zila School
Bhanj, Abhiram	13-7	...	Katak P. M. Academy
Bhar, Debendranath	19	...	Chinsura F. O. Institution
„ Upendranath	18-6	...	Contai H. E. School
Bhatta, Binodbhushan	14	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Mahendranath	19	...	Midnapur Town School
Bhattacharyya, Amirtalal	17	...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Amulyaychandra	17	...	Srirampur Union Institution
„ Annadachandra	15	...	Commilla Zila School
„ Annadacharan	22-3	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Annadaprasad	17	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Annadaprasad	17	...	Jamalpur Donough High School
„ Anukulchandra	15	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
„ Ashutosh	15	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Asutosh	14	...	Commilla Zila School
„ Baradakanta	14	...	Ditto
„ Barendrakrishna	16	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Bijaybasanta	14	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Chintaharan	16	...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Girindranath	18-1	...	Patna Collegiate School
„ Girischandra	15	...	Chanchal Siddheswari Intrs.
„ Girischandra	16	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Gobindachandra	17	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
„ Haridhan	17-9	...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
„ Haripada	16	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Hemchandra	16	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Jahnabhicharan	18	...	Senhati High School
„ Jageshchandra	14-5	...	Katwa H. E. School
„ Kalijay	22-3	...	Teacher (Roll Dac. T. 1.)
„ Kisorimohan	15	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Kshiteramohan	15	...	Barackpur Government School
„ Lalitmohan	17	...	Harinavi A. S. School
„ Madhusudan	14	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Nalinranjan	17-2	...	Narail Victoria Coll. School
„ Naradmohan	15-5	...	Banwaribad H. E. School
„ Nisichandra	15	...	Pativa H. E. School
„ Prabodchandra	17-4	...	Bali Rivers Thompson Schoc
„ Prakaschandra	18	...	Silchar High School
„ Priyanath	17	...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
„ Rajendrakisor	14	...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Rajendrakumar	18	...	Jenkins' School, Kooch-Behar
„ Rajendralal	14-6	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Rakhalchandra	16-5	...	Lalgola Vic. Jubilee H. E. Schl.

Bhattacharyya, Rakhaldas	17	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Ramandas	16	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
„ Rasbihari	14-3	...	Ariadaha H. E. School
„ Rohinikanta	18	...	Konnagar H. E. School
„ Saradacharan	16-5	...	Bogra Zila School
„ Saratchandra	16	...	Boral H. C. E. School
„ Sankamohan	15	...	Rangpur Zila School
„ Sasibhushan	16	...	Simla Bengal Academy
„ Shasthicharan	20	...	Chittagong National Institution
„ Srischandra	15	...	Magura H. E. School
„ Swarupchandra	18	...	Sylhet Murarichand Coll. Schl.
„ Syamacharan	16-2	...	Brahamanbaria Annada H. E. School
„ Tarakeswar	16	...	Rajshandra Collegiate School
„ Taraknath	17	...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Taraknath	17-2	...	Jaynagar Institution
„ Tarinicharan	17	...	Teacher (Roll. Bau T. 3.)
„ Trailokyanath	15	...	Rangpur Zila School
Bhaumik, Gurugobinda	17	...	L. M. S. School Khagra
„ Jajneswar	19-6	...	Sanmilani Institution Jessore
„ Madhusudan	16	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Mahendrachandra	18	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Rasikkumar	15	...	Jenkins' School, Cooch-Behar
„ Ratikanta	17	...	Senhati High School
Bhawani Thakur	18-6	...	Private Student (Roll Pat. P. 19)
Bheem Nursinha Rana Bahadur	15-8	...	Darbar School, Nepal
Bhowal, Chandicharan	17	...	Senhati High School
Bhuniya, Isanchandra	16	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
Bilayetuddin Chaudhuri	17	...	Nawab Abdul Gany's Free Schl.
Bindeshri Prasad	15-9	...	Arrah Town School
Bishnucharan Lall	15-2	...	Mozufferpur Society's School
Bishnu, Nagendranandan	16	...	Patiya H. E. School
Bishnudeva Narayan	17	...	Saran Academy
Bishundeo Narayan (II.)	20	...	Ditto
Bissell, A. C.	18	...	Jaffna College
Biswas, Bipinbihari	17	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandranath	17-8	...	Harinarayanpur High School
„ Dinabandhu	17	...	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School
„ Haridas	13-8	...	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School
„ Indubbushan	18-8	...	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Janakinath	17	...	Kushtia H. E. School
„ Jatindranath	14	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Jogindragopal	15	...	Jessore Zila School
„ Jogindranath	17	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Kunjabihari	17	...	Kesab Academy
„ Mahendranath	15	...	Muragacha H. E. School
„ Matimohan	18	...	Faridpur Hindu Institution
„ Nagendranath	15	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Nirmalchandra	19	...	Midnapur Town School
„ Nisikanta	19-9	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Nutanbihari	19-5	...	Birbhum School
„ Prabhatchandra	13-9	...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Praphullachandra	15	...	Balasore Zila School

Biswas, Rasbihari	18-6 ..	L. M. S. School, Khagra
" Samuel	19 ...	C. M. S. Boys' Boarding School
" Sasibhushan	16 ...	Cotton Institution
" Surendranath	15 ...	Ripon Collegiate School
" Trailokyanath	18 ...	Chuadanga V. J. H. E. School
" Upendranath	17-6 ...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
Bisweswar Sahay (I.)	17 ...	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
Blaker, P. S.	19-8 ...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 6.)
Bloemink, L.	15-5 ...	St. Xavier's College
Bonizuddin	19 ...	Mymensingh Zila School
Brahma, Chandrakanta	17 ...	Banoripara Union Institution
Brahmadeo Narayan	17 ...	Chapra Zila School
Brijakumar Sahay	18 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Bryan, Charles Nicholson	18-11 ...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
B. Suryaprakask Nayudu	18-9 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Burton, W. H.	18-7 ...	Private Student (Roll. Rac. P. 2.)
Campbell, T. G.	17-5 ...	Doveton College
Cartledge, G. A.	20-6 ...	St. Paul's High School, Rangoon
Chaki, Pratapchandra	16-7 ..	Bogra Zila School
" Purnachandra	17 ...	Kushtia H. E. School
Chakladar, Rajendrakumar	17 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Upendranath	15 ...	Pakur H. E. School
Chakrabarti, Amulyanarayan	18 ...	Amta H. E. School
" Annadakanta	17 ...	Jenkins' School, Cooch-Behar
" Annadaprasad	16-2 ...	Bishenpur H. E. School
" Atulkrishna	15-9 ...	Bagbazar Model School
" Bijaychandra	16 ...	Dacca Pogose School
" Chandrakisor	16 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Chandrakumar	18 ...	Chittagong Collegiate School
" Dinabandhu	14-6 ...	Dacca Pogose School
" Dinabandhu	15-7 ...	New Indian School
" Dineschandra	16 ...	Santosh Jahnabi School
" Durgadas	16 ...	Sonamganj Jubilee H. School
" Durgakumar	16 ...	Chandpur Hasan Ali Jub. Schl.
" Dwarkanath	16-6 ...	Sherpur H. E. School
" Gangacharan	19 ...	Narail Victoria Coll. School
" Hemchandra	16 ...	Pabna Zila School
" Jadabchandra	16 ...	Abaipur Ramsundar Institution
" Jaineswar	17 ...	Nator Municipal High School
" Jnanchandra	16 ...	Taki Government School
" Jageschandra	17 ...	Parjana M. N. H. E. School
" Jageschandra	14 ...	Jenkins' School, Cooch-Behar
" Kalipada	16 ...	Albert Collegiate School
" Kiransasi	17 ...	Saidpur H. E. School
" Krishnachandra	19-6 ...	Netrakona Dutt H. E. School
" Kumudinikanta	16-3 ..	Shillong Government H. Schl.
" Kumudnath	16-3 ..	L.M.S. Institution, Bhowanipur
" Lal Mohan	16 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Mahendranath	16 ...	Sonamganj Jubilee H. School
" Manmathanath	13 ...	Pabna Zila School
" Manmohan	14 ...	Taghoria H. E. School
" Nabagopal	18-5 ...	Private Student (Roll. Mid P. 1.)
" Nagendranath	16 ..	Payaragacha Ripon H. C. E. Schl.

Chakrabarti, Nilchand	15	...	Commilla Victoria School
" Prabhatchandra	16-8	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Pramathanath	18-1	...	Birbhum School
" Purnachandra	18	...	Banaghat H. A. V. School
" Rasnikanta	19	...	Santosh Jahnabhi School
" Rajendrachandra	13	...	Commilla Zila School
" Rajkumar	14	...	Ditto
" Ramanimohan	14	...	Rangpur Zila School
" Rameswar	17	...	Parjana M. N. H. E. School
" Rohinikumar	13	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
" Saradakanta	15-10	...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Sasibhushan	18	...	Gauhati High School
" Sasibhushan	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Satischandra (II)	16	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Satischandra	16	...	Majdia Rail Bazar H. E. School
" Satischandra	17	...	Jara H. E. School
" Satyendranath	16	...	Private Student (Roll. Bau. P. 6.)
" Sitalchandra	13-8	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Sitanath	16	...	Chandpur Hasan Ali Jubl. Schl.
" Srischandra	16-4	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Subodhkumar	16-4	...	Boinchi B. L. Institution
" Surendranath	19	...	Nibadhai H. E. School
" Surendranath	17	...	Baharu H. E. School
" Surendranath	16	...	Bagbazar Model School
" Sureshchandra	12-8	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Chamanlal Dhingra	14-11	...	Amritsar M. A. O. School
Chamarylal Sinha	15-6	...	Gaya Zila School
Chanda, Sambhunath	17-6	...	Puthia H. E. School
" Tarakchandra	16-9	...	Manikganj H. C. E. School
Chanderdeep Narayan	14	...	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
Chandra, Debendranath	17	...	Century School, Calcutta
" Jogindralal	16	...	F. C. of Scotland Institution and Duff College
" Satischandra	16	...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
" Surathchandra	17	...	Ditto
C. Hanmantha Rao Nayudu	16-9	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Chattopadhyay, Anantalal	18-6	...	Andul H. C. E. School
" Anukulchandra	15-2	...	Sudhakarpur H. E. School
" Arunchandra	16-6	...	Hindu School
" Atulchandra	16	...	Hare School
" Atulkrishna	15	...	Calcutta Institution
" Basantakumar	15-6	...	Malda Zila School
" Basantakumar	17	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
" Basantakumar	14	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Bholanath	16	...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
" Bhubanmohan	15-10	...	Barisal Zila School
" Bhupati	18	...	Telinipara Badhreswar School
" Bhupendranath	18-10	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
" Bijaygopal	16-1	...	Hughli Branch School
" Durgadas	17	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
" Harendranarayan	14	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
" Haridas	19	...	Gosain Durgapur H. E. School

Chattopadhyay, Haripada	14-6	...	Behala H. C. E. School
" Hemchandra	16	...	Mahisadal Raj School
" Hiranyalal	17-3	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Jnanchandra	14-3	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
" Jogindrakumar	16	...	Nilphamari H. E. School
" Kalidas	12-5	...	Ulubaria H. C. E. School
" Kalipada	14	...	Bandgora H. E. School
" Kalipada	16	...	Narail Victoria Coll. School
" Kamakhyakumar	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Kaminimohan	16-7	...	Shillong Govt. High School
" Karunakumar	15	...	Patna Collegiate School
" Khelatchandra	17	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
" Kirankumar	14	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
" Kisorilal	16	...	New Indian School
" Kshetramohan	16	...	Santipur Municipal School
" Lalitbihari	15	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
" Lalitkumar	15	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Lalitmohan	20-7	...	Private Student (Roll. Bar. P. 2.)
" Lalitmohan	17-11	...	Jalpaiguri Zila School
" Lalitmohan	16	...	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School
" Mahimchandra	16-4	...	Hitampur H. E. School
" Manilal	17	...	Bagbazar Model School
" Manilal	17	...	Hare School
" Manmathanath	18	...	Bagbazar Model School
" Manmathanath	15	...	Hughli Branch School
" Manomohan	14	...	Commilla Zila School
" Nagendranath	16	...	Konnagar H. E. School
" Nalinikanta	17	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Nilmadhab	16	...	Mahestala H. E. School
" Niskalankachandra	16	...	Metropolitan Instn., Bala. Br.
" Panchugopal	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
" Phaniudralal	16-6	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
" Prabodhchandra	17	...	New Indian School
" Pramathanath	17-10	...	Monghyr Zila School
" Purnachandra	18-2	...	Janai Training School
" Rakhaldas	18	...	Pandra H. E. School
" Ranginimohan	17	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
" Sachinandan	15	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Sanukulchandra	16	...	Pakur H. E. School
" Saratchandra	15-2	...	Boinchi B. L. Institution
" Saratchandra	18-3	...	Hetampur H. E. School
" Siddheswar	16	...	Chinsura F. C. Institution
" Srikumar	16	...	Mankar H. E. School
" Sudhirschandra	15-10	...	Kalighat H. E. School
" Surendrachandra	14	...	Rangpur Zila School
" Surendranath	15	...	Halisahar H. C. E. School
" Surendranath	16-3	...	Satkhira Prannath School
" Syamadas	14	...	Searsole H. E. School
" Taradas	19	...	Ditto
" Taraknath	18	...	Senhati High School
" Tarapada	20	...	Purnea Zila School
" Upendrachandra	16-7	...	City Collegiate School

Chattopadhyay, Upendranath	17	...	Hughli Collegiate School
Chattoraj, Kisorimohan	16	...	Malda Zila School
Chaudhuri, Aghornath	17-6	...	Century School, Calcutta
„ Arindamchandra	16	...	Pakur H. E. School
„ Asutosh	16-8	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh	15	...	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School
„ Aswinikumar	19-6	...	Baduria L. M. S. School
„ Baidyanath	16	...	Kandi School
„ Bhushanchandra	18 6	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
„ Bidhubhushan	16-4	...	Boinchi B. L. Institution
„ Binodbihari	16	...	City Collegiate Schl., S. Branch
„ Brajendrakumar	13-4	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Chandrakumar	16	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Chandranath	16-3	...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Charuchandra	15-6	...	Hindu School
„ Drabyalal	19-4	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Harimohan	16-4	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Hemchandra	16	...	Chaibassa Zila School
„ Hiranyakumar	14-6	...	Kalia H. E. School
„ Iswarchandra	20-2	...	Habiganj High School
„ Jadunath	16-6	...	Dinajpur Zila School
„ Jnanchandra	14-8	...	Commilla Zila School
„ Jyotirmay	15	...	Katwa H. E. School
„ Kshetramohan	19	...	Bongong H. E. School
„ Kunjabihari	17-5	...	Puthia H. E. School
„ Nabinchandra	17-3	...	Chittagong H. E. School
„ Nabinchandra	18-4	...	Chittagong National Institution
„ Narendrachandra	15	...	Muragacha H. E. School
„ Narendranath	15-3	...	Monghyr Zila School
„ Paresnath	15-4	...	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School
„ Prabodhchandra	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Pramathanarayan	16	...	Century School, Calcutta
„ Raimohan	13	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Rajmohan	15	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
„ Ramchandra	13-6	...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School
„ Rameschandra	18	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Satischandra	13	...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School
„ Umeschandra	15-2	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
Chhatoolal	18	...	Patna City School
Chhedi Lal	15-5	...	M. A. A. School, Patna
Chiene, P.	16-1	...	St. Xavier's College
Chirag Ali	18	...	Gaya Zila School
Choe, E.	18-6	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Chongdar, Niradcharan	14-4	...	Jara H. E. School
Chuni Lal	18	...	Darjeeling Zila & Bhutia School
Cohen, E. S.	15	...	Calcutta Boys' School
Collaco, Avelina	...	...	Kumti St. Joseph's Convent Schl.
Cooray, H.	19-6	...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo
Cornelius, L. J.	14-9	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Cumarasamy, S. W.	18-4	...	Jaffna College
Cunliffe, O. C.	15-9	...	Doveton College
Dabiruddin Ahmed	15-6	...	Gauhati High School
Dabi Saran Sahay	15-8	...	Arrah Zila School

Daityari Misra	15-7	...	Sambalpur High School
Dalal, Mahendranath	16	..	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
Damodar Balkrishna Thatte	19-5	..	Indore English Madrasa
Damodar Tewari	17	..	Pandra H. E. School
Dam, Rudranath	20	..	Sylhet Maulvie Bazar H. School
Das, Abhaycharan	20	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Achyutananda	15-8	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Akshaykumar	16-3	...	Ramendra H. Schl., Begamganj
„ Akshaykumar	18-2	..	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Anandachandra	16	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Annantachandra	18-5	...	Bogra Zila School
„ Aswinikumar	16-4	...	Sibsagar High School
„ Atulchandra	16	..	Chittagong National Institution
„ Baikunthabihari	20	...	Sylhet Government High School
„ Benimadhab	14-1	...	Midnapur Town School
„ Beharilal	20-6	..	Purnea Zila School
„ Binodbihari	17	...	Balasore Zila School
„ Bipinbihari	17-3	...	Behala H. C. E. School
„ Brajendrachandra	16	..	Commilla Victoria School
„ Chaitanyaprasad	16	..	Malda Zila School
„ Dhirendranath	17-4	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
„ Debendranath	16	..	Raja S. K.'s Institution, Rajbari
„ Dinaranjan	16	..	Hare School
„ Durga charan	14-6	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Gangagobinda	18	...	Kaliganj H. E. School
„ Giridhariprasad	17	...	Balasore Zila School
„ Harakumar	20	..	Banoripara Union Institution
„ Haranarayan	18-8	...	Balasore Zila School
„ Harendrachandra	16	..	Munshiganj H. E. School
„ Harendrakumar	15-10	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Hariprasad	20	..	Jenkins' School, Kooch-Bihar
„ Jagatballabh	18	...	Amta H. E. School
„ Kalachand	20-5	...	Sylhet Murarichand Coll. Schl.
„ Kamalakanta	14	...	Gauhati High School
„ Kaminikumar	17-7	..	Ramendra H. Schl., Begamganj
„ Kshirodchandra	19	...	Nawab Abdul Gany's Free Schl.
„ Kshitischandra	15-6	...	Silchar High School
„ Lakshmimanta	17	...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
„ Madanmohan	16	...	Balasore Zila School
„ Manmathanath	17	...	Madaripur H. C. E. School
„ Manmohan	19-1	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Nabinchandra	19-2	...	Dhubi High School
„ Nabinchandra	20	...	Sylhet Murarichand Coll. Schl.
„ Narendrakumar	19	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Nibaranchandra	16-6	..	Hughli Branch School
„ Nibaranchandra	18	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Niradnath	16-2	...	Diamond Harbour H. E. Schl.
„ Nriyagopal	15-3	...	Jangipur H. E. School
„ Padmacharan	17-8	...	Privt. Student (Roll. Kat. P. 3)
„ Pitambar	19	...	Privt. Student (Roll. Dac. P. 4.)
„ Pramathanath	14-9	...	Hindu School
„ Prasannakumar	18	..	Barisal Zila School

Das, Radhagobinda	18-6 ...	Bhadrak High School
" Radhakanta	16 ..	Kandi School
" Radhasyam	17-11...	Birbhum School
" Rajendranath	17 ..	City Collegiate School
" Rajkisor	17-6 ...	Katak Mission H. E. School
" Rajkrishna	17 ...	Contai H. E. School
" Rakhelchandra	13 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Ramkumar	13 ...	Dacca Pogose School
" Ramnath	16 ...	Bhola H. E. School
" Sabharam	16 ...	Jorhat High School
" Sarbeswar	15 ..	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
" Saratchandra	15 ..	Mymensingh Zila School
" Saratchandra	18 ...	Aryan Institution, Calcutta
" Saratkumar	15-2 ...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
" Satram	19-10...	Nowgong High School
" Sitanath	16 ...	Nator Municipal High School
" Srinath	17 ...	Simla Bengal Academy
" Suprasanna	20-5 ...	Birbhum School
" Tirthabasi	18 ...	Sonamganj Jubilee H. School
" Trilochan	18-8 ...	Balasore Zila School
" Upendranath	17-6 ...	Barahanagar Victoria School
Dasdas, Purnachandra	14-4 ..	South Subn Schl, Bhowanipur
Dasgupta, Akshaykumar	18 ...	Barisal Zila School
" Anathbandhu	14 ...	Dacca Pogose School
" Bisweswar	18 ...	Barisal Zila School
" Bisweswar	18 ...	Albert Collegiate School
" Chintaharan	16-11...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
" Debendrachandra	15-3 ..	Madaripur H. C. E. School
" Hemchandra	15 ...	Dhubri High School
" Jahnabhicharan	19 ...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
" Jnanendranath	14-4 ..	Mymensingh Zila School
" Kamiriranjana	15-8 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Radhikaprasad	16 ..	General Assembly's Institution
" Rasikchandra	16 ...	New Indian School
" Surendranath	13-8 ..	Munshiganj H. E. School
" Upendrachandra	13 ...	Commilla Zila School
" Upendranarayan	16 ...	Senhati High School
Dashrath Balvant Dixit	18-11...	City School, Nagpur
Datta, Akshaykumar	14 ...	Kalia H. E. School
" Akshaykumar	16 ..	Commilla Victoria School
" Amalchandra	14 ...	Albert Collegiate School
" Aswinikumar	15 ...	Kushtia H. E. School
" Biharilal	17 ...	Pandra H. E. School
" Bimalacharan	14-6 ...	Bhagyakul H. C. E. School
" Binodbihari	14-5 ...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
" Bipinbihari	16 ...	Senhati High School
" Bishnucharan	20-4 ...	Mahanad F. C. Mission School
" Brajanath	17-4 ...	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School
" Chandrakanta	14-3 ...	Commilla Zila School
" Chandrakumar	17 ..	Dacca Collegiate School
" Dwarkanath	17 ...	Sylhet National Institution
" Gopilal	15-6 ...	Aryan Institution, Calcutta
" Harendranarayan	17-11...	Arya Mission Institution

Datta, Haricharan	16-6 ...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
„ Hridaykrishna	16-2 ...	Narail Victoria Coll. School
„ Japakrishna	17 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jatindranarayan	20 ...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Jatindranath	16-11 ...	Tejpur High School
„ Jogindrakumar	14-2 ..	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Jogindranath	19 ...	Krishnagar A. V. School
„ Jogindranath	15 6 ...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
„ Kamakhyakumar	17 8 ...	Habigang High School
„ Kaminikumar	16 ...	Chittagong Municipal School
„ Khagendranath	14-10 ...	Hindu School
„ Krishnakali	16 ...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Lalbihari	18 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Mahananda	19 ...	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
„ Mahendrakumar	17 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Mahendranath	16 ...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Nagendrakrishna	17 ...	Century School, Calcutta
„ Nagendranath	16-10 ..	Gaibandha H. E. School
„ Nepalchandra	16-8 ...	Jessore Zila School
„ Nibaranchandra	20 ...	Badla H. E. School
„ Nikunjabihari	14 ...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Nimaichandra	18-9 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Panchanan	14-2 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Prakaschandra	18 ...	Kyekala H. E. School
„ Pramathanath	18 ...	City Coll. School. S. Branch
„ Purnachandra	17 ...	Balasore Zila School
„ Rajendrakumar	16 ...	Narainganj H. E. School
„ Rajkrishna	17-5 ...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Rajmohan	20 ...	Sylhet Moulvie Bazar H. School
„ Ramaniranjan	16 ...	Nibadhari H. E. School
„ Rasbihari	16-9 ...	Hindu School
„ Sailendra	16-4 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Samarendranath	16 ...	Hare School
„ Sankarnath	18 ...	Bezbaruya H. School, Sibsagar
„ Sasibhushan	17 ...	Bishenpur H. E. School
„ Satischandra (I.)	14-6 ...	Hindu School
„ Satischandra (II.)	15 6 ...	Ditto
„ Satyacharan	16-4 ...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
„ Satyaprasanna	17-6 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
„ Siddheswar	16 ...	New Indian School
„ Srischandra	15 ...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
„ Srischandra	14 ...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Tarakchandra	16 ...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Udaynath	17 ...	Balasore Zila School
„ Upendranath	15-4 ...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
Dattagupta, Baradakanta	17 ...	Tangail Bindubasini School
Dattatraya, Ramchandra Deo	19 ...	City School, Nagpur
Dawes, T.	17-5 ...	St. Xavier's College
Dawson, Effie Linda	... ..	Rangoon Convent School
De, Chandrakanta	16-10 ...	Calcutta Institution
„ Dasarathi	18 ...	Badla H. E. School
„ Dharmanarayan	19 ...	Sylhet Murarichand Coll. Schl.

De, Durgacharan	16	...	Agartala High School
„ Ganeschandra	17	...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
„ Gangacharan	16	...	Parjana M. N. H. E. School
„ Jaychandra	16	..	Sherpur Victoria Academy
„ Jogeschandra	17-4	...	Silchar High School
„ Kalachand	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Kalikisor	15	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Kartikram	18	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bara-bazar Branch
„ Kunjakisor	20	...	Sylhet Murarichand Coll. Schl.
„ Mananitadhan	18	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Mathuranath	18 6	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Mukundamohan	15	...	Teghoria H. E. School
„ Nabinchandra	18	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Nakulchandra	15	..	Patiya H. E. School
„ Nepalchandra	15	...	Senhati High School
„ Nisikanta	18	...	Kesab Academy
„ Rashbihari	13-1	..	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Rebatimohan	16-8	...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Saratchandra	16	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Satischandra	17	...	C. M. S. School, Garden Reach
„ Satischandra	14	...	Ilsoba Monolye School
„ Sudhirschandra	19	...	C. M. S. Boys' Boarding School
Deb, Abinaschandra	17	..	Commilla Victoria School
„ Narendrakumar	19	...	Harinavi A. S. School
„ Prabodhchandra	16-6	...	Lakshmannath H. E. School
„ Pramada	...	..	Bethune Collegiate School
„ Syamacharan	17	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
„ Tarinicharan	14	...	Commilla Zila School
Debnath, Mohinimohan	15-6	...	Sirajganj B. L. School
Deen Dayal	20-6	...	Priv. Student (Roll. Nag. P. 78.)
Demetrius, S.	17-1	...	St. Xavier's College
Deokaran	17-9	..	Jabalpur Collegiate School
DeSilva, W.	17-5	...	Trinity College, Kandy
Devidas Sadashiva Avalay	21	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Devi Datt	16-2	...	Privt. Student (Roll. Lah. P. 5.)
Dhali, Gunasindhu	19	...	Taki Government School
Dhar, Amarnath	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gopeschandra	15-3	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
„ Kshiradaranjan	14	...	Jenkins' School, Kooch-Behar
„ Sailendranath	16	...	Sanmilani Institution, Jessore
„ Umakanta	16-3	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
Dharam Singh*	16-2	...	Sagar High School
Dhiraj Sing	17-6	...	Hoshangabad Govt. H. School
Dhol, Haripada	17-4	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Dhondu Laxman Wani	16-11	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Dinkar Dhondo Sathaye	16-2	...	City School, Nagpur
Dionysins, L. H. J.	18-9	..	Richmond College, Galle
Dissent, C.	18-2	...	St. Xavier's College
Donaghey, J. O'Brien	17-1	...	Mussoorie School

* Passed in Drawing.

Dowera, Bishnuprasad	14	...	Golaghat Bezbaruya High Schl.
D. Suria Narayen Rao*	17-2	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Ducasse, A.	17-3	...	St. Xavier's College
Durgaprasad Tiwari	15	...	City School, Nagpur
Dwadusy Soorya Narajna	19	...	Metropolitan Instn., Baraba. Br.
Dwarka Nath	18	...	Gaya Zila School
Dwarkaprasad	13-6	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Ebaratuddin Ahmed	13-7	...	Shazadpur H. E. School
Eliatamby, K.	19-1	...	Jaffna College
Endra, Abalaranjan	...	...	Akyab Govt. High School
Eqbal Hossain	15	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Eradat Hossain*	19	...	Nowgong High School
Ewing, A.	17-1	...	La Martinière College, Calcutta
Farajuddin Ahamed	17-6	...	Gaibanda H. E. School
Fatahchand Verma	15	...	Chapra Zila School
Fayazuddin Ahmed	15-5	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Fazul Rahman Ahmed	14	...	Noakhali Rajkumar Jub. School
Fazlur Rahman	16-3	...	Faridpur Zila School
Fitzpatrick, Geo.	16-3	...	Doveton College
Flewker, E.	15-11	...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Frick, Annie	...	...	St. Joseph's Convent, Mandalay
Gandhi, Ramnidhi	15	...	Searsole H. E. School
Ganesh Anant Kaluskar	16-10	...	Indore English Madrasa
Ganesh Krishna Ketkar	17-3	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Ganesh Waman Chitale	16	...	Nagpur High School
Gangadhar Janardan Athavale	16-3	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Ganga Prasad	17	...	Bihar H. C. E. School
Gangaprasad Kayastha	19-2	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Ganga Prasad	14	...	Arrah Zila School
Ganga Shanker M.	16-6	...	Sagar High School
Gangopadhyay, Asutosh	18	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Benimadhab	16	...	Bagirhat H. E. School
„ Bijaychandra	18	...	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Brajendrakumar	19	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Dakshinacharan	17	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Debendranath	18	...	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
„ Gokulchandra	15	...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Hemchandra	17-4	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Indubhushan	14	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Jaminikumar	20	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Kalibhushan	16-2	...	Sadhuhati H. E. School
„ Kantischandra	13-4	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Kasichandra	14-5	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Lalbihari	16	...	Basirhat Municipal H. E. Schl.
„ Makhanlal	16	...	City School, Nagpur
„ Manmathanath	18	...	Andul H. C. E. School
„ Narendrakisor	15-8	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Nilmani	17	...	Srirampur Union Institution
„ Ramadamhab	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Surendranath	15-2	...	Halisahar H. C. E. School

* Passed in Drawing.

Gauri Sanker	15	...	Chapra Zila School
Ghatak, Hridaynath	17	...	Metropolitan Instn., Bow. Br.
Gholam Ahmed	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
Gholam Muhammad Mati	15	...	Mozuffierpur Society's School
Gholam Mustafa Khan	19	...	Matihari Zila School
Ghose, F.	17-10	...	St. Xavier's College
Ghosh, Abhayacharan	19-10	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Abinaschandra	16	...	Priv. Student (Roll. Bar P. 1.)
„ Anandalal	14-9	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Anandaprasanna	17-6	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anukulchandra	17	...	Calcutta Institution
„ Asutosh	16	...	Halisahar H. C. E. School
„ Asutosh	14-7	...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Bholanath	16	...	Midnapur Town School
„ Bholanath	17	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Bholanath	15-6	...	New Indian School
„ Bidhubhushan	16	...	Candi School
„ Biharilal	18	...	Simla Bengal Academy
„ Biharilal	16	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
„ Bijaykrishna	15	...	Chudanga V. J. H. E. School
„ Bipinbihari	16	...	Kushtia H. E. School
„ Bipinchandra	19-5	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Brajendrakumar	16-1	...	Ulubaria H. C. E. School
„ Charuchandra	13-7	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Debendranath	18	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Dharendranath	18-6	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
„ Dolgobinda	17	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Durgacharan	15	...	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Durgaprasanna	12	...	Monghyr Zila School
„ Ganeschandra	14-6	...	Kalia H. E. School
„ Gopiballabh	14-7	...	Dumka Zila School
„ Haranchandra	14-3	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Harischandra	15-8	...	Kalighat H. E. School
„ Hariprasanna	17	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Hemchandra	16-1	...	Fandpur Zila School
„ Hemendraprasad	16	...	Hare School
„ Jagatbandhu	18-9	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Jatindrakumar	15	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Jatindramohan	16	...	Kushtia H. E. School
„ Jatindramohan	15	...	Kanai School
„ Jnanendranath	16	...	Hughli Branch School
„ Jageschandra	14-3	...	Puri Zila School
„ Jageschandra	19-4	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
„ Jogindrachandra	16-3	...	Edward's C. M. Schl., Peshawar
„ Jugalkisor	18-7	...	Kagram H. E. School
„ Jyotindramohan	16	...	Purulia Zila School
„ Jyotindranath	15-8	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Jyotischandra	15-3	...	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Kalicharan	16-2	...	Magura H. E. School
„ Kaliprasanna	14	...	Monghyr Zila School
„ Kantichandra	13-6	...	Katwa H. E. School
„ Karalchandra	14-3	...	Amta H. E. School

Ghosh, Kedarnath	15	...	Raja S. K.'s Instn., Rajbari
" Kiranchandra	14-11	...	City Collegiate School
" Kiranchandra	16-10	...	Narail Victoria Coll. School
" Kisorimohan	17	...	Bishoupur H. E. School
" Kshetranath	17-3	..	General Assembly's Institution
" Kuladananda	16-2	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
" Lalitmohan	19 9	...	Narayanganj H. E. School
" Madanmohan	16-7	...	Mayurbhanj H. E. School
" Manibhushan	13-2	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
" Manmathanath	17	...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
" Manmathanath	15	...	Hazaribagh Zila School
" Matilal	17-1	...	Sodepcre H. E. School
" Nagendranath*	13-2	...	Munshiganj H. E. School
" Nakuleswar	18	...	Ranchi Zila School
" Nalinbihari	16	...	Rampurhat H. E. School
" Nalinikanta	18	...	Khararia High School
" Napharchandra	15-5	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
" Narayanchandra	18-11	...	Priv. Student (Roll. Cal. P. 10.)
" Narayanchandra	19	...	Hatuganj M. N. K. H. C. E. School
" Narendrachandra	15 6	...	Hare School
" Nepalchandra	18	...	Tala B De Institution
" Nisikanta	17	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
" Phatikchandra	14	..	Lohajang H. C. E. School
" Prabodhchandra	17	...	Srirampur Union Institution
" Pramathanath	14-4	...	Ulubaria H. C. E. School
" Priyanath	16	...	Kuchiakol Radha Institution
" Radhaballabh	17-3	...	Hitampur H. E. School
" Rajanikanta	15	...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
" Rajendrakumar	17	..	Behar National Coll. School
" Rajendralal	15-6	...	Noakhali Zila School
" Bajkumar	14	.	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
" Ramanimohan	15-6	...	Purulia Zila School
" Ramranjan	16	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
" Sachindranath	15	...	Chaibassa Zila School
" Saratchandra	17-9	..	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
" Saratchandra	18	..	Jahanabad High School
" Saratchandra	14	..	Pirozepur H. E. School
" Satindrakrishna	15-9	..	Metropolitan Institution
" Satischandra	15	...	Mymensingh Zila School
" Satischandra	14	...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
" Satischandra	16	...	Metropolitan Institution, Balakhana Branch
" Sauranalini	...	...	Dacca Eden Female School
" Siddheswar	14-11	..	Halisahar H. E. School
" Sitakantha	15-4	...	Kuchiakol Radha Institution
" Surathchandra	15	...	Chinsura F. C. Institution
" Surathkumar	15	...	Pakur H. E. School

* Passed in Drawing.

Ghosh, Surendrakumar	14-6	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Surendranath	19	...	Nibodhai H. E. School
" Ushanath	14-5	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
Ghoshdastidar, Abinaschandra	16-8	...	Barisal Zila School
" Bhabeschandra	16	...	Ditto
Ghoshal, Amulyadhan	16	...	Salkia A. S. School
" Bipinbihari	17-10	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
" Kalimohan	19	...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
" Kalisaday	16-6	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
" Jnanendranath	15	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Nirmalchandra	17	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Panchanan	17	...	Gaya Zila School
Girling, H. W.	15-7	...	La Martinière College, Calcutta
Gobordhan Lal	20	...	Patna Collegiate School
Gobinda Sabay	17	...	T.K. Ghosh's Acady, Bankipur
Gokul Persad	18	...	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
Gokulprasad Tibari	17	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Gomes, E.	20	1	St. Xavier's College
Gopal Pershad	13	...	Hatwa Eden School
Goarakh Prasad	17	...	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
Goswami, Bharatchandra	16	...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
" Haridas	18	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
" Jankinath	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Jnanaranjan	17-11	...	Barisal Zila School
" Jatindramohan	16-5	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
" Kalikrishna	14-3	...	Dhubri High School
" Kisorimohan	16	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
" Ramsurendra	17-5	...	Kotalpur H. C. E. School
" Rukhminikanta	15-6	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Shudhirranjan	15	...	Santipur Municipal School
Govind Coomerasan	20-2	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Govind Gangadhar Dewool- worker	17-3	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Govind Rao Sapre	18	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Govind Waman Garde	24	...	Indore Military High School
Greenway, J. A.	15-1	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Guha, Ambikacharan	19	...	Banoripara Union Institution
" Atulchandra	15-5	...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Chandranath	21	...	Santosh Jahnvi School
" Debendrachandra	17-5	...	Malkhanagar H. E. School
" Girijasankar	19	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Girischandra	17-4	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
" Hemantakumar	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Jadunath	18-4	...	Barisal Zila School
" Jaminikumar	17	...	F. C. of Scotland's Instn. and Duff College
" Jogindrachandra	13-4	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Jogindramohan	16-5	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
" Jogindranath	15	...	Rangpur Zila School
" Kaminimohan	17	...	Jenkins' School, Cooch-Behar
" Lalitmohan	19	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
" Nandalal	15	...	Chittagong Municipal School
" Narendranath	18	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School

Guha, Prakaschandra	19-5	...	Braramohan Institution, Barisal
„ Saratchandra	14	...	Purulia Zila School
„ Satischandra	17	...	Sylhet Murarichand Collegiate School
Gui, Debendranath	19-2	..	Hitampur H. E. School
Gulam Quasim	17	-	Saran Academy
Gun, Harikumar	17-3	..	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School
Gupta, Amalendu	16	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
„ Asutosh	18	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Aswinikumar	16-7	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
„ Bankimbihari	15-7	...	Barajaguli H. E. School
„ Dakshinaranjan	16	...	Narail Vic Collegiate School
„ Hemantakumar	16-2	...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School
„ Hridaykrishna	16-8	..	Barasat Government School
„ Jatindranath	14	...	Monghyr Zila School
„ Jnanendranath	16	..	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Nagendranath	16	..	Barrackpur Government School
„ Rajendrabhushan	14	...	Priv Student (Roll. Cal. P. 37.)
„ Rasbihari	18	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Satyendranath	15	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Sikhareschandra	16	...	Hazaribagh Zila School
„ Upendranath	16	...	Purbasthali Victoria Institution
„ Upendranath	15-6	...	Chinsura F. C. Institution
G. Venketram	18	..	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Habibool Hassan	19	...	Priv. Student (Roll Pat. P. 16.)
Hacohdjaniantz, A. P.	17	...	Armenian Collegiate School
Hajra, Janakiram	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Jugalpada	16	...	Bhoita H. E. School
Hakumat Rai	18-1	...	Edward's C. M. Schl., Peshawar
Haldar, Giribala	..	..	F. C. Normal School, Calcutta
„ Haranath	18-10	..	Diamond Harbour H. E. School
„ Nilmani	17-6	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Patiram	19	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
„ Raimohan	13-5	..	Dacca Jubilee School
Harcourt, F.	19-2	...	St. Joshep's College, Darjeeling
Hardinge, F. D.	16-7	..	Rangoon Collegiate School
Hari Anant Chapheker	17-6	..	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Harihar Prasad	18-3	...	Patna Collegiate School
Harihar Prasada	16	..	Matihari Zila School
Harihar Singh	17	...	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School
Harinandan Sahay	17-9	..	Arrah Zila School
Hart, G. L.	17	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Hashmat-ullah	16-5	...	Chittagong H. E. School
Hatim Tye	20	..	Rangoon Collegiate School
Hati, Rameschandra	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
Hazarika, Laksheswar	15	...	Golaghat Bezbaruya H. Schl.
Hecquet, W.	17-2	...	St. Francis de Sale's School
Henrietta, George	...	...	Doveton Institution
Herbert, J. R. Fitz	16-3	...	Mussoorie School
Hira Singh	17	...	Amritsar M. B. School
Hoar, Sitanath	16	...	Narail Victoria Collegiate School
Hoshnak Rai	15-6	...	D. I. Khan, Victoria Bhraturi High School

Ihsan Ali	17	Calcutta Madrasa
Irons, Morwenna Frances	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Iswar Datta Misra	18	Private Student (Roll. Pat. P.4.)
Istiphan, A.	19	Teacher (Roll. Lah T. 1.)
Jadunandan Prashad	13-10	Gaya Zila School
Jagaddeo Narayana	16	Hatwa Eden School
Jagannath Prasad K.	14	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Jagannathprasad Sukul	16-6	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
Jagatram Khosla	15-5	Private Student (Roll Lah.P. 12.)
Jagdamb Sahay	16	Bhagalpur Madrasa
Jageshwar Harabaji Parkhi	17	City School, Nagpur
Jaigopal Kayestha	16-2	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Jaikrishna Lal	16	Matihari Zila School
Jaimangal Prasad	17-10	Patna Collegiate School
Jamna Prasad	15-5	Behar H. C. E. School
Jamuna Prasad Deolia	15-4	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Jana, Isanchandra	16-1	Midnapur L. M. School
„ Kailaschandra	18	Lakshannath H. E. School
Janardan Gopal Bhagvet	17	Raipur High School
Jang Bahadur Singh	16	Chapra Zila School
Jaykrishna Prashad	16-1	Gaya Zila School
Jha, Sasinath	17-6	Barari Rai H. M. T. Free H. E. School
Jhumak Lal	14-6	Jabalpur Collegiate School
John, J. B.	17	Canadian Mission Col., Indore
John, Samuel S.	17-11	Jaffna College
Johnson, C. C. S.	18-8	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Jones, W. E.	17-3	Rangoon Collegiate School
Joshua, W. A.	17-2	Trinity College, Kandy
Jugalkishore	17 3	Patna Collegiate School
Jwalapershad	16-11	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Kabasi, Sadhucharan	18 6	Chatra H. C. E. School
Kailas Behary	20-1	Patna Collegiate School
Kamta Prasad Ganesh Prasad	16	Raipur High School
Kanagasapy, M. T.	16-4	Jaffna College
Kanangoi, Guruprasad	19-10	Mayurbhanj H. E. School
Kanoor, Srinibas	16	Sibpur H. C. E. School
Kar, Akshaykumar	16-8	City Collegiate School
„ Haridas	16-3	Bishop's College School
„ Hemendralal	15	Azimganj B.P.K.J.H.E. School
Mohinimohan	16	Barisal Zila School
Rajinimohan	18-9	Sylhet Govt. High School
„ Rajendramohan	15-2	Hasara Kalikisor School
„ Saratchandra	17	Calcutta Institution
„ Surendranath	14-6	Sylhet National Institution
Karmakar, Rajaninath	17	Banoripara Union Institution
Kashinath Krishna Bhataleker	17-9	Indore English Madrasa
Kasinathor Sainpauther*	20 3	St. John's College, Jaffna
Kashi Prasad	15	Chapra Zila School
Kazi Khoda Hafiz	18-3	Burdwan Municipal School

* Passed in Drawing.

Kelly, B.	16-7	...	St. Paul's H. School, Rangoon
Keshao Ramchandra Harue	18	...	Hoshangabad Govt. H. School
Keshava Gopal Tare	19-6	...	Canadian Mission Col., Indore
Kesho Balwant Sheorey	15-6	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Kesho Lala	17-10	...	Tikari H. C. E. School
Khan, Amalindu	15	...	Dhubri High School
„ Rajanikanta	16	...	Rajagram A. S. School
„ Satyacharan	13-7	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Surendracharan	18-10	...	Ditto
Khetry, Sambhunath	15-8	...	Hare School
Kirke, A.	15-3	...	St. Francis de Sale's School, Nagpur
Kishori Jha	18	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
Kishun Lall	16-1	...	Patna Collegiate School
Kolay, Dibijaychandra	16-1	...	Boinchi B. L. Institution
Komal Tirki	19	...	Ranchi Zila School
Konar, Ganeshchandra	13	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
Kraal, P. B.	15	...	Calcutta Boys' School
Krishnaballabh Sahay	12	...	Northbrook School, Darbhanga
Krishnaji Sakharan Karmarkar	19-2	...	Nagpur High School
Krishna Prasad	20	...	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
Krishna Prasad	18-5	...	Patna Collegiate School
Krishna Sitaram A.	17-2	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
K. Sadasheo Damodher	18-4	...	Ditto
Kumbhakar, Atalbihari	17-3	...	Bankura Zila School
Kuddan Lall Sharma	15-9	...	Lahore C. M. School
Kundu, Aswinikumar	18-5	...	Shazadpur H. E. School
„ Biswambhar	15	...	Bandgora H. E. School
„ Bisweswar	17-8	...	Dighapatiya H. E. School
„ Harendranarayan	18-10	...	Ditto
„ Jagabandhu	16	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Jatindrabhushan	15	...	Abaipur Ramsundar Institution
„ Jogindranath	17	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala- khana Branch
„ Nandalal	18	...	Kaliganj H. E. School
„ Nibaranchandra	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Panchkari	19	...	Srirampur Union Institution
„ Srimantakumar	18	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Suryyakumar	18-8	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Umeschandra	14	...	Raja S. K.'s Institution, Rajbari
Kusari, Kaliprasanna	14-6	...	Shazadpur H. E. School
Kutubuddin Ahmed	17	...	Nowgong High School
Kyaw Tun	15-7	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Laha, Nalinikanta	16	...	New Indian School
Lahiri, Bhabaniprasad	19-4	...	Dhubri High School
„ Becharam	17-6	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
„ Girijakanta	15-6	...	Krishnagar A. V. School
„ Jatindranath	16-2	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Janendranath	17-2	...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Manmathanath	14-6	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
„ Manmathanath	16	...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Rai Nalinimohan	15-1	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Pramodchandra	15-4	...	Hughli Collegiate School

Lahiri, Somendranath	15	...	Naogaon K. D. School
Lakshman Jagannath Deo-			
pujary	16-10...		City School, Nagpur
Lakshmi Narayan	14-8	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Lalgobind Singh	17-6	...	Darbhangra Raj School
Lalkrishna Sahay	18	...	Chapra Institution
Lalta Prashad	16-3	...	Peshawar M. B. High School
Lalta Prashad	15-9	...	Gaya Zila School
Lawrence, J. E. LeMarchant	15-7	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Laxman Balwant	15	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Laxman Ganesh Piplay	17	...	Private Student (Roll. Nag. P. 48.)
Laxuman Ramchandra Jagdeo	23-6		Private Student (Roll. Nag. P. 29.)
Lewis, J.	16-3	...	Ludhiana C. B. B. School
Lilavatti	...	...	Lady Dufferin's C. G. School, Lahore
Lyford, Lizzie		...	Girls' High School, Galle
Lumsden, A. E.		...	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling
Lutfar Rahman	14	...	Hughli Collegiate School
Madak, Bisweswar	18	...	Ranaghat H. A. V. School
Madhao Narayan Khare*	19-3	...	Nagpur High School
Madhava Martand Dabadhao	15-10		F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Mahabirprasad	18-6	...	Patna Collegiate School
Mahadeo Bhasker Goshi	19-6	...	Nagpur High School
Mahadeo Lal	17	—	Chapra Institution
Mahadeo Moreshwar Suley	18	...	City School, Nagpur
Mahadeo Prasad	13-2	...	Arrah Town School
Mahadeo Sinha	17	...	Private Student (Roll. Pat. P. 13.)
Mahammad Ismayel	21-9	...	Patna Collegiate School
Mahanti, Dibyasinha	15-2	...	Katak P. M. Academy
„ Kripasindhu	17	...	Puri Zila School
„ Pareswar	14-5	...	Kendrapara H. E. School
„ Upendranath	17	...	Balasore Zila School
Mahapatra, Bhagirath	13-8	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Raghunath	15-7	...	Balasore Zila School
Mahip Sinha	17-9	...	Darbhangra Raj School
Maiti, Mihirlal	18	...	Maju R. N. Basu's School.
Maitra, Annadacharan	16	...	Gaya Zila School
„ Anupamchandra	16	...	Sri Bharati Institution
„ Asutosh	16	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Hemchandra	18	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Jadabnath	16	...	Goalanda High School
„ Kalicharan	15-5	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala-khana Branch
„ Tarinicharan	12-5	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Majumdar, Akshaykumar	17	...	Noakhali Rajkumar Jub. School
„ Aswinikumar	17	...	Puthia H. E. School
„ Baradakanta	16	...	Sirajganj B. L. School
„ Baradaprasad	17-5	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Binodbihari	16	...	Hare School
„ Chandramohan	14-4	...	Faridpur Zila School

* Passed in Drawing.

Majumdar, Debendrakumar	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Ganeschandra	18-2	...	Harinarayanpur High School
„ Hemchandra	16-8	...	Raniganj H. E. School
„ Jagadiskumar	13	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Jasadakumar	15-3	...	Shillong Govt. High School
„ Jatindranath	15	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow-Bazar Branch
„ Karunakanta	16	...	Naogaon K. D. School
„ Kshetranath	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Ladlimohan	16-6	...	T. N. Jubilee Coll. School
„ Matilal	13	...	Kalia H. E. School
„ Mukundakisor	15-3	..	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
„ Narayanchandra	14	...	Maju R. N. Basu's School
„ Nityananda	18-2	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Prabodhchandra	14	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Pramathanath	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Raimohan	14	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Rajendralal	16	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Rasbihari	15	...	New Indian School
„ Saratchandra	15	...	Feni H. E. School
„ Upendranath	15	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
Mallik, Aswinikumar	14-2	...	Hughli Branch School
„ Atulkrishna	16-5	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
„ Bamacharan	14	...	Hughli Branch School
„ Bipinbihari	19	...	Sil's Free College
„ Dhrubanarayan	14-3	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Haralal	16-3	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Janendrachandra	12	...	Burdwan Albert Vic. Institution
„ Jatindranath	17	...	New Indian School
„ Jogindranath	21	...	Aryan Institution, Calcutta
„ Manimohan	16-5	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
„ Nakuleswar	16	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Panchugopal	15-6	...	South Sub. School, Bhowanipur
„ Purnachandra	17-8	...	Hindu School
„ Radharaman	17	...	Private Student (Roll Cal. P. 44.)
„ Saratchandra	16-9	...	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Satischandra	18-2	...	Hare School
„ Satyacharan	18	...	Tamluk Hamilton School
„ Satyanarayan	15	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Shashthidas	15	...	City Collegiate School
„ Sitanath	15-6	...	Malda Zila School
Malvery, H. S.	18-4	...	Private Student (Roll. Lah. P. 7.)
Manasseh, Elias	15-6	...	St. Xavier's College
Mandal, Amarendra	15-8	..	Bankura Zila School
„ Hitlal	16	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Nanitosh	15	...	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Phakirchandra	17-10	...	Jahanabad High School
„ Rajaninath	17	...	Garbeta H. E. School
„ Rampada	15	...	Dainhat H. E. School
„ Umacharan	16	...	Dhankuria H. E. School
Manna, Manmathanath	14-4	...	Metropolitan Institution
Maqboolal Hasan	17	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School

Maqbul Ahmed	17	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
Martin, C.	15-9	...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Mathura Prasad	18	...	Arrah Zila School
Maulik, Haranchandra	14-9	...	Sadhubati H. E. School
„ Rajendrakumar	14	...	Habiganj High School
„ Saratchandra	15-2	...	Nawab's H. S., Murshidabad
Maung Ba	16-9	...	Bassein High School
Maung Ba	17-7	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Maung Ba Myaing	17-11	...	Maulmein Govt. H. School
Maung, E.	14-9	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Maung Gale	18	...	Bassein High School
Maung Htoon Myine	17-6	...	St. Paul's H. School, Rangoon
Maung On Bu	21-3	...	Municipal H. School, Prome
Maung On Pe	18	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Maung Sain	19	...	Ditto
Maung Tha Nhyin	15-11	...	Maulmein Govt. H. School
Md. Nasirulhuq	15	...	Bhagalpur Madrasa
Md. Yakoob	17	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Medlycott, H. E.	17-6	...	St. Xavier's College
Meik, C.	16-10	...	Ditto
Mendietta, Inez	...	...	Doveton Institution
Mendietta, R.	15-8	...	St. James's School
Middleton, W. E.	16-7	...	La Martinière Coll., Calcutta
Milne, W. S.	16-9	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Mina Bahadur	17-7	...	Darbar School, Nepal
Mirza Ahmad Ally	16-5	...	St. Xavier's College
Misra, Jibankrishna	17	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
„ Syamasankar	17	...	Monghyr Vic. Jubilee School
„ Trilochan	17	...	Century School, Calcutta
Mitra, Abinaschandra	14-11	...	Searsole H. E. School
„ Achintanath	15-8	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Amarnath	15	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Amulyachandra	15	...	New Indian School
„ Amritlal	17	...	Barasat Government School
„ Anukulchandra	16-6	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Aswinikumar	16	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution
„ Aswinikumar	15-4	...	B. M. Institution, Barisal
„ Baidyanath	14-3	...	Ulubaria H. C. E. School
„ Bhupendranath	15	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Bhupendranath	17-2	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Bhupendranath (II.)	16	...	New Indian School
„ Charuchandra	15-6	...	Aryya Misson Institution
„ Ganeschandra	18	...	Janai Training School
„ Girindrachandra	18	...	New Indian School
„ Guruprasanna	16-6	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Hemchandra	15	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Hemnolini	...	...	Lady Dufferin C. G. School, Lahore
„ Jatindrachandra	16	...	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School
„ Jageschandra	19-6	...	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Jogindranath	19	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P.23.)
„ Jogindranath	16	...	Hughli Collegiate School

Mitra, Jyotindrakumar	16-6 ...	Doveton College
„ Jyotindramohan	18 ...	Purulia Zila School
„ Kalidas	12-5 ...	Katwa H. E. School
„ Khagendrakrishna	12-7 ...	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. Schl.
„ Krishnachandra	17 ...	Monghyr K. P. Institution
„ Krishnasprasad	17-7 ...	Bhadrak High School
„ Manilal	19 ...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Narendranath	19-6 ...	Aryya Mission Institution
„ Nagendranath	14-5 ...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nareschandra	15 ...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Nirmalchandra	14-8 ...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Paresnath	15-4 ...	Mahanad F. C. Mission School
„ Phanibhushan	15 ...	Hatwa Eden School
„ Pramathanath	13 ...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Pramathanath	15-6 ...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Ramkrishna	19 ...	Pakur H. E. School
„ Saradindubhushan	14 ...	Hazaribagh Zila School
„ Surendranath	15 ...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Sureschandra	17 ...	New Indian School
„ Tulsicharan	15-7 ...	Hindu School
Mitramustaphi, Haratosh	16 ...	Balagarh H. E. School
M. M. Bakhsh	18-6 ...	Bihar H. C. E. School
Mobinuddin Ahmad	14-3 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Mohomed Fazil	16-6 ...	Chapra Zila School
Mohamed Haniff	19 ...	Nowgong High School
Mohan Lal Goariprasad	17-4 ...	Nagpur High School
Moreswar Ramchandra J.	15-7 ...	Sagar High School
Mra Tha U.	17-6 ...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Mrityunjay Sahay	17 ...	Hazaribagh Zila School
M. Shioram Moreswar	15-9 ...	City School, Nagpur
Muhammad Abdul Jalil	16 ...	Ditto
„ Abdul Quddoos	17 ...	Arrah Zila School
„ Abdur Rahim	20 ...	M. A. A. School, Patna
„ Abdus Samad	15 ...	Munshiganj H. E. School
„ Ahsan	16 ...	Bihar H. C. E. School
„ Akhtar	14 ...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Amir	18 ...	Chapra Zila School
„ Emazuddin Mian	15 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Fariduddin	16 ...	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School
„ Fasihuddin	20-5 ...	M. A. A. School, Patna
„ Israil	16 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Itrut Hussain	17 ...	Arrah Zila School
„ Jaleel	16 ...	Mozufferpur Society's School
„ Khorshed Hossain	17 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Munshi	21 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Academy, Bankipur
„ Razee	16-6 ...	Patna City School
„ Yaseen	15-10 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Mukhopadhyay, Abinaschandra	15 ...	Searsole H. E. School
„ Amritlal	15 ...	Kalighat H. E. School
„ Amulyachandra	15 ...	Ripon Coll. Schl., K. Branch
„ Anantakumar	19-10 ...	Private Student (Roll. Dac. P. 5.)

Mukhopadhyay, Aparnaprasad	16 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Asutosh	15 ...	Searsole H. E. School
" Asutosh	17-8 ...	Contai H. E. School
" Bamacharan	18 ...	Konnagar H. E. School
" Bankabihari	15-3 ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bowanipur
" Bankimchandra	17-3 ...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
" Bhudharnath	14 ...	Mugkalyan H. C. E. School
" Bhupendranath	15-2 ...	Hare School
" Binodbihari	17-7 ...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
" Binodbihari	14 ...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Bishnupada	16 ...	Howrah Bible H. C. E. Schl.
" Charuchandra	17 ...	New Indian School
" Dharmadas	15-11 ...	Genl. Assembly's Institution
" Gopalchandra	16-6 ..	Metropolitan Institution, Bara-bazar Branch
" Gopinath	18 ...	Bagbazar Model School
" Gunendranath	14 ...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution
" Haricharan	14-7 ...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
" Hemchandra	16 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Hrishikes	14 ...	Mankar H. E. School
" Jagannath	19-3 ...	Janai Training School
" Jatindranath	13-6 ...	Halisahar H. C. E. School
" Jnanadacharan	15 ...	Howrah Municipal School
" Jnanendranath	15 ...	Chandpur Hasan Ali Jub. School
" Jogindranath	16-2 ...	Gaya Zila School
" Jogindranath	14-5 ...	Berhampur Coll. School
" Jyotindranath (A)	15 ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
" Kalibhushan	16 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Kalidas	16 ...	Hatwa Eden School
" Kalidas	17-5 ...	Banwaribad H. E. School
" Karunamay	14 ...	Nibodhai H. E. School
" Kedarnath	16 ...	Private Student (Roll. Dac. P. 6.)
" Kirtichandra	15 ...	Oriental Seminary
" Kirtichandra	15 ...	New Indian School
" Krishnagopal	16 ...	Shambazar H. C. E. School
" Kshetranath	15 ...	Bandipur High School
" Kshitindrakumar	15 ...	Muragachha H. E. School
" Kusumkumar	15-1 ...	Metropolitan Institution
" Lalitmohan	15-2 ...	Ditto
" Manasacharan	17 ...	Barisal Zila School
" Manmathanath	13-6 ...	Lahore C. M. School
" Manmathanath	19 ...	Salkia A. S. School
" Mukundamuraji	14 ...	Malkhanagar H. E. School
" Munindranath	14-4 ...	Bandipur High School
" Nabagopal	15-6 ...	Dainhat H. E. School
" Nalinbihari	16-8 ...	Birbhum School
" Narendranath	13 ...	New Indian School
" Nityadhan	18 ...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
" Prabhanath	16-11 ...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
" Prabodhchandra	14 ...	Gusthia K. N. H. E. School
" Prakashchandra	19-6 ...	Gar Bhowanipur H. E. School
" Pramathanath	14 ...	Hughli Branch School
" Priyagopal	16-10 ...	Payragacha Ripon H. C. E. Schl.

Mukhopadhyay, Purnachandra	18	...	Santipur Municipal School
" Purnachandra	16	...	Khulna Zila School
" Pyarilal	14-2	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
" Rajanikanta	18-6	...	Aryya Mission Institution
" Bakhalchandra	16-8	...	Kalna Maharaja's School
" Rakhalidas	13	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
" Ramchandra	14	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
" Saratchandra	15	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Saratchandra	14-5	...	Guptipara School
" Sarojchandra	18-4	...	Hindu School
" Shashthidas	14-8	...	Kalna Maharaja's School
" Satischandra	16	...	Ripon Collegiate School
" Satischandra	19	...	Daulatpur High School
" Satyachandra	17	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
" Srigopal	18	...	Harinarayanpur High School
" Srischandra	15	...	Taki Government School
" Surendranath	17	...	Arrah Zila School
" Surendranath	13	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
" Surendranath	16	...	Ranchi Zila School
" Sureschandra	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Sureschandra	17-3	...	New Indian School
" Tarakdas	16	...	Telinipara Bhadreswar School
" Tarapada	17-2	...	Kalna Maharaja's School
" Upendranath	14	...	Calcutta Institution
" Upendranath	16-1	...	Harinavi A. S. School
" Ushanath	15-3	...	Burdwan Municipal School
Muktaprasad Deviprasad	18-6	...	Raipur High School
Munalal Tiwari	15	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Munsi, Jyotkumar	15	...	Howrah Municipal School
" Manmathanath	17-2	...	Raja S. K.'s Institution, Rajbari
Murli Manohar	18	...	Darbhanga Raj School
Murli Manohar	14-5	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Mustaphi, Nilkrisna	18	...	Senhati High School
" Saratchandra	16	...	Balagarh H. E. School
Mutter, Florence	...	...	Methodist Girls' High School, Rangoon
Nag, Debendrakumar	16	...	Chittagong National Institution
Nagchaudhuri, Rameschandra	14-4	...	Diamond Harbour H. E. School
Nagnarayan Lal	13-6	...	Hutwa Fden School
Nagnarayan Lall	15	...	Arrah Kayastha Jubilee Academy
Naik, Madhabcharan	18-2	...	Katak P. M. Academy
Nan, Pannalal	16-8	...	Hindu School
Nanda, Gangadhar	15-3	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Nandi, Arunoday	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
" Baradakumar	16-2	...	Calcutta Institution
" Basantakumar	16	...	Shillong Govt. High School
" Bipinbihari	15	...	Baripur H. C. E. School
" Jyotindramohan	16-2	...	Gaibandha H. E. School
" Matilal	15	...	Ripon Collegiate School
" Nagendranath	16	...	New Indian School
" Panchanan	16-2	...	Kalna Maharaja's School
" Sitanath	18	...	Birbhum School
" Sridharchandra	18	...	Midnapur Town School

Nand Lall	17-6	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Narayan Ganesh Chimotey	15-6	...	Raipur High School
Narayan Govind Rambhajnui	16	...	City School, Nagpur
Narayan Laxman Dal*	18-6	...	Ditto
Narayan Martand Dabadghao	17-4	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Narayan Sheoram Bhalerao	19	...	City School, Nagpur
Narayan Sitaram Mahurkar	17	...	City School, Nagpur
Narsingh Narayan	20	...	Private Student (Roll. Pat. P. 15.)
Naseerul Huq	15-8	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Nasimuddin Ahmed	20-8	...	Magura H. E. School
Nath, Chandrakumar	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Chandramadhab	16-3	...	Lakshmipur H. E. School
„ Rajanikanta	15	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Nathaniel, A. H.	19-2	...	Monghyr Zila School
Nathu Makund Naoleker	17-4	...	Hoshangabad Govt. H. School
Nawab Lall	19	...	Patna City School
Nilkant Trimbok Sothe	17-5	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Niyogi, Atulkrishna	17-1	...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Jatindramohan	15	...	Silchar High School
„ Jyotindramohan	17	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Ramaprasad	14-10	...	Dinajpur Zila School
„ Saradaprasad	17	...	Jenkins' School, Cooch-Behar
„ Upendranath	15	...	Bagbazar Model School
Noor Mahomed Ismail	17-6	...	St. Xavier's College
Nusserwanji Roostumji Mehta	17-2	...	Ditto
Omkar Prasad B.	16-3	...	Sagar High School
O'Sullivan, D.	16-6	...	La Martiniere Coll., Calcutta
P. Abdur Rahman	17-4	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Pal, Banwarilal	16	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Bhubanmohan	18	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Bibhutibhushan	14	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Biharilal	13-6	...	Bhagyakul H. C. E. School
„ Harimangal	15-8	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Jagatchandra	18	...	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
„ Kaliprasanna	17-2	...	Gosain Durgapur H. E. School
„ Kesabchandra	16-5	...	Baharu H. E. School
„ Kunjalal	16-6	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Maniklal	16	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Nagendranath	16	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Purnachandra	15	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Ramgopal	13	...	Monghyr Zila School
„ Saratchandra	14	...	Islampur H. E. School
„ Syamacharan	17	...	Senhati High School
„ Upendranath	15-5	...	Century School, Calcutta
Palit, Jatindramohan	16	...	Maldah Zila School
„ Mahendranath	13-6	...	Hatwa Eden School
„ Tulsidas	18	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
Panda, Kasinath	16	...	Balasore Zila School

* Passed in Drawing.

Panday, Bhupendrachandra	18	...	Kalna Maharaja's School
" Brindban Behary	18.2	...	Gaya Zila School
" Jaynarayan	18	...	Jahanabad High School
Pandit Ikbal Nath	17.9	...	Gujrat S. M. High School
Pandurang Keshav Avadhoot	19	...	Indore English Madrasa
Panja, Narendralal	15	...	Midnapur L. M. School
" Surendralal	16	...	Ditto
Pannalal Muthra Lal	18.4	...	Canadian Mission High School, Ujjain
Paspath Nath	14.3	...	Arrah Zila School
Patnaik Jagannath	14.4	...	Katak P. M. Academy
Picachy, J.	19.6	...	St. Joseph's Col., Darjeeling
Po Lin	17.1	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Po Myet	18	...	Baptist College, Rangoon
Ponniah, P.	21.2	...	Jaffna College
Po Thin	19	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Po Yin	19.3	...	Ditto
Potter, W. J.	17	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Pounampalam, S.	18.7	...	Jaffna College
Pramanik, Gangadhar	15.7	...	Sirajganj B. L. School
" Kunjabihari	18	...	Ranaghat H. A. V. School
" Mokshadagati	15	...	Metropolitan Instn., Bow Bazar Branch
" Surendranath	16	...	Balagarh H. E. School
Preag Lal	18.7	...	Patna Collegiate School
Prussia, H. B.	16.6	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Purushotam Iyer Chennappah			
Iyer	18	...	Private Student (Roll. Jaf. P. 3.)
Qazi Syed Mahibol Hasan	17.6	...	Chapra Institution
Quamaruddin Ahmed	14	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Ragho Jagannath Killedar	18.5	...	City School, Nagpur
Raghunandan Prasad	16.6	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acdy., Bankipur
Raghunandan Prasad	16	...	Hazaribagh Zila School
Raghunandan Prasad	16	...	Monghyr Zila School
Raghunandan Upadhyay	17	...	Buxar H. C. E. School
Raghunath Rao	17.3	...	Deogarh H. E. School
Raha, Ramlal	19	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
" Rukminikanta	16	...	Habiganj High School
" Saratchandra	19	...	Dinhat H. E. School
Rahimuddin Meah	16	...	Santosh Jahnvi School
Rai Bideswary Prasad	14.4	...	Patna Collegiate School
Rai Lakshminath Sahai Sinha	16	...	Behar H. C. E. School
Rajendra Prasad	17.3	...	Darbhanga Raj School
Rajendra Prasad	20	...	Saran Academy
Rakshit, Nabinchandra	17.2	...	Noakhali Zila School
" Saratchandra	18	...	Telinipara Bhadreswar School
Ramchandra Bapurao Patwar-			
ghan	18.9	...	City School, Nagpur
Ram Bahal Sinha	18.4	...	Patna Collegiate School
Ramchandra Tukaram Bham-			
poorkar	19	...	City School, Nagpur
Ramcharitra Prasad	15.3	...	Gaya Zila School
Ram Kalicharan	15	...	Monghyr Zila School

Ramkrishna Atmaram Chate	17	...	City School, Nagpur
Ramkrishna Thakur	19	...	Mozufferpur Society's School
Ram Lakshan Panday	16	...	Buxar H. E. School
Ram Lakshan Lall	14	...	Hutwa Eden School
Ram Lall	23-5	...	M. A. A. School, Patna
Ramnath	17-10...	...	Peshawar M. B. High School
Ramprasada Singh	15	...	Monghyr K. P. Institution
Ramratan Jagannath	18	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Ram Rao S.	21	...	Hoshangabad Govt. H. School
Rauth, Damodar	15	...	Katak P. M. Academy
„ Harendraachandra	14-10...	...	Dacca Jubilee School
Ray, Adharchandra	19	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
„ Adharnath	15	...	Jara H. E. School
„ Aghornath	14-3	...	Raja Suryyakumar's Institution, Rajbari
„ Atulchandra	16	...	Chittagong Municipal School
„ Atulchandra	16-1	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Atulchandra	18	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Atulkrishna	15	...	Hughli Branch School
„ Atulkumar	16-6	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Baradakisor	15-8	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Baradaranjan	13	...	Sherpur Victoria Academy
„ Benimadhab	17	...	Jenkins' School, Cooch-Behar
„ Bijaykrishna	16	...	Metropolitan Inst., Bara. Branch
„ Birchandra	14-9	...	Rampurhat H. E. School
„ Durgacharan	16	...	Puri Zila School
„ Durgakanta	16	...	Kisorganj H. E. School
„ Durgaprasanna	13	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Dwarkanath	16	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acadmy., Bankipur
„ Girindranath	15-2	...	Barrackpur Govt. School
„ Golaknath	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate, School
„ Gopalchandra	15-8	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Hemendramohan	13-11...	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Hemendranath	19 6	...	Bogra Zila School
„ Jatindrakumar	13	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Jageschandra	16-8	...	Jara H. E. School
„ Jageschandra	22	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Kalimohan	14-3	...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Kalipada	16-5	...	Barajaguli H. E. School
„ Kamininath	14	...	Chakdighi Sarada Institution
„ Karaliprasad	15-3	...	Jangipur H. E. School
„ Kedarnath	16-6	...	Ranchi Zila School
„ Kedarnath	16	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Kshirodpati	15	...	Jara H. E. School
„ Kumarishchandra	15-2	...	Panwaribad H. E. School
„ Kumudbandhu	12-8	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Lalitmohan	17	...	Khulna Zila School
„ Madhusudan	13-5	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Manindranath	15	...	Taki Government School
„ Manindranath	18-7	...	Gar Bhawanipur H. E. School
„ Matilal	17	...	Jenkins' School, Cooch-Behar
„ Munindradeb	15-4	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution

Ray, Munindranath	15-2 ...	Kuchiakol Radha Instn.
„ Nagendranath	13 2 ...	Bishenpur H. E. School
„ Narendrabhushan	16 ...	Calcutta Institution
„ Nilkanta	14 ...	Krishnagar Coll. School
„ Panchugopal	14 ...	Sudhakarapur H. E. School
„ Pramathanath	17 ...	Bandipur High School
„ Purnachandra	16-11...	Birbhum School
„ Rajendraprasad	13-1 ...	Jenkins' School Cooch-Behar
„ Rajgopal	13-5 ...	Purbasthali Victoria Instn.
„ Rajkumar	16-2 ...	Malkhanagar H. E. School
„ Rameswar	17-1 ..	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Rasiklal	19-8 ...	Barisal Zila School
„ Saradacharan	16 ...	Chandpur Hasanali Jub. School
„ Saradindu	14-6 ...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Saratchandra	14-6 ...	Magura H. E. School
„ Saratchandra	16 ...	Midnapuur Collegiate School
„ Saratchandra (II.)	18 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Saratkumar	17-9 ...	Hindu School
„ Sarbaranjan	15 ...	South Sub. School, Bhowanipur
„ Sasibhushan	18 ...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
„ Sasimohan	15-5 ...	Kisorganj H. E. School
„ Satischandra	16-10...	Bajitpur H. E. School
„ Satischandra	17-9 ...	Jalpaiguri Zila School
„ Satischandra	16-6 ...	Birbhum School
„ Satischandra	14 ...	Commilla Zila School
„ Satischandra	16-6 ...	Midnapur Town School
„ Satischandra	13-5 ...	Munsiganj H. E. School
„ Surendrakumar	18 ...	Simla Bengal Academy
„ Sitaballabh	18 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Surendramohan	16 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Surendranath	17-2 ...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Tarakanta	16 ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Tarakjiban	19-8 ...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Umeschandra	21 ...	Teacher (Roll. Bar. T. 1.)
„ Upendrachandra	15-9 ...	Faridpur Zila School
„ Upendranath	16-5 ...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Brajanandan Pershad	14-5 ...	Darbhanga Raj School
Raychaudhuri, Ohamundalal	18-7 ...	Birbhum School
„ Jatindrakumar	14 ...	Barisal Zila School
„ Jatindramohan	15 ...	Santosh Jahnabhi School
„ Jatindranath	15 ...	Balasore Zila School
„ Kaminikumar	16 ...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Lalitmohan	15 ...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Nilkanta	15 ...	Taki Government School
„ Raghunath	15 ...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Rakhalchandra	15 ...	Babulia J. S. H. E. School
„ Ramkamal	17 ...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Ratiranjan	19-3 ...	Udaynarayanpur S. C. Instn.
Raza Hosan	19-2 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Reaks, S. H.	14-6 ...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Rebeiro, P.	17-3 ...	St. Joseph's Boarding School
Reid, Winifred	... ..	Methodist Girls' High School, Rangoon

Revati Nandan	15	...	Gaya Zila School
Ruja, Suryyakanta	18	...	Bandgora H. E. School
Saadatali Khan	17	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Sadad Abul Musood	12	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Sadanand Chandu Lal	13-10...		Private Student (Roll. Lab. P. 17.)
Sadashio Narayan Rant	17	...	City School, Nagpur
Sadashiva Balkrishna Golwelker	16-9		Nagpur High School
Sadashive Sitaram Dikshit	17-6	...	Private Student (Roll. Nag. P. 28.)
Sadasukh	14-6	...	Residency School, Indore
Saha, Banamali	14	...	Shazadpur H. E. School
„ Chandranath	16-10...		Dacca Collegiate School
„ Girischandra	15-8	...	Sirajganj B. L. School
„ Gokulchandra	15-4	...	Hare School
„ Jaharlal	17	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Jnanendranath	16	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Kedarnath	17	...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
„ Kunjabihari	14-9	...	Kotalpur H. C. E. School
„ Panchanan	18	...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
„ Panditchandra	17-9	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Surendrakumar	14	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala- khana Branch
„ Syamacharan	17-2	...	Dacca Jubilee School
Salimuddin Ahmed	24	...	Private Student (Roll. Dac. P. 2.)
Samanta, Nandalal	16	...	Bankura Zila School
„ Satischandra	16	...	Lalgola Vic. Jub. H. E. School
„ Sasibhushan	21	...	Gar Bhowanipur H. E. School
Sanatan Rawany	17	...	Chybasa Zila School
San Paw	19-8	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Santra, Bidhubhushan	20-3	...	Howrah Bible H. C. E. School
Sanyal, Binaychandra	17	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Biswanath	16	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Herambanath	17	...	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School
„ Jagatdiswar	17	...	Jalpaiguri Zila School
„ Jnanendranath	17-6	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmathanath	16	...	Parjana M. N. H. E. School
„ Prabodhchandra	14	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Prabodhchandra	15	...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Pralahdhchandra	16	...	Maldah Zila School
„ Sureschandra	16	...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
Saravanamutta, S.	17-7	...	Jaffna College
Sarkar, Abinaschandra	16-3	...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Asutosh	14	...	Metropolitan Inst., Bara. Branch
„ Bibhutibhushan (I.)	15-2	...	Raniganj H. E. School
„ Bishnupada	16	...	Matihari Zila School
„ Digambar	15-7	...	Bogra Zila School
„ Dinabandhu	18	...	Chanchal Siddeswari Institution
„ Dwarkalal	15-4	...	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Girischandra	18	...	Pabna Zila School
„ Gurudas	16-3	...	Bandgora H. E. School
„ Haricharan	16	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Jnanendranath	16-5	...	Purulia Zila School
„ Jogeschandra	14-8	...	Kisorganj H. E. School

Sarkar, Kedarnath	18	...	Pabna Zila School
" Kirtichandra	16	...	Burdwan Albert Victor Instn,
" Kisorimohan	18-2	...	Bishop's College School
" Manilal	16	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P.16.)
" Manoharchandra	16-6	...	Hare School
" Radhaballabh	14	...	Mankur H. E. School
" Rasiklal	18	...	Pandra H. E. School
" Saratkumar	18	...	Private Student (Roll. Bau. P.1.)
" Srinath	14	...	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School
" Sulochana	...	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 4.)
" Surendranath (II)	14-2	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
" Tinkari	16	...	Bandgora H. E. School
" Upendranath	14-3	...	Barisa H. C. E. School
" Upendranath	16-5	...	Patna Collegiate School
Sarkhel, Syamacharan	16-6	...	Noakhali Zila School
Sarma, Bishnuchandra	16-2	...	Nowgong High School
" Brikodar	16	...	Jorhat High School
" Gurukumar	18-2	...	Sylhet National Institution
" Harajay	20-8	...	Private Student (Roll. Syl. P.1.)
" Kailaschandra	17-6	...	Sonamganj Jubilee High School
" Kamalakanta	13-6	...	Gauhati High School
" Padmanabh	18	...	Golghat Bezbaruya High School
" Sasibhushan	17-9	...	Jalpaiguri Zila School
Sarmakhan, Jnanendranath	18	...	Metropolitan Institution
Sarnakar, Krishnachandra	16	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
Satnarain Lall	16	...	Patna City School
Satpathi, Ganeshwar	17	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Saunders, G.	16-7	...	St. Xavier's College
Saw Hla Pru	15-9	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Sayed Abdur Rahman	19-5	...	Birbhum School
" Ewaz Ali	19	...	Sagar High School
Sayyed Muhammad Ibrahim	16	...	Monghyr K. P. Institution
Sen, Abinaschandra	16-6	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Apurbakumar	17-10	...	Midnapur L. M. School
" Asutosh	16	...	Hughli Collegiate School
" Bhubhanmohan	13	...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Bidhubhushan	17	...	Habiganj High School
" Bijaychandra	14	...	Senhati High School
" Debendrachandra	13	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Debendranath	13	...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Haridas	18	...	Albert Collegiate School
" Hemantakumar	13	...	New Indian School
" Jaineswar	15	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
" Jogeschandra	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Jogeschandra	19	...	Kushtia H. E. School
" Kamakhayacharan	17-6	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Kaminikumar	15	...	Agartala High School
" Khagendranath	15	...	Calcutta Institution
" Khagendranath	17-7	...	Burdwan Municipal School
" Kisorimohan	15	...	South Subn. Schl., Bhowanipur
" Lalbihari	17	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Lalitnohan	20	...	Barisal Zila School

Sen, Mahendranath	16	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Manmohan	17	...	Bajrajogini H. E. School
" Mohitkumar	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Nandalal	16	...	City Collegiate School
" Narendrachandra	12	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Narendranath	14	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
" Narmadakumar	18	...	Sylhet Maulavibazar H. School
" Nibaranchandra	18-1	...	Perozepur H. E. School
" Nrisinhachandra	14	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
" Parbatikumar	19-10	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Probodchandra	15-3	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Pradyumnachandra	15-3	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
" Pramodbihari	14	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Pulinbihari	16	...	Nowgong High School
" Purnachandra	15	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
" Purnachandra	17-6	...	Hindu School
" Radhikamohan	13	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Ramlal	18-5	...	Sirajganj B. L. School
" Ranaram	17	...	Albert Collegiate School
" Saralchandra	17	...	Ditto
" Sasibhushan	16	...	Commilla Zila School
" Sasikumar	13-8	...	T. N. Jubilee Coll. School
" Satischandra	14	...	Agartala High School
" Sricharan	16-6	...	Century School, Calcutta
" Srischandra	14-10	...	Faridpur Zila School
" Srischandra	16	...	Hazaribagh Zila School
" Sudhansubhushan	16	...	Kalighat H. E. School
" Surendranath	13-3	...	Baripur H. E. C. School
" Surendranath	17	...	Narit H. E. School
" Upendranath	16-2	...	Udaynarayanpur S. C. Instn.
Sengupta, Abinaschandra	15-10	...	Banwaribad H. E. School
" Apurbachandra	14	...	Commilla Zila School
" Basantakumar	16	...	Noakhali Zila School
" Indubhusan	15-3	...	Berhampur Collegiate School
" Jogindrabhushan	17	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Jyotishchandra	16-3	...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
" Manmathnath	17	...	Monghyr Zila School
" Nakuleswar	18	...	Srirampur Union Institution
" Nalinichandra	16-2	...	Dhubri High School
" Nibaranchandra	18	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
" Rasbihari	20	...	Ditto
" Satischandra	15-9	...	Dhubri High School
" Sibnath	17	...	Baharu H. E. School
" Tarinicharan	15	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Senmajumdar, Sasibhushan	15	...	Kalia H. E. School
Set, Gaurdas	18	...	Metropolitan Instn., Barabazar Branch
Seth, A.	17-6	...	Doveton College
Shadwell, C.	16-3	...	Calcutta Poys' School
Shaikh Serajuddin Ahmed	17-6	...	Purnia Zila School
Shake Ashamat Ullah	17	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar

Shamsuddin Sadiq	17-7	—	Batala Baring High School
Shanti Chanda Lal	15-5	...	Private Student (Roll, Lah. P. 15)
Shareefalam	16	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Shave, H.	15-2	...	St. James' School
Sheik Abdul Karim	14	...	Patiya H. E. School
Sheo Baluk B.*	18-2	...	Sagar High School
Shib Ram	14-10	...	Patiala Collegiate School
Shivanandan Sahay	21-3	...	Patna Collegiate School
Shiva Narayan	19-6	...	Ditto
Shreeniwas Appacharya			
Gomuthum	17-6	...	Indore English Madrasa
Shrinivashi	16	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Shumshul Hoda	15	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acadmy., Bankipur
Shwe Hman	17-3	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Rambishun Siddhanta	14	...	Sonamukhi Jubilee H. E. Schl.
Sil, Amritlal	16	—	Metropolitan Institution, Bara-bazar Branch
„ Asutosh	17-3	...	Hindu School
„ Bhagabaticharan	17	...	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Narendranath	17-6	...	Harinavi A. S. School
Simoens, B. C.	15-8	...	St. Paul's H. Schl., Rangoon
Sinha, Dasarathi	15	...	Majdia Rail Bazar H. E. Schl.
„ Gaurchandra	19-4	...	Hitampur H. E. School
„ Harendrakumar	15-7	...	Banawaribad H. E. School
„ Hariprasanna	16	...	Maju R. N. Basu's School
„ Jyotishchandra	15	...	Commilla Victoria School
„ Krishnaprasad	15	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Manamohan	13	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Manindra	13-8	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Nagendranath	19	...	Barajaguli H. E. School
„ Narendranath	17-4	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
„ Nrityalal	15	—	New Indian School
„ Rajendrakumar	16	...	Munsiganj H. E. School
„ Rajendralal	15-5	—	Bishop's College School
„ Saratchandra	13	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Shashthiram	17-6	...	Birbhum School
„ Siddheswar	16-3	...	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Surendranath	16-1	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
„ Tarakchandra	16	...	Agartala High School
„ Upendranath	16	...	Teacher (Roll Bau. T. 2.)
Sinnatury, V	17-2	...	Jaffna College
Sital Prasad	17	...	Hazaribagh Zila School
Sital Prasad (II.)	19	...	Monghyr Vic. Jubilee School
Sitalprasad	18-3	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Sitaram Venkatesh	17-10	...	Raipur High School
Sithampalam, C.	17-7	...	Wesley College, Colombo
Smart, A. W.	14-10	—	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Sohan Lal	18-10	...	Edward's C. M. Schl., Peshawar
Som, Laljimohan	16-10	...	Hughli Branch School
Soyas, S. J.*	18-9	...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo
S. T. Hussan	14-4	...	Behar H. C. E. School

* Passed in Drawing.

Sukul, Thakurprasad	17-6 ...	Private Student (Roll. Kat.P.6.)
Sullanassad	22 ...	Edward's C. M. Schl., Peshawar
Sundar Dass	18-1 ...	Lahore C M School
Sundarlal Kayasth	19 ...	Teacher (Roll. Jab. T. 1.)
Sur, Sarajmohan	14-11...	St. Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
„ Sibchandra	18 ...	Ditto
Surjoo, Prasad	20-8 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Sutradhar, Haradhan	18-2 ...	Boinchi B. L. Institution
S. W. Ahmad Soharwardi	14-2 ...	Behar H. C. E. School
Syad Wejahat Hosain	17 ...	Patna Collegiate School
Syed Muhammad Ali	17 ...	Chapra Zila School
Syed Tafazzal Ali	16-6 ...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
Syud Jahandar Meerza	21-1 ...	Private Student (Roll. Cal.P.40)
Syyed Muhammad Hady	16-2 ...	Arrah Town School
Syyid Muhammad Ibrahim	15 ...	Gaya, Sahebganj H. E. School
Tahsin Ali	18 ...	Jamalpur Donough High School
Talukdar, Pyarimohan	18-3 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
Tamizuddin Ahmed	15 ...	Rangpur Zila School
Tansukh Rai	18-4 ...	Ferozepur M. B. School
Tapsui Sinh	16 ...	Hatwa Eden School
Tarachand, Ella	... ...	Private Student, (Roll. Lah.P.3.)
Tarafdar, Abinaschandra	18-5 ...	Lakshannath H. E. School
„ Bhushanchandra	22 ...	Tala B. De Institution
„ Harischandra	15-4 ...	Sherpur H. E. School
„ Surendranath	18-5 ...	Simla Bengal Academy
Thakur, Sitanath	16-9 ...	Berhampur Hindu Academy
Thambyah, K.	16-4 ...	Jaffna College
Theophile, J.	17 ...	Ranchi Zila School
Thet Twe	18-6 ...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Timothy, P. G.	18-2 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Trivedi, Durgadas	16 ...	Hare School
Tun Lin	20 ...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Turner, F.	17 ...	St. Xavier's College
Udit Narayan	19 ...	Private Student (Roll. Pat.P.18.)
Umaruddin	19 ...	Edward's C. M. Schl., Peshawar
Vairamuttoo Supramaniam	18-8 ...	St. John's College, Jaffna
Vathavanam, C. N.	16-9 ...	Ditto
V. B. Ghate	18 ...	City School, Nagpur
Velayet Ali	15-9 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Vinayak Sadashiva Ardhey	18 ...	Nagpur High School
Vinayak Vishnood D.	18 ...	Sagar High School
Vishnu Goondoo Puranik	18 ...	Hosangabad Govt. H. School
Vishnu Waman Chitale	18 ...	Nagpur High School
Vishwanath Narayan Tere	19-6 ...	City School, Nagpur
Wadgia Kisan Audmanay	18 ...	Ditto
Walli Muhammad Shah	14 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Waman Jairam C. K.	17-6 ...	Hosangabad Govt. High School
Waman Ramchandra Joshi	18-7 ...	Private Student (Roll. Nag.P.6.)
Wardsworth, D.	18-3 ...	St. John's College, Jaffna
Wasimuddin Ahmad	14-6 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
William, S. R.	16-8 ...	Jaffna College
Wince, H. J.	16-3 ...	Doveton College
Yadeo Amrit Deshmukha	15-10...	Raipur High School

Yadeo Bapuji Wilankiwar	19	...	City School, Nagpur
Yadeo Narayan Tailang	20	...	Ditto
Zainuddin Hossain	15	...	Hughli Branch School

THIRD DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul Aziz	17	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Abdul Azizkhan	18	...	Chapra Zila School
Abdul Karim	19	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 43.)
Abdul Qayyom	14	...	Calcutta Madrasa
Abdul Wahed	18-6	...	Chittagong H. E. School
Abu Muhammad	17-9	...	Burdwan Municipal School
Abu Torab Koreishee	21-4	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Acharyya, Saratchandra	13-10	...	Bagnan H. E. School
Adhikari, Binodbihari	18	...	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School
„ Bipinbihari	16	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Mahendranath	16	...	Calcutta Institution
„ Rakhalchandra	14-1	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Ahesan Ullah	19	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Akhowri Achyutanand	15-5	...	Sasaram H. E. School
„ Gajendranarain Singh	17-7	...	Bankipur Kayastha Pathsala
Altafuddin Ahmed	19	...	Dacca Madrasa
Amanat Hussain	16	...	Baduria L. M. S. School
Anandiprasad Balmukund Dube	12-6	...	Indore English Madrasa
Apcar, S. B.	15-11	...	Armenian Collegiate School
Atiq Ullah	18-5	...	Edward's C. M. Schl., Peshawar
Ayodhiya Persad	17	...	Buxar H. E. School
Azeemuddin Mohamed	18	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Ba Bwa	16-8	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Badaruddeen Khan	15	...	Jara H. E. School
Badriprasad Singha	15	...	T.K. Ghosh's Acadmy., Bankipur
Bagchi, Anangamohan	16-2	...	Rangpur Zila School
„ Bhupendranath	18	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
„ Tushtalal	17	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Bakhandi, Kunjabihari	17	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
Baksi, Saratchandra	16	...	Natal Victoria Coll. School
Balaji Ganpat Rao Kulkarni	18	...	City School, Nagpur
Balkrishna Chintaman	19-4	...	F. O. Institution, Nagpur
Balkrishna Sinha	20-5	...	M. A. A. School, Patna
Balmakund Lal	16-6	...	Dumraon Raj H. E. School
Balmakund Sinha	19-5	...	M. A. A. School, Patna
Balram Nand	17-6	...	Sambalpur High School
Bandyopadhyay, Amulyaratan	16-3	...	Sibpur H. C. E. School
„ Bijaykrishna	14-3	...	Barisa H. C. E. School
„ Birendrakasori	15-2	...	Hare School
„ Bishnudas	15-7	...	Sil's Free College
„ Charuchandra	14	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Chunital	16	...	Hare School
„ Debendranath	19	...	City Collegiate School

Bandyopadhyay, Dwijapada	14	...	Dainhat H. E. School
" Ganeschandra	19-6	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
" Gopalchandra	15	...	Kandi School
" Hiralal	17	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Jatindranath	17	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
" Jnanadacharan	14-7	...	Bogra Zila School
" Jogindranath	15-6	...	Naihati Mahendra School
" Kalipada	18	...	Tala B. De Institution
" Kalipada	15-6	...	Banwaribad H. E. School
" Krishnachandra	17	...	Kalighat H. E. School
" Krishnachandra	17	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 2.)
" Kshetramohan	15	...	New Indian School
" Kunjabihari	18-5	...	Kuchiakol Radha Institution
" Mahendrachandra	16	...	Chuadanga V. J. H. E. School
" Manindranath	15	...	South Subn. School, Bhowanipur
" Manmathanath	17-6	...	Arrah Zila School
" Nagendranath	15-5	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Nagendranath	17	...	General Assembly's Institution
" Nandagopal	15	...	Ariadah H. E. School
" Narayanchandra	15-3	...	Balagarh H. E. School
" Narendrachandra	16-4	...	Sirajganj B. L. School
" Nareschandra	18	...	City Collegiate School
" Nilmadhab	15-6	...	Residency School, Indore
" Prabodhchandra	16-2	...	Jessore Zila School
" Prabodhchandra	14-3	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
" Prabodhchandra	15-6	...	Mahestala H. E. School
" Raghunath	14-7	...	Jajpur H. E. School
" Rajanikumar	15-11	...	Uitarpara Collegiate School
" Ramakrishna	18	...	Kesab Academy
" Sanatkumar	15	...	Sibpur H. C. E. School
" Santoshkumar	14-8	...	Halishahar H. C. E. School
" Saratkumar	13-4	...	Tamluk Hamilton School
" Subalchandra	15-6	...	Calcutta Training Academy
" Sudhamay	15-4	...	Jangipur H. E. School
" Surendranath	15	...	Jahanabad High School
" Surendranath	16	...	Calcutta Institution
Bunwary Sahay	16-2	...	T.K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Ba On	19-5	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Baral, Gopeswar	15	...	Metropolitan Instn., Bow Branch
Bardolai, Debnath	20	...	Tejpur High School
Baroni, Margaret	...	...	Rangoon Convent School
Baruya, Duryyadhan	16-9	...	Tejpur High School
Basak, Kanailal	20	...	Pabna Zila School
" Manmathanath	15	...	Oriental Seminary
Basanta Lall	19	...	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School
Basu, Amritalal	18	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Annadaprasad	18	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution
" Asutosh	16	...	Hazaribagh Zila School
" Bankimchandra	14	...	Diamond Harbour H. E. School
" Bhagabaticharan	17	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Bikramkumar	17	...	New Indian School
" Binodbihari	16	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College

Basu, Birendranath	15-2	...	Naral Vic. Collegiate School
„ Charuchandra	15	...	Taki Government School
„ Debendranath	16-8	...	Kotalpur H. C. E. School
„ Ekkarinath	16	...	Hare School
„ Gopendranath	15-5	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Harendrachandra	18-10	...	Malkhanagar H. E. School
„ Hirallal	17	...	Teacher (Roll. Cal. T. 2.)
„ Hirallal	17	...	Jessore Zila School
„ Hirallal (II)	18	...	Naral Vic. Collegiate School
„ Jaminikumar	15-7	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Jogindranath	15-3	...	Hare School
„ Kumudcharan	19-6	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
„ Mohinimohan	20	...	Nowgong High School
„ Nandalal	19	...	Chapra Zila School
„ Nibaranchandra	16	...	Naral Vic. Collegiate School
„ Nisikanta	16-8	...	Sylhet National Institution
„ Panchugopal	14-6	...	Halisahar H. C. E. School
„ Prasadpada	18	...	Khanakul Krishnagar P. K. Seminary
„ Prasannakumar	19	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Ratikanta	16	...	Goalando High School
„ Rebatimohan (II)	13	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Rohininath	17	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal.P. 36)
„ Saratchandra	15	...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
„ Saratchandra	14	...	Banra H. C. E. School
„ Sitanath	19	...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
„ Umacharan	15	...	Berhampur Hindu Academy
Basumajumdar, Surendrakanta	13-6	...	Jenkin's School, Cooch-Behar
Bates, Alfred K.	18-6	...	Jaffna College
Bhaduri, Durgadas	16-3	...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
Bhagvat Prasad	14	...	Monghyr Zila School
Bhagwan Das	13	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Bhagwan Das, S.	16-4	...	Sagar High School
Bhagwat Prasad Bohider	17	...	Shambalpur High School
Bhanja, Haricharan	18-9	...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
Bharath Prasad	13-6	...	Northbrook School, Darbhanga
Bhatta, Nilambar	19	...	Chittagong H. E. School
Bhattacharyya, Binodbihari	14	...	Searsole H. E. School
„ Dharanidhar	12-6	...	Narit H. E. School
„ Gobindachandra	15	...	Patiya H. E. School
„ Haradhan	16	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
„ Hemchandra	18	...	Deogarh H. C. E. School
„ Kaliprasanna	19	...	Chapra Zila School
„ Mahitosh	18	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Matilal	14	...	New Indian School
„ Nalinikanta	13	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Nepalchandra	18	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal.P. 35)
„ Nilmani	18	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
„ Raikisor	18-5	...	Matabhanga H. C. E. School
„ Rajbihari	18	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Saratchandra	14	...	Telinipara Bhadreswar School
„ Surendranath	15	...	Bali Rivers Thompson School
„ Surendranath	18	...	New Indian School

Bhattacharyya, Upendrachandra	17	Dacca Pogose School
Bhoowaneswar Narayan	18	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
Birkisor Sahay	19	Ranchi Zila School
Biswas, Abantinath	15	City Collegiate School, Mymen- singh Branch
„ Amritalal	16-5	O. M. S. Boys' Boarding School
„ Aswinikumar	16	Shambazar H. C. E. School
„ Basantanarayan	17	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Biharilal	16	Halisahar H. C. E. School
„ Jageschandra	18-10	Dighapatya H. E. School
„ Prakaschandra	16	Senhati High School
Bora, Chandradhar	18	Gauhati High School
Brahmachari, Girindranath	13	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
„ Brajabehari (I.)	15-6	Chapra Zila School
„ Brijbihari Saran	17-9	Arrah Zila School
„ Brijnandan Prasad	17	T. K. Ghosh's Acdmy., Bankipur
Carr, Annie	...	Rangoon Convent School
Chakrabarti, Annadaprasad	18-6	Albert Collegiate School
„ Basantakumar	16-3	Raja S. K.'s Instn., Rajbari
„ Bibhutibhushan	17-8	Naral Victoria Coll. School
„ Biharilal	14-4	Bagnan H. E. School
„ Chandrakisor	19	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Debaprasad	15	Metropolitan Institution
„ Durgaprasanna	16	Dacca Pogose School
„ Girischandra	14	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
„ Gopalchandra	17	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Jagatchandra	17	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Jaminikanta	14-10	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Jatindranath	15-6	Ditto
„ Jogindranath	13	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Kailaschandra	16-5	Senhati High School
„ Kedarnath	16	City Collegiate School
„ Lakshmanchandra	17-7	Andul H. C. E. School
„ Mangalananda	14	Burdwan Raj Coll. School
„ Mohinimohan	14-6	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
„ Nistaran	23	Searsole H. E. School
„ Purnachandra	15-6	Kisorganj H. E. School
„ Rameswar	15-3	Purulia Zila School
„ Sasadhar	16-8	Magura H. E. School
„ Satishchandra	14	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Satyagopal	17	Krishnagar A. V. School
„ Sibrarn	18	Midnapur L. M. School
„ Srinath	16-5	Lohajang H. C. E. School
„ Srischandra	17	Narayanganj H. E. School
„ Surendrakisor	14	Mymensingh Zila School
„ Sureschandra	14	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Chaliha, Devasvar	15	Jorhat High School
Chandra, Bankimbihari	18	Konnagar H. E. School
„ Upendranath	17	Mahisadal Raj School
Chan Tha	19-6	Rangoon Collegiate School
Chattopadhyay, Asutosh	17	Hughli Collegiate School
„ Aswinikumar	13	Dacca Pogose School

Chattopadhyay, Atalbihari	17	...	Srirampur Union Institution
" Bankimchandra	17	...	Darbhanga Dalton Institution
" Benimadhab	15	...	Rangpur Zila School
" Chandramohan	16	...	South Subn. School, Bhowanipur
" Gopimohan	15	...	Howrah Municipal School
" Jnanchandra	14-5	...	Mugkalyan H. C. E. School
" Kartikchandra	16	...	Babulia J. S. H. E. School
" Krishnadas	15-6	...	Oriental Seminary
" Nagendranath	16-4	...	Howrah Bible H. C. E. School
" Nandalal	16	...	Narit H. E. School
" Nibaranchandra	20	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 18.)
" Nilkanta	16	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
" Purnachandra	17-7	...	Private Student (Roll. Bur. P. 1.)
" Sasibhushan	17	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
" Satindranath	17	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
" Satischandra	13-8	...	Oriental Seminary
" Satischandra	15	...	Commilla Victoria School
" Satyapriya	15	...	Ripon Collegiate School
" Tinkari, (I)	15	...	City Collegiate School
" Upendranath	20	...	Kyekala H. E. School
" Upendranath	17	...	Burdwan Albert Victoria Instn
Chaudhuri, Ajodhyaram	21	...	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School
" Akshaykumar	15-3	...	Raniganj H. E. School
" Bankimchandra	14-3	...	Abaipur Ramsundar Instn.
" Bhudhar	14	...	Gauhati High School
" Saratchandra	16	...	Commilla Victoria School
" Saratchandra	16	...	Munshiganj H. E. School
" Sasadhar	13	...	Pirozepur H. E. School
" Syamacharan	16	...	C. M. S. School, Garden Reach
" Umacharan	17	...	Commilla Victoria School
" Umeschandra	18	...	Kesab Academy
C. Narsing Rao Nayadu	16	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Corbet, B.	17-9	...	St. Xavier's College
Coxe, C. A.	18-1	...	Katak Mission H. E. School
Dada Laxman Shelkey	16-10	...	Private Student (Roll. Nag. P. 66.)
Dada Ramkrishna Herjewar	23	...	Private Student (Roll. Nag. P. 38.)
Dafadar, Jadu	14-7	...	Nawab's H. Schl., Murshidabad
Dan, Haridhan	17	...	Sanskrit Collegiate School
" Kshetramohan	15	...	Jessore Zila School
Darshan Lal	17-6	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acmdy., Bankipur
Das, Amulyachandra	17	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 27.)
" Anathbandhu	13	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Anukulchandra	15	...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
" Bamacharan	14	...	Santipur Municipal School
" Basantakumar	13-3	...	Raja S. K.'s Institution, Rajbari
" Binodbihari	17	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
" Bipinbihari	13-4	...	Kalia H. E. School
" Chandrapati	14	...	Northbrook School, Darbhanga
" Girischandra	15-9	...	Jangipur H. E. School
" Haripada	15-6	...	Ditto
" Hemchandra*	15	...	Midnapur Town School

* Passed in Drawing.

Das, Jogindrakisor	14-2	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Krishnaaprasad	18-3	—	Bhadrak High School
„ Kunjakisor	15	...	New Indian School
„ Lakshmikanta	17	...	Bhola H. E. School
„ Manimohan	16	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Manmathanath	18	—	Calcutta Training Academy
„ Mukundalal	18	...	Chanchal Siddheswari Instn.
„ Nabakisor	17	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Nilkamal	15	...	Agartala High School
„ Nuthihari	16-8	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Rachel		...	Christ Church School
„ Raghunath	16	...	T. N Jubilee Collegiate School
„ Rajendrakumar	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Ramchandra	14-2	—	Jajpur H. E. School
„ Ramnarayan	15	...	Barpeta H. E. School
„ Rasiklal	18	...	Chuadanga V. J. H. E. School
„ Rasamay	17	...	Chittagong National Institution
„ Saratchandra	17	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution
„ Subodchandra	16-10	...	St. Xavier's College
„ Tarinicharan	18	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
„ Tarinimohan	16	...	Rangpur Zila School
„ Umeschandra	20	...	Private Student (Roll. Bha. P. 7.)
Dasgupta, Basantakumar	17-5	...	Private Student (Roll. Bar. P. 3.)
„ Bhabeschandra	18	...	Matabhanga H. C. E. School
„ Dwijeschandra	14	...	Rangpur Zila School
„ Jnanadakanta	16	...	Ditto
„ Kaminimohan	18	...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Kisorilal	13	...	Kalia H. E. School
„ Kunjamohan	16-3	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Nalinimohan	14-2	...	Agarpara H. C. E. School
„ Parikshitchandra	15	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Premananda	15	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Purnachandra	19	...	Private Student (Roll. Dac. P. 3.)
„ Rasikchandra	16	...	Kalaskati H. E. School
„ Ratneswar	17	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Upendramohan	17	...	Sylhet Govt. High School
Daspattanayak, Krishnachandra	16-4	...	Lakshannath H. E. School
Datta, Abinaschandra	14	...	Kesab Academy
„ Asutosh	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Binodbihari	16	...	Hare School
„ Binodgopal	18	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Bipulkumar	14	...	Bhola H. E. School
„ Chandramohan	14	...	Jenkin's School, Kooch-Behar
„ Gaganchandra	16	...	Commilla Victoria School
„ Haranchandra	14	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution
„ Jatidranath	15	...	New Indian School
„ Jogindranath	18-7	...	Khulna Zila School
„ Jyotindramohan	15	...	Chittagong Municipal School
„ Kaminikumad	16	...	Patiya H. E. School
„ Kisorimohan	19	...	Rampur Hat H. E. School
„ Kuladaprasad	13-4	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Lalgopal	15	...	Sudhakarpur H. E. School
„ Mahendralal	16	...	Chittagong Collegiate School

Datta, Manmohan	19	..	Malkhanagar H. E. School
„ Mohinimohan	15	...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Nagendrakumar	16	...	Chittagong National Institution
„ Napharchandra	15-2	...	Barisa H. C. E. School
„ Nilmadhab	16	...	New Indian School
„ Panchanan	15	..	General Assembly's Institution
„ Rajanikanta	15-1	...	Ditto
„ Rajendranath	14	...	Ripon Coll. School, K. Branch
„ Rasbihari	19	...	Albert Collegiate School
„ Sasisekhar	14-3	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
„ Suryyakumar	18	...	Aryya Mission Institution
Dattatraya Janardan Bhide	18-6	..	Indore English Madrasa
Davis, C.	15-5	...	St. John's Col. S. P. G., Rangoon
Day, W. S.	16	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 17.)
De, Apurbakrishna	16-3	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Baikunthakumar	16	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Bholanath	15	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow Bazar Branch
„ Debendrachandra	17	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Gosthabihari	16	...	Midnapur Town School
„ Haripada	17	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Hiralal	16	...	Howrah Bible H. C. E. School
„ Jaladhar	15	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Jyotischandra	15	...	Burdwan Albert Vic. Institution
„ Kalichandra	19-10...	...	Silchar High School
„ Kshitischandra	15	...	L. M. S. School, Khagra
„ Nagendranath	15	...	Kesab Academy
„ Pratapchandra	19	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Rajanikanta	16	...	Sonamganj Jubilee H. School
„ Ramdayal	18	...	Teacher (Roll. Chi. T. 1.)
„ Ramkrishna	18-3	...	Bishnupur H. E. School
„ Rasbihari	16	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution
„ Saratchandra	16	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Satischandra	15-2	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Upendranath	20	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 12)
Deanatullah Ahmed	18	...	Mekliganj H. C. E. School
Deb, Asutosh	14	...	Metropolitan Instn., Balakhana Branch
„ Niradchandra	18	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Pramathakrishna	14-2	...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
Debakinandan Misra	18	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
DeCourcy, Robert Stuart	18-1	...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
Deesholts, J.	16-7	...	St. Joseph's Col., Darjeeling
Des Bruslais, E. E.	15-10...	...	St. Xavier's College
Devadhari Tiwari	19	...	Dumraon Raj H. E. School
Dharmajumdar, Ramendranath	20-2	...	Khulna Zila School
Dharmanath Sahay	14	...	Chapra Zila School
Durgaprasad Tewari	18	...	Private Student (Roll. Jab. P. 6.)
Durshan Lall	15-5	...	Behar H. C. E. School
Dyer, A. W.	16-10...	...	St. Francis de Sale's School, Nagpur
Edwards, F. T.	18-10...	...	Jaffna College

Ejeluddin Shaikh	17-2 ...	Daulatpur High School
Emmer, A. H.	16-7 ...	Doveton College
Ephraim, J.	17 ...	Jaffna College
Faizal Huq	16 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
Faiz Muhammad	32-6 ...	Teacher (Roll. Nag. T. 1.)
Faqirchand Lal	17 ...	Mozufferpur Society's School
Farhad Ali*	15-4 ...	Nawab Abdul Gany's Free Schl.
Ganapati Lekshman Auran-		
gabadker	20-2 ...	City School, Nagpur
Ganeshdutt Panday	15-3 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Gangadhar Vasudeo M.	17 ...	Hosangabad Govt. H. School
Gangopadhyay, A m u l y a .		
chandra	15 ...	Monghyr Zila School
" Gopalchandra	15 ...	Santipur Municipal School
" Harendrakumar	16 ...	Dacca Collegiate School
" Hiralsal	17 6 ...	Private Student (Roll. Bha. P. 2.)
" Lalitmohan	15-6 ...	Purulia Zila School
" Nalindramohan	15-2 ..	Dacca Jubilee School
" Nanigopal	14-2 ...	Behala H. C. E. School
" Pratapchandra	21 ...	Purulia Zila School
" Rakbaldas	19 ...	Andul H. C. E. School
" Rohinikumar	15 ...	Dacca Pogose School
Gaspar, G. H. W.	15-4 ...	St Paul's School, Darjeeling
Ghatak, Bhableschandra	15-7 ...	Hare School
Gholam Ahmed	14-7 ...	Calcutta Madrasa
Ghosh, Anandamay	14 11 ...	Bankura Zila School
" Atulchandra	19-8 ...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
" Atulkrishna	18 ...	Sylhet Government High School
" Baidyanath	16 ...	Hare School
" Banwarilal	18 ...	Katwa H. E. School
" Bijaygopal	18 ...	Khararia High School
" Binodbihari	15 ...	Naral Victoria Collegiate School
" Bipinbihari	16 ...	South Subn. School, Bhowanipur
" Bipinbihari	17 ...	General Assembly's Institution
" Brajendrkrishna	18-5 ...	Aryan Institution, Calcutta
" Gangacharan	16 ...	St Mary's Instn., Chandernagar
" Girischandra	15 ...	Jangipur H. E. School
" Haridas	18 ...	Simla Bengal Academy
" Haripada	20 ...	Private Student (Roll. Bha. P. 1.)
" Hiralsal	18 ...	Bantra H. C. E. School
" Jatindranath	16 ...	Calcutta Training Academy
" Kalidas	22 ...	Teacher (Roll. Cal. T. 3.)
" Lalitmohan	17-11 ...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
" Manindragopal	13-10 ...	Kandi School
" Manmathanath	21-6 ...	Teacher (Roll. Cal. T. 4.)
" Manmohan	16-6 ...	C. M. S. School, Garden Reach
" Nageschandra	15-6 ...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
" Nanigopal	17 ...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 15.)
" Narendrakumar	15 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Nibaranchandra	17-3 ...	Madaripur H. C. E. School
" Nripendranath	19 ...	Hare School

* Passed in Drawing.

Ghosh, Piyushkanti	16	...	New Indian School
" Priyanath	15	...	Naral Victoria Collegiate School
" Rameschandra	15	...	Nawab Abdul Gany's F. School
" Rangalal	14	...	Calcutta Institution
" Rangalsi	16-8	...	C. M. S. School, Garden Reach
" Sailendranath	13-3	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Saratchandra	17	...	Krishnagar Collegiate School
" Sasibhushan	18	...	Champanagar C. M. S. H. Schl.
" Satischandra	16-10	...	Oriental Seminary
" Surendranath	15	...	Mymensingh Zila School
" Tinkari	16	...	Calcutta Institution
" Tulsicharan	16	...	Baidyabati English School
" Umeschandra	17-6	...	Barari Rai H. M. T. Free H. E. School
Girija Nanda	17	...	Sasaram H. E. School
Girwardhari Persad	16-2	...	Monghyr K. P. Institution
Gohain, Paramananda	17	...	Bezbaruya H. School, Sibsagar
Gop, Abhaycharan	20	...	Lohajang High School
Gopinath	14	...	Gaya Zila School
Goswami, Bhagabaticharan	18	...	Metropolitan Institution
Janakijiban	16-8	...	Hughli Collegiate School
Govindkrishna Kher	14-9	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Govind Vishwanath	15-5	...	Ditto
G. Pydiah Naidu	16-4	...	Private Student (Roll.Nag.P.41.)
Guha, Durganath	14-5	...	Raja S. K.'s Institution, Rajbari
" Krishnachaitanya	15	...	Teghoria H. E. School
" Mathuranath	18	...	Simla Bengal Academy
" Nripendranath	13	...	Hare School
Gupta, Chandrakanta	15	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Debendranath	16-4	...	Sylhet National Institution
" Harendranath	17	...	Ditto
" Jatindranath	15-6	...	Metropolitan Institution
" Jnanendranath	15-10	...	Cotton Institution
" Khagendranath	15-3	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
" Lalitkumar	17-4	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Manomohan	14	...	Dacca Pogose School
" Nikunjabihari	16	...	Agartala High School
" Nrisinhaprasad	16-4	...	Santipur Municipal School
" Rajendrachandra	15	...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Sasibhushan	19	...	Patna City School
" Subodhchandra	16	...	Albert Collegiate School
" Susilchandra	15	...	Oriental Seminary
" Tarapada	15	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
Guru Prasad	14-6	...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Hajra, Charuchandra	16	...	Burdwan Albert Victor Instn.
Halder, Goshthabihari	20	...	Krishnagar A. V. School
" Priyadarsan	18	...	Kalighat H. E. School
" Satischandra	18-5	...	Hindu School
Harbans Sahay	15	...	Buxar H. E. School
Hari Shanker	16-5	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Harkare Vinayak Deorao	19	...	Indore Military High School
Harshanarayan Vajpeye	15-11	...	Patna Collegiate School

Harsoo Deyal	17-6	...	Chapra Zila School
Hedding, Bridget	..	...	St. Joseph's Convent, Maulmein
Ho, David	17	...	Chybassa Zila School
Hughes, C.	16-2	...	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling
Hui, Sripati	14	...	Bhoita H. E. School
Idris Ali	19-6	...	Sylhet National Institution
Jagannath Sahay	15	...	Chapra Zila School
Jaggannathpershad Tiwari	18-6	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Jaintiprasad Varma	16-8	...	Arrah Kayastha Jubilee Acdmy.
Jankinath Sahay	15-6	...	Arrah Zila School
Jana, Jadunath	18-6	...	Private Student (Roll. Kat P. 2.)
Jang Bahadur	15	...	Mozufferpur Society's School
Joseph, H.	18	...	Teacher (Roll. Ran. T. 4.)
Jugeshwar Prasad	18	...	Tikari H. C. E. School
Jugalkishor Misra	18	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Kabasi, Udhacharan	17	...	Dhankuria H. E. School
Kabir Hussain	17	..	Gaya Zila School
Kabiraj, Ramjay	19	...	Raniganj H. E. School
Kali Prashad	13-6	...	Northbrook School, Darbhanga
Kantika Sinha	16-2	...	Saran Academy
Kar, Banwarilal	17-2	...	Jamalpur H. C. E. School
Kashinath	18-8	...	Batala Baring High School
Kashinath Sahay	16	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Kayal, Jogindranath	18	...	Mahisadal Raj School
Keshava Saran	15-3	...	Arrah Zila School
Kelly, C.	17-6	...	St. Xavier's College
Kesheo Gopal Gokhle	17-5	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Keshow Laxman Aurangabadker	14	...	Ditto
Khary Bahadur Singha	18	...	Saran Academy
Kishori Swet	24	...	Teacher (Roll. Syl. T. 1.)
Krishnadatta Pattak	14	...	Matihari Zila School
Krishnaji Kesheo Mandwadker	18-9	...	Indore English Madrasa
Krishna Narayan Bobde	16-7	...	City School, Nagpur
Kumar, Nagendranarayan	22-6	...	Private Student (Roll. Co. P. 1.)
„ Nagendranath	17	..	Metropolitan Institution
„ Panchkari	16-4	...	Badla H. E. School
Kundu, Jatindramohan	16	...	Maldah Zila School
Lachhmiprasad	18	...	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
Labiri, Digindramohan	17	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Saratchandra	14	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Lajpat Ram	18-1	...	Amritsar C. M. High School
Lakshmana Prasad Kayestha	17-7	..	Hosangabad Govt. High School
Lakhmanpershad	13	...	Monghyr K. P. Institution
Lala Shri Prasad Sepaha	18	...	Tikamgarh School
Lall Bahadur Lall	15-2	...	Mozufferpur Society's School
Law, Mary S.	..	...	Christ Church School
Loknath Sahay	15	..	Bankipur Kayastha Pathsala
Madan Sinha	16-4	...	Arrah Zila School
Mahabir Prasad	19	...	Gaya Zila School
Mahadeo Narayan P.	15-5	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Mahmood Jan	18	...	Patna Collegiate School
Mahanti, Bhabagrahi	17-8	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
„ Jagamohan	16	...	Puri Zila School

Mahanti, Santosh	17	...	Katak Mission H. E. School
Mahapatra, Mukteswar	17-2	...	Bhadrak High School
Mahendra Prasad	18-2	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
Maheswar Prasad	18	...	Mozufferpur Society's School
Mahommed Ali	17	...	City Collegiate School
Maiti, Jaykrishna	16	...	Contai H. E. School
Maitra, Asutosh	18	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Binayendranath	16	...	Private Student(Roll. Cal. P.30.)
Majumdar, Asutosh	16	...	Samastipur H. E. School
„ Bhabanidas	13-2	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Chandramohan	13	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Dakshinaranjan	15	...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
„ Harachandra	17-6	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Harendrakrishna	16	...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
„ Jatindranath	15	...	Oriental Seminary
„ Jitendranath	15	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jitendranath	16-4	...	Saran Academy
„ Lalitchandra	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Mohimchandra	16	...	Kisorganj H. E. School
„ Mohinimohan	17	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Prabhatchandra	15-6	...	Aryan Institution, Calcutta
„ Rajanikanta	16-7	...	Choa High School
„ Rajendrakumar	17	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Sasibhushan (I.)	16-7	...	New Indian School
„ Satischandra	19-6	...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
„ Umeschandra	15	...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
Malakar, Nagendranath	18	...	Calcutta Institution
Mallik, Kalicharan	13	...	Howrah Bible H. C. E. School
„ Nanilal	14	...	Ditto
„ Satyendranath	16	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala- khana Branch
Mandal, Amritalal	19	..	Private Student(Roll. Bha. P.4)
„ Bipinbihari	14	...	Giridhi H. E. School
„ Ramchandra	14-2	...	Ditto
„ Suryyakanta	15-3	...	Burdwan Albert Victor Instn.
Manuel, D.	19-8	...	Prince of Wales' Col., Moratuwa
Maulik, Sasadhar	16	...	Maguara H. E. School
„ Satischandra	18	...	Dhubri High School
„ Trailokyanath	15	...	Rangpur Zila School
Maung Lon	17-3	..	Rangoon Collegiate School
Maung Po Nyum	18-4	...	Municipal High School, Prome
Maung Po Saing	19	...	Bassein High School
McCoy, W. J.	17-8	...	St. Xavier's College
Mackertich, Catherine	...	...	Rangoon Convent School
Meade, G. A.	18-10	...	St. Xavier's College
Meharali	20	...	Teacher (Roll Nag. T. 4.)
Mendes, T.	15-3	...	St. Xavier's College
Mernasji Cawasji Dotiwalla	18-10	...	Canadian Mission Col., Indore
Mir Meher Ali	19	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
Misra, Kalikumar	16	...	Searsole H. E. School
Mitra, Abinaschandra	17-8	..	Dinajpur Zila School
„ Ambikacharan	15-3	..	South Sub. School, Bhowanipur
„ Annadaprasad	19	...	Hatuganj M. N. K. H. E. Schl.

Mitra, Apurbakrishna	14	...	Ariadaha H. E. School
„ Bijaykrishna	14-6	...	Sanmilani Institution, Jessore
„ Bimalacharan	17-6	...	Shibpur H. C. E. School
„ Chandrakumar	15	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Charuchandra	18 3	...	City Collegiate Schl., S. Branch
„ Gaganchandra	17-5	...	Jalpaiguri Zila School
„ Gopalchandra	17	...	Jhenidah H. E. School
„ Hiralal	18	...	Harinavi A. S. School
„ Jatindranath	18	...	New Indian School
„ Jnanendranath	15	...	Ditto
„ Janandranarayan	17	...	Ditto
„ Kanailal	16	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Mahendranath	16	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Mahendranath	17	...	Jahanabad High School
„ Rajkumar	17	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution
„ Satyendranath	19	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sukhlal	16	...	Babulia J. S. H. E. School
„ Sitalnath	16	...	Chapra Zila School
„ Surendranath	14	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Susilchandra	17-9	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Upendranath	15	...	Calcutta Institution
Mohamad Hasan	19	...	Mozufferpur Society's School
Muhamed Sayiduzzaman	15	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
Moinuddin	18	...	Akyab Govt. High School
Moreshwar Laxman Panday	17	...	Nagpur High School
Muhammad Amir Hassan	15-6	...	Patna H. School, Moghulpur
Muhammad Fazil Mia	19	...	Daulatpur High School
Muhammad Muqbool	16	...	Mozufferpur Society's School
Muhammad Nazirul Haq	19-6	...	Bhagalpur Madrasa
Muhammad Rayazul Hasan	14-1	...	Gaya Zila School
Muhammad Zamirul Hassan	14	...	Arrah Zila School
Mukhopadhyay, Amulyadhan	19	...	Andul H. C. E. School
„ Aparnacharan	20	—	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baidyanath	18	...	Chatra H. C. E. School
„ Baradaprasad	16-1	...	Raniganj H. E. School
„ Basantakumar	19-4	...	Salkia A. S. School
„ Charuchandra	17	...	Konnagar H. E. School
„ Dakshinaranjan	15	...	Agartala High School
„ Dwijendranath	17	...	Sridhar Bansidhar School, Nababganj
„ Dwijendranath	16-4	...	Hare School
„ Gokulchandra	16	...	Bagbazar Model School
„ Gopinath	16-9	...	Janai Training School
„ Gunendralal	15	...	Baidyabati English School
„ Gurudas	17-7	...	Nabadwip Hindu School
„ Harendrakumar	17-1	...	Kalna Maharaja's School
„ Harendranath	17	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
„ Jagadischandra	14	...	Rajagram A. S. School
„ Jatindranath	17	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
„ Jogindrakumar	16-8	...	New Indian School
„ Jyotiprasad	15	...	South Subn. School, Bhowanipur
„ Kalicharan	17	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 3.)

Mukhopadhyay, Kalipada	18	...	Ripon Collegiate School
„ Kartikchandra	16	...	Kesab Academy
„ Kesablal	17-2	...	Ripon Coll. School, H. Branch
„ Khagendranath	17	...	C. M. S. School, Garden Reach
„ Lalitmohan	14	...	Malkhanagar H. E. School
„ Mahendranath	18-7	...	Sibsagar High School
„ Manmathanath	17	...	C. M. S. School, Garden Reach
„ Matilal	15	...	South Sub. School, Bhowanipur
„ Nagendranath	17	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Nagendranath	19-2	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Nalinikanta	19	...	Hindu School
„ Narayandas	16	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution
„ Nibaranchandra	16-6	...	Ariadaha H. E. School
„ Nilratan	15-7	...	Raj Chandra Collegiate School
„ Nimailal	16	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prabodhchandra	15-5	...	Sudhakapur H. E. School
„ Prasadchandra	18-4	...	Janai Training School
„ Rajnarayan	20-2	...	Uttarpara Collegiate School
„ Sailendranath	16	...	New Indian School
„ Saratchandra	13-6	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow-Bazar Branch
„ Satischandra	17	...	Pandra H. E. School
„ Surendrakumar	17	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Sureschandra	13	...	Bagati H. E. School
„ Syamapati	18-7	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 51.)
„ Upendranath	15	...	Shambazar H. C. E. School
Mukutmani, Lalitmohan	15-3	...	Dighapatiya H. E. School
Munni Singh	18	...	Bankipur Kayastha Pathsala
Munsi, Tulsidas	16	...	Howrah Municipal School
Mustaphi, Kiranchandra	16-4	...	Senhati High School
Nag, Gaganchandra	18-9	...	Noakhali Zila School
„ Pannalal	17-11	...	Hindu School
Nagchaudhuri, Jageschandra	16-7	...	Metropolitan Institution
Nandan, Taraknath	18	...	City School, Nagpur
Nandi, Annadaprasad	17-4	...	Baripur H. C. E. School
„ Sanatan	14	...	Santipur Municipal School
„ Tarinicharan	18-5	...	Sanmulani Institution, Jessore
„ Udaychandra	18	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 26.)
Nandibarma, Jyotindramohan	16	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 28.)
Narayan Dass	15-2	...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Narayan Madhao Rajhanse	16-5	...	Nagpur High School
Narayan Sadhushive Udahao	18-3	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Narayan Waman Tamaskar	18-9	...	„ Ditto
Nasiruddin Pramanik	16-5	...	Nattor Municipal High School
Nathuni Lal	16-3	...	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
Nawab Ali	15-6	...	Nawab Abdul Gany's Free Schl.
Naziruddin Ahmed	13	...	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School
Nichol, E. Mckillop	18-11	...	Private Student (Roll. Lah. P. 2.)
Niyogi, Dineschandra	16	...	Jalpaiguri Zila School
„ Umeschandra	17	...	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch
Nowabuddin Ahmed	16	...	City Collegiate School

Nur Ahmad	21	..	Lahore C. M. School
Nusrat Hosein	13	...	Calcutta Madrasa
O'Donel, J. H.	18-5	...	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling
Ohidur Roza	18	...	Sylhet National Institution
Owens, Effie M.	...	...	Woodstock School
Paiku Sakharam Ambekar	18	...	City School, Nagpur
Pain, Amulyachandra	18	..	Metropolitan Institution
Pal, Abinaschandra	16	...	Kesab Academy
„ Adharchandra	18	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Bipinbihari	19-3	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bipradas	18	...	Sanmilani Institution, Jessore
„ Gobindachandra	18	...	Kuch Kuchia High School
„ Jadabendra	21	...	Midnapur L. M. School
„ Krishnalal	18	..	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Kunjabihari	19	...	Nibodhia H. E. School
„ Srinath	17-6	...	Malkhanagar H. E. School
Paladhi, Upendranath	20	...	Diamond Harbour H. E. School
Palchaudhuri, Atulmohan	14	...	Metropolitan Instn., Balakhana Branch
„ Debendralal	15-5	...	Lohajang H. C. E. School
Palit, Priyanath	14-2	...	Metropolitan Instn., Balakhana Branch
Panja, Haribhushan	17	...	New Indian School
Parsharam Bhaskar Upadhyay*	17-3	...	Nagpur High School
Parashuram Nanu Ram	18-3	...	Private Student (Roll. Ind. P. 5.)
Patra, Baradaprasad	16	...	Hare School
„ Jatindranath	15-6	...	Sil's Free College
Pereira, H. E.	17-6	..	Wesley College, Colombo
Peters, A. P.	18	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Pieris, W. J.	17-11	..	St. Thomas' College, Colombo
Po Kyine	18-8	...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Po Tak	15-10...	...	Ditto
Pramanik, Jaineswar	16	...	Burdwan Municipal School
„ Nagendranath	16	...	Santipur Municipal School
Pratihari, Harischandra	18-2	...	Kuchiakol Radha Institution
Purkayastha, Gaganachandra	16	...	Sonamganj Jubilee H. School
Purushotum Wasudeo Aloni	15-11	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Radhakrishna	17-7	...	Gaya Zila School
Radha Prasad	13-9	...	Arrah Town School
Raghunandan Prasad	14-5	...	Bayley Aided H. E. Schl., Barh.
Raghunandan Sinha	16	...	Chapra Zila School
Raghunath Rao	16-2	...	Ravenshaw Collegiate School
Raghunathprasad Narayan Sahee	13-6	...	Mozufferpur Mukerjee's Semy.
Raghunath Sahay	19	..	Arrah Town School
Raha, Alokamohan	17-8	...	L. M. S Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Kunjabihari	18	...	Sylhet National Institution
„ Ramanimohan	16	...	Lalgola Vic. Jub. H. E. School
Rajmangal Prasad	17	...	Chapra Zila School

* Passed in Drawing.

Rakshit, Jaminibhushan	16	...	Khulna Zila School
Rama Briksha Chowbey	16	...	Matuhari Zila School
Rambihari Lal	18	...	Darbhangha Dalton Institution
Ramchandra Ganesh Puranic	19	...	Indore English Madrasa
Ramdin Awusthi	15-6	...	Hosangabad Govt. H. School
Ramkishun Lal	16-8	..	Jabalpur Collegiate School
Ramkrishna Vinayek Upasany	17	...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Ram Lal	20	...	Private Student (Roll. Pat. P. 12.)
Ramnath Sahay	16	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
Ram Sahai Sahoo	21	..	Darbhangha Dalton Institution
Ramsaran Lal	13	..	Hatwa Eden School
Ratiram Khampatia	15-3	..	Jabalpur Hitkarini Sabha H. School
Ray, Abanimohan	13	..	Dacca Pogose School
„ Amarendranath	14-4	...	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur
„ Amareschandra	18-5	..	Birbhum School
„ Amritalal	16	...	Jhikra H. C. E. School
„ Anadinath	14-3	...	Bangabasi Collegiate School
„ Asutosh	18	...	Garbeta H. E. School
„ Baidyanath	16	...	T. N. Jubilee Coll. School
„ Damodar	17	...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala-khana Branch
„ Debendragati	17	..	Tangail Birdubasini School
„ Dinabandhu	18	...	Kisorganj H. E. School
„ Dinesranjan	17-7	...	Dacca Collegiate School
„ Girischandra	18-9	...	Magura H. E. School
„ Gopalchandra	18	...	Jenkins' School, Cooch-Behar
„ Gunindraprasad	19	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Harananda	17	..	Pabna Zila School
„ Hemantakumar	16	...	Dacca Pogose School
„ Jagatichandra	18-2	...	Jangipur H. E. School
„ Krishnanath	18	...	Chandpur Hasan Ali Jub. School
„ Kshetranath (I.)	17	...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
„ Kunjalal	14	...	Private Student (Roll. Bau. P. 2.)
„ Mahendranath	17	...	Midnapur Collegiate School
„ Nibaranchandra	18	..	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 39)
„ Paresranjan	21	...	Arrah Zila School
„ Praphullachandra	14	..	Sylhet Murarichand Coll. School
„ Pratapchandra	13	...	Rangpur Zila School
„ Raikumar	21-11	...	Srirampur Collegiate School
„ Rajendranath	16	...	Sirajganj B. L. School
„ Rajkumar	17-6	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Ramanikanta	14	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Rameschandra (II.)	16	...	Hindu School
„ Saratchandra	16-3	..	Katak P. M. Academy
„ Sasankadhar	16-2	...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
„ Satischandra	21-8	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 33.)
„ Satischandra	16	...	City Collegiate School
„ Srischandra	17	...	Barisal Zila School
„ Tinkari	20	...	Jenkins' School, Cooch-Behar
„ Trailokyanath	17	...	Khararia High School
„ Trilokchandra	18	...	General Assembly's Institution
„ Upendranath	15	...	Metropolitan Institution

Raychaudhuri, Haragobinda	15-6 ...	Barbpeta H. E. School
" Nanigopal	14-7 ...	Ulubaria H. C. E. School
" Nimalcharan	17-6 ...	Barasat Government School
" Upendrachandra	18 ...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
Raykarmakar, Debendranath	14 ...	Perozepur H. E. School
Robinson, W.	15-2 ...	St. Joseph's College, Darjeeling
Run Bahadur Sinha	18-3 ...	T. K. Ghosh's Acady., Bankipur
Sachida Nand	15 ...	Behar National Coll. School
Sadasheo Govind Andankar	20 ...	City School, Nagpur
Sadashive Vishnool	16-2 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Sadhu, Jogindranath	14 ...	New Indian School
Saha, Ajitkumar	16 ...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
" Binodbihari	19 ...	Jagatballabhpur H. E. School
" Iswarchandra	16 ...	Noakhali Rajkumar Jub. School
" Krishnalal	17 ...	General Assembly's Institution
" Mukundalal	15 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bala- khana Branch
" Pandabchandra	16 8 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Sasibhushan	19 ...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
Sahu, J. J.	17-6 ...	Katak Mission H. E. School
Salgado, L. J.	17-5 ...	St. Thomas' College, Colombo
Samba Hari, B.	15-7 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Santiagopillai, R. S.	17-10...	Wesley College, Colombo
Sanyal, Jadunath	17 ...	Kushtia H. E. School
" Surendranath	15 ...	Goalunda High School
" Basantakumar	14 ...	Abaipur Ramasundar Institution
" Birajkrishna	13-9 ...	Purulia Zila School
" Debendranath	18 ...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 46)
" Harihar	19 ...	Rajagram A. S. School
" Jogindranath	17 ..	Ranaghat H. A. V. School
" Lakshmicharan	19-2 ...	Rajchandra Collegiate School
" Manindranath	15 ...	Amta H. E. School
" Niranjan	16 ...	Ripon Collegiate School
" Radhagopal	17 ...	Rajshahye Collegiate School
" Radharaman	14-3 ...	Jangipur H. E. School
" Rajendranath	14 ...	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School
" Tarakanath	14 ..	Giridhi H. E. School
" Tinkari	15-2 ...	Jangipur H. E. School
Sarma, Dwarikanath	18 ...	Sonamganj Jubilee H. School
" Kamakhyacharan	19 ...	Sylhet Murarichand Coll. School
" Kunjakisior	19 ...	Sylhet Govt. High School
Schwanke, S. G. A.	16-4 ...	St. Francis de Sale's School, Nagpur
Seetal Prasada	17-1 ...	Artan Zila School
Ben, Aswinikumar	16-6 ...	Hindu School
" Basantakumar	16-3 ...	Magura H. E. School
" Gobinchandra	20-4 ...	Private Student (Roll Chi. P. 1)
" Goshthabihari	17 ...	Albert Collegiate School
" Haramohan	15-4 ...	Hasara Kalikisor School
" Hiranmay	15-6 ...	Berhampur Collegiate School
" Kalikumar	18-6 ...	Dacca Jubilee School
" Kaliprasanna	16 ...	Metropolitan Institution, Bow- Bazar Branch

Sen, Nareschandra	14	...	Chittagong Collegiate School
„ Paresnath	16-2	...	New Indian School
„ Praphullachandra	14	...	Chittagong National Institution
„ Praphullachandra	14	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Ranimohan	15-7	..	Hare School
„ Ramchandra*	17-9	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 7.)
„ Rameschandra	16-3	...	Madaripur H. C. E. School
„ Satadalkamal	17	...	Barahanagar Victoria School
„ Satyendranath	17	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
„ Surendrakumar	14-7	...	Khararia High School
„ Surendranath	16	...	Private Student (Roll. Cal. P. 45.)
„ Surendranath	14-3	...	Monghyr Zila School
„ Surescharan	15	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
Sengupta, Aswinikumar	15-5	...	Matabhanga H. C. E. School
„ Bankimchandra	17	...	Pirojpur H. E. School
„ Bhabataran	18	...	Narit H. E. School
„ Bidubhushan	12-4	...	Kalia H. E. School
„ Lalitkumar	17	...	Khulna Zila School
„ Rajaniranjana	15-6	...	New Indian School
„ Sarhananda	18	...	Brajmohan Institution, Barisal
„ Satisgobinda	15	...	Tangail Bindubasini School
Set, Krishnakisor	17	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Shaikh Abaidar Rahman	13	...	Babulia J. S. H. E. School
Shaikh Abdur Rohim	14	...	Ditto
Shaikh Shamsheer-uddin	13	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College
Sankar Bajirao Kothekar	17	...	City School, Nagpur
Shavier, C.	15-5	...	Boys' H. School, Naini Tal
Sheonandanlal	16-3	...	Jabalpur Hitakarini Sabha H. School
Sher Ali	17-2	...	Kendrapara H. E. School
Shivagovind Sahay	17	...	Arrah Zila School
Shwe Mhan	23	...	Teacher (Roll, Ran. T. 8)
Sil, Baradaranjan	16	...	Dacca Jubilee School
„ Maheschandra	16-3	...	Ramgopalpur P. J. K. H. School
„ Pyarilal	17	...	Ripon Collegiate School
Sinha, Amritlal	16	...	Kuch Kuchia High School
„ Bisweswar	21	...	Chinsurah F. C. Institution
„ Harendranarayan	14-6	...	Kandi School
„ Kunjalal	18	...	Bhagalpur Zila School
„ Lalitkamal	15-10	...	Metropolitan Institution
„ Purushottam	12-9	..	Jenkins' School, Kooch-Behar
„ Rajendranarayana	12-3	...	Northbrook School, Darbhanga
„ Satischandra	16	...	City Coll. School, S. Branch
Sinharay, Nrityalal	21	...	Burdwan Albert Victor Instn.
Sitaram Balkrishna Dixit	14-7	...	City School, Nagpur
Siva Vachan Chaube	17	...	Mozufferpur Zila School
S. M. Abdul Aziz	14	...	F. C. of Scotland's Institution and Duff College

Som, Prabhatchandra	15-5 ...	Hasara Kalikisor School
Sthanapati, Bijaykumar	15-9 ...	Hare School
Subanarain Chaudhary	18 ...	Mozufferpur Society's School
Sugan Chand	20-7 ...	Teacher (Roll. Ind. T. 2.)
Sur, Saratchandra	16 ...	Metropolitan Instn., S. Branch
Suraj Prasad	19 ...	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School
Sutherland, Judith	.. ...	Rangoon Convent School
Syamsundar Lal	15 ...	Champanagar C. M. S. H. Schl.
Syed Hadı Hossain	18 5 ...	M. A. A. School, Patna
Syed, Muhammad Kabir	15 ...	T.K. Ghosh's Acdmy., Bankipur
Syed Nawabjan	17 ...	Behar H. C. E. School
Syedur Rahman	16 ...	Calcutta Institution
Tatya Heramb Bhanducker	17 ..	City School, Nagpur
Theophilus M. P.	16 ..	General Assembly's Institution
Tilden Henry Burroughs	16-1 ...	Bishop Cotton School, Simla
T Kandaswemy Naidu	21-5 ...	Private Student(Roll.Nag.P.15)
Trimback Balmukund Khorey	18-2	City School, Nagpur
Tulsi Prasad	17-2 ..	Chapra Zila School
Tun Win	15 10...	Rangoon Collegiate School
Udoy Narayan	17-9 ...	Private Student (Roll.Pat. P.17.)
Uttam Singh	16 ...	Jabalpur Collegiate School
V. Govindswami Mudalior	20 ...	Jabalpur Hitakarini Sabha H. School
Vishnoo Narayan Hershey	17 ...	Ditto
Vishnoo Vasudoba Sathey	19 6 ...	F. C. Institution, Nagpur
Walker, J	15 6 ...	St. John's College, S. P. G , Rangoon
Williamson, Isabella	..	Kampti St. Joseph's Conven School

II. LAW.

Graduates.

HONORARY D. L.

H. R. H. ALBERT EDWARD	PRINCE OF WALES, K.G.	..	1876
Monier Williams	...	...	1876
Rev. K. M. Banerjea	...	...	1876
Rajendralala Mitra	...	...	1876

D. L.

Bandyopadhyay, Gurudas	...	1877	Presidency College
Mitra, Trailokyanath	...	1877	Ditto
Ray, Bipinchandra	...	1883	Ditto
Ghosh, Rasbihari	...	1884	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Jogindranath	...	1885	Ditto

HONOURS IN LAW.

Mitra, Trailokyanath	...	1867	Presidency College
Ghosh, Rasbihari	...	1871	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Gurudas	...	1876	Ditto
Ray, Bipinchandra	...	1878	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Jogindranath	...	1880	Ditto
Ray, Satischandra	...	1883	Ditto

B. L.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul Aziz Khan	...	1890	Ripon College
Abdul Bari	...	1872	Presidency College
Abdul Hamid	...	1887	Patna College
Abdul Jabbar	...	1888	Ripon College
Abdul Jawad	...	1887	City College
Abdul Majid	...	1886	Dacca College
Abdul Wajid	...	1891	Ditto
Abdur Rahim	...	1887	City College
Abdur Rahman	...	1889	Rajshahye College
Abdus Samad	...	1888	Patna College
Acharyya, Kaliprasanna	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Panchanan	...	1890	Krishnagar College
Adhikari, Gopeschandra	...	1891	City College
„ Kesab Lal	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Sitanath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
Adhya, Asutosh	...	1869	Hughli College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
Adya Prasad	...	1892	Patna College
Ahmadullah	...	1892	Ripon College
Aich, Radhakanta	...	1876	Presidency College

Aikath, Saradakumar	...	1879	Patna College
Akhileswar Prasad	...	1878	Ditto
Ali Ahmad	...	1883	Ditto
Ali Karim	...	1891	Ditto
Ameer Ali	...	1869	Hughli College
Amir Ali	...	1892	City College
Anup Narayan	...	1891	Patna College
Asgur Ali Khan	...	1886	Ditto
Atma Ram	...	1890	Ditto
Awadh Kisor	...	1882	Ditto
Bagchi, Annadaprasad	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Brajagopal	...	1879	Ditto
„ Debendraprasad	...	1886	City College
„ Durganath	...	1869	Berhampur College
„ Kailaschandra	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Harischandra	...	1869	Dacca College
„ Satischandra	...	1889	Rajshahye College
„ Satyendranarayan	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Upendranath	...	1879	Presidency College
Bajinath Singh	...	1889	Patna College
Baksi, Harischandra	...	1889	Hughli College
„ Nagendrachandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saradaprasad	...	1885	Ditto
Bal, Dwijendranath	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Rajendralal	...	1891	Dacca College
Baldeo Lal	...	1884	Patna College
Baliram Narayan Deshmukh	...	1891	Morris College, Nagpur
Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Abinaschandra	...	1868	Ditto
„ Aghornath	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Aghornath	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Akhlichandra	...	1891	City College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1888	Hughli College
„ Amulyachandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Annadaprasad	...	1887	Ditto
„ Annadaprasad	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Anukulchandra	...	1892	Ditto
„ Apurbakumar	...	1888	City College
„ Asutosh	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh	...	1886	Ditto
„ Atulkrishna	...	1891	City College
„ Balaram	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Bamacharan	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Bamandas	...	1890	City College
„ Banawarilal	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baninath	...	1885	Patna College
„ Bansidhar	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Banwarilal	...	1888	Ditto
„ Baradakanta	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Bhairabchandra	...	1863	Presidency College
„ Bhubanmohan	...	1873	Ditto
„ Bidhubhushan	...	1876	Ditto

Bandyopadhyay, Bidhubhushan	...	1879	Presidency College
" Bidhubhushan	...	1882	Hughli College
" Biharilal	...	1875	Presidency College
" Binodbihari	...	1873	Ditto
" Binodlal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Chandrabhushan	...	1885	Ditto
" Chandrabhushan	...	1888	Ditto
" Chandmohan	...	1878	Dacca College
" Debendranath	...	1887	City College
" Debendranath	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
" Debendranath	...	1891	Ripon College
" Debendranath	...	1892	Ditto
" Dharmadas	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Dharanidhar	...	1887	Ditto
" Dinabandhu	...	1883	Presidency College
" Durganath	...	1890	Ripon College
" Gangadhar	...	1874	Presidency College
" Girischandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Gopalchandra	...	1875	Presidency College
" Gopalchandra	...	1873	Krishnagar College
" Gopalchandra	...	1892	Ripon College
" Gopikrishna	...	1875	Hughli College
" Gopinath	...	1864	Presidency College
" Haranchandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Haricharan	...	1870	Presidency College
" Harilal	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Harimohan	...	1887	Ditto
" Harinath	...	1880	Presidency College
" Hemchandra	...	1866	Ditto
" Hemnath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Herambachandra	...	1892	Ditto
" Indranath	...	1871	Presidency College
" Jadunath	...	1874	Ditto
" Jadunath	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Jagadananda	...	1888	Ripon College
" Jagatchandra	...	1870	Presidency College
" Jhulanchandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Jnanchandra	...	1887	Ditto
" Jnanendrachandra	...	1887	Ditto
" Jnanranjan	...	1892	Ditto
" Jogindranath	...	1889	Ripon College
" Jogindranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Jyotindranath	...	1891	Ditto
" Joytischandra	...	1881	Presidency College
" Kailaschandra	...	1868	Ditto
" Kailaschandra	...	1870	Patna College
" Kalicharan	...	1870	Presidency College
" Kalidhan	...	1886	City College
" Kalikrishna	...	1888	Ditto
" Kalipada	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
" Kaliprasanna	...	1884	Dacca College
" Kaminimohan	...	1890	Ripon College
" Kantibhushan	...	1882	Hughli College

Bandyopadhyay, Kantichandra	...	1873	Presidency College
" Karunamay	...	1869	Ditto
" Kedarnath	...	1875	Ditto
" Kedarnath	...	1883	Patna College
" Kedarnath	...	1891	Ripon College
" Kisorimohan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Kshetramohan	...	1886	City College
" Kumudnath	..	1884	Metropolitan Institution
" Lalitkumar	...	1890	Ripon College
" Lalitmohan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Madhusudan	...	1892	Ditto
" Mahadeb	...	1882	Presidency College
" Mahendranath	...	1875	Ditto
" Mahendranath	...	1869	Ditto
" Mahendranath	...	1877	Ditto
" Mahendranath	...	1878	Ditto
" Maheschandra	...	1873	Patna College
" Matilal	...	1892	Ripon College
" Nabinchandra	...	1870	Patna College
" Nagendranath	...	1889	Ripon College
" Nagendranath	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Nandalal	...	1887	City College
" Nandalal	...	1881	Presidency College
" Narayandas	...	1890	Ripon College
" Narendranath	...	1889	City College
" Nibaranchandra	...	1876	Presidency College
" Nibaranchandra	..	1892	Ripon College
" Nilmadhab	...	1868	Presidency College
" Nilratan	...	1874	Hughli College
" Nilratan	...	1892	Ripon College
" Niradchandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Nistaran	...	1877	Presidency College
" Nrityagopal	...	1888	City College
" Nrityagopal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Parbaticharan	...	1887	Ripon College
" Pareschandra	...	1885	City College
" Paresnath	...	1864	Presidency College
" Prabhacharan	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Pramodacharan	...	1869	Presidency College
" Pramathanath	...	1867	Ditto
" Priyanath	..	1870	Ditto
" Raghunath	...	1891	Hughli College
" Rajkrishna	...	1878	Presidency College
" Rakhaldas	...	1886	City College
" Rakhaldas	...	1890	Rajshahye College
" Ramkrishna	...	1890	City College
" Ramlal	...	1889	Presidency College
" Ramnarayan	...	1874	Ditto
" Ramtaran	...	1875	Ditto
" Rasbihari	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Rebatichandra	...	1871	Presidency College
" Saratchandra	...	1869	Ditto
" Saratchandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution

Bandyopadhyay, Saratchandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sasibhushan	—	1869	Presidency College
„ Sasibhushan	...	1888	City College
„ Sasibhushan	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sasibhushan	...	1891	City College
„ Sasibhushan	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Sasikumar	...	1890	City College
„ Satischandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	...	1890	City College
„ Satischandra	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satkari	...	1887	Ditto
„ Satyadaya	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Satyadhan	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sibchandra	...	1869	Patna College
„ Sibnath	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Sibnarayan	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Srischandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Srischandra	...	1888	Ditto
„ Srischandra	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Surendranath	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Sureschandra	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Syamacharan	...	1873	Patna College
„ Syamacharan	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Taradas	...	1875	Krishnagar College
„ Tarapada	...	1869	Ditto
„ Taraprasanna	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Taraprasanna	...	1888	City College
„ Tinkari	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Tinkari	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendranath	...	1889	Ditto
„ Upendranath	...	1891	Ditto
Banerjee, P. N.	...	1869	Presidency College
Bankabihari Lal	...	1886	Patna College
Danwari Lal	...	1891	Ditto
Baral, Syamdas	...	1891	City College
Barat, Benimadhab	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Narendranath	...	1889	Ditto
Bardhan, Mohinimohan	...	1866	Presidency College
Bardolai, Gopinath	...	1889	Ripon College
Barakati, Ramakanta	...	1891	City College
Barma, Kshetranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
Barman, Amarchandra	...	1891	City College
Baruri, Akshaykumar	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
Baruya, Debicharan	...	1888	Ditto
„ Gunjanan	...	1889	Ditto
„ Ghanasyam	...	1889	City College
„ Ratnadhar	...	1889	Ditto
Basak, Gobindachandra	...	1870	Dacca College
„ Gobindachandra	...	1875	Ditto
„ Gokulkrishna	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jagatdurlabh	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Madhabananda	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Radhaballabh	...	1892	Dacca College

Basak, Ramkumar	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Rasbihari	—	1880	Presidency College
„ Rebatimohan	—	1891	Ripon College
„ Rohinikumar	...	1870	Dacca College
Basu, Abinaschandra	—	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Abinaschandra	—	1887	City College
„ Adwaityacharan	—	1888	Benares College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Akshaykumar	—	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Amarnath	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Ambikacharan	...	1863	Ditto
„ Anantakumar	—	1879	Ditto
„ Anantakumar	...	1883	Dacca College
„ Annadaprasad	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Aswinikumar	...	1880	Dacca College
„ Asutosh	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh	...	1892	Ditto
„ Atulchandra	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Atuleswar	...	1890	Patna College
„ Atulyacharan	—	1887	City College
„ Baradaprasad	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Basantakrishna	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Basantakumar	—	1872	Presidency College
„ Basantakumar	—	1888	Dacca College
„ Basantakumar	...	1890	City College
„ Bhupendranath	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Biharilal	...	1870	Ditto
„ Bijaygobinda	...	1886	Ditto
„ Bijaygopal	...	1882	Ditto
„ Bijaykrishna	...	1871	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bipinkrishna	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Birajaprasad	...	1868	Ditto
„ Bishnupada	...	1876	Ditto
„ Biswanath	—	1889	Ripon College
„ Brajendrakumar	...	1891	Berhampur College
„ Chandrakumar	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandranath	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Chandrasekhar	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Charuchandra	—	1891	Ditto
„ Dakshinaprasad	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Debendrabijay	—	1882	Ditto
„ Debendralal	—	1864	Ditto
„ Debendranarayan	...	1860	Ditto
„ Dinanath	...	1870	Ditto
„ Dinanath	—	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dinanath	...	1891	Ditto
„ Durgadas	—	1879	Presidency College
„ Durgaram	...	1873	Ditto
„ Girischandra	—	1873	Ditto
„ Girischandra	—	1883	Ditto
„ Gobardhan	—	1889	Metropolitan Institution

Basu, Gopalchandra	...	1868	Presidency College
" Gopalchandra	...	1876	Ditto
" Hariballabh	...	1870	Ditto
" Haridas	...	1885	Hughli College
" Haridas	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Haridas	...	1890	Ditto
" Harinath	...	1889	Ditto
" Hariprasad	...	1892	Ditto
" Hemchandra	...	1874	Presidency College
" Isanchandra	...	1874	Ditto
" Jadabkrishna	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Janakinath	...	1884	Ditto
" Jnanendranath	...	1889	Ripon College
" Jnanendranath	—	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Jogindrachandra	...	1873	Presidency College
" Jogindranath	...	1869	Ditto
" Jogindranath	...	1869	Ditto
" Jogindranath	...	1882	Ditto
" Jyotindranath	...	1890	Ripon College
" Kailaschandra	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
" Kalikumar	...	1870	Berhampur College
" Karunadas	...	1868	Presidency College
" Kedarnath	...	1883	Ditto
" Kesabkumar	—	1873	Krishnagar College
" Khagendranath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Kritantakumar	...	1881	Presidency College
" Kshetramohan	...	1870	Ditto
" Kunjabihari	...	1871	Hughli College
" Lalitkumar	...	1875	Presidency College
" Latubihari	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
" Mahendranath	...	1870	Presidency College
" Manmathakumar	...	1876	Ditto
" Manmathanath	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Manmathanath	...	1892	Ripon College
" Manindranath	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Mathuranath	...	1868	Presidency College
" Matilal	...	1883	Hughli College
" Mohitchandra	...	1873	Presidency College
" Nabinchandra	...	1871	Ditto
" Nagendralal	...	1885	City College
" Narayanchandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Nimaichandra	...	1870	Presidency College
" Nepalchandra	...	1870	Ditto
" Nrityagopal	...	1881	Muir Central College
" Paresnath	...	1874	Presidency College
" Pramathanath	...	1877	Ditto
" Prasannakumar	...	1862	Ditto
" Prasannakumar	...	1874	Ditto
" Prasannakumar	...	1890	City College
" Pratapchandra	...	1873	Presidency College
" Priyanath	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Pulinbihari	...	1882	Presidency College
" Purnachandra	...	1888	Ripon College

Basu, Raicharan	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
" Rajaninath	...	1872	Presidency College
" Rajendrakumar	...	1867	Ditto
" Rajendranath (I.)	...	1891	Ripon College
" Rakhalchandra	...	1883	Presidency College
" Rameschandra	...	1864	Ditto
" Rameschandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Rameschandra	...	1890	Ripon College
" Saradaprasad	...	1878	Presidency College
" Saratchandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Saratchandra	...	1876	Dacca College
" Saratchandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Saratchandra	...	1888	Ditto
" Saratkisor	...	1884	Ditto
" Sasibhushan	...	1866	Presidency College
" Sasibhushan	...	1870	Hughli College
" Sasibhushan	...	1874	Ditto
" Sasibhushan	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
" Sasibhushan	...	1888	Ditto
" Satischandra	...	1887	Ditto
" Satyananda	...	1889	City College
" Sibaram	...	1883	Presidency College
" Sripat	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Sriramchandra	...	1889	Ravenshaw College
" Sureschandra	...	1888	Ripon College
" Syamkisor	...	1869	Presidency College
" Tarakchandra	...	1881	Dacca College
" Trailokyauath	...	1870	Presidency College
" Trailokyanath	...	1872	Ditto
" Trailokyanath	...	1882	Ditto
" Udaychandra	...	1870	Ditto
" Umapada	...	1891	Ripon College
" Upendranath	...	1873	Presidency College
" Upendranath	...	1890	Ripon College
Batabyal, Atulchandra	...	1880	Presidency College
Beni Prasada	...	1892	Patna College
Bhabani Sahay	...	1890	Ripon College
Bhadhuri, Indubhushan	...	1891	Ditto
" Jagatchandra	...	1890	Ditto
" Lalbihari	...	1881	Presidency College
" Ramchandra	...	1891	Ripon College
" Srimanta	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
Bhagavati Sahay	...	1892	T. N. Jubilee College
Bhagabaticharan	...	1888	Patna College
Bhagwan Sahay	...	1879	Ditto
Bhagwat Prasad Shrivastava Khare	...	1888	Muir Central College
Bhagwat Sahay	...	1888	Patna College
Bhagwat Sahay	...	1888	Ditto
Bhanja, Kalidas	...	1870	Presidency College
" Srischandra	...	1890	Ripon College
" Upendranath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
Bhan Sahib Subbedar	...	1892	Morris College
Bhar, Benimadhab	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution

Bhar, Trailokyanath	...	1868	Presidency College
Bhatta, Nandaram	...	1887	Patna College
„ Napharchandra	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Tridharacharan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
Bhattacharyya, Akshaykumar	...	1885	Ditto
„ Amarnath	...	1888	Ditto
„ Anandamohan	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Anangamohan	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Arunoday	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Banikantha	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Beniprasad	...	1877	Canning College
„ Bholanath	—	1890	Ripon College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bishnuchandra	...	1890	Krishnagar College
„ Brajakumar	...	1887	Ripon College
„ Chandrakanta	...	1890	City College
„ Chandrakumar	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Dwarkanath	—	1868	Ditto
„ Dwarkanath	...	1871	Patna College
„ Haranath	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Harinath	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jadabchandra	...	1887	Ditto
„ Jadabchandra	...	1887	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1869	Krishnagar College
„ Jajneswar	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Jogindrachandra	...	1886	City College
„ Jugadas	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Kartikchandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Kedarnath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Krishnakamal	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Krishnanath	...	1890	Rajshahye College
„ Mahendrachandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mahendranath	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath	...	1881	Ditto
„ Maheswar	...	1882	Ditto
„ Munindranath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nandalal	...	1892	Hughli College
„ Nayanarajan	...	1890	City College
„ Nibaranchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prasannakumar	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Priyanath	...	1890	City College
„ Radhakisor	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Rajkumar	...	1883	Ditto
„ Ramaprasad	...	1883	Ditto
„ Saktikanta	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Saratchandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sibaprasanna	...	1888	Ditto
„ Srigopal	...	1890	Ravenshaw College
„ Srischandra	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Sukumar	...	1888	Krishnagar College
„ Tarinikanta	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Trailokyanath	...	1887	Ripon College
Bhaumik, Hridaynath	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution

Bhaumik, Jaineswar	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Krishnachaitanya	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Rasiklal	...	1892	Ripon College
Bhubaneswari Sahay	...	1887	Patna College
Bhaya, Gopalchandra	...	1887	Rajshahye College
Bhupsen Singh	...	1871	Presidency College
Bisi, Kesabnath	...	1867	Ditto
Biswas, Aghornath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Bhubanmohan	...	1880	Ditto
„ Dandadhari	...	1881	Ditto
„ Dhankrishna	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dinanath	...	1888	Ditto
„ Girindranath	...	1887	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Gurudas	...	1890	Jagannath College
„ Jaineswar	...	1887	Presidency College
„ Kailaschandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kailaschandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Kamakhyanath	...	1891	Ditto
„ Kshirodkrishna	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Kunjabihari	...	1892	City College
„ Paramanandan	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Prankrishna	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Rudrakanta	...	1866	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan	...	1888	Patna College
„ Srischandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
Borah, Satyanath	...	1889	City College
Bose, L. B.	...	1889	Canning College
Brij Bansi Sahay	...	1887	Patna College
Buzlur Rahim	...	1887	Dacca College
Chaki, Benimadhab	...	1883	Presidency College
Chakrabarti, Adityachandra	...	1877	Dacca College
„ Akhilchandra	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1885	City College
„ Benimadhab	...	1890	Berhampur College
„ Bhupati	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Biharilal	...	1890	Krishnagar College
„ Binodbihari	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Chandrakumar	...	1891	City College
„ Chandramohan	...	1872	Patna College
„ Debendranath	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Debendranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Durgadas	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Durgakanta	...	1885	Krishnagar College
„ Dwarkanath	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Girindramohan	...	1868	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1865	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1871	Ditto
„ Harachandra	...	1877	Dacca College
„ Harachandra	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harachandra	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Haricharan	...	1871	Dacca College

Chakrabarti, Harihar	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harimohan	—	1869	Presidency College
„ Indranarayan	...	1881	Patna College
„ Indubhushan	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Isanchandra	...	1869	Patna College
„ Iswarchandra	...	1863	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jnanadagobinda	...	1887	Ditto
„ Jageschandra	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Jogindranath	...	1880	Patna College
„ Jogindranath	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Kartikchandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kasichandra	...	1892	Dacca College
„ Kumudbihari	...	1889	Ditto
„ Kunjabihari	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lalitmohan	...	1886	City College
„ Mahendranarayan	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Mahimchandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmohan	...	1886	Ditto
„ Mohinimohan	...	1886	Ditto
„ Mohinimohan	...	1887	Ditto
„ Nanilal	...	1891	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Rajaninath	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Ramchandra	...	1892	Ditto
„ Ramgopal	...	1873	Krishnagar College
„ Purnachandra	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rasikbihari	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Rasikchandra	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Rasikchandra	...	1892	City College
„ Hrisikes	...	1891	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	1892	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
„ Siddheswar	...	1886	Hughli College
„ Srischandra	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Syamacharan	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Syamacharan	...	1883	Ditto
„ Syamaldas	...	1872	Patna College
„ Syamamohan	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Tarakchandra	...	1890	Berhampur College
„ Tarakeswar	...	1890	Rajshahye College
„ Taranath	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Trailokyanath	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Umeschandra	...	1886	City College
Chanda, Kaminikumar	...	1888	Ripon College
Chandra, Abinaschandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Brajendranath	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Jajneswar	...	1870	Berhampur College
„ Kalikrishna	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Priyanath	...	1879	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Abhaykumar	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Abinaschandra (I.)	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Aghornath	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1873	Patna College

Chattopadhyay, Amarendranath	...	1868	Presidency College
" Ambikacharan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Amritalal	...	1862	Presidency College
" Amritalal	...	1882	Ditto
" Anukulchandra	...	1887	Ripon College
" Anukulchandra	...	1889	City College
" Asutosh	...	1889	Ripon College
" Asutosh	...	1891	Ditto
" Atulchandra	...	1873	Presidency College
" Banamali	...	1880	Ditto
" Bankimchandra	...	1869	Ditto
" Basantakumar	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
" Bhagabanchandra	...	1868	Presidency College
" Bholanath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Bhutnath	...	1889	Ravenshaw College
" Bidhubhushan	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Biharilal	...	1883	Presidency College
" Biharilal	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Bipinbihari	...	1876	Presidency College
" Bipinchandra	...	1888	City College
" Bipradas	...	1870	Presidency College
" Bireswar	...	1871	Ditto
" Bishnuchandra	...	1875	Ditto
" Bishnupada	...	1883	Hughli College
" Chandmohan	...	1888	Ripon College
" Chandrakumar	...	1885	City College
" Charuchandra	...	1890	Ripon College
" Chintamani	...	1890	Ditto
" Debendrachandra	...	1889	Ditto
" Digambar	...	1882	Presidency College
" Dwarkanath	...	1880	Patna College
" Girjabhushan	...	1891	Ripon College
" Girischandra	...	1868	Presidency College
" Girischandra	...	1868	Ditto
" Gopalchandra	...	1875	Ditto
" Gopalchandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Gopalchandra	...	1883	Ditto
" Gopalchandra	...	1891	Rajchandra Coll., Barisal
" Harakrishna	...	1870	Presidency College
" Haranohandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Haraprasad	...	1890	Ripon College
" Haridas	...	1878	Presidency College
" Haridas	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Hariprasad	...	1887	Ripon College
" Hemchandra	...	1868	Hughli College
" Hemchandra	...	1888	Ripon College
" Hemchandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Hrishikes	...	1887	Ditto
" Iswarchandra	...	1879	Patna College
" Jadunath	...	1861	Presidency College
" Jitendraprasad	...	1891	Ripon College
" Jnanranjan	...	1890	Ditto
" Jageshchandra	...	1873	Krishnagar College

Chattopadhyay, Jageschandra	...	1892	Hughli College
" Jogendranath	...	1888	City College
" Jyotiprasad	...	1892	Ripon College
" Jyotiprasad	...	1891	Ditto
" Kalidhan	...	1871	Presidency College
" Kalipada	...	1888	Hughli College
" Kalipada	...	1888	Ditto
" Kalipada	...	1888	Ripon College
" Kaliprasanna	...	1868	Presidency College
" Kedarnath	...	1881	Ditto
" Kedarnath	...	1888	Ripon College
" Kirtichandra	...	1863	Patna College
" Kisorimohan	...	1869	Presidency College
" Krishnachandra	...	1865	Ditto
" Krishnalal	...	1880	Ditto
" Kshirodchandra	...	1888	Ripon College
" Kunjabihari	...	1889	Ditto
" Lakshmanchandra	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
" Madhabchandra	...	1885	Ditto
" Manmathanath	...	1879	Presidency College
" Mohinimohan	...	1882	Ditto
" Nagendranath	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Nagendranath	...	1888	Ripon College
" Nagendranath	...	1889	Ditto
" Nandalal	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Nalinirajan	...	1888	Ripon College
" Nanilal	...	1891	Ditto
" Nilkanta	...	1874	Presidency College
" Nilkanta	...	1890	Ripon College
" Nilkanta	...	1890	Ditto
" Nityagopal	...	1876	Presidency College
" Paresnath	...	1878	Ditto
" Pasupati	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Phalaram	...	1890	City College
" Pitambar	...	1869	Hughli College
" Pankajakumar	...	1881	Ditto
" Prabhatchandra	...	1878	Presidency College
" Prabhatchandra	...	1890	Ripon College
" Pramathanath	...	1880	Patna College
" Prasannakumar	...	1884	Hughli College
" Pratapchandra	...	1860	Presidency College
" Pratulchandra	...	1870	Ditto
" Priyanath	...	1879	Ditto
" Purnachandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Purnachandra	...	1890	City College
" Rajanikanta	...	1883	Presidency College
" Rajanikanta	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
" Rajanikanta	...	1889	Hughli College
" Rajaninath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Rajendranath	...	1890	Ripon College
" Rajendranath	...	1892	Ditto
" Rakhalchandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Ramapati	...	1888	Ripon College

Chattopadhyay, Ramlal	...	1887	Ripon College
" Ratinath	...	1887	Hughli College
" Sajanjikanta	...	1874	Krishnagar College
" Saratchandra	...	1879	Presidency College
" Saratchandra	...	1882	Ditto
" Saratchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Sasibhushan	...	1871	Presidency College
" Sasibhushan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Sasibhushan	...	1890	Ditto
" Satkari	...	1892	Ripon College
" Sibchandra	...	1867	Presidency College
" Srigopal	...	1871	Krishnagar College
" Srikrishna	...	1881	Presidency College
" Sripati	...	1880	Ditto
" Sriram	...	1892	City College
" Srischandra	...	1888	Ripon College
" Sukumar	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Surapati	...	1886	Ditto
" Sureschandra	...	1882	Presidency College
" Tarapada	...	1887	Ripon College
" Trailokyanath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Umakanta	...	1868	Presidency College
" Umeschandra	...	1873	Hughli College
" Umeschandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Upendrachandra	...	1883	Ditto
" Upendranath	...	1874	Presidency College
" Upendranath	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Upendranath	...	1891	Ripon College
Chaudhuri, Akshaykumar	...	1875	Presidency College
" Akshaykumar	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Anpadacharan	...	1890	Ditto
" Apurbakrishna	...	1873	Presidency College
" Bamaapada	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Bhagabaticharan	...	1887	Ditto
" Binodbihari	...	1869	Presidency College
" Brajaraj	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Chandranarayan	...	1888	City College
" Debendranath	...	1888	Ripon College
" Debendranath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Dinanath	...	1884	City College
" Gaganbihari	...	1888	Kavenshaw College
" Girijasankar	...	1887	City College
" Girischandra	...	1865	Presidency College
" Girischandra	...	1876	Ditto
" Gokulananda	...	1885	Ravenshaw College
" Gorachand	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Harasankar	...	1888	City College
" Harendranarayan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Jadabchandra	...	1880	Presidency College
" Jadabchandra	...	1887	Rajmahal College
" Jagatchandra	...	1887	Krishnagar College
" Janendranath	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Jageschandra	...	1890	Ripon College

Chaudhuri, Jogindrachandra	...	1879	Krishnagar College
„ Jogindralal	...	1887	Hughli College
„ Jogindranath	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Kalachand	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kaliram	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Kedarnath	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Kisorimohan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kumudnath	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Kunjamohan	...	1891	Ditto
„ Madanmohan	...	1892	City College
„ Manmathanath	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Narendranath	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Nalinikanta	...	1888	Rajshahye College
„ Narendrakumar	...	1889	City College
„ Prasannachandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prasannakumar	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Prasannanarayan	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Purnachandra	...	1877	Ditto
„ Radhagobinda	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rai Jotindranath	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Rajanikanta	...	1872	Dacca College
„ Rajanikanta	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Rakhaldas	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rakhaldas	...	1892	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan	...	1874	Hughli College
„ Satischandra	...	1886	City College
„ Satischandra	...	1889	Ditto
„ Sitalchandra	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Srischandra	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Srikanta	...	1890	City College
„ Srikumar	...	1875	Patna College
„ Sureschandra	...	1885	City College
„ Syamacharan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Syamakanta	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Syamasundar	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tarakisor	...	1884	City College
„ Tarapada	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Tinkari	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Tripurakanta	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Umeschandra	...	1884	Rajshahye College
Coello, Walter A.	...	1891	Ripon College
Currie, F.	...	1873	Presidency College
Daitari Prasad Sankhua	...	1892	Rawnsshaw College
Dajee Jairam Panday	...	1892	Morris College
Dakshi, Brajanath	...	1889	Krishnagar College
Dan, Mahendranath	...	1882	Presidency College
Das, Abinaschandra	...	1887	City College
„ Abinaschandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Adharchandra	...	1888	Ditto
„ Akshaycharan	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Baikunthanath	...	1871	Dacca College
„ Bhairabchandra	...	1873	Presidency College

Das, Bipinbihari	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1879	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Brahmananda	...	1889	Ravenshaw College
„ Brajanath	...	1890	Jagannath College
„ Brajendramohan	...	1877	Patna College
„ Chandrakumar	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Debendranath	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Debendranath	...	1889	Patna College
„ Debendranath	..	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dhairyyanarayan	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Dinanath	...	1870	Ditto
„ Ganapati	...	1889	Ravenshaw College
„ Gangacharan	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Gangadhar	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gorachand	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Gobindachandra	...	1870	Dacca College
„ Gobindachandra	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Gobindachandra	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Gopalchandra	..	1887	Ditto
„ Harendrakumar	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Haricharan	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Hariprasad	...	1871	Ditto
„ Harischandra	...	1870	Ditto
„ Hemnath	...	1871	Ditto
„ Iswarchandra	..	1871	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1868	Ditto
„ Jagatchandra	...	1871	Ditto
„ Jagatmohan	...	1876	Dacca College
„ Jaminimohan	...	1885	City College
„ Jnanendranath	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Jogindrachandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jogindramohan	...	1890	Ditto
„ Kailaschandra	...	1888	Ditto
„ Kailaschandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Kalikamal	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Kamalanath	...	1882	Ditto
„ Karunachandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Karunakumar	...	1888	City College
„ Krishnachandra	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Kshetramohan	...	1881	Ditto
„ Kunjabihari	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lakshminarayan	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Lalimohan	...	1872	Ditto
„ Lalitmohan	...	1887	Ripon College
„ Lambodar	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Madhusudan	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Mahendralal	...	1887	Ripon College
„ Mahendranath	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mapiklal	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Manmathalal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmohan	...	1889	Jagannath College

Das, Matilal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mayadhar	...	1891	Ravenshaw College
„ Nabakumar	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Nabinchandra	...	1889	Jagannath College
„ Nabinchandra	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Nibaranchandra	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Nilmani	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Parbaticharan	...	1867	Ditto
„ Prasannakumar	...	1891	Jagannath College
„ Pyarilal	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Raghunath	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Rajkisor	...	1890	Ravenshaw College
„ Bamprasad	...	1892	Vic. Col., Cooch-Behar
„ Rasbihari	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Rasikchandra	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Sarbananda	...	1871	Ditto
„ Satyendranath	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sibkrishna	...	1891	City College
„ Sudarsan	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Suryyanarayan	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Syamlal	...	1889	City College
„ Tarakchandra	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Tarapasanna	...	1863	Ditto
„ Tarapasanna	...	1882	Dacca College
„ Tarapasanna	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Taritmohan	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Umakanta	...	1889	City College
„ Umeschandra	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Uttamchandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
Dasgupta, Anantakumar	...	1890	Jagannath College
„ Annadacharan	...	1887	Ripon College
„ Basantakumar	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Biharilal	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Ganeschandra	...	1888	Ditto
„ Jogeschandra	...	1890	City College
„ Mathuranath	...	1890	Patna College
„ Sridhar	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Umeschandra	...	1891	Dacca College
Dassinha, Bipinbihari	...	1892	Hughli College
Datta, Abantinath	...	1887	City College
„ Akshaychandra	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Ambikacharan	...	1877	Ditto
„ Amirtalal	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anilchandra	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Aparnacharan	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Aswinikumar	...	1880	Krishnagar College
„ Aswinikumar	...	1892	Dacca College
„ Atulchandra	...	1892	City College
„ Atulkrishna	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Baidyanath	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Baikunthanath	...	1890	Ravenshaw College
„ Baishnabcharan	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Balaichand	...	1870	Ditto

Datta, Bankubihari	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Berimadhab	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Bharatchandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Bhabanicharan	...	1864	Ditto
„ Bhabanicharan	...	1871	Ditto
„ Bhairabchandra	...	1888	Patna College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1876	Ditto
„ Brajaballabh	...	1883	Hughli College
„ Chandicharan	...	1892	Ditto
„ Chandrakisor	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Charuchandra	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Debendranath	..	1885	Ditto
„ Debendranath	..	1892	Ripon College
„ Debiprasad	...	1887	Rajshahye College
„ Dharanidhar	...	1888	City College
„ Dwarkanath	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Dwarkanath	...	1889	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Gobindakisor	...	1890	City College
„ Gurudas	...	1890	Jagannath College
„ Isanchandra	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Jagadbandhu	...	1870	Ditto
„ Jnanendramohan	...	1892	City College
„ Janakinath	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Jaykali	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jnanendranarayan	...	1888	City College
„ Jogindralal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jugalkisor	...	1886	City College
„ Kailaschandra	...	1875	Dacca College
„ Kalikadas	...	1861	Presidency College
„ Kamalkrishna	...	1880	Ditto
„ Kedareshwar	...	1888	City College
„ Kshetramohan	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Krishnakisor	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lalbihari	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Lalgopal	...	1865	Ditto
„ Lalitchandra	...	1888	Jagannath College
„ Lalitkumar	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Lambodar	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Madhusudan	...	1890	City College
„ Mahabharat	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mahendranath	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Maheschandra	...	1886	Dacca College
„ Mahimchandra	...	1887	City College
„ Manindrakrishna	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmohan	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Mohinimohan	...	1882	Ditto
„ Mohinimohan	...	1882	Hughli College
„ Nabinchandra	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Nandalal	...	1879	Presidency College

Datta, Narasinha	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Narendrakrishna	...	1882	Ditto
„ Nrisinhakumar	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Pareschandra	...	1888	City College
„ Pratulchandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Pramathanath	...	1890	City College
„ Pratapchandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Priyanath	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Priyanath	...	1873	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1877	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1878	Ditto
„ Radhakrishna	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Radhikacharan	...	1887	Ditto
„ Radhakanta	...	1890	Patna College
„ Rajendranath	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Ramgopal	...	1869	Berhampur College
„ Ramlal	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Ramlal	...	1879	Ditto
„ Samatulchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saradaprasad	...	1888	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Sasibhushan	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Sasibhushan	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sasibhushan	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Sasikumar	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satyakrishna	...	1891	Morris College, Nagpur
„ Srischandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Surendrakrishna	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Suryyalal	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Syamlal	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Taraknath	...	1861	Presidency College
„ Taraknath	...	1882	Ditto
„ Trailokyanath	...	1871	Ditto
„ Umacharan	...	1868	Ditto
„ Umacharan	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendranath	...	1882	Presidency College
Dattaray, Annadakisor	...	1886	Ripon College
De, Adwaitaprasad	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Amritlal	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Ambikacharan	...	1877	Muir Central College
„ Anandamohan	...	1884	City College
„ Asutosh	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Bamacharan	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Baradaprasad	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Basantakumar	...	1886	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1883	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1892	City College
„ Brajendrakumar	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Brajendralal	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Dinanath	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dulalchandra	...	1870	Presidency College

De, Gaurcharan	...	1873	Dacca College
„ Gaurisankar	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Gobindachandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Hemchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jadabchandra	...	1860	Presidency College
„ Jogeschandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Jugalkisor	...	1878	Ditto
„ Kailaschandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Krishnadas	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Kumudnath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kunjabihari	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Lalbihari	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Manmathanath	...	1889	Patna College
„ Mahimchandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Moharlal	...	1889	Hughli College
„ Nabinchandra	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Narendralal	...	1886	City College
„ Nilmadhab	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Panchkari	...	1881	Ditto
„ Parbaticharan	...	1889	Jagannath College
„ Purnachandra	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Rajmohan	...	1870	Dacca College
„ Ramapati	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Sambhuchandra	...	1868	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra (I.)	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Satischandra (II.)	...	1892	Ditto
„ Sibchandra	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Surendranath	...	1885	Patna College
Deb, Anandakisor	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Bhutnath	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Gopendrakrishna	...	1874	Ditto
„ Jogindrachandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jogindranath	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Kalimohan	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Mathuramohan	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Mahendrachandra	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Nandalal	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sibchandra	...	1887	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra	...	1871	Presidency College
Debaki Nandan	...	1891	Patna College
Dhar, Abinaschandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Annadacharan	...	1890	Ditto
„ Asutosh	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Dinanath	...	1871	Hughli College
„ Gokulchandra	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Kalinath	...	1870	Dacca College
„ Mohinimohan	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath	...	1881	Hughli College
„ Nilmani	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Priyanath	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Syamchand	...	1868	Hughli College
Dhirajkarn	...	1876	Presidency College
Dowerah, Krishnaprasad	...	1892	City College

Durgaprasad	...	1875	Presidency College
Dutt, Jogen Chunder	...	1886	City College
Fakhruddin	...	1892	Patna College
F. Riyaz Uddin Quasi	...	1891	Ripon College
Fazlul Karim	...	1880	Dacca College
Fozlol Kareem	...	1885	Ditto
Gangadhar Bulwant Gokhale	..	1891	Agra College
Gangopadhyay, Adharchandra	...	1891	City College
„ Amritalal	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anisprakas	...	1891	Ditto
„ Bamacharan	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Basantakumar	...	1889	Ditto
„ Bhupalchandra	...	1888	City College
„ Bidhubhushan	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Birendranath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandrakisor	...	1865	Dacca College
„ Jagabandhu	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Jayopal	...	1892	Patna College
„ Kalikrishna	...	1874	Ditto
„ Kisorimohan	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Kshetramohan	...	1888	Hughli College
„ Lalmohan	...	1889	Patna College
„ Makhanlal	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nabinchandra	...	1861	Presidency College
„ Nabinchandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Priyanath	...	1890	Berhampur College
„ Pyrilal	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Rabichandra	...	1874	Ditto
„ Radhikanath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rajanikanta	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Satyacharan	...	1879	Ditto
„ Trailokyanath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
Gauri Sankar	...	1887	Patna College
Ghatak, Baidyanath	...	1887	Ditto
„ Janakinath	...	1874	Presidency College
Ghosh, Abinaschandra	...	1878	Ditto
„ Abinaschandra	...	1876	Ditto
„ Abinaschandra	...	1883	Ditto
„ Adharchandra	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Aghornath	..	1863	Presidency College
„ Aghornath	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Akshaykrishna	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Akshaykumar	..	1880	Hughli College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Amritalal	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Ambikacharan	...	1871	Ditto
„ Amulyachandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Anantaram	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Annadaprasad	...	1876	Ditto
„ Annadaprasad	...	1891	City College
„ Apurbachandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution

Ghosh, Asutosh	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Atalbihari	...	1890	Ripon College
" Atulbihari	...	1870	Presidency College
" Atulchandra	...	1882	Ditto
" Atulkrishna	...	1878	Ditto
" Atulkrishna	...	1885	Presidency College
" Banamali	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Baradaprasad	...	1883	Dacca College
" Basantakumar	...	1883	Ditto
" Becharam	...	1874	Presidency College
" Bhupendrasri	...	1892	City College
" Biharilal	...	1878	Presidency College
" Biharilal	...	1886	Ditto
" Binodbihari	...	1882	Muir Central College
" Bipinbihari	...	1883	Hughli College
" Bipinbihari	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Bipinbihari	...	1883	Presidency College
" Bipinbihari	...	1891	Ripon College
" Bipinbihari	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
" Birajkrishna	...	1873	Presidency College
" Brajalal	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Chandidas	...	1880	Presidency College
" Chandrakanta	...	1889	Ripon College
" Chandranath	...	1874	Presidency College
" Dasarathi	...	1892	City College
" Debendrachandra	...	1867	Presidency College
" Debendranath	...	1872	Ditto
" Dhankrishna	...	1868	Ditto
" Gaganchandra	...	1889	Dacca College
" Girischandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Gobindachandra	...	1867	Presidency College
" Gobindachandra	...	1870	Ditto
" Gopalchandra	...	1892	Ripon College
" Gurudas	...	1890	Ditto
" Haranath	...	1880	Presidency College
" Haridas	...	1876	Ditto
" Harischandra	...	1887	Ravenshaw College
" Hemchandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Hemchandra	...	1892	Ditto
" Hiratal	...	1892	City College
" Iswarchandra	...	1873	Dacca College
" Jadabchandra	...	1878	Presidency College
" Jadunath	...	1874	Ditto
" Jadunath	...	1882	Ditto
" Janakiballabh	...	1884	Ravenshaw College
" Jaygopal	...	1870	Presidency College
" Jaygopal	...	1892	Ripon College
" Jogindrachandra	...	1883	Presidency College
" Jogindranath	...	1877	Ditto
" Jogindranath	...	1874	Ditto
" Jyotiprasad	...	1888	City College
" Kailaschandra	...	1871	Berhampur College
" Kalikumar	...	1888	Ripon College

Ghosh, Kalipada	...	1880	Presidency College
" Kalipada	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
" Kantibhushan	...	1883	Patna College
" Kedarnath	...	1875	Ditto
" Khagendranath	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Kripanath	...	1890	Ripon College
" Kshetrachandra	...	1870	Patna College
" Lalitmohan	...	1891	Ripon College
" Madanmohan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Mahendrakumar	...	1883	Dacca College
" Mahimachandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Mahimachandra	...	1869	Presidency College
" Manmathakumar	...	1880	Ditto
" Manmathanath	...	1883	Ditto
" Manmathanath	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
" Manmohan	...	1892	City College
" Nagendranath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Nandalal	...	1871	Hughli College
" Narayandas	...	1888	Ripon College
" Nanilal	...	1888	Dacca College
" Narendranath	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Nareschandra	...	1888	Ripon College
" Nrisinhachandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Panchanan	...	1884	Hughli College
" Parbatinath	...	1864	Presidency College
" Pranchaitanya	...	1888	Jagannath College
" Prasannakumar	...	1871	Krishnagar College
" Prasannakumar	...	1889	Patna College
" Priyanath	...	1874	Presidency College
" Priyanath	...	1887	City College
" Rajaninath	...	1889	Ripon College
" Rajendralal	...	1883	Presidency College
" Rajendranath	...	1874	Ditto
" Rajendranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Ramgopal	...	1883	Hughli College
" Ramottam	...	1884	Presidency College
" Ramprasanna	...	1876	Ditto
" Ramsakha	...	1876	Ditto
" Rasiklal	...	1890	Ripon College
" Sagarchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Saradacharan	...	1885	Dacca College
" Saradaprasad	...	1879	Presidency College
" Saradaprasad	...	1880	Ditto
" Saratchandra	...	1880	Dacca College
" Saratchandra	...	1880	Jagannath College
" Saratchandra	...	1889	Ripon College
" Saratchandra	...	1891	Hughli College
" Saratchandra	...	1892	City College
" Sasidhar	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Sasikumar	...	1883	Krishnagar College
" Sasimohan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Satischandra	...	1888	Ripon College
" Satischandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution

Ghosh, Satischandra	— 1892 T. N. Jubilee College
„ Sitalprasad	... 1889 Ripon College
„ Srischandra	... 1884 Presidency College
„ Srischandra	... 1890 Ripon College
„ Surendrachandra	... 1892 Ditto
„ Surendranath	... 1885 Hughli College
„ Surendranath	... 1886 Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendranath	... 1889 Ditto
„ Surendrachandra	... 1889 City College
„ Sureschandra	... 1874 Presidency College
„ Suryyanarayan	... 1887 Metropolitan Institution
„ Syamacharan	... 1889 Patna College
„ Taraknath	... 1892 Ripon College
„ Tarinicharan	... 1867 Presidency College
„ Tarinicharan	... 1873 Ditto
„ Tinkari	... 1889 Metropolitan Institution
„ Umeschandra	... 1866 Krishnagar College
„ Umeschandra	... 1874 Hughli College
„ Umeschandra	... 1890 Metropolitan Institution
„ Umeschandra	... 1892 Ditto
„ Upendrachandra	... 1874 Presidency College
Ghoshal, Benimadhab	... 1888 City College
„ Gopalchandra	... 1871 Presidency College
„ Jyotikumar	... 1890 City College
„ Kshetranath	... 1891 Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmohan	... 1891 Ditto
„ Nabinchandra	... 1883 Presidency College
„ Nagendranath	... 1889 Canning College
„ Saratkumar	... 1874 Presidency College
„ Umanath	... 1878 Ditto
Gobindacharan	... 1877 Patna College
Gopalji	... 1890 Ditto
Gopal Ganesh Ranadi	... 1890 Morris College, Nagpur
Goswami, Herambalal	... 1865 Presidency College
„ Jadunath	... 1882 Ditto
„ Jagadischandra	... 1890 Ripon College
„ Kisorilal	... 1881 Presidency College
„ Kunjabihari	... 1891 City College
„ Nityagopal	... 1881 Presidency College
„ Sasibhushan	... 1890 Rajshahye College
„ Syamsundar	... 1889 Dacca College
„ Umeschandra	... 1891 Ripon College
Guha, Anathbandhu	... 1875 Presidency College
„ Annadacharan	... 1891 Ripon College
„ Aswinikumar	... 1873 Presidency College
„ Aswinikumar	... 1887 Dacca College
„ Aswinikumar	... 1889 Ripon College
„ Gurucharan	... 1888 Dacca College
„ Harendranarayan	... 1886 Metropolitan Institution
„ Janakinath	... 1890 City College
„ Jogindranath	... 1888 Metropolitan Institution
„ Jageschandra	... 1888 Dacca College
„ Kaliprasanna	... 1886 City College

Guha, Kaminikumar	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Kedarnath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mahimchandra	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Maheschandra	...	1888	Rajshahye College
„ Makundanath	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nibaranchandra	...	1889	Ditto
„ Prasannakumar	...	1884	Dacca College
„ Prasannakumar	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Pyarilal	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Pyarimohan	...	1871	Dacca College
„ Rebatimohan	...	1877	Ditto
„ Rohinikumar	...	1886	City College
„ Taraprasanna	...	1888	Ripon College
Guin, Sibchandra	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Srinibas	...	1883	Ditto
Gulam Hyder Khan	...	1886	City College
Gupta, Amritlal	...	1889	Hughli College
„ Asutosh	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bhubanmohan	...	1892	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1885	Ditto
„ Charuchandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Dwijendrasankar	...	1887	Ditto
„ Gobindagopal	...	1885	Ditto
„ Gangagobinda	...	1885	Dacca College
„ Gopalchandra	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Gopalgobinda	...	1889	City College
„ Girindrakumar	...	1879	Krishnagar College
„ Haranchandra	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Jagadishwar	...	1871	Krishnagar College
„ Jnanchandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kaminimohan	...	1890	Ditto
„ Kangalchandra	...	1887	Ditto
„ Kunjabihari	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Kunjabihari	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mathuranath	...	1887	Ditto
„ Mohinimohan	...	1887	Krishnagar College
Gupta, Nalinchandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Pransankar	...	1888	Ditto
„ Prasannakumar	...	1883	Ditto
„ Rajendranath	...	1890	Ditto
„ Ramgati	...	1870	Ditto
„ Basiklal	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Sukhamay	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Umeschandra	...	1883	Presidency College
Hafazat Karim	...	1887	Patna College
Hajra, Aghorchandra	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Digendrachandra	...	1891	Dacca College
„ Kedarnath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Phakirdas	...	1889	Ditto
„ Ramdas	...	1892	Ditto
Halder, Brajajal	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Basantakumar	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dakshineswar	...	1889	Ditto

Haldar, Jogindranath	...	1884 Metropolitan Institution
" Kisorilal	...	1882 Hughli College
" Matilal	...	1870 Presidency College
" Ramchandra	...	1870 Ditto
" Saikari	...	1883 Ditto
" Syamlal	...	1870 Ditto
Hanuman Prasad	...	1874 Canning College
Hati, Banwarilal	...	1882 Presidency College
Hemayat Uddin Ahmad	—	1891 Dacca College
Himmat Ali	...	1886 Ditto
Htoon Chan	...	1888 City College
Hui, Nibaranachandra	...	1892 Metropolitan Institution
Izad Baksh	...	1892 Hughli College
Ized Baksh	...	1879 Presidency College
Jadunandan Prasad	—	1891 Patna College
Jagannath Prasad	...	1884 Ditto
Jagannath Saran	...	1892 Ditto
Jharkhandi Prasad	...	1890 Ditto
Jordar, Mahimchandra	...	1870 Berhampur College
Jugalbihari Makar	...	1889 Ripon College
Kandhji	...	1884 Patna College
Kanjilal, Kailaschandra	—	1877 Krishnagar College
Kar, Girishchandra	...	1874 Presidency College
" Nabinchandra	...	1890 Ripon College
" Umacharan	—	1876 Hughli College
" Premnarayan	...	1887 Metropolitan Institution
Karfarma, Prasannakumar	...	1887 City College
Karmakar Bankubihari	...	1889 Metropolitan Institution
" Hariprasanna	...	1887 Dacca College
Kedarnath Maheshwari	...	1889 Agra College
Kedarnath	...	1889 Patna College
Kennedy, Pringle	...	1885 Presidency College
Khan, Ramdurlabh	...	1870 Ditto
" Ramgopal	...	1874 Krishnagar College
" Saratchandra	...	1892 Ripon College
Khastgir, Dhirendralal	...	1890 Ditto
" Saradacharan	...	1890 Metropolitan Institution
Konar, Rajanikanta	...	1889 Ditto
" Sasibhushan	...	1885 Ditto
Krishnaballabh	...	1892 Patna College
Krishna Gobind Deshpande	...	1891 Muir Central College, Allahabad
Krishna Sahay	...	1891 Ripon College
Kshatriya, Lakshminarayan	—	1880 Presidency College
Kumar, Charuchandra	...	1892 Metropolitan Institution
" Dhirajchandra	...	1890 Ditto
" Nriyagopal	...	1891 Ripon College
" Prankrishna	...	1892 Metropolitan Institution
Kundu, Anandachandra	...	1889 Ripon College
" Bhagabaticharan	...	1886 Metropolitan Institution
" Madhusudan	...	1888 Ditto
" Mukundlal	...	1888 Ditto
" Nandalal	...	1874 Presidency College

Kundu, Ramkumar	...	1882	Presidency College
Laha, Amarchand	...	1882	Dacca College
„ Nagendranath	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Syamlal	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
Lahiri, Asutosh	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Bankimchandra	...	1890	Krishnagar College
„ Chandrakanta	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Gopalgobinda	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Harihar	...	1884	Ditto
„ Jnanendranath	...	1888	City College
„ Jogindranath	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Lalitmohan	...	1885	Patna College
„ Mahendramohan	...	1887	City College
„ Mahendranath	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmohan	...	1889	Ditto
„ Mohinimohan	...	1885	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Rajendralal	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rameschandra	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Srihari	...	1883	Presidency College
Lakshmi Narayan	...	1890	Patna College
Lakshmi Prasad	...	1887	Ditto
Lal Bahadur	...	1887	Ditto
Lal Sing	...	1875	Presidency College
Latfur Rahman	...	1890	Patna College
Lubeck, H.	...	1887	City College
Mahabir Sahay	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
Mahammad Ishfak	...	1888	Ditto
Mahanunda Sahay	...	1890	Ripon College
Mahbubar Rahman	...	1891	Ditto
Mahid-uddin Ahmed	...	1886	City College
Mahmud	...	1890	Ripon College
Mahomad Ainul Huq	...	1886	Patna College
Mahomed Daem	...	1874	Presidency College
Mahomed Wajed	...	1871	Ditto
Maiti, Mahendranath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendranath	...	1886	Ditto
Maitra, Ambikacharan	...	1888	Presidency College
„ Atalbihari	...	1877	Krishnagar College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1885	Rajshahye College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1887	Ripon College
„ Batakrishna	...	1883	Muir Central College
„ Bijaykrishna	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Girindrachandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Hariballabh	...	1874	Katak High School
„ Haridas	...	1892	Patna College
„ Harimohan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Hemantakumar	...	1892	Berhampur College
„ Kasinath	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Kedareswar	...	1876	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1888	City College
„ Krishnanath	—	1889	Metropolitan Institution

Maitra, Mukundamohan	...	1889	Ripon College
" Mathuranath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Purnachandra		1887	Ditto
" Purnachandra		1887	Krishnagar College
" Pyarimohan		1892	City College
" Radhagobinda		1860	Presidency College
" Ramaprasad	..	1889	City College
" Ramlal	..	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Sasicharan	..	1876	Hughli College
" Sureschandra	..	1883	Rajshahye College
" Syamacharan	..	1877	Presidency College
" Syamacharan	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Trailokyanath	..	1889	Ripon College
Majumdar, Akshaykumar	..	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Ambikacharan	..	1878	Presidency College
" Ambikacharan	..	1885	Ditto
" Anandanath	..	1874	Ditto
" Asutosh	..	1892	Rajshahye College
" Banamali	..	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Bhabanikisor	..	1885	Ditto
" Bimalacharan	...	1874	Presidency College
" Binodbihari	..	1889	Ripon College
" Bipinbihari	..	1888	Hughli College
" Chandramohan	..	1873	Presidency College
" Chandrasekhar	..	1891	City College
" Charuchandra	..	1890	Ripon College
" Dakshinacharan	..	1880	Presidency College
" Debendranarayan	..	1890	Ripon College
" Debendranath	..	1883	Metropolitan Institution
" Hridaynath	..	1884	Dacca College
" Hridaynath	..	1885	City College
" Harinath	...	1892	Ripon College
" Indrabhushan	..	1890	Ditto
" Indubhushan	...	1888	Ditto
" Jadunath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Jagatdurlabh	..	1866	Presidency College
" Jogeschandra	..	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Kailaschandra	..	1870	Presidency College
" Kalachand	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Kedarnath	..	1863	Presidency College
" Krishnasundar	..	1885	Dacca College
" Madhabchandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Manmathanath	..	1888	Ditto
" Mahananda	...	1888	Ditto
" Murarilal	...	1886	Ditto
" Nilmadhab	...	1886	Hughli College
" Prasannakumar	..	1890	Ripon College
" Pratapchandra	...	1869	Presidency College
" Ramchandra	..	1885	Ditto
" Ramdurlabh	..	1890	Dacca College
" Rasbihari	..	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Rohinikumar	...	1888	Jagannath College
" Satischandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution

Majumdar, Syamacharan	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Syamaprasanna	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Tarinicharan	...	1891	Ditto
„ Umeschandra	...	1891	City College
„ Upendranarayan	...	1873	Presidency College
Makhan Lal	...	1891	Ripon College
Mallik, Akhilcharan	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Amritakrishna	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Atulcharan	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Balaram	...	1866	Ditto
„ Biharilal	...	1869	Hughli College
„ Debendrachandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jyotindrachandra	...	1888	Hughli College
„ Kesablal	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lalitmadhab	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath	...	1876	Ditto
„ Prasaddas	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Ramcharan	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Srikanta	...	1864	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra	...	1866	Ditto
Mandal, Binodbihari	...	1875	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1889	Patna College
„ Haridas	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Frankrishna	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rameswar	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Ramkrishna	...	1891	City College
Manikji Merwanj Mullna	...	1892	Morris College
Maniruddin Hyder	...	1892	T. N. Jubilee College
Marik, Amritlal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bhabataran	...	1888	Ditto
Masanta, Parbaticharan	...	1873	Presidency College
Matilal, Surendranath	...	1877	Ditto
Maulik, Jogindrachandra	...	1873	Krishnagar College
Mazhar-ul-Anwar	...	1880	Hughli College
Mendies, H.	...	1868	Presidency College
Mirza Bedar Bukht	...	1890	Hughli College
„ Muhammad Ismail	...	1882	Patna College
Misra, Basudeb	...	1889	Ditto
„ Harinarayan	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Ramsahay	...	1885	Patna College
Mitra, Abinaschandra	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Abinaschandra	...	1869	Ditto
„ Abinaschandra	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Achintanath	...	1886	Ditto
„ Adarchandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Adharchandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Aghornath	...	1889	Ditto
„ Akshaykumar	...	1874	Hughli College
„ Akshaykumar	...	1886	Patna College
„ Ambikacharan	...	1879	Hughli College
„ Amritlal	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Amulyachandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Amulyacharan	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution

Mitra, Anandachandra	..	1890	Ravenshaw College
" Annadaprasad	—	1891	City College
" Asutosh	...	1883	Presidency College
" Asutosh	—	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Bankimchandra	...	1882	Presidency College
" Baradakanta	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Basambad	..	1888	Morris College
" Benimadhab	...	1865	Presidency College
" Bhagabatcharan	...	1883	Ditto
" Bhubanmohan	...	1873	Ditto
" Biharilal	...	1877	Ditto
" Bijaykesab	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Binodbihari	...	1870	Presidency College
" Binodbihari	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Bipinbihari	...	1873	Presidency College
" Bipinbihari	..	1887	Hughli College
" Biswambhar	...	1874	Presidency College
" Birajacharan	...	1883	Ditto
" Chandicharan	...	1891	City College
" Charuchandra	...	1877	Presidency College
" Charuchandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Charuchandra	...	1891	Ripon College
" Dakshinaranjan	...	1888	City College
" Debendranath	...	1877	Presidency College
" Debendranath	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
" Debendranath	...	1890	Ripon College
" Dwarkanath	...	1867	Presidency College
" Girindranath	...	1880	Ditto
" Girischandra	...	1867	Ditto
" Gobindachandra	...	1876	Patna College
" Gopalchandra	...	1892	Ripon College
" Gopallal	...	1879	Presidency College
" Gopendrachandra	...	1882	Hughli College
" Harakumar	...	1890	Ripon College
" Haranchandra	...	1888	Patna College
" Harendranarayan	...	1888	Ripon College
" Haricharan	...	1874	Presidency College
" Haridas	...	1890	Ripon College
" Hemchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Hemchandra	...	1884	City College
" Hemchandra	...	1888	Patna College
" Hemendranath	...	1887	City College
" Hiralal	...	1874	Presidency College
" Indubhushan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Jadunath	...	1869	Presidency College
" Jatindralal	...	1891	Ripon College
" Jogindranath	...	1875	Presidency College
" Jogindranath	...	1890	Ripon College
" Jogindranath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Jogeschandra	...	1870	Berhampur College
" Jyotischandra (II.)	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Kalicharan	...	1890	City College
" Kaliprasanna	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution

Mitra, Kaliprasanna	...	1890	Dacca College
„ Kartikchandra	.	1874	Presidency College
„ Kiranlal	..	1892	Ripon College
„ Kunjabihari	.	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lalbihari	.	1883	Hughli College
„ Lalitkisor	.	1887	Ripon College
„ Lalitmohan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Madanmohan	.	1874	Presidency College
„ Mahendrachandra	...	1871	Hughli College
„ Mahendralal	.	1861	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath	.	1867	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1870	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	.	1875	Ditto
„ Manmathanath	.	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmohan	.	1876	Presidency College
„ Mohanchand	..	1878	Ditto
„ Nalinkrishna	.	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath	..	1887	Ditto
„ Nagendranath	.	1888	Ripon College
„ Nagendranath	.	1890	Ditto
„ Nagendranath	..	1890	Ditto
„ Nalininath	.	1873	Hughli College
„ Narasinchandra	.	1874	Presidency College
„ Narendrachandra	..	1882	Ditto
„ Narendranath	.	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nareschandra	.	1891	Ditto
„ Nanikumar	.	1891	Ditto
„ Nirmalchandra	.	1890	Ditto
„ Nrityagopal	.	1890	City College
„ Prabodhchandra	.	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prasannakumar	.	1880	Krishnagar College
„ Purnachandra	.	1886	Presidency College
„ Purnachandra	.	1873	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	.	1876	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	.	1880	Ditto
„ Radhikacharan	.	1870	Ditto
„ Rajaninath	.	1871	Hughli College
„ Ramcharan	.	1869	Presidency College
„ Ramendralala	.	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rameschandra	.	1861	Presidency College
„ Rameschandra	.	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Rasiklal	.	1890	Ditto
„ Sarbananda	.	1889	Ditto
„ Saradacharan	.	1873	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra	.	1884	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	.	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Saratchandra	..	1879	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	.	1886	Presidency College
„ Saratchandra	.	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Satischandra	.	1891	Ditto
„ Satischandra	.	1892	Ripon College
„ Sorashicharan	.	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Srischandra	..	1888	Ditto

Mitra, Surendranath	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Sureschandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sureschandra	...	1892	City College
„ Tarabilas	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Trailokyanath	...	1864	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra	...	1871	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Upendragopal	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendranath	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Upendranath	...	1870	Ditto
„ Upendranath	...	1886	City College
M. Manzar	...	1891	Ditto
Muhammad Azizul Haq	...	1891	Hughli College
„ Habibullah	...	1891	City College
„ Mustafa Khan	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Tahir	...	1892	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Adharchandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Adyanath	...	1874	Hughli College
„ Aghornath	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Akhilchandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Amarchandra	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Ambikacharan	...	1877	Ditto
„ Amritlal	...	1888	City College
„ Amritasekhar	...	1891	Berhampur College
„ Aparaprasad	...	1887	Ripon College
„ Asutosh	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1882	Hughli College
„ Asutosh	...	1888	City College
„ Asutosh	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Aswinikumar	...	1892	Patna College
„ Abinaschandra	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Bagalananda	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Bamacharan	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bamapada	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Becharam	...	1869	Ditto
„ Bhabacharan	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bhagabanchandra...	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Bholanath	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Bhuhanmohan	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bhupatinath	...	1889	Hughli College
„ Bhushanchandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Bhutnath	...	1891	Ditto
„ Bidhubhushan	...	1875	Canning College
„ Bidhubhushan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Biharilal	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Biharilal	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Biharilal	...	1887	Ditto
„ Biharilal	...	1887	Dacca College
„ Binodbihari	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1872	Krishnagar College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bipradas	...	1869	Krishnagar College

Mukhopadhyay, Birajchandra	—	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bishnucharan	—	1887	Ditto
„ Biswanath	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Bisweswar	...	1886	City College
„ Brajagopal	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Chandrakumar	...	1887	Hughli College
„ Chandrasekhar	...	1881	Presidency College
„ Chandrasekhar	...	1882	Ditto
„ Charuchandra	—	1883	Patna College
„ Charuchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Debendrachandra	...	1890	City College
„ Durgadas	...	1871	Hughli College
„ Durgadas	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gangacharan	...	1888	Hughli College
„ Gangaprasad	...	1890	Ditto
„ Girijabhushan	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Girindranath	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Girischandra	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Girischandra	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Gobindachandra	...	1888	City College
„ Gobindadeb	—	1874	Hughli College
„ Gopalchandra	—	1869	Presidency College
„ Gopalchandra	—	1872	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gopallal	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Gopimohan	...	1870	Ditto
„ Hanseswar	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Haragobinda	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Harabilas	—	1875	Ditto
„ Haranchandra	...	1879	Ditto
„ Harendranath	...	1877	Ditto
„ Haridas	...	1875	Ditto
„ Harilal	...	1879	Ditto
„ Haripada	...	1888	City College
„ Haripada	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Hariprasanna	...	1872	Krishnagar College
„ Hariprasanna	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Harischandra	...	1883	Rajshahye College
„ Hemchandra	—	1880	Krishnagar College
„ Hemchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Hiralal	...	1888	Ditto
„ Indrachandra	...	1889	Hughli College
„ Jadunath	...	1861	Presidency College
„ Jaineswar	...	1864	Ditto
„ Janakinath	...	1867	Ditto
„ Jaygopal	...	1874	Ditto
„ Jayhari	...	1886	Krishnagar College
„ Jnanendrachandra	...	1888	City College
„ Jnanendranath	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jageschandra	...	1888	City College
„ Jogindrachandra	—	1878	Presidency College
„ Jogindrachandra	...	1881	Ditto
„ Jogindrachandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution

Mukhopadhyay,	Jogindranath	...	1877	Patna College
"	Jogindranath	...	1877	Presidency College
"	Jogindranath	...	1874	Ditto
"	Jogindranath	...	1881	Ditto
"	Jogindranath	...	1886	City College
"	Jogindranath	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
"	Jogindranath	...	1891	Agra College
"	Kailaschandra	...	1864	City College
"	Kalidas	...	1888	Hughli College
"	Kalidhan	...	1878	City College
"	Kalikananda	...	1888	Ripon College
"	Kalinath	...	1873	Krishnagar College
"	Kalipada	...	1874	Presidency College
"	Kaliprasanna	...	1864	Ditto
"	Kaliprasanna	...	1882	Patna College
"	Kaliprasanna	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
"	Kaminikumar	...	1887	City College
"	Kanailal	...	1867	Presidency College
"	Kanailal	...	1874	Ditto
"	Kantichandra	...	1876	Ditto
"	Kantichandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
"	Kapaliprasanna	...	1869	Presidency College
"	Karunasindhu	...	1879	Ditto
"	Kedarnath	...	1891	Patna College
"	Kedareswar	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
"	Krishnadhan	...	1882	Hughli College
"	Krishnamohan	...	1863	Presidency College
"	Kshetramohan	...	1873	Ditto
"	Kshetrachandra	...	1890	City College
"	Kshetraprasad	...	1864	Presidency College
"	Kshitibhushan	...	1888	City College
"	Kumudbandhu	...	1890	Dacca College
"	Kumudinikanta	...	1877	Presidency College
"	Lalmohan	...	1888	City College
"	Mahendranath	...	1874	Presidency College
"	Mahendranath	...	1890	City College
"	Mahendranath	...	1892	Ditto
"	Manmatharath	...	1876	Presidency College
"	Manmathanath	...	1889	Hughli College
"	Natilal	...	1890	Ripon College
"	Nabinkrishna	...	1862	Presidency College
"	Nabinkrishna	...	1868	Ditto
"	Nagendranath	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
"	Nagendranath	...	1889	City College
"	Nagendranath	...	1890	Ditto
"	Nagendranath	...	1891	Ripon College
"	Nalinikanta	...	1892	Ditto
"	Narendranath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
"	Nibaranchandra	...	1871	Presidency College
"	Nilalobit	...	1880	Krishnagar College
"	Nilambar	...	1866	Presidency College
"	Nilkantha	...	1888	Ripon College
"	Nilmani	...	1869	Ditto

Mukhopadhyay, Nilmani	...	1891	City College
" Nrisinhachandra	...	1869	Presidency College
" Nityalal	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
" Paradakinkar	...	1892	Ditto
" Phanibhushan	...	1883	Krishnagar College
" Pramadanath	...	1874	Hughli College
" Pramathanath	...	1891	City College
" Prasannakamar	...	1889	Patna College
" Priyanath	...	1873	Presidency College
" Purnachandra	...	1882	Muir Central College
" Pyarilal	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Pyarimohan	...	1864	Presidency College
" Rajkrisbna	...	1868	Ditto
" Rajmohan	...	1865	Ditto
" Rajnarayan	...	1879	Ditto
" Rajanikanta	...	1877	Ditto
" Rakhachandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Rakhaldas	...	1889	Hughli College
" Ramaprasad	...	1889	Ripon College
" Ramchandra	...	1875	Presidency College
" Ramchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Ramdhan	...	1873	Presidency College
" Ramjiban	...	1892	Ripon College
" Ramlal	...	1865	Presidency College
" Ramprasanna	...	1882	Ditto
" Rasbihari	...	1891	Dacca College
" Santoshnath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Saradacharan	...	1891	City College
" Saradaprasad	...	1883	Patna College
" Saradaprasad	...	1890	Ripon College
" Saratchandra	...	1874	Patna College
" Saratchandra	...	1879	Presidency College
" Saratchandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Saratchandra	...	1888	Benares College
" Saratchandra	...	1889	Ripon College
" Saratchandra	...	1889	City College
" Saratchandra	...	1890	Ripon College
" Saratchandra	...	1891	Ravenshaw College
" Sasibhushan	...	1864	Presidency College
" Sasibhushan	...	1873	Ditto
" Sasibhushan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Sasibhushan	...	1886	Ditto
" Sasibhushan	...	1888	City College
" Satischandra	...	1890	Ditto
" Satischandra	...	1890	Ripon College
" Satischandra (I)	...	1892	Ditto
" Satyachandra	...	1890	Agra College
" Satyacharan	...	1889	Ripon College
" Sitanath	...	1861	Presidency College
" Srihari	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Sriharsha	...	1890	Ripon College
" Srikrishna	...	1871	Presidency College
" Srischandra	...	1879	Ditto

Mukhopadhyay, Srischandra	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Surendranath	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Sureschandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Susilendra	...	1888	Agra College
„ Tarapasanna	...	1861	Presidency College
„ Tarapasanna	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tejchandra	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Thakurdas	...	1884	Ditto
„ Tinkari	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tulsidas	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Umakali	...	1872	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Upendrachandra	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Upendrachandra	...	1886	City College
„ Upendranath	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Upendranath	...	1883	Ditto
„ Upendranath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
Munsi, Gurunath	...	1885	Rajshahye College
Mustaphi, Chandragati	...	1877	Presidency College
Nag, Abhayacharan	...	1882	Ditto
„ Bamacharan	...	1876	Ditto
„ Baradacharan	...	1875	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Haradhan	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Jagadbandhu	...	1873	Dacca College
„ Kunjabihari	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath	...	1873	Ditto
„ Nabinchandra	...	1887	City College
„ Rebatikanta	...	1882	Dacca College
„ Sambhuchandra	...	1868	Ditto
„ Sibchandra	...	1876	Ditto
„ Syamakanta	...	1880	Ditto
Nagwant Sahay	...	1879	Patna College
Naha, Anangamohan	...	1875	Dacca College
Namasivaya, V.	...	1883	Presidency College
Nandakisor Lal	...	1889	Ripon College
Nandan, Hemchandra	...	1869	Presidency College
Nandi, Abinaschandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Jagatchandra	...	1892	Dacca College
„ Prakaschandra	...	1889	Ditto
„ Rajaninath	...	1890	City College
„ Ramanath	...	1862	Presidency College
„ Ramchandra	...	1873	Ditto
Nand Kisor Lal	...	1891	Patna College
Narayanprasad	...	1877	Ditto
Narayan Sibpratab	...	1873	Ditto
Nath, Harihar	...	1873	Ditto
Niyogi, Basantakumar	...	1875	Ditto
„ Gatikrishna	...	1886	Ditto
„ Hemkumar	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Jogindrakumar	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Manmohan	...	1888	Ditto
„ Saradaprasad	...	1875	Patna College

Niyogi, Saratchandra	...	1891	City College
„ Sasikumar	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Trailokyamohan	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Udaychandra	...	1891	Ripon College
Nizamuddin Hasan	...	1881	Canning College
Nownidh Lal	...	1888	Patna College
Obeydal-Rahman	...	1869	Berhampur College
Ohdedar, Narendranath	...	1885	Presidency College
Pain, Amritalal	...	1875	Ditto
„ Chandrakanta	...	1872	Krishnagar College
„ Nandadulal	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Priyalal	...	1883	Ditto
Pal, Abhaycharan	...	1876	Ditto
„ Amritalal	...	1868	Ditto
„ Amritalal	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Annadaprasad	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Apurbakrishna	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Baikuntanath	...	1862	Ditto
„ Biharilal	...	1876	Ditto
„ Debendranath	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Girischandra	...	1888	Hughli College
„ Janakinath	...	1888	Dacca College
„ Kartikchandra	...	1869	Hughli College
„ Nanigopal	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Prabhaschandra	...	1889	Patna College
„ Niradbaran	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Sarbeswar	...	1890	Ditto
„ Saradaprasanna	...	1890	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Srinath	...	1869	Hughli College
„ Srinath	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Syamacharan	...	1883	Ditto
„ Tulsicharan	...	1882	Ditto
Palit, Amritalal	...	1886	City College
„ Baikunthanath	...	1887	Ripon College
„ Banabihari	...	1890	Ravenshaw College
„ Debendranath	...	1885	Hughli College
„ Harinath	...	1883	Ditto
„ Kalicharan	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Priyanath	...	1882	Presidency College
„ Purnachandra	...	1890	Ravenshaw College
„ Sibchandra	...	1887	City College
„ Taraknath	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Umeschandra	...	1880	Ditto
Pande, Jaya Prasad	...	1885	Patna College
Pandit, Jwalanath	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Prannath	...	1876	Ditto
„ Surjnarayan	...	1877	Canning College
Pathak Ramratan	...	1870	Berhampur College
Pati, Radhanath	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
Pattadar, Gurugobinda	...	1885	Hughli College
Percival, J. R.	...	1890	Ripon College
Pramanik, Jasadanandan	...	1873	Krishnagar College

Pramanik, Rameswar	...	1883	Canning College
Prayagnath	...	1876	Patna College
Raghunath Ramchandra Buldeva	...	1892	Morris College
Raghunath Sahay	..	1888	Patna College
Raghunandan Prasad	...	1881	Presidency College
Rai, Debiprasad	...	1891	Morris College
Raha, Basantakumar	...	1891	Ripon College
Ramchandra Balkrishna Wewaharey	...	1892	Morris College
Ramjiwan Lal	...	1891	Patna College
Ram Prasad	...	1885	Ditto
Ram Sahay	..	1886	Ditto
Ray, Amritlal	...	1875	Presidency College
„ Amulyanath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Asutosh	...	1888	Ditto
„ Asutosh	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Baikunthanath	...	1887	Ditto
„ Bamacharan	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Bamacharan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baradakanta	..	1892	Ripon College
„ Baradaprasad	..	1887	City College
„ Baranasi	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Basantakumar	...	1889	Jagannath College
„ Benibhushan	..	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Benimadhab	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Benimadhab	..	1877	Ditto
„ Bhabanath	...	1886	City College
„ Bijaykrishna	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Biswambhar	..	1883	Krishnagar College
„ Brajendrachandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Brajendranath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Chandrakumar	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Chundrakumar	...	1873	Berhampur College
„ Chandrasekhar	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Chandranarayan	..	1882	Krishnagar College
„ Debendranath	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Dewanchandra	..	1892	Hughli College
„ Dhaneschandra	...	1868	Patna College
„ Dineschandra	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Dolgobinda	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Durgakanta	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Durgasundar	...	1874	Dacca College
„ Girijaprasanna	...	1888	City College
„ Girindralal	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Girischandra	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Girischandra	...	1881	Ditto
„ Gobindachandra	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gurupada	...	1890	Ditto
„ Harendralal	...	1888	Ditto
„ Harendranarayan	...	1875	Dacca College
„ Harikrishna	...	1890	City College
„ Harinarayan	..	1865	Presidency College
„ Harinath	..	1889	Ripon College
„ Harinath	..	1877	Presidency College

Ray, Harinath	...	1883	Patna College
„ Hemchandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Hemendranath	...	1886	Ditto
„ Indranarayan	...	1881	Krishnagar College
„ Jagadisachandra	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Jadunath	...	1890	Ditto
„ Jajneswar	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jnanadakisora	...	1891	Dacca College
„ Jnanendralal	...	1878	Krishnagar College
„ Jageschandra	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Kalikumar	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Kalimohan	...	1882	Patna College
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Kedarnath	...	1877	Dacca College
„ Kedarnath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kesabchandra	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Kisorimohan	...	1869	Ditto
„ Krishnanath	...	1868	Hughli College
„ Kshetraprasad	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kuladakinkar	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Kuladananda	...	1887	Hughli College
„ Kumudinikanta	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Kunjamohan	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
„ Lalitmohan	...	1889	Ditto
„ Madhusudan	...	1890	Rajshahye College
„ Mahendralal	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Mahendranath	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Mahendranath	...	1875	Patna College
„ Mahendranath	...	1885	City College
„ Maheschandra	...	1886	Rajshahye College
„ Manindrachandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Mukundanath	...	1880	Presidency College
„ Nabadwipchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Nagendrakumar	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nagendranath	...	1870	Berhampur College
„ Nagendranath	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Nabinchandra	...	1877	Berhampur College
„ Nikhilnath	...	1891	Krishnagar College
„ Nikunjabihari	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
„ Nilmadhab	...	1870	Patna College
„ Nripendrachandra	...	1889	Dacca College
„ Pramadakisor	...	1889	Ditto
„ Prasannachandra	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Prasannagopal	...	1877	Ditto
„ Prasannagopal	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Prasannakumar	...	1868	Presidency College
„ Prasannakumar	...	1881	Ditto
„ Prasannakumar	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Prasannanath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Purnachandra	...	1873	Krishnagar College
„ Pyarilal	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Radhaballabh	...	1887	Rajshahye College
„ Radhaballabh	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution

Ray, Rajchandra	...	1869	Presidency College
" Rajendranarayan	..	1892	Ripon College
" Rajendranath	...	1881	Canning College
" Rajendranath	..	1889	Ripon College
" Ramchandra	...	1889	Rajshahye College
" Rangalal	...	1885	Presidency College
" Sailendrabandhu	...	1881	Hughli College
" Sambhunath	...	1889	Ripon College
" Santoshkumar	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Saradaprasad	...	1891	Ripon College
" Saradaprasanna	...	1874	Presidency College
" Saratchandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Saratchandra	...	1887	City College
" Saratchandra	..	1888	Ripon College
" Sasadhar	...	1881	Krishnagar College
" Sasibhushan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Sasikanta	...	1888	Ditto
" Satischandra	...	1877	Presidency College
" Satischandra	...	1883	Ditto
" Satischandra	..	1889	City College
" Sitanath	...	1880	Presidency College
" Srinath	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
" Sudhansubhushan	...	1870	Presidency College
" Surendranath	...	1883	Ditto
" Surendranath	..	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Sureschandra	...	1891	Ditto
" Syamchand	...	1871	Krishnagar College
" Syamacharan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Syamacharan	...	1890	Ditto
" Tarakchandra	...	1887	Ditto
" Taranimohan	...	1888	Rajshahye College
" Tariniprasad	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Trailokyanath	...	1891	City College
" Ugrakanta	...	1882	Presidency College
" Umagati	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Umeschandra	...	1887	City College
" Upendranath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
Raychaudhuri, Akshaykumar	...	1890	Ripon College
" Amareschandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Asutosh	...	1883	Ditto
" Debendrakumar	...	1873	Presidency College
" Jadabkrishna	...	1890	Ditto
" Jadunath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Kalidas	...	1890	Ripon College
" Kshetramohan	...	1868	Presidency College
" Matilal	...	1869	Ditt
" Parbaticharan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Paresnath	...	1892	City College
" Paresnath	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
" Purnachandra	...	1892	Ripon College
" Saratchandra	...	1891	City College
" Sibkrishna	...	1889	Ditto
" Srischandra	...	1887	Ditto

Raychaudhuri, Tejendranath	...	1890	Ripon College
Raymaulik, Binodbihari	...	1892	Vict. Col., Cooch-Behar
Reaz-uddin Ahmad	...	1887	City College
Rudra, Rajanikanta	...	1892	Ripon College
Saha, Gangadas	...	1890	City College
" Gopalchandra	...	1874	Presidency College
" Jogindralal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Ganeschandra	...	1891	Ditto
" Kedarnath	...	1888	Ditto
" Nibaranchandra	...	1890	Ditto
" Ramlal	...	1884	Patna College
Sahay, Jadunath	...	1873	Presidency College
" Jagannath	...	1883	Patna College
" Nilkantha	...	1885	Presidency College
" Raghubansa	...	1870	Ditto
Sailaja Prasad	...	1890	Patna College
Samanta, Kalitaran	...	1885	Presidency College
" Manohar	...	1891	Ripon College
" Nilmadhab	...	1868	Presidency College
" Sasibhushan	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
Samiruldin Ahmad	...	1888	City College
Sandel, M. L.	...	1867	Presidency College
Sanyal, Baidyanath	...	1891	Dacca College
" Banichandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Bhubanmohan	...	1873	Presidency College
" Chandramay	...	1891	City College
" Dasarathi	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Harischandra	...	1874	Presidency College
" Hemchandra	...	1890	Ripon College
" Jogindranath	...	1874	Presidency College
" Krishnagopal	...	1877	Muir Central College
" Mahendranath	...	1874	Hughli College
" Mathuranath	...	1888	Presidency College
" Nagendranath	...	1886	Ripon College
" Radhikaprasad	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Rajanikanta	...	1890	City College
" Ramchandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Ramlal	...	1871	Presidency College
" Saratchandra	...	1884	Metropolitan Institution
" Saratchandra	...	1890	Ditto
Sarkar, Abhaychandra	...	1892	Ditto
" Adharchandra	...	1886	Ditto
" Akshaychandra	...	1868	Presidency College
" Annadaprasad	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Asutosh	...	1882	Dacca College
" Asutosh	...	1891	Ripon College
" Baradakanta	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Becharam	...	1888	Ripon College
" Basantakumar	...	1888	Ditto
" Bhabataran	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
" Chandrasekhar	...	1879	Presidency College
" Charuchandra	...	1883	Ditto
" Dinanath	...	1873	Krishnagar College

Sarkar, Gobindapada	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Gopalchandra	...	1873	Presidency College
" Hemchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Jaganmohan	...	1881	Dacca College
" Jagatnarayan	...	1881	Patna College
" Jogindranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Kailaschandra	...	1888	City College
" Kalikumar	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Kalipada	...	1888	Ditto
" Kedarnath	...	1872	Presidency College
" Kisorilal	...	1869	Ditto
" Krishnachandra	...	1868	Berhampur College
" Kumadnath	...	1891	Ripon College
" Manmathanath	...	1892	Ditto
" Makundasundar	...	1889	Rajshahye College
" Manindranath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Matilal	...	1865	Presidency College
" Nandalal	...	1882	Ditto
" Nandalal	...	1891	Ripon College
" Narendranath	...	1880	Presidency College
" Nityagopal	...	1876	Ditto
" Pareschandra	...	1867	Ditto
" Paresnath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Purnachandra	...	1888	Ripon College
" Purnachandra	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
" Rajanikanta	...	1888	Ditto
" Rajanikanta	...	1890	Rajshahye College
" Ramchandra	...	1883	Dacca College
" Ramnarayan	...	1880	Patna College
" Sasibhushan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Siddheswar	...	1878	Presidency College
" Surendranath	...	1873	Ditto
" Umeschandra	...	1862	Ditto
Sarkhel, Harakumar	...	1892	City College
" Haricharan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
Sarbadhikari, Amritakumar	...	1874	Presidency College
" Debaprasad	...	1884	Ditto
" Jyotiprasad	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Krishnaprasad	...	1889	Ripon College
" Rajkumar	...	1873	Canning College
Sarma, Nabinchandra	...	1878	Presidency College
" Sibaram	...	1889	City College
Sayyed Khyrat Ahmed	...	1879	Patna College
Sen, Adharnath	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
" Adityachandra	...	1876	Patna College
" Akhilchandra	...	1868	Presidency College
" Akshaykumar	...	1873	Hughli College
" Akshaykumar	...	1888	City College
" Akshaykumar	...	1892	Dacca College
" Ambikacharan	...	1876	Presidency College
" Ambikacharan	...	1888	Jagannath College
" Anantakumar	...	1891	City College
" Annadacharan	...	1882	Presidency College

Sen, Annadacharan	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
„ Annadakumar	...	1885	Dacca College
„ Ambikaprasad	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Asutosh	...	1876	Presidency College
„ Asutosh	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baikunthanath	...	1864	Presidency College
„ Bankimchandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Baradagobinda	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Basartakumar	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
„ Batakrishna	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Bhaminiranjana	...	1888	City College
„ Bhupendranath	...	1889	Ripon College
„ Bhupalchandra	...	1889	Ditto
„ Binodbihari	...	1884	Presidency College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1874	Krishnagar College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1885	Dacca College
„ Bipinbihari	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Bipinchandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Bishnupada	...	1891	Ditto
„ Chandrakanta	...	1883	Presidency College
„ Chandramohan	...	1868	Dacca College
„ Dakshinacharan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
„ Dakshinaranja	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Debendramohan	...	1884	Ditto
„ Dinanath	...	1873	Gauhati High School
„ Dinanath	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Dinabandhu	...	1869	Dacca College
„ Durgacharan	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Ekkari	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Gaurballabh	...	1879	Presidency College
„ Girischandra	...	1875	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Girischandra	...	1892	Ripon College
„ Guruprasad	...	1865	Presidency College
„ Haricharan	...	1873	Ditto
„ Hemendranath	...	1888	Ripon College
„ Jadabchandra	...	1882	Dacca College
„ Jajneswar	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Jatramohan	...	1876	Ditto
„ Jogindrakumar	...	1891	Ripon College
„ Jogindranath	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Jogindranath	...	1889	City College
„ Jyotindrachandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kailaschandra	...	1883	Ditto
„ Kalicharan	...	1886	Ditto
„ Kalikumar	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Kalimohan	...	1881	Dacca College
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1890	Ripon College
„ Kamalakanta	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Kamalakanta	...	1869	Ditto
„ Kaminikamal	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kanailal	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Kasikanta	...	1869	Ditto

Sen, Kasiswar	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Kedarnath	...	1880	Presidency College
" Kshetramohan	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Kisorilal	...	1881	Hughli College
" Lalgopal	...	1873	Krishnagar College
" Lalitchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Lalitkumar	...	1888	Ripon College
" Lalitmohan	...	1890	City College
" Mahendrachandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Mahendrakumar (II.)	...	1892	Dacca College
" Mathuranath	...	1888	Ripon College
" Mohinimohan	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Nagendrachandra	...	1890	Ditto
" Nagendiachandra	...	1891	Ripon College
" Nalininath	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Narayanchandra	...	1886	Ditto
" Narendranath	...	1882	Presidency College
" Nityagopal	...	1889	City College
" Pramathanath	...	1888	Ripon College
" Pranhari	...	1890	City College
" Prasannakumar	...	1870	Presidency College
" Radhakrishna	...	1866	Ditto
" Radhanath	...	1877	Ditto
" Radhikamohan	...	1891	Berhampur College
" Rajanikanta	...	1891	City College
" Rajkrishna	...	1867	Presidency College
" Rameschandra	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
" Rameschandra	...	1887	Ditto
" Rameschandra	...	1891	Ditto
" Ramlal	...	1885	Presidency College
" Ratneswar	...	1874	Ditto
" Rebatimohan	...	1889	Dacca College
" Saradacharan	...	1890	Ripon College
" Saradaprasad	...	1870	Presidency College
" Saradaprasad	...	1884	Dacca College
" Saratchandra	...	1883	Ditto
" Saratchandra	...	1888	Ripon College
" Saratchandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Saratchandra	...	1890	Ditto
" Sasibhushan	...	1866	Presidency College
" Sasibhushan	...	1882	Ditto
" Sasibhushan	...	1883	Hughli College
" Sasikumar	...	1890	Jagannath College
" Satischandra	...	1886	Metropolitan Institution
" Satischandra	...	1890	Ripon College
" Satischandra	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Satiskamal	...	1886	Ditto
" Satyakinkar	...	1870	Presidency College
" Srikanta	...	1881	Ditto
" Srinath	...	1882	Ditto
" Srischandra	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
" Surendrachandra	...	1888	Ditto
" Syamlal	...	1887	Ditto

Sen, Taracharan	...	1874	Metropolitan Institution
" Taraprasad	...	1889	Ripon College
" Taraprasanna	...	1879	Metropolitan Institution
" Taraprasanna	...	1888	Dacca College
" Tarinikrishna	...	1889	City College
" Umacharan	...	1891	Dacca College
" Umeschandra	...	1877	Ditto
" Umeschandra	...	1888	Ripon College
" Upendranath	...	1890	Canning College
Sengupta, Ambikaprasad	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Girischandra	...	1889	Dacca College
" Kalidas	...	1878	Presidency College
" Krishnakumar	...	1892	City College
Set, Girischandra	...	1876	Presidency College
" Manilal	...	1879	Ditto
" Rajendranath	...	1871	Ditto
Shaikh Mahomed Abdul Majid	...	1892	Patna College
Shams-ul-Huda	...	1886	City College
Shivanath Singh	...	1890	Patna College
Sibsanlal	...	1877	Ditto
Sikdar, Kisorimohan	...	1881	Krishnagar College
Sil, Aghornath	...	1886	City College
" Brajendrakumar	...	1863	Presidency College
" Gobindachandra	...	1865	Ditto
" Jadabchandra	...	1868	Ditto
" Jogindranath	...	1889	City College
" Kanailal	...	1880	Presidency College
" Mahendralal	...	1863	Ditto
" Makhanlal	...	1886	Hughli College
" Ramhriday	...	1890	Ripon College
Simlai, Syamacharan	...	1888	Dacca College
Singh, Bankubihari	...	1889	City College
" Brajanandan	...	1881	Patna College
" Budhsen	...	1868	Presidency College
" Saligram	...	1877	Ditto
Sinha, Atalbihari	...	1887	City College
" Baikunthanath	...	1891	Ditto
" Basanticharan	...	1888	Ditto
" Bidyaprasad	...	1890	Patna College
" Biswanath	...	1891	Ravenshaw College
" Brajeschandra	...	1883	Presidency College
" Gopalchandra	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Jaygopal	...	1868	Presidency College
" Jageschandra	...	1887	Metropolitan Institution
" Jageswarprasad	...	1890	Patna College
" Jogindranath	...	1890	Metropolitan Institution
" Kshetralal	...	1885	Ditto
" Lakshminarayan	...	1892	City College
" Madhusudan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
" Mathuranath	...	1890	Ditto
" Matilal	...	1874	Presidency College
" Nikunjabihari	...	1877	Ditto
" Nirmalchandra	...	1882	Ditto

Sinha, Prabhachandra	... 1885	Presidency College
„ Pramathakrishna	... 1879	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	... 1889	Metropolitan Institution
„ Purnendunarayan	... 1882	Patna College
„ Rajkrishna	... 1889	Ripon College
„ Ramaprasanna	... 1870	Presidency College
„ Ramlal	... 1888	Patna College
„ Ramcharan	... 1885	Presidency College
„ Satischandra	... 1888	City College
„ Srimohan	... 1891	Ditto
„ Surendranath	... 1889	Ripon College
„ Syamlal	... 1888	Patna College
„ Suryyanarayan	... 1871	Presidency College
Sitalprasad	... 1880	Patna College
Sivanandan Lal	... 1891	Ditto
Siva Prasad	... 1891	Ditto
Soolh Narayan	... 1892	Ditto
Som, Baikunthanath	... 1889	City College
„ Baradaprasanna	... 1877	Presidency College
„ Brajabihari	... 1869	Ditto
„ Debendralal	... 1868	Hughli College
„ Gopalchandra	... 1890	Ditto
„ Jaygobinda	... 1871	Presidency College
„ Murarilal	... 1877	Hughli College
„ Trailokyanath	... 1883	Ditto
Srimani, Jogindranath	... 1886	Metropolitan Institution
Sriram	... 1877	Canning College
Sukheswar Prasad	... 1891	Patna College
Sukul, Hiralal	... 1891	Morris College, Nagpur
Sur, Akshaykumar	... 1883	Presidency College
„ Harimohan	... 1877	Ditto
„ Hemchandra	... 1876	Ditto
Suraj-ul-Islam	... 1873	Dacca College
Suryyaprasad	... 1888	Patna College
Syam, Saradachandra	... 1886	Ripon College
Syed Ahmad Hassain	... 1886	Patna College
„ Ali Belgrami	... 1891	Ditto
„ Ali Hassan	... 1892	T. N. Jubilee College
„ Ghalib Hasnain	... 1891	Patna College
„ Ghani Hyder	... 1891	Ditto
„ Gholam Darwash	... 1892	Ditto
„ Mahammad Yusuf Ali	... 1886	City College
„ Mazhar Iman	... 1875	Presidency College
„ Nazir Hussain	... 1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Wahiduddin Ahmad	... 1889	Ripon College
„ Wazir Hassan	... 1886	Patna College
Takrimuddin Ahmad	... 1883	Presidency College
Talapatra, Ramjadab	... 1874	Berhampur College
Talukdar, Baradachandra	... 1887	Rajshahye College
„ Harendrachandra	... 1888	Metropolitan Institution
Tapeswari Prasad	... 1886	Patna College
Tarafdar, Rakhaldas	... 1889	Metropolitan Institution
Taslimuddin Ahmad	... 1882	Presidency College

Tewari, Chandrasekhar	...	1881	Hughli College
„ Srischandra	...	1892	Metropolitan Institution
Thakur Dayal	...	1888	Patna College
„ Harikinkar	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Kashinath Kesab	...	1884	Muir Central College
„ Narendranath	...	1891	Metropolitan Institution
„ Prasad	...	1889	Patna College
„ Prasad S. Varma	...	1892	Morris College Nagpur
„ Radhakrishna	...	1892	Berhampur College
„ Rajendranath	...	1889	Metropolitan Institution
Twidale, G.	...	1874	Presidency College
Ukil, Syamacharan	...	1888	Metropolitan Institution
„ Tarakchandra	...	1892	Dacca College
Wajid, Hossain	...	1885	Patna College
Waliur Rahman	...	1890	Dacca College
Wasudeo Ramchandra Dhobley	...	1891	Morris College, Nagpur
Yaquinuddin Ahmed	...	1886	City College
Yewar, Hussain Khan	...	1888	Ripon College
Younan, E.	...	1870	Presidency College
„ John	...	1870	Ditto
Yusuf Muhammad	...	1868	Patna College
Zahhadur Rahimzahid	...	1890	Ripon College
Zahural Haq	...	1890	Dacca College

1893.

FIRST DIVISION.

Datta, Hirendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution
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SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

1	Mandal, Jadunath	...	Presidency College
2	Mukhopadhyay, Nandalal	...	Ripon College
3	Mitra, Binodchandra	...	Ditto
4	Chattopadhyay, Bijaygopal	...	Ditto
5	Ray, Kumudnath	...	Metropolitan Institution
6	Pal, Chandranath	...	Dacca College
7	Ghosh, Umeschandra	...	Patna College
8	Chakrabarti, Mahimchandra	...	City College
9	S. E. Carim	...	Patna College
10	De, Pannalal	...	Ripon College
11	Chattopadhyay, Narendra-krishna	...	Ditto
12	Sen, Banamali	...	City College
13	{ Mukhopadhyay, Bipradas	...	Metropolitan Institution
	{ Mitra, Jugalkisor	...	Ripon College
15	Kuldip Sahay	...	Patna College

16	{ Basu, Atalbihari	...	City College
	{ De, Gobindachandra	...	Ditto
18	Bandyopadhyay, Bhubaneswar	...	Ditto
19	Sahabuddin Khan	...	Ripon College
20	Bandyopadhyay, Ambikacharan	...	Metropolitan Institution
21	Lala Digambar Lal	...	Ditto
22	Chakrabarti, Sudarsan	...	Ripon College
23	Das, Padmanath	...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar
24	Niyogi, Bamacharan	...	Ditto
25	{ Ray, Abinaschandra	...	City College
	{ Basu, Narendrachandra	...	Ripon College
	{ Raj Kishore	...	Patna College
27	{ Mukhopadhyay, Satyaprasanna	...	City College
	{ Gangopadhyay, Karunakanta	...	Ripon College
30	Chattopadhyay, Phanindramohan	...	Ditto
31	{ Maulik, Srischandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
	{ Purushottam Ganesh Paranjpe	...	Morris College
33	Das, Upendranath	...	City College
34	Bhaumik, Hemchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution
35	Mukhopadhyay, Amritalal	...	Ditto
36	Pal, Radhikamohan	...	Ripon College
37	Ray, Jogindranath	...	Ditto
38	Das, Kaminikumar	...	Metropolitan Institution
39	Majumdar, Sasilochohan	...	Ripon College
40	Sen, Nisikanta	...	Dacca College
	{ Syed Muhammad Hasan	...	Patna College
41	{ Chattopadhyay, Lalbihari	...	Ripon College
	{ Chaudhuri, Srischandra	...	Ditto
44	Jamil Akhtar	...	Patna College
45	Bardhan, Gobindachandra	...	City College
	{ Mithila Saran	...	Patna College
46	{ Chanda, Kaliprasanna	...	Dacca College
	{ Ray, Tarasundar	...	Metropolitan Institution
	{ Dhundiraj Ramkrishna Chanderkar	...	Morris College
50	Adhya, Purnachandra	...	Hughli College
	{ Basu, Hemchandra	...	Ripon College
51	{ Datta, Bamapada	...	Ditto
	{ Bandyopadhyay, Ramchandra	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal
54	Navaratna Lal	...	Patna College
	{ Das, Syamsundar	...	Ditto
55	{ Sanyal, Girischandra	...	Berhampur College
57	{ Ray, Jadabchandra	...	City College
	{ Lala Mrityunjay Lal	...	Metropolitan Institution
	{ Datta, Nabagopal	...	Ditto
	{ Bandyopadhyay, Saradaprasad, I	...	City College
	{ Sen, Rakhalidas	...	Ditto
58	{ Bandyopadhyay, Basantakumar	...	Ripon College
	{ " Srischandra	...	Ditto
	{ Basu, Goshthabihari	...	Ditto
	{ Raha, Prasannakumar	...	Ditto
	{ Sadhu, Rajendralal	...	Hughli College
	{ Sen, Bilaschandra	...	Rajchandra College, Barisal

LICENTIATES IN LAW.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdulla Fyaz	...	1873	Presidency College
Aich, Sibchandra	...	1868	Ditto
Bagchi, Baradaprasad	...	1873	Ditto
„ Gopalkrishna	...	1874	Berhampur College
Baksi, Baradaprasad	...	1874	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1872	Presidency College
Bandyopadhyay, Ambikacharan	...	1862	Ditto
„ Bhubanmohan	...	1872	Ditto
„ Binodbihari	...	1872	Ditto
„ Dinanath	...	1874	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1870	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1867	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1871	Krishnagar College
„ Gopalchandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Jadupati	...	1871	Berhampur College
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Kantichandra	...	1872	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1874	Ditto
„ Krishnagopal	...	1874	Hughli College
„ Mahendranarayan	...	1870	Berhampur College
„ Nabakrishna	...	1874	Krishnagar College
„ Nabinchandra	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Panchkari	...	1873	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan	...	1869	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan	...	1873	Ditto
Baral, Nabinchandra	...	1867	Ditto
Bardolai, Madhabchandra	...	1874	Ditto
Bari Fazlal	...	1869	Ditto
Basak, Panchkari	...	1874	Ditto
„ Syamlal	...	1873	Ditto
Basu, Abhaydas	...	1866	Ditto
„ Amarnath	...	1866	Ditto
„ Bholanath	...	1874	Berhampur College
„ Haramohan	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Jagadischandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1870	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1873	Ditto
„ Radhamadhab	...	1872	Ditto
„ Rasbihari	...	1873	Dacca College
„ Trigunaprasanna	...	1869	Presidency College
„ Upendranath	...	1872	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Jogindranath	...	1872	Ditto
„ Jnanachandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1873	Ditto
Chaki, Ramgopal	...	1866	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Bidhubhushan	...	1874	Hughli College
„ Chandrabhushan	...	1871	Krishnagar College

Chakrabarti, Dwarkanath	..	1871	Dacca College
„ Madhabchandra	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Maheschandra	...	1869	Dacca College
„ Rajnarayan	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Syamacharan	...	1870	Ditto
Chand, Parbatikumar	...	1869	Dacca College
„ Prasannakumar	...	1871	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Gaurisankar	...	1866	Presidency College
„ Kedarnath	...	1870	Ditto
„ Kunjabihari	...	1873	Krishnagar College
„ Napharchandra	...	1873	Hughli College
„ Nilkanta	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Saradaprasad	...	1870	Ditto
„ Saradaprasad	...	1873	Hughli College
„ Trailokyanath	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Upendranath	...	1873	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Annadaprasad	...	1873	Berhampur College
„ Chandranath	...	1874	Presidency College
„ Jaygopal	...	1874	Ditto
„ Jogindralal	...	1874	Ditto
„ Kalikrishna	...	1872	Ditto
„ Kasipati	...	1874	Ditto
„ Kisorilal	...	1874	Ditto
„ Prasannanath	...	1874	Ditto
„ Sirischandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Sibapada	...	1872	Ditto
„ Syamapada	...	1874	Ditto
Dan, Parmeswar	...	1871	Ditto
Das, Bhairabchandra	...	1872	Ditto
„ Binodbihari	...	1872	Ditto
„ Harakumar	...	1874	Ditto
„ Jagatchandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Parbaticharan	...	1873	Dacca College
„ Rameswar	...	1866	Presidency College
Datta, Durgadas	...	1873	Ditto
„ Gobindachandra	...	1863	Ditto
„ Harisankar	...	1873	Ditto
„ Kalikrishna	...	1873	Ditto
„ Kshetranath	...	1874	Ditto
„ Priyanath	...	1874	Krishnagar College
„ Radhakrishna	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Sambhunath	...	1872	Patna College
De, Dhankrishna	...	1873	Dacca College
„ Gobindachandra	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Krishnakisor	...	1872	Ditto
„ Nandalal	...	1873	Ditto
„ Nilmadhab	...	1873	Hughli College
„ Pratapchandra	...	1873	Presidency College
Deb, Jogindranath	...	1865	Ditto
Fazlul Quadir	...	1874	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Bhubanmohan	...	1873	Ditto
„ Binodbihari	...	1873	Berhampur College
„ Binodbihari	...	1872	Presidency College
	...	1873	Ditto

Gangopadhyay, Chandramohan	...	1871	Krishnagar College
Ghosh, Atulchandra	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Becharam	...	1873	Ditto
„ Bhubanmohan	...	1872	Krishnagar College
„ Biharilal	...	1870	Berhampur College
„ Chandrakanta	...	1869	Dacca College
„ Chandrakumar	...	1872	Krishnagar College
„ Durgadas	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Ganeschandra	...	1870	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1869	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1873	Ditto
„ Jageschandra	...	1870	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1870	Krishnagar College
„ Mahendralal	...	1873	Patna College
„ Mahendranath	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Nilmadhab	...	1872	Berhampur College
„ Raicharan	...	1872	Hughli College
„ Rakhalchandra	...	1874	Ditto
„ Syamacharan	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Taraprasanna	...	1871	Ditto
„ Upendranath	...	1872	Ditto
Ghoshal, Kalicharan	...	1866	Ditto
Golam Asdaq	...	1873	Hughli College
Goswami, Mahendralal	...	1874	Ditto
Guha, Gangadas	...	1866	Ditto
„ Kalisankar	...	1869	Ditto
„ Tarakchandra	...	1873	Dacca College
Gupta, Bansidhar	...	1873	Patna College
Haldar, Bireswar	...	1866	Presidency College
Hamiduddin Ahmed	...	1873	Ditto
Karmakar, Brindabanchandra	...	1874	Ditto
Kirkpatrick, C	...	1866	Ditto
Kumar, Prankrishna	...	1874	Ditto
Kundu, Hemchandra	...	1869	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1873	Berhampur College
Lahiri, Purnachandra	...	1872	Presidency College
Maitra, Bhubanmohan	...	1873	Berhampur College
„ Haricharan	...	1873	Presidency College
„ Hariballabh	...	1873	Katlk High School
„ Ramdas	...	1874	Presidency College
Majil, Sashtidas	...	1873	Hughli College
Majumdar, Gangadhar	...	1871	Presidency College
„ Mahendrachandra	...	1872	Berhampur College
„ Mahimachandra	...	1873	Queen's College, Benares
„ Ramdayal	...	1873	Hughli College
„ Sarbeswar	...	1868	Presidency College
Mallik, Akshaykumar	...	1870	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1872	Ditto
„ Nityagopal	...	1867	Ditto
„ Priyanath	...	1869	Ditto
Masanta, Parbaticharan	...	1872	Ditto
Mitra, Rankubihari	...	1873	Ditto
„ Bhagabaticharan	...	1872	Patna College

Mitra, Bhabanicharan	...	1873	Hughli College
" Biswambhar	...	1872	Presidency College
" Kantichandra	...	1873	Ditto
" Kshetramohan	...	1874	Ditto
" Saradacharan	...	1872	Ditto
" Sasibhushan	...	1873	Krishnagar College
" Trailokyanath	...	1871	Presidency College
Moses, C. O.	...	1873	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Abinaschandra	...	1872	Ditto
" Abinaschandra	...	1874	Ditto
" Abinaschandra	...	1874	Hughli College
" Bhubanmohan	...	1870	Presidency College
" Chandrabhushan	...	1873	Krishnagar College
" Chandrakumar	...	1873	Presidency College
" Gobindadeb	...	1873	Hughli College
" Hemchandra	...	1873	Presidency College
" Jadunath	...	1871	Krishnagar College
" Kanailal	...	1873	Presidency College
" Kuladaprasad	...	1865	Ditto
" Mahendranath	...	1871	Berhampur College
" Saradaprasad	...	1873	Presidency College
" Saradaprasad	...	1874	Ditto
" Sasibhushan	...	1867	Ditto
" Sricharan	...	1874	Ditto
" Syamacharan	...	1874	Berhampur College
" Umeschandra	...	1874	Hughli College
Munsi, Ramgopal	...	1867	Presidency College
Nag, Chaitanyakrishna	...	1874	Ditto
Nandi, Loknath	...	1873	Patna College
" Mahendranath	...	1874	Presidency College
Niyogi, Nilkamal	...	1869	Dacca College
Pal, Bankubihari	...	1874	Hughli College
Patranabis, Baneswar	...	1873	Dacca College
Prannath, Pandit	...	1873	Canning College
Rakshit, Gobindachandra	...	1869	Presidency College
" Gobindakisor	...	1873	Dacca College
Ray, Bipinchandra	...	1874	Ditto
" Brajarath	...	1873	Presidency College
" Dinabandhu	...	1868	Ditto
" Dineschandra	...	1874	Dacca College
" Girishchandra	...	1872	Presidency College
" Harakumar	...	1874	Ditto
" Jogindranarayan	...	1874	Krishnagar College
" Jogindranath	...	1874	Berhampur College
" Pratapchandra	...	1873	Presidency College
" Rasikchandra	...	1874	Ditto
" Sudhansubhushan	...	1870	Ditto
" Syamacharan	...	1872	Dacca College
Raychaudhuri, Ramchandra	...	1872	Presidency College
Rebello, P. T.	...	1873	Ditto
Rooke, H.	...	1867	Ditto
Sahay, Sibsankar	...	1872	Patna College
Samanta, Jaharilal	...	1873	Presidency College

Sanwal Singh	...	1873	Queen's College, Benares
Sanyal, Digambar	...	1870	Berhampur College
" Kesablal	...	1874	Presidency College
" Prasannakumar	...	1874	Ditto
Sarkar, Jadabchandra	...	1867	Ditto
" Jogeschandra	...	1872	Hughli College
" Jogindranath	...	1873	Presidency College
" Maheschandra	...	1866	Ditto
" Mahimchandra	...	1872	Berhampur College
" Taraknath	...	1873	Presidency College
Sen, Banwarilal	...	1872	Ditto
" Bhubanmohan	...	1870	Ditto
" Gurudas	...	1873	Ditto
" Harishchandra	...	1871	Dacca College
" Jadunandan	...	1872	Berhampur College
" Kailaschandra	...	1870	Presidency College
" Kailaschandra	...	1873	Ditto
" Kalicharan	...	1873	Ditto
" Kanailal	...	1872	Ditto
" Nalitchandra	...	1864	Ditto
" Rakhaldas	...	1874	Ditto
" Ramchandra	...	1873	Dacca College
" Saradaprasad	...	1870	Presidency College
" Umeshchandra	...	1872	Krishnagar College
Sil, Gopallal	...	1869	Presidency College
Sinha, Isanchandra	...	1865	Ditto
" Kshirodnath	...	1873	Ditto
" Madhusudan	...	1874	Berhampur College
Sukul, Bhadrnath	...	1872	Krishnagar College

GOLD MEDALS TO THE VALUE OF Rs. 100 EACH AWARDED

AT THE B. L. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Mitra, Upendranath	...	1862	Presidency College
Sen, Baikunthanath	...	1864	Ditto
" Guruprasad	...	1865	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Gurudas	...	1866	Ditto
Ghosh, Rasbihari	...	1867	Ditto
Chakrabati, Girindramohan	...	1868	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Sibchandra	...	1869	Patna College
Datta, Charuchandra	...	1870	Presidency College
Harihar Nath	...	1873	Patna College
Chattopadhyay, Digambar	...	1882	Presidency College
Ray, Nikunjabihari	...	1883	Metropolitan Institution
Chakrabarti, Bhupati	...	1884	Presidency College
Baruri, Akshaykumar	...	1885	Metropolitan Institution
Mitra, Saratchandra	...	1886	Ditto
Bhubaneswari Sahay	...	1887	Patna College
Chattopadhyay, Ramapati	...	1888	Ripon College
Basu, Sriramchandra	...	1889	Ravenshaw College
Majumdar, Syamaprasanna	...	1890	Ripon College
Syed Ali Belgrami	March	1891	Patna College
Wasudeo, Ramchandra Dholey, Nov.		1891	Morris College, Nagpur
Biswas, Gopalchandra	...	1892	Ripon College
Datta, Hirendranath	...	1893	Metropolitan Institution

Graduates—Medicine.

M. D.

De, Chandrakumar	...	1862	Medical College
Sarkar, Mahendralal	...	1863	Ditto
Basu, Jagadbandhu	...	1863	Ditto
Carter, R. W.	...	1865	Asst. Surgeon, H. M.'S 82nd Regiment
Rudra, Bhagabatchandra	...	1880	Medical College
Bagchi, Ramaprasad	...	1887	Ditto
Sarkar, Nilratan	...	1890	Ditto
Sarbadhikari, Suresprasad	...	1891	Ditto

HONOURS IN MEDICINE.

1862.

SURGERY.

Koch, E. L. ... Medical College

MEDICINE.

Nandi, Nityananda ... Medical College

1863.

SURGERY.

Keyt, F. ... Medical College

MEDICINE.

Halder, Kalachand ... Medical College

1864.

SURGERY.

Ghosh, Chandramohan ... Medical College

1865.

SURGERY.

Ray, Gopalchandra ... Medical College

MEDICINE.

Mitra, Kasikinkar ... Medical College

1866.

MEDICINE.

Datta, Haranchandra ... Medical College

Chattopadhyay, Gobindachandra ... Ditto

1867.

SURGERY.

Gupta, Mahendranath ... Medical College

	MEDICINE.
Ray, Taraprasanna	... Medical College
	MIDWIFERY.
Chattopadhyay, Syamacharan	... Medical College
	1868.
	MEDICINE.
Bandyopadhyay, Rajmohan	... Medical College
	MIDWIFERY.
Gupta, Kalipada	.. Medical College
	1869.
	MEDICINE.
Ray, Isanchandra	... Medical College
Goswami, Gopalchandra	... Ditto
	1872.
	MEDICINE.
Chattopadhyay, Nilmadhab	... Medical College
	1876.
	MEDICINE.
Ghosh, Radharaman	... Medical College
	1877.
	MIDWIFERY.
Rudra, Bhagabatchandra	... Medical College
	1878.
	MIDWIFERY.
aitra, Bipinbihari	.. Medical College
	1879.
	SURGERY.
Sil, Kanailal	... Medical College
	1880.
	SURGERY.
Mallik, Prasaddas	... Medical College
	MIDWIFERY.
Ray, Sibaprasad	... Medical College
	1881.
	MIDWIFERY.
Ghosh, Srinath	.. Medical College
	1883.
	SURGERY.
Bagchi, Ramaprasad	... Medical College

MIDWIFERY.

Mukhopadhyay, Gopalchandra ... Medical College
1886.

SURGERY.

Barat, Surendranath ... Medical College

MIDWIFERY.

Bandopadhyay, Trailokyanath .. Medical College
Ghatak, Annadaprasanna ... Ditto
Nallatomby, C. W. ... Ditto
1888.

MIDWIFERY.

Sarkar, Nilratan ... Medical College

MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE.

Sarkar, Nilratan ... Medical College
1889.

MEDICINE.

Sarbadhikari, Suresprasad ... Medical College

SURGERY.

Sarbadhikari, Suresprasad .. Medical College
1891.

SURGERY.

Sen, Hemchandra ... Medical College
1892.

MIDWIFERY.

Das, Kedarnath ... Medical College

MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE.

Majumdar, Nagendranath ... Medical College
1893.

MIDWIFERY.

Bhattacharyya, Sureschandra ... Medical College

M. B.

In Alphabetical order.

Acharyya, Kedaraswar	...	1880	Medical College
" Prapkrishna	...	1891	Ditto
Adhikari, Hemnath	...	1891	Ditto
" Nilratan	...	1883	Ditto
Adhya, Binodbihari	...	1881	Ditto
Ashe, R. S.	...	1884	Ditto

Bagchi, Kalikrishna	...	1882	Medical College
Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra	...	1885	Ditto
„ Amritalal	..	1877	Ditto
„ Beninath	...	1885	Ditto
„ Girijapada	...	1879	Ditto
„ Jadabchandra	...	1865	Ditto
„ Nabakumar	...	1868	Ditto
„ Nilmani	...	1884	Ditto
„ Sureschandra	...	1887	Ditto
„ Trailokyanath	...	1886	Ditto
Barat, S. N.	...	1886	Ditto
Basak, Syamalkrishna	...	1892	Ditto
Basu, Amulyacharan	...	1887	Ditto
„ Anandalal	..	1889	Ditto
„ Atulchandra	...	1885	Ditto
„ Bidhumukhi	...	1890	Ditto
„ Biharikrishna	...	1880	Ditto
„ Biharilal	...	1873	Ditto
„ Chunilal	...	1886	Ditto
„ Gobindachandra	...	1886	Ditto
„ Haripada	...	1887	Ditto
„ Jaygopal	...	1884	Ditto
„ Narayanchandra	...	1882	Ditto
„ Niradbihari	..	1886	Ditto
„ Prandhan	...	1880	Ditto
„ Sanatkumar	...	1881	Ditto
„ Sureschandra	...	1888	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Hemchandra	...	1867	Ditto
„ Kumudnath	...	1884	Ditto
„ Narendranath	...	1876	Ditto
„ Nityaprasad	...	1887	Ditto
„ Srinath	...	1872	Ditto
Bose, B. B.	...	1891	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Biharilal	...	1878	Ditto
„ Kshetrapal	...	1886	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1869	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Bagalacharan	...	1879	Ditto
„ Bibhutibhushan	...	1879	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1882	Ditto
„ Debendranath	...	1881	Ditto
„ Girindranarayan	...	1884	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1876	Ditto
„ Haridas	..	1883	Ditto
„ Manmathanath	...	1890	Ditto
„ Nilmadhab	...	1872	Ditto
„ Satyahari	...	1887	Ditto
„ Samacharan	...	1867	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Radhagobinda	...	1887	Ditto
„ Satyendrakumar	..	1885	Ditto
Das, Kedarnath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Manmohan	...	1877	Ditto
„ Pramathanath	...	1872	Ditto
„ Siddheswar	...	1882	Ditto

Das, Sındarimohan	...	1882	Medical College
Dasgupta, Syamnirad	...	1888	Ditto
Datta, Durlabhchandra	...	1886	Ditto
„ Jogindranath	...	1886	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1865	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1884	Ditto
„ Kshirodkumar	...	1879	Ditto
„ Surendranath	...	1891	Ditto
Daudar Rahman	...	1889	Ditto
De, Birchand	...	1882	Ditto
„ Debendranath	...	1877	Ditto
„ Jaharlal	...	1883	Ditto
„ Lalbihari	...	1886	Ditto
„ Nandalal	...	1866	Ditto
„ Rajendralal	...	1879	Ditto
„ Ramanath	...	1885	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan	...	1886	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Jadunath	...	1879	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1885	Ditto
Gattu Mall	...	1887	Ditto
Ghatak, Annadaprasanna	...	1886	Ditto
Ghosh, Abinaschandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1886	Ditto
„ Chandramohan	...	1864	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Khudiram	...	1881	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Phakirchandra	...	1868	Ditto
„ Radharaman	...	1876	Ditto
„ Sasi bhushan	...	1885	Ditto
„ Sitalprasad	...	1885	Ditto
„ Srinath	...	1881	Ditto
Gupta, Bamacharan	...	1885	Ditto
„ Bankabihari	...	1870	Ditto
„ Durgadas	...	1878	Ditto
„ Kalipada	...	1868	Ditto
Haldar, Gopallal	...	1886	Ditto
Laha, Lalitmohan	...	1886	Ditto
Lahiri, Hrishikes*	...	1883	Ditto
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1887	Ditto
„ Nikunjamohan	...	1881	Ditto
Lala, Golokchandra	...	1889	Ditto
Maitra, Bipinbihari	...	1878	Ditto
Majumdar, Nagendranath	...	1892	Ditto
Mallik, Prasaddas	...	1880	Ditto
Mitra, Bankubihari	...	1871	Ditto
„ Binodbihari	...	1880	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1877	Ditto
„ Matilal	...	1887	Ditto
„ Nareschandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ R. K.	...	1887	Ditto
„ Umeschandra	...	1874	Ditto
„ Upendranath	...	1878	Ditto

Mitra, Upendranath	...	1886	Medical College
Mitter, Virginia Mary	...	1890	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Akshaykumar	...	1886	Ditto
„ Amarchand	...	1878	Ditto
„ Amritlal	...	1889	Ditto
„ Gangaprasad	...	1866	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1883	Ditto
„ Kailaschandra	...	1877	Ditto
„ Nrityacharan	...	1880	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Sasibhushan	...	1882	Ditto
„ Srischandra	...	1886	Ditto
„ Syamacharan	...	1866	Ditto
Nallatomby, C. W.	...	1886	Ditto
Nandi, Akshaykumar	...	1889	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1886	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1888	Ditto
Niyogi, Surendranath	...	1885	Ditto
Pal, Akshaykumar	...	1888	Ditto
„ Janakinath	...	1878	Ditto
„ Umeschandra	...	1881	Ditto
Peters, C. T.	...	1882	Ditto
Pillai, S. K.	...	1868	Ditto
Ray, Isanchandra	...	1884	Ditto
„ Isanchandra	...	1886	Ditto
„ Girijasankar	...	1869	Ditto
„ Matilal	...	1882	Ditto
„ Phatikchandra	...	1886	Ditto
„ Sibaprasad	...	1881	Ditto
„ Upendranarayan	...	1880	Ditto
Raychaudhuri, Surat Kumar	...	1886	Ditto
Sadukhan, Kshirodchandra	...	1878	Ditto
Sanyal, Dinanath	...	1886	Ditto
„ Pulinchandra	...	1881	Ditto
Sarkar, Bipinbihari	...	1889	Ditto
„ Krishnagopal	...	1873	Ditto
„ Natabar	...	1887	Ditto
„ Srischandra	...	1884	Ditto
Sen, Harimohan	...	1883	Ditto
„ Hemchandra	...	1891	Ditto
„ Khagendranath	...	1882	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1888	Ditto
Sil, Kanailal	...	1879	Ditto
Sinha, Radhikaprasad	...	1885	Ditto
Som, Dayalchandra	...	1864	Ditto
Syed Hossain	...	1878	Ditto
Vethecan, F.	...	1889	Ditto

L. M. S.

In Alphabetical order.

Abdul, Hamid	...	1892	Medical College
„ Ruzzaq	...	1874	Ditto

Acharyya, Kamakhyanath	...	1862	Medical College
Akbar Khan	...	1872	Ditto
Asder Ali Khan	...	1878	Ditto
Bagchi, Abhaycharan	...	1861	Ditto
„ Bijaygobinda	...	1881	Ditto
Bal, Taranath	...	1881	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra	...	1871	Ditto
„ Abinaschandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Abinaschandra	...	1881	Ditto
„ Aghornath	...	1880	Ditto
„ Amarnath	...	1891	Ditto
„ Baneswar	...	1878	Ditto
„ Brajendranath	...	1878	Ditto
„ Charuchandra	...	1892	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1868	Ditto
„ Harakanta	...	1874	Ditto
„ Haricharan	...	1887	Ditto
„ Harinarayan	...	1862	Ditto
„ Haripada	...	1879	Ditto
„ Harischandra	...	1861	Ditto
„ Isanchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Kalinath	...	1880	Ditto
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1887	Ditto
„ Kisorilal	...	1874	Ditto
„ Madhabchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Nakurchandra	...	1867	Ditto
„ Nandalal	...	1872	Ditto
„ Pramathanath	...	1891	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1865	Ditto
„ Rajkrishna	...	1861	Ditto
„ Rajmohan	...	1868	Ditto
„ Ramlal	...	1874	Ditto
„ Saradaprasad	...	1890	Ditto
„ Sasibhushun	...	1892	Ditto
„ Sibchandra	...	1872	Ditto
„ Suryyanath	...	1878	Ditto
„ Umeschandra	...	1881	Ditto
Bara, Sibram	...	1871	Ditto
Basak, Amulyaratna	...	1869	Ditto
„ Nrityalal	...	1879	Ditto
„ Sanatan	...	1872	Ditto
„ Syamalkrishna	...	1892	Ditto
Basu, Adyanath	...	1880	Ditto
„ Aghornath	...	1872	Ditto
„ Amritakrishna	...	1867	Ditto
„ Anandalal	...	1889	Ditto
„ Benimadhab	...	1865	Ditto
„ Bibhudasankar	...	1882	Ditto
„ Bidhumukhi	...	1890	Ditto
„ Binodkrishna	...	1874	Ditto
„ Bihirilal	...	1879	Ditto
„ Chandrabhushan	...	1875	Ditto
„ Chandrabhushan	...	1877	Ditto

Basu, Dharmadas	...	1861	Medical College
„ Dharmadas	...	1873	Ditto
„ Dinanath	...	1864	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1871	Ditto
„ Harimohan	...	1865	Ditto
„ Haripada	...	1887	Ditto
„ Hirralal	...	1874	Ditto
„ Jadabchandra	...	1872	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1870	Ditto
„ Jogindranath	...	1888	Ditto
„ Jogindranath	...	1891	Ditto
„ Jyotindranath	...	1887	Ditto
„ Kailaschandra	...	1874	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1876	Ditto
„ Kesabchandra	...	1874	Ditto
„ Khargeswar	...	1870	Ditto
„ Kisorimohan	...	1880	Ditto
„ Krishnacharan	...	1871	Ditto
„ Lakshminarayan	...	1863	Ditto
„ Mahendralal	...	1869	Ditto
„ Mahendramohan	...	1878	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1887	Ditto
„ Manmathanath	...	1879	Ditto
„ Nripendranath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Prabodchandra	...	1874	Ditto
„ Priyanath	...	1867	Ditto
„ Radhanath	...	1858	Ditto
„ Sibchandra	...	1869	Ditto
„ Sikharkumar	...	1880	Ditto
„ Suratlal	...	1880	Ditto
„ Suryyakumar	...	1880	Ditto
„ Suryyanarayan	...	1877	Ditto
„ Tarinicharan	...	1874	Ditto
„ Trailokyanath	...	1872	Ditto
„ Umeschandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra	...	1867	Ditto
„ Upendrachandra	...	1880	Ditto
Bhaduri, Akshaykumar	...	1880	Ditto
„ Biharilal	...	1865	Ditto
„ Gokulchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Tarinicharan	...	1866	Ditto
Bhar, Girischandra	...	1874	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Amritlal	...	1873	Ditto
„ Bamandeb	...	1880	Ditto
„ Durgadas	...	1874	Ditto
„ Jogindranath	...	1880	Ditto
„ Nandalal	...	1871	Ditto
„ Nilmadhab	...	1864	Ditto
„ Sibchandra	...	1871	Ditto
„ Taradas	...	1878	Ditto
Biswas, Mahendranath	...	1877	Ditto
Brittain, J. J.	...	1885	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Bamacharan	...	1882	Ditto

Chakrabarti, Bijaykumar	...	1874	Medical College
" Durganath	...	1880	Ditto
" Haribhushan	...	1887	Ditto
" Harinath	...	1877	Ditto
" Krishnachandra	...	1881	Ditto
" Nabinchandra	...	1867	Ditto
" Narendranath	...	1880	Ditto
" Ramlal	...	1869	Ditto
" Suryyakumar	...	1871	Ditto
Chambers, E. W.	...	1866	Ditto
Champati, Amulyachandra	...	1877	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Abinaschandra	...	1890	Ditto
" Adharnath	...	1878	Ditto
" Aghorchandra	...	1880	Ditto
" Annadaprasad	...	1880	Ditto
" Anukulchandra	...	1877	Ditto
" Bamacharan	...	1865	Ditto
" Bhubanmohan	...	1861	Ditto
" Bhubanmohan	...	1872	Ditto
" Binaykrishna	...	1891	Ditto
" Dandiraj	...	1880	Ditto
" Gobindachandra	...	1866	Ditto
" Hemantakumar	...	1891	Ditto
" Jagannath	...	1878	Ditto
" Jaykrishna	...	1882	Ditto
" Kalikrishna	...	1880	Ditto
" Kamalakshya	...	1880	Ditto
" Kedarnath	...	1863	Ditto
" Kshirodprasad	...	1881	Ditto
" Manmathanath	...	1890	Ditto
" Nilkanta	...	1872	Ditto
" Nimaichandra	...	1874	Ditto
" Nityanandan	...	1876	Ditto
" Paresnath	...	1878	Ditto
" Phakirchandra	...	1875	Ditto
" Priyanath	...	1880	Ditto
" Radhikaprasad	...	1861	Ditto
" Satyahari	...	1887	Ditto
" Upendranath	...	1883	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Apurbakrishna	...	1880	Ditto
" Bhagabatikumar	...	1891	Ditto
" Bijaygobinda	...	1872	Ditto
" Brajanath	...	1874	Ditto
" Chandranath	...	1879	Ditto
" Janmejaya	...	1888	Ditto
" Kaliprasanna	...	1871	Ditto
" Kapileswar	...	1861	Ditto
" Kshirodchandra	...	1879	Ditto
" Nilmani	...	1867	Ditto
Crump, H. W.	...	1866	Ditto
Das, Adharchandra	...	1863	Ditto
" Amarnath	...	1877	Ditto
" Amritlal	...	1877	Ditto

Das	Annadaprasad	...	1879	Medical College
"	Apurbakrishna	...	1878	Ditto
"	Benimadhab	...	1873	Ditto
"	Binodbihari	...	1874	Ditto
"	Brajanath	...	1882	Ditto
"	Chunilal	...	1866	Ditto
"	Chunilal	...	1871	Ditto
"	Haranchandra	...	1873	Ditto
"	Harischandra	..	1881	Ditto
"	Hiralal	...	1878	Ditto
"	Hiralal	...	1877	Ditto
"	Kalikumar	...	1866	Ditto
"	Kedarnath	...	1892	Ditto
"	Kesabchandra	...	1867	Ditto
"	Madhabkrishna	...	1880	Ditto
"	Mahendranath	...	1878	Ditto
"	Purnachandra	...	1873	Ditto
"	Ramkumar	...	1875	Ditto
"	Saradaprasad	...	1888	Ditto
"	Sibkrishna	...	1875	Ditto
"	Srinarayan	...	1880	Ditto
"	Syamchand	...	1880	Ditto
"	Umeschandra	...	1880	Ditto
Dasgupta,	Gurucharan	...	1878	Ditto
"	Gurudayal	...	1868	Ditto
"	Jagatchandra	...	1887	Ditto
"	Pyarisankar	...	1880	Ditto
"	Rajanikanta	...	1890	Ditto
Datta,	Akshaykumar	...	1879	Ditto
"	Abinaschandra	...	1882	Ditto
"	Annadaprasad	...	1880	Ditto
"	Bankabihari	...	1880	Ditto
"	Batakrishna	...	1873	Ditto
"	Brajendrakumar	...	1871	Ditto
"	Chunilal	..	1883	Ditto
"	Dinanath	...	1880	Ditto
"	Girischandra	...	1865	Ditto
"	Gobardhan	...	1874	Ditto
"	Goshthabihari	...	1880	Ditto
"	Haralal	...	1871	Ditto
"	Haralal	...	1874	Ditto
"	Haranchandra	...	1866	Ditto
"	Hemchandra	...	1888	Ditto
"	Hiralal	...	1875	Ditto
"	Jogindranath	...	1880	Ditto
"	Krishnalal	...	1870	Ditto
"	Mahendranath	...	1887	Ditto
"	Mahendranath	...	1887	Ditto
"	Manohar	..	1865	Ditto
"	Manilal	...	1862	Ditto
"	Manmathanath	...	1878	Ditto
"	Matilal	...	1880	Ditto
"	Nabinchandra	...	1873	Ditto

Datta, Nitaichand	...	1886	Medical College
„ Priyanath	...	1881	Ditto
„ Rebatimohan	...	1880	Ditto
„ Saradaprasad	...	1878	Ditto
„ Surendranath	...	1891	Ditto
„ Umeschandra	...	1863	Ditto
„ Upendrakrishna	...	1880	Ditto
Daudar, Rahman	...	1889	Ditto
Davidson, W. H.	...	1878	Ditto
De, Akshaykumar	...	1865	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1874	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1889	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1868	Ditto
„ Haranchandra	...	1872	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1871	Ditto
„ Kalachand	...	1872	Ditto
„ Phakirchand	...	1886	Ditto
„ Prasannakumar	...	1877	Ditto
„ Rajendranath	...	1876	Ditto
„ Ramankrishna	...	1873	Ditto
„ Ramlal	...	1865	Ditto
„ Upendranath	...	1872	Ditto
Deb, Amritlal	...	1869	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1865	Ditto
Dhar, Batakrishna	...	1880	Ditto
„ Bharatchandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Gokulchandra	...	1880	Ditto
Dhol, Bipinbihari	...	1872	Ditto
„ Nandalal	...	1862	Ditto
Evart Tillaimuttu, J. C.	...	1877	Ditto
Fazlur Rahman	...	1878	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Anandalal	...	1868	Ditto
„ Harischandra	...	1868	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1878	Ditto
„ Taraknath	...	1869	Ditto
Gattu Mall	...	1887	Ditto
Ghosh, Abinaschandra	...	1875	Ditto
„ Abinaschandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Annadaprasad	...	1882	Ditto
„ Annadaprasad	...	1885	Ditto
„ Asutosh	...	1889	Ditto
„ Bidhubhushan	...	1886	Ditto
„ Biharilal	...	1869	Ditto
„ Binodbihari	...	1874	Ditto
„ Dayalkisor	...	1867	Ditto
„ Dukari	...	1863	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Harendranath	...	1891	Ditto
„ Hiralal	...	1864	Ditto
„ Jadabkrishna	...	1864	Ditto
„ Jadunath	...	1863	Ditto
„ Jogindranath	...	1877	Ditto

Ghosh, Jogindranath	... 1873	Medical College
" Kalikrishna	... 1869	Ditto
" Kamakhyanath	... 1881	Ditto
" Kasinath	... 1878	Ditto
" Kisorimohan	... 1874	Ditto
" Krishnadhan	... 1864	Ditto
" Lalbihari	... 1880	Ditto
" Madhabchandra	... 1867	Ditto
" Mahendranath	... 1892	Ditto
" Nandalal	... 1864	Ditto
" Nabinchandra	... 1872	Ditto
" Parbaticharan	... 1864	Ditto
" Prasannakumar	... 1881	Ditto
" Rajkrishna	... 1879	Ditto
" Rakhalidas	... 1875	Ditto
" Ramchandra	... 1880	Ditto
" Ramlal	... 1863	Ditto
" Ratikanta	... 1872	Ditto
" Sureschandra	... 1874	Ditto
" Suryyakumar	... 1880	Ditto
" Syamacharan	... 1880	Ditto
" Syamapada	... 1877	Ditto
" Trailokyanath	... 1866	Ditto
" Umeschandra	... 1878	Ditto
" Umeschandra	... 1879	Ditto
Ghosbal, Binodbihari	... 1892	Ditto
" Kaliprasanna	... 1864	Ditto
" Rajendranath	... 1892	Ditto
Goswami, Gopalchandra	... 1869	Ditto
Guha, Debendranath	... 1874	Ditto
Gupta, Abinaschandra	... 1871	Ditto
" Bholanath	... 1892	Ditto
" Bipinbihari	... 1877	Ditto
" Chandrakumar	... 1873	Ditto
" Debendranath	... 1875	Ditto
" Dwarkanath	... 1871	Ditto
" Madhusudhan	... 1869	Ditto
" Mahendranath	... 1867	Ditto
" Manmohan	... 1892	Ditto
" Narendranath	... 1877	Ditto
" Nabinchandra	... 1868	Ditto
" Nirmalchandra	... 1882	Ditto
" Priyanath	... 1882	Ditto
" Ramchandra	... 1866	Ditto
" Ramkali	... 1870	Ditto
" Sambhuchandra	... 1862	Ditto
" Tarinikumar	... 1880	Ditto
Halder, Kalachand	... 1863	Ditto
" Nidhulal	... 1872	Ditto
" Nityacharan	... 1877	Ditto
" Prisitosh	... 1873	Ditto
Kali, Chandrasekhar	... 1878	Ditto
Kar, Amritlal	... 1881	Ditto

Kar, Nagendranath	...	1880	Medical College
„ Pratapchandra	...	1880	Ditto
Keyt, F.	...	1863	Ditto
Koch, E. L.	...	1862	Ditto
Kumar, Bipinkrishna	...	1874	Ditto
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1887	Ditto
„ Prasannalal	...	1892	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan	...	1879	Ditto
Kundu, Ambikacharan	...	1881	Ditto
„ Rajkumar	...	1865	Ditto
Laha, Asutosh	...	1873	Ditto
„ Nabinchandra	...	1871	Ditto
Lahiri, Bhushanchandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Durgadas	...	1878	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1864	Ditto
„ Prakaschandra	...	1886	Ditto
„ Syamacharan	...	1865	Ditto
Lala, Golakchandra	...	1889	Ditto
Latful Khabir	...	1871	Ditto
Madak, Kedarnath	...	1891	Ditto
Maitra, Chandranath	...	1889	Ditto
„ Rasbihari	...	1889	Ditto
„ Madhusudan	...	1879	Ditto
„ Trailokyanath	...	1880	Ditto
Majumdar, Amritlal	...	1871	Ditto
„ Annadaprasad	...	1873	Ditto
„ Bhupalkrishna	...	1874	Ditto
„ Kailaschandra	...	1874	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1874	Ditto
„ Nagendranath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Pratapchandra	...	1878	Ditto
„ Ramchandra	...	1881	Ditto
„ Syamacharan	...	1868	Ditto
„ Trailokyanath	...	1888	Ditto
Mallik, Jogindranath	...	1874	Ditto
„ Kanailal	...	1876	Ditto
„ Kunjalal	...	1889	Ditto
„ Rajendranath	...	1871	Ditto
„ Nagendrakumar	...	1878	Ditto
„ Syamlal	...	1869	Ditto
Mandal, Nilmani	...	1881	Ditto
McReddie, G. D.	...	1861	Ditto
Mitra, Adharchandra	...	1887	Ditto
„ Amritlal	...	1887	Ditto
„ Baradaprasad	...	1880	Ditto
„ Dinanath	...	1871	Ditto
„ Ganeschandra	...	1884	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1863	Ditto
„ Girischandra	...	1867	Ditto
„ Haridas	...	1876	Ditto
„ Jagabandhu	...	1869	Ditto
„ Jogindranath	...	1880	Ditto
„ Kailasnath	...	1880	Ditto

Mitra, Kalikumar	...	1862	Medical College
" Kaliprasanna	..	1861	Ditto
" Kasikinkar	..	1865	Ditto
" Kedarnath	...	1890	Ditto
" Manindralal	...	1892	Ditto
" Nabinchandra	...	1861	Ditto
" Nrityagopal	...	1877	Ditto
" Priyambarnath	...	1869	Ditto
" Rajendrachandra	...	1874	Ditto
" Ramchandra	...	1866	Ditto
" Umacharan	...	1861	Ditto
" Umeschandra	...	1866	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Aghornath	...	1866	Ditto
" Aghornath	...	1881	Ditto
" Amritlal	...	1877	Ditto
" Amritlal	...	1881	Ditto
" Annadaprasad	...	1876	Ditto
" Badrikanath	...	1880	Ditto
" Bhagabaticharan	...	1863	Ditto
" Bholanath	...	1874	Ditto
" Bijaykrishna	...	1887	Ditto
" Brajakrishna	...	1891	Ditto
" Chandrakumar	...	1880	Ditto
" Dwarkanath	...	1866	Ditto
" Gopalchandra	...	1882	Ditto
" Hemchandra	...	1873	Ditto
" Herambanath	...	1880	Ditto
" Indubhushan	...	1866	Ditto
" Jadunath	...	1866	Ditto
" Jnanendranath	...	1886	Ditto
" Kalidas	...	1875	Ditto
" Kaliprasanna	...	1875	Ditto
" Kesabchandra	...	1871	Ditto
" Khelaram	...	1879	Ditto
" Lalmadhab	...	1866	Ditto
" Lalmohan	...	1885	Ditto
" Matilal	...	1875	Ditto
" Nripendrachandra	...	1878	Ditto
" Prakaschandra	...	1876	Ditto
" Pramathanath	...	1877	Ditto
" Priyanath	...	1877	Ditto
" Rajkisor	...	1863	Ditto
" Sasankamohan	...	1891	Ditto
" Sasibhushan	...	1881	Ditto
" Surendranath	...	1892	Ditto
" Tinkari	...	1880	Ditto
Munsi, Amritlal	...	1873	Ditto
Nan, Hiralal	...	1878	Ditto
Nandi, Akshaykumar	...	1889	Ditto
" Baikunthakumar	...	1892	Ditto
" Chunilal	...	1891	Ditto
" Kunjabihari	...	1873	Ditto
" Nityananda	...	1862	Ditto

Nandi, Purnachandra	...	1888	Medical College
Odiet Ollah	...	1868	Ditto
Pain, Akshaykumar	...	1876	Ditto
Pal, Akhilnath	...	1876	Ditto
„ Banamali	..	1876	Ditto
„ Bholanath	...	1873	Ditto
„ Biharilal	...	1874	Ditto
„ Janaranjan	...	1866	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1880	Ditto
„ Nabadwipchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Sitalchandra	...	1890	Ditto
„ Tarinicharan	...	1873	Ditto
Palit, Bireswar	...	1868	Ditto
„ Kshirodchandra	...	1878	Ditto
Pillay, V. A.	...	1888	Ditto
Pramanik, Bhushanchandra	...	1890	Ditto
Purkait, Purnachandra	...	1879	Ditto
Raha, Kamalkrishna	...	1874	Ditto
Ray, Atulchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Debendranath	...	1873	Ditto
„ Debendranath	...	1888	Ditto
„ Durgadas	...	1861	Ditto
„ Gangadhar	...	1878	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1865	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1872	Ditto
„ Guruprasanna	...	1887	Ditto
„ Haranath	...	1867	Ditto
„ Harendranath	...	1889	Ditto
„ Jagatchandra	...	1878	Ditto
„ Jajneswar	...	1875	Ditto
„ Kshirodchandra	...	1879	Ditto
„ Lalbihari	...	1877	Ditto
„ Mahimachandra	...	1870	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1879	Ditto
„ Manmathanath	...	1878	Ditto
„ Nabagopal	...	1865	Ditto
„ Radhanath	...	1872	Ditto
„ Rajkumar	...	1878	Ditto
„ Rammay	...	1874	Ditto
„ Sashtibhar	...	1877	Ditto
„ Taranarayan	...	1889	Ditto
„ Taraprasanna	—	1867	Ditto
„ Taraprasanna	...	1869	Ditto
„ Umacharan	...	1892	Ditto
„ Umeschandra	...	1867	Ditto
Raychaudhuri, Hemchandra	...	1883	Ditto
Sadhu, Ramanchandra	...	1863	Ditto
Saha, Asokkrishna	...	1875	Ditto
„ Brajanath	...	1873	Ditto
„ Gopiballabh	...	1881	Ditto
„ Kunjabihari	...	1880	Ditto
Sanyal, Hemchandra	...	1887	Ditto
„ Jajneswar	...	1892	Ditto

Sanyal, Kunjalal	...	1877	Medical College
Sarkar, Atulchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Bhubanmohan	...	1861	Ditto
„ Bipinbihari	...	1889	Ditto
„ Dwarkanath	...	1880	Ditto
„ Gangagobinda	...	1877	Ditto
„ Jadabkrishna	...	1874	Ditto
„ Nandalal	...	1871	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan	...	1867	Ditto
„ Surendranath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Sureschandra	...	1872	Ditto
Sen, Abhaykumar	...	1872	Ditto
„ Balaichandra	...	1863	Ditto
„ Bamandas	...	1879	Ditto
„ Basantakumar	...	1877	Ditto
„ Brajendranath	...	1874	Ditto
„ Durgadas	...	1872	Ditto
„ Durgananda	...	1877	Ditto
„ Dwarkanath	...	1874	Ditto
„ Gurugobinda	...	1880	Ditto
„ Gurunath	...	1880	Ditto
„ Haricharan	...	1878	Ditto
„ Hemchandra	...	1891	Ditto
„ Jadabkrishna	...	1872	Ditto
„ Kalikanta	...	1880	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1869	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1877	Ditto
„ Kisorimohan	...	1868	Ditto
„ Krishadas	...	1872	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1888	Ditto
„ Mahendranath	...	1892	Ditto
„ Mathruanath	...	1872	Ditto
„ Mokshadacharan	...	1871	Ditto
„ Mohitlal	...	1889	Ditto
„ Pyarilal	...	1871	Ditto
„ Rakhalchandra	...	1872	Ditto
„ Syamacharan	...	1878	Ditto
„ Umeschandra	...	1873	Ditto
„ Upendranath	...	1869	Ditto
„ Upendranath	...	1880	Ditto
Senguta, Bishnupada	...	1882	Ditto
„ Hemchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1880	Ditto
Set, Rajanilal	...	1872	Ditto
Sikdar, Srinath	...	1869	Ditto
Sil, Kshetramohan	...	1887	Ditto
Sinha, Durgacharan	...	1872	Ditto
„ Narendraprasanna	...	1879	Ditto
„ Pratappnarayan	...	1883	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1871	Ditto
„ Sasibhushan	...	1877	Ditto
„ Suryyanarayan	...	1865	Ditto
„ Trisitnanath	...	1890	Ditto

Srimani, Sasibhushan	...	1879	Medical College
Trevedi, Nrisinhaprasad	...	1889	Ditto
Vethecan, F.	...	1889	Ditto
Zalmur Ali Ahmed	...	1871	Ditto
Zuhur Uddin	...	1871	Ditto

Under-Graduates.

1892.

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC M. B. EXAMINATION.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Order of Merit.

Sen, Satyendranath	...	Medical College
Biswas, Saratchandra	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Barat, Syamlal	...	Medical College
Bhattacharyya, Surendranath	...	Ditto
„ Susilchandra	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Gopalchandra	...	Ditto
Das, Saradaprasad	...	Ditto
Datta, Saratchandra	...	Ditto
Ghoshal, Chandicharan	...	Ditto
Halder Manibhushan	...	Ditto
Mandal, Satischandra	...	Ditto
Nag, Gangakanta	...	Ditto
Pal, Ratanchandra	...	Ditto
Ray, Adharchandra	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Sureschandra	...	Ditto
Sen, Jamini	...	Ditto
„ Satischandra	...	Ditto

FIRST M. B. EXAMINATION.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Order of Merit.

Basu, Bimanbihari	...	Medical College
De, Satischandra	...	Ditto
Mandal, Satischandra	...	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Charuchandra	...	Ditto

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Basak, Madhusudan	...	Medical College
„ Ramlal	...	Ditto
Fox, Helen A.	...	Ditto
Nag, Gangakanta	...	Ditto
Ray, Saradakanta	...	Ditto
Sadhukhan, Phakirchandra	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Sureschandra	...	Ditto

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

In Alphabetical order.

Baksi, Rasbihari	...	Medical College
Barat, Syamlal	...	Ditto
Basak, Baidyanath	...	Ditto
Basu, Sureschandra	...	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Surendranath	...	Ditto
„ Susilchandra	...	Ditto
Biswas, Hemchandra	...	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Chandrakanta	...	Ditto
Chaliha, Lakshmiprasad	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Balailal	...	Ditto
„ Gaurangaprasad	...	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Debendranath	...	Ditto
Das, Harendrakumar	...	Ditto
„ Isanchandra	...	Ditto
Datta, Bipinbihari	...	Ditto
„ Narayanchandra	...	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	Ditto
De, Bipinchandra	...	Ditto
Deb, Mahimlal	...	Ditto
D'Sylva, Elphinstone	...	Ditto
Fernand, W. J. A.	...	Ditto
Ghosh, Purnachandra	...	Ditto
Ghoshal, Chandicharan	...	Ditto
Guha, Apurbakumar	...	Ditto
Gupta, Bipinbihari	...	Ditto
Halder, Manibhushan	...	Ditto
Johory, J.	...	Ditto
Karmakar, Taraknath	...	Ditto
Majumdar, Kedarnath	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Jaykrishna	...	Ditto
„ Meghnath	...	Ditto
Pal, Prabhasnath	...	Ditto
„ Ratanchandra	...	Ditto

Ray, Abinaschandra	...	Medical College
„ Adharchandra	...	Ditto
„ Nepalchandra	...	Ditto
„ Taraprasanna	...	Ditto
Sanyal, Bankimchandra	...	Ditto
Sen, Jamini	...	Ditto
„ Jyotischandra	...	Ditto
„ Satischandra	...	Ditto
„ Satyendranath	...	Ditto
„ Syamacharan	...	Ditto
Set, Nripendranath	...	Ditto
Sinha, Surendranath	...	Ditto

FIRST L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

In Alphabetical order.

Bandyopadhyay, Charuchandra	...	Medical College
„ Haricharan	...	Ditto
„ Haritaran	...	Ditto
Basu, Bimanbihari	...	Ditto
„ Sureschandra	...	Ditto
Chaliha, Lakshmi-prasad	...	Ditto
Das, Saradaprasad	...	Ditto
Datta, Priyanath	...	Ditto
De, Satischandra	...	Ditto
Fernand, W. J. A.	...	Ditto
Fox, Helen A.	...	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Kalidas	...	Ditto
Mandal, Satischandra	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Haripada	...	Ditto
„ Megnath	...	Ditto
„ Satischandra	...	Ditto
Pal, Prabhasnath	...	Ditto
Ray, Jogindragopal	...	Ditto
„ Saradakanta	...	Ditto
Sadhukhan, Phakirchandra	...	Ditto
Sanyal, Nisinath	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Nakulchandra	...	Ditto
„ Sureschandra	...	Ditto
Sen, Jyotischandra	...	Ditto

1893.

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC M. B. EXAMINATION

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Basu, Surendranath	...	Medical College
Chakrabarti, Satyasaran	...	Ditto
Datta, Haridhan	...	Ditto

Gangopadhyay, Jogindranath	...	Medical College
„ Khagendranath	...	Ditto
Ghosh, Krishnakumar	...	Ditto
Mitra, Pasupati	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Pramathanath	...	Ditto
„ Sitanath	...	Ditto
Ray, Lalitmohan	...	Ditto
Sen, Kalimohan	...	Ditto
Sinha, Hiralal	...	Ditto
„ Surendranath	...	Ditto

FIRST M. B. EXAMINATION.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical order.

Barat, Syamlal	...	Medical College
Chattopadhyay, Gopalchandra	...	Ditto
Datta, Saratchandra	...	Ditto
De, Jaygopal	...	Ditto
Ghoshal, Chandicharan	...	Ditto
Mitra, Satyasaran	...	Ditto
Pal, Ratanchandra	...	Ditto
Ray, Adharchandra	...	Ditto
Sen, Satyendranath	...	Ditto

PRELIMINARY SCIENTIFIC L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

In Alphabetical order.

Bagchi, Anukulchandra	...	Medical College
„ Jnanendranarayan	...	Ditto
Basu, Hiralal	...	Ditto
„ Narendranath	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Rajendralal	...	Ditto
„ Satyasaran	...	Ditto
Das, Kisorimohan	...	Ditto
„ Nagendranath	...	Ditto
Datta, Chandrakumar	...	Ditto
„ Haridhan	...	Ditto
„ Jogeschandra	...	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	Ditto
De, Syamacharan	...	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Khagendranath	...	Ditto
Gupta, Kesablal	...	Ditto
Johory, J.	...	Ditto
Laha, Nagendranath	...	Ditto
Mitra, Dhanaindranath	...	Ditto
„ Jnanendranath	...	Ditto
„ Pasupati	...	Ditto

Mitra, Taraknath	...	Medical College
Mukhopadhyay, Pramathanath	...	Ditto
„ Purendramohan	...	Ditto
„ Sitanath	...	Ditto
Mustaphi, Jyotishchandra	...	Ditto
Pramanik, Nanilal	...	Ditto
Ray, Basantakumar	..	Ditto
„ Lalitmohan	...	Ditto
Samanta, Bankubihari	...	Ditto
Sanyal, Apurbachandra	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Rameschandra	..	Ditto
Sen, Anangamohan	...	Ditto
„ Kalimohan	...	Ditto
„ Saratchandra	...	Ditto
Sengupta, Satycharan	...	Ditto
Sil, Sudamchandra	...	Ditto
Sinha, Hiralal	...	Ditto
Som, Rajaninath	...	Ditto
Stotesbury, Ida	...	Ditto
Sur, Saratchandra	...	Ditto

FIRST L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

In Alphabetical order.

Baksi, Rasbihari	..	Medical College
Barat, Syamlal	...	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Surendranath	..	Ditto
„ Susilchandra	...	Ditto
Biswas, Saratchandra	..	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Gaurangaprasad	...	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	Ditto
Das, Kailaschandra	...	Ditto
Datta, Narayanchandra	...	Ditto
De, Jaygopal	...	Ditto
„ Syamacharan	...	Ditto
Deb, Mahimlal	...	Ditto
Ghosh, Satyendranath *	...	Ditto
Ghoshal, Chandicharan	...	Ditto
Gupta, Bipinbihari	...	Ditto
Majumdar, Kedarnath	..	Ditto
Mitra, Satischandra	...	Ditto
„ Satyasaran	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Jaminikanta	...	Ditto
Pal, Jyotishchandra	...	Ditto
„ Ratanchandra	...	Ditto
Ray, Adharchandra	...	Ditto
„ Nepalchandra	...	Ditto
Sanyal, Bankimchandra	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Saradakanta	...	Ditto
Sen, Satyendranath	...	Ditto
Sinha, Surendranath	..	Ditto

1893.

SECOND M. B. EXAMINATION.

FIRST DIVISION.

Bhattacharyya, Sureschandra ... Medical College

SECOND DIVISION.

Mukhopadhyay, Jaineswar ... Medical College

SECOND L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

In Alphabetical order.

Aich, Debendrachandra	—	Medical College
Bandyopadhyay, Bipinbihari	...	Ditto
Bhaduri, Aghorchandra	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Chandrakanta	...	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Brindabanchandra	—	Ditto
Dasgupta, Bisweswar	...	Ditto
Datta, Gaurchand	...	Ditto
De, Nriyagopal	...	Ditto
Goswami, Surendranath	...	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Meghnath	...	Ditto
Palit, Sagarlal	...	Ditto
Ray, Banamali	...	Ditto
„ Baradakanta	...	Ditto
Sarkar, Amritatal	...	Ditto
Sen, Surendranath	...	Ditto

SCHOLARSHIPS.

At Second M. B. Examination, Rs. 60 per month, tenable for two years

IN MIDWIFERY.

Chattopadhyay, Syamacharan	...	1867	Medical College
Gupta, Kalipada	...	1868	Ditto

IN MEDICINE.

Ray, Isanchandra	...	1869	Medical College
Gupta, Bankubihari	...	1870	Ditto
Mitra, Bankubihari	...	1871	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Nilmadhab	...	1872	Ditto
Ghosh, Radharaman	...	1876	Ditto

At Second L. M. S. Examination, Rs. 40 per month, tenable for two years.

IN MIDWIFERY.

Sarkar, Mahendralal	...	1861	Medical College
Nandi, Nityananda	—	1862	Ditto

IN SURGERY,

Bandyopadhyay, Rajkrishna	1861	Medical College
Koch, E. L.	1862	Ditto
Keyt, F.	1863	Ditto
Ghosh, Chandramohan	1864	Ditto
Ray, Gopalchandra	1865	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Gobindachandra	1866	Ditto
Gupta, Mahendranath	1867	Ditto
Goswami, Gopalchandra	1869	Ditto

IN MEDICINE,

Sarkar, Mahendralal	1861	Medical College
Nandi, Nityananda	1862	Ditto
Haldar, Kalachand	1863	Ditto
Mitra, Kasikinkar	1865	Ditto
Datta, Haranchandra	1866	Ditto
Ray, Taraprasanna	1867	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Rajmohan	1868	Ditto

At First M. B. Examination, Rs. 32 per month, tenable for two years.

IN DESCRIPTIVE AND SURGICAL ANATOMY.

Chattopadhyay, Syamacharan	1865	Medical College
Ray, Isanchandra	1866	Ditto
Sarkar, Natabar	1875	Ditto
Sadhukhan, Kshirodchandra	1876	Ditto

IN MATERIA MEDICA AND PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY,

Peters, C. T.	1866	Medical College
Das, Pramathanath	1870	Ditto
Ghosh, Radharaman	1874	Ditto
Syed Hosen	1876	Ditto

IN BOTANY.

Gupta, Kalipada	1866	Medical College
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IN PHYSIOLOGY AND COMPARATIVE ANATOMY.

Das, Manmohan	1875	Medical College
Mukhopadhyay, Amarchand	1876	Ditto

At First L. M. S. Examination, Rs. 16 per month, tenable for two years.

IN DESCRIPTIVE AND SURGICAL ANATOMY.

Bandyopadhyay, Rajkrishna	...	1858	Medical College
Bandernaike, A. W. D.	...	1859	Ditto
Ghosh, Chandramohan	...	1862	Ditto
De, Akshaykumar	...	1863	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Gobindachandra	...	1864	Ditto

IN CHEMISTRY.

Mitra, Nabinchandra	...	1858	Medical College
Koch, E. L.	...	1859	Ditto
Rudra, Radharaman	...	1860	Ditto
Som, Dayalchandra	...	1862	Ditto
Pal, Janaranjan	...	1863	Ditto
Datta, Haranchandra	...	1864	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Rajmohan	...	1866	Ditto

IN MATERIA MEDICA.

McReddie, G. D.	...	1858	Medical College
Acharyya, Kamakhyanath	...	1859	Ditto
Haldar, Kalachand	...	1860	Ditto
Basu, Benimadhab	...	1862	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Jadabchandra	...	1863	Ditto
Saha, Brajanath	...	1870	Ditto

IN BOTANY.

Sarkar, Mahendralal	...	1858	Medical College
Nandi, Nityananda	...	1859	Ditto
Carbery, Joseph	...	1860	Ditto
Datta, Kedarnath	...	1863	Ditto
Basu, Priyanath	...	1865	Ditto

IN PHYSIOLOGY AND COMPARATIVE ANATOMY.

Mitra, Matilal	...	1864	Medical College
Ray, Taraprasanna	...	1895	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Harischandra	...	1866	Ditto

Gold medals to the value of Rs. 100 each awarded at the Second M. B. Examination.

Chattopadhyay, Manmathanath	...	1890	Medical College
Sen, Hemchandra	...	1891	Ditto
Das, Kedarnath	...	1892	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Sureschandra	...	1893	Ditto

Graduates.

ENGINEERING.

B. C. E.

In Alphabetical order.

Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath	..	1880	Presidency College
Basu, Ambikacharan	...	1875	Ditto
" Surendrakumar	...	1880	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
Biswas, Gangachandra	...	1877	Presidency College
Bremner, A. G.	...	1872	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Nagendranath	...	1876	Ditto
" Bhutnath	...	1879	Ditto
" Satkari	...	1864	Ditto
" Upendranath	...	1879	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Ambikacharan	...	1864	Ditto
" Nitaigobinda	...	1873	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Sureschandra	...	1878	Ditto
Ghoshal, Haripada	...	1883	Ditto
Gupta, Nabinkrishna	...	1875	Ditto
Lahiri, Asutosh	...	1876	Ditto
Majumdar, Ramratan	...	1868	Ditto
Mitra, Sasibhushan	...	1875	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Atulkrishna	...	1877	Ditto
" Rajendranath	...	1883	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
Pal, Haridas	...	1875	Presidency College
Rajak, Biharilal	...	1877	Ditto
Ray, Jagadischandra	...	1877	Ditto
" Madhabchandra	...	1869	Ditto
Rees, J. C.	...	1873	Ditto
Sarkar, Annadaprasad	...	1883	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
Sen, Bamacharan	...	1880	Presidency College
" Kalipada	...	1869	Ditto
" Mahendranath	...	1876	Ditto

THEORETICAL PART OF THE EXAMINATION FOR THE LICENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

In Alphabetical order.

Adams, H. M.	...	1861*	Cal. C. E. College
Chandra, Mahendralal	...	1862	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Hemchandra	...	1862	Ditto
" Mathurnath	...	1861	Ditto
Chandhuri, Kunjabihari	...	1862	Ditto
Das, Bholanath	...	1862	Ditto
De, Baikunthanath	...	1861	Ditto
" Jadabchandra	...	1891	Ditto
" Matilal	...	1862	Ditto

Ghosh, Rameschandra	...	1862	Cal. C. E. College
„ Umeschandra	...	1862	Ditto
Mitra, Parbaticharan	...	1862	Ditto
Mukhopadhyay, Binodchand	...	1862	Ditto
„ Ramkrishna	...	1862	Ditto
Pandit, Suryyakumar	...	1862	Ditto
Ray, Dhaneschandra	...	1862	Ditto
Sen, Dinanath	...	1861	Ditto

L. C. E.

In Alphabetical order.

Ash, Matilal	...	1875	Presidency College
Atkinson, A. D.	...	1865	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Atulchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Bhushanchandra	...	1882	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
„ Dharanidhar	...	1872	Presidency College
„ Gopallal	...	1876	Ditto
„ Haranchandra	...	1870	Ditto
„ Kantichandra	...	1868	Ditto
„ Nagendranath	...	1880	Ditto
„ Priyanath	...	1867	Ditto
„ Rajkrishna	...	1864	Cal. C. E. College
„ Satyacharan	...	1881	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
„ Trailokyanath	...	1873	Presidency College
Basak, Lalitmohan	...	1881	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
Basu, Bhubanmohan	...	1867	Presidency College
„ Binaykrishna	...	1875	Ditto
„ Kenaram	...	1875	Ditto
„ Kunjabihari	...	1877	Ditto
Bhar, Girischandra	...	1875	Ditto
Biswas, Priyakrishna	...	1878	Ditto
Byers, T. B.	...	1881	Ditto
Byers, P. W.	...	1881	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
Chakrabarti, Bhutnath	...	1878	Presidency College
„ Durgacharan	...	1876	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Bhabadeb	...	1880	Ditto
„ Bhutnath	...	1878	Ditto
„ Asutosh	...	1880	Ditto
„ Gopalchandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Haridas	...	1878	Ditto
„ Kalisankar	...	1871	Ditto
„ Purnachandra	...	1877	Ditto
„ Rakhaldas	...	1871	Ditto
„ Upendranath	...	1878	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Amritlal	...	1867	Ditto
„ Kirtichandra	...	1872	Ditto
Daniari, Prasannakumar	...	1872	Ditto
Das, Herambanath	...	1874	Ditto
„ Kedarnath	...	1864	Cal. C. E. College
„ Rajkrishna	...	1875	Presidency College
Datta, Abhaycharan	...	1880	Ditto

Datta, Girischandra	...	1876	Presidency College
De, Nibaranchandra	...	1878	Ditto
„ Jnanendranath	...	1880	Ditto
DeRozario, F.	...	1873	Ditto
Ghosh, Jogindranath	...	1877	Ditto
„ Kshetranath	...	1867	Ditto
„ Priyanath	...	1870	Ditto
Ghoshal, Hariprasad	...	1883	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
Guha, Radaraman	...	1880	Presidency College
Kumar, Rajkrishna	...	1864	Cal. C. E. College
Lakersteen, M. R.	...	1867	Presidency College
Marik, Akhilchandra	...	1885	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
Martin, J. Arnold	...	1883	Ditto
Milne, W. P.	...	1872	Presidency College
Mitra, Asutosh	...	1864	Cal. C. E. College
Mukhopadhyay, Aghornath	...	1870	Presidency College
„ Anadinath	...	1867	Ditto
„ Bamacharan	...	1880	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
„ Bankubihari	...	1885	Ditto
„ Binaykrishna	...	1877	Presidency College
„ Jogindranath	...	1868	Ditto
„ Kaliprasanna	...	1870	Ditto
„ Kisorimohan	...	1876	Ditto
Pal, Binodbihari	...	1877	Ditto
„ Brindabanchandra	...	1876	Ditto
„ Haricharan	...	1877	Ditto
„ Prasannakumar	...	1872	Ditto
Patnaik, Sudamchandra	...	1869	Ditto
Ray, Abinaschandra	...	1880	Ditto
„ Chandramohan	...	1872	Ditto
„ Jnanchandra	...	1869	Ditto
„ Sitaprasanna	...	1882	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
Sarkar, Purnachandra	...	1865	Presidency College
Sen, Prankrishna	...	1881	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah
„ Prasannakumar	...	1877	Presidency College
Sinha, Udaynarayan	...	1869	Ditto
Swinden, J. R.	...	1872	Ditto
Warde, Charles P.	...	1883	Govt. Eng. Col., Howrah

B. E.

In Alphabetical order.

Bhattacharyya, Surendranath	...	1892	Civil Engineering College
Bond, C. H.	...	1892	Ditto
Chandra, Adharlal	...	1889	Ditto
Chattapadhyay, Satischandra	...	1889	Ditto
Das, Girischandra	...	1891	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Haridas	...	1890	Ditto
Godfrey, J. B.	...	1890	Ditto
Lahiri, Mohanimohan	...	1891	Ditto

Mitra, Benimadhab	...	1887	Govt. Engineering College
" Saradacharan	...	1892	Civil Engineering College
Mukhopadhyay, Kshirodchandra	...	1890	Ditto
" Nagendranath	...	1888	Govt. Engineering College
Po Thoung	...	1890	Civil Engineering College
Sengupta, Madhusudan	...	1892	Ditto
Sorabji, Shavaksha	...	1886	Govt. Engineering College

L. E. EXAMINATION.

In alphabetical order.

Abdul Rahman	...	1890	Civil Engineering College
Barat, Surendranath	...	1888	Govt. Engineering College
Bandyopadhyay, Krishnadhan	...	1889	Civil Engineering College
Bion, F. F.	...	1890	Ditto
Bremner, W. S.	...	1889	Ditto
Bhattacharyya, Kalibar	...	1889	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Nabakumar	...	1889	Ditto
Das, Jadunath	...	1890	Ditto
Datta, Mahendranath	...	1890	Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Jnanendranath	...	1889	Ditto
Ghosh, Bankimkrishna	...	1890	Ditto
Hanby, W. A. E.	...	1885	Govt. Engineering College
Hpo Thine	...	1886	Ditto
Khastgir, Satyaranjan	...	1891	Ditto
Majumdar, Trailokyanath	...	1890	Civil Engineering College
Martindell, H. E. W.	...	1888	Govt. Engineering College
Mitra, Nagendranath	...	1890	Civil Engineering College
Mukhopadhyay, Ahindrachandra	...	1892	Ditto
" Haricharan	...	1888	Govt. Engineering College
" Rajendranath	...	1889	Civil Engineering College
" Upendranath	...	1891	Ditto
Pal, Anangamohan	...	1892	Ditto
Sedgley, G. J. St. John	...	1891	Ditto
Sen, Saratchandra	...	1889	Ditto
Webber, V. B.	...	1888	Govt. Engineering College

1893.

B. E. EXAMINATION.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit

Pal, Saradasundar	...	C. E. College, Sibpur.
De, Syamacharan	...	Ditto

L. E. EXAMINATION.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bhattacharyya, Amulyakrishna	...	C. E. College, Sibpur.
Chattopadhyay, Baidyanath	...	Ditto
Sur, Saratchandra	...	Ditto

1892.

F. E. EXAMINATION.

FIRST DIVISION.

De, Syamacharan	...	Civil Engineering College
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SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Gupta, Pyaricharan	...	Civil Engineering College
Pal, Saradasundar	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Baidyanath	...	Ditto
Sur, Saratchandra	..	Ditto
Majumdar, Kedarnath	...	Ditto
Mallik, Jatindranath	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Parescharan	...	Ditto
Kyaw Tun	...	Ditto
Basu, Manmathakumar	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Kshetramohan	...	Ditto

1893.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Sen, Basantakumar	...	Civil Engineering College
Chakrabarti, Srischandra	...	Ditto
Bhaduri, Harimadhab	...	Ditto
Basu, Manmohan	...	Ditto
Das, Manmohan	...	Ditto
Pramanik, Rasamay	...	Ditto
Palit, Jatindranath	..	Ditto
Mallik, Phanilal	...	Ditto
Sen, Kalinarayan	...	Ditto

Datta, Nagendranath	...	Civil Engineering College
Mitra, Surendranath	--	Ditto
De, Nilmani	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Debendranath	...	Ditto
Talapatra, Jadabchandra	...	Ditto
Biswas, Binodbihari	...	Ditto

Gold medals to the value of Rs. 100 each awarded at the Engineering Examinations.

L. C. E

Sen, Dinanath	...	1861 Cal. C. E. College
Majumdar, Ramratan	...	1862 Ditto

B. C. E.

Sen, Mahendranath	...	1876 Presidency College
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B. E.

Das, Girischandra	..	1891 Civil Engineering College
Sengupta, Madhu	..	1892 Ditto

Graduates—M. A.

1893.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Chakrabarti, Hrishikes	...	Presidency College
Das, Bhushanchandra	...	Ditto
Guha, Rajanikanta	...	Private Student
Bandyopadhyay, Jaygopal	...	Ditto
Chattopadhyay, Jyotirmay	...	Presidency College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Bamandas	...	Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Pramathanath	...	Ditto
Vishwanath Ganpat Rao	...	Ditto
Gharpurey	...	Ditto
Bandyopadhyay, Asutosh	...	General Assembly's Institution
Mukhopadhyay, Bipinbihari	...	Presidency College
Sarkar, Jogindranath	...	Ditto
Chaudhuri, Kisoriballabh	...	General Assembly's Institution
Basu, Surendranath	...	Presidency College
Mallik, Surendranath	...	Ditto
Basu, Akshaykumar	...	General Assembly's Institution

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Maulik, Purnachandra	...	Presidency College
Shripati Balwant Rao Gharpurey	...	Ditto
Biswas, Srischandra	...	Private Student
Ray, Saratchandra	...	General Assembly's Institution
Datta, Jogindrakrishna	...	Metropolitan Institution
Ghosh, Narasinhachandra	...	Ditto
Chakrabarti, Sudhansunath	...	General Assembly's Institution
Gangopadhyay, Kshetramohan	...	Metropolitan Institution

SANSKRIT.

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Haripada	...	Sanskrit College
Bhattacharyya, Surendranath	...	Ditto
Mukunda Raghava Pathak	...	Ditto
Acharyya, Satishchandra	...	Ditto

PERSIAN.

CLASS II.

Kushal Pal Sinha

— Agra College

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Pramathanath	... Private Student
Billing, W.	... Teacher
Basu, Prabodchandra	... Presidency College

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Das, Latitmohan	... Presidency College
Chattopadhyay, Asitaranjan	... Private Student
" Manmathanath	... Ditto
Das, Benimadhab	... Ditto

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Pal, Asutosh

— Presidency College

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Biswas, Rakhalraj	... General Assembly's Institution
Das, Kailaschandra	... Ditto
Sarkar, Surendranath	... Ditto

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Dhanapati	... Presidency College
De, Krishnachandra	... Ditto
Ghosh, Saratchandra	... General Assembly's Institution
Sarkar, Sasibhusan	... Ditto

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (A).

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Mukhopadhyay, Bankimchandra	... Presidency College
Shankur Laxman Gokhale	... Ditto
De, Chunilal	... Ditto
Bhavaniprasad	... Ditto

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Datta, Barunchandra	... Presidency College
Niyogi, Bipinbihari	... Ditto

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (B).

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Bhaumik, Rajanikanta	... Victoria College, Cooch-Bihar
Kundu, Mahendranath	— City College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (C).

CLASS I.

In order of merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath	... Presidency College
Mallik, Satyendrachandra	... Ditto
Gangopadhyay, Kaliprasanna	... Ditto

CLASS II.

In order of merit.

Majumdar, Saratchandra	... Presidency College
Basu, Debendranath	... Ditto

CLASS III.

In order of merit.

Basu, Pramathanath	— Presidency College
Laha, Bharatbandhu	... Dacca College

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (E).

CLASS II.

Acharyya, Prankrishna	... Private Student
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Graduates.

HONOURS IN LAW.

1893.

Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh	... Private Student
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D. L.

1894.

Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh	... Private Student
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PART III.

EXAMINATION PAPERS.

Entrance Examination.

1893.

ENGLISH TEXT.

Head Examiner—MR. F. J. ROWE, M. A.

<i>Examiners</i> —	{	BABU DEBENDRANATH BASU, M. A.
		„ MATILAL CHATTERJEE, M. A.
		„ LALITKUMAR BANERJEE, M. A.
		„ JNANRANJAN BANERJEE, M. A.
		„ DHANABALLABH SET, M. A.
		„ DURGADAS MUKERJEE, M. A.
		„ LALGOPAL CHAKRABARTI, M. A.
		MR. ZAHADUR RAHIM ZAHID, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain, showing the connexion of each extract with its context and noticing all allusions : 15
 - (1) They are so unacquainted with man
Their tameness is shocking to me.
 - (2) My dog shall mortify the pride
Of man's superior breed.
 - (3) "Dust thou art, to dust returnest,"
Was not spoken of the soul.
2. (1) Quote from *Alexander Selkirk* the eight-lined stanza beginning "Society, friendship, and love—," and explain the last line of the stanza. 10
 - (2) Quote from *A Psalm of Life* the stanza beginning "Trust no Future—," and explain the second line of the stanza. 5
3. (1) "We have over and over again the story of Prometheus." What is that story, and how is it applied in the account of Isaac Newton? 5
 - (2) "He afterwards contrived to acquire some knowledge of the Classics; and becoming in this manner qualified for taking Holy Orders, was ordained, and appointed to the curacy of his native parish, which was at that time of the value of five pounds per annum." Explain. 5
 - (3) "Success in that sphere of life (politics) is achieved less by talent than by temper." 5

Explain, and show how the character and career of Pitt and of Hampden illustrate the saying.

4. Give in your own words an account of Granville Sharp's efforts to obtain the abolition of the slave-trade as carried on in England. 15

5. Explain the meaning of the following expressions: 15
 "going forth for a constitutional walk;" "a man who makes no use of his environment;" "men who make their brain their servant, instead of their master;" "Howard's hard labour in the Lord's vineyard;" "in remembrance of the halcyon days of youth."

6. (1) Parse all the words in italics in the following stanza: 9

*Not blither is the mountain roe :
 With many a wanton stroke
 Her feet disperse the powdery snow
 That rises up like smoke.*

(2) Analyse:— 6

O, had I the wings of a dove,
 How soon would I taste you again.

7. Give Miss Martineau's main rules for the preservation of his health by a student. 15

8. Turn into indirect narration:— 15

"I wish I were the captain, for your sake," cried L. Clavell to some idle sailors.

"And pray, Clavell, what would you have done, if you had been captain?" said the admiral.

"I would have flogged them well, Sir."

"No, you would not, Clavell;" he replied, "I know you better."

ENGLISH GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION.

Head Examiner—MR. F. J. ROWE, M. A.

Examiners—	{	REV. J. N. FARQUHAR, B. A.
		„ G. BRUCE, M. A.
		„ J. EDWARDS, M. A.
		„ A. B. WANN, M. A., B. D.
		„ J. LAMB, M. A., B. D.
		MR. E. M. WHEELER, M. A.
		„ W. BILLING, B. A.
	{	„ C. F. DE LA FOSSE, B. A.

PART I. (a).

BENGALI.

Translate into English:—

অনেক বৎসর অতীত হইল ইংলণ্ডদেশে এক কৃষক বাস করিত।
 কৃষক এত পরিশ্রম করিত যে তাহার ক্ষেত্রে ঐ প্রদেশের অপরা
 সকলের ক্ষেত্র অপেক্ষা অধিক ফসল জন্মিত। প্রতিবাসিনা মনে

করিত যে সে মায়া-বিদ্যার প্রভাবে এত ভাল ফসল উৎপন্ন করে। অবশেষে তাহার তাহাকে ঐন্দ্রজালিক বলিয়া মেজেস্ট্রেটের নিকট তাহার নামে অভিযোগ করিল। কৃষকের জবাব তলব হইলে সে তাহার এক বলিষ্ঠ, নীরোগ বালককে ও তাহার লাঙ্গলবাহক গৃহপালিত পশুগুলিকে বিচার-পতির সম্মুখে উপস্থিত করিয়া বলিল, “আমার ক্ষেত্রে যে কণ্টকাদি জন্মে তাহা এই বালক উঠাইয়া ফেলে ; আমি ক্ষেত্রে ভাল করিয়া সার দিয়া থাকি ; দেখুন আমার লাঙ্গলের অবস্থা খুব ভাল, আর এই পশুগুলিকে আমি এত যত্ন করিয়া থাকিয়াই যে এ প্রদেশে আর এরূপ বলিষ্ঠ পশু আপনি দেখিতে পাইবেন না। এখন দেখুন কৃষিকার্য্যে আমি কি মায়াবলের সাহায্য পাইয়া থাকি ! আমার প্রতিবাসীদিগের মধ্যে কেহ আমার স্তায় এই সকল উপায় অবলম্বন করিলে তিনিও আমার স্তায় উত্তম ফসল পাইবেন।”

মেজেস্ট্রেট সাহেব বলিলেন যে তিনি পূর্বে কখন কোন আসামীর এরূপ ভাল জবাব শুনে নাই। পরে তিনি কৃষকের পরিশ্রমের বিষয়ে বহু প্রশংসা করিয়া তাহাকে বিদায় দিয়াছিলেন।

রাম ও শ্রাম।

রাম—নমস্কার। শ্রাম, কেমন আছ ?

শ্রাম—নমস্কার। আছি ভাল ; কত কালের পর দেখা হ’ল।

রাম—অনেক কালই বটে। বলি, এখন তো বি, এ, উপাধি পেয়েছ ; কি কর্বে ঠিক করেছ ? দাদা কাল আমাকে বলছিলেন যে তোমার কাউন্সিলি হবার ইচ্ছা আছে। সত্য না কি ?

শ্রাম—হাঁ, তাই বটে। একটা কাজ তো খুঁজে নিতেই হ’বে ; কিন্তু মনে করে দেখ, এখন সকল ব্যবসাই পূরে গেছে, নূতন লোকের স্থান পাওয়া ভার।

রাম—বারিষ্টারি, ডাক্তারি প্রভৃতি বড় বড় সকল ব্যবসাই পূরে গেছে বটে ; কিন্তু আর কিছু দেখলে হয় না ? চাবাগান করার কথা কি বল ?

শ্রাম—তা হ’লে তো আমি আর কিছুই চাই না। কিন্তু যদি সমস্ত ভারতবর্ষ খুঁজে দেখ, তাহ’লে একটা এমন প্রদেশ পাবে না যেখানে বেশী পুঁজী না থাকে চাবাগান খোলা যেতে পারে। আমার তো নিজের কয়েক শতমাত্র টাকা আছে।

राम—हैं। ता बटे, कयैक शत टाकाते चावागान थोला यात्र ना। एथन डाई, देरि हछे, सक्कार पर ठोमादेर बाड़िते गिये देखा कम्बो आर ए विषये कथा कहैवो। एथन आनि।

HINDI.

Translate into English :—

बहुत बरस पहिले इंग्लिखान में एक किसान रहता था; वह ऐसी कड़ी मेहनत से काम करता था, कि, उसकी जमीन सारे जिले में सब से बढ़के उपजाऊ थी। उसके पड़ोसियों ने सोचा कि, यह हमारी जमीनों से बढ़के ऐसी अच्छी फसल अपनी जमीन में पैदा करने के लिये ज़रूर कुछ आदु काम में लाता है। इस लिये वे उसे मजिस्ट्रेटके सामने लाए, और उन्होंने उस पर आदुगिर होनेका दोष लगाया। किसानसे उसका जबाब पूछे जाने पर उसने अपने मजबूत और तनदुरुस्त लड़केको, और अपना हल, और उन चौपायोंको, जो हल चलाते थे, सामने लाके दाखिर किया। और उसने कहा कि, यह लड़का उन घास पातोंको साफ़ करता है, जो मेरी जमीनपर जमते हैं। मैं उसमें ऊँधारी के साथ खात देता हूँ। आप देखिए, मेरा हल बहुत ठीक बना हुआ है, और मेरे चौपाये, जिनको मैं अच्छी तरह खिलानेके लिये कोश करता हूँ, इस देश में सब चौपायोंसे मजबूत हैं। देखिए, यही सब आदु हैं, जिनको मैं मेरे खेत के इन्तिज़ामके लिये काम में लाता हूँ। मेरे पड़ोसियों में से हर आदमी, जो वह इन्ही सामानोंको काम में लाए, वैसी अच्छी फसल पा सक्ता है, जैसी मैं पाता हूँ।

मजिस्ट्रेटने कहा “मैंने इससे बढ़के अच्छा जबाब कभी नहीं सुना”। और उसने उस किसानकी मेहनतकी बड़ी तारीफ़ करके उसको छोड़ दिया।

राम और श्याम।

राम—श्याम, मसखार। आप कैसे हैं ?

श्याम—आपको धन्यवाद देता हूँ, मैं बहुत अच्छा हूँ। अब को पिछली बार मिले बहुत दिन हुए।

राम—ठीक है, बहुत दिन हुए। अब आप क्या करना चाहते हैं, आप अपनी डिग्री (degree) तो ले चुके? मेरे बड़े भाई ने कल मुझसे कहा कि, आप वकालत करनेका इरादा रखते थे; क्या यह सच है?

श्याम—हां जी, मैं समझता हूँ कि, मुझे जरूर कुछ काम दूँगा पड़ेगा। पर समझिए, इन दिनों पेशेके सब कामोंमें इतने लोग हो गए हैं, कि, नए आदमियोंके लिये कोई जगह नहीं दिखाती।

राम—सच है, बारिखदरी, डाकदारी वगैरह, पढ़े लिखे लोगों के सब पेशोंका जाल यही है। पर और किसी बातके लिये क्यों नहीं अतन करते, जैसे कि, चाणकी खेती।

श्याम—ऐसी और कोई बात नहीं है, जिसे मैं इस बड़के पसन्द करूँ। पर जो आप सारे हिन्दुस्तानको दूँदें तो, आप एक भी जिला न पाईएगा, जहां बिन जियादे पूंजीके आपके बागका काम किया जा सक्ता है, और मेरे फकत कई सौ रुपये हैं।

राम—हां, कई सौ रुपयेसे नया बाग खोलनेका काम नहीं चलैगा। अब देर होती है, मैं आपके घर शामको मिलूंगा और इस बारेमें बातचीत करूंगा। अब नमस्कार करता हूँ।

• URDU.

Translate into English :—

برسوں گذرے کہ انگلستان میں ایک کسان رہتا تھا - اور وہ
اسی درجہ محنتی تھا کہ اوسکی زمین ضلع بھر میں سب سے
زیادہ زرخیز تھی - اوسکے ہمسایہ والوں نے خیال کیا کہ اوسنے
بے شک جادو کے زور سے اپنی زمین کو اچھا غلہ پیدا کرنے والی
وہ نسبت اورونکی زمین کے بذایا ہی اسلئے اوس پر جادوگر ہونیکا
جور قایم کیا اور مجسٹریٹ صاحب کے سامنے اوس کو حاضر

کیا ۔ اوس کسان کو جب اپنے رہائی کے لئے جواب داخل کرنیکو کہا گیا اوسنے ایک لڑکا مضبوط اور تندرست یعنی اپنے بیٹے کو اور اپنے ہل اور مویشی جو اوس ہل کو کھنچتے تھے مسجسٹریٹ صاحب کے سامنے پیش کیا اور اوس نے کہا کہ یہ لڑکا میرے کھیت کی جسقدر خراب قسم کی ہوتی ہی اوسکو اوکھاز کر پھینکتا ہی اور میں اوس زمین میں بہت اچھی طرح سے کھاد دیتا ہوں ۔ آپ دیکھتے ہیں کہ میرا ہل بہت ٹھیک اور درست ہی اور میرے چارپائی جذبے کھلانے میں پوری فکر کرتا ہوں سارے ملک میں زیادہ قوی اور مضبوط ہیں اور آپ خیال کریں کہ یہی جادو ہی جو میں اپنے کشتکاری کے انتظام میں برتنا ہوں ۔ ہر کوئی میرے ہمسایوں میں سے ویسی ہی اچھا غلہ پیدا کر سکتا ہی جیسا میں بشرطیکہ وہ بھی وہی ترکیبیں کرے جیسا میں کرتا ہوں مسجسٹریٹ نے یہ کہہ کر کہ میں نے اس سے بہتر بحث نہیں سنی کسان کو اوسکے محنت پر بہت شاباشی دیکر رخصت کیا *

رام و شام

رام شام سلام تم کیسے ہو *

شام میں بہت اچھا ہوں اور آپ کا شکریہ ادا کرتا ہوں *

ہم لوگوں سے جو 'اخیر ملاقات ہوئی اوسے کئے دن ہوے *

رام واقعی میں بہت دن ہوے ۔ اب تو تم نے دگری پائی اب تمہارا کیا کرنیکا ارادہ ہی ؟ کل میرے بڑے بھائی نے مجھے کہا کہ تمہارا خیال کچھ وکالت کرنیکا ہوتا ہی ۔ کیا یہ ٹھیک ہے *

شام ہاں میں خیال کرتا ہوں کہ اب مجھے کوئی نوکری تلاش کرنا چاہئے لیکن یہ بات ذرا خیال کرنے کی ہی کہ آج کل ہر قسم کے پیشہ میں کس درجہ لوگ کثرت سے ہیں کہ نئے آدمی کے واسطے کوئی جگہ نہیں معلوم ہوتی ہی *

رام بھ تو سچ ہی جتنے علمی پیشہ ہیں سب کی بھی حالت
ہی جیسے بیرسٹری ڈاکٹری وغیرہ لیکن اور کوئی پیشہ کیوں نہیں
کرتے جیسے چای کی زراعت *

شام اس سے بڑھکر مجھے کوئی پیشہ پسند نہیں لیکن اگر
تم ہندوستان بھر میں ڈھونڈو تو تم شاید ہی کوئی ضلع پاؤ گے
کہ جہاں بغیر بری پونجی کے چالے کا کارخانہ قائم کیا جاسکتا ہو اور
میرے پاس صرف کئی سو روپیہ ہیں *

رام ہاں بھ تو سچ ہی - کئی سو روپیہ سے ایک نیا باغ قائم
کرنے میں چنداں مدد نہیں ملیگی - خیر اب نا وقت ہوتا جاتا
ہی آج شام کو میں تمہارے گھر آؤں گا اور پھر اس بارہ میں باتیں
کروں گا اسوقت رخصت ہوتا ہوں *

URIYA.

Translate into English :—

ଅନେକ ବର୍ଷ ପୂର୍ବରେ ଇଂଲଣ୍ଡ ଦେଶରେ ଜଣେ କୃଷକ ଥିଲେ,
ସେ ଏପରି କଠିନ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାରୀ ଥିଲେ ଯେ ତାଙ୍କର ଜମୀ ସମସ୍ତ
ଜିଲ୍ଲା ମଧ୍ୟରେ ସର୍ବାଧିକ ଉତ୍ପାଦ ଥିଲା । ତାଙ୍କର ପ୍ରତିବାରୀମାନେ
ଭବିଷ୍ୟେ କି ଯେ ସେ ଅବଶ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ଜାଦୁବିଦ୍ୟା ବ୍ୟବହାର
କରନ୍ତି, ଯହିଁରେ କି ତାଙ୍କର ଜମୀ ସେମାନଙ୍କର ଜମୀ ଅପେକ୍ଷା
ଉତ୍ତମ ଫସଲ ଉତ୍ପାଦ କରେ ; ଏମନ୍ତେ ସେମାନେ ତାଙ୍କୁ ବିଭିନ୍ନ-
ପଦ୍ଧତି ପାଖକୁ ନେଇ ଗଲେ ଏବଂ ଜାଦୁକାର ବୋଲି ଅଭିଯୋଗ
କଲେ । କୃଷକ ଜବାବ ଦେବାକୁ ଅବଶ୍ୟ ହୁଅନ୍ତେ, ସେ ତାଙ୍କର
ବଲ୍ଲବାନ ସୁସ୍ଥ ପୁଅକୁ, ଆନ୍ତର ତାଙ୍କର ହଲ ଏବଂ ହଲ ଟାଣିବା
ଗବାଦ ପଶୁକୁ ଉପସ୍ଥିତ କଲେ । ସେ କହିଲେ “ଏହି ବାଲକ
ଜମୀର ସବୁ ଘାସ ଉପାଡ଼େ, ଆମ୍ଭେ ଯନ୍ତ୍ରପୂର୍ବକ ଖଜ ଦେଉଁ ।
ଆପଣ ଦେଖନ୍ତୁ ମୋହର ହଲ ଉଲ୍ଲୁଖ ଅଟେ, ଆମ୍ଭର ଗବାଦ ପଶୁ,
ଯାହାକୁ ଆମ୍ଭେ ଅତି ଯତ୍ନରେ ଭଲକରି ଖୁଆଉଁ, ଦେଶ ମଧ୍ୟରେ

ସଦାପେକ୍ଷା ବଳବାନ୍ ହୁଏ । ଦେଖନ୍ତୁ ଏହିସବୁ ଜାଦୁ ଅମ୍ଭେ ଆମ୍ଭର ଶୁଷ୍ଟ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟରେ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରୁ । ଆମ୍ଭର ପ୍ରତିବାସି ମାନଙ୍କ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଯେ କେହି ସେହି ପରି ଉପାୟ କରେ, ଆମ୍ଭପରି ଉତ୍ତମ ଫଳ ପାଇ ପାରନ୍ତି ।”

ବିଚାରକର୍ତ୍ତା କହିଲେ ଯେ ସେ କେବେହେଁ ଏପରି ଭଲ ପ୍ରତିବାଦ ଶୁଣି ନାହାନ୍ତି । ଏବଂ ସେ କୃଷକର ପରିଶ୍ରମର ଅନେକ ପ୍ରଶଂସା କରି ତାକୁ ବିଦାୟ ଦେଲେ ।—

ରାମ ଏବଂ ଶ୍ୟାମ ।

ରାମ—ନମସ୍କାର ଶ୍ୟାମ, ତୁମ୍ଭର ସବୁ ଭଲ ?

ଶ୍ୟାମ—ଆପଣଙ୍କର ଅନୁଗ୍ରହେ ସବୁ ଭଲ । ଅନେକ ଦିନ ହେଲା ଆପଣଙ୍କ ସଙ୍ଗରେ ଦେଖା ହୋଇ ଥିଲା ।

ରାମ—ବାସ୍ତବ ଅନେକ ଦିନ । ତୁମ୍ଭେ ଉପାଧିପତି ପାଇ-ଅଛ, ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନ କଣ କର ? କାଲି ମୋର ଭାଇ କହୁଥିଲେ କି ଯେ ତୁମ୍ଭେ ଓକାଲତି କରିବାକୁ ମାନସ କରିଅଛୁ ;—ସତ୍ୟ ନା ?

ଶ୍ୟାମ—ହଁ । ବୋଧ କରେ ଅବଶ୍ୟ କୌଣସି ନା କୌଣସି କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଖୁଜିବାକୁ ହେବ । ମାତ୍ର ଦେଖନ୍ତୁ ଆଜି କାଲି ବ୍ୟବସାୟ ସବୁ ଏପରି ଲୋକ ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ହୋଇଗଲାଣି ଯେ ସେଠାରେ ନୂତନ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିର ସ୍ଥାନ ପାଇବା ସମ୍ଭବ ନୁହେଁ ।

ରାମ—ବାସ୍ତବ ଏହା ସତ୍ୟ, କି ଓକାଲତି, କି ତାକୁରି, ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ସବୁ ବିଦ୍ୟାସମ୍ପନ୍ନୀୟ ବ୍ୟବସାୟ ଏହି ପରି ହୋଇ-ଅଛି ।—ମାତ୍ର ଆଉ କିଛି ଅନ୍ୟପ୍ରକାର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟର ଚେଷ୍ଟା କରୁ ନାହିଁ କାହିଁକି—ଯେମନ୍ତ ଚା-ବଗିଚା ?

ଶ୍ୟାମ—ମୁଁ ତାହା ଯତ୍ନରେ ନାହିଁ ପଚାରି କରେ,—ମାତ୍ର ଗୋଟା ଭାରତବର୍ଷ ଜାକ ଖୁଜିଲେ ମଧ୍ୟ ଏପରି ଭଲ ମିଳିବା

ଦୁଇର, ଯେଉଁଠାରେ କି ଅଳ୍ପ ଫୁଲରେ ଚା-ବଗିଚା
କିଛି ଯାଇ ପାରେ । ତହିଁରେ ଫୁଲ ମୋର କେତେକ
ଶତ ମାତ୍ର ଟଙ୍କା ଫୁଲ ଅଛି ।

ରାମ—ହଁ ଗୋଟା ନୁହଁ । ବଗିଚା କରବାକୁ ଗଲେ ଏତେ ଅଳ୍ପ
ଟଙ୍କାରେ କେତେକା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ହେବ ? ମାତ୍ର ସେପରି
ହେବାକୁ ବା ସମସ୍ତ ନାହିଁ ? ଯାହାହେଉ ଅଳ୍ପ ସନ୍ଧ୍ୟା-
ବେଳେ ତୁମ୍ଭେ ଘରଠାରେ ଦେଖା କରବା ଏବଂ ଏ
କ୍ଷଣସ୍ୱର ପରାମର୍ଶ କରବା । ବର୍ତ୍ତମାନ ମୁଁ ଆସେ ।—

MAHRATHI.

Translate into English :—

ପୁଷ୍କଳ ବର୍ଷା ପୂର୍ବେ ଇଂଲଣ୍ଡାନ୍ତ ଏକ ଶ୍ରେତକରୀ ରହାତ ଅସେ . ତୋ
ହତକା ମେହନତୀ ହୋତା କିଁ ତାଚ୍ଚା ଜମିନିତ ତା ପ୍ରାତାଂତୀଳ
ସର୍ବ ଜମିନୀପେଚ୍ଚା ଚାଂଗଲେଁ ପିକ୍ ଥେତ ଅସେ . ତାଚ୍ଚା ଶ୍ରେଜାନ୍ତା
ପାଜାନ୍ତାଂନା ବାଟେ କିଁ ଜ୍ୟା ଅର୍ଥୀଁ ଆମଚ୍ଚା ଜମିନୀଁ ପେଚ୍ଚାଁ ହାଁ
ଆପତ୍ତା ଜମିନିତ ହତକିଁ ଉତ୍ତମ ପିକ୍ ଉତ୍ପନ୍ନ କରତୋ ତା ଅର୍ଥୀଁ
ହା କାଂହିଁ ତରୀ ଜାଡୁଟୋପ୍ୟାଚ୍ଚେ ପ୍ରୟୋଗ କରୀତ ଅସଣା ପାହିଜେ .
ଯା କାରଣା ବରୁନ ତାଂନୀଁ ତାଳା ମୌଜଦାରା ପୁଠେଁ ନେଲେଁ ଆଞ୍ଝି ତା
ବର ହା ଜାଡୁଗାର ଆହେ ଅସା ଆରୋପ ଠେବଣା . ଶ୍ରେତକନ୍ତାଳା
ଜେହ୍ନାଁ ଯା ଆରୋପାଞ୍ଚା ଜବାବ ଦେପ୍ୟା ବିଷୟିଁ ଆଜ୍ଞା ଭାଜୀ ତେହ୍ନାଁ
ତୋ ଆପଣା ନିରୋଗୀ ଆଞ୍ଝି ସମ୍ମତ୍ତ ମୁଲଗା, ଶ୍ଵତଃଚା ନାଂଗର, ବ
ତୋ ଓଠାଣାରୀଁ ଗୁରାଁ ପୁଠେଁ ଗେଜନ ଆଣା ; ଆଞ୍ଝି ନ୍ହଣାଳା କିଁ
ହା ମୁଲଗା ମାଭ୍ୟା ଜମିନୀଁତୀଳ ସର୍ବ ତନ . ଉପଟୁନ କାଢତୋ ; ମି
ତିଆନ୍ତ କାଢଜୀ କାନ୍ଧାନ୍ତେ ଶ୍ଵତ ଗାଳତୋଁ ; ମାଭା ନାଂଗର ଉତ୍ତମ
ଅବସ୍ଥିତ ଆହେ ; ଆଞ୍ଝି ଆପଣ୍ଡା ଗୁରାଂନା ଚାଂଗଲେଁ ଶାଞ୍ଝି ପିଞ୍ଝି
ଗାଳପ୍ୟାଧି ମି ତସଦି ଗେତୋଁ ଯା ମୁଠେଁ ତିଁ ଯା ପ୍ରାତାଂତୀଳ ସର୍ବ
ଗୁରାଁ ପେଚ୍ଚାଁ ଜାଲ୍ଲ ସମ୍ମତ୍ତ ଆହେତ ହେଁ ତୁହାଂନା ଦିସତବ ଆହେ .
ମି ଶ୍ଵତଃଚା ଶ୍ରେତାଧି ମମ୍ମାଗତ କରପ୍ୟାଚ୍ଚା କାମିଁ କୋଣତା ଜାଡୁ

टोण्याचा प्रयोग करतो! हें पाहून घ्या. माभया शेजाऱ्यां पैकी कोणो ही याच उपायांची योजना करील तर त्याच्या ही जमिनीत माभया जमिनीतल्या सारखी च चांगली पिकें येतील.

फौजदारानें न्हटलें कीं असा सयुक्तिक जबाब या पूर्वीं मीं कधींच ऐकिला नाहीं; आणि त्यानें त्या शेतकऱ्याच्या उद्योगाची तारीफ करून त्यास सोडून दिलें.

रामराव आणि श्यामराव ।

राम०—नमस्कार श्यामराव. तुमचें कसें काय चाललें आहे ?

श्याम०—आपल्या कृपेनें उत्तम चाललें आहे. आपली भेट होऊन फार दिवस झाले, नाहीं बरें ?

राम०—खरोखर च फार दिवस झाले. तुम्ही पदवीधर तर झालां आतां तुमचा स्वतःला काय बनविण्याचा विचार आहे ? आमचे वढील बंधु काल न्हणत होते कीं तुमच्या मनांत वकील होण्याचा थोडा बळत विचार आला आहे; हें खरें कां ?

श्याम०—मला तर वाटतें कीं कांहीं तरी उद्योग पहावा. परंतु पहा तर खरें प्रत्येक धंद्यांत काम करणारांचीं आजकाल कशी रेकचेज होऊन गेली आहे ती, या मुळें नवीन मनुष्य संपादण्याला कोठें जागाच दिसत नाहीं.

राम०—डाक्तराचें काम, बारिस्टराचें काम इत्यादि जे विद्वत्तेचे धंदे आहेत त्या सर्वांची अशी गोंष्ट आहे खरीच. परंतु या शिवाय आपणखी कां नाहीं कांहीं करून पहात ? उदाहरणार्थ चहाची लागवड.

श्याम०—याहून पसंत तर कांहीं च नाहीं. परंतु एथून तेथून सर्व हिंदुस्थानभर जरी धुंडून पाहिलें तरी पुष्कळसें भांडवज खर्ची घातल्या वांचून चहाचा मळा जावतां येईल असा एक ही प्रांत सांपडणें कठिण आहे, आणि मज जवळ स्वतःचे असे थोडेथोडे च रुपये आहेत.

राम०—खरेंच, थोडेथोडे रूपये असल्याने नवीन मळा लावण्याच्या कामी फारशी मदत होण्या सारखी नाही. पण आतां वेळ होत चालतो, तर आज संध्याकाळीं मी तुमच्या घरीं येऊन तुमच्याशीं या विषया वर बोलें. जातों तर आतां. नमस्कार.

PARBATIA.

Translate into English :—

धेरे वर्ष भो इंग्लंडमा एडटा खेतिवाल् वसेकोथियो । उसले सधै यस्तो कठिन् मिहिनेत् गरि काम् गर्दथ्यो कि उसको खेत् जिज्ञाभरमा सबभन्दा सिरा थियो । उसका हिमेकीदरले के सेंचे कि उसले अवश्य केहि जाडुको काम्ले आफ्नु खेत्लाइ उनिदरका खेत्भन्दा यस्तो असल् फसल् पैदा गर्ने तुल्यायो । एसो सम्मि उनिदरले उस्लाइ कोहि विचारी को अगाडि समाति लग, र “थो जाडुकर रहेह” भनि नालिस् गरे । विचारी ले “तिमि के जवाफ दिगहौ” भनि खेतिवाल् सित सोध्दा उसले आफ्नु वलियो र निरोगी सानु होरा, आफ्नु हलो, र त्योहलोमा जोत्ने गोदहदलाइ विचारी को रोवरमा हाजिर गथ्यो, भन्यो कि “थो वाल्क् मेरो खेतमा भारदह प्याकि सफागरि गोदह । खेतमा मल्पनि म वेस्गरि हाल्हु । मेरो हलोपनि हर्नुहवस्, कस्तो असल् रहेह । गोदहदलाइ पनि म राओसित खानदिनहु; एसो ऊनाले मेरा गोदह सुलुकभरमा सबभन्दा वलिया हन् । हेर्नु हवस्, एहि जाडुका मदत्ले म खेतिकी काम् गर्हु । यस्तिरित्ले सवै काम्को अन्जाम् गथ्यो भने मेरा हिमेकीदर मध्ये जौन् भयापनि आफ्नु खेत् बाढ पनि मेरो खेतको अखो असल् अन्न पाउन सकहन् ।”

विचारी ले भन्यो “यस्तो असल् जवाफ मैले कैलेपनि शुनेकोथिसेन ।” यसो भनि खेतिवाल्को दुखो तारिफ् गथ्यो र माम्ला खारिज् गथ्यो ।

ৰাম্ ৱ শ্ৰাম্ ।

ৰাম্—শ্ৰাম্ সন্ধ্যাম্ । তিমি কক্ষা হৌ ?

শ্ৰাম্—পৰমেশ্বৰ কা জঘ মনাড, মল্লাহ সন্ধ্যো হ । তিমিসিত
ভেট্ নমযাকো ধেৰৈ মযো ।

ৰাম্—ধেৰৈ দিন্ মযো । তিমিলে টুলো পাস্ গৰেকা হৌ অথ কে গৰ্হো ?
মেৰা দাণ্ডুলে হিঁজো ভদ্ৰুনো কি তিমি বকীল্ কৌ কাম্ গৰ্হো অৱে; যো
কুৰা সাঁচো হৌ কি হৌদন ?

শ্ৰাম্—অথ মৈলে কেছি নৌকৰী খোজ্‌নু পৰ্হ । তৱ বিচাৰ গৱ অথ
সবৈ কাম্ পছি ধেৰৈ মানিসহৰ জমাই ৱহেহন । নয়াঁ কামগৰ্হেহৰ লাহ
জগা হৈন ।

ৰাম্—পডেকা মানিসহৰ অলৌ ব্যাৱিহৰ, ডাক্তৰ, ইত্যাদিহৰে
গৰ্হপৰ্হে সবৈ কামমা থেলৈ মৈ ৱহেহ । তৱ অথ কেছি কাম্ গৱে কুৱৱ, অলৌ
চিয়া কৌ খেতি হ ?

শ্ৰাম্—যলৌ কাম্ গৰ্হ পাৰ্হে মনে ম অৱ কেছি কাম্ পছি লাগ্‌নে
হৈন । তৱ হিন্দুস্থান্‌ভৱমা খোজ্‌নগথো মনে পনি যলৌ টাওঁ কঁচিপনি
পাওনে হৈন জাঁহা মূলধন্ ধেৰৈ নমযা পনি চিয়া কৌ খেতি হৌৱ সৰ্হ ।
ফেৰী মেৰো ধন্ ধেৰৈ হৈন; কেছি শয় মাচ হ ।

ৰাম্—সাঁচো হৌ । চিয়াকো নয়া বঘৈচা জমাওন লাহ কেছি শয়
মাচ ৱপৈয়া খৰ্চ গৱেৰ কামকো অন্‌জাম কন সৰ্হদৈন । অথ বেৰ কন
ল্যাথো; ম অজ্ সাঁজমা তিচা ঘৱমা খাঁওলা ৱ যস্ সুদামা কুৰা
গৰ্হলা । অহিলে জাঁহ, সন্ধ্যাম্ ।

ASSAMESE.

Translate into English :—

আজি অনেক বজৰ হইছে, ইংলণ্ডত এজন ক্ষেতিয়ক
আছিল। সি ইমান টান শ্ৰমকৰোঁতা আছিল যে সেই ঠাইৰ
সকলোতোটক তাৰ মাটি বড় মাৰুয়া আছিল। ইয়াকে দেখি,

তাৰ ওচৰ চুবুৰীয়াবিলাকে ভাবিলে বোলে সিহঁতৰ মাটিতকৈ তাৰ মাটিএ যে ভাল শস্য দিয়ে, ইয়াক, সি অৱশ্যে, কিবা মন্ত্ৰ সাধনা কৰিহে কৰে। পাছে, সেই ক্ষেতিয়কক মন্ত্ৰ সাধনা কৰোঁতা বুলি অপবাদ দি, সিহঁতে মেজিষ্ট্ৰেটৰ ওচৰত গোচৰ কৰিলে। এই গোচৰৰ উত্তৰ দি পাৰিলে আপোনাৰ গা সাৰিবলৈ তাক কোৱা হ'লত, সি তাৰ পুতেক, শকত নিৰুগি ল'ৰা এটা, আৰু তাৰ হালখন আৰু হাল বোৱা গৰু কেইটা বিচাৰকৰ আগ কৰি ইয়াকে জনালে, “এই ল'ৰাটে মোৰ মাটিত গজা সকলো বন তুলি চিকুনাই দিয়ে, ময় তাত সাৰ গোৱৰ দিও। দেখোক, মোৰ হাল খনো বড় ভালে আছে। মোৰ হালবোৱা গৰু কেইটাও দেশৰ সকলো গৰুতকৈ বলৱন্ত। সিহঁতক সজকৈ খুৱাবলৈ ময় অতি শ্ৰম কৰোঁ। চাওক, মোৰ ক্ষেতি চলাবলৈ ময় এই বোৰ মন্ত্ৰ সাধনা কৰোঁ। মোৰ চুবুৰীয়াবিলাকৰো যদি কোনো জনে ময় কৰা উপায় কৰে, তেনেহ'লে ময় যেনে ভাল শস্য পাব, সিহঁতেও তেনে পাব পাৰিব।”

মাজিষ্ট্ৰেটে কলে, তেঁও ইয়াতকৈ আৰু ভাল উত্তৰ কেতিয়াও শুনা নাই। আৰু সেই ক্ষেতিয়কৰ শ্ৰমৰ বিষয়ে বহু প্ৰশংসা কৰি তাক তেঁও এনেই এড়ি দিলে।

• ৰাম আৰু শ্যাম।

ৰাম—সুপ্ৰভাত, শ্যাম, নমস্কাৰ। তুমি কেনে আছা ?

শ্যাম—ভাল, ভালে আছোঁ। আমি মেই সিদিনা শেষবাৰ যে দেখা দেখি হলোঁ তাৰ পৰা আজি কিমান দিন হ'ল ?

ৰাম—হয়, ভালে মান দিন হ'ল। এতিয়া তুমি যে বিশ্ব-বিদ্যালয়ৰ ডিগ্ৰি উপাধি পাইছা কিনো কৰিব

খুজিছা ? কালি ককাইদেৱে কইছিল বোলে তুমি হুহু
উকীলৰ সাৰি-জবা বুলি কেতিয়াবা ভাবা, সঁচা হয়নে ?
শ্যাম—হয়, ময় কিবা কাম বিচাৰিম বুলিহে ভাবিছোঁ ।
চোৱাছোন সকলোবোৰ ব্যৱসায়তে ইমান সৰহ
মানুহ সোমাইছে যে আজি কালি নমানুহে যুৰ
সুমাবলৈ ঠাই নথকা যেনহে দেখি ।

ৰাম—বেৰিষ্টাৰ, ডাক্তৰ আৰু পণ্ডিত সকলো পণ্ডিতালি ব্যৱ-
সায়তে এনেই কথা । তুমিনো আন এটালৈ মন
নিদিয়া কিয় ? যেনে চাহক্লেতি কৰা কাম ।

শ্যাম—ময় ইয়াতকৈ আন একো ভাল নাপাওঁ । কিন্তু
তুমি গোটেইখন ভাৱতবৰ্ষ ইয়ুৰৰ পৰা সিয়ুৰলৈ
ভূমি ফুৰিলেও সৰহ মূলধন নোহোৱাকৈ চাহ
বাগিচা কৰিব পৰা এনে এখনো জিলা বিচাৰি
নাপাবা । তাতে মোৰ স্নকীয়া অম্প-কেই শমানৰূপ
মাথোন আছে ।

ৰাম—এৰা, ন চাহ বাগিচা কৰিবলৈ অম্প-কেই শমানৰূপে
নোযোৰে । এতিয়া বেলি হ'ল । আজি গধূলি-ময়
তোমাৰ ঘৰলৈ গই এই বিষয়ে কথা পাতিম ।
এতিয়া বিদায় হ'লোঁ ।

KHASI.

Translate into English :—

Mynta la bún snem la don ha England uwei u nongrep uba jiw
trei shitom haduh ba ka khyndew jong u ka la long ka babhá tam
ha kata ka ilaka. Ki paramarjan jong u ki la mut ba u pyndonkam
ia kino-kino ki buit myntor ia ka khyndew ba ka pynmih ki jingmih
kiba kham bha katta-katta ban ia ki jong ki. Kumta ki la lam ia
u ha khymat u majistor bad ki la mudui ia u ba u long u nongai-
myntor. Uta u nongrep, haba la khot ia u ba'n dá ia lade, u la
wallam ha khymat ia uwei u khynnah u bashait, u bakoit, la u khún
kein, bad ia ka jinglur ruh, bad ia ki massi de kiba ring ia kata.
U ong, "Une u khynnah u thíw ia ki niut baroh kiba mih ha ka
khyndew jong nga. Nga hyniah ha kaba ai syboh ia ka. Phi ichih
kaai jinglur jong nga ba ka babhá eh, bad ia kine ki massi jong

nga, kiba nga minot ba'n bysa bhá, ba ki long kiba khlain eh ha kane ka rí. Ha khymih (te) ia ka myntor baroh ba nga pyndonkam ha ka jingpyntrei ia ka khyndew jong nga. Uno-uno-ruh na ki paramarjan jong nga u lah ba'n ioh ki jingmih ki babbá kum ki jong nga, lada u'n pyndonkam da kijuh ki lád."

U majistor u la ong ba mynno-mynno u'm shym iohngow ka jingiasadá kaba kham bhá, bad u la phah noh ia uta u nongrep u da iaroh shibun ia ka jingleh minot jong u.

U RAM BAD U SHAM.

RAM.—Khublei, Sham, kumno, phi koit?

SHAM.—Nga koit bha, khublei. Katno la slem naduh ba ngi la iashem khadduh.

RAM.—La slem shisha. Phi'n sa trei aiuh haba phi la ioh ia la ka degrí kumne? I kongbah i ong ha nga mynhynin ba phi don jingmut ba'n long u kil. Ka long kumta?

SHAM.—Te, nga tharai ba nga dei ba'n wád kam kaba kumno-kumno. Hinrei ha pyrkhat katno ba la pynshlei ia kine baroh ki kynja kam mynta, haduh ba ym ih don jaka shuh ia ki bríw ki bathymmai.

RAM.—Kata kaba shisha shaphang ki kynja kam riwatád baroh, kum ki jong u kil, u doktor, &c Hinrei balei ym pyrshang ei-ei kaba da kumwei, ong kum kaba thung sha.

SHAM.—Ym don ei-ei kaba nga'n kham sngowbhá. Hinrei lada phi'n iaid ia ka rí India baroh phar, da kaba eh phi'n shem ka ilaka ha kaba phi lah ba'n sydang ia ka kyper sha khlem shibun ki tyngka-seng, te nga don tyngka la ki jong tang khyndiat spah.

RAM.—Shisha, tang khyndiat spah ki'm long eh shibun ia ka ba'n sydang ka kyper ka bathymmai. Hinrei ka lajan miet, te nga'n iashem bad phi lashibit ynda miet ha íng jong phi bad ngi'n iakren shaphang kane. Khublei ia phi mynta.

PART I. (b).

For Candidates whose vernacular is English.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Write a letter to a friend in England in reply to a request for information regarding the course of study and the standard for the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University. 13

2. Write a short description of how you spent yesterday. 13

PART II.

For all Candidates.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. In the following sentences substitute adverbial or adjectival sentences for the phrases in italics :— 7

(a) 'He would not go *without his father's word*.'

(b) The thief ran away *for fear of detection*.

- (c) Iron is too heavy to float in water.
- (d) This is the place of his birth.
- (e) I have some money to spend.
- (f) Tell him the reason of your going away.

2. Construct sentences to illustrate the correct use of:— 6
No sooner—than; at once; after all; until (conjunction); *as*
(relative pronoun); by and by.

3. Complete the following sentences by inserting one word 11
 in each of the blank spaces:—

(a) —I answer the letter or—you like to do so yourself?

(b) I remain, Sir,
 —obedient pupil.

[Address the letter to the Headmaster of your school.]

(c) I have been ill—two days, but hope to be better—to-morrow, and quite well—a week's time.

(d) This road is preferable—that one, but I feel—tired to walk any further.

(e) He burst—tears and said he was ashamed—his misconduct.

4. Write a letter of at least ten lines to your father or 9
 guardian asking his permission to learn drawing: give your reasons for wishing to learn.

5. Punctuate the following passage, using capital letters 7
 where required:—

he invited hieburg to avail himself of the opportunity which would then be afforded to effect his escape what exclaimed the noble dutchman and leave my unfortunate countrymen to perish no i will never desert the brave fellows who have fought so well for their country the english officer affected by the generosity of hieburg's noble reply answered bravo my good fellow god bless you here is my hand i give you my word i will stay with you.

6. Correct the following sentences:— 9

(a) Do not despair to pass the examination though you had been hindered to study.

(b) He asked me that why had I not availed of the permission granted?

(c) There is not a so large city in whole India than Calcutta.

7. (a) Form adverbs in *-ly* from the adjectives *true, sure, 2*
ready, whole.

(b) Form nouns from the adjectives *wise, gay, happy, fatal. 2*

Introduce each adverb and noun you have formed into a sen- 2
 tence of your own making.

ARITHMETIC AND ALGEBRA.

Paper set by—MR. W. GRIFFITHS, M. A.*Head Examiner*—MR. W. BOOTH, M. A.

Examiners— $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{BARU KALIPRASANNA CHATTORAJ, M. A.} \\ \text{,, MOHINIKANTA GHATAK, M. A.} \\ \text{,, SYAMADAS MUKERJEE, M. A.} \\ \text{,, UPENDRANARAYAN SINHA, M. A.} \\ \text{,, GOBINDALAL SET, M. A.} \\ \text{,, GOBINDACHANDRA DAS, M. A.} \end{array} \right.$

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Simplify :— 8

$$(1) \quad 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{4}{5} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{6}{7};$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{8\frac{1}{2} - 1\frac{1}{6}}{\frac{2}{3} + 1\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{5\frac{3}{4} - 1\frac{1}{5}}.$$

2. Divide 1·84626 by 23·4. 8

Express $\cdot 45\bar{6}$ and $\cdot 65\bar{4}$ as vulgar fractions reduced to their lowest terms, and their sum as a circulating decimal.

3. Find the cost of 73 cwt. 3 qrs. 14 lbs. at 4*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* per cwt. 8

4. Distinguish between true discount and bankers' discount. 8

Find the former in the case of a bill for Rs. 3,480 6 as. 8 p. due 16 months hence, the rate of interest being $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum.

5. A man invests Rs. 163,000, part in government 4 per cent. stock at 108, and the remainder in municipal 5 per cent. debenture stock at 109 $\frac{1}{2}$. Find how much he must invest in each in order that he may have an equal income from the two sources. 8

6. Find the highest common factor of— 6

$$3x^3 - 5x^2 + 5x - 2, \text{ and } 2x^4 - 2x^3 + 3x^2 - x + 1.$$

7. Extract the square root of— 6

$$4x^6 - 12x^5 + 13x^4 - 22x^3 + 25x^2 - 8x + 16.$$

8. Solve the equations :— 12

$$(1) \quad 120x - 4[5x - 2\{6x + 7(x - 8)\}] \\ = 16 - 4[3x - 2\{x - 6(x - 1)\}];$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{x+b}{a-b} = \frac{x-b}{a+b};$$

$$(3) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{6}{x} + \frac{4}{y} = 3, \\ \frac{9}{x} - \frac{1}{y} = 2\frac{3}{4}. \end{array} \right\}$$

9. Divide the number 834 into two parts such that 30 per cent. of one part exceeds 40 per cent. of the other part by 6. 7

10. If $a : b :: c : d$, prove that 9

$$ma - nb : a + b :: mc - nd : c + d.$$

What number must be added to each of the numbers 3, 5, 7, 10 to give four numbers in proportion ?

GEOMETRY.

Paper set by—MR. W. GRIFFITHS, M. A.

Head Examiner—MR. W. BOOTH, M. A.

<i>Examiners</i> —	{	BABU BAIDYANATH BASU, M. A.
		„ NARENDRALAL DE, M. A.
		„ RAJMOHAN SEN, M. A.
		„ KALIPADA BASU, M. A.
		„ MOHINIMOHAN CHAUDHURI, M. A.
		„ KSHETRAMOHAN BANERJEE, M. A.
		„ JYOTIPRASAD CHATTERJEE, M. A.
		„ HEMENDRANATH MITRA, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Define a right angle, a rectangle, a tangent to a circle, and a regular polygon. 4

2. If two triangles have two sides of the one equal to two sides of the other, each to each, and have also the angles contained by those sides equal; then shall their bases or third sides be equal, and the triangles shall be equal in area, and their remaining angles shall be equal, each to each, namely those to which the equal sides are opposite; that is to say, the triangles shall be equal in all respects. Prove this proposition. 8

3. $ABCD$ is a parallelogram, and KD , KB , are the complements of the parallelograms EH , GF about the diagonal AC , EKF being parallel to AHL , and GKH to AEB : show that the complement BK will be equal to the complement KD . 6

Show also that the gnomon BHF will be double the triangle CEH . 6

4. In an obtuse-angled triangle, if a perpendicular is drawn from either of the acute angles to the opposite side produced, show that the square on the side subtending the obtuse angle is greater than the squares on the sides containing the obtuse angle, by twice the rectangle contained by the side, on which, when produced, the perpendicular falls, and the line intercepted without the triangle, between the perpendicular and the obtuse angle. 8

5. Prove that the angle at the centre of a circle is double of an angle at the circumference, standing on the same arc. 8

6 If from any point without a circle a tangent and a secant be drawn, prove that the rectangle contained by the whole secant and the part of it without the circle will be equal to the square on the tangent 8

7. In a given circle inscribe a triangle equiangular to a given triangle. 8

8. Bisect a triangle by a straight line drawn through a given point in one of its sides. 8

9. Two circles touch each other externally in *A*, and a straight line touches them in *B* and *C* respectively. Prove that *BAC* is a right angle. 8

10. Given the base and vertical angle of a triangle, find the locus of the centre of the inscribed circle. 8

GREEK TEXT.

Examiner—MR. C. R. WILSON, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :—

15

Ἐγώ, ὦ Τισσαφέρνῃ, οἶδα μὲν ἡμῖν ὄρκους γεγενημένους καὶ δεξιὰς δεδομένας μὴ ἀδικήσιν ἀλλήλους· φυλαττόμενον δὲ σέ τε ὄρω ὡς πολεμίους ἡμᾶς καὶ ἡμεῖς ὕρῳντες τὰτα ἀντιφυλαττόμεθα. ἐπεὶ δὲ σκοπῶν οὐ δύναμαι οὔτε σέ αἰσθέσθαι πειρώμενον ἡμᾶς κακῶς ποιεῖν ἐγώ τε σαφῶς οἶδα ὅτι ἡμεῖς γε οὐδὲ ἐπινοοῦμεν τοιοῦτον οὐδέν, ἔδοξέ μοι εἰς λόγους σοι ἐλθεῖν, ὅπως εἰ δυνάμεθα ἐξέλοιμεν ἀλλήλων τὴν ἀπιστίαν. καὶ γὰρ οἶδα ἀνθρώπους ἤδη τοὺς μὲν ἐκ διαβολῆς τοὺς δὲ καὶ ἐξ ἱποψίας, οἳ, φοβηθέντες ἀλλήλους, φθάσαι βουλόμενοι πρὶν παθεῖν, ἐποίησαν ἀνήκεστα κακὰ τοὺς οὔτε μέλλοντας οὔτ' ἂν βουλομένους τοιοῦτον οὐδέν. τὺς οὖν τοιαύτας ἀγνωμοσύνας νομίζων συνουσίαις μάλιστα ἂν πάνεσθαι ἤκω καὶ διδάσκειν σε βούλομαι ὡς σὺ ἡμῖν οὐκ ὀρθῶς ἀπιστεῖς. πρῶτον μὲν γὰρ καὶ μέγιστον οἱ θεῶν ἡμᾶς ὄρκοι κωλύουσι πολεμίους εἶναι ἀλλήλους· ὅστις δὲ τούτων σύννοιδεν αὐτῷ παρημεληκῶς, τοῦτον ἐγὼ οὔποτ' ἂν εἰδαιγόνισαιμι. τὸν γὰρ θεῶν πόλεμον οὐκ οἶδα οὔτ' ἀπὸ ποίου ἂν τάχους φεύγων τις ἀποφύγοι οὔτ' εἰς ποῖον ἂν σκότος ἀποδραίῃ οὔθ' ὅπως ἂν εἰς ἐχυρὸν χωρίον ἀποσταίῃ.

By whom were the above words spoken, on what occasion, and with what result? 2

Write grammatical notes on the underlined passages. 2

2. Translate into English :— 10

Ἐν τούτῳ δὲ τῷ τόπῳ ἦν μὲν ἡ γῆ πεδῖον ἅπαν ὁμαλές, ὥσπερ θάλαττα, ἀψινθίου δὲ πλήρες· εἰ δέ τι καὶ ἄλλο ἐνὶ ὕλῃ ἢ καλάμου, ἅπαντα ἦσαν εὐώδη, ὥσπερ ἀρώματα· δένδρον

δ' οὐδὲν ἐνῆν. θηρία δὲ παντοῖα, πλείστοι μὲν ὄνοι ἄγριοι, πολλοὶ δὲ στρουθοὶ αἱ μεγάλοι· ἐνῆσαν δὲ καὶ ὠτίδες καὶ δορκάδες. ταῦτα δὲ τὰ θηρία οἱ ἱππεῖς ἐνίστε ἐδίωκον. καὶ οἱ μὲν ὄνοι, ἐπεὶ τις διώκοι, προδραμόντες ἔστασαν· πολλὴ γὰρ τῶν ἵππων ἔτρεχον θάπτον· καὶ πάλιν, ἐπεὶ πλησιάζοιεν οἱ ἵπποι ταῦτόν ἐποίουν, καὶ οὐκ ἦν λαβεῖν, εἰ μὴ διαστάντες οἱ ἱππεῖς θηρῶν διαδεχόμενοι τοῖς ἵπποις. τὰ δὲ κρέα τῶν ἀλίσκαμένων ἦν παραπλήσια τοῖς ἐλαφείοις, ἀπαλώτερα δέ. στρουθὸν δὲ οὐδεὶς ἔλαβεν· οἱ δὲ διώξαντες τῶν ἱππέων ταχὺ ἐπαύοντο· πολλὴ γὰρ ἀέσπτα φεύγουσα, τοῖς μὲν ποσὶ δρόμῳ, ταῖς δὲ πτέρυξιν αἶρουσα, ὥσπερ ἰστίῳ χρωμένη.

3. Give a brief description of the battle of Cunaxa.

3

4. What was the extent of the satrapy of Cyrus? Mention the chief towns in it through which the Greeks passed on their way to Cunaxa.

3

5. Translate into English :—

15

Οὐ μὲν δὴ οὐδὲ τοῦτ' ἂν τις εἴποι ὡς τοὺς κακούργους καὶ ἀδίκους εἶα καταγελᾶν, ἀλλ' ἀφειδέστατα πάντων ἐτιμωρεῖτο. πολλάκις δ' ἦν ἰδεῖν παρὰ τὰς στειβομένας ὁδοὺς καὶ ποδῶν καὶ χειρῶν καὶ ὀφθαλγῶν στερομένους ἀνθρώπους· ὥστ' ἐν τῇ Κύρου ἀρχῇ ἐγένετο καὶ Ἕλλησι καὶ βαρβάρῳ μηδὲν ἀδικοῦντι ἀδεῶς πορεύεσθαι ὅποι τις ἠθέλειν, ἔχοντι ὅ τι προχωροῖ. τοὺς γε μέντοι ἀγαθοὺς εἰς πόλεμον ὁμολόγητο διαφερόντως τιμᾶν. καὶ πρῶτον μὲν ἦν αὐτῷ πόλεμος πρὸς Πισιδας καὶ Μυσούς· στρατεύμενος οὖν καὶ αὐτὸς εἰς ταύτας τὰς χώρας, οὓς ἑώρα ἐθέλοντας κινδυνεύειν, τούτους καὶ ἀρχοντας ἐποίει ἢ κατεστρέφετο χώρας, ἔπειτα δὲ καὶ ἄλλοις δώροισ ἐτίμα· ὥστε φαίνεσθαι τοῖς μὲν ἀγαθοῖς εὐδαιμονεστάτους, τοὺς δὲ κακοὺς δούλους τούτων ἀξιῶν εἶναι. τοιγαροῦν πολλὴ ἦν ἀφθονία αὐτῷ τῶν θελόντων κινδυνεύειν, ὅπου τις οἴοιτο Κύρον αἰσθήσεσθαι.

Parse the underlined words.

6. Translate into English the following passages from books not prescribed :—

(a) Ταῦτ' οὖν ἀκούοντες οἱ τῶν Ἀθηναίων πρέσβεις ἐβούλοντο μὲν μάλιστα παρὰ βασιλέα ἀναβῆναι· εἰ δὲ μὴ οἴκαδε ἀπελθεῖν. Κίρος δὲ φαρναβάζῳ εἶπεν ἢ παραδοῦναι τοὺς πρέσβεις αὐτῷ, ἢ μὴ οἴκαδε τῷ ἀποπέμψαι, βουλόμενος τοὺς Ἀθηναίους μὴ εἰδέναι τὰ πραττόμενα.

5

(b) Ἐκεῖνοι μέντοι ταῦτα παθόντες, οὐκ ἠνεγκαν, ἀλλ' ὡς ἀδικηθέντες καὶ ἀτιμασθέντες, νυκτὸς συσκευασάμενοι ᾤκοντο ἀπὸντες ἐς Σάρδεις πρὸς Ἀριαίον, πιστεύοντες, ὅτι καὶ ὁ Ἀριαῖος ἀποστὰς βασιλέως ἐπολέμησεν αὐτῷ.

5

GREEK GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION.

Examiner—MR. C. R. WILSON, M. A.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Decline δ μέγας βασιλεύς 3
2. Give the stem, the comparative, and the superlative of— 3
γλυκὺς, μέλας, χαρίεις and σαφής.
3. Conjugate the present active of τίθημι. 5
4. Give the future, aorist, and perfect active of βαίνω, λαν- 9
θάνω, αἰρέω, δράω, βάλλω, ἔγω.
5. With what cases are ἐπι and κατά used, and in what 4
senses? Give examples.
6. Distinguish between γινώσκω, ἀναγινώσκω, μεταγινώσκω, 2
and καταγινώσκω. Give examples.
7. Translate the following sentences, explaining the gram- 14
matical construction, and parsing the underlined words :—
(α) Ταύτην τὴν πόλιν ἐξέλιπον οἱ ἐνοικούντες εἰς χωρίον
ὄχυρόν.
(β) Ὅστις δ' ἀφικνοῖτο τῶν παρὰ βασιλέως πρὸς αὐτόν,
πάντας οὕτω διατιθεῖς ἀπεπέμπετο ὥστε αὐτῷ μᾶλλον φίλους
εἶναι ἢ βασιλεῖ.
(γ) Καὶ τῶν ὅπλων τοῖς στρατιώταις πολλὰ ἐπὶ ἀμαξῶν
ἤγοντο καὶ ὑποζυγίων.
(δ) Καὶ τὸ μὲν τὰ μεγάλα νικᾶν τοὺς φίλους εὖ ποιοῦντα
οὐδὲν θαυμαστόν.
(ε) Οὗτοι ἔλεγον ὅτι Κῦρος μὲν τέθνηκεν, Ἀριαῖος δὲ
πεφειγὼς ἐν τῷ σταθμῷ εἶη.
(ζ) Νεανίσκος δέ τις τῶν παρόντων ἐννοήσας εἶπεν ὡς οὐκ
ἀκόλουθα εἶη τό τε ἐπιθῆσθαι καὶ λύσειν τὴν γέφυραν.
(η) Τούτα γὰρ γινώσκων εἴ τι ἐμοὶ κακὸν βουλευοῖς ἄμα
ἂν μοι δοκεῖς καὶ σαυτῷ κακόνους εἶναι.
8. Translate into Greek :—
(a) He was at a loss for money.
(b) We shall die of hunger.
(c) Clearchus narrowly escaped being stoned.
(d) An army was being secretly maintained for him.
(e) But Cyrus, on hearing this, divided his army into twelve
battalions.
(f) He promised to give five minas of silver to each man
whenever they should arrive at Babylon.
(g) He will not dare to follow with so small an army.
(h) Let the truce remain in force till I come.
(i) If you speak the truth, I will give you ten talents.
(k) If haply you have spoken the truth, I will give you ten
talents.

LATIN TEXT.

Examiner—DR. M. A. STEIN,*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Translate :—

8

Pavo ad Jnnonem venit indigne ferens
 cantus luscini quod sibi non *tribuerit* ;
 illum esse cunctis avibus admirabilem,
 se derideri, simul ac vocem miserit.
 Tunc consolandi gratia dixit dea :
 'Sed forma vincis, vincis magnitudine ;
 nitor smaragdi collo *prae*fulget tuo
 pictisque, plumis gemmeam caudam *explicas*.'
 'Quo mi,' inquit, 'mutam speciem, si vincor sono ?
 Fatorum arbitrio partes sunt vobis datae :
 tibi forma, vires aquilae, luscini melos,
 augurium corvo, laeva cornici omina,
 omnesque propriis sunt contentae dotibus.'
 Noli affectare quod tibi non est datum,
 delusa ne spes ad querelam *recidat*.

(a) Parse and give the principal parts of the verbs italicised. Account for the mood of *tribuerit* and *miserit*.

(b) Give the gender, and the nominative and genitive singular of the nouns *avibus*, *cornici*, *dotibus*, and the accusative and genitive singular of *melos*. Account for the cases of *forma*, *collo* and *speciem*.

2. Translate :—

8

Homo doctus in se semper divitias habet.
 Simonides, qui scripsit egregium melos,
 quo paupertatem sustineret facilius,
 circum ire coepit urbes Asiae nobiles
 mercede accepta laudem victorum canens.
 Hoc genere quaestus postquam locuples factus est,
 redire in patriam voluit cursu pelagio ;
 (erat autem, ut aiunt, natus in Cea insula) :
 ascendit navem, quam tempestas horrida
 simul et vetustas medio dissolvit mari.
 Hi zonas, illi res pretiosas colligunt,
 subsidium vitae. Quidam curiosior :
 'Simonide, tu ex opibus nil sumis tuis ?'
 'Mecum,' inquit, 'mea sunt cuncta.' Tunc pauci enantant,
 quia plures onere degravati perierant.

(a) Decline *Simonides*, *locuples*, *opibus* in the singular. Account for the case of *mercede accepta* and for the mood of *sustineret*.

(b) State shortly what you know of the life of Simonides, and explain the various meanings in which *Asia* is used by Roman writers.

3. (a) Scan the following lines, indicating the feet and the quantity of each syllable, and notice any metrical peculiarity :—

3

Se que exornavit. Deinde contemnens suos—
 Felisque catulis largam praeberant dapes—
 Homo in periculum simul ac venit callidus—

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

(b) Explain fully—*male, ait, dixisti; ceteri tabulam suam portant; alii simul delinquant, censores sumus.* 3

4. Translate:— 10

Fabii, clamore exterriti, et jam agmine armatorum saepti, cogeantur in spatium brevissimum se colligere; quae res et paucitatem eorum et multitudinem Etruscorum insignem faciebat. Tum omissa pugna, quam in omnes partes intenderant, in unum locum se omnes inclinant. Eo nisi corporibus armisque rupere viam. Duxit via in editum leniter collem. Inde primo restitere; mox, ut respirandi spatium superior locus dedit, popule etiam subeuntes, vicissetque auxilio loci paucitas, nisi iugo circummissi Veientes in verticem collis evasisent. Ita superior rursus factus hostis. Fabii caesi ad unum omnes, praesidiumque expugnatum. Trecentos sex periisse constat, unum prope puberem relictum, stirpem genti Fabiae, dubiisque robur populi Romani maximum futurum auxilium.

(a) Parse and give the principal parts of *intenderant, restitere pepulere, evasisent.* Account for the mood and tense of *vicissetque* and *evasisissent*, and for the case in *dubisque rebus.*

(b) Explain fully the allusion in *maximum futurum auxilium.*

5. Translate:— 10

Mitis ea legatio, ni feroces legatos, Gallisque magis quam Romanis similes habuisset. Quibus, postquam mandata ediderunt in concilio Gallorum, hoc responsum datum est. Etsi novum nomen audiant Romanorum, tamen credere viros fortes esse, quorum auxilium a Clusinis in re trepida sit imploratum; et quoniam legatione adversus se maluerint quam armis tueri socios, ne se quidem pacem quam illi afferant aspernari, si Gallis agro egentibus, quem latius possideant, quam colant Clusini, partem finium concedant. Aliter pacem impetrari non posse. Se et responsum Clusinorum coram Romanis accipere velle, et, si negetur ager, coram iisdem Romanis dimicatuuros, ut domum nuntiare possent quantum Galli ceteros mortuales virtute praestarent. Mox accensis utrimque animis ad arma discurratur et proelium conseritur. Ibi legati contra jus gentium arma capiant.

(a) Account for the cases in *agro, domum* and *virtute.*

6. Explain fully:—*patres conscripti; spolia opima; testudine facta; mille pondus auri; ad octavum lapidem Gabinia via; collatis signis; curules magistratus; aetate militari.* 8

7. Translate:— 10

Alexander, cum ad Hyphasin fluvium processisset, non modo transire voluit, sed ad Gangen, maximum totius Indiae flumen, pergere; postremo totius orbis imperium appetere. Sed, veritus ut longius progredi vellent, vocatis militibus, ad hunc modum disseruit: 'Non ignoro, milites, multa quae terrere vos possent ab incolis Indiae per hos dies de industria esse jactata. Sed omnia fama tradit majora vero, neque nos fabulae detertere possunt. Quamdiu vobiscum in acie stabo, nec mei nec hostium exercitus numero. Vos modo animos mihi plenos alacritatis et fiduciae adhibeto. Non in limine operum laborumque nostrorum, sed in exitu, stamus. Per-

venimus ad solis ortum et Oceanum; inde victores perdomito fine terrarum revertemur in patriam. Per vos gloriamque vestram oro quaesoque ne humanarum rerum terminos ad-euntem alumnus commilitonemque vestrum, ne dicam regem, deseratis.

LATIN GRAMMAR.

Examiner—DR. M. A. STEIN,

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Decline in singular and plural—*Atrides, deus, senex, heros, ficus, vigil, bos, alter*. Give all declensional forms of—*ambo, supellex, lues*, and name two nouns which are found only in one oblique case. 9
2. Compare—*sacer, superus, egregius, maturus, novus, frugi, parum, prope*. 4
3. Give the substantival and adjectival forms of the interrogative pronoun in the nominative singular of all three genders. Give all extant forms of the reflexive pronoun. 2
4. Distinguish between—*impedimentum, impedimenta; copia, copiae; auxilium, auxilia; epulae, epulum; duplex, duplus*. Give an example of *unus* being used in the plural. 6
5. Give the principal parts of—*domo, torreo, mulgeo, tundo, cado, consulo, exardesco, operio, metior, miseret*. 5
6. Give the third person plural of all the tenses of the subjunctive, active and passive voices, of—*lavo, deleo, pario, reperio*. Give the infinitives of all tenses of—*malo, possum, nequeo, fio*. Parse the forms *fave, mementote*. 8
7. Indicate the construction after the verbs *interest, taedet, libet*, giving an example in each case. Explain the construction in the passive voice after verbs which in the active take two accusatives, and illustrate it by an example. 4
8. Explain the following syntactical terms, and illustrate your answers by an example for each—*Cognate Accusative, Genitive (or Locative) of value, Ellipse, Complementary (or Pro-lative) Infinitive*. 4
9. Explain what is meant by the *Sequence of Tenses*, and indicate the main rule regarding it. 4
10. (a) Turn into *Oratio obliqua* :— 4
 [Camillus] ‘Ardeates,’ inquit, ‘fortuna vobis jam oblata est et pro tantis populi Romani beneficiis gratiae referendae et huic urbi decus belli ingens pariendi. Qui effuso agmine adventant gens est cui natura corpora animosque magna magis quam firma dederit. Eo in certamina plus terroris quam virum ferunt. Argumento sit clades Romana; patentem cepere urbem; ex arce Capitolioque his exigua manu resistitur.’
 (b) Turn into *Oratio recta* :— 3
 [Haruspex respondit]: Sic libris fatalibus, sic disciplina Etrusca traditum esse, ut quando aqua Albana abundasset, tum si eam Romanus rite emisisset, victoriam de Veientibus dari; antequam id fiat, deos moenia Veientium deserturos non esse.

11. Translate into Latin:—

10

(a) The general, after encouraging his soldiers, ordered them to attack.

(b) Under the leadership of the Consul the army set out to lay waste the enemy's fields.

(c) Nothing is so difficult that it cannot be accomplished.

(d) The enemy refused to fight, not because he feared defeat, but because he desired delay.

(e) Let us now return home lest our friends come in our absence.

FRENCH TEXT.

Examiner—REV. FR. V. DE CAMPIGNEULLES, S. J.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate:—

32

(a) Je viens à vous au nom de Dieu, mon Seigneur, afin que vous mandiez au Dauphin de se bien tenir où il est, de ne point offrir de bataille aux ennemis en ce moment, parce que Dieu lui donnera secours dans la mi-carême. Le royaume, ajouta-t-elle, ne lui appartient pas, mais à Dieu, mon Seigneur. Toutefois il lui destine le royaume; malgré les ennemis, il sera roi, et c'est moi qui le mènerai sacrer à Reims!

(b) On lui forgea une armure légère et blanche de couleur, en signe de la candeur de l'héroïne. Elle réclama une longue épée rouillée, marquée de cinq croix, qu'elle déclara être enfouie dans la chapelle d'une église voisine de Chinon et qu'on y trouva. On lui remit en main un étendard semé de fleurs de lis, fleurs héraldiques de France.

(c) Oh! disait-elle, en contemplant l'ivresse de ce roi rendu à son peuple et de ce peuple rendu à son roi, que ne puis-je mourir ici!

—Et où croyez-vous donc mourir? lui demanda l'archevêque de Reims.

—Je n'en sais rien, répondit la sainte fille: ce sera où il plaira à Dieu. J'ai fait ce que mon Seigneur m'avait chargé de faire. Je voudrais bien maintenant qu'il lui plût de m'envoyer garder mes moutons, avec ma sœur et ma mère!

2. In passages (a) and (c) indicate in what tenses the verbs are put, and give their infinitives. 6

3. In passage (b) give the masculine singular of all the adjectives and participles. 4

4. Give the meaning of: alléger, alléguer; armes, armoiries; berge, berger; charrette, charrue; confiance, confidence; embrasser, embrasure; enfouir, s'enfuir; foi, fois; langue, langueur; manier, manière; mer, mère; parti (*noun*), partie; pillier, pillar; réveiller, révéler. 7

5. Give in a few lines a summary of the life of Jeanne d'Arc 6

6. Explain the following expressions and allusions:— 10

A cheval dans les nuées.—Le sacrifice du pardon.—Le baume céleste.—La parentée de patrie.—Sous le sceau de

Dieu.—Jeanne ne put contenir son cœur.—Une assumption dans la mort.—L'oriflamme.—Des contre-coups épars et répercutés.

7. Give short notes on—*Dunois, Talbot, Isabeau de Bavière, Bedford, Yolande d'Aragon.* 5

8. Translate into English :— 10

(a) L'explorateur ne peut songer à emporter des provisions de bouche pour la durée de son voyage, et doit, en s'acclimatant, user des ressources du pays en viandes fraîches, légumes et fruits.

(b) Nous sommes conduits par le sujet lui-même à parler du transport des bagages en Afrique. Il se fait à dos de chameau, ou à dos de cheval, de mulet et d'âne, ou enfin à l'aide de porteurs indigènes.

FRENCH GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION.

Examiner—REV. FR. V. DE CAMPIGNEULLES, S. J.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Give the feminine of—*chantre, bœuf, courrier, malin, protecteur, bénin, bouc, fou, mouton, sec, tigre, franc.* 3

(2) Give the plural (or plurals) of—*feu, œil, clou, chacal, travail, genou, éventail, bleu, émail, poitrail, caporal, bétail.* 4

3. Put the following sentence in the interrogative form, first without, and then with, the negation, in two different ways for each—*Il a su sa leçon.* 4

4. Give the principal parts (*temps primitifs*) of—*fuir, pourvoir, accroître, s'enquérir, maudire, souscrire, feindre, luire.* 4

5. Explain as fully and clearly as you can the difference of agreement in the following sentences :— 2

(a) *Peu de louanges l'encourageront.*

(b) *Peu de louanges le découragera.*

6. Give, with their different forms, when they exist, the comparative and the superlative of—*bon, petit, mal, bien, mauvais.* 4

7. Give the rules for the use of *avoir* and *être* as auxiliary verbs. 3

8. Correct the grammatical errors in the italicized words of the following sentences :— 8

Elles se sont en *allé* sans que l'on *peut* en *soupçonné* la cause.—Il faut que nous *répondons* à tous les questions dans le temps qui nous est *donner*.—Les lettres qu'il nous a *écrit* ne nous sont pas *parvenu*.

9. Translate into French the following :— 8

(a) It is one of the greatest errors into which human reason has ever fallen.

(b) I want you to meditate on the course of action which you think sensible men would recommend under the circumstances.

(c) Whatever you do, keep up your spirits : what cannot be cured must be endured.

SANSKRIT.

Head Examiner—BABU KRISHNAKAMAL

BHATTACHARYYA, B. A.

Examiners—	{	BABU KAILASCHANDRA BHATTACHARYYA, M. A.
		„ KALIPRASANNA BHATTACHARYYA, M. A.
		„ BIDHUBHUSHAN GOSWAMI, M. A.
		„ NAKULESWAR BANERJEE.
		„ RAMKUMAR CHAKRABARTI.
		PANDIT HARIMOHAN BIDYABHUSHAN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. (a) एवं सम्प्रसार्य भूयोऽप्यचिन्तयत् यदहमनशनं कृत्वा प्राणानुत्सृजामि ।

(b) अथ सा सुतवत्सला ब्राह्मणी खदारकवत् तमपि नकुलशिशुं सन्यदानादिना उपोष ।

(c) परं यदा रामो राजासीत् तदाहं सिद्धिर्वर्तिमादायानेन पथा समायातः ।

(d) अतिक्लेशपरम्परेषा राज्यस्थितिर्न कदाचिदपि सुखं प्रयच्छति ।

(e) अथ तेन वृद्धवानरेण भ्रमता पद्मिनीषण्डमण्डितं सरः समासादितम् ।

(1) Translate the above extracts in English. 15

(2) Expound the *samāsa* in सन्यदानादिना, अतिक्लेशपरम्परा, 5
and सुतवत्सला.

(3) Give the rule of the *sandhi* between भूयः and अपि. 2

(4) In what case is पथा in extract (c) ? 1

(5) In what case is सुखम् in extract (d) ? 1

(6) By whom were the words in extract (d) spoken ? What 2
was the occasion that led to this speech ?

2. (a) दातव्यो यदि वावश्यं प्रियार्थे ते वरः प्रभो ।

किमर्थं ते प्रतिज्ञातं रामस्याप्यभिषेचनम् ॥

(b) नहि रामं परित्यज्य चिरं शक्यसि जीवितुम् ।

सम्क्रमोपार्जिताज्ञोक्तान् कैकेय्यर्थे परित्युतः ॥

(c) कौसल्ये लब्धलक्षणेन तद्वयेन मया पुरा ।

कौमारि शब्दवेधित्वादिना दुष्कृतं कृतम् ॥

(1) In (a), give a synonym for प्रतिज्ञातम्. In what *vibhakti* 2
is ते in the first half of (a), and why ?

(2) Give the *anvaya* or syntactical concord of the extract 2
(b).

(3) In (c), give a synonymous expression for दुष्कृतं कृतम्. 2
What is the meaning of लब्ध in लब्धलक्षणे ?

3. जलान्नानं विस्मयन्तमेवं शराभिघातार्तमतिशयसन्तम् ।

शिखं सरस्वां तमहं शयानं दृष्ट्वैव चासं सुभ्रं विषसः ॥

Turn the above into prose, using as many words of your 6
own as you can.

4. Cite from your text-book the original Sanskrit *śloka*, 5
the purport of which in English is as follows :—

‘As sunshine and shade are ever in close contiguity to each other, so are an act and its agent locked in an embrace with each other.’

5. (a) भवन्तौ च चिरं कालं परिश्रुत्य तपस्विनौ ।

समुद्रते मया वाणे प्राणांस्त्यक्त्वा दिवं गतः ॥

(b) मुञ्जर्तमिव च ध्यात्वा सरोषः प्रथिवीपतिः ।

स च मत्स्योद्भवोत्कृष्टं देवरूपमवस्थितम् ॥

(c) यदस्माभिरजानद्भिः किञ्चिदुक्तो नराधिपः ।

जन्तुमर्हति तत्सर्वं धर्मात्मा ह्येष पाण्डवः ॥

(d) तमङ्गेनैव संक्राम्य वरदुर्गदुःखिताः ।

शोचन्तस्तस्य पूर्वोक्तभाषितानि पुनः पुनः ॥

(1) Explain the above four *ślokas* in Sanskrit. 16

(2) Name the roots of समुद्रते, ध्यात्वा, and जन्तुम्, and give 8
their conditional future (खञ्), third person plural.

(3) In what *vibhakti* is वाणे in (a), and why ? Explain the 4
force of चि in the second line of (c). Parse किञ्चिद् and
नराधिपः in (c).

6. Translate into Sanskrit :—

9

Having listened to the aforesaid speech, the relatives of the deceased boy came back to the burning-ground. Then the tiger quickly fled, but ever and anon turned its face towards them, and howled. And now it was evening, and stars appeared in the sky, and the birds of night showed themselves.

BENGALI.

Paper set by—BABU SARADACHARAN MITRA, M. A., B. L.

Head Examiner—BABU KRISHNAKAMAL

BHATTACHARYYA, B. A.

Examiner—PANDIT SIBANATH SASTRI, M. A

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What is the story on which *Vṛitra-saṅhara* is based ? 5
2. Explain বাসব মেঘবাহন, কুমেরুচূড়া, যুগেন্দ্র-ঋতি-
আতঙ্ক, কৌমুদী-প্রপাত, নিকঙ্কর শচী-দেহ, গোধূলি-ললাট,
অর্থ শাস্ত্র-বিৎ, পিতৃলোকের-প্রীতিকামনা, অনাদি-শাস্ত্রসিদ্ধ
দয়াপ্রধান রাজত্ব, and প্রীতি-নিধি-নিয়োগ । 5
3. Render into prose the following, and comment on the
phrases underlined :— 8

কতক্ষণে সিংহনাদ শুনিবু সম্মখে
ভয়ঙ্কর ! থরথরি আতঙ্কে কাঁপিল
বাজি-রাজি, স্বর্ণ-রথ চলিল অস্থিরে !
দেখিবু, মিলিষা আঁখি, ভৈরব-মুরতি
গিরি-পৃষ্ঠে বীর, যেন প্রলয়ের কালে
কালমেঘ ! “ চিনি তোরে,” কহিলা গম্ভীরে
বীর-বর,—“ চোর তুই, লঙ্কার রাবণ !
কোন্ কুল-বধু আজি হরিলি, হৃৎস্পর্তি ?
কার ঘর আঁধারিলি নিবাইয়া এবে
শ্রেম-দীপ ? এই তোরে নিত্য কর্ম, জানি ।
অস্ত্র-দল-অপবাদ ঘুচাইব আজি
বধি তোরে তীক্ষ্ণ শরে ! আয় মুঢ়মতি !
ধিক্ তোরে, রক্ষোবাজ ! নির্লজ্জ পামর
আছে কি রে তোরে সম এ ব্রহ্ম-মণ্ডলে ?”

4. Write a short essay on **ভক্তি**, using, as much as you can, 20
the ideas and illustrations on the subject given in the extract
from **ধর্মতত্ত্ব**.

5. Explain in simple prose :—

15

(a) জীব অশুভ, সে স্বেচ্ছাচারে কোন কার্য করিতে পারে না। এই কারণে কৃতান্ত ইহকালে ও পরকালে তাহাকে আকর্ষণ করিয়া থাকেন। সমুদায় বস্তুর নাশ আছে, উন্নতির পতন আছে, সংযোগের বিরোধ ও জীবনেরও মৃত্যু আছে।

(b) গভীর জলকল্লোল তাঁহার কর্ণপথে প্রবেশ করিল ; তিনি বুঝিলেন যে, এ সাগরগর্জ্জন। ক্ষণকাল পরে অকস্মাৎ বনমধ্য হইতে বহির্গত হইয়া দেখিলেন যে, সম্মুখেই সমুদ্র। অনন্তবিস্তার নীলান্বমণ্ডল সম্মুখে দেখিয়া উৎকটানন্দে হৃদয় পরিপ্লুত হইল। সিকতাময় তটে গিয়া উপবেশন করিলেন। ফেনিল, নীল, অনন্ত সমুদ্র ! উভয়পার্শ্বে যতদূর চক্ষু যায়, ততদূর পর্য্যন্ত তরঙ্গভঙ্গ প্রক্ষিপ্ত ফেনার রেখা ; স্তূপকৃত বিমল কুসুমদামপ্রাথিত মালায় স্নায় সে ধবল ফেনরেখা হেমকাস্ত সৈকতে নাস্ত হইয়াছে ; কাননকুন্তলা ধরণীর উপযুক্ত অলকাভরণ। নীলজলমণ্ডলমধ্যে সহস্র স্থানেও সফেণ তরঙ্গভঙ্গ হইতেছিল।

(c) তিনি কহিলেন, “এই সারবান্ অক্ষয় বৃক্ষের নাম গণিত। তুমি কেবল সমুদ্রবর্তী জ্যোতিষ তরুর মূল ইহাতে সম্বদ্ধ দেখিতেছ, প্রদক্ষিণ করিয়া দেখ, অশ্রুত কত আশ্চর্য্য বৃক্ষ ও লতা ইহার স্কন্ধ হইতে উৎপন্ন হইয়া তদুপরি প্রতিষ্ঠিত আছে।” বস্ততঃ আমি বেঠন করিয়া দেখিলাম, তাঁহার কথা প্রমাণিক বটে ; শাখা প্রশাখা ও বৃক্ষরূহ সংবলিত এক গণিত-বৃক্ষ অর্দ্ধ কানন ব্যাপিয়া রহিয়াছে।

6. Translate into English :—

হিন্দু দেব-মন্দিরের পার্শ্বে বৌদ্ধ-মঠ আপনার গৌরব রক্ষা করিতেছিল। ব্রাহ্মণ ও শ্রমণ, উভয়েই নিরাপদে ও নিরুদ্বেগে আপনাদের ধর্ম্মানুমোদিত কার্য্যের অহুষ্ঠানে ব্যাপৃত ছিলেন। হিউএন্ থ্সঙ্গ যে পথে ভারতবর্ষে উপনীত হন, সে পথের পার্শ্ববর্তী ভূখণ্ডে বৌদ্ধ ধর্ম্মের অবস্থা উন্নত ছিল। কপিলা রাজ্যে

(বর্তমান কাবুলিস্তান) এক জন ক্ষত্রিয় রাজা রাজত্ব করিতেন। এইখানে এক শতটি মঠে ছয় হাজার শ্রমণ থাকিতেন। এতদ্ভাষীত বহুসংখ্য দেব-মন্দির ছিল। সন্ন্যাসীগণ কেহ উল্লঙ্গ অবস্থায় থাকিত, কেহ সমস্ত দেহে ভস্ম মাখিত, কেহ বা কপাল-সমূহ অলঙ্কারের স্থায় ধারণ করিত। পেশাবর এই কপিষা রাজ্যের অধীন ছিল। এই স্থানে মহারাজ অশোক ও কনিষ্কের নির্মিত বহুসংখ্য ভগ্ন মঠ কালের অনন্ত শক্তির পরিচয় দিতেছিল। কাশ্মীরের রাজা হিন্দুধর্মের পরিপোষক ছিলেন, সুতরাং এই রাজ্যে হিন্দুধর্মের প্রাধান্ত ছিল। থানেশ্বর ও মথুরায় হিন্দুধর্মের স্থায় বৌদ্ধ ধর্মেরও প্রাচুর্য্য দেখা যাইতেছিল। হিউএন্ থ্সঙ্ কুরুক্ষেত্রের বিস্তীর্ণ প্রান্তরে ক্ষত্র-বীরগণের বৃহদাকার কঙ্কাল সমূহ দেখিয়া বিস্মিত হইয়াছিলেন। এই সময়ে কাণ্ডকুজ রাজ্য বিশেষ সমৃদ্ধ ছিল। বৈষ্ণবংশীয় হর্ষবর্দ্ধন শিলাদিত্য এই স্থানের অধিপতি ছিলেন। তিনি পূর্বে ও পশ্চিমে অনেক রাজ্য আপনার জয়-পতাকায় শোভিত করেন।

7. (a) In *sundhi*, when does the first letter of a *varga* (বর্গ) 5
change into the third and when into the fifth? Give illustrations.

(b) What are the different classes of compounds (সমাস) 5
used in Bengali? Give an example of each from your text.

ARABIC.

Examiner—SHAMSUL-ULAMA MAULAVI AHMAD.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. (a) Translate into English:—

17

A.

قيل خرج قوم الي الصيد - فطردوا ضبعة - حتى الجأوها
الي خباء اعرابي - فاجارها و صار يطعمها ويستقيها - فبينما هو
نائم ذات يوم اذ وثبت عليه - فبقرت بطنه وهربت - فجاء ابن
عمه يطلبه - فوجده ملقى - فتبعها حتى لحقها - فقتلها - وقال
في ذلك شعرا *

و من يصنع المعروف في غير اهله
 يلاقى كما لاقى المجير ام عامر
 اعد لها لما استجارت بيته
 احاليب البان اللقاح الدوائر
 واسمها حتى اذا ما تمكنت
 فرته بانياب لها و اظافر
 فقل لذوي المعروف هذا جزاء من
 يجود بمعروف علي غير شاكر

B.

فقال الغلام - العغويد الله - لا بيدك - و الشكر له - لا لك -
 و لا جمع الله بيني وبينك - ثم قام فخرج - فابتدرة الغلمان -
 فقال الحجاج دعوة - فوالله ما رأيت اشجع منه قلبا - ولا
 افصح منه لسانا - و لعمرى ما وجدت مثله قط - و عسى
 ان لا يجد مثلي *

(b) Parse the extract (B), using the technical terms of the Arabic Grammar. 5

2. How many حروف زوائد are there in Arabic? State the 4
 rules for distinguishing them from حروف اصلية.

3. Why is الف added to the end of plural tenses as طردوا? 2
 Comment on the forms لبیک and سعديک.

4. (a) Translate into English:— 7

جميع الطب في البينين جمع * و حسن القول في قصر الكلام
 تقلل ان اكلت و بعد اكل * تجذب فالشفاء لفي انجرام
 و ليس علي النفوس اشد بأسا * من ادخال الطعام على الطعام
 فعار ثم عار ثم عار * شفاء المرء من اكل الطعام

(b) Who is the author of the above verses? Give a short 4
 account of his life.

5. (a) Translate into English:—

9

طال البعاد وزاد الهم والقلق
ومهجني في لهيب النار تحترق
وشاب رأسي مما قد بليت به
من الغرام ودمع العين يندفق
اقسمت يا منيني يا منتهى املي
بخالق الخلق منها الغصن والورق
لقد حملت غراما منك يا املي
ان لم يطق حمله في الناس من عشقوا
واستجبروا الليل عني فهو يخبركم
ان كان جفذي طول الليل ينطبق

(b) Name the metre, and scan the second verse of the above extract. 2

6. Give the singular or plural (as the case may be) of the 4
following words, and state their meanings—ذكور, اناث, براري,
افعي, امانى, منى, فقيه, بحر, اصحاب, احاجي, عام, ثقات,

7. Explain the تعليلات in the following words and name the 4
رام, لم يزل, جئت, يشين—باب to which they belong and صيغه
ذر, تنل.

8. Translate into Arabic:—

22

"In the year 1737, on the night of the 11th of October, there was a furious hurricane at the mouth of the Bhagiruttee, the effects of which were felt nearly two hundred miles up the river. Calcutta suffered beyond description. At the same time occurred a violent earthquake, which did infinite damage to the town. Two hundred houses were destroyed; and the magnificent steeple of the church sank into the ground, without breaking. Twenty thousand ships, sloops, and boats are said to have been destroyed. Of nine English ships then in the river, eight were lost with all their crews."

N. B.—*Diacritical points must be placed on all written Arabic.*

PERSIAN.

Examiner—MAULAVI SYED SHAMSUL-HUDA, M. A.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Translate literally into English :—

10

مرا که پروردگار نعمت بزرگانم این سخن سخت آمد - گفتم
ای یار - تونگران دخل مسکینانند و ذخیره گوشه نشینان و مقصد
زایران و کهن مسافران - و متحمل بارگران از بهر راحت دگران -
دست تناول به طعام آنکه بزند که متعلقان و زیردستان بخورند -
و فضل مکارم ایشان بارامل و پدران و اقارب و جیران رسیده *

* نظم *

تونگران را وقف است و نذر و مهمانی
زکوة و فطره و اعتاق و هدی و قربانی
توکی بدولت ایشان رسی که نتوانی
جز این دو رکعت و آن هم بصد پیرشانی

(a) Give the singulars of مکارم, اقارب, ارامل, and جیران, 3
the Arabic plurals of وقف, طعام, مقصد, ذخیره, مسکین, نعمت, 3

(b) Explain fully the terms نذر, وقف, زکوة, فطره, اعتاق, 3
هدی. 3

(c) Derive متحمل, مهمان, تونگر. How do you explain the 2
ص in صد? Is this an Arabic word? 2

2. Translate literally into English :—

6

سلام ملک و علی من لدیکم - پیری رسید وضعف قوی شد -
قوت از اعضا رفت - یگانه آمدم و بیگانه میروم - خبر از خود
ندارم که کیستم و چه کاره ام - نفسی که بی ریاضت رفت افسوس
آن باقی ماند - ملک داری و رعیت پروری هیچ از من نیامد
عمر عزیزمفت رفت - خداوند در خانه دارم و روشنائی آن در

چشم تاریک خود نمی بینم - هیات پایدار نیست و از نفس
رفته نشانی پدیدار نی *

3. How are **تصغیر** (diminutives) and **اسم آله** (instrumental nouns) formed in Persian ? 5

4. Give the date of death of Bairam Khan from any **تاریخ ماده** 4
that you may remember, showing the process by which you arrive at the result.

5. Translate into English, explaining all references :— 6

پیش کسری ز خردمند حکیمان میرفت
سخن از سخت ترین موج درین لجه غم
آن یکی گفت که بیماری و اندوه دراز
وان دگر گفت که ناداری و پیروست بهم
سیرومین گفت که قرب اجل و سوء عمل
عاقبت رفت به ترجیع سوم حکم حکم

(a) Turn the first bait into prose. What is the Persian form 1½
of کسری ?

6. Translate into English :— 15

(a) درین زظلمت آباد پر گفتگوی
بسی ظالمانند مظلوم روی
غلام از ستم چوب بر خر شکست
پیدایش آن خواجه اش سر شکست
زد انبان آن بیوه را رخنه موش
بر آورد گرده ز جانش خروش
بران مهر کنجشاک هم زور کرد
ازو دیگرے معده معمر کرد
همی رو چنیدن تا رسد سلسله
بجائی کزانجا نشاید گله
ازانجا همه عدل مطلق بود

حق محض و خیر محقق بود
 (b) دل ای حکیم بر این معبر هلاک مبنی
 که اعتماد نکردند بر جهان عقال
 چنان بلطف همی پرورد که مروارید
 دگر بقهر چنان خرد میکند که سفال
 بمهر عارینی هیچ اعتماد مکن
 که پنج روز دگر میروود باستعجال
 مکن بچشم ارادت نگاه در دنیا
 که پشت مار بنفش است و زهر او قتال

(a) What is the difference between قاتل and قاتل ? Give 1½
 a few examples of words of the latter class.

7. Correct any errors in the following lines :— 2

زمانه کمان وار پشتم شکست * ز تار سرشکم بران حلقه بست
 ز اقلیدش اقلیدس آمد بدست * طلسمات گنج محیطی شکست

8. Explain the allusions in the following lines :— 6

یکی ثانی اندین در کنج غار
 که چون مار شد نازک جان شکار
 تن خود سپرد کرد بی قوس و باک
 که زخمی نیاید بران جان پاک
 چون "سگ درنده گوشت یافت نپرسد
 کین شکر صالح است یا خردجال
 مرا تهمیل بارے چگونه دست دهد
 که آسمان و زمین بر نافتند و جبال

9. Translate into Persian :—

"When the news of Abul Fazl's death reached court no one had the courage to break it to the emperor. According to an old custom observed by Timur's descendants, the death of a prince was not in plain words mentioned to the reigning emperor, but the prince's vakil presented himself before the throne with a blue handkerchief. Abul Fazl's vakil did the

same. Akbar bewailed Abul Fazl's death more than that of his son. For several days he would see no one, and after enquiring into the circumstances he exclaimed, 'If Salim wanted to be emperor he might have killed me and spared Abul Fazl.'

HINDI.

Examiner—PANDIT KANHAIYALAL SASTRI.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

[N.B.—Great attention must be paid to neatness and clearness of handwriting, which will be taken into consideration in assigning marks.]

1. What is poetical licence? How far is it allowed in Hindi? Illustrate your answer by examples. 4

2. Give some examples of auxiliary verbs in Hindi and of the use of यदि (yadi) or जो (jo) in a sentence without the corresponding तो (to). 5

3. Describe briefly in Hindi the character of Bharata as portrayed by Tulsidās in the *Ayodhyā Kānda* of his *Rāmāyan*, quoting passages to illustrate your remarks. 7

4. Explain fully in Hindi :— 15

(a) मोक्षका सार-भूत, निखलताका खोद खन, कष्टकाका खपार समुद्र, नैराश्याका गगन-स्पर्शी उच्च पर्वत, सहिष्णुताका जनक, मानसी गतिका सीमाचिन्ह और दुःख को सुख दोनोंका निश्चित सिद्धांत है ।

(b) चौ० । अस कहि कुटिल भई उठि ठाढ़ी ।

मानउं रोषतरंगिनि बाढ़ी ॥

पापपहार प्रगट भई सोई ।

भरी शोधजल जाइ न जोई ॥

दोउ घर कूल कठिन बढधारा ।

भंवर कूबरी बचन प्रचारा ॥

ढावति भूपकपतवसूला ।

बछी बिपति बारिधि समुझला ॥

(c) वं०। पदपद्म धीरे चढ़ाई नाथ न नाथ उतराई चढ़ौं ।

मोहि राम राखरि आनि दसरथ सपथ सब सांची कहौं ॥

बस तीर मारहिं लखन पै जब लगि न पांव पखारिहौं ।

तौ लगि न तुलसीदास नाथ छपाहु पार उतारिहौं ॥

(1) Find out the subject in extract (a). 2

(2) Explain the figure in the extract (c). 4

(3) Expound *samases* in the underlined words. 2

5. Give the Sanskrit roots of बीतना, बिसारना, रटना, बैठना, उठना, and पसारना. 8

6. Give the purport of the following in your own words :— 5

वं०। कृतिसेतपालक राम तुम जगदीस माया जानकी ।

जो खजति जग पालति हरति यख पाइ छपानिधान की ॥

जो सहससीस अहीस सहिधर लखन सचराचरधनी ।

सुरकाज धरि नरराजतनु सखे दलन खलनिसिचरधनी ॥

(a) Who is the speaker in the above extract ? 1

(b) Derive खजति, पालति, and हरति ; expound *samases* in सहससीस, अहीस, and नरराजतनु ; spell correctly सहससीस and अहीस. 7

7. Parse सुभको and मिले in सुभको आपसे मिले बज्जत दिन ऊपर. 4

8. Render the following into English :— 8

मेरी प्यारी,

तुम्हारे जीवन में जो महत् परिवर्तन हुआ, उसके लिये मैं अति सरल हृदय से आनन्द प्रकाश करता हूँ। आज तुम यूरोपके अति पराक्रान्त राज्यकी रानी हो और तुम्हारे हाथ में लाखों आदमियोंका सुख निर्भर करता है। ईश्वर उस भारी कर्तव्यसाधन करनेकी शक्ति तुम्हें दे। मैं भरोसा रखता हूँ कि, तुम्हारा राज्य सुदीर्घ सुखी और गौरवपूर्ण होगा, और तुम्हारा यत्न प्रजाओंके धन्यवादके उपयुक्त होगा। मैं क्या आशा कर सकता।

(a) Is there any inaccuracy in the use of the underlined phrases? Give reasons for your answer.

9. Translate into idiomatic Hindi:—

8

The teacher imparts knowledge, with equal care, to all the pupils, both dull and smart. It is not he who either produces or destroys their power to acquire knowledge; but great is the difference as regards the acquirement displayed by them; because an image is reflected on a piece of crystal, but never on a lump of earth.

URDU.

Paper set by—NAWAB SYED AMEER HOSSAIN, C. I. E.

Examiners—{ MAULAVI MUHAMMAD YUSUF JAFARI.
 ,, SYED RAHIMUDDIN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate literally into English:—

15

(a) في الواقع اوس مقام فرحت انجام کو جتنا سرائے بجا ہی -
لیکن اُردوئے معلیٰ کا عالم ہی جدا ہی۔ فضا اوسکی نہایت پاکیزہ
و وسیع۔ عمارات و ہانکی بمرتبہ اسلوبدار و رفیع۔ صحن اوسکا
رشک صحن گلزار۔ دوکان ہریک بازار کی بہار۔ اہل حرفہ سب
کے سب مہرقہ احوال۔ کوٹھی اونکی نقد و جنمی و جواہر سے
مالامال۔ نہ کسی چیز کی وہاں کمی نہ کوئی بشر اوس آبادی
میں غمی۔ اور نخاس کے بازار کی طرز ہی جدی فضا اوسکی
فضائی عالم سی بھی بڑی۔ صحن اوسکا اقسام اقسام کے
چارپایوں سے مالامال۔ زمین اوسکی نہایت صاف بگادہال۔
ہریک طرف خلق کا ایک دنگل جا بجا چہل پہل *

دروازہ حنولی قلعہ معلیٰ

(b)

یہہ ایک دروازہ ہی رفیع الشان بلند بنیان کہ جسکی رفعت
کے آگے آسمان پستی خاک سے کمتر اور جسکے اوج آسمان موج
کے سامنے اوج ثابت و میار حفیض زمین سے پستر ہی *

2. (a) Point out all the Arabic words in the above extracts. 4
 (b) Define and enumerate the different kinds of غير كلامي 5
 مرکب, illustrating your answer with examples.
3. (a) Explain the following words and expressions :— 2
 اُردوی معلیٰ - اسلوب دار - نحاہ - ثابت و سیار
- (b) اہں عرض کی یاد میں دریا کی پسلی پھرتی ہی 3
 طوطی کی جو بات ہی گویا نباتات ہی
 پہ لالے ہیں یا آتش کے پرکالے ہیں
4. Translate literally into English, and point out any allusion contained therein :— 12

اوسکی گجگاڑ کی اللہ رے چہرہ پہ لگ
 کہکشان جون شب بلدا میں نمایاں بہ فلک
 بیگنہ میں ہی وہ کوہ اوٹھن میں ہی ابرسیاہ
 مرثیٰ رفعت میں ہی اور چلنے میں چرخ اتھک
 شجر طور کا ہی چہرہ پہ اوسکے جلوہ
 رنگین تزیین کے لئے جس گھڑی اوسکی مستک
 جھول پر اوسکے ستاروں کا کہوں کیا میں حسن
 تارے جسطرح رہیں رات اندھیری میں چھٹک
 لیکن خرطوم میں زنجیر پھراوے وہ اگر
 اوسکے دانتوں کو بہہ سمجھ جو کوئی ہو زیرک
 لیلیٰ نے نالتھ نکالے ہیں سیہ خیمہ ہم
 ملنے کو مچنوں کے سن سلسلہ پا کی جھنک

5. (a) Who is the author of the above lines ? 5
 Give a short account of his life in Urdu.
- (b) Scan one of the above verses and name its metre. 3
 (c) Parse the first verse of the above lines. 3
6. (a) Define فعل غیر وضعی and فعل وضعی and mention 6
 with examples their several kinds.
- (b) What words are masculine or feminine in the following ?— 4
 کتاب - خانہ - جی - موتی - تدبیر - تعویذ - تاثیر - کشش

(c) Give the feminine of the following words :—

3

خان - مَلا - برہمن - راے - معشوق - بھائی

7. Translate into Urdu the following :—

15

The farther we advance to the south-east in Russia the more desolate does the aspect of the surface become. First the rainfall fails, so that crops cannot be depended on. Then the black earth itself disappears, and after that the farmers find it very hard work to wring a living from the soil. A much more pleasing scene is presented by the strip of land in the south-east corner of the Crimea. Sheltered by the hills from the cold north winds, a vegetation flourishes here such as is not met with elsewhere in Russia. Trees and shrubs, flowers and fruits, all remind us of the shores of the Mediterranean; and the climate of this out-of-the-way corner of the country is much like that of Italy and the south of France.

URIYA.

Examiner—BABU RAMPRASANNA MUKERJEE.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. ପାରିସ୍‌ର ବିଜେ ହେଲେ ନରବର ଆଗେହି ଦନ୍ତ,
କୁମାରୀର ସଙ୍ଗେ ଅମାରରେ ଘେନି ବିଜେ ହୁଅନ୍ତି,
ପ୍ରତିଦିନ ଉଷା ଏହିରୂପେ ଯାଇ ନୃପ-ଗହଣେ,
ଦେଖୁ ଥାଇ ବନେ ମୃଗୟା-କୌଶଳ ନିବିଷ୍ଟ-ମନେ,
ଦେଖୁ ଥାଇ ବନ-ପଶୁ-ପକ୍ଷୀଙ୍କର ଚେଷ୍ଟା-ଭଙ୍ଗିତ,
ସାହସ, ସାଧୁସ, ସେହ, ମାୟା ଆଦି ଯହିଁ ସୁରିତ,
କୌତୁକେ କ୍ରାନ୍ତନେ କଲୁ ଥାଇ ମନେ ରାଜେନ୍ଦ୍ରପୁତ୍ରା,
ମୃଗୟା-କୁଳର ଦେଶ-କାଳ-ଜ୍ଞାନ, ହସ୍ତ-ଲଘୁତା ;
ନିଜ ଦେଖି ରଙ୍ଗ ଏହି ରୂପେ ମଞ୍ଚୁ ହସ୍ତୀ ଉପରୁ,
ମୃଗୟା ଦୁଃଖକୁ ଶ୍ରାବ୍ୟ ଗଣିଲ ସେ ଗୁହ-ସୁଖରୁ ;
ମରଲେକେ ତାର ଯୋଗ୍ୟ ପଟାନ୍ତର କାହିଁ ମହିଳା ?
ଦବ୍ୟ ଲେକେ ଏକା ସମ୍ଭବେ ସିନା ସେ ଲବଣ୍ୟ ଲାଲା ;

(a) Render the above extract into prose order.

5

(b) Who is ଉଷା ? What you know of her ?

2

- (c) What is meant by ଚେଷ୍ଟା and ଇଚ୍ଛିତ here ? 2
- (d) Give the meaning of ପାରିତ୍ତି, ଅମାରି, ସାଧୁସ, ମୃଗୟୁ, ମଞ୍ଜୁ and ଲବଣ୍ୟ ଲୀଳା । 3

(e) Explain ମୃଗୟୁ କୁଳର ଦେଶ-କାଳ-ଜ୍ଞାନ ।

2. ସପତ୍ନୀର ପୂଜା ଉଠାଇବା ଆଗେ
 ଅଶିଳି, ବାଲୁତ, ତୋତେ ଏ ପ୍ରବାସେ,
 ବାର ଦେବକୁତ ଦ୍ଵାପରେ ଯେମତେ
 ସ୍ଥାପିଲେ ବୈଷ୍ଣବ ଧର୍ମ ଉଦ୍ଭବତେ,
 କୁର ଶାକ୍ତ ମତ, ଶାକ୍ତ ଅନାଚାର
 ଉଠାଇ ବୈଷ୍ଣବ ଭକତ ପ୍ରଭୁର,
 କରବାକୁ ଏକାଦୁହି ସେ ଭଜନ,
 ଅଛି ଶକ୍ତି ତୋର, ଅଛି ପୁଣି ମନ ;
 ରଣେ ଦେଖାଇଲୁ ସାହସ ବିଷମ,
 ନ ତରଲୁ ଅଗ୍ରେ ଉଦ୍ଧ ଦେଖି ଯମ,
 ଯୁଦ୍ଧ ଦାରକର ଯେତେ ଗୁଣମାନ
 ତୋଠାରେ ସକଳ ହୋଇଛି ପ୍ରମାଣ,
 ମାତ୍ର ଯୁଦ୍ଧବାର ନୁହେଁ ଧର୍ମବାର,
 କରକା ନୁହେଁ କେବେ ମଣିହାର,
 ଧର୍ମବାର ବିନା ଧର୍ମସଂସ୍ଥାପନ
 କରବାକୁ ଅନେକ ନୁହନ୍ତି ଭଜନ,

- (a) To whom and by whom is the above spoken ? 1
- (b) Write the allusions if you find any in the extract. 2
- (c) Translate the above extract into English. 3
- (d) Who is ଦେବକୁତ, and why is he so called ? 2
- (e) Who is meant here by ସପତ୍ନୀ and why ? Give the etymological meaning of the word. 2

3. ମେଘାସନ ବନ-ଦ୍ରୁମ ଶୃଙ୍ଖାରାଜ ଅନ୍ଧାରେ ଯାର
 ଜନରୁ ଝରଇ ମୁଦୁ କଳନାଦେ ନିର୍ମଳ ଧାର,
 ଉପଲେ ସୈକତେ ସ୍ଵଚ୍ଛ ସ୍ରୋତ ଯାର ନିରତେ ବହି
 ପଥ ପୁଷ୍ପ ଫଳ ଶସ୍ୟରେ ମଣ୍ଡନ କରଇ ମନ୍ଦୀ,
 ଜ୍ୟୋତିର୍ଲିଙ୍ଗ ପ୍ରଭୁ ସ୍ଵୟମ୍ଭୁ ଅନନ୍ତ ଯାତାରବାସୀ,
 ଯାହୁଦ-ମଣ୍ଡନ ସୀତାକୁଣ୍ଡ-ପୟଃ ପୀୟୂଷ ରାଶି,
 ଯାଲୁଲେ ଉଦ୍ରକେ ଛନ୍ଦି ରୁଦ୍ର-ଜାୟା ଉଦ୍ରକାଳିକା,
 ଦପାନବ ସିନା ଦୁର୍ଗନ୍ଧନାଶିନୀ ଦେବୀ ନାୟିକା,
 ଗୋନାସିକା-ଶୈଳ-ସୁତା-ପୁତ-ସ୍ରୋତେ ତାଳେ ସେ ଜଳ
 ପ୍ରସାଳି ସଙ୍ଗମେ ଆରତ-ଭୃଣ୍ଦର-ପାଦକମଳ,
 ସେହି ପୁତ-ସ୍ରୋତ-ଝରସ୍ଥିତ-ଜନ-ପଦ-ନଗର-
 ବାସୀ ଆସିଥିଲେ ଉଷା-ଲଭ-ଅଶା ହୃଦୟେ ଧର ।—

(a) Give a full explanation of the extract. 8

(b) Explain the geographical allusions that you find in the extract. 2

(c) Explain and name the somasas in ପୁତ-ସ୍ରୋତ-ଝରସ୍ଥିତ-
 ଜନ-ପଦ-ନଗରବାସୀ and ପାଦ-କମଳ 3

(d) How are the words formed ଧାର, ସ୍ଵଚ୍ଛ, ପୀୟୂଷ, ଜାୟା
 and ଦୁର୍ଗନ୍ଧ ? 2

4. (a) ମାନବ ପ୍ରକୃତିରେ ଦୁଇଗୋଟି ପରସ୍ପର ବିରୋଧୀ ଭାବ 14
 ସଂଲକ୍ଷିତ ହୁଏ । ଗୋଟିଏ ସ୍ଵାନ୍ୱବର୍ତ୍ତିତା, ଅପରଟି
 ନିର୍ଭର ଭାବ । ଯେପରି କେନ୍ଦ୍ରାଭିବର୍ଷଣୀ ଏବଂ
 କେନ୍ଦ୍ରାପସାରଣୀ ନାମକ ପରସ୍ପର ନିରୁଦ୍ଧ ଶକ୍ତିଦ୍ୱୟ-
 ଦ୍ୱାରା ଏହି ଅଖିଳ ବିଶ୍ୱ ସଂରକ୍ଷିତ ଏବଂ ପରିଚାଳିତ
 ହେଉଅଛି, ସେହିପରି ଉପର୍ଯ୍ୟୁକ୍ତ ଆଧ୍ୟାତ୍ମିକ ଶକ୍ତିଦ୍ୱୟ
 ମାନବସମାଜକୁ ଅନନ୍ତ ଉନ୍ନତ ଆଡ଼କୁ ଘେନି
 ଯାଉଅଛି । ସ୍ଵାନ୍ୱବର୍ତ୍ତିତା ମନୁଷ୍ୟକୁ ସ୍ୱତନ୍ତ୍ର, ସ୍ୱାର୍ଥା-

ନେଷୀ, ଅମ୍ଳନିର୍ଭରଶୀଳ ହେବାକୁ ଉପଦେଶ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରେ । ନିର୍ଭର ଭାବ ଜନସଙ୍ଗଂଲସାକୁ ଉତ୍ପାଦନ କରି ମନୁଷ୍ୟକୁ ସମାଜବନ୍ଧନରେ ନିବଦ୍ଧ କରେ ।

(b) ଅମ୍ଳଜାନ ସଂଜ୍ଞାନର ସତ୍ୟତାର ପରିମାପକ ଅଟେ ।

(c) ଯେଉଁ ଭବନର ଘୃତୁଷଭାବ ବୋଲି ଅଭିହିତ ହେଲା ତାହା ସ୍ଵଭାବତଃ କଠୋର, ସ୍ଵାକଲମ୍ବନଶୀଳ ଏବଂ ନିର୍ଭର ପରାତ୍ମମୁଖ ।

Explain fully the above extracts.

5. ଯେଉଁ ମହାପୁରୁଷଙ୍କ ପ୍ରତିପାଦିତ ଧର୍ମ ସମ୍ପ୍ରଦ ଅସିଆ-
ଶାସ୍ତ୍ରର ଅଧିକାଂଶ ଅଧିବାସିକର ଅବଲମ୍ବିତ, ସେହି
ଭୁବନବିଖ୍ୟାତ ମହାତ୍ମା ବୁଦ୍ଧଦେବ ଜେପାଲଗଜ୍ୟର
ହିମାଳୟ ପର୍ବତମାଳାର ସମୀପବର୍ତ୍ତୀ କପିଳବାସ୍ତୁ
ଜାମ୍ନା ନଗରରେ ଜନ୍ମଗ୍ରହଣ କରିଥିଲେ । ତାଙ୍କର
ପିତା ଶୁଭୋଦନ କପିଳବାସ୍ତୁର ଅଧିପତି ଥିଲେ ।
ତାଙ୍କର ଜନନୀ ମାୟାଦେବୀ ସୁପ୍ରବୁଦ୍ଧନାମକ ରାଜର
ତନ୍ୟା ଥିଲେ । ବୁଦ୍ଧଦେବ କ୍ଷତ୍ରିୟ ଶାକ୍ୟବଂଶରୁ
ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧିତ ହୋଇ ଥିଲେ ; ଯେତୁକି ନାମାନୁସାରେ ସେ
ଶାକ୍ୟନାମରେ ଅଭିହିତ ହେଲେ ।

(a) Translate the above extract into English.

6

(b) Derive the following words :—ଧର୍ମ, ଭୁବନ, ଭୁକ୍ତି, and 2

ଅଭିହିତ ।

6. Explain the meaning of following words by composing several sentences with the words :—

ଆଧିବସାୟ, କପୋଳକଳ୍ପିତ, କଳ୍ପନାବିଳାସ, ବ୍ୟାସ,
ଆୟତନ, ବିକାଶ, ଉପାଦାନ, and ପରିବେଶ । Can you give
the different names of ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟ ? How is it formed ?

7. What is an ଭଲ୍ଲପିଣ୍ଡ ? What you know of the cause of
its falling down and of its formation ? 4

1. *Kabita Sangraha* — Edition of 1888.
Extracts from Pages = 27 and 28, 16, 41.
2. *Probandhamala* — Edition of 1892.
Extracts from Pages = 103 and 104, 51, 88, and 13.

TRANSLATION AND COMPOSITION.

Head Examiner—BABU KRISHNAKAMAL

BHATTACHARYYA, B. A.

<i>Examiners</i> —	{	BABU NARAYANCHANDRA BHATTACHARYYA,
		M. A.
		„ SARATCHANDRA GUPTA, M. A.
		„ ASUTOSH SASTRI, M. A.
		„ BIHARILAL BANERJEE, M. A.
		PANDIT BARADAKANTA BIDYARATNA.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Translate into your own vernacular :—

20

(a) There is a story in the Arabian Nights Tales of a king who had been long suffering from a certain illness, and had taken abundance of medicines to no purpose. At length, says the fable, a physician cured him by the following method: he took a hollow ball of wood, and filled it with several drugs; after which he closed it up in such a way that what was within could not be seen. He then ordered the king, who was his patient, to exercise himself early in the morning with that ball, till such time as he should sweat. The exercise consisted in tossing up the ball again and again. The story says that as the king perspired, the virtue of the medicines which issued through the wood, had so good an effect on the king's constitution, that he was cured of an indisposition which all the medicines he had taken inwardly had not been able to remove.

(b) Cornaro was in his childhood of an infirm constitution, and remained so till he was forty, when by obstinately persisting in a course of temperate diet, he recovered a perfect state of health. At fourscore he published a book which has been translated into many languages.

(c) Arjuna, nothing daunted, drew his bow with all his might; he shot the arrow through the centre of the whirling chakra into the eye of the golden fish. A roar of acclamations rose like the crash of thunder. The Brahmans waved their scarfs with delight.

*Subject for original composition in the vernacular
of the student.*

Honesty is the best policy.

20

N.B.—Great attention must be paid to the neatness and clearness of handwriting, which will be taken into consideration in assigning marks.

HISTORY.

Head Examiner—BABU KRISHNABIHARI SEN, M. A.

<i>Examiners</i> —	{	BABU AMBIKACHARAN MITRA, M. A.
		„ BINAYENDRANATH SEN, M. A.
		„ ADHARCHANDRA MUKERJEE, M. A.
		„ KUNJABIHARI BASU, M. A.
		„ SIBENDRANATH GUPTA, M. A.
		„ RAMANANDA CHATTERJEE, M. A.
		„ MOHITCHANDRA SEN, M. A.
		MR. ABDUL HAK ABID, B. A.

I. INDIA.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Give an outline of the story of the Mahabharat. What was the probable date of the events related therein? 3
 2. State what you know of Chandra Gupta, Kanishka, Vikramaditya and Siladitya. 8
 3. Mention the chief events of the reign of Akbar, and compare his general policy with that of Aurangzeb. 5
 4. Trace the rise of the Sikhs. Under what circumstances were they brought in conflict with the British Government? What were the results of the First Sikh War? 6
 5. Give a list of the Governors General of India from Warren Hastings to Lord Dalhousie, with dates. 8
- Give a short account of the administration of Lord William Bentinck.

II. ENGLAND.

Gardiner's Outline of English History.

1. Enumerate the dynasties that reigned in England, giving dates, and show by what right the following sovereigns came to occupy the English throne :—Henry VII, James I, William and Mary, George I. 8
2. What were the causes of the Hundred Years' War? Describe the nature of Edward's claim to the French throne. What great battles were fought during the war? 6
3. Describe the religious policy of the reign of Henry VIII. What was his attitude towards the Reformation? 6
4. What circumstances led to the American War of Independence? 5
5. State what you know of Wycliffe, Lady Jane Grey, Sir Thomas More, Earl of Strafford, and George Canning. 5

Or,

Edith Thompson's England.

1. Write a short history of the reign of King John, describing particularly his struggles (1) with the Pope, and (2) with the Barons. 6

2. Construct a table of the descendants of Edward III to explain the Wars of the Roses. How was the union of the rival houses brought about? 6
3. Explain the causes which led to the War of the Spanish Succession. Name the great battles fought during the war, with dates. 5
4. When and under what circumstances was the First Reform Bill passed? What were its leading provisions? 5
5. Write brief notes on the following:—Domesday Book, the Lollards, the Cabal, Septennial Act, Catholic Emancipation, the Short Parliament, the Long Parliament, the Little Parliament. 8

GEOGRAPHY.

Head Examiner—BABU KRISHNABIHARI SEN, M. A.

<i>Examiners</i> —	{	BABU RAMENDRASUNDAR TRIVEDI, M. A.
	{	„ JNANCHANDRA GHOSH, M. A.
	{	„ BRAJABALLABH DATTA, M. A.
	{	„ KUMUDINIKANTA BANERJEE, M. A.
	{	„ JIBANCHANDRA MUKERJEE, M. A.
	{	„ RAJENDRANATH CHATTERJEE, M. A.
	{	„ BRAJENDRANATH CHATTERJEE, M. A.
	{	„ UMESCHANDRA GHOSH, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain the following geographical terms:—Estuary, Watershed, Delta, Tableland, Antipodes, Parallel of Latitude. 6
2. Name— 12
- (a) The counties of England washed by the German Ocean, with their chief towns.
- (b) The countries bordering on the Mediterranean Sea.
- (c) The largest river in (1) Europe, (2) Africa, (3) North America, (4) South America, with tributaries.
- (d) The four chief islands of Japan.
- (e) Four of the larger lakes of Africa.
- (f) Two of the famous mountain passes on the North-Western frontier of India.
3. Draw a map of the coast line of Southern Asia, marking and naming the capes, the great rivers with their tributaries, and the principal towns along the coast. 8
4. What and where are the following:—Ecuador, Yokohama, Tientsin, Alaska, Utah, the Hague, Alsace—Lorraine, Tierra del Fuego. 8
5. Give a brief account of Turkey in Europe with special reference to the following points:—(1) Its boundaries, (2) Mountains, (3) Rivers, (4) Political Divisions, (5) Government. 5

6. Define Force. What is meant by the Force of Gravity? 2
7. Explain as clearly as you can the following propositions:— 6
- (a) In the order of nature matter is indestructible.
- (b) Ice, water, and steam are states of one substance, water.
8. What becomes of rain when it has once fallen? Explain 6
the formation of springs. What is meant by the chemical
action of rain?
9. What is meant by Land and Sea Breezes? Explain their 3
origin.
10. Describe the general character of the sea-floor. Why is 4
the sea salt?

DRAWING.

Examiner—MR. W. H. JOBBINS.

(One hour and a half allowed for this paper).

Copy in pencil, with a clear outline, the above figure, decreasing the height to C. D. opposite, and the width in proportion.

No lines may be drawn on the Example, in making the copy, and no ruling, squaring, or measuring of any kind is allowed.

First Examination in Arts.

1893.

ENGLISH POETRY.

Paper set by—REV. E. F. BROWN, M. A.

Examiners— $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{MR. W. B. LIVINGSTONE.} \\ \text{,, ABDUR RAHIM, M. A.} \\ \text{BABU HERAMBACHANDRA MAITRA, M. A.} \end{array} \right.$

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Give in your own words the argument of Rokeby, Canto 5
- VI. 2. Explain the following passages :— 18

- (a) Or if our substance be indeed divine
And cannot cease to be, we are at worst
On this side nothing.
- (b) Worth waiting, since our present lot appears
For happy though but ill, for ill not worst,
If we procure not to ourselves more woe.
- (c) Wherefore do I assume
These royalties, and not refuse to reign,
Refusing to accept as great a share
Of hazard as of honour, due alike
To him who reigns, and so much to him due
Of hazard more, as he above the rest
High honoured sits.
- (d) The naked negro, panting at the line
Boasts of his golden sands and palmy wine.
- (e) The canvas glowed, beyond e'en nature warm,
The pregnant quarry teemed with human form.
- (f) Ferments arise, imprisoned factions roar
Repress ambition struggles round her shore,
Till, over-wrought, the general system feels
Its motions stop, or phrenzy fire the wheels.
- (g) Led Bertram Risingham the hearts
That countered there on adverse parts,
No superstitious fool had I
Sought El Dorados in the sky.
- (h) Such varied group Urbino's hand
Round him of Tarsus nobly planned,
What time he bade proud Athens own
On Mars' mount the God unknown.
- (i) O for that pencil, erst profuse
Of chivalry's emblazoned hues,
That traced of old, in Woodstock bower

The pageant of the Leaf and Flower.
And bodied forth the tourney high
Held for the land of Emily.

3. In what sense are the following words used by Milton?— 9
Success, drench, dash, fatal, virtues, reluctance, puny, astonisht,
demur, abortive, intend, alchemy, took, frore, wight, dint,
pretences, buxom, confine.

Compare the use of the following by Milton and Scott respectively :—

Goblin, uncouth, conjure, van.

4. Explain the allusions :— 16
'Like forms on Banquo's mystic glass'—'Queen of May'—
'As erst the demons fled from Saul'—'O'er Hexham's altar
hung my glove'—'I thought on Darien's desert pale'—
'Orinoco rolls to the main no tribute tide'—'That treacherous
Hall'—'To ponder Jacques' moral strain'—'Of Erick's cap
and Elmo's light'—'The Tanist he to great O'Neale'—'proud
Oberon'—'Luke's iron crown'—'Wild Oswego spreads her
swamps'—'Arcadian pride'—'Pythian fields'—'The Stygian
council.'

5. What does Milton mean by 'this essential'—'The pal- 11
pable obscure'—'The happy ile'—'Empyrean thrones'—'The
envenomed robe'—'by Harpy-footed furies haled'—'The trad-
ing flood'?

And what does Goldsmith mean by 'towns unmanned'—
'mans the soul'—'trolls the funny deep'—'the struggling
savage'—'skilled in gestic lore.'

6. Relate and explain Milton's allegory of Sin and Death. 4

7. What is the meaning of the following?— 3

'Thou aguish boy'; 'The stern arrest'; 'The crozier and
the crown'; 'The weather-gage of fate'; 'Hast thou lodged
our deer'; 'As ships drift darkling down the tide, nor see the
shelves o'er which they glide.'

8. In what sense are the following words used by Scott?— 9
Rath, elf-locks, kern, leech, shrift, scud, brand, mickle, key,
flag, cyrie, cushat.

And what are meant by—

Alcides, Ophiuchus, Hydaspis, The Charib, Nimrod, Erin?

ENGLISH PROSE.

Paper set by—MR. C. R. WILSON, M. A.

Examiners— $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{REV. A. P. BEGG, B. A.} \\ \text{,, J. MORRISON, M. A., B. D.} \\ \text{,, A. TOMORY, M. A.} \end{array} \right.$

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Describe the circumstances which led (a) to the establish- 4
ment of Addison's reputation, and (b) to the publication of the
Spectator.

2. Fully explain the following passages, noticing all allusions and adding whatever of the context you may think necessary:— 20

(a) 'Do not you remember, child,' says she, 'that the pigeon-house fell the very afternoon that our careless wench spilt the salt upon the table?' 'Yes,' says he, 'my dear, and the next post brought us an account of the battle of *Almanza*.'

(b) I have known the word *and* pursn'd through the whole gamut, and have been entertained with many a melodious *the*, and have heard the most beautiful graces, quavers and divisions bestowed upon *then*, *for*, and *from*.

(c) Aretine is too trite an instance.

(d) *Locke* on Human Understanding: With a paper of patches in it.

(e) Bullock in a short coat and Norris in a long one, seldom fail of this effect.

(f) He told me that he generally talked the *Paronomasia*, that he sometimes gave in to the *Plocè*, but that in his humble opinion he shined most in the *Antanaclassis*.

(g) The same letter on many occasions does the office of a whole word and represents the *his* and *her* of our forefathers.

(h) The first day one of them sitting down, entered upon the siege of *Namur*, which lasted till four a-clock, their time of parting.

(i) A deaf man would think he was cheapning a beaver, when perhaps he is talking of the fate of the British nation.

(A) 'Asterisks,' says he, 'do you call them? They are all of them stars. He might as well have put garters to 'em.'

3. Give briefly in your own words the portrait of the Spectator as sketched by Addison. 3

4. What faults does Addison note in the women of his day, and how does he deal with them? 3

5. Describe briefly the introduction of printing into England by Caxton. What services did he render the English language? 4

6. Who were the Pilgrim Fathers? Give briefly the story of their troubles in England and of their departure to the New World. 4

7. Why did Parliament wish Cromwell to assume the title of king, and why did he refuse it? 2

8. Explain fully:— 13

(a) No man may come truth to, but if he sing 'si dederò.' True love is away that was so good, and clerks for wealth work them woe. God do bote, for now is time.

(b) The Knights of the Bath, 'in gowns of violet with hoods purfled with miniver like doctors.'

(c) The chance which has preserved an earlier edition of his 'Hamlet' shows in what an unsparing way Shakespeare could recast even the finest products of his genius.

(d) Call him Crusader instead of Roundhead, and he seems at once as complete a knight-errant as ever watched and prayed, ere putting on his spurs, in fantastic Gothic chapel beneath 'storied windows richly dight.'

(e) Sir Harry Vane! Sir Harry Vane! you might have prevented this extraordinary course; but you are a juggler, and have not so much as common honesty. The Lord deliver me from Sir Harry Vane!

9. Explain:—

One of Arnold's Rugby boys. Giving the Boers a wide berth. A beast blessed with a most intractable temper. He buckled to his task. I am to be accompanied by my guardian angel. Portuguese colonos. The Asthmatic. The majestic sneak. V. C. men truly many of them. Hot dampers served in silver. To put a stout heart to a stey brae. A man put my bed in the bilge.

10. Where is lake Tanganyika? Give briefly the story of the finding of Livingstone by Stanley, and of their joint expedition on the lake.

11. Write a short essay on one of the following subjects:—

(a) Ordinary daily life in the village.

(b) The connection between health of body and health of mind.

ARITHMETIC, ALGEBRA, AND GEOMETRY.

Paper set by—MR. W. BOOTH, M. A.

Examiners— $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{REV. J. P. ASHTON, M. A.} \\ \text{BABU GAURISANKAR DE, M. A.} \\ \text{,, SURYYAKUMAR KARFARMA, M. A.} \end{array} \right.$

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. (a) Simplify $\frac{4\cdot28571\dot{4} \text{ of } 3\cdot4}{1\cdot\frac{3}{10} \text{ of } 2\cdot42857\dot{1}} \times \frac{\cdot4\dot{3} \text{ of } \cdot625}{\cdot24}$. 4

(b) Multiply 2·1825 by ·0046, and divide the result by ·0002425. 4

2. Solve the equation 2 2

$$ax^2 + 2bx + c = 0.$$

If α and β be its roots, determine $\alpha^3 + \beta^3$ and $\alpha^5 + \beta^5$ in terms of α , b and c . 3

3. If 3 3

$$(a+b+c+d)(a-b+d-c) = (a-b+c-d)(a+b-c-d),$$

prove that a , b , c , d are proportionals.

4. Find the middle term in the expansion of $(1+x)^{2n}$. 3

5. Find the sum of n terms of the series 4

$$a + (a+b)r + (a+2b)r^2 + (a+3b)r^3 + \&c.$$

6. Expand e^x in a series of ascending powers of x . 3

Hence calculate the square root of e to three places of decimals correctly. 4

7. To a given straight line apply a parallelogram which shall be equal to a given triangle and have one of its angles equal to a given angle. 4
8. Construct an isosceles triangle each of whose base angles is seven times its vertical angle. 7
9. What is 'Compounded ratio' ? 1
- Prove that equiangular parallelograms are to one another in a ratio compounded of the ratios of their sides. 4
10. (a) What is Euclid's Definition of proportion ? 5
- (b) Describe a rectilinear figure which shall be equal to one and similar to another rectilinear figure. 5

CONIC SECTIONS AND TRIGONOMETRY.

Paper set by—MR. W. BOOTH, M. A.

Examiners— { MR. C. LITTLE, M. A.
BABU BIPINBHARI GUPTA, M. A.
„ MAHENDRANATH RAY, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. A chord of a conic being divided at any point, determine the rectangle contained by its segments. 5
2. The parameter of any diameter of a parabola is equal to four times the focal distance of its extremity. Prove this. 5
3. Prove that the exterior angle between any two tangents to a parabola is equal to the angle which either of them subtends at the focus. 5
4. Prove that the angles between any two diameters of an equilateral hyperbola are equal to the angles between the conjugate diameters. 5
5. At any point on a central conic the square of the ordinate to any diameter is in a constant ratio to the product of the corresponding abscissae. Prove this. 5
6. Prove that if a circle and a conic intersect in four points their common chords are equally inclined in opposite pairs to the axis of the conic. 5
7. (a) Prove that 3
- $$\cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B) = 2 \cos A \cos B.$$
- (b) Reduce $\frac{\cos 2A - \cos 4A}{\sin 4A - \sin 2A}$ to a single trigonometrical function. 3
8. Calculate $\sin 15^\circ$ to five places of decimals. 5
9. Two sides of a triangle are 3 and 5 feet and the included angle is 120° ; find the other angles, having given 6
- $$\log 4.8 = .6812412, L \tan 8^\circ 12' = 9.1586706,$$
- $$\text{diff. for } 60' = .000894.$$

10. (a) Prove $\sin A = \frac{2 \tan \frac{A}{2}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{A}{2}}$. 2
- (b) If $\tan \theta = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1 + c^2}}{c}$, find 3
 $\tan 2\theta$ and $\tan 4\theta$. 3
11. In a plane triangle, prove 2
 $a(b \cos C - c \cos B) = b^2 - c^2$,
 and $b \cos B + c \cos C = a \cos (B - C)$. 3

GREEK POETRY.

Examiner—MR. C. R. WILSON, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English prose :— 15

Καὶ δὴ τεθνᾶσι· τίς με δέξεται πόλις ;
 τίς γῆν ἄστυλον καὶ δόμους ἐχεγγύους
 ξένος παρασχὼν ῥύσεται τοῦμὸν δέμας ;
 οὐκ ἔστι· μέϊνασ' οὖν ἔτι σμικρὸν χρόνον,
 ἦν μὲν τις ἡμῖν πύργος ἀσφαλῆς φανῇ,
 δόλῳ μέτειμι τόνδε καὶ σιγῇ φόνον,
 ἦν δ' ἐξελαύνῃ ξυμφορά μ' ἀμήχανος,
 αὐτῇ ξίφος λαβοῦσα, κεῖ μέλλω θανεῖν,
 κτενῶ σφε, τόλμης δ' εἰμι πρὸς τὸ καρτερόν.
 οὐ γὰρ μὰ τὴν δέσποιναν, ἦν ἐγὼ σέβω
 μάλιστα πάντων καὶ ξυνεργὸν εἰλόμην,
 Ἑκάτην, μυχοῖς ναίουσαν ἐστίας ἐμῆς,
 χαίρων τις αὐτῶν τοῦμὸν ἀλγυνεὶ κέαρ.
 πικροὺς δ' ἐγὼ σφιν καὶ λυγροὺς θήσω γάμους,
 πικρὸν δὲ κῆδος καὶ φυγὰς ἐμὰς χθονός.
 ἀλλ' εἴα· φείδου μηδὲν ὧν ἐπίστασαι,
 Μῆδεϊα, βουλευούσα καὶ τεχνωμένη·
 ἔρπ' ἐς τὸ δεινόν· νῦν ἀγὼν εὐψυχίας.
 ὀρᾷς ἂ πάσχεις ; οὐ γέλωτα δεῖ σ' ὀφλεῖν
 τοῖς Σισυφείοις τοῖς τ' Ἰάσονος γάμοις,
 γεγῶσαν ἐσθλοῦ πατρὸς Ἑλίου τ' ἄπο.

Parse the underlined words. Scan the twelfth and thirteenth lines. 5

2. Comment on the syntax in :— 3

(a) Σὲ τὴν σκυθρωπὸν καὶ πόσει θυμουμένην,
 Μῆδεϊαν, εἶπον τῇσδε γῆς ἕξω περᾶν.

(b) Ξυμβάλλεται δὲ πολλὰ τοῦδε δείματος.

(c) Οἶμαι γὰρ ὑμᾶς τῆσδε γῆς Κορινθίας
τὰ πρῶτ' ἔσσεσθαι.

3. Translate into English :—

12

Στέργοι δέ με σωφροσύνα, δώρημα κάλλιστον θεῶν·
μηδέ ποτ' ἀμφιλόγους ὄργας ἀκόρεστά τε νείκη
θυμὸν ἐκπλήξας' ἑτέροις ἐπὶ λέκτροις
πρηνεσθῆναι δεινὰ Κύπρις, ἀποτόλემους δ' εὐνὰς σεβίζουσ'
ὀξύφρων κρίνοι λέχη γυναικῶν.
ὦ πατρίς, ὦ δῶπά τ' ἑμὸν,
μὴ δῆτ' ἀπολις γενοίμαν,
τὸν ἱμαχανίας ἔχουσα δυσπέρατον αἰῶν'
οἰκτροτάτων ἀχέων.
θανάτῳ θανάτῳ πάρος δαμείην
ὁμέραν τάνδ' ἐξανύσασα· μόχθων δ' οὐκ ἄλλος ὑπερβεν ἦ
γᾶς πατρίας στέρεσθαι.

Scan the first two lines.

2

4. What other Greek poets besides Euripides have told us the story of Medea, and what versions do they give of it?

2

5. Trace the part played by the Chorus in the development of the drama.

3

6. Translate with brief notes :—

8

ΙΑ. Καὶ τή γε λυπεῖ καὶ κακῶν κοινωνὸς εἶ.

ΜΗ. σάφ' ἴσθι· λύει δ' ἄλγος, ἣν σὺ μὴ ἔγγελας.

ΙΑ. ὦ τέκνα, μητρὸς ὡς κακῆς ἐκύρσατε.

ΜΗ. ὦ παῖδες, ὡς ὤλεσθε πατρὶά νόσῳ.

ΙΑ. οὗτοι νιν ἡμῇ δεξιά γ' ἀπώλεσεν.

ΜΗ. ἀλλ' ὕβρις οἷ τε σοὶ νεοδηγῆτες γάμοι.

ΙΑ. λέχους σφε κηξίωσας οὐνεκα κτανεῖν;

ΜΗ. σμικρὸν γυναικὶ πῆμα τοῦτ' εἶναι δοκεῖς;

ΙΑ. ἥ τις γε σῶφρων· σοὶ δὲ πάντ' ἐστὶν κακά.

ΜΗ. οἶδ' οὐκέτ' εἰσὶ τοῦτο γάρ σε δήξεται.

ΙΑ. οἶδ' εἰσὶν, οἶμοι, σὺ κάρα μιάστορες.

ΜΗ. ἴσασιν ὅστις ἤρξε πημονῆς θεοί.

7. Translate :—

10

Ὅρεστί, ἐγὼ τοι σὸν καταδοῦμαι κᾶρα,
καὶ ξυμπονήσαι σοῖς κακοῖσι βούλομαι.
καὶ χρὴ γὰρ οὕτω τῶν ὀπαιμόνων κακὰ
ξυνεκκομίζειν, δύναμιν ἣν διδῶ θεός,
θνήσκοντα καὶ κτείνοντα τοὺς ἐναντίους·
τὸ δ' αὖ δύνασθαι παρὰ θεῶν χρήζω τυχεῖν.
ἦ κω γὰρ ἀνδρῶν ξυμμάχων κενὸν δόρυ
ἔχων, πόνοισι μυρίοις ἀλώμενος,
σμικρῇ ξὺν ἀλκῇ τῶν λελειμμένων φίλων.

GREEK PROSE.

Examiner—MR. C. R. WILSON, M. A.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Translate into English :—

12

*Ισος δὲ αἰεὶ ῥέει ἐν τε θέρεϊ καὶ χειμῶνι ὁ *Ιστρος, κατὰ τοιόνδε τι, ὡς ἐμοὶ δοκέει. τοῦ μὲν χειμῶνος ἐστὶ ὅσος πέρ ἐστι, ὀλίγῃ τε μέζων τῆς ἐνωτοῦ φύσιος γίνεται· ὕεται γὰρ ἡ γῆ αὕτη τοῦ χειμῶνος ἀμπαν ὀλίγῳ, νιφετῷ δὲ πάντα χρέεται· τοῦ δὲ θέρεος ἡ χιὼν ἢ ἐν τῷ χειμῶνι πεσοῦσα, ἐοῦσα ἀμφιλαφῆς, τηκομένη πάντοθεν ἐσδιδοὶ ἐς τὸν *Ιστρον· αὕτη τε δὴ ἡ χιὼν ἐσδιδοῦσα ἐς αὐτὸν συμπληθύνει, καὶ ὄμβροι πολλοὶ τε καὶ λάβροι σὺν αὐτῇ· ὕει γὰρ δὴ τὸ θέρος. ὅσῳ δὲ πλεόν ἐπ' ἐωντὸν ὕδωρ ὁ ἥλιος ἐπέλκεται ἐν τῷ θέρεϊ ἢ ἐν τῷ χειμῶνι, τοσοῦτῳ τὰ συμμισγόμενα τῷ *Ιστρῷ πολλαπλήσιά ἐστι τοῦ θέρεος ἡμερ τοῦ χειμῶνος· ἀντιτιθέμενα δὲ ταῦτα, ἀντισήκωσις γίνεται, ὥστε ἴσον μιν αἰεὶ φαίνεσθαι ἕντα.

With what river is Herodotus contrasting the *Ιστρος? How far is he right in his views? 4

2. Translate into English :—

10

Οὗτος δὲ ὁ Μεγάβαζος, εἶπας τότε τὸ ἔπος, ἐλείπετο ἀθάνατον μνήμην πρὸς Ἑλλησποντίων. γενομένου γὰρ ἐν Βυζαντίῳ, ἐπύθετο ἑπτακαίδεκα ἔτεσι πρότερον Καλχηδονίους κτίσαντας τὴν χώραν Βυζαντίων· πυθόμενος δὲ, ἔρη Καλχηδονίους τοῦτον τὸν χρόνον τυγχάνειν ἑόντας τυφλοῦς· οὐ γὰρ ἂν τοῦ καλλίωνος παρεόντος κτίσειν χώραν τὸν αἰσχίονα ἐλέσθαι, εἰ μὴ ἦσαν τυφλοὶ· οὗτος δὴ ὢν τότε ὁ Μεγάβαζος στρατηγὸς λειφθεὶς ἐν τῇ χώρῃ Ἑλλησποντίων, τοὺς μὴ μηδίζοντας κατεστρέφετο. οὗτος μὲν νυν ταῦτα ἔρησσε.

When and by whom were the colonies of Chalcedon and Byzantium founded? 2

Give some account of Megabazus. 2

3. Translate into English :—

10

Κατὰ τοὺς Νομάδας δὲ ἐστὶ τούτων οὐδὲν, ἀλλ' ἄλλα τοιαῦτα· πύγαργοι, καὶ ζορκάδες, καὶ βουβάλιες, καὶ ὄνοι, οὐκ οἱ τὰ κέρεια ἔχοντες, ἀλλὰ ἄλλοι ἄποτοι· οὐ γὰρ δὴ πίνουνσι· καὶ ὄρνες, τῶν τὰ κέρεια τοῖσι φοίνιξι οἱ πῆχες ποιεῦνται· ἐγάθος δὲ τὸ θηρίον τοῦτο κατὰ βοῦν ἐστί· καὶ βασσάρια, καὶ ὕιναι, καὶ ὕστριχες, καὶ κριοὶ ἄγριοι, καὶ δίκτυες, καὶ θῶες, καὶ πάνθηρες, καὶ βῦρνες, καὶ κροκύδειλοι ὅσον τε τριπήχες χερσαῖοι, τῇσι σαύρησι ἐμπερέστατοι· καὶ στρουθοὶ κατάγαιοι, καὶ ὄφεις μικροὶ, κέρως ἐν ἑκάστῳ ἔχοντες. ταῦτά τε δὴ αὐτόθι ἐστὶ θηρία καὶ ἄπερ τῇ ἄλλῃ πλὴν ἐλάφου τε καὶ ὑὸς ἀγρίου· ἐλαφος δὲ καὶ ὅς ἄγριος ἐν Λιβύῃ ἀμπαν οὐκ ἔστι.

4. Turn into Attic Greek :—

4

*Ἐπεμψε Σιτάλκης παρὰ τὸν Ὀκταμασάδην, λέγων τοιάδε·
 “τί δεῖ ἡμέας ἀλλήλων πειρηθῆναι; εἰς μὲν μὲν τῆς ἀδελφεῆς
 παῖς, ἔχεις δέ μεν ἀδελφεόν.”

Who was Sitalces? What argument as to the date of the fourth book of Herodotus has been founded upon this passage?

4

5. Relate very briefly the story of the founding of Cyrene.

4

6. Translate into Greek prose :—

8

The Scythians have contrived this great object, that no invader of their country shall ever escape out of it, or shall be ever able to find out and overtake them; unless they themselves choose. For when men have neither walls nor established cities, but are house-carriers and horse-bowmen—living, not from their plough, but from cattle, and having their dwellings on waggons—how can they be otherwise than unattackable and impracticable to meddle with?

LATIN POETRY.

Examiner—DR. M. A. STEIN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate :—

6

Talia jactanti stridens Aquilone procella
 Velum adversa ferit, fluctusque ad sidera tollit.
 Franguntur remi; tum proram avertit et undis
 Dat latus; insequitur cumulo praeruptus aquae mons.
 Hi summo in fluctu pendent; his unda dehiscens
 Terram inter fluctus aperit; furit aestus arrenis.
 Tris Notus abreptas in saxa latentia torquet—
 Saxa vocant Itali, mediis quae in fluctibus, Aras—
 Dorsum immane mari summo; tris Euris ab alto
 In brevia et Syrtis urguet, miserabile visu,
 Inliditque vadis atque aggere cingit arenae.

(a) Explain fully—*Notus, Aras, In brevia et Syrtis*. Give the full force of *de* in *dehiscens*.

2. Translate :—

8

Aeneas scopulum interea conscendit et omnem
 Prospectum late pelago petit, Anthea si quem
 Jactatum vento videat Phrygiasque biremis,
 Aut Capyu, aut celsis in puppibus arma Caii.
 Navem in conspectu nullam, tris litore cervos
 Prospicit errantis; hos tota armenta sequuntur
 A tergo, et longum per vallis pascitur agmen.
 Constitit hic arcumque manu celerisque sagittas
Corripuit, fidus quae tela gerebat Achates,
 Ductoresque ipsos primum, capita alta ferentis
 Cornibus arboreis sternit, tum volgus et omnem
 Miacet agens telis nemora inter frondea turbam;

Nec prius *absistit* quam septem ingentia victor
Corpora fundat humi et numerum cum navibus aequet.

(a) Parse, and give the principle parts of, the verbs italicised.

(b) Account for the cases of *pelago* and *humi* and for the moods of *videat* and *fundat*. Explain the construction in *Antheu si quem*, &c.

3. Translate :—

10

Sic placitum. Veniet lustris labentibus actas,
Cum domus Assarici Phthiam clarasque Mycenae
Servitio premet ac victis dominabitur Argis.
Nascetur pulchra Trojanus origine Caesar,
Imperium oceano, famam qui terminet astris,
Julius, a magno dimissum nomen Iulo.
Hunc tu olim coelo, spoliis Orientis onustum,
Accipies secura; vocabitur hic quoque votis.
Aspera tum positae mitescent sacculo bellis;
Cana Fides, et Vesta, Remo cum fratre Quirinus,
Jura dabunt; dirae ferro et compagibus artis
Claudentur belli portae; Furor impius intus
Saeva sedens super arma et centum vinctus aenis
Post tergum nodis fremit horridus ore cruento.

(a) Indicate by short notes the allusions to events of Roman history contained in the above extract.

(b) Explain the construction *nomen Iulo*. What different interpretations have been given of *Cana Fides*?

4. Translate :—

12

Tum breviter Dido, voltum demissa, profatur:
Solvite corde metum, Teucri, secludite curas.
Res dura et regni novitas me talia cogunt
Moliri, et late finis custode tueri.
Quis genus *Aeneadum*, quis Trojae nesciat urbem
Virtutesque virosque, aut tanti incendia belli?
Non *obtusa* adeo gestamus pectora Poeni,
Nec tam aversus equos Tyria Sol jungit ab urbe.
Sed vos Hesperiam magnam Saturniaque arva,
Sive *Erycis* finis regemque optatis Acesten,
Auxilio tutos dimittam, opibusque juvabo.
Vultis et his mecum pariter considerare regnis?
Urbem quam statuo, vestra est; subducite navis;
Tros Tyriusque mihi nullo discrimine agetur.
Atque utinam rex ipse Noto compulsus eodem
Adforet Aeneas? Equidem per litora certos
Dimittam et Libyæ lustrare extremo jubebo,
Si quibus ejectus silvis aut urbibus errat.

(a) Explain the syntax of—*demissa voltum*; *Urbem quam statuo*; *discrimine agetur*.

(b) Parse the words italicised and comment on *Erycis*.

5. (a) Explain fully the allusions in '*Eoasque acies et nigri Memnonis arma*'—'*matris Acidaliae*'—'*geminosque Triones*'—

5

'*patriis summi qui tela Typhoia temnis*'—'*Teucrium . . . nova regna petentem auxilio Beli.*'

(b) Mention examples of Zeugma and Onomatopœia occurring in the first book of the *Aeneid*. 2

6 Scan the following verses, indicating the quantity of each syllable and pointing out any peculiarity of the metre :— 5

Apparent rari nantes in gurgite vasto,
Arma virum tabulaeque et Troja gaza per undas.
Jam validum Ilionei navem, jam fortis Achatae—
Per terram et versa pulvis inscribitur hasta—
Et vera incessu patuit dea. Ille ubi matrem.—

7. Translate :— 12

Nox erat et placidum carpebant fessa soporem
Corpora per terras, silvaeque et saeva quierunt
Aequora, quum medio volvuntur sidera lapsu,
Quum tacet omnis ager. Pecudes pictaeque volucres,
Quaeque lacus late liquidos, quaeque aspera dumis
Rura tenent, somno positae sub nocte silenti,
Lenibant curas, et corda oblita laborum.
At non infelix animi Phoenissa, neque unquam
Solvitur in somnos, oculisve aut pectore noctem
Accipit ; ingeminant curae, rursusque resurgens
Saevit amor, magnoque irarum fluctuat aestu.

LATIN PROSE.

Examiner—DR. M. A. STEIN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Give a brief account of the career of Archias. State and account for his Roman name. Indicate the *Lex* on which the prosecution against Archias was based, and explain its provisions. What was Cicero's reason for undertaking the poet's defence? 5

2. Translate :— 5

Adsunt Heracleenses legati : nobilissimi homines hujus judicii causa cum mandatis et cum publico testimonio venerunt, qui hunc ascriptum Heracleensem dicunt. Hic tu tabulas desideras Heracleensium publicas, quas Italico bello incenso tabulario interisse scimus omnes. Est ridiculum ad ea quae habemus nihil dicere, quaerere quae habere non possumus ; et de hominum memoria tacere, litterarum memoriam flagitare ; et quum habeas amplissimi viri religionem, integerrimi municipii jusjurandum fideique ea quae depravari nullo modo possunt repndiare, tabulas quas idem dicis solere corrumpi desiderare. An domicilium Romae non habuit is qui tot annis ante civitatem datam sedem omnium rerum ac fortunarum suarum Romae collocavit ? An non est professus ? Immo vero iis tabulis

professus, quae solae ex illa professione collegioque praetorum obtinent publicarum tabularum auctoritatem.

(a) Comment upon—*Italico bello, ante civitatem datam, professus*. Define and derive *municipium*.

3. Translate:—

6

Populus enim Romanus aperuit Lucullo imperante Pontum, et regis quondam opibus et ipsa natura regionis vallatam: populi Romani exercitus, eodem duce non maxima manu innumerabiles Armeniorum copias fudit; populi Romani laus est urbem amicissimam Cyzicenorū ejusdem consilio ex omni impetu regio ac totius belli ore ac faucibus ereptam esse atque servatam: nostra semper feretur at praedicabitur L. Lucullo dimicante cum interfectis ducibus depressa hostium classis, et incredibilis apud Tenedum pugna illa navalis; nostra sunt tropaea, nostra monumenta, nostri triumphi. Quae quorum ingeniiis efferuntur, ab iis populi Romani fama celebratur. Carus fuit Africano superiori noster Ennius; itaque etiam in sepulcro Scipionum putatur is esse constitutus ex marmore. At iis laudibus certe non solum ipse qui laudatur, sed etiam populi Romani nomen ornatur. In caelum hujus proavus Cato tollitur; magnus honos populi Romani rebus adjungitur. Omnes denique illi Maximi, Marcelli, Fulvii non sine communi omnium nostrum laude decorantur.

(a) State briefly the historical facts referred to in the passage—*Populus enim Romanus . . . nostri triumphi*. What do you know of *Maximi, Marcelli, Fulvii*? Give the full force of *hujus* (proavus Cato).

4. Explain fully: *questione legitima—praetentatus—alternis versibus—acroama—in beneficiis ad aerarium delatus—calamitas omnem tabularum fidem resignasset*.

6

5. Translate:—

6

Plus apud me antiquorum auctoritas valet, vel nostrorum majorum, qui mortuis tam religiosa jura tribuerunt: quod non fecissent profecto, si nihil ad eos pertinere arbitrantur: vel eorum, qui in hac terra fuerunt, magnamque Graeciam (quae nunc quidem deleta est; tum florebat) institutis et praeceptis suis erudierunt: vel ejus, qui Apollinis oraculo sapientissimus est judicatus: qui non tum hoc, tum illud, ut in plerisque, sed idem dicebat semper, Animos hominum esse divinos, iisque, cum e corpore excessissent, reditum in coelum patere, optimoque et justissimo cuique expeditissimum.

(a) Explain the allusions in *religiosa jura; eorum qui in hac terra fuerunt; ejus, qui Apollinis oraculo sapientissimus est judicatus*. Parse, and give the principal parts of, the verbs italicised.

6. Translate:—

5

Alius igitur finis verae amicitiae constituendus est, si prius, quid maxime reprehendere Scipio solitus sit, dixerō. Negabat ullam vocem inimiciorem amicitiae potuisse reperiri, quam ejus, qui dixisset, ita amare oportere, ut si aliquando esset osurus, nec vero se adduci posse, ut hoc quemadmodum putaretur, a Biante esse dictum crederet, qui sapiens habitus esset nūns e septem, sed impuri cujusdam, aut ambitiosi, aut omnia ad suam

potentiam revocantis esse sententiam. Quonam enim modo quisquam amicus esse poterit, cui se putabit inimicum esse posse?

(a) Parse the verbs italicised and account for their moods.

7. Explain the phrases *Agamus pingui Minerva*—*collegas in censura*—*ad calculos vocare*—*cooptatio collegiorum in populi beneficium*—*transferebatur*—*rusticationes communes*—*milites gloriosi*. 6

8. Translate into Latin:— 12

Before the destruction of Carthage the people and Senate jointly governed the state with equal moderation and harmony. The citizens had no contests with each other on account of power and influence. Fear of the enemies kept the state in good order; but when this fear was removed, pride and corruption ruled unchecked in the state. Thus the peace which the citizens had so ardently wished for in the time of war and danger, proved more fatal to them than either. The nobility were bent upon converting their dignity into tyranny, and the people their liberty into licentiousness. Abandoning all care for the public good, they all laboured only to obtain as much power and property as they possibly could.

9. Translate:— 9

At enim, cum permagna praemia sunt, est causa peccandi. C. Marius cum a spe consulatus longe abesset, et jam septimum annum post praeturam jaceret, neque petiturus unquam consulatum videretur, Q. Metellum, cujus legatus erat, summum virum et civem, cum ab eo, imperatore suo, Romam missus esset, apud populum Romanum criminatus est, bellum illum ducere: si se consulem fecissent, brevi tempore aut vivum aut mortuum Jugurtham se in potestatem populi Romani redacturum. Itaque factus est ille quidem consul, sed a fide justitiae discessit, qui optimum et gravissimum civem, cujus legatus et a quo missus esset, in invidiam falso crimine adduxerit.

• FRENCH POETRY.

Examiner—REV. V. DE CAMPIGNEULLES, S. J.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate:—

24

(a) Le loup déjà se forge une félicité

Qui le fait pleurer de tendresse.

Chemin faisant, il vit le cou du chien pelé.

—Qu'est cela? lui dit-il.—Rien.—Quoi! rien!—Peu de chose.

—Mais encore?—Le collier dont je suis attaché

De ce que vous voyez est peut-être la cause.

—Attaché ! dit le loup : vous ne courez donc pas
Où vous voulez ?—Pas toujours : mais qu'importe ?

- (b) Camarade épongie prit exemple sur lui,
Comme un mouton qui va dessus la foi d'autrui.
Voilà mon âne à l'eau ; jusqu'au col il se plonge,
Lui, le conducteur et l'éponge.
Tous trois buvent d'autant : l'ânier et le grison
Firent à l'éponge raison.
- (c) Le malheureux lion se déchire lui-même,
Fait raisonner sa gueule à l'entour de ses flancs,
Bat l'air qui n'en peut mais ; et sa fureur extrême
Le fatigue, l'abat : le voilà sur les dents.
- (d) Le peu qu'il en restait, n'osant quitter son tron,
Ne trouvait à manger que le quart de son soûl ;
Et Rodillard passait, chez la gent misérable,
Non pour un chat, mais pour un diable.
Or un jour qu'au haut et au loin
Le galant alla chercher femme,
Pendant tout le sabbat qu'il fit avec sa damo,
Le demeurant des rats tint chapitre en un coin
Sur la nécessité présente.

2. Explain the following expressions :—

6

- (a) Le galant aussitôt tire ses grègues, gagne au haut.
(b) On ne saurait manquer condamnant un pervers.
(c) J'ai maints chapitres vus, qui pour néant se sont ainsi
tenus.
(d) Des reliefs d'ortolans.
(e) L'affaire est consultée.
(f) Point de franche lippée.

3. Explain the following allusions :

9

- (a) L'oiseau qui porte Ganymède.
(b) La barbe de Polyphème.
(c) Le paon se plaignit à Junon.
(d) Ces deux hommes étaient les gémeaux de l'élogue.
(e) Le vaillant Diomède, Ajax l'impétueux.
(f) La jalouse Amarylle songeait à son Alcippe.
(g) Jaser aussi confusément que les Troyens le faisaient
quand Cassandre ouvrait la bouche seulement.

4. Point out the grammatical irregularities in the following :

- (a) Je n'y vas point.
(b) Voici, leur dit-il, ce que le conseil treuve.
(c) Chose ne leur parut à tous plus salulaire.
(d) Voire chapitre de chanoines.
(e) Et je crois qu'à moins on s'effraie.

5. Give the syntax of *foudre* and *gens*.

4

6. Sketch in a few lines the life of La Fontaine.

7. What is a Fable ? What are the chief qualities of a good Fable ? What are the special qualities of those of La Fontaine ?

6

6

FRENCH PROSE.

Examiner—REV. V. DE CAMPIGNEULLES, S. J.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate :—

12

(a) Il essaya de lui suggérer quelques-unes des idées qui avaient prévalu dans le dernier siècle, lorsque les deux cabinets de Versailles et de Vienne, unis contre celui de Berlin, étaient liés à la fois par une guerre commune et par des mariages. Il lui rappela que cette alliance avait été l'époque brillante de la marine française, et s'efforça de lui démontrer que la France puissante sur le continent plus qu'elle n'avait besoin de l'être manquait actuellement de la force maritime nécessaire pour rétablir et protéger son commerce, détruit depuis quinze années.

(b) Napoléon et Lannes, en contemplant de cette hauteur la campagne environnante, le dos tourné à la ville d'Iéna, voyaient à leur droite la Saale dans une gorge sinueuse, profonde, boisée, jusqu'à Naumbourg, qui est à six ou sept lieues d'Iéna. Ils voyaient devant eux des plateaux ondulés, s'étendant au loin, et s'inclinant par une pente insensible vers la petite vallée de l'Ilm, au fond de laquelle est située la ville de Weimar.

(c) On se tira des coups de pistolet à travers le brouillard, on fit de notre côté quelques prisonniers aux Prussiens. Le détachement français, après cette reconnaissance hardie, exécutée au milieu d'un brouillard épais, vint se ranger sous la protection du 25^e de ligne, que conduisait le maréchal Davout. Celui-ci fit placer quelques pièces d'artillerie sur la chaussée même, et tira à mitraille sur les 600 chevaux du général Blücher, lesquels furent bientôt mis en désordre.

2. Explain the allusions contained in the italicized portions of passage (a). 4

3. Compare the relative positions of France and of Prussia before the war, and give the main reasons which ought to have deterred Prussia from declaring it. 6

4. By what mood and tense would you express concomitance, precedence, condition, after the present, the perfect, and the pluperfect of the indicative? 6

5. Explain fully the following subjunctives :— 5

(a) Il est naturel que Napoléon éprouvât . . .

(b) Si c'est l'intention de la Providence, que ce soit au moins une tentative sérieuse.

(c) Quelque bien raisonné que ce plan pût être . . .

(d) On était en mesure de la lui disputer tellement que la retraite devint facile.

(e) Il n'est aucun de vous qui veuille retourner.

6. Which are in French the principal parts (*temps primitifs*) of a verb; and what other tenses are formed from each of them? Take *marcher* as an instance. 8

7. Give, in French if possible, a short account of the battle of Jena. (Six marks will be allowed for the French.) 10

SANSKRIT.

Paper set by—BABU GOLAPCHANDRA SASTRI, M. A.

Examiners— $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{BABU NILMANI MUKERJEE, M. A.} \\ \text{„ KAILASCHANDRA DATTA, M. A.} \\ \text{„ NRISINHACHANDRA MUKERJEE, M. A.} \\ \text{„ RAMPRASANNA MUKERJEE.} \end{array} \right.$

FIRST PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Give the meaning of the following words as used in the 8
Raghuvansa :—विषय, तनु, असक्त, आमोद, प्रसूति, दाव, सल्ल,
आलोक, प्रकाम, पल्लव, शङ्ख, क्षपा, प्रजा, अभिषङ्ग, कट,
धृति, कुमारभृत्या, भाव, स्नाज, आश, विपदी, वारवाण, सरल,
and वामो.

2. Translate into English the following *ślokas* :—

15

- (a) तं वेधा विदधे नूनं मञ्जुभूतसमाधिना ।
तथाहि सर्वे तस्यासन् परार्थैकफला गुणाः ॥
- (b) अलं मञ्जीपाक्ष तव अमेण प्रयुक्तमप्यस्त्रमिती दृष्टा स्यात् ।
न पादपोद्गूलनशक्ति रंजः शिलोचये मूर्च्छति मारुतस्य ॥
- (c) युवा युगव्यायतबाहुरंसलः कपाटवक्षाः परिणदकम्बरः ।
बपुःप्रकर्मादजयद् गुहं रघुः तथापि नीचैर्विनयाददृश्यत ॥
- (d) संप्रामस्तुमुल्लसस्य पाश्चात्त्यैरस्त्रसाधनैः ।
शार्ङ्गकूजितविज्ञेयप्रतियोधे रजस्यभूत् ॥
- (e) सोऽहं सपर्याविधिभाजनेन मत्वा भवन्तं प्रमुण्डद्वेषम् ।
अभ्युत्थे सम्प्रति गोपरोडुमल्लेतरत्वाच्छ्रुतनिष्क्रयस्य ॥

3. Explain the following *ślokas* :—

20

- (a) अनाकलस्य विषयैर्विद्यानां पारदस्वनः ।
तस्य धर्मरतेरासौद् दृढत्वं जरसा विना ॥
- (b) बाहुप्रतिदृष्टविद्वज्मन्युः अभ्यर्षभागस्कृतमसृशङ्घिः ।
राजा स्वतेजोभिरदृष्टतान्तः भोगीव मन्त्रौषधिवज्रवीर्यः ॥
- (c) न संयतसस्य बभूव रक्षितुः विसर्जयेद्यं सुतज्जगद्विहितः ।
अणाभिधानास्त्रयमेव केवलं तदा पितृणां सुसुचे स बन्धनात् ॥

- (d) स गुप्तमूलप्रत्यन्तः शुद्धपाष्णिरेयान्वितः ।
षड्विधं बलमादाय प्रतस्थे दिग्भिर्गीषया ॥
- (e) अपि प्रसन्नेन महर्षिणा त्वं सम्यग्विनीयानुमतो गृह्याय ।
कालो ह्ययं संक्रमितुं द्वितीयं सर्वोपकारक्षममाश्रमं ते ॥

4. Explain the *samāsas* in the following *ślokas* :—

6

- (a) बूढोरस्त्रो वृषस्कन्धः शालप्रांशुर्महाभुजः ।
आत्मकर्मक्षमं देहं क्षात्रो धर्म इवाश्रितः ॥
- (b) तं कर्णभूषणनिपौडितपीवरांसं
शय्योत्तरच्छदविमर्दकशङ्करागम् ।
सूतात्मजाः सवयसः प्रथितप्रबोधं
प्राबोधयद्गुणसि वाग्मिददारवाचः ॥

5. Explain in your own words in Sanskrit the allusion in the following *śloka* :—

6

अतोऽयमश्वः कपिलानुकारिणा
पितुस्त्वदीयस्य मयापहारितः ।
अलं प्रयत्नेन तवात्र मा निधाः
पदं पदयां सगरस्य सन्ततेः ॥

6. Quote from memory at least five of the best passages from the *Raghuvansa*. 5

SANSKRIT.

Paper set by—BABU HARAPRASÁD ŚĀSTRÍ, M. A.

Examiners— $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{BABU BÍREŚVAR CHATTERJEE, M. A.} \\ \text{„ UMÁCHARAN BANERJEE, M. A.} \\ \text{„ JĀNAKÍNĀTH BHATTACHĀRYYA, M. A.} \\ \text{„ RAMPRASANNA MUKERJEE.} \end{array} \right.$

SECOND PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. (a) Explain in English :—

1

(1) आशीर्भिरभ्यर्थ्य ततः क्षितीन्द्रं

प्रीतः प्रतस्थे मुनिराश्रमाच्च ।

तं पृष्ठतः प्रष्टुमियाय नञ्जो

हिंसेषु दौप्रास्त्रधरः कुमारः ॥

- (2) विष्वागतैस्तैरवनेः समृद्धिं
निजां विलोकापहृतां पयोभिः ।
कूलानि सामर्पतयेव तेनुः
सरोजलक्ष्मीं स्थलपद्महासैः ॥
- (3) अरण्ययाने सुकरे पिता मां
प्रायुक्तः राज्ये वत दुष्करे त्वाम् ।
मा गाः श्रुचं वीर भरं वद्वासुमा-
भाषि रामेण वचः कनीयान् ॥
- (4) शितविशिखनिकृत्तकृत्स्नवक्त्रः
क्षितिभृदिव क्षितिकम्पकीर्णशृङ्गः ।
भयमुपनिदधे स राक्षसाना-
मखिलकुलक्षयपूर्वलिङ्गतुल्यः ॥
- (5) अध्वरेष्विष्टिनां पाता पूर्ती कर्मसु सर्वदा
पितुर्नियोगाद्राजत्वं हित्वा योऽभ्यगमद्वनम् ॥

(b) Account for the seventh case-ending in कर्मसु, the sixth case-ending in इष्टिनां, and fourth case-ending in आश्रमाय.

(c) Derive the words आशीः, प्रष्ट, हिंस, and कनीयान्.

(d) From what roots and by what vibhaktis are the words इयाय, तेनुः, and उपनिदधे formed ?

(e) Conjugate the roots of these words in लट् third person only.

2. Explain fully in Sanskrit :—

देहं विधत्तुरस्त्राग्नी ऋगः प्राणैर्दिदेविषन् ।
अघाघृष्टकठिनाङ्गुष्ठं राममायान्मूर्षया ॥

3. (a) Translate into English :—

चिरं वदित्वा कथणं सशब्दं गोवाभिधायं सरितं समेत्य ।
मध्येजलाद्राघवलक्षणाभ्यां प्रणं जलं द्वाञ्जलमनिकेऽपाम् ॥

(b) Derive the word प्रण and explain the samāsa in मध्येजलात्.

4. (a) Write in your own words, in Sanskrit, the purport of the following :— 6

प्रस्थास्यमानावुपसेदुषस्त्रौ शोश्रुचमानानिदमुचतुस्तान् ।
 किं शोचतेह्यभ्युदये वत्सास्मान् नियोगलाभेन पितुः कृतार्थान् ॥
 विद्युत्प्रणशं स वरं प्रनष्टो यद्वोर्ध्वशोषं तृणवद्विशुष्कः ।
 स्वर्थे दुरापे किमुत प्रवासे न शासनेऽवास्थित यो गुरुणाम् ॥

(b) Why are the words प्रनष्टः and विद्युत्प्रणशं written with different नकार ? 2

5. (a) Change the voice in the following :— 4

दण्डकामध्यवातां यौ वीर रत्नःप्रकाण्डकौ ।
 दभ्यां संख्येऽह्वातां तौ सभ्यौ भूमिवर्धनौ ॥

(b) What are the meanings of the words रत्नःप्रकाण्डकौ and संख्ये ? 2

6. Translate into Sanskrit :— 8

What, is this the wedded wife of the great King Daśaratha, my dear friend Kauśalyā? Who can believe it is she? She was in the house of Daśaratha like the goddess of prosperity. Or, rather she was the goddess of prosperity herself: what need of the particle of comparison! Alas! woe to me! that very lady has become a changed thing by the power of fate, a strange being of grief all compact. Alas! the reverse of destiny.

SANSKRIT.

Paper set by—BABU HARAPRASÁD ŚĀSTRĪ, M. A.

Examiners— $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{BARU BÍRĒŚVAR CHATTERJEE, M. A.} \\ \text{„ UMÁCHARAN BANERJEE, M. A.} \\ \text{„ JĀNAKÍNĀTH BHATTACHARYYA, M. A.} \\ \text{„ RAMPRASANNA MUKERJEE.} \end{array} \right.$

SECOND PAPER (ALTERNATIVE.)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain fully in English :— 12

(a) राजा । क्षमे शृणुमस्तावत् क्रोधविजयोपायम् ।

क्षमा । देव विज्ञापयामि ।

क्रुद्धे क्षेमसुखावधौरणमथाविष्टे प्रसादक्रमो

व्याक्रोधे क्रुशस्त्रोक्तिरात्मदुरितच्छेदोत्सवस्ताडने ।

धिग्जन्मोरजितात्मनोऽस्य मञ्जरी देवाद्दुपेता विपद्
दुर्वारेति दयारसाद्रमनसः क्रोधस्य कुचोदयः ॥

(b) पितुर्भूर्भिः सृष्टे ज्वलदग्नलभास्वत्परशुना

छतं यद्रामेण श्रुतिमुपगतं तन्न भवताम् ।

किमद्याश्चत्यामा तदरिरुधिरासारविधसं

न कर्म क्रोधान्धः प्रभवति विधातुं रणमुखे ॥

2. (a) What is the other form of सृष्टि ? 1

(b) What are the exact meanings of the words आसार, विधसं, 4
कुशल, अजितात्मा ?

(c) Why is the speaker of (b) called अश्वत्यामा ? 2

(d) Give the लुङ् and लिट् of the root of सृष्ट and the लङ् 4
and लुङ् of the root of विधातुं in the third person *parasmaipadu*
only.

(e) Derive the word स्मेर. 1

3. Translate into English :—

(a) पुरुषः । देव सम्भृतानि विजयप्रयाणमङ्गलानि प्रत्यासन्नश्च
मौढर्तिकः प्रयाणसमयः ।

(b) प्रायशः छतिनां कार्ये देवा यान्ति सहायताम् ।

(c) स्वधर्माक्षिप्तचेतसस्वामविजानतो मे क्षन्तुमर्हसीति विज्ञा-
पयामि ।

(d) अये कथमसौ दुरात्मा हरिश्चन्द्रोऽस्माकं श्रेयसामन्तरायः
संरुक्तः । तिष्ठ रे क्षत्रियापसद तिष्ठ ।

(e) तदहं गत्वा तातवधविषण्णमानसं कुरूपतिं सैनापत्यस्थं-
ग्रहणप्रणयसमाश्वासनया मन्दसंतापं करोमि ।

(f) चाण । दैयमविद्वांसः प्रमाणयन्ति ।

चन्द्र । विद्वांसोऽप्यविकल्पना भवन्ति ।

4. (a) Explain in Sanskrit :—

12

(1) चाण । (सक्रोधम्) । वैज्ञानरे तिष्ठ तिष्ठ न गन्तव्यम् ।

एषल किमयमश्चान एव मज्जानर्थोत्तर्गः क्रियते ?

সম্ভ্র। (সকোপ ইব)। আর্থ্যৈব সর্বতো নিবদ্ধচেষ্টাপ্রসরস্ব
মম বন্ধনমিব রাজ্যং ন রাজ্যমিব ।

আণ । হৃষল স্বয়মনভিযুক্তানাং রাজ্যমেতে দোষাঃ ভবন্তি ।
নন্যদি ন সহসে তদা স্বয়মেবভিযুজ্যস্ব ।

(2) ভূপদশব্দা ন রথাক্রমেময়ঃ প্রবর্তমানং চ দৃশ্যতে রজঃ ।

অভূতলস্পর্শতয়া নিবদ্ধন্তিস্বাবতীর্ণোপি রথো ন লক্ষ্যতে ॥

(b) Derive ভূপদ and নিবদ্ধতি; give the third person singular of the root of যুক্ত in লক্ষ্যতে ।

5. Translate into Sanskrit :—

The cruel world must be pleased by men whose wealth lies in the reputation of the family; hence the ungentle words which I spake, for it was not such thou didst deserve. The sweet-smelling flower is designed to be placed on the head, and not to be trampled under foot.

BENGALI POETRY.

Examiner—BABU SARADACHARAN MITRA, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What are the stories referred to in the following passages?—

- (a) ভারত-কিরণে জগতে কিরণ,
ভারত-জীবনে জগত-জীবন,
আছিল যখন শাস্ত্র-আলোচন,
আছিল যখন বড়-দরশন—
ভারতের বেদ, ভারতের কথা,
ভারতের বিধি, ভারতের প্রথা,
খুঁজিত সকলে, গুজিত সকলে,
ফিনিক, সিরীস, যুনানী মণ্ডলে,
ভাবিত অমূল্য মাণিক্য যথা ।

- (b) শিবিরে আসিয়া যবে বীর ধনঞ্জয়,
দেখিলেন ভ্রাতৃগণে বিবন্ধ-হৃদয়,
নাহিক আনন্দ-রব, নাহি কোলাহল,
সকলের নেত্র-যুগ করে ছল ছল,

দেখিয়া এতাব তাঁর উড়িল জীবন,
বিষম বিপদ গণি শুরু হলো মন,

2. Translate into English :—

12

কিন্তু দিবসের রাজা যান হে যখন,
ধীরে অন্ত-গিরি-বরে করিতে শয়ন,
যখন তামসী আসি স্নাকোমল করে,
ধীরে ধীরে জীবগণে নিদ্রায়িত করে,
যখন তামসরাশি করে আচ্ছাদন
দশ দিক্, জল-স্থল, বলো হে তখন
কিরূপে নিবিবে তার মানস-অনল,
নিবাতে অনল বালা নয়নের জল
বরষে হৃদয়ে সদা, নিবিবে কেমনে
আগুন দ্বিগুণ হয় নিশ্বাস-পবনে ।
অথবা নিষ্প্রভ হয়ে দিনেশের করে,
থাকে সে অনল বুঝি হীনভাব ধরে,
এখন রজনী এলে পেয়ে অন্ধকার,
অনল প্রবল প্রভা করে হে বিস্তার ।

3. Explain in simple unmetaphorical language with especial reference to the words and phrases underlined :—

- (a) বলিতে বলিতে কথা কাতর নয়ন
নিদ্রাতে কাতর ভাব করিল ধারণ ।
সংসার হইতে মন পরাবৃত্ত হয়ে,
পুন প্রবেশিল যেন আবাস-হৃদয়ে ;
সর্বক্ষেতে যেন নিদ্রা-জরের সঞ্চার,
মিলায় চৈতন্য, যায় চিন্তার বিকার ।
রজনীর সখি ! দেবি ! বিশ্রাম-দায়িনি !
অয়ি সুখময়ি নিদ্রে ! এসলো কামিনি
এস এস দয়াময়ি ! আসি এক বার,
বন্ধ কর অভাগার নয়নের দ্বার ;
নিবাও নিবাও আসি চিন্তার অনল ;
বিরহ তাপিত মন কর সে শীতল ।
অথবা, আসিতে আমি বলি বা কেমনে ?

অভাগার অশ্রু-পূর্ণ সুদীন লোচনে,
পাবে না পাবে না স্থান; যদি বা কখন
অতি কষ্টে হতভাগ্য মুদে জনয়ন,
স্বপনে বঞ্চিত তারে, জলিবে দ্বিগুণ
নিদ্রা ভঙ্গে পুনরায় মানস আগুণ ।

- (b) যখন জৈমিনি, গর্গ পাতঞ্জলি,
মম অক্ষস্থল শোভায় উজ্জলি,
শুনাইল ধীর নিগূঢ় বচন,
গাঠিল যখন কৃষ্ণদ্বৈপায়ন;
জগতের হুঃখে সুকপিলবস্ত্র
শাক্য সিংহ যবে ভাজিলা গার্হস্থ্য,
তখন (ও) তাহার স্বর্ণিত নহে !
ভাদেরই কুধিরে জনম এদের,
সে পূর্ব গৌরব সৌরভের ফের
হৃদয়ে জড়িয়ে ধমনী নাচায়,
সেই পূর্ব পানে কভু গর্কে চায়—

এ জাতি কখন জঘন্ত নহে ।

4. What are the rules that regulate Bengali blank verse ? 12
Explain your answer by quotations from your text. Give a short history of Bengali blank verse.

5. Explain the compounds কর-পদ্য, অরাতি-মোহন, সুধাং- 3
শুবদন, শীতল-কান্তি, and স্থির-নেত্র ।

6. Quote two passages from your text exemplifying 6
উৎপ্রেক্ষা and উপমা.

7. (a) What are the different *karakas* (কারক) used in 5
Bengali ? Give examples of each, noting the inflectional changes or the use of other words to indicate the *karaka*.

(b) What are the root-verbs of the following words:— 4
বিচরণ, নীতি, বিকার, শান্তি, and আনত ? Mention other words from the same roots.

BENGALI PROSE.

Examiner—BABU SARADACHARAN MITRA, M. A.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Classify the *pravrittis* (প্রবৃত্তি) and explain and illustrate the use of the inferior (নিকৃষ্ট) *pravrittis*. 10
2. What is considered as immoral by one nation is not always so considered by another. To what do you ascribe this difference of opinion, and how may you justify the conduct of a person belonging to the other nation? 15
3. Compare the style and diction of Akshaya Kumar with those of any well-known living Bengali writer. Criticise the use of সাধুভাষা, i. e., of Sanskrit words and compounds in Bengali. 10
4. Write a short essay in Bengali on any one of the following subjects :— 20
 - (a) *Sita and Savitri*.
 - (b) The part of woman in domestic economy.
 - (c) The classical languages in female education.
5. Translate into English :— 5

ইতর জন্ত সকল পরমেশ্বর-প্রদত্ত সংস্কার-বিশেষের বশবর্তী হইয়া এইপ্রকার স্বাস্থ্যকর ব্যবহারে প্রবৃত্ত হইয়া থাকে। মনুষ্যেরা সেপ্রকার অশ্রান্ত সংস্কার প্রাপ্ত হন নাই বটে, কিন্তু পরমেশ্বর তাঁহাদিগকে প্রথর বুদ্ধিবৃত্তি দিয়া সে বিষয়ের অভাব পরিহার করিয়াছেন। তাঁহারা বুদ্ধি সহকারে শরীরের স্বভাব, প্রত্যেক অঙ্গের প্রয়োজন, এবং ঐ সকল অঙ্গের কার্যের রীতি নিরূপণ পূর্বক শারীরিক নিয়ম নির্ধারণ ও পরিপালন করিয়া অতিপবিত্র আরোগ্য-সুখ সম্ভোগ করিতে পারেন। পশ্চাৎ এ বিষয়ের এক উদাহরণ প্রদর্শন করা যাইতেছে, তাহা পাঠ করিয়া দেখিলেই জানা যাইবে।

ARABIC POETRY.

Paper set by—MAULAVI ABUL KHAIR MD. SIDDIQ, M. A.*Examiner*—SHAMSUL-ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMAD GILANI.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Translate into English :—

6

سلام على عهد الشبابة والصبا
واملا سهلا بالمشيب ومرحبا

و يا راحلا عني رحلت مكرما
 و يا نازلا عندي نزلت مقربما
 احبنا ان المشيب لوازع
 سينسخ احكام الصباة و الصبا
 و في مع الشيب العلم بقية
 نجدد عندي هزة و تطرنا
 احن اليكم كلما لاح بارق
 و اسأل عنكم كلما هبت الصبا
 و ما زال وجهي ايضا في هواكم
 الى ان سرى ذاك البيان شيبا

2. (a) Write the words *شيبا*, *راحلا*, *ينسخ*, *نجدد*, and *احن*, as they occur in the preceding extract, with the vowel-points, name their *صيغة* and *باب*, and give their *مادة*.

(b) Account for the *نصب* in *اهلا و سهلا* and *مكرما*, *راحلا*, and *ايضا*, and comment on the use of the last word in the present form. 3

(c) Scan the first *bait*, and name the metre and the rhyme 4
 (*قافيه*), and define the latter.

3. Translate into English :— 6

ارحل من مصر و طيب نعيمها
 فاي مكان بعدها لي شائق
 و اترى اوطانا ثراها لذائق
 هو الطيب لا ما ضمنته المفارق
 بلاد تروق العين و القلب بهجة
 و تجمع ما يهوى تقي و فاسق
 و اخوان صدق يجمع الفضل شملهم
 مجالسهم مما حووه حدائق
 امكان مصر ان قضي الله بالنوى

قُتِمَ عَهْدُ بَيْنِنَا وَ مَوَاقِقُ
فَلَا تَذْكُورُهَا لِلنَّسِيمِ فَانْه
لَامِثَالِهَا مِنْ نَفْحَةِ الرُّوضِ سَارِقُ

4. (a) Write the following words, as they occur in the preceding extract, with the vowel-points, and give their singulars or broken plurals, as the case may be, also with the vowel-points— 3

روض, مَوَاقِقُ سَكَان, حَدَائِقُ, فَاسِقُ, عَيْن, مَفَارِقُ, مَكَان

(b) Analyse the second bait, according to Arabic Grammar. 3

(c) Write the words ضَمْنَتُهُ in the second bait, and حَوْرَةٌ in the fourth bait, with the vowel-points, and parse them, giving the باب, صيغة, and صَادَةٌ of the verbs. 2

5. (a) Inflect the مضارع of خَفِيَ in باب (أفعال) through all the numbers, persons, and genders, giving vowel-points. 3

(b) Decline with the vowel-points the words نَائِمُونَ, أَوَاقَاتُ, and عَظْشَانُ, and the اسم الفاعل of رَضِيَ with and without the article (ال). 3

(c) Distinguish between الإضافة اللفظية and الإضافة المعنوية, and illustrate them by examples. Can the مضاف take the article in any of the two kinds of إضافة? Give examples. 3

6. Translate into English:— 7

(a) ما زال يشمل حاسديه نواله * حتى اقرب لهان حسوده
سل عفوة وحسامه في غمده * وحذار ثم حذار من تجريدة
يغشي الورى متلفعا بردائه * ويخوضها متسرلا بحديده

(b) قال يرثي المرحوم الشيخ ناصيف البيازجي 3

عدمنا المنايا مذ هو علم العلم
ومن ابن في الدنيا لنا عدم العدم
قضى و مضى من ذكوره خالد فلا
زوال لذكر شاع في العرب والعجم
وكيف نصيف العصر مات وفضله
حياة لميت او شفاء لذي سقم

امسا تحزن الايام وبلاء اذ ترى
ضجيع البرى مكبي دياجرها الدهم

7. (a) Explain the process by which the word حاسدية in 3 the first *bait* of the preceding extract (a) has assumed its present form. Write the word حذار in the second *bait* with the vowel-points, and say what part of speech it is according to Arabic Grammar.

(b) Write what you know of ناصيب اليازجي. 2

8. Translate into Arabic, giving all vowel-points:— 10

(a) Zaid's two brothers struck my sons (regular plural) on Wednesday the thirteenth of Jumada I, in the year one thousand two hundred and thirty-five of the Hijrah.

(b) Practise virtue as long as thou art alive in this worthless world.

(c) When the princess saw the ring on the finger of the prince, she shrieked and fell down in a swoon.

(d) When the master of the Khilafat turned towards Almamun the son of Harun ur Rashid, Ibrahim the brother of Rashid did not pay him allegiance, but went towards Rai and claimed the Khilafat for himself, and continued in this condition for more than a year.

ARABIC PROSE.

Examiner—SHAMSUL-ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMUD GILANI.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English:— 10

وقد حال بيني وبينك ذلك الغدار الخائن والكذوب المنافق
والملاعن المدهن الذي اضحي حريا بكل ما جاء في كتاب
السهام الدارية في المواقع السعادية حيثما ينغر الخنزير القحة
ويهدر ابوتامه ويخون وبنكت الحارث ابن ظالم ويداور
المدهن و يحاول الملاعن على انتهاك المحرمات واقتراح
الفواحش فكيف احتمل ان ادعى هكذا عدلا برما بطور عادة غيذاء
نظيرك و يطولها ويرث النعيم قبل ان ينفس فيا وبلاء من غدر
اللئيم وخيانتة ووا عجبنا من الفليد الذي يجعل الكلاب اسودا

و السنانير نمورا و الغربان عقبان و الاقدار عقيانا فيا سيدتي و
 مليكني فكيف اصبر على خطب انخطانك مني و اني انجلد
 و اين اروح و ايان اعدوا وقد اطبقت على الدنيا و اوقعت بي
 الايام و اقلعت عني السعادة وهل بقي لي في حياتي سوى نصيب
 قيس مجنون ليلى فما احلى الهيام بعد فراقك الى البوادي
 في الهوادي و ما اذ الشتات في القفار و الغدافد حينما يقول لي
 كل من يمر بي لك الله يا مجنون زينب فلا حول ولا قوة
 الا بالله *

2. (a) Explain all the allusions in the above extract. 5

(b) Parse the word لك الله.

3. (a) Give the singulars and the plurals of - ملاسن-مداهن 8
 - سيدة - لثيم - تليد - نظير - خنزير - غيداء - برم - عتل
 - عقبان - اقدار - عقيان - غربان - نمور - سنانير - اسود - محرمات
 - فدادفد and قفار - هوادي - بوادي.

(b) Write a short account of قيس. When and where did he flourish ?

4. (a) State the cases (1) when ل of the article assumes 5
 the sound of the initial letter of the noun ; (2) when it is omitted ; (3) when it retains its natural sound.

(b) Give a list of such nouns in Arabic as are feminine neither by signification nor by termination.

5. Translate into English :— 9

و بعد ثلاثين يوما من فصل الاستاذ عرض على انحراف
 الزمنى مدة اسبوعين و ما كان هذا الانحراف ليقتضى خمسة
 عشر يوما لانه لم يكن سوى القهاب فى اشعاب الرئوية عن هواء
 بارد فاجانى و انا عرقان الا ان الطبيب اشار على بالفصد العام
 و اذ لم اقبل اخذ يلج على ويستلم من حولى حتى استسلمت
 الى اس الغلط و نابذت الصواب فحجرا و هجرا وهكذا بضعوا
 و ريدى و هدرى و هدرى حتى ضعفت و طالت مدة العياء فما

اضل مذهب اخذ الدم الذي هو عنصر الحياة و ما اغنى الحيوان
عنه اذا كان ملج الطرطير او المغنيسا يقوم مقامه و متى يعلم
اطباء بلادنا هذا التعليل و يكفون عن سفك الدماء اذا لم يكن
داع ثم بعد ان تعافيت رجعت الى تردادى على سعدى كل
ليلة الا انني صرت الاحظ انها متغيرة عما كنت اعدها و اذ
كنت اسالها عن ذلك كانت تقول لى مازحة ان تغيرك من
نقصان دمك او همك بى تغيرا لانه حسب تعليلك ان الدم ملى
وقع فيه النقصان تهج الدماغ على صلبة فيتخيل او هاما لاحقيقة
لها وقد يتصل ذلك الحواس فتسمع الاذن ما لم تسمع و تنظر
العين ما لم تنظرو هذا هو الهذيان نفسه *

6. Parse the whole of the sentence in the above extract from 4

عجزاً و ضجراً to و ما كان هذا الانحراف

7. (a) How are neuter verbs changed into active ? Give 5
examples.

(b) Name the different kinds of مفعول, and explain each of
them.

(c) Do all active verbs take one, two, or three objects after
them ? If they are followed by two or three ; mention some
that take two and some that take three objects after them.

8. Translate into Arabic :—

14

A more attractive mood is represented in Asad's account of how Akbar smoked his pipe of tobacco. 'In Bijapur I had found some tobacco. Never having seen the like in India, I brought some with me and prepared a handsome pipe of jewel work. The stem, the finest to be procured at Achiu, was three cubits long, beautifully dried and coloured, both ends being adorned with jewels and enamel. I happened to come across a very handsome mouth-piece of Yaman cornelian, oval-shaped, which I set to the stem ; the whole was very handsome. There was also a golden burner for lighting it, as a proper accompaniment. 'A'dil Khan had given me a betel bag of very superior workmanship ; this I filled with fine tobacco, such that if one leaf be lit, the whole will continue burning. I arranged all elegantly on a silver tray. I had a silver tube made to keep the steam in, and that too was covered with purple velvet.'

PERSIAN POETRY.

Paper set by—MAULAVI ABUL KHAIR MD. SIDDIQ, M. A.

Examiner—SHAMSUL-ULAMA MAULAVI AHMAD.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :—

6

بنام بزرگ ایزد داد بخش * که مارا ز هردانش او داد بخش
خداوند روزی ده دستگیر * پناه داده را از درش ناگزیر
فرورند کوب تا بنواک * منور کن مردم از تیره خاک
توانا ودانا بهر بودنی * گنه بخش و بسیار بخشیدنی
از هر زمان روح را مایه * خرد را دگر گونه پیورایه
یکی را چنان تنگی آرد به پیش * که نانی نه بیند در اندان خویش
یکی را بدست افکند کوه گنج * نسنجیدهها میدهد کوه سنج

2. (a) Does the word بزرگ in the first bait qualify نام or 2
ایزد? Can it be a صفت for either? Give reason for your
answer.

(b) Explain the force of the final letter in each of the words 2
بخشیدنی, توانا, and دانش.

(c) Trace the origin of the word چنان, and state if it is ever 2
used in any other form. Give four other words having the same
termination as تابناک.

3. (a) How are the future-perfect tense and the potential 3
mood of English Grammar expressed in Persian? Give
examples.

(b) Analyse the following sentence according to Persian 4
Grammar :—

ازان پس که بر کینه ره یافتند * سر از جستن مهر بر تافتند

4. Translate into English :—

6

هر سوخته جانی که به کشمیر در آید * گرم رخ کبابست که با بال و پر آید
بنگر که ز فیضش چه شود گوهر یکتا
چائیکه خرف گر رود آنجا گهر آید

وانگه بچنین فصل که در ساحت گلزار
 از لطف هوا چاشت نسیم سحر آید
 از بلبل خاموش دل باغ گرفته است
 اورا چه گنه محمل گل دیرتر آید
 گل هم چه کند باد صبا خواست که عرفی
 آید سوی کشمیر و گلش بر اثر آید
 گو هفته از شاهد گل حجله تهی باش
 تا بلبل شیراز درین باغ در آید

5. (a) Explain the force of *که* in the first and second hemistichs of the first *bait*, and the first hemistich of the second *bait*. 2

(b) Explain clearly the second, third, and fourth *bait*s of the preceding extract. 3

(c) Scan the third *bait*, and name the metre. 3

6. Explain fully the following lines, clearing the references, and narrating the stories with which they are connected :— 9

(a)
 لذیذ بود حکایت دراز تر گفتم * چنانکه حرف عصا گفت موسی اندر طور

(b)
 تیشه زد بر بیستون فرهاد و من * بیستون بر تارک جان میزنم

(c)
 چو در لشکر دشمن آری رحیل * بمرغان کشی فیل و اصحاب فیل

(d)
 عشق میگوید عبیر جیب او * بردماغ پدر کنعان میزنم

(e)
 به تیغ افسرگاه خواهم گرفت * بدین اژدها ماه خواهم گرفت
 نخواندی ز تاریخ جمشید شاه * که آن اژدها چون فرو برد ماه

7. Write in Persian a short essay (not less than ten lines), on the evils of haughtiness and vanity. 6

8. Translate into Persian :—

12

In order to rise early, I would earnestly recommend an early hour for retiring. There are many other reasons for this. Neither your health nor your eyes are then likely to be destroyed. Nature seems to have so fitted things, that we ought to rest in the early part of the night. Dr. Dwight used to tell his students 'that one hour of sleep before midnight is worth more

than two hours after that time.' Let it be a rule with you, and scrupulously adhere to it, that your light shall be extinguished by ten o'clock in the evening. You may then rise at five and have seven hours to rest, which is about what nature requires.

PERSIAN PROSE.

*Paper set by—*SHAMSUL-ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMUD GILANI.

Examiner—SHAMSUL-ULAMA MAULAVI AHMAD.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :—

8

زهی گرامی گوهر محیط جود که فروع بوارق کلام معجز
نظامش جیب اندیشه اعجاز پیشگان را مشرقستان خورشید معنی
ساخته و خهی جوهر عرض وجود که پرتو پیدان منینش بر انبات
شرافت کلام قدسی دلیلیست روشن و سرگشتگان ظلمات حیرت را
چراغ سراغ بر شاهراه علم الیقین پیش رو گذاشته اگر سخدم
از شادی بر خود ببالد می شاید و خط خامه ام اگر سرخط
آفتاب گردد می باید زیرا که ستایش عالی منزلتی بر زبان دارم
که دارای عرش مجید کتاب عالم را بنام نامیش تصنیف کرده
و سخن آفرین والا حضرت از بهر آرایش نظم کاینات اسم مبارکش
مطلع دیوان ایجاد و ذات مستغنی الصفتاش را مقطع قصیده
اشاد ساخته *

وصف او روح بـرزبان دارد * یـیاد او آب در دهان دارد
یافته دین حق بدو تعظیم * خلق او را خدای خوانده عظیم
وصف خلق کسی که قرآن است * خلق را وصف او چه امکان است

2. (a) Give the singulars or the plurals, as the case may 8

جوہر - معنی - معجز - کلام - بوارق - be, and the etymology of—
 - ذات - دیوان - مطلع - کائنات - نظم - تصنیف - عالم - عرض -
 عربی and دین - خلق - وصف - مقطع

(b) What is **جوهر** and **عرض**? Explain them fully.

(c) What is **مطلع قصیده** - **مطلع دیوان** in poetry?

3. What number, singular or plural, do nouns take when following the **اسم عدد**? Give examples. Does the latter ever precede the former? Give an instance if it does.

4. Translate into English, explaining every figure of speech contained therein:—

بعد از آنکه سرعسکر کینه خواله دی از جوش و خروش سحاب
 اظهار رعد و برق و معارضه با والی خراسان زمین شرق نموده
 باقصدی تصاریف زمان جفود گلشن را بی بار و برگ و ترکان
 فیروز جنگ چمن را بترنکازی عاری از جوشن و ترگ ساخته بود
 سپهدار انجم احتشام چرخ چهارم در سوم شوال سنه یک هزار
 و یکصد و چهل و پنج بعزم تجدید اوضاع جهان بصر منزل
 حمل تحویل کوبه عز و شان کرده ساز و برگ قوای ربیعی نمود
 گردن فرازان گلستان را از غیرت موی خار بر تن راست شد و
 خون حمیت در عروق افسرده لاله و شقایق بجوش آمد
 نیده داران شاخسار بقصد کینه جوئی بشاخ و شانه برخاستند و
 یساقچیان آذار افواج رباحین را در ساحت دشت و گلزار بر
 آراستند سپهدار فریدون فر فروردین شکست برعسکر بهمین
 افکنده رومیان تیز مغز سرما را اساس ثبات و قرار خراب و
 ینگچریان فننه انگیز برف و یخ را از جلو محکب اردی بهشت
 زهره آب گشته راه عدم پیمودند *

5 (a) Write out the names of the Persian and Rumi months. 7
 Give the corresponding English months for **فروردین**, **ردی**, and **آذر**.

(b) Give the true meaning of **ترنکازی**. Is it a simple or a compound word?

(c) What kind of idiom is **شاخ و شانه**? and what does it signify?

(d) Explain the suffix چی. To what language does it belong, and what does it express ?

6. Write a short account of فریدون in Persian.

7. Write the imperative 2nd person singular of the following—
پاییدن - آمودن - آگندن - افشاردن - آمدان - فرستادن -
رستن and رستن - مانستن - آراستن - رهاپیدن -

8. Translate literally into English :—

دبشليم فرمود كه اى وزير ناصح اگرچه مشقت سفر بسيار است
منافع او نيز بيشمار است چون كسى در غربت بورطه محنت در
افتاد مؤدب و مهذب گردد و تجربهاى كه مدت العمر بدان
فايده توان گرفت حاصل آيد و بى شبهه ترقى كلى در سفر روى
مى نمايد خواه از راه صورت و خواه از روى معنى نه بيني كه
پياده بسفر شش منزل از فرزاني مرتبه فرزين يابد و مالا سبكو
بسفر چهارده شب از منزل هلالى بدرجه بدرى رسد *
از سفرها بنده كى خسرو شود * بى سفرها مالا كى خسرو شود

(b) What different names are given to the moon in her gradual development in the course of a month ?

9. Translate into Persian :—

At this time the sound of music proclaimed the hour of repast, and the conversation was concluded. The old man went away sufficiently discontented to find that his reasonings had produced the only conclusion which they were intended to prevent. But in the decline of life, shame and grief are of short duration : whether it be that we bear easily what we have borne long ; or that, finding ourselves in age less regarded, we less regard others ; or that we look with slight regard upon afflictions, to which we know that the hand of death is about to put an end. The prince, whose views were extended to a wider space, could not speedily quiet his emotions. He had been before terrified at the length of life which Nature promised him, because he considered that in a long time much must be endured ; he now rejoiced in his youth, because in many years much might be done.

4

3

5

12

ARMENIAN POETRY.

Examiner—MR. T. STEPHEN.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Translate the following into English :—

15

Զիւրդ կարեմ մոռանալ զայն,
 Քեզ յոյժ ամիկն էր սիրական :
 Նոյա յիգեղմն իւր գեղանի
 Աձեր զգորշմն ծիրանի,
 Եւ սուէպ սայիր ինձ զանանեակն
 Աւի զնորայն փոքրեւ գիտակ.
 Չքնաղ իշուրթն անդր իսաններ
 Սպիտակ կարմիր ասրն խառնէր :
 Ս'հ ռիտարակն ընդէ՞ր կորեաւ :
 Սլլ դու սիրտեաց յուսով բարեաւ,
 Ստուռ եւ ռուեաց ռուք խիտ աւ խիտ
 Կարին զճուրբս սկանակիտ
 Բազ մեալ բլրոյս դու իստորոտ,
 Երգեա ինուրբ քոյին ծղօտ,
 Ծանօթ ձայնիդ թերևս իլուր
 Դարձցի ոչխարն առ հովիւ իւր :

2. (a) Name the metre.

9

- (b) Parse fully the above underlined words.

3. Give a prose rendering of the following in a simpler and explanatory form.

10

Վաղ հայրենին մեր աստ էր հիւղ,
 Եւ աստանօր ընդ հոյս եղբարց
 անայ իմեղր ես և ի իւր.
 այլ յորժամ հարսն եղէ քում հօր
 այլուր եղէն մեզ անդաստանք
 որ ոչ աստի էր հեւաւոր :
 Զարտեանունս ապա նորին
 Կվ յիշատակ դառնակսկիծ,
 մինչ կափեւցի արտասուգին,

Դստրիկ իմ այս արարաք դարձ,

այսր և զաճինն նորին ածաք

հանգուցանել ՚ի շիրիմս հարց :

Յորմէհետէ զնա աշխարեմ

ամբ են տանեակ ծածկէ շիրմին

նորա զառամ բաղեղն զվէմ :

4. (a) What do you understand by յնայեա ՚ի մեղր և իյիւղ : 5

Հարմն եղէ հոր քում : Այսր զաճինն նորա ածաք :

Զառամ բաղեղն :

(b) Put հանգուցանել in its նախատիպ form.

5. Explain the following in English :— 10

(ա) Յաճախ զերկայն գիշերն ՚ի բուն

Դստրիկն ՚ի լուր և ՚ի հարցուած

Առաւօտէր ընդ մօրն անքուն :

(բ) Չիք ՚ի յէից համբա անխօս

Առ սիրտ թախծեալ դուստր իմ և գետք

Թուին նմա արտօսրահոս :

(գ) Եւ լուեցին երկաքանչիւր

Այլ ակնարկիք նոցին յիրեարս

Կողկողագինք ոչ կային լուռ :

6. (a) Write down the singular nominative case of ՚իյեից 6
նոցին, նմա, ակնարկիք :

(b) Decline—Համբ, յիրեարս, մայր, դուստր :

7. Give the synonyms of the following :— 1

Անջառ, յոյր, զանխուլ, Գգուել, օցտել, ժոյժ, 4
գոյժ, մրրկաւէտ, կողերք, վճիտ, ամիկ, աճիւն :

ARMENIAN PROSE.

Examiner—MR. T. STEPHEN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :— 12

Սկսաւ սպարապետն խօսիլ միաբանու թեամբ նախալսրոցն
և ասէ :

Իբազում պատերազմունս մտեալ է իմ և ձեր ընդիս, և
 ւրեք զի քաջապէս յաղթեցաք թշնամեացն, և է ուրեք զի
 նոքա մեզ յաղթեցին, և բազում այնէ որ յաղթող գտեալեմք
 և հչ յաղթեալք : Եւ միանգամայն այն փմ էին մարմնոյ
 պարծանք, քանզի հրամանաւ անցաւօր թագաւորին մարտնչե-
 աք : Որ փոխչէր վատանուն յաշխարհի երեւոր, և անորում
 մահինմանէ գտանէր իսկ որ քաջու թեամբ յառաջ մատչէր քաջ
 անուն ազգի ժառանգէր և պարգևս մեծամեծս յանցաւոր
 և իմակաւնացու թագաւորէն ընդունէր : Եւ մեք իոկ
 աւասիկ յիւրաքանչիւր մարմինս ունիմք վերս և սպիտ բազումս,
 և բազում այնքաջու թիւն իցէ, վասնորոյ առեալիցէ և պարգևս
 մեծամեծս : Անարգ և անգեւու զքաջոս թիւնսն համարիմ, և
 ոչինչ զպարգևսն բազումս, վասն զի ամենեքին խափանելցեն :

2. Explain the following grammatical terms :—

5

Յատկացուցիչ, Բացաշատիչ, ստորոգելի, խնդիր և խնդրա-
 ուս, յօդ :

3. Compound the bracketed words :—

4

(Վեց-տասն), (քոյր-սյր), (կենք-տալ), (կին-բարբ),
 (տուն-տէր), (ձի-այր), (փառք-սէր) (առել-մարդ)

4 What do you understand by պարզ շարադրութիւն և
 ձևաւոր շարադրութիւն :

4

5. Frame three sentences to exemplify the use of the follow-
 ing rules of composition Արուողութիւն, Զեղչումն, յաւել
 արդու թիւն.

6

6. Explain the following in English—

5

- (1) Յականէ յանունէ ճանաչել,
- (2) Իվերին երեսս հաւանել,
- (3) Թիկունս դարձուցանել
- (4) Իհնարս հայթայթանաց մտանել,
- (5) Վրկեցուցանել ի յուսոյ,
- (6) Երկիր անկաւ դիտեալ
- (7) Կրօն մագու թեան,

(8) Եղի-ր ածեւ (9) Սպաս ունեւի կրակի,

(10) Սխալ եկեղեցւոյ :

7. State what you know about Varden the Armenian general and Vasak the traitor. 6

8. Translate into Armenian. 12

The edifice, set upon a terrace that overlooks the surrounding gardens, is built of blocks of pure marble and rises to a height of 248 feet. Descending from one's carriage in front of a noble portico of red sandstone, pierced by a single grand horse-shoe arch, which is covered with white arabesques, and passing under the vault of the same, one beholds the Taj up-looking at a distance of some eight hundred meters. Probably no masterpiece of architecture produces an effect like that here experienced. Afar in the back-ground of a marvellous garden, reflected in all its whiteness in a canal's gloomy waters that sleep motionless amid a dense mass of cypresses and great clusters of red flowers, the perfect monument rises like a calm vision. It seems a floating dream, an ærial creation devoid of weight, so perfect is the equilibrium of its lines, so pale, so light the shadow that hovers above its translucent virgin marble.

PAIJI POETRY.

Examiner.—MR. J. GRAY.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*1. What are the principal sentiments of *Pupphavagga*? 5
Quote or give the translation of its last two verses.

2. (a) Translate :— 12

Dīghā jāgarāto rattī, dīghaṃ santassa yojanaṃ,
dīgho bālānaṃ saṃsāro, saddhammaṃ *avijñātaṃ*.
Caraṇce nādhigaccheyya seyyaṃ sadisamattano,
ekacariyaṃ dāhaṃ *kayirā* ; natthi bale saḥāyatā.
'Puttā matthi, dhanam matthi,' iti bālo vihaṇṇati ;
attā hi attano natthi, kuto puttā, kuto dhanam ?
Yo bālo maṇṇati bālyaṃ, paṇḍito vāpi tena so ;
bālo ca paṇḍitamānī, sa ve 'bālo' ti *vuccati*.
Yāvajīvampi ce bālo paṇḍitaṃ payirupāsati,
na so dhammaṃ vijānāti, dabbī sūparaśaṃ yathā.
Muhuttamapi ce viññū paṇḍitaṃ payirupāsati,
khippaṃ dhammaṃ vijānāti, jivhā sūparaśaṃ yathā.
Caranti bālā, dummedhā, *amitteneva* attanā,
karontā pāpakaṃ kammaṃ, yaṃ hoti kaṭukapphalaṃ.
Na taṃ kammaṃ kataṃ sādhu, yaṃ katvā anutappati,
yassa assumukho rodaṃ vipākaṃ paṭisevati.
Taṃ ca kammaṃ sādhu, yaṃ katvā nānutappati,
yassa patito, sumano, vipākaṃ paṭisevati.

(b) Make grammatical notes on the italicized words. 4

(c) Explain the formation of the word *payirupāsati*. 1

(d) State the original source of the fifth and sixth stanzas of the above extract. 1

(e) What is the difference between *patito* and *sumano*? 1

3. Explain '*Yāva pāpam na paccati*' in relation to the Buddhist doctrine of *Karma*. 2

4. (a) Translate :— 4

Na naggacariyā, na jaṭṭā, na paṇṇā,
na nāsakā thaṇḍilasāyikā vā,
rajo vajallam, ukkuṭṭikappadhānam,
sodhenti maccam avitippakaṅkham.
Alaṅkato ce pi samaṇcareyya,
santo, danto, niyato, brahmacārī,
sabbesu bhutesu nidhāya daḍḍam,
so brāhmaṇo, so samaṇo, sa bhikkhu.

(b) Derive *nāsakā*. What is the root of *santo*? Give as many of its derivatives as you can. 4

(c) Describe the Brahmanic practice to which *thaṇḍilasāyikā* refers. 1

(d) How are the terms *brāhmaṇa*, *samaṇa*, and *bhikkhu* discriminated? What did they signify in the early days of Buddhism? 2

5. (a) Explain the metaphors in the following lines :— 2

Gahakāraka diṭṭhosi, puna geham na kāhasi ;
sabbā te phāsuka bhaggā, gahakūṭam visaṅkhitam.

(b) State the occasion on which these words were first uttered by Buddha. 1

6. (a) Translate :— 8

Bahum ve saraṇam yanti, pabbatāni vanāni ca
ārāmarukkhacetyāni manussā bhayatajjitā.
Netaṁ kho saraṇam khemaṁ, netaṁ saraṇamuttamaṁ ;
netam saraṇamāgama sabbadukkhā paṇoccati.
Yo ca Buddhaṇca dhammaṇca saṅghaṇca saraṇam gato
cattāri ariyasaccāni sammappaññāya passati :
dukkham, dukkhasamuppādam, dukkhasa ca atikkamaṁ,
ariyañcattāṅgikaṁ maggaṁ dukkhūpasamaḥaminam.
Etaṁ kho saraṇam khemaṁ, etaṁ saraṇamuttamaṁ
etaṁ saraṇamāgama sabbadukkhā paṇoccati.

(b) What are the *Aṭṭhaṅgikamaggā*? 2

7. Make etymological notes on the words *cakkam*, *puppuḷa-kam* and *adhipaccam*. 3

8. Translate :—(a) 'Evil is of one's own doing ; one is purified by oneself. Purity and impurity are individual matters : no one can purify another.' (b) 'Not in the heavens, not in the midst of the sea, not by entering the clefts of mountains, can a man find that spot in the world where he can escape from his evil deeds.' 7

PALI PROSE.

Examiner—MR. J. GRAY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. (a) Translate :—

10

Atīte Videharaṭṭhe Mithilāyaṃ Makhādevo nāma rājā ahoṣi, dhammiko dhammarājā. So caturāsītivassasahassāni kumārakilāṃ tathā uparajjāṃ tathā mahārajjaṃ katvā dīghamad-dhānaṃ khepetva ekadivasaṃ kappakaṃ āmantesi : ‘Yadā me samma kappaka sirasmiṃ phalitāni paseyyāsi atha me āroceyyāsi’ ti Kappako pi dighaṃ addhānaṃ khepetvā ekadivasaṃ rañño añjanavannānaṃ kesaṇaṃ antare ekameva phalitāṃ disvā ‘Deva ekaṃ te phalitāṃ dissatī’ ti ārocesi. ‘Tena hi me samma taṃ phalitāṃ uddharitvā pāṇimhi ṭhapehi’ ti vutto suvaṇṇasaṇḍāseṇa uddharitvā rañño pāṇimhi patitṭhapesi. Tadā rañño caturāsītivassasahassāni āyuraṃ avasiṭṭhaṃ hoti. Evaṃ sante pi phalitāṃ disvā va maccurājānaṃ āgantvā samīpe ṭhitāṃ viya attānaṃ ādittapaṇṇasālaṃ pavitṭhaṃ viya ca maññaṃ sāmaṇeṇa āpajjitvā ‘Bāla Makhādeva yāva phalitāṃ uppādā va ime kilese jahitum nāsakkhī’ ti cintesi.

(b) Parse *nāsakkhī*, and remark on the anomalous form the word presents. 2

(c) Give the roots of *pavitṭhaṃ* and *āpajjitvā*. 2

(d) What is the substance of the stanza recited by Makhādeva in the presence of his ministers? By what word is ‘hair’ expressed in it? Explain its formation. 3

2. Give some explanation of the words *purohito*, *jātavedo*, *dijā* and *Vejayantaratho*. 4

3. State fully the reflections of the Bodhisat in the Quail Birth on the occasion when he was deserted by his parents. 3

4 (a) Translate :—

12

Kaṇiṭṭhabhātā pissa Cullalohito nāma ahoṣi. Teyeva dve bhātike nissāya tasmim kule kammadhuraṃ vadḍhati tasmiṃ pana kule ekā kumārikā atthi. Taṃ eko nagaravāsika-kulaputto attano puttassa vāreti, Tassā mātāpitāro kumārīkāya vivāhakāle ‘āgatānaṃ pāhunakānaṃ uttaribhaṅgo bhavissatī ti yāgubhattaṃ datvā Munikaṃ nāma sūkaraṃ pose-sum. Taṃ disvā Cullalohito bhātaraṃ pucchi : ‘Imasmiṃ kule kammadhuraṃ vadḍhamānaṃ amhe dve bhātike nissāya vadḍhati, ime pana amhākaṃ tiṇapalālādīneva denti, sūkaraṃ yāgubhattaṃ posenti; kena nu kho kāraṇeṇa esa etaṃ labhati’ ti. Athassa bhātā ‘Tātā, Cullalohita, mā tvaṃ etassa bhojanaṃ pihayi : ayaṃ sūkaro maraṇabhattaṃ bhujjati; ‘etissā hi kumārīkāya vivāhakāle āgatānaṃ pāhunakānaṃ uttaribhaṅgo bhavissatī’ ti ime etaṃ sūkaraṃ posenti; ito katipāhassac-cayena te manussā āgamissanti; atha naṃ sūkaraṃ pādesu gahetvā kaḍḍhentā heṭṭhāmaṇcato niharitvā jīvitakkhayaṃ pāpetvā pāhunakānaṃ sūpavyañjanaṃ kāriyamānaṃ passissasi’ ti. Tato na oirasseva te manussā āgamiṃsu. Munikaṃ ghātetvā nānappakarehi pacimiṃsu. Bodhisatto Cullalohitaṃ āha : ‘Ditṭho te tāta Muniko’ ti. ‘Ditṭhaṃ me bhātika Munikassa bhojanaphalaṃ; etassa bhattato sataguṇeṇa saḥassaguṇeṇa

amhākam tinapalālabhusamattameva uttamañca anavajjañca dighāyulākkhanañcā' ti.

(b) Give an alternative reading to *vaḍḍhati* in the second sentence. 1

(c) Resolve *katipāhassaccayena*, and show how its last member is formed. 2

(d) Parse *kāriyamānam*. 1

5. Explain the synonyms in *sakkāragarukāramānanavandanapūjanāni*. In what connection is this compound used? 5

6 Give, with examples, the rules for the formation of *Desiderative* verbs. What are the *desiderative* adjectives for 'hungry' and 'thirsty'? 3

7. Translate :—*Damayanti rañño saṅkappaṃ punappunam cintayamānā etadavoca : "Dukkhena me hadayaṃ phalitaṃ ; te rajjañca dhanañca aññehi gahitaṃ ; na ca te bhojanaṃ na ca vatthaṃ ; kimāhaṃ taṃ rāja jaheyyaṃ ; nāhampi te vane ekato vasitum dassāmi ; dukkhakāle pana ahaṃ tayā saddhiṃ vasitvā samassāsessāmi ; na ca imasmiṃ loke dukkhassa upapannakāle bhariyāsamaṃ aññam osadhaṃ ; evaññhi paṇḍitehi vuttaṃ ; ahaṃ Nala saccam vadāmi' ti. Nalo āha : 'Tumhākaṃ nissam sayena saddahāmi ; sokābhibhūtaṃ narassa na bhariyā iva añño ; mā bhāyi, nāhaṃ taṃ jahissāmi ; attānaṃ kho pana jaheyyaṃ, na ca taṃ kuḍācanan' ti.* 8

8. Explain *saccakiriya* as used in your text and illustrate your answer by a reference to the *Vuttakajātaka*.

PHYSICS.

Paper set by—MR. P. BRÜHL.

Examiners—{ VERY REV. FATHER E. LAFONT, S.J., C.I.E.
MR. A. EWBANK, M.A.
MR. J. C. BOSE, B. SC.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Enumerate and define the different states of equilibrium, and give examples. 10

2. State the laws of falling bodies, and show how the second law can be demonstrated by experiments with the inclined plane. 10

3. How would you determine the specific gravity of a liquid by the aid of the hydrostatic balance? 10

4. By what methods would you prove that white light is a mixture of variously coloured rays? 10

5. How would you ascertain the hygrometric state of the atmosphere by means of Daniell's hygrometer? 10

6. 'The quantity of electricity produced in induction is equal to that of the inducing body.' How would you prove this statement by experiment? 10

7. What are the advantages and disadvantages of Daniell's Bunsen's, and Leclanché's elements? 10

8. Explain the action of the telephone. 10

CHEMISTRY.

Paper set by—DR. C. J. H. WARDEN.

Examiners— $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{MR. A. PEDLER, F.R.S.} \\ \text{MR. W. H. WOOD, F.C.S.} \\ \text{DR. P. C. RAY.} \end{array} \right.$

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What do you understand by *acid*, and *base*, forming elements; *metallic* and *non-metallic* elements; *univalent*, *bivalent* and *trivalent* elements? 3
2. Explain the meaning of the terms—destructive distillation; distillation; ebullition; convection; and combustion. 3
3. Describe briefly the different modes of chemical action. 5
4. Describe fully the chemical changes, if any, which occur:— 6
 - (a) When dry potassium chlorate is intimately mixed with black oxide of manganese.
 - (b) When the same mixture is boiled with water.
 - (c) When copper oxide is mixed with charcoal and strongly heated.
 - (d) When oxalic acid is heated with sulphuric acid.
- Express chemical changes by equations.
5. You have given to you a powder consisting of 5 *parts* by weight of potassium chlorate mixed with an equal weight of black oxide of manganese. What occurs on heating the mixture? If any chemical change takes place, express it by an equation, and if any alteration in weight results, state the amount in *parts* by weight. 6
6. You are required to prepare from the residue left after heating the mixture of potassium chlorate and black oxide of manganese referred to in Question 5, chlorine and hydrochloric acid; describe fully the methods you would adopt. 6
7. Describe two methods of preparing carbon dioxide; and state how you would distinguish, physically and chemically, between carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. Refer to the part which carbon dioxide plays in the economy of nature. 6
8. *Chemical combination always takes place between definite masses of matter.* Explain what you understand by this statement and illustrate your reply by examples. 5

BOTANY.

PAPER I.

FOR FEMALE CANDIDATES.

Examiner—DR. D. PRAIN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Describe a stamen: explain its functions and state how it is related to the other floral organs. Mention any peculiarities exhibited by stamens in plants belonging to the natural order *Malvaceæ*. 18

2. Define the terms—*raphe*, *septum*, *thalamus*, *involucre*, 18
frond.
3. What do you understand to be the meaning of the term 12
'*species*'? Explain the difference between a *species* and a
variety.
4. Define the natural order *Gramineæ*; mention any useful 12
plants that belong to this order.

PAPER II.

1. Describe the structure of the flower in the common 12
kachhu (*Colocasia antiquorum*).
2. Describe the structure of the flower in the common 12
Gourd (*Cucurbita maxima*).
3. What is meant by *placentation*? Enumerate and explain 18
the position of the different kinds of *placentation* that occur.
4. Describe the structure and explain the functions of 18
leaves.

HISTORY.

Paper set by—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M.A.

Examiners— $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{DR. A. F. R. HOERNLE.} \\ \text{MR. N. N. GHOSE.} \\ \text{BABU KALISANKAR SUKUL, M.A.} \end{array} \right.$

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What is meant by the *Heroic Age* in Greek history? 6
Briefly describe the form of government during this age.
2. Note briefly, with dates, the chief events in the life of 6
Philip of Macedon. Give a fuller account of his relations with
the Athenians.
3. State with its date, *one* important historical event con- 5
nected with the life of each of the following—Aristomenes,
Cimon, Timoleon, Cleombrotus, Aratus.
4. Write brief notes on—Pelasgians, Gerusia, Demiurgi, 7
Thetes, Court of the Areopagus, Aetolian League, Stoics.
5. Write a short sketch (with dates) of events from the battle 6
of Coronea to the Peace of Callias.
6. What two distinct objects had the Plebeians in view in 7
their struggle with the Patricians? Describe briefly the
measures by which these objects were gradually gained.
7. Write a short sketch, with dates, of the Samnite Wars. 6
8. Describe the change that came upon the political life of 6
the Roman people on the completion of the Roman conquest of
the East.
9. What was a Roman province? How were the provinces 5
governed under the Republic and under Augustus Cæsar respec-
tively?
10. Describe the plan of government adopted by Diocletian. 6
State the reason that led him to its adoption.

LOGIC.

Paper set by—MR. A. VENIS, M.A.

Examiners— { BABU NILKANTHA MAJUMDAR, M.A.
 „ BRAJENDRANATH SIL, M.A.
 „ SYAMACHARAN GANGULI, B.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What is meant by a Fundamental Principle of Deductive Logic? Mention two such principles; and clearly show how they are applied in Deductive Logic. 6
2. Describe fully the logical characters of the following terms—colour, white, whiteness. Explain, and illustrate, the relation between the denotation and the connotation of a term. 6
3. Describe the processes known as Definition and Division. (Give an example of a *circle in definition* and of a *cross division*.)
4. Define Immediate Inference. Prove by diagrams (a) that an *A* proposition can be converted *per accidens* only; (b) that an *O* proposition cannot be converted at all; (c) that an *I* can be obverted in the form of an *O* proposition. 7
5. Distinguish carefully between, and frame your own examples of—contradictory, contrary, and subcontrary opposition. 6
6. Define Figure and Mood. Prove (a) the general syllogistic rule that if one premiss be negative the conclusion must be negative; (b) the special rule that in the Third Figure the conclusion must be particular. 6
7. What is meant by Reduction? Why was it considered a necessary process? Reduce Bramantip *directly*. 5
8. Describe the fallacy termed "*Petitio Principii*." Is syllogistic reasoning a form of this fallacy? Give reasons for your answer. 6
9. Examine the following arguments, using logical technicalities wherever possible:— 12
 - (a) Some who are truly wise are not learned; but the virtuous alone are truly wise; the learned, therefore, are not always virtuous.
 - (b) You cannot affirm that all his acts were virtuous; for you deny that they were all praiseworthy; and you allow that nothing that is not praiseworthy is virtuous.
 - (c) Since the laws allow everything that is innocent, and avarice is allowed, it is innocent.
 - (d) Are honours and rewards, public or private, to be pronounced useless, because they cannot influence the stupid, and men of genius rise above them?

B. A. Examination,

1893.

ENGLISH.

Paper set by—REV. E. F. BROWN.

Examiners— { MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M A.
 „ S. ROBSON, M.A.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Compare the character of Richard III as drawn by Shakespeare with what we know of him from history; and point out whether Shakespeare himself is responsible for the variations. 6
2. Explain carefully the following passages:— 18
 - (a) My dukedom to a beggarly denier,
 I do mistake my person all this while:
 Upon my life, she finds, although I cannot,
 Myself to be a marvellous proper man.
 - (b) Heigh, my hearts! cheerly, cheerly, my hearts! yare,
 yare! Take in the topsail. Tend to the master's whistle.
 Blow, till thou burst thy wind, if room enough!
 - (c) By accident most strange, bountiful fortune,
 Now my dear lady, hath mine enemies
 Brought to this shore; and by my prescience
 I find my zenith doth depend upon
 A most auspicious star, whose influence
 If now I court not, but omit, my fortunes
 Will ever after droop.
 - (d) For all the rest
 They'll take suggestion as a cat laps milk,
 They'll tell the clock to any business that
 We say befits the hour.
 - (e) Was the hope drunk
 Wherein you dressed yourself? Hath it slept since?
 And wakes it now to look so green and pale
 At what it did so freely?
 - (f) My thought, whose murder yet is but fantastical,
 Shakes so my single state of man that function
 Is smothered in surmise, and nothing is
 But what is not.
3. Explain with special reference to the words in *italics*:— 17

Paddock calls—Say sooth—flout the sky—Choppy finger—trusted home—metaphysical aid—to alter favour—God 'i'd us—Spongy officers—limited service—Have I filed my mind—tiger's chaudron—a modern ecstasy—unrough youths—intrenchant air—a cherubin—an undergoing stomach—at least two glasses—Under hatches—old cramps—water with berries in it—a delicate wench—go a bat-fowling—a kibe—the dead mooncalf's gaberdine—pied ninny—played the jack—the crossrow—piping time—be not so curst—Take him over the costard—a tall fellow—a sennet—the holy rood.

4. What are meant by :—

8

Saint Coeme's inch—the insane root—Tarquin's ravishing strides—a new Gorgon—Hyrcean tiger—gracious England—still-vexed Bermoothes—Cæsar's Cæsar ?

5. Explain the historical allusions in :—

5

'Clarence is come ; false, fleeting, perjured Clarence
That stabbed me in the field by Tewkesbury.'
'When my father York and Edward wept
To hear the piteous moan that Rutland made
When black-faced Clifford shook his sword at him :
Nor when thy warlike father, like a child,
Told the sad story of my father's death.'

6. What are the circumstances alluded to in what Shakespeare says about 'the evil' in Macbeth ?

3

7. Explain :—

13

'Lay her a-hold, a-hold ! Set her two courses.'
'To beguile the time, look like the time.'
'I'll warrant him for drowning.'
'Aroint thee, witch ! the rump-fed ronyon cries.'
'To think of the teen that I have turned you to.'
'O'er-prized all popular rate.'
'His arms in this sad knot.'
'I myself could make a chough of as deep chat.'
'Here's a maze trod indeed through forth-rights and meanders.'
'Leave not a rack behind.'
'His physicians fear him mightily.'
'More pity that the eagle should be mewed.'
'Since every Jack becomes a gentleman.
There's many a gentle person made a Jack.'

8. Compare the state of England and London as described by Johnson and Goldsmith with what you know of their condition at the present time.

7

9. Explain :—

13

- (a) 'Pure clinches the suburban Muse affords,
And Panton waging harmless war with words.'
- (b) 'These, though unseen, are ever on the wing,
Hang o'er the Box and hover round the Ring.'
- (c) 'His warlike Amazon her host invades,
The imperial consort of the Crown of Spades.'
- (d) 'Now lakes of liquid gold, Elysian scenes,
And crystal domes, and angels in machines.'
- (e) 'From every room descends the painted face
That hung the bright palladium of the place.'

- (f) 'Thy wonders in that godlike age
Fill thy recording sister's page.'
- (g) 'He passed the flaming bounds of place and time.'
- (h) 'His pity gave ere charity began.'
- (i) 'What are ye monarchs, laurelled heroes, say
But Ætnas of the suffering world ye sway ?'
- (j) 'He'll shrieve my soul, he'll wash away
The albatross's blood.'
- (k) 'Not for these I raise
The song of thanks and praise,
But for those obstinate questionings
Of sense and outward things,
Fallings from us, vanishings,
Blank misgivings of a creature
Moving about in worlds not realised,
High instincts before which our mortal nature
Did tremble like a guilty thing surprised.'
10. Give some account of the life and writings of Cowper. 5
11. What is the lesson intended to be taught by Coleridge's 5
'Ancient Mariner' ? Illustrate it from any of the other poems
which occur in your books.

ENGLISH.

Paper set by—MR. C. R. WILSON, M.A.

Examiners—{ MR. C. R. WILSON, M.A.
REV. J. HECTOR, M.A.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain and illustrate the following statements :—
- (a) 'Though throughout the whole of the Essays one can 5
scarcely find a word about the writer, yet they really make up
a kind of autobiography.'
- (b) 'Bacon's morality is civic rather than domestic, for the 5
good of humanity rather than for the inner development of the
individual.'
2. Explain briefly in connection with the context :— 20
- (a) But above all, believe it, the sweetest canticle is *Nunc*
dimittis, when a man hath obtained worthy ends and expecta-
tions.
- (b) For the motions of the greatest persons in a government
ought to be as the motions of the planets under a *primum*
mobile.
- (c) For else the counsellors will but take wind of him and
instead of giving free counsel will sing him a song of *placebo*.
- (d) It is a poor centre of a man's actions, *himself*. It is
right earth.
- (e) The Spartans were a nice people in point of naturali-
zation : whereby, while they kept their compass, they stood firm ;

but when they did spread, and their boughs were become too great for their stem, they became a windfall upon a sudden.

(f) The Italian says, "*Sospetto licencia fide*," as if suspicion did give a passport to Faith, but it ought rather to kindle it, to discharge itself.

(g) For no man will take that part except he be like a seel'd dove, that mounts and mounts, because he cannot see about him.

(h) It is better dealing with men in appetite, than with those that are where they would be. If a man deal with another upon conditions, the start or first performance is all.

(i) To seek to extinguish anger utterly is but a bravery of the Stoics. We have better oracles: '*Be angry, but sin not; let not the sun go down upon your anger.*'

3. Who were Albert Dürer, Apollonius of Tyana, Bias, Cosmus, Hadrian, Machiavelli, Pliny, and Regiomontanus; and in what connection are they mentioned in the Essays? 8

4. In what remarkable senses does Bacon use the following? —conceit, curious, deliveries, exaltation, politics, push, security, speculative, theatre, wanton. 5

5. Give the substance of the essays (a) on travel, and (b) on studies. 6

6. What use does Bacon make of the myths of Briareus, Phaeton, and Prometheus? 6

7. What accounts does Thackeray give of the characters of Swift, Steele, and Fielding? Do you think that his accounts are adequate? Sketch the life and character of Addison and point out his literary merits. 10

8. Write short notes on the following:—Dean, Drapier, Bikerstaff, Gulliver The Grub Street limon. The British Apollo The Exeter Fly. Mr. Alderman Goodchild. The great Comic Epic. The charming Yorrick. That famous 'Mis-take of a Night.' 8

9. Explain briefly:— 12

(a) Through the storms and tempests of his furious mind, the stars of religion and love break out in the blue, shining serenely.

(b) What a night, my God, it was! What a lonely rage and long agony—what a vulture that tore the heart of that giant!

(c) Mr. Addison was called the 'great Mr. Addison' after this. The Coffee-house Senate saluted him Divus: it was heresy to question that decree

(d) He has testimony of this more authentic than the Herald's Office, or any human testimony. For God has marked him more abundantly than he did Cain.

(e) It is a brave London citizen, with John Bull habits, prejudices, and pleasures.

(f) A lame youth, whom Apollo had recompensed with a pipe, and to which he had added a tambourine of his own accord, ran sweetly over the prelude, as he sat upon the bank.

Point out the grammatical solecism in the last extract.

10. By what arguments does Macaulay show that it is the right and duty of the State to provide means of education for the common people? 5

11. Explain :— 5
- (a) He had the first stud in England ; and his delight was to win plates from the Tories.
- (b) He was a politician half-ice, half-fire.
- (c) He was the very Vitruvius of ruin.
- (d) The portrait would have seemed to walk out of the canvas.
- (e) That Marah was never dry.
12. The fact is that the *ne plus ultra* of intellectual indolence is this reading of books. It comes next to what the Americans call 'whittling.' 5
- Explain and discuss this statement.

ENGLISH.

Paper set by—REV. E. F. BROWN, M. A.

Examiner—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M. A.

FIRST HONOUR PAPER.

SHAKESPEARE AND HALES' L. E. POEMS.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Arrange the three plays of Shakespeare in the order in which they were written, giving the reasons drawn from both external and internal evidence for your order. 6
2. Compare the characters of Macbeth and Richard III. 6
3. Explain the passages :— 21
- (a) Windy attorneys to their client woes,
Airy succeders of intestate joys,
Poor breathing orators of miseries !
Let them have scope ! Though what they do impart
Help not at all, yet do they ease the heart.
- (b) My sweet mistress
Weeps when she sees me work, and says such baseness
Had never like executor. I forget :
But these sweet thoughts do even refresh my labours
Most busy lest, when I do it.
- (Say what alterations have been suggested for the last line.)
- (c) *Steph.* Thy eyes are almost set in thy head.
Trin. Where should they be set else ? He were a brave
Monster indeed if they were set in his tail.
- (d) If the assassination
Could trammel up the consequence, and catch
With his surcease, success ; that but this blow
Might be the be-all and the end-all here,
But here upon this bank and shoal of time
We'd jump the life to come.
- (e) The time approaches
That will with due decision make us know
What we shall say we have or what we owe.

- Thoughts speculative their unsure hopes relate
But certain issue strokes must arbitrate.
- (f) What should be spoken here, where our fate
Hid in an anger-hole may rush, and seize us ?
Let's away ;
Our tears are not yet brewed.
- (g) Fair is foul and foul is fair ;
Hover through the fog and filthy air.
4. Explain the following expressions, adding etymological notes on the words in italics :— 13
- Aroint* thee, witch ! the rump-fed ronyon cries—kernes and *gallow-glasses*—Are ye *fantastical*—to beguile the time, look like the time—*husbandry* in heaven—ravelled *sleeve* of care—Champion me to the *utterance*—thou art the *nonpareil*—*Security* is mortal's chiefest enemy—blood *boltered* Banquo—The title is *affeered*—A *fee-grief*—He cannot buckle his distempered cause within the belt of rule—His complexion is perfect gallows—The *welkin's* cheek—*fraughting* souls—To trash for over-topping—A *cherubin* thou wast—My *quaint* Ariel—Of *it* own kind—fallen flat—*long*—A foul *bombard*—Thou scurvy *patch*—My counsel's *consistory*—I play the touch—like a *Jack*.
5. Explain the allusions in— 7
- 'I have no long spoon.'
'Like the poor cat in the adage.'
'Each putter out of five to one.'
'Pitchers have ears.'
'Play the maid's part : still answer "nay" and take it.'
'A cockatrice hast thou hatched to the world'
'Young York he is but boot, because both they
Match not the high perfection of my loss.'
6. Give the argument of Coleridge's 'Ancient Mariner.' 5
It has been called a pre-Raphaelite poem. Why ?
7. Discuss the truth of Johnson's couplet in the *Traveller*. 5
'How small of all that human hearts endure
That part which laws or kings can cause or cure.'
8. Compare the poetical character of Pope and Wordsworth, illustrating your remarks from the extracts given in Hales. 5
9. What are meant by—Acolian Lyre—Idalia's velvet green 10
—the sable warrior—Elysian beauty—the fleet at Aulis—
Aetna's of the suffering world—Pambamarca's side—the meek usurper—She-Wolf of France—Hyperion's march—Cecilia's mingled world of sound—Fair Austria—The rapid Greek—Great Villiers—Altars of Japan—the cosmetic powers—Lydian measures—our young Ascanius—fair Augusta ?
10. Give some account of the life of Gray, and explain the metrical structure of his 'Progress of Poesy.' 6
11. How are Milton, Shakespeare, Dryden, and Pindar 8
described by Gray in his 'Progress of Poesy' ? Explain fully the passage:—
'Oh ! Sovereign of the willing soul,
Parent of sweet and solemn-breathing airs,
Enchanting shell ! The sullen cares
And frantic Passions hear thy soft controul.
On Thracia's hills the Lord of War

Has curbed the fury of his car,
 And drop'd his thirsty lance at thy command.
 Perching on the sceptred hand
 Of Jove, thy magic lulls the feathered king
 With ruffled plumes, and flagging wing:
 Quenched in dark clouds of slumber lie
 The terror of his beak, and lightning of his eye.'

12. It has been said of the Tempest—'A thought which seems to run through the whole . . . is the thought that the true freedom of man consists in service.' 8

Illustrate this from the contrast between the character of Ariel (who is not human) and Caliban, and those of Prospero, Miranda, and Ferdinand, giving whenever you can quotations from the play.

ENGLISH.

Examiner—MR. C. R. WILSON, M. A.

SECOND HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Trace the development of the Essays through the different editions published in Bacon's lifetime. Explain and illustrate the difference between the style of the earlier and of the later essays. 5

2. Explain the following passages, showing the connection with the context:— 24

(a) To him that opens himself men will hardly show themselves adverse, but will (fair) let him go on, and turn their freedom of speech to freedom of thought. And therefore it is a good shrewd proverb of the Spaniards, *tell a lie and find a truth*.

(b) The schoolmen were like astronomers, which did feign eccentrics and epicycles, and such engines of orbs, to save the phenomena, though they knew there were no such things.

(c) The danger is not from that state, but where it hath a dependence of foreign authority, or where the churchmen come in and are elected, not by the collation of the King, or particular patrons, but by the people.

(d) It is the care of some only to come oft speedily for the time, or to contrive some false periods of business, because they may seem men of despatch. But it is one thing to abbreviate by contracting, another by cutting off.

(e) The modern languages give unto such persons the name of favourites, or privadoes; as if it were a matter of grace or conversation. But the Roman name attaineth the true use and cause thereof, naming them *Participes curarum*.

(f) There be secret and hidden virtues that bring forth fortune, certain deliveries of a man's self, which have no name. The Spanish name *disemboltura* partly expresseth them, when there be not stonds nor restiveness in a man's nature, but that

the wheels of his mind keep way with the wheels of his fortune.

(g) I wish also, in the very middle, a fair mount, with three ascents and alleys, enough for four to walk abreast; which I would have to be perfect circles, without any bulwarks or embossments: and the whole mount to be thirty foot high, and some fine banqueting house, with some chimneys really cast, and without too much glass.

(h) Mean men in their rising must adhere; but great men, that have strength in themselves, were better to maintain themselves indifferent and neutral. Yet even in beginners, to adhere so moderately, as he be a man of the one faction, which is most passable with the other, commonly giveth best way.

3. What influence had the study of Macchiavelli on Bacon's morality? What traces are there of it in the Essays? 6

4. What did Bacon mean by *Philosophia Prima*? Quote from the Essays three principles which might possibly belong to it. 6

5. In what way does Bacon quote and apply the Bible? Give instances. 4

6. (A) Modernise the following:— 5

In suites of favour the first comming ought to take but litle place, sofarfoorth consideration may be had of his trust, that if Intelligence of the matter could otherwise have beene had but by him, advauntage be not taken of the note: to be ignorant of the value of a suite, is simplicitie, as well as to be ignorant of the right thereof is want of conscience.

(B) Give the meaning in which Bacon uses the following: —antimasque, antecamera, broken music, gaudery, galliard, habilitation, imposthumations, knee-timber, looses, newel, oes, point-device, queech, resorts, sbirrerie. 5

7. How does Thackeray deal with the English humourists, and by what test does he wish to judge them? Do you think the treatment adequate? 4

8. Characterise briefly the comedy of Congreve. Describe the conflict between him and Jeremy Collier. What apology has been offered for Congreve in modern times, and what do you think of it? 8

9. Explain:— 18

(a) Mr. Macaulay has quoted the charming¹ lines of the poet where the king of the pigmies is measured by the same standard.

(b) A touch of Steele's tendernes is worth all his finery; a flash of Swift's lightning, a beam of Addison's pure sunshine, and his tawdry playhouse, taper is invisible.

(c) Is the glory of Heaven to be sung only by gentlemen in black coats? Must the truth be only expounded in gown and surplice, and out of those two vestments can nobody preach it? Commend me to this dear preacher without orders —this parson in a tye-wig.

(d) We love him, as children love their love with an A, because he is amiable.

(e) Alas! for poor Dick Steele! For nobody else, of course.

(f) The world has discovered a difference between tweedle-

dee and tweedle-dum, and has given a hearty applause and admiration to Hogarth too, but not exactly as a painter of scriptural subjects, or as a rival of Correggio.

(g) He goes to work systematically and of cold blood; paints his face, puts on his ruff and motley clothes, and lays down his carpet and tumbles on it.

10. What views do Macaulay and Thackeray respectively hold with regard to history? Compare them. 6

11. Explain:— 3

(a) These poems differ from others as atar of roses differs from ordinary rose water, the close packed essence from the thin diluted mixture.

(b) Very few and very weary are those who are in at the death of the blatant beast.

12. Trace as far as you can in the poems of Elizabeth Barrett Browning the effects of her long seclusion from the world. 5

Point out the solecism in the following:—Considering that up to this time, how little she had done to startle the world, that how few even of her better poems were before it, it must be confessed that Horne's request for particulars of her life seems to have been rather premature. 1

ENGLISH.

Paper set by—REV. E. F. BROWN, M. A.

Examiner—MR. S. ROBSON, M. A.

THIRD HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain the following, adding a note on each of the words in italics:— 29

(a) We country *sluts* of merry Fressingfield
Come to buy needless naughts to make us fine,
And look that young men should be *frank* this day
And court us with such fairings as they can.
Phæbus is blithe, and *frolic* looks from heaven,
As when he courted lovely *Semele*,
Swearing the pedlers should have empty packs,
If that fair weather may make *chapmen* buy.

(b) Good Lord, Master *Plutus*, I have seen you a thousand times at my master's, and yet I had never the manners to make you drink. But, sir, I am glad to see how conformable you are to the statute.—I warrant you he's as *yeomanly* a man as you shall see: mark you, masters, here's a plain honest man without *welt* or *guard*.

(c) Through no disturbance of the soul,
Or strong *compunction* in me wrought,
I supplicate for thy control;
But in the quietness of thought:

Me this *unchartered* freedom tires ;
 I feel the weight of chance-desires ;
 My hopes no more must change their name,
 I long for a repose that ever is the same.

(d) M. is said to bear his *mitre* high in India, where the *regni novitas* (I dare say) sufficiently justifies the bearing. A humility quite as primitive as that of *Jewel* or *Hooker* might not be exactly fitted to impress the minds of those Anglo-Asiatic *diocesans* with a reverence for home institutions and the church which those *fathers* watered.

(e) Conceive the sentiment boarded up, freighted, entered at the Custom House (startling the *tide-waiters* with the novelty), hoisted into a ship. Conceive it pawed about and handled between the rude jests of *tarpaulin* ruffians—a thing of its delicate texture—the salt bilge wetting it till it became as vapid as a damaged *lustring*. Suppose it in material danger (mariners have some superstition about sentiments) of being tossed over in a fresh gale to some *propitiatory* shark (spirit of *St. Gothard*, save us from a quietus so foreign to the deviser's purpose!), but it has happily evaded a fishy consummation.

(f) For even those hardhearted evil men who think virtue a school-name, and know no other good but *indulgere genio*, and therefore despise the austere admonitions of the philosopher and feel not the inward reason they *stand upon*, yet will be content to be delighted, which is all the good-fellow poet seemeth to promise, and so steel to see the form of goodness, which seen they cannot but love, ere themselves be aware, as if they took a medicine of cherries.

(g) Whereas other acts retain themselves within their subject and receive (as it were) their being from it, the poet only bringeth his own *stuff*, and doth not learn a *conceit* out of a matter, but maketh matter for a conceit.

2. What are the historical facts of Roger Bacon's life? Contrast them with the character in which he appears in the play, and mention any anachronisms which occur in it. 6

3. Explain the phrases :—

I'll prince it out ; quainter dames than she ; a farmer's son that never was so quaint ; all amost ; she'll swap thee into her plackerd ; the force of his pentageron ; Bacon roves a bow beyond his reach ; to make a cope ; proportioned as was Paris ; Henry's wanton son ; Henry's white son ; sorteth to ill end ; out of all ho ; covey of coxcombs ; neat claret wine ; the battling pastures ; if they could scape the teasers or the toil. 9

4. What does Greene mean by—

Bocardo, Hermes, Almain monarch, Lynceus, Lucrece, Phobetor, Hephæstion, the Egyptian courtesan, Fabius Commentator, Tetragrammaton, good Tully's phrase ? 11

5. What was Wordsworth's theory of poetry? How far is he true to it himself? Quote some passages 'of a kind to show Wordsworth's unique power' (as M. Arnold says in his introduction) and some also which you consider to be the opposite. 6

6. What is the motive of Wordsworth's poem of the Star-gazers? Write down any lines of it which you can remember. 4

7. Explain the following :— 8
- (a) The child is father of the man.
- (b) She gave me eyes, she gave me ears,
And humble cares and delicate fears,
A heart the fountain of sweet tears,
And love and thought and joy.
- (c) Deep in the general heart of men
His power survives.
- (d) The best of what we do and are,
Just God, forgive.
- (e) We have given our hearts away, a sordid boon.
- (f) Sacred Religion, mother of form and fear.
- (g) High heaven rejects the lore
Of nicely calculated less or more.
- (h) The light that never was, on sea or land.
- 8 'These four are all that any way deal in that consideration of men's manners.' What four? How does Sidney prove that poetry is superior to the others? Illustrate by examples, both his and your own. 7
9. Who or what are alluded to in the following?— 11
- Nizolian paper books; Hospital of France; Pacolet's horse; a crafty Davus; the cruel Severus . . . and the excellent Severus; the impertinent Goshen; put on the weeds of Dominic; to mate Hyperion; the hero of La Mancha; the Preux Chevalier of age; when Dorimant hands a fishwife across the kennel.
10. Explain :— 9
- The silly latter; play the hedgehog; the metaphysic; in a full wrong divinity; peizing each syllable; that numerous kind of writing; in the ethic and politic consideration; it is not gnosis but praxis must be the fruit; some blind crowder; the jolly commodity of being sick of the plague; the largest field to ere; the quiddity of Ens and Prima Materia; gards of poesy; I'd dare not allow; match hornpipes and funerals; I deserved to be pounded; the dull-making cataphract of Nilus.

ENGLISH.

Paper set by—MR C. R. WILSON, M. A.

Examiner—REV. J. HECTOR, M. A.

FOURTH HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Write brief notes on (a) the Anglian dialect and its history; and (b) the 'King's English.' 4
2. Explain and illustrate Grimm's law of consonantal transitions. 2
- What two great waves of change have passed over the spelling of English? How was the present spelling fixed? How far do you think it needs alteration? 3
- Define with examples, *Umlaut* and *Ablaut*. 2

3. Write historical and etymological notes on the following words :—advocacy, bard, bretheren, deemster, deodorize, duckling, irony, Jacobite, jeopardy, kine, leisured, mile, one, parson, palanquin, remembraucer, shawl, sing-song, sledge-hammer, three-some. 10

4. What do you understand by ' the onomato-poetic origin ' of language? Discuss the question, and say what you believe to be the true origin of language. 4

5. Give some account of the early English dramatists. How far can you trace the influence of Marlowe in the early plays of Shakespeare? 6

6. Give some account of the history of the satire in England. 6

7. Give a brief account of the following works, naming the author in each case :— 7

Confessio Amantis, The King's Quhair, The Purple Island, The Rape of the Lock, The Seasons, Tam o'Shanter, Adonais.

8. Explain and discuss the application and suitability of the following terms :— 6

(a) The Metaphysical Poets.

(b) The Augustan Age of English literature.

(c) The Lake Poets.

9. Write an essay on one of the following subjects :— 50

(a) The Novel, and the English Novelists.

(b) The right objects and methods of study.

(c) ' Beauty is truth, truth beauty.'

PHILOSOPHY.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

PSYCHOLOGY.

Paper set by—BABU KALI CHARAN BANERJEE, M. A.

Examiners— { BABU KALI CHARAN BANERJEE, M. A.
DR. P. K. RAY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain the relation of Psychology to Physiology, Philosophy, and Education, respectively. 12

2. Explain and illustrate Discrimination and Assimilation, as distinct, but related, properties of Intellect. 13

3. Explain clearly what Sully means by inherited mental tendencies. Need they manifest themselves at the beginning of life? 13

4. Give a general explanatory outline of the distinguishable Characters of Sensation. 12

5. Sight derives much of its apparently direct knowledge of external things from Touch. Explain and illustrate the view. 12

6. Explain the action of Attention in Reproduction, in Constructive Imagination, and in the Control of Thoughts. 12

7. Explain the nature and conditions of Sympathy, and define its place in a classification of the Emotions. 13
8. Analyse Voluntary Action, and explain the psychological conditions of Arrested Action. 13

PHILOSOPHY.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

ETHICS.

*Paper set by—*MR. A. VENIS, M. A.

Examiners— { MR. A. VENIS, M. A.
 { „ H. STEPHEN, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Give precise meaning to the term *unpsychological* as applied to a System of Thought; and illustrate by detailed reference to any one of the Ethical Systems, ancient or modern. 12
2. 'Distinctively as men, we have an irresistible tendency to approve and disapprove, to pass judgments of right and wrong.' Show by a careful analysis (after Martineau) what the contents of this broad fact are. 20
3. Define a Spring of Action. Reproduce, in outline, Martineau's classification of the Springs of Action. 10
4. Distinguish (with examples) between Duty and Prudence. Show how these are related to the Springs of Action. 12
5. Carefully explain Martineau's view of an action as *right*. How is such *rightness* interpreted in Hedonistic and Dianotic Ethics? 15
6. Fully discuss the question whether J. S. Mill's discrimination of pleasures into *higher* and *lower* was consistent with his starting-point 16
7. State in your own language, and as clearly as you can, what is meant by applying the idea of Evolution to the sphere of Ethics. 15

PHILOSOPHY.

FIRST HONOUR PAPER.

PSYCHOLOGY.

*Paper set by—*BABU KALI CHARAN BANERJEE, M. A.

*Examiner—*DR. P. K. RAY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Discuss the relation of Psychology to Physiology, Philosophy, and Education, respectively. 12

2. Explain and illustrate Discrimination and Assimilation, as distinct, but related, properties of Intellect. Is Retentiveness also a fundamental intellectual function? 13
3. Explain fully what is meant by the Evolutional Theory of Mind. What phenomena from child-life are adduced by Sully as probable illustrations of it? Examine the evidence. 13
4. In what respect does Sully's use of the term 'Sensation' differ from Hamilton's? What is his justification for the difference? Discuss the two leading Characters of Sensation. 12
5. Discuss the relation between Tactual and Visual Perception. 'Seeing is more than a translation of touch-knowledge into a new language, and more than a short-hand abbreviation of it.' Explain. 12
6. Explain and illustrate the action of Attention in Abstraction and in Reasoning; and of Association in the Growth of Feeling and of Will. 12
7. Explain the nature and conditions of Sympathy, and define its place in a classification of the Emotions. Are Sympathy and Benevolence coincident? 13
8. Analyse Voluntary Action, and explain the psychological conditions of Arrested Action. Examine Sully's Theory of Choice. 13

PHILOSOPHY.

SECOND HONOUR PAPER.

ETHICS.

Paper set by—MR. A. VENIS, M. A.

Examiner—MR. H. STEPHEN, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Define Ethics according to Martineau. What are the postulates on which his Ethical Theory depends? In what sense are these postulates capable of 'verification'? 12
2. Expound Martineau's position that 'the moral consciousness is at its origin engaged in *self-estimation*.' Review his reasons for insisting on this position as a test of true and false theories of morals. 15
3. Define a Spring of Action. Reproduce, in outline, Martineau's classification of the Springs of Action; and explain why he classifies in a Psychological and in a Moral Order. On what grounds is the supreme place assigned to Reverence? 18
4. Carefully explain Martineau's view of an action as *right*. How is such *rightness* interpreted in Hedonistic and Dianoetic Ethics? 15
5. Fully discuss the question whether J. S. Mill's discrimination of pleasures into *higher* and *lower* was consistent with his starting-point. 16
6. Give a concise account, and as far as possible in your own words, of Herbert Spencer's Genesis of Ethics. 16
7. Indicate the common features of Aesthetic Ethics; and add a short note on the 'Moral Sense' of Hutcheson. 8

PHILOSOPHY.

THIRD HONOUR PAPER.

HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY.

Examiner—MR. A. VENIS, M. A.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. State concisely what Bacon and Descartes conceived to be the problem of philosophy, and the contributions each made towards a solution of that problem. 12
2. Show in outline how Spinozism may be regarded as the logical and necessary outcome of Cartesianism; and how it prepared the way for the Monadism of Leibnitz. 12
3. Explain in detail what Locke intended by his metaphor of the mind as a *tabula rasa*. Show that the metaphor, in whatever way it may be unfolded, leaves unexplained the real difficulty in a Psychology of Perception. 16
4. Examine into Perkeley's belief in the existence of an external material world. Carefully note the metaphysical principles assumed by him; and decide whether the assumption of any such principles was consistent with the premisses from which he started. 18
5. Estimate the special significance of Hume in the history of philosophy. In a brief but clear note, set out and compare the methods employed by Reid and Kant against the Humian Scepticism. 18
6. Discuss at length Hume's treatment of the Causal Problem, and Kant's Deduction of the Category of Causality. 16
7. Explain what Kant meant by Postulates of the Practical Reason. 8

PHILOSOPHY.

FOURTH HONOUR PAPER.

NATURAL THEOLOGY.

Examiner—BABU KALI CHARAN BANERJEE, M. A.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Discuss the relation of Religion to Theology and Ethics, respectively. 12
2. Is our belief in Causation identical with our belief in Law? Argue the question. 12
3. What *Theistic* attempt has been made to divest the Divine Mind of all Causation? Examine its validity. 12
4. Explain the three Marks of Will. What argument does Martineau build upon them? How does the modern 'philosophy of unconsciousness' turn this argument round, and with what justice? 13
5. Justify the argument from design against the attack on the conclusiveness of its reasoning. Examine Darwin's Theory of Natural Selection, as affecting design. 13

6. State the implicit attributes of God, as apprehended by Conscience, and show how they are deduced from our recognition of God as *our Highest*. 12
7. Martineau presents Pantheism as a reaction from Deism. Exhibit the transition. What are its typical forms? 13
8. Discuss the Metaphysical basis of the doctrine of Immortality. 13

LOGIC.

1. Discuss the place of Logic in the system of Philosophy. 12
2. In what aspect, and on what grounds, does Ueberweg claim Perception as the object of Logic? How does he combat the Kantian separation of the Matter and Form of Preception? 13
3. Explain Ueberweg's Theory of Definition, and compare it with Mill's. 13
4. Does the Modal difference of Judgments concern Logical doctrine? Argue the question. 13
5. Explain the use of *circles* in the demonstration of the doctrine of Syllogism. What objection has been urged against it, and with what force? 12
6. Explain Ueberweg's Theory of Induction. Analogy is said to be a combination of Induction and Syllogism. Show how. 12
7. Explain the theory of Hypothesis, and point out the fallacies which vitiate the construction of hypotheses 13
8. Explain and illustrate the errors of 'begging the question,' 'shifting the ground,' 'proving too much,' and 'proving too little.' 12

PHYSICS AND THE ELEMENTS OF CHEMISTRY.

Examiners—{ DR. C. J. H. WARDEN.
MR. W. McMILLAN, F. C. S.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

FIRST HALF PAPER ON THE ELEMENTS OF CHEMISTRY.

The answers to the questions in each Half Paper must be written in a separate book.

1. What do you understand by the term *Atomicity* of an Element? Classify the following elements according to their atomicity :—P, N, C, As, Ag, Pb, Hg, O and N. 15
2. Describe fully how you would prepare an aqueous solution of ammonia. What occurs when aqueous ammonia is brought in contact with acids; and when anhydrous ammonia is brought in contact with acid anhydrides? Illustrate your reply by examples, giving equations. What occurs when ammonia is led over incandescent porcelain? 15
3. State what action chlorine gas would have upon the following substances :— 10
 - (a) Metallic antimony.
 - (b) Solution of potassium iodide.

- (c) Phosphorus.
 (d) Metallic gold.
 (e) Hydrogen sulphide gas.

4. You have given to you 10 grammes of metallic sodium : 10
 how many litres of chlorine at 10° C and 750 mm. pressure will
 be necessary to convert the metal into sodium chloride ?

SECOND HALF PAPER ON HEAT AND SOUND.

Examiner—MR. P. BRÜHL.

*The answers to the questions in each half paper must be
 written in a separate book.*

1. Describe the method adopted by Regnault to ascertain 10
 the maximum pressure of aqueous vapour at temperatures below
 50° C, and give a sketch of the apparatus used by him.
2. State the principles of the various methods of producing 10
 cold artificially, and describe any one of the smaller descriptions
 of ice-making machines.
3. What are isothermal and adiabatic curves ? Illustrate by 10
 an example the use which is made of those curves in thermody-
 namic investigations.
4. State fully how you would proceed to take the tempera- 10
 ture of a closed compartment by means of a weight thermo-
 meter.
5. Describe the sonometer, and state the law for the veri- 10
 fication of which the instrument was constructed.

PHYSICS AND THE ELEMENTS OF CHEMISTRY.

Examiner—MR. A. MACDONELL, M.A.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

LIGHT, ELECTRICITY, AND MAGNETISM.

1. Prove the formula for reflexion by a spherical mirror, 7

$$\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{p'} = \frac{1}{f}.$$

Explain the meaning of each term and give a rule for fixing
 its sign.

A small object is 8 feet from a screen, on which an image 4
 of it, magnified 9 times, is to be thrown by a concave mirror.
 What will be the radius of the mirror, and how far must it be
 placed from the object ?

2. Describe a Terrestrial Telescope and trace the course of a 8
 ray of light through it.

A telescope is focussed to see clearly an object *A*. In order to see another object *B*, the eye-tube is pushed in. Which is furthest away, *A* or *B*, and why? 2

3. Give an account of the commonly received theory of the colours of bodies. 8

If light which has passed through a piece of red glass is examined by a prism, it is found that the spectrum generally contains other colours than red, but, if the red light of a pure spectrum is passed through a prism, red only is seen. Explain this difference. 2

4 What is the difference between a beam of ordinary light and a beam of plane polarised light? Describe any methods of producing plane polarised light. 4 6

5. What is an electrical condenser and what is its use? Give a theory of its action. 6

Two brass plates on insulating supports are placed near each other. To one, *X*, a gold leaf electroscope is attached, and the other, *Y*, is connected with the ground. (1) A charge is given to *X* and the leaves diverge; a plate of vulcanite is placed between *X* and *Y*, and the divergence of the leaves diminishes. (2) *Y* is insulated and charged. On the introduction of the plate of vulcanite the divergence of the leaves increases. Explain these two experiments. 4

6. Define the terms Ohm, Ampère, Volt. Describe the construction of a practical unit of resistance and a method of comparing resistances. 3 6

7. Give an account of experiments to illustrate the production of induced currents by the relative motion of circuits and magnets. Give an expression for the E. M. F. of the induced current. 6 2

A semi-circular wire, 1 decimetre radius, moveable about a vertical axis, lies due south (magnetic) of its axis. It is suddenly turned round until it is due north. What is the total E. M. F. of the induced current, and what is the direction of the current, given that the horizontal component of the earth's magnetic force is 18 C. G. S. units? 4

8. Describe an apparatus for producing continuous rotation of a wire carrying a current, and explain the motion on Ampère's principles. 10

9. A discharge from an induction coil is passed through a partially exhausted tube. Describe the appearances presented in the tube. What would be the effect of bringing a magnet near the tube when the discharge was passing? 7 2

10. Draw a diagram of lines of force for a horse-shoe magnet, a hollow straight magnet, and a solenoid. If the keeper is put on the horse-shoe magnet, what change will be produced in the arrangement of the lines? 6 3

CHEMISTRY AND THE ELEMENTS OF PHYSICS.

Examiner—MR. P. BRÜHL.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

FIRST HALF PAPER ON THE ELEMENTS OF PHYSICS.

The answers to the questions in each half paper must be written in a separate book.

1. The apparent weight of a certain quantity of a substance 13
having a specific gravity of 2.6 and a coefficient of expansion of
0.00008 was found to be 20.5392 grams at a temperature of 30°
C, with a barometric pressure of 750 mm., and a vapour pres-
sure of 20 mm. The gram weights were of brass, the smaller
weights of platinum. What was the true weight of the body?
(Sp.gr. of brass = 8, of platinum = 22, coefficient of expansion of
brass = 0.000018, of platinum = 0.000009.)
2. Describe Sprengel's or any other mercurial air-pump, and 10
explain its action.
3. State the laws regulating the efflux of liquids from capil- 9
lary tubes as established by Poiseuille's experiments.
4. Give an account of the methods which have been used to 10
liquefy gases.
5. How has it been proved that the solar atmosphere con- 8
tains hydrogen and sodium?

SECOND HALF PAPER ON CHEMISTRY.

Examiners— $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{DR. C. J. H. WARDEN.} \\ \text{MR. W. McMILLAN, F.C.S.} \end{array} \right.$ *The answers to the questions to each half paper must be written in a separate book.*

1. Give a list of the prefixes and suffixes commonly used in 9
chemical nomenclature. Explain and illustrate the use of each.
2. Describe the preparation and chemical properties of 11
hydrogen dioxide, and compare its reactions with those of
ozone.
3. In what forms does arsenic commonly occur in nature? 16
Write what you know of the compounds of arsenic with sulphur.
Trace the analogy which exists between the compounds of
arsenic and phosphorus.
4. Give three methods for the preparation of sulphuretted 14
hydrogen; and describe how it is employed in the laboratory as
a group reagent.

CHEMISTRY AND THE ELEMENTS OF PHYSICS.

Examiners—{ DR. C. J. H. WARDEN.
MR. W. McMILLAN, F.C.S.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

CHEMISTRY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. How is potassium chlorate prepared? Describe the action on it of (a) heat, (b) sulphuric acid, (c) nitric acid, and (d) hydrochloric acid. Give equations. 12
2. To what extent do the Diamond, Lignite, Graphite, and Anthracite differ in respect of chemical composition? State what you know of the origin and varieties of coal 15
3. Describe the blow-pipe tests and wet tests for the detection of compounds of manganese, cobalt, silver, and mercury. 12
4. How is tin usually extracted from the ore? Give a short account of the chlorides of tin and of their chemical and physical characteristics 12
5. Describe the tests for the detection of the following acids, when in the free state and in combination—nitric, nitrous, arsenic, and arsenious acids. 12
6. You are given a complex organic liquid, with directions to separate it into its constituents by means of fractional distillation. Describe minutely what apparatus you would use, and how you would proceed in order to effect your purpose 10
7. Describe the mode of preparation and properties of chemically pure *methane*. What occurs when methane is acted upon by H_2SO_4 , HNO_3 , KHO , or Cl ? 13
8. Define the term *Ether*. Give a short account of the general methods of preparation and properties of ethers. 13

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

Examiner—MR. A. MACDONELL, M.A.

FIRST HONOUR PAPER.

OPTICS, MAGNETISM AND ELECTRICITY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Find a formula giving the relation between the distances of the conjugate foci from a lens. 5
- To the plane face of a hemispherical lens of crown glass, of $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch radius, is applied the plane face of a plano-convex lens of flint glass, the radius of whose curved face is 3 inches. How far in front of the crown glass lens must a luminous point be placed that the rays may emerge from the system parallel 5

- to the axis? (Index of refraction of crown glass 1.5, of flint glass 1.6.)
2. Describe a complete spectroscope, giving the uses of the different parts and the adjustments necessary for accurate observation. 5
- Salts of potassium, lithium, barium are placed separately in the flame of a Bunsen burner. What would you see if you examined the flame by a spectroscope? 3
3. Give a description and explanation of a primary rainbow. 8
4. Explain refraction on the undulatory theory. 8
5. Two Nicol's prisms have their principal planes at right angles. A plate of uniaxial crystal cut at right angles to its optic axis is placed between them. Describe and explain what is seen by an eye behind the analysing prism when light passes through the system. 9
6. An insulated conductor is placed near a charged body. Why is the potential of the conductor the same at all points although some points are charged positively and some negatively? How would you shew experimentally that this is the case? 2
7. State Faraday's Law of Electrolysis. 4
- The absolute electro-chemical equivalent of zinc is .00336, its heat of combination with sulphuric acid is 1670 gramme degree units. Explain the meaning of these terms, and find in Volts the E. M. F. of zinc dissolving in sulphuric acid. 4
8. You are given a coil whose resistance is about 150 Ohms. Give an account of the apparatus you would require and of the method you would adopt to determine its resistance accurately. 8
9. Find the potential of a magnet pole on a magnetic shell. Hence find the work done as the shell passes from one position to another in the field, and determine the sign which is to be given to your answer. 9
10. Give a sketch of a simple telegraphic system, consisting of battery, key, line, relay and receiver. 8
11. What do you mean by magnetic declination? How is it measured? Describe generally the changes in the declination of a ship's compass on a voyage from London to Calcutta. 5
12. Define magnetic moment, magnetic intensity, magnetic susceptibility. 3
- A long thin uniformly magnetized rod of length l and cross section s is fixed vertically. On a level with its upper end, due East or West; at a distance x is placed the centre of a small needle moveable about a vertical axis. If θ is the angle of deviation of this needle from the magnetic meridian, H the horizontal components of the Earth's magnetic force, prove that the magnetic intensity of the rod is 5

$$H \tan \theta/s \left\{ \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{x}{(l^2 + x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right\} \text{ nearly.}$$

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

Examiner—MR. P. BRÜHL.

SECOND HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

HEAT, SOUND, AND DOCTRINE OF SCIENTIFIC METHOD.

1. Find the dimensions of thermal conductivity [k] and those of the rate of emission, in energy, in thermal units, and in the thermometric units. The thermal conductivity in the C. G. S. system of a certain description of copper is 0.75; find its thermal conductivity if the units employed are the pound, the foot, and the minute. 10

(1 lb. = 453.6 grams, 1 ft. = 30.48 cm.)

2 Give a detailed account of the way in which you would proceed to determine the vapour density of amyl alcohol by Hofmann's method. 10

3. Describe any one of the modern forms of combustion calorimeters. The analysis of a sample of coal gave the following result :— 10

C	...	...	...	...	75.05 %
H	...	...	...	...	5.12 %
O	...	...	...	...	9.39 %
N	...	...	...	...	1.76 %
ash	..	...	...	...	5.15 %
hygroscopic water	.				3.53 %

find approximately the quantity of heat produced by the combustion of 1 cubic metre of that coal. (Sp. Gr. of the coal = 1.28).

4. Write down the formula which embodies the results of Dulong and Petit's experiments on the rate of surface loss of heat by radiation. Thence find an expression for the rate of surface loss for a given temperature of the enclosure and for a given difference of temperature. State the limits within which the law referred to is true, and the condition under which Dulong's law becomes identical with Newton's law of cooling. 10

5. Show by some examples that the use of analogies has repeatedly led to important discoveries in the domain of physical science. Trace the analogies between electrostatic phenomena and the phenomena attendant upon the uniform motion of heat in homogeneous solid bodies. 10

6 Find the rate of cooling, per metre, of an ascending current of air. (Height of homogeneous atmosphere = 7990 m.) 10

7. Give a summary of the different methods employed by Regnault to determine (1) the coefficient of increase of volume, (2) the coefficient of increase of pressure of pure air free from aqueous vapour and carbon dioxide, and describe in somewhat greater detail any one of the processes adopted by Regnault for the purpose stated. 10

8. Give a clear explanation of the laws which express the relations between the fundamental note of a tube whose length is great ~~as~~ compared with its diameter, and the overtones of that note. 10

9. When is the motion of a particle said to be harmonic? Find an equation which gives the displacement of a vibrating particle at time t in terms of amplitude, period, and epoch; and state clearly what is meant by the term *phase of a vibration*. 10

10. Enunciate Fourier's theorem relating to periodic functions. What connection has this theorem with the subject of the character of musical sounds? Draw a curve representing the motion of a particle which is affected by two coplanar rectilinear vibrations of the same amplitude starting from the same centre of undulatory disturbance at the same moment, but whose periods are in the ratio of 1 to 2. 10

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

Examiners— { DR. C. J. H. WARDEN.
MR. W. McMILLAN, F.C.S.

THIRD HONOUR PAPER.

CHEMISTRY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Write a short account of the steps you would take to ascertain and confirm the true atomic weight of an element. 13
2. Give the formulæ, graphic formulæ, methods of preparation, and chemical and physical properties, of the sulphates of Ca, Mg, Fe, Al, Hg, and Ag. 14
3. Describe minutely the results of gradually heating to a full red heat the following substances:— 8
 - (a) Crystallised ferrous sulphate.
 - (b) Crystallised potassium chlorate.
 - (c) Crystallised ammonia alum.
4. What are the principal ores of mercury, and how is the metal extracted? To what use is the metal put industrially? Give proof of its atomicity in mercurious and mercuric salts. 14
5. How would you detect phosphorus in cast iron, and in a soil? What are the reactions for *tri-basic*, *mono-basic* and *tetra-basic* phosphates? 13
6. Describe a method by which liquid sulphurous anhydride can be prepared. What are its properties and reactions, and to what practical use is it put? 12
7. Give a short account of the action of bromine, chlorine and nitric acid on carbon compounds. 14
8. What do you understand by the terms *primary*, *secondary* and *tertiary* alcohols? Describe their behaviour on oxidation.

PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY.

Examiners— { DR. C. J. H. WARDEN. '
 { MR. W. McMILLAN, F.C.S.

FOURTH HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What do you understand by the terms—*Amalgam, Colloid, Dia-magnetic, Iso-morphous, Electro-chemical, Diffusion?* Give examples to illustrate your meaning. 12
2. Name the chief ores of copper, and describe briefly the English process of copper smelting for the production of tough copper from the ore. 15
3. What is understood by the terms *sulpho-acids, sulpho-salts and sulpho-bases?* Give examples. 12
4. Describe briefly the general methods of preparation, and the properties of the $C_n H_{2n+2}$ series of Hydro-carbons. 14
5. Describe the preparation and properties of Acetyl Chloride. Explain, and illustrate by equations, the use of this substance as a group re-agent in organic chemistry. 11
6. How does Jevons classify *Exceptional Phenomena?* Illustrate your reply by examples. 14
7. Distinguish carefully between Observation and Experiment. 10
8. Explain Jevons' views with regard to the five Predicables. 12

BIOLOGY.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

Examiner—MR. J. WOOD-MASON.

PHYSIOLOGY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. State the evidence for the existence of a mechanism for regulating the action of the heart. 15
2. Give a brief account of the production and loss of heat in the human body, explaining by what means a constant temperature is maintained. 15
3. Explain the terms 'origin' and 'insertion' as applied to muscles, and show that you really understand the matter by pointing out the origin and insertion of the human biceps muscle. 10
4. Explain the mechanism for adjusting the eye to near and distant objects. 10
5. Describe and draw a small group of red and white blood-corpuscles; and state all you know about the nature and the origin of both kinds. 10
6. (a) Describe the structure and development of fat-cells, 15

illustrating your description by diagrams. (b) To what class of tissues do fat-cells belong? (c) What is the common feature whereby that class of tissues is distinguished from all others?

7. What is the object of the processes to which food is subjected in its passage along the alimentary canal? 15

8. Describe the minute structure of a small artery and point out how it differs from that of a vein, illustrating your description by drawings. 10

BIOLOGY.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

Examiner—DR. D. PRAIN.

BOTANY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Describe the origin, structure, and functions of cork. 16
2. What are the conditions that determine the movement of fluids in vegetable tissues? 16

3. What is meant by an alternation of generations? Illustrate your answer by describing the life-history of a fern. 16

4. Give a full account of the morphological structure and physiological functions of a stamen. 16

5. Define the following words and expressions:—*Antheridium*, *lenticel*, *peloric flower*, *scalariform vessel*, *tendrils*, *trichome*, *tuber*, *vacuole*. 16

6. Define the following natural orders:—*Sterculiaceæ*, *Solanaceæ*, *Urticaceæ*, *Scitamineæ*. 20

ZOOLOGY.

Paper set by—MR. J. WOOD-MASON.

1. Describe the course of the blood from the heart to the respiratory organs and back (a) in a decapod crustacean and (b) in a fish. 15

2. Draw a vertical section through a young colony of a horny coral, indicating the different organs and tissues by letters of reference, and exhibiting the relation of the latter to the skeleton; and state from what layers the different parts of the skeleton are derived. 15

3. Draw a diagram of a polyzoon, indicating the different tissues and organs by letters of reference. 10

4. Give instances of dimorphism amongst the persons of colonial animals. And briefly explain the physiological import of dimorphism. 10

5. Name, in the order of their succession from before backwards, the appendages of the head (a) in a decapod crustacean and (b) in the common cockroach. 10

6. What is the morphological difference between the jaws of arthropods and jaws of vertebrates? 10

7. Distinguish between the hairs of mammals and the setae or bristles of worms and arthropods, illustrating your answer by diagrams. 10

8. Distinguish between sexual, and a-sexual multiplication; and enumerate the different forms of the latter to be met with in the animal kingdom, giving instances with brief explanations of each. 10

9. Describe the structure and development of a gregarine, illustrating your answer by diagrams. 10

GEOLOGY.

Examiner—MR. T. H. HOLLAND, A.R.C.S., F.G.S.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

You are permitted to attempt six questions only. The value attached to each question is the same.

1. Describe briefly the principal methods by which soils are produced.

2. Name and describe the action of the principal agents which tend to change the positions of the present coast-lines.

3. Describe the principal forms of free silica found in Nature.

4. What do you understand by the terms—*porphyritic, volcanic bomb, talus, false bedding, overlap, hade, and laterite*?

5. What is *loess*, and how has it been produced?

6. What evidences exist as to the nature of the climate of India during the time when the rocks comprising the Talchir formation were laid down?

7. Mention some fossils characteristic of the European Triassic strata, which have been found in younger formations in India. How do you explain these occurrences?

8. Briefly describe how the Himalayan mountain range differs from the Nilgiri (Neilgherry) hills in origin.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

Examiner—MR. T. H. HOLLAND, A.R.C.S., F.G.S.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

You are permitted to attempt six questions only. The value attached to each question is the same.

1. What are isothermal lines? Explain why these lines do not coincide with the parallels of latitude.

2. Describe the principal organisms which separate carbonate of lime and silica from solution in the waters of the sea.

3. How are ocean currents produced?

4. Give an account of the structure of Barren Island.

5. How does the barometric pressure at Calcutta differ from that at Darjeeling? Why is it colder at Darjeeling than on the plains below?

6. Describe the course of the river Mahánadi.

7. The surface of the Earth has been divided into regions according to the distribution of animals and plants. Give the limits of the area known as the Oriental Region, and mention some points of agreement between the fauna of the Oriental and that of the Ethiopian Region.

8. How have the shape and size of the Earth been determined?

MATHEMATICS.

Paper set by—BABU BIPINBHARI GUPTA, M.A.

Examiner—MR. J. H. GILLILAND, M.A.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. If three forces acting on a particle be represented in magnitude and direction by the sides of a triangle taken in order, they will be in equilibrium. 6

2. Find the conditions of equilibrium of three forces acting on a rigid body. 8

A beam is placed inside a smooth sphere and subtends an angle $2a$ at the centre. If its centre of mass divides it into two parts of which the lengths are a and b , show that 8

$\tan \theta = \frac{a-b}{a+b} \tan a$, where θ is the inclination of the beam to the horizon.

3. State the laws of statical friction. 4

A uniform rod rests with one end against a rough vertical wall, the other end being fastened by a string of equal length to a point in the wall vertically above the point of contact of the rod. If μ be the coefficient of friction and θ the inclination of the rod to the wall, shew that θ cannot be less than 10

$\tan^{-1} \frac{3}{\mu}$.

4. Describe the *third system* of pulleys, and deduce the relation between W and P from the principle of virtual work, the weight of the pulleys being neglected. 12

5. Distinguish between *Whole Pressure* and *Resultant Pressure*. 6

A cylinder is half-filled with a liquid (W), and held with its axis vertical. If r be the radius of the circular base and h the height, find (1) the whole pressure, (2) the resultant pressure, on either of the two parts into which it would be divided by a plane through the axis. 10

6. Investigate the conditions of equilibrium of a floating body. 6

A right-angled triangle ABC floats in a liquid with its plane vertical, the angle B being in the surface and the angle C out of the liquid. If ρ be the density of the liquid, prove that the density of the triangle is $\rho \cos^2 A$. 7

7. Describe the Barometer and show how it is graduated. 10

8. Show how to compare the specific gravities of a solid and a liquid by means of Nicholson's Hydrometer 6

A uniform solid cylinder 30 in long is immersed successively in three liquids, and has 5 in., 6 in., and 10 in., respectively above the surface. How much of it would be immersed, if it were made to float in a mixture formed by taking equal weights of each liquid? 7

MATHEMATICS.

Paper set by—MR. ST. JOHN STEPHEN, B.A.

Examiner—MR. G. W. KÜCHLER, M.A.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. How is velocity measured, (1) when uniform, (2) when variable? 9

A particle moves uniformly in a circle; distinguish between linear and angular velocity, and find one in terms of the other.

A circle has a radius of 6 feet, a particle describes the circumference uniformly in 5 seconds. Express the linear and angular velocity of the particle.

2. State Newton's Second law of motion, and illustrate it by reference to any experiment which involves the principle of the law. 10

3. When are two bodies said to have the same 'mass'? 9

Show how Newton's Third law of motion connects the Statical and Dynamical measures of force

Find the weight of a body placed on a smooth table when a uniform pressure of 30 pounds acting upon it will generate a velocity of 50 feet in 10 seconds.

4. A shot of m pounds is fired from a gun of M pounds, placed on a smooth horizontal plane and elevated at an angle a . Prove that if the muzzle velocity of the shot be V , the range will be 12

$$2 \frac{V^2}{g} \frac{\left(1 + \frac{m}{M}\right) \tan a}{1 + \left(1 + \frac{m}{M}\right)^2 \tan^2 a}.$$

5 Assuming the expression for the time of a small oscillation of a simple pendulum, determine approximately the length of a seconds pendulum. 10

A seconds pendulum is lengthened by $\frac{1}{100}$ part of its whole length; find how the number of its oscillations will be affected in 24 hours.

6. If a stream of particles of elasticity e all moving in parallel directions with velocity u impinge successively on two smooth fixed planes at right angles, prove that the average resultant of the pressures on the planes is $Mu(1+e)$, where M is the mass of the particles which strike each plane in one second. 12

7. Define a uniform force, and show how it is measured. 10
The measure of the uniform force of gravity is said to be 32; explain why this measure is adopted.

Find the space through which a body will move in t seconds, acted on by gravity only, supposing an initial velocity V to be imparted to the body upwards.

A particle is projected upwards with a velocity of 320 feet per second, find the time in which it will describe 1200 feet.

8. Prove that the path of a projectile in vacuo is a parabola, pointing out at what steps you assume any of Newton's Laws of Motion. 11

Prove that the angular velocity of a projectile about the focus of its path varies inversely as the distance from the focus.

9. Define the following expressions—Energy—Potential energy—Kinetic energy. 9

Show that the Kinetic energy of two masses is diminished by direct impact, except when the elasticity of the masses is perfect.

10. Two masses of 3 lbs. and 5 lbs., connected by a string which passes over a smooth pulley, are in motion: if the acceleration of the system be the unit of acceleration and the velocity at the end of 10 seconds from the commencement of the motion be the unit of velocity, find the units of space and time. 8

MATHEMATICS.

Paper set by—BABU BIPINBHARI GUPTA, M.A.

Examiner—MR. J. H. GILLILAND, M.A.

FIRST HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. If $OA_1, OA_2, OA_3, \dots OA_r$ represent a number of forces acting on a particle, their resultant will be represented by $r OG$, where G is the centroid of $A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots A_r$. 6

O is the centre of the circumscribed circle and L the ortho-centre of a triangle ABC . Show that the resultant of forces represented by LA, LB, LC is represented by $2LO$. 6

2. Find the conditions of equilibrium of three forces acting on a rigid body. 6

A particle P is placed on the convex side of a smooth ellipse and is acted on by forces P, Q towards the foci and R towards the centre: show that the position of equilibrium is determined 8

by the equation $r = \frac{bR}{\sqrt{R^2 - (P-Q)^2}}$, where b is the semi-axis minor and r the central radius of P .

3. Show how to find the centre of mass of a circular arc. 6
 A heavy tube is in the form of an ellipse of which the eccentricity is $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$, and is supported by four legs at the extremities of the latera recta : find the magnitude and position of the least weight which will upset it. 6
 4. Define the principle of virtual work, and apply it to find the relation of W to P in the *third system* of pulleys, the weights of the pulleys *not being neglected*. 8
 A uniform rod rests in limiting equilibrium within a rough hollow sphere : if the rod subtend an angle 2α at the centre of the sphere, and if λ be the angle of friction, show that the position of equilibrium is given by 6

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin 2\lambda}{\cos 2\alpha + \cos 2\lambda}$$

5. Distinguish between *Whole Pressure* and *Resultant Pressure*. 4
 A solid cone is immersed in a liquid with its axis vertical and vertex in the surface. If the whole pressure be *seven* times the resultant pressure, the vertical angle of the cone = 60° . 6
 6 Investigate the conditions of equilibrium of a floating body. 6
 A homogeneous elliptic cylinder floats in a liquid with its axis horizontal, so that the minor axis of every section perpendicular to the axis is horizontal and a focus is in the surface : if the eccentricity of the ellipse = $\frac{1}{2}$, find the ratio between the density of the liquid and the density of the cylinder 7
 7. Determine the centre of pressure of a square lamina 12
 (1) when it is immersed with one side in the surface, (2) when it is immersed with its upper side horizontal and at a given depth from the surface.
 8. Show that in Hawksbee's air-pump the pressure after n strokes is given by 6

$$\frac{\Pi_n}{\Pi} = \left(\frac{A}{A+B} \right)^n$$

- If the machine is kept at rest when the $(n+1)^{\text{th}}$ stroke is half completed, find the difference of the tensions of the piston-rods. 7

MATHEMATICS.

Paper set by—MR. ST. JOHN STEPHEN, B.A.*Examiner*—MR. G. W. KÜCHLER, M.A.

SECOND HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Define velocity and acceleration in any direction, and 8
prove the parallelogram of velocities.

A railway train is going at the rate of 60 miles an hour, and a bullet is fired from a gun in one of the carriages attached to the train in a direction making an angle of 30° with the train. If the muzzle horizontal velocity of the bullet be 20 miles an hour, find its velocity relative to the ground on which the train is running.

2. Find the range, the time of flight, and the greatest 10
height of a particle projected from a point on a horizontal plane.

Prove that the velocity with which a projectile approaches to or recedes from the focus of its path varies as the distance from the axis.

3. State the observed laws connecting the velocities of two 9
balls, moving in the same straight line, before and after impact.

In the direct impact of two imperfectly elastic balls, determine the kinetic energy lost in the impact.

4. A sphere of elasticity e is projected with velocity u at 12
an angle a to the horizon from a point in a smooth horizontal plane, against which it impinges and rebounds; investigate the motion.

A particle, whose elasticity is e , is projected from a given point O in a horizontal plane with a velocity V in a direction inclined at an angle a to the horizon. Shew that the distance of the point of x th impact from O is—

$$\bullet \quad \frac{V^2 \sin 2a}{g} \cdot \frac{1 - e^x}{1 - e},$$

and that the time which elapses before the x th impact is—

$$\frac{2V \sin a}{g} \cdot \frac{1 - e^x}{1 - e}.$$

5. Shew that the velocity of a point on the hodograph 10
represents the acceleration of the point of which it is the hodograph.

Prove that the hodograph of a catenary described under the action of a force parallel to the axis is a straight line described with a velocity proportional to that in the catenary.

6. Find the period of the small oscillations of a simple pen- 10
dulum.

A railway train is running smoothly along a curve at the rate of 60 miles an hour, and in one of the cars a pendulum

which would ordinarily oscillate seconds is observed to oscillate 121 times in two minutes. Show that the radius of the curve is equal to two furlongs nearly.

7. Shew that the kinetic energy of a body is half of the 12
its momentum into its velocity.

Two particles connected by an elastic string rest at the extremities of a diameter in a smooth circular tube of indefinitely small bore. If the tube receive an impulse B at that extremity of the perpendicular diameter which is opposite to the semi-circumference occupied by the elastic string, then the greatest extension of the string, supposing M, m , to be the respective masses of the tube and particle, a the radius of the circle, λ the coefficient of elasticity, is

$$B \sqrt{\left\{ \frac{2\pi a m}{\lambda} \cdot \frac{1}{M(M+2m)} \right\}}.$$

8. State Kepler's Third Law. 10

The outer satellite of Mars is situated at a distance of about 14,000 miles from the centre of Mars, and revolves in about $30\frac{1}{2}$ hours. The earth revolves round the sun at a distance of 96, 00,000 miles in 365 days. Find the ratio of the mass of Mars to that of the Sun.

9. A particle describes a parabola in such a manner that the 10
velocities at any two points P and Q are inversely as the lengths of the tangents TP, TQ drawn at P and Q , the tangents meeting in T . Shew that the particle is acted on by a centre of force, and find the position of the centre.

10. Describe fully the method of Cavendish's experiment. 9

MATHEMATICS.

Paper set by—BABU BIPINBIHARI GUPTA, M.A.

Examiner—MR. J. H. GILLILAND, M.A.

THIRD HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Show that $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 = 0$ represents a pair of 6
straight lines passing through the origin, and find the condition that the straight lines may be at right angles.

Any chord of a conic subtending a right angle at a given 8
point of the conic passes through a fixed point on the normal at the given point.

2. The equation of a system of circles having a common 9
radical axis being given in the form $x^2 + y^2 - 2kx + \delta^2 = 0$, show that the equation to a system of circles which will cut them orthogonally is of the form $x^2 + y^2 - 2hy = \delta^2$.

Also prove that there are two fixed points which may be 9
considered as the limiting circles of the first system, which lie on every circle of the second system, and which are so related that the polar of each with respect to any circle of the first system passes through the other.

3. Being given the general equation of the conic, 10
 $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$,
 deduce equations for finding (1) its axes, (2) its foci, (3) its
 eccentricity. Use your equations to determine the axes, foci, 8
 and eccentricity of the conic $x^2 - 6xy + y^2 - 2x - 2y + 5 = 0$.

4. If the general equation of a conic be transformed from 5
 one pair of axes to another, then $\frac{a+b-2h \cos \omega}{\sin^2 \omega}$ and $\frac{ab-h^2}{\sin^2 \omega}$ will

not be altered.

Hence show that the condition that the conic should be an 6
 equilateral hyperbola is $a+b-2h \cos \omega = 0$, and that if the
 equations $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 = 1$ and $ax'^2 + 2h'xy' + b'y'^2 = 1$ repre-
 sent the same conic in rectangular axes, then

$$(a-b)^2 - (a'-b')^2 = 4(h'^2 - h^2).$$

5. Obtain the equation of a parabola in the form— 12

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{2xy}{ab} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{2x}{a} - \frac{2y}{b} + 1 = 0,$$

and show that its parameter = $\frac{4a^2b^2}{(a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$.

6. The sum of the squares of any two conjugate diameters 9
 is constant, and the tangents at their extremities intersect on a
 conic similar to the given conic.

7. Establish the polar equation of a conic $\frac{l}{r} = 1 + e \cos \theta$, 11

and prove that the locus of a point, the tangents from which
 are at right angles, is the circle—

$$r^2(e^2 - 1) - 2ler \cos \theta + 2l^2 = 0.$$

8. Confocal conics intersect at right angles. 4

The rectangle under the perpendiculars let fall on a straight 8
 line from its pole with respect to a given ellipse and from the
 centre of the ellipse is constant ($=\lambda^2$): prove that the

straight line touches the confocal $\frac{x^2}{a^2 + \lambda^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2 + \lambda^2} = 1$.

MATHEMATICS.

Paper set by—MR. ST JOHN STEPHEN, B. A.

Examiner—MR. G. W. KÖCHLER, M. A.

FOURTH HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. State and prove Taylor's Theorem. 10
2. If ϕ be any function of a system, and 10
 $\phi(a+h) = \phi(a) + \phi'(a+\theta h)h$,
 and if p, q be the greatest and least values of $\phi''(x)$ between

$x=a$ and $x=a+h$, prove that $\frac{h}{p-q} \cdot \frac{d\theta}{da}$ lies between

$$\frac{1}{q} \text{ and } -\frac{1}{p}.$$

3. Find the general expression for the radius of curvature 10
of the curve whose equation is $\phi(x, y)=0$.

If in the plane curve $\phi(x, y)=0$, we have at any point

$$\frac{d\phi}{dx}=0, \quad \frac{d\phi}{dy}=0 \text{ and } \frac{d^2\phi}{dx^2}=0;$$

prove that the curvature of one of the branches of the curve
which passes through that point is $\frac{1}{3} \frac{d^3\phi}{dx^3} \left(\frac{d^2\phi}{dx dy} \right)^{-1}$.

4. Prove that the n th differential coefficient of $\frac{1}{1+x+x^2+x^3}$ 10
is $\frac{1}{2} (-1)^n [n \sin^{n+1} \theta \{ \sin(n+1)\theta$
 $-\cos(n+1)\theta + (\sin \theta + \cos \theta)^{n-1} \}$
where $\theta = \cot^{-1} x$.

5. Trace the curve $x^3+y^3+3cxy=a^3$, and prove that as c 10
diminishes to a the ultimate form of the loop is that of an ellipse
whose eccentricity is $=\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$.

6. Integrate $\int \frac{dx}{\cos^3 x}$ and $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^4+a^4}}$. 10

7. Integrate $\int \frac{1-2x^2}{1+2x^2} \sqrt{\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}} x dx$. 10

8. Prove that 10

$$\int_0^\pi \left\{ \frac{e+\cos \theta}{1+2e \cos \theta + e^2} \right\}^2 d\theta = \frac{\pi}{2(1-e^2)} \text{ or } \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{2e^2-1}{e^2(e^2-1)}.$$

9. If a and b be the reciprocals of the parts cut off the axes 10
by the tangent to a curve, we may suppose the curve defined
by any relation $\phi(a, b)=0$, and (a, b) may be called the co-ordinates
of the point of contact of the tangent. Prove that the
arc of the pedal curve is

$$\int \frac{\{(da)^2 + (db)^2\}^{\frac{1}{2}}}{a^2 + b^2}.$$

10. A perpendicular is let fall from the centre of an ellipse 10
on a tangent to the curve cutting it in Y . Prove that the area
of the locus of Y is half that of the circle whose radius is equal
to the distance between the extremities of the axes major and
minor.

LATIN.

Examiner—DR. M. A. STEIN.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. State what you know of the date of the composition of the Georgics. Indicate and examine the passages occurring in Books III and IV which are of interest for Vergil's biography. 8

2. Translate :— 12

Post partum cura in vitulos traducitur omnis ;
*Continu*que notas et nomina gentis inurunt.
 Et quos aut pecori malint submittere habendo,
 Aut aris servare sacros, aut scindere terram
 Et campum horrentem fractis invertere glaebis.
 Cetera pascuntur viridis armenta per herbas ;
 Tu quos ad studium atque usum formabis agrestem,
 Jam vitulos hortare, viamque insiste *domandi*.
 Dum faciles animi juvenum, dum mobilis aetas,
 Ac primum laxos tenui de vimine circlos
 Cervici subnecte ; dehinc ubi libera colla
 Servitio *adsuerint*, ipsis e torquibus aptos
 Junge pares et coge gradum conferre juvencos.

- (a) Parse the words italicised and comment on the construction of (Et) *quos* (aut *pecori*). Give other instances of Syncope in analogy of *circlos*.

3. Translate :— 12

Quid tibi pastores Libyae, quid pascua versu
 Prosequar, et raris habitata mapalia tectis ?
 Saepe diem noctemque et totum ex ordine mensem
 Pascitur itque pecus longa in deserta sine ullis
 Hospitiis : tantum campi jacet. Omnia secum
 Armentarius Afer agit, tectumque Laremque
 Armaque Amyclaeumque canem Cressamque pharetram ;
 Non secus ac patriis acer Romanus in armis
 Injusto sub fasce viam cum carpit, et hosti
 Ante expectatum positus stat in agmine castris.
 At non, qua Scythiae gentes Maeotiaque unda,
 Turbidus et torquens flaventis Hister arenas,
 Quaque redit medium Rhodope porrecta sub axem.

- (a) Explain the epithets *Amyclaeumque* and *Cressam*, and comment on *mapalia*. Indicate the full force of *redit*.

4. Translate :— 12

Atque equidem, extremo ni jam sub fine laborum
 Vela traham et terris festinem advertere proram,
 Forsitan et, vinguis hortos quæ cura colendi
 Ornaret, canerem, biferique rosaria Pæsti,
 Quoque modo potis gauderent intiba rivis
 Et viridis apio ripæ, tortusque per herbam
 Cresceret in ventrem cucumis ; nec sera comantem

Narcissum aut flexi tacuisset vimen acanthi.
 Pallentisque hederas et amantis litora myrtos.
 Namque sub Oebaliae memini me turibus altis,
 Qua niger hunc ectat flaventia culta Galæsus,
 Corycium vidisse senem, cui pauca relictæ
 Jugera ruris erant, nec fertilis illa juvenis,
 Nec pecori opportuna seges, nec cominoda Baccho.

(a) Name and indicate the position of the localities referred to in *Oebaliae* and *Corycium*. Derive *forsitan*.

5. Translate :—

12

Carmine quo captæ dum fuis mollia pensa
 Devolvunt, iterum maternas impulit auris
 Luctus Aristæi, vitreisque sedilibus omnes
 Obstipuere ; sed ante alias Arethusa sorores
 Prospiciens summa flavum caput extulit unda
 Et procul : O gemitu non frustra exterrita tanto,
 Cyreno soror, ipse tibi, tua maxima cura,
 Tristis Aristæus Penei genitoris ad undam
 Stat lacrimans, et te crudelem nomine dicit.
 Huic percussa nova mentem formidine mater,
 Duc, age, duc ad nos ; fas illi lmina divom
 Tangere, ait : simul alta jubet discedere late
 Flumina, qua juvenis gressus inferret ; at illum
 Curvata in montis faciem circumstetit unda
 Accepitque sinu vasto misitque sub amnem.

(a) Explain the form *Penei* and account fully for the epithet *genitoris*. Scan the first four lines of the above extract.

6. Explain fully the allusions in the following verses :—

12

Talis Hyperboreo Septem subjecta trioni
 Gens effrena virum Rhipæo tunditur Euro.—
 Pan deus Arcadiæ captum te, Luna, fefellit —
 Addam urbem Asiæ domitas pulsumque Niphaten
 Fidentemque fuga Parthum versisque sagittis —
 Frena Polethronii Lapithæ gyrosque dedere.

7. Translate :—

14

(On *Lunar Prognostics*).

Si vero solem ad rapidum lunasque sequentis
 Ordine respicies, numquam te crastina fallet
 Hora neque insidiis noctis capiere serenum.
 Luna, revertentis cum primum colligit ignis,
 Si nigrum obscuro comprehenderit æra cornu,
 Maximus agricolis pelagoque parabitur imber ;
 Ac si virgineum suffuderit ore ruborem,
 Ventus erit ; vento semper rubet aurea Phœbo ;
 Sin ortu quarto, namque is certissimus auctor,
 Pura neque obtunsis per cælum cornibus ibit,
 Totus et ille dies, et qui nascentur ab illo
 Exactum ad mensem, pluvia ventisque carebant,
 Votaque servati solvent in litore nautæ
 Glauco et Panopææ et Inoo Melicertæ.

8. Translate:—

15

Anselm when travelling was met by a priest whose sister was mad, and who with tears besought him to heal her by laying his right hand upon her. But Anselm passed on without speaking, and as if he heard not. When the priest insisted with many prayers, Anselm sent him away, saying most earnestly that on no account would he venture on such an act. Meanwhile he went on, and beheld her in the midst of a crowd, showing all signs of madness. The people surrounded Anselm and repeated their request, but he resisted, saying that what they asked was against wisdom.

LATIN.

Examiner—DR. M. A. STEIN.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate:—

15

Postero die Senatu habito quum satis periclitatus voluntates hominum discedere Senatum ab se vetuisset, stipatus ea multitudine sella in comitio posita viatorem ad M. Manlium misit: qui dictatoris jussu vocatus, quum signum suis dedisset adesse certamen, agmine ingenti ad tribunal venit. Hinc senatus hinc plebs suum quisque intuentes ducem, velut in acie constiterant. Tum dictator silentio facto 'Utinam,' inquit, 'mihi patribusque Romanis ita de cæteris rebus cum plebe conveniat, quem ad modum quod ad te attinet eamque rem, quam de te sum quaesituras, conventurum satis confido. Spem factam a te civitati video, fide incolumi ex thesauris Gallicis, quos primores patrum occultent, creditum solvi posse. Cui ego rei tantum abest ut impedimento sim, ut contra te, M. Manli, adhorter, liberes fenore plebem Romanam et istos incubantes publicis thesauris ex præda clandestina evolvas. Quod nisi facis, sive ut et ipse in parte prædæ sis sive quia vanum indicium est, in vincla te duci jubebo nec diutius patiar a te multitudinem fallaci spe concitari.'

(a) Explain *ex thesauris Gallicis* and *viatorem*.2. Turn the speech contained in the above extract into *oratio obliqua*.

6

3. Translate:—

15

Extremo anno comitia consularia certamen patrum ac plebis diremit, tribunis negantibus passuros comitia haberi nisi secundum Liciniam legem haberentur, dictatore obstinato tollere potius totum e re publica consulatum quam promiscuum patribus ac plebi facere. Prolatandis igitur e comitiis quum dictator magistratu abisset, res ad interregnum rediit. Infestam inde patribus plebem interreges quum acceperant, ad undecimum interregem seditionibus certatum est. Legis Liciniæ patrociniū tribuni jactabant: propior dolor plebi fenoris ingravescentis erat curæque privatæ in certaminibus publicis erumpere.

bant: quorum tædio patres L. Cornelium Scipionem interregem concordiae causa observare legem Liciniam comitiis consularibus jussere. P. Valerio Publicolæ datus e plebe collega C. Marcii Rutilus. Inclinatoris semel in concordiam animis novi consules fenebrem quoque rem, quæ distingere unanimes videbatur, levare adgressi solutionem alieni æris in publicam curam verterunt quinqueviris creatis, quos mensarios ab dispensatione pecuniæ appellarunt.

(a) Explain fully the terms: *comitia consularia*, *interregnum* and *patrocinium*. Indicate the provisions of the *Lex Licinia*.

4. Comment on the terms: *piaculorum conquistio*—*clavo ab dictatore fixo*—*unciario fenore*—*centurio quem nunc primi pili appellant*—*postridia Idus quintiles*. 5

5. Give a short account of the events which took place between the dates at which Cicero's Second and Third Oration against Catilina were delivered. State briefly what you know of Catilina's descent and early career. 6

6. Translate:— 10

Quantum genus est sane varium et mixtum et turbulentum; qui jam pridem premuntur, qui numquam emergunt; qui partim inertia, partim male gerendo negotio, partim etiam sumptibus in vetere aere alieno vacillant; qui vadimoniis, judiciis, proscriptione honorum defatigati, permulti et ex urbe et ex agris se in illa castra conferre dicuntur. Hosce ego non tam milites acres quam infitiores lentos esse arbitror. Qui homines primum, sistare non possunt, corruant; sed ita ut non modo civitas sed ne vicini quidem proximi sentiant.

(a) Explain fully—*vadimoniis*, *judiciis*, *proscriptione bonorum*, *infittiores*.

7. Translate:—

Habemus enim a C. Cæsare, sicut ipsius dignitas et majorum ejus amplitudo postulabat, sententiam tamquam obsidem perpetuæ in rem publicam voluntatis. Intellectum est quid interesset inter levitatem contionatorum et animum vere popularem, salutem populi consulentem. Video de istis, qui se populares haberi volunt, abesse non neminem, ne de capite videlicet civium Romanorum sententiam ferat. Is et nudius tertius in custodiam cives Romanos dedit et supplicationem mihi decrevit et indices hesterno die maximis præmiis affecit. Jam hoc nemini dubium est, qui reo custodiam, quæstori gratulationem, indici præmium decrevit, quid de tota re et causa judicavit. At vero C. Cæsar intelligit legem Semproniam esse de civibus Romanis constitutam; qui autem rei publicæ sit hostis, eum civem nullo modo esse posse; denique ipsum latorem legis Semproniae jussu populi poenas rei publicæ dependisse.

(a) Name the 'latorem legis Semproniae' and examine how far Cicero's statement regarding him is borne out by historical facts.

8. Translate:— 14

Quot Romanos duces nominem, quibus numquam adversa fortuna pugnæ fuit! paginas in annalibus magistratum fastisque percurrere licet consulum dictatorumque, quorum nec

virtutis nec fortunae ullo die populum Romanum poenituit : et quo sint mirabiliores quam Alexander aut quisquam rex, denos vicosque dies quidem dictaturam, nemo plus quam annum consulatum gessit, ab tribunis plebis dilectus impediti sunt, post tempus ad bella ierunt, ante tempus comitiorum causa revocati sunt, in ipso conatu rerum circumegit se annus, collegae nunc temeritas nunc pravitas impedimento aut damno fuit, male gestis rebus alterius successum est, tironem aut mala disciplina institutum exercitum acceperunt :—at hercule reges non liberi solum impedimentis omnibus sed domini rerum temporumque trahunt consiliis cuncta non sequuntur.

9. Translate into Latin :—

14

The tribunitian authority had been restored under the consulship of Cn. Pompeius ; and many young men who were elected to this office, presumptuous and inexperienced, stirred up the common people against the Senate by bribing them and making them promises which, they knew well, could never be realized. The nobility opposed the tribuni, but under the pretext of maintaining the authority of the Senate, they were only intent upon furthering their own interests. There was no moderation, no limit to the furious passions of either party.

SANSKRIT POETRY.

Examiner—BABU RAJENDRACHANDRA SASTRI, M.A.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. (a) यदैव पूर्वे जनने शरीरं सा दक्षरोषासुदती सृसर्ज । 16
तदा प्रभृत्येव विमुक्तसङ्गः पतिः पशूनामपरिग्रहोभूत् ॥
- (b) तां नारदः कामधरः कदाचित् कन्यां किल प्रेक्ष्य पितुः समीपे ।
समादिदेशैकैवधूं भवित्रीं प्रेम्णा शरीरार्धहरां हरस्य ॥
- (c) अथ तैः परिदेविताक्षरैर्हृदये दिग्धशरैरिवाहतः ।
रतिमभ्युपपन्नुमातुरां मधुरात्मानमदर्शयत्पुनः ॥
- (d) सुगन्धिनिश्चासविष्टदृष्टिं बिम्बाधरासन्नचरं द्विरेफम् ।
प्रतिक्षणं सम्भ्रमलोलदृष्टिः स्त्रीलारविन्देन निवारयन्ती ॥

(1). Explain the allusion in (a). Write grammatical notes on सुदती. Parse तदा. Point out the peculiarity in the use of the word here.

(2) Parse प्रेरणा and हरस्य in (b). Write full grammatical notes on शरीराधरं. Give the लुङ् third person singular of the base of समादिदेश्.

(3) Name and analyse the metre of (c). Justify or impugn the use of अदश्यत्.

(4) What is the meaning of द्विरेफ? How does the word come to have that meaning? What sort of compound is विम्बाधर? Can the words विम्ब and अधर be compounded in any other way? Give reasons for your answer.

2. (1) Explain in Sanskrit :—

(a) वपुर्विरूपाक्षमलक्ष्यजन्मता दिग्गम्बरेण निवेदितं वसु । 16

वरेषु यद्वालम्बगच्छि मय्यते तदस्ति किं यस्मिन्पि विलोचने ?

(b) तस्मै शशंस प्रणिपत्य नदीं शूश्रूषया शैलसुतामुपेताम् ।

प्रवेशयामास च भर्तुरेनां भूक्षेपमावानुमतप्रवेशम् ॥

(c) उन्मीलितं तृलिकयेव चित्रं सूर्याशुभिर्भिन्नमिवारविन्दम् ।

बभूव तस्याश्चतुरश्रोभि वपुर्विभक्तं नवयौवनेन ॥

(2) Write grammatical notes on the underlined words in (a) and (c). Account for the fourth case-suffix in तस्मै and the second case-suffix in एनाम् in (b).

3. (a) प्रोक्षसत्कुण्डलप्रोतपद्मरागदलत्विषा । 16

कृष्णोत्तरासङ्गश्चं विदधच्चौतपक्षवैम् ॥

(b) स्मरत्यदो दाशरथिर्भवन् भवान्

अमुं वनान्ताद्वनितापहारिणम् । ॥

पयोधिसावडचलज्जलाविलं

विलङ्घ्य लङ्कां निकषा चनिष्यति ॥

(c) पुरीमवस्कन्दं लुनीहि नन्दनं

मुषाण रत्नानि हरामराङ्गनाः ।

(d) गिरेस्तडित्वानिव तावदुच्चै-

र्जवेन पौडादुदतिष्ठदधृतः ॥

(1) Give the meaning of the first *śloka* in the above extract in your own words in Sanskrit without using a single compound word.

(2) Account for the use of *लट्* in *वनिष्यति* and of *लोट्* in (c).

(3) Parse *गिरेः*, *पीठात्*, *उच्चकैः*, and *तद्विलान्* in (d). Account for the omission of the word referred to by *इव* there.

4. परस्य मर्माविधमुज्जतां निजं 16

द्विजिह्वातादोषमजिह्वागामिभिः ।

तमिहमारोधयितुं सकर्णकैः

कुलेर्न भजे फणिनां मुज्जता ॥

Write a commentary in Sanskrit on the above *śloka*. Derive *मर्माविध्*, *इह*, *मुज्ज*, and *भजे*. Account for the *आ* in *मर्माविध्*. Expound the *śamāsas* in *अजिह्वागामिभिः*, *सकर्णकैः*, and *द्विजिह्वातादोष*. Give the *लट्* and *लोट्* third person singular forms of the base of *इह*.

5. Explain the following *ślokas* in Sanskrit, using your own words as much as possible :—

नीतिरापदि यद्गम्यः परस्त्वानिनो ह्रिये ।

विधुर्विधुन्नुदस्येव पूर्णस्तस्योत्सवाय सः ॥

नालम्बते दैष्टिकतां न निषीदति पौरुषे ।

शब्दार्थौ सत्कविरिव द्वयं विद्वानपेक्षते ॥

अप्यनभिमानस्य विभोदत्तादिताः परैः ।

व्रजन्ति गुणतामर्थाः शब्दा इव विज्ञायसः ॥

अज्ञानदोषैर्दोषज्ञैरदूष्योभयवेतनैः ।

भेद्याः शब्दोरभिव्यक्तशसनैः सामवायिकाः ।

6. Translate the above *ślokas* into English.

16

SANSKRIT.

Examiner—BABU HARAPRASAD SASTRI, M.A.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. (a) कष्टो जनः कुलधनैरनुरञ्जनोयस्

तन्मे यदुक्तमशिवं न हि तत् क्षमं ते ।

नैसर्गिकी सुरभिः कुसुमस्य सिद्धा

मूर्ध्नि स्थितिर्न चरणैरवताडितानि ॥

(b) वितरति गुरुः प्राज्ञे विद्यां यथैव तथा जडे

न च खलु तयोर्ज्ञाने शक्तिं करोत्यपहन्ति वा ।

भवति च तयोर्भूयान् भेदः फलं प्रति तद्यथा

प्रभवति शुचिर्विम्बोद्गाहे मणिर्न मृदां चयः ॥

(c) अष्टताध्यातजीसूतस्त्रिगंधसंघननस्य ते ।

परिष्वङ्गस्य वात्सल्यादयमुत्कण्ठते जनः ॥

(1) Give in your own words in English the meaning of (a) 8
and (b).

(2) Derive the words भूयान्, नैसर्गिकी, प्राज्ञ, and विद्या. 4

(3) Explain the *samāsas* in कुलधनैः, विम्बोद्गाहे, and 4

अष्टताध्यातजीसूतस्त्रिगंधसंघननस्य.

(4) Account for the sixth case-ending in परिष्वङ्गस्य and for 2
the presence of ण in सुरभिः.

2. (a) Translate into English :—

12

विरोधो विग्रहः प्रसरति रसो निर्वृतिघनः

तदौद्यत्यं कापि व्रजति विनयः प्रकथयति माम् ।

भट्टित्यस्मिन्दृष्टे किमपि परवानस्मि यदि वा

महार्घस्त्रीर्थानामिव हि महतां कोऽप्यतिशयः ॥

रामः । अत् किमयमेकपद एव दुःखविग्रहं ददात्युपलब्धयति च

कुतोऽपि निमित्तादन्तरात्मानम् । अथवा खेदस्य निमित्तसव्यपेक्ष इति
विप्रतिविद्धमेतत् । तथाहि

व्यतिषजति पदार्थानान्तरः कोऽपि चेतुर्

न खलु वहिरुपाधीन् प्रीतयः संश्रयन्ते ।

विकसति हि पतङ्गस्योदये पुण्डरीकं

द्रवति च हिमरश्मावुद्गते चन्द्रकान्तः ॥

(b) Derive प्रकथयति and उपखेदयति. 2

(c) Parso निमित्तात्. 2

(d) Give the exact meaning of the words पतङ्ग, पुण्डरीक 12
and निर्धति; derive the words उपाधि and निर्धति and give
the conjugation of their roots in लट्, लिट्, and लृट्.

(e) What are the various meanings of the word तौर्ध ? 2

3. (a) Reproduce the meaning of the following in your 10
own words in simple Sanskrit :—

आनेयी । तेन खलु पुनः समयेन तं भगवन्तमाविर्भूतशब्दब्रह्मप्रका-
शशब्दिसुपगम्य भगवान् भूतभावनः पद्मयोनिरवोचत् । ऋषे प्रबुद्धोऽसि
वागात्मनि ब्रह्मणि तद् ब्रूहि रामचरितम् अद्याहृतव्योतिरार्धं ते प्रातिभं
चक्षुरायः कविरसोत्पुङ्गा तन्नैवान्तरितः । अथ भगवान् प्राचेतसः प्रथमं
मनुष्येषु शब्दब्रह्मणस्त्वादृशं विवर्तमितिहासं रामायणश्रुतिः प्रणिनाय ॥

(b) Write grammatical notes on the words समयेन and 2
प्रणिनाय.

(c) Derive the words ऋषि, प्राचेतस, भगवान्, तादृश, and 5
explain the samāsa in पद्मयोनि.

(d) What are the exact meanings of the words प्रातिभं and 2
विवर्त ?

4. (a) Explain in Sanskrit :— 10

रामः । इयमपि प्रियं नः । तदनुभूयतामुपस्य तपसः फलम् ।

यवानन्दाश्च मोदाश्च यत्र पुण्याभिसम्भवाः ।

वैराजा नाम ते लोकास्त्रैजसाः सन्तु ते भुवाः ॥

शङ्कः । युष्मत्प्रादप्रसादोपाय एव महिमा न तु तपसः फलम्
अथवा महदुपहनं तपसा

अश्वेष्टयो यदसि भुवने भूतनाथ शरण्यो

सामन्विष्यन्निह ह्यल्लकं योजनानां शतानि ।

ज्ञान्वा प्राप्तः स इह तपसः सम्प्रादोऽन्यथा चेत्

क्वाथोध्यायाः पुनरुपगमो दण्डकायां वने वः ॥

(b) Parso शतानि and state what two things are referred to 3
in the expression द्वयमपि प्रियं नः .

5. Explain in English the reasons for drawing comparisons 6
in the following couplets :—

(a) पुरोत्पीडे तडागस्य परीवाहः प्रतिक्रिया ।

शोकक्षोभे च हृदयं प्रलापैरेव धार्यते ।

(b) हृदि नित्यानुषङ्गेन सीताशोकेन तप्यते ।

अन्तःप्रदग्धने ज्वलन्निव वनस्पतिः ॥

(c) अपवर्तत एव बालवीरः प्रतनानिर्मथनात्त्वथोपकृतः ।

स्तनयिल्लुरवादिभावस्त्रीनामवमर्दादिव दृप्तसिंहशवः ॥

6. Translate into Sanskrit :—

14

Bathing in the daytime, while being purified by the rays of the sun, is the approved form of bathing. Bathing in the night is not approved unless when Ráhu is visible in the horizon.

Bathing, making gifts, the performance of austerities and burnt-offerings may take place at night when an eclipse is seen. Night, otherwise, is impure, therefore night is to be shunned in performing rites.

At the ceremony of marriage, when the sun passes from one zodiacal sign to another, and during an eclipse, gifts are allowable in the night time, but not allowable in any other case.

SANSKRIT.

Examiner—BARU RAJENDRACHANDRA SÁSTRÍ, M.A.

FIRST PASS PAPER, (ALTERNATIVE.)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. (a) “तत् कुतोऽयं देवस्यात्र वस्तुनि विमर्शः । यदि युक्ते-
र्विचारात् कियन्त्यत्र युक्तिरहितान्यागमप्रामाण्यदेवाभ्युपगतान्यविसं-
वादीनि दृश्यन्ते ।”

(b) “दृष्टोऽस्माभिरच्छोदसरसि तिष्ठत्येतदेवावेदनीयम् । किं
कारणम् ? उपरतिः खल्ववश्यम्भाविनी प्राणिनाम्, न कथञ्चित्
प्रत्ययमुत्पादयति शरीराविनाशः पुनः प्राणैर्विनाकृतानां, दृश्यमानो-
ऽप्यत्र देव एव ।”

(c) “ममेदं युज्यते यत् त्वया प्रारब्धं त्वं पुनर्वालोऽपि न
सृष्ट एवामीभौ रागादिभिः संसारबन्धात्मकैर्निर्वाणमार्गपरिपन्थिभि-
र्दोषैः । तत् किममुना मूढजनगतेन वर्तमानम् ।”

(d) “यथाश्च दृष्ट्वा चरणपरिचर्यायाम्, असन्तोषो हृदया-
राधने, व्यसनमाननावलोकने, वाचास्तता गुणग्रहणे, कापेष्पमपरि-
त्यागे भर्तुः ।”

(e) “यस्य शुभाशुभकर्मसाक्षिभूताः पञ्च लोकपालास्तथैवा-
त्मशरीरे स्थिता न पश्यन्ति, सोऽन्यस्य कस्य ब्रूयादकार्यं नाचरति ?”

(1) Explain the above five extracts, naming the speaker 20
and the person spoken to in each case.

(2) Narrate the incidents which called forth the remark
contained in extract (a).

(3) Parse कारणं in किं कारणं in extract (b). With what
case-endings is that in कारणं interchangeable, and why ?

(4) Parse the underlined words in extract (c). Name and
expound the *samāsas* in शुभाशुभकर्मसाक्षिभूता and निर्वाणमार्ग-
परिपन्थिभिः .

2. “कथं सोमपानोचितेनामुनास्येन समुत्पादितसफेनरक्त-
खवाः खरखलौनक्षतयो विसोढाः, कथमयमकठोरकिसलयशयनैक-

सुखसेवासुकुमारः सदा पर्याषितस्य न शीर्णः पृष्ठवंशः, कथमेव
कुसुमोद्यपानितबाह्वनलतास्पर्शमानचमेव गात्रेषु कशाभिर्घाता
 निपतिताः, कथञ्च ब्रह्मस्त्रोद्वाहिनि देहेऽस्मिन् वर्ध्नीयौदनलता
 पीडाः समुपजाताः ।”

Explain the above passage in Sanskrit. To whom, by whom, and on what occasion was the above speech addressed ? Exponnd the *samāsas* in the underlined words in the above. Derive क्षति, शीर्ण, खव, and उद्यप, and give the लुङ् third person singular forms of their roots.

3. “यच्च बल्लाङ्गले पादभाषाय यदा तदनिच्छतोऽप्या-
 ष्चिद्यत एव कृतान्तेन ; तच्चदि पात्रे कापि स्थापयित्वा निजपदं,
 जरापरिमुक्तशेषेण निष्प्रयोजनस्थितिना सर्वसुखबाधेन मांसपिण्डेन
 शरीरकेण परलोकाद्युपार्थ्यन्ते, लाभ एवायं ।”

Give the purport of the above in simple Sanskrit, using 20 words other than those in the text.

4. (a) सम्प्रत्यसाम्प्रतं वक्तुमुक्ते सुसलपाणिना ।
 निर्धारितेऽर्थे लेखेन खलूक्ता खलु वाचिकम् ॥
- (b) खयि भौमं गते जेतुमरौत्सोत्स पुरीभिसाम् ।
 प्रोषितार्थमणं मेरोरम्बकारस्तडोमिव ॥
- (c) असम्यादयतः कश्चिदर्थं जातिक्रियागुणैः ।
 यदृच्छाशब्दवत् पुंसः संज्ञायै जन्म केवलम् ॥
- (d) समूलघातमग्नन्तः पराग्नोद्यन्ति मानिनः ।
 प्रध्वंसितान्वतमसलबोदाहरणं रविः ॥

(1) Explain the first *śloka*. Write grammatical notes on वक्तुम् and उक्ता. Point out the significance of the epithet सुसलपाणिना. Justify the use of खलु in the beginning of the fourth pāda of the *śloka*.

(2) State in simple Sanskrit the incidents alluded to in the second *śloka*, and explain clearly the comparison instituted in

it. Give the लङ् third person singular of the root of चरौसीत्.
Decline चयेमन् in वही and सप्रमौ. Account for the use of the feminine gender in तडौ.

(3) Give the purport of the third śloka in simple Sanskrit, using your own words as much as possible.

(4) Explain the fourth śloka in Sanskrit after the manner of Mallinātha, and write grammatical notes on the underlined words in it. Justify the use of the prefix प्र in प्रध्वंसित.

5. मनागनभ्याष्ट्या वा कामं क्षाम्यतु यः क्षमौ ।

क्रियासमभिवारेण विराध्यन्तं क्षमेत कः ॥

Render the śloka into prose order, supplying ellipses to 20
bring out its full significance. Translate the śloka into English.

SANSKRIT.

Examiner—BABU HARAPRASAD SASTRI, M.A.

SECOND PASS PAPER. (ALTERNATIVE.)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain in English :—

20

(a) यास्यत्यथ शुकुन्तलेति हृदयं संस्पृष्टमुत्कण्ठया

कण्ठः स्तम्भितवाप्यष्टिकलुषस्थिनाजडं दर्शनम् ।

वैकृत्यं मम तावदौदृशमहो जेहादरण्यौकसः

पौषन्ते गृहिणः कथं नु तनयाविश्लेषदुःखैर्नवैः ॥

(b) अलति चलितेन्धनो ऽग्निर्विप्रकृतः पद्मगः फणं कुरते ।

प्रायः खं मद्भिमानं क्षोभात्प्रतिपद्यते हि जनः ॥

(c) मारीचः ! तथाभाविनमेनं चक्रवर्तिनमवशस्तु भवान् । पश्य

रथेनानुद्वातक्षिप्तगतिना मूर्ध्निजलधिः

पुरा सप्तद्वीपां जयति वसुधामप्रतिरथः ।

इहायं सत्त्वानां प्रसभदमनात्सर्वदमनः

पुनर्यास्यत्याख्यां भरत इति लोकस्य भरणात् ॥

राजा । भगवता कृतसंस्कारे सर्वमस्मिन् वयमाशस्महे ।

2. (a) What is the meaning of तथाभाविनम् and of संस्कारः? 4
 (b) Derive the words पद्मग, जलधि, संस्कार, महिमा, 6
 ईदृश, and चक्रवर्तिनम्.
 (c) Explain the *samāsas* in अरण्यलोकसः, अप्रतिरथः, and 4
 द्वीप.
 (d) Account for the present tense *vibhakti* (लट्) in 2
 जयति in (1. e).
 (e) Give the third person singular of लुङ्, of the root 4
 in प्रतिपद्यते, and name two other roots which are similarly
 conjugated in that *vibhakti*.
 (f) Give the third person singular of लट्, of the roots 4
 in क्लान्त and दष्ट, and state under what circumstances does
 the root षत् take *parasmaipada*?
 3. (a) Translate into English :— 12

(1) भद्रमुखाः परित्यज्यतामयं कुलक्रमागतसहस्रद्वारसुलभः
 शोकावेगः। यत् खल्वनालोचितावधि दुःखावसानमेव दुःखं तन्मरण-
 भीरोर्भवतु नाम शोकावेगाय, यत् पुनः सुखोदकं तत् पुरःस्थितया
 सुखप्रत्याशयेवान्तरितं नापतति हृदये ।

(2) आलोच्य च तं तादृशमात्मन उपरि निष्प्रत्याश एवाष्टम्
 “भद्र कस्त्वम्? किमर्थं लया बद्धोऽस्मि? यद्यामिषट्षण्णया तत्
 किमिति सुप्त एव न व्यापादितोऽस्मि? किं मया निरागसा बन्धन-
 दुःखमनुभावितेन? अथ कौतुकात्ततः हतं कौतुकं सुप्तु मांमिदानो
 भद्रमुखः, मया खलु वल्लभजनदर्शनोत्पण्डितेन दूरं गन्तव्यम्, अकाल-
 क्षणक्षमं वर्तते मे हृदयं, भवानपि प्राणिधर्मेषु वर्तत एव” ।

(b) Explain the *samāsas* in अकालक्षेपक्षमं, अनालोचितावधि, 4
 and मरणभीरोः.

4. (a) Explain fully in Sanskrit :—

18

- (1) यद्यत् साधु न चित्रं स्यात् क्रियते तत्तदन्यथा ।
 तथापि तस्या लावण्यं रेखया किञ्चिदन्वितम् ॥

- (2) खिन्नाङ्गुलिविविनेशो रेखाप्रान्तेषु दृश्यते मल्लिनः ।
 धनुश्च कपोलपतितं दृश्यमिदं वर्णिकोच्छ्वासात् ॥
- (3) सा निन्दन्ती स्वानि भाग्यानि बाल्यं
 बाल्यत्वेपं क्रन्दितुं च प्रवृत्ता ।
 स्त्रीसंस्थानं चाक्षरस्त्रीर्यमाराद्
 उत्थित्यैनां ज्योतिरेकं जगाम ॥

(b) Derive बाल्यत्वेपं, खिन्न, कण्टकित, and धनुः. 4

5. Translate into Sanskrit :— 4

णावेकित्वो गुणधर्मा इमा एव तु ए पुच्छिष्यो बन्धुः ।
 एकेकमेव चरिष्ये भणामि किं एकेकमेव ॥

6 Translate into Sanskrit :— 14

When a Brahman has performed the duty of offering to the *Viśve Devas*, if an unexpected guest arrives—be he a favourite, be he an object of hate, be he a dunce, be he a learned man—he is the very bridge for crossing over to the seats of bliss. He should be considered a true unexpected guest who has come over from afar, fatigued in body after the performance of the rite of *Viśve Devas*—one arrived beforehand is not an unexpected guest. Never should one belonging to the selfsame village be accepted as an unexpected guest. His name *Atithi* arises from the fact of his arriving unexpectedly.

SANSKRIT.

Examiner—BABU HARAPRASAD SASTRI, M.A.

FIRST HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. विद्युत्तन्त्रं ललितवनिताः सन्दर्शयन् सवित्राः
 सङ्गीताय प्रवृत्तसुरजाः क्षिप्रगन्धर्वोद्यमम् ।
 अन्तस्तोयं मणिमयमुवस्तुन्नमर्धलङ्घापाः
 प्रासादास्त्वां तुल्यितुमलं यत्र तैस्तैर्विशेषैः ॥

(a) Note, in English, the points of similarity between the cloud and the palaces of Alakā. 4

- (b) Explain the compound words in the above. 3
 (c) What is the force of the repetition of तेः, and why is विशेषः put in the third case ? 3
 2. (a) Translate into English :— 9

तवागारं धनरतिगृहानुत्तरेणास्मदीयं
 दूराक्षयं सुरपतिधनशायणा तोरणेन ।
 यस्योपान्ते कृतकतनयः कान्तया वर्धितो मे
 वल्लभायस्त्वयकनमितो बालमन्दारद्वयः ॥
 वापी चास्मिन् मरकतशिलावदुपानमार्गं
 हैमैश्वर्या विकचकमलैः स्निग्धवैदूर्यमालैः ।
 यस्यास्तोत्रे कृतवसतयो मानसं समिष्टं
 नाध्यास्यन्ति व्यपगतशुचस्त्वामपि प्रेक्ष्य हंसाः ॥
 तत्र व्यक्तं दृष्ट्वा चरणन्यासमर्धेन्दुमौलेः
 शशस्त्रिद्वैतपक्षितबलिं भक्तिमयः परीयाः ।
 यस्मिन्दृष्टे करणविगमादूर्ध्वमुद्धतपादाः
 सङ्कल्पान्ते स्थिरगणपदप्राप्तये श्रद्धावानाः ॥

- (b) Give the exact meaning of the following words :— 5
 अर्धं, सिद्ध, करण, गणपद, and आध्यास्यन्ति.
 (c) Why is गृहान् used in the masculine gender and the 4
 second vibhakti ? Derive उत्तरेण and parse परीयाः.

3. अन्द्रकेतुः । सस्मितम् । किमु भवतस्तानप्रतापोत्कर्षेऽपि अभर्षः ।
 खवः । अस्त्रिजामर्षो मा भूद्वा । एतन्नु शृच्छामि । दानं हि
 राजानं राघवं शृणुमः स किल नात्मना दध्यति नाप्यस्य प्रजासु
 दमत्वं जायते तत् किं मनुष्यास्तस्य राक्षसीं वाचम् उदीरयन्ति ।
 ऋषयो राक्षसीमाज्जवाचमुन्मत्तदमयोः ।
 सा योनिः सर्ववैराघां सा हि लोकस्य निर्धन्तिः ॥
 इति च स्म तां निन्दन्ति । अथेतस्मिन्भिष्टुवन्ति
 कामान्दुग्धेविकर्षत्यस्तस्मीं कीर्तिं स्मृते दुष्कृतं या चिनत्ति ।

ताच्चाप्येतां मातरं मङ्गलानां धेनुं धीराः स्मृत्या वाचमाहुः ॥

सुमन्त्रः । परिपूतस्वभावोऽयं कुमारः प्राचेतसान्नेवासी ।

वदत्ययमभिसम्पन्नमार्षेण संस्कारेण ।

(a) Justify Sumantra's remarks on Lava's speech. 3

(b) Reproduce that speech in your own words in Sanskrit. 8

(a) तटस्थं नैराश्यादपि च कलुषं विप्रियवशाद्
वियोगे दीर्घेऽस्मिन्निति घटनोत्पन्नमिव ।
प्रसन्नं सौजन्यादयितकरणैर्गाढकरणं
द्रवोभूतं प्रेम्णा तव हृदयमस्मिन् क्षण इव ॥

(b) एको एसः कण एव निमित्तभेदाद्
भिन्नः पृथक्पृथगिवाश्रयते विवर्तान् ।
आवर्तबुद्धदतरङ्गमयान् विकारान्
अशो यथा सलिलमेव तु तत्समप्रम् ॥

(c) एतन्मदेव कदलीवनमध्यवर्ति
कान्तासखल्व शयनीयशिलातलं ते ।
अत्र स्थिता तृणमदाद्भ्रूशो यदेभ्यः
सीता ततो हरिणकेन विसृज्यते स्म ॥

(d) ददतु तरवः पुष्पैरर्थं फलैश्च मधुसूतः
स्फुटितकमलामोदप्रायाः प्रवान् वनानिलाः ।
कलमविरलं रत्युत्कण्ठाः क्लृप्तं शकुन्तलः
पुनरिदमयं देवो रामः स्वयं वनमागतः ॥

(1) Give the purport of these complets in Sanskrit. 8

(2) By whom were they spoken? Show that they are in keeping with the character of the speakers. 6

5. (a) Explain in Sanskrit :— 5

अच्युतान्तर्भवनिधयः प्रत्यङ् रक्तकण्ठैः

वद्वायुर्द्धिनपतिपशुः किन्नरैश्च सार्धम् ।

वैभ्राजस्त्रं विबुधवनितावारमुक्त्वा सहायाः

बद्धालापा वहिर्दपवनं कामिनो निर्विशन्ति ॥

- (b) Derive the words अच्य, प्रत्यहं, उद्गायन्निः, ययः, 5
and किञ्चर.
- (c) Conjugate the roots of the first, third, and fifth words 6
in लुङ् and सिट् third person only.
6. (a) Give Pāṇini's definitions with their English trans- 12
lations of the following terms :—सर्वनामस्य न चि, षट्, प्राति-
पदिक, गति, and आर्धधातुक.
- (b) Explain the following Sūtras, and give two instances of 8
the application of each :—अक्सिचोऽश्ने, सार्धधातुकमपित्,
अलसम्बन्ध आधातोः, न संप्रसारणे संप्रसारणम्.
- (c) Quote all the Sūtras necessary for the formation of the 9
following words :—द्यौः, पयः, and सख्युः.
- (d) Give four instances of feminine words which take no 2
feminine termination, such as आप्, ईप्, &c.

SANSKRIT.

Examiner—BABU RAJENDRACHANDRA S'ĀSTRĪ, M.A.

SECOND HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. (a) अनुभाववता गुरु स्थिरत्वाद्विसंवादि धनुर्धनञ्जयेन ।
स्वबलव्यसनेऽपि पौत्रमानं गुणवन्निनमिवानतिं प्रपेदे ॥
- (b) शक्तिरर्थपतिषु स्वयंपदं प्रेम कारयति वा निरत्ययम् ।
कारणद्वयमिदं निरस्यतः प्रार्थनाधिकबले विपत्फला ॥
- (c) मार्गणैरथ नव प्रयोजनं नायसे किमु पतिं न भूयतः ।
त्वद्विधं सुहृदमेत्य सोऽर्थिनं किं न यच्छति विजित्य मेदिनीम् ॥
- (d) नूनमवभवतः शरीरान्तिं सर्वथायमनुयाति सायकः ।
सोऽयमित्यनुपपन्नसंशयः कारितस्त्वमपथे पदं यथा ॥

(1) Explain the first *śloka* in Sanskrit. Account for the 16
form अनुभाव. Who was धनुर्धन, and why was he so called ?
Derive धनुर्धन, धनुः, and व्यसन.

(2) Render the second *śloka* into prose order. Give its purport in plain Sanskrit.

(3) What is meant by अय in (c)? Account for the हतोया in मार्गणे. What is the sense of the line किं न यच्छति, etc., and how is that sense arrived at? Point out the grammatical error in the *śloka*. Can you suggest any correction which will remove the error without violating the metre?

(4) Parse अपथे in *śloka* (d). Compound नञ् and पथिन् in तत्पुत्र, वज्रवीहि, and अययीभाव. With what case-endings are those in त्वं and पदं interchangeable, and why?

2. अपथन् धनवः शिवान्तिकस्थैः विवरे सद्भिरभिप्लव्या जिह्वानः ।

युगपद्दृष्टे विशन् वराहं तदुपोदेष नभश्चरैः षष्कः ॥

Give the meaning of the above *śloka* in English. Derive the 16 underlined words and give the लुङ् third person singular forms of their bases.

3. सन्ततं निशमयन्त उत्सुका येः प्रयान्ति मुदमस्य स्वरयः ।

कीर्तितानि हसितेऽपि तानि यं ब्रौडयन्ति चरितानि मानिनम् ॥

अन्यदोषमिव स स्वकं गुणं व्यापयेत्कथमधृष्टताजडः ।

उच्यते स ललु कार्यवत्तया धिग् विभिन्नबुधसेतुमर्थिताम् ॥

(a) Explain the above two *ślokas* in Sanskrit after the *śloka* 16 form. Change the voices of the *ślokas*.

(b) Derive ब्रौडयन्ति and व्यापयेत्

(c) Parse हसिते in the first *śloka*. What is meant by सेतु in बुधसेतु, and how does the word come to have that meaning? Explain grammatically how अर्थिता means what it does.

4. Justify the saying 'भारवेरर्थगौरवम्' by quotations from 16 your text-book.

5. Give in Sanskrit the substance, either of Pārvatī's conversation with the Jāṭila, or of Arjuna's reply to the charges brought against him by the follower of the Kirāta chief. 16

6. Translate into English :— 20

(a) गुणापवादेन तदन्यरोपणाद्
भृशधिरूढस्य समञ्जसं जनम् ।

- द्विधेव कृत्वा हृदयं निगूहतः
स्फुरन्नसाधोर्विष्टोति वागसिः ॥
- (b) समस्य सम्पादयता गुणैरिमां
त्वया समारोपितभार भारतीम् ।
प्रगल्भमात्मा धुरि धुर्य वाग्मिनां
वनेचरेणापि सताधिरोपितः ॥
- (c) क्षुबन्ति गुर्वीमभिधेयसम्पदं
विशुद्धिसुक्तेरपरे विपश्चितः ।
इति स्थितायां प्रतिपूरणं वचो
सुदुर्लभा सर्वमनोरमा गिरः ॥
- (d) प्रयुज्य सामाचरितं विलोभनं
भयं विभेदाय धियः प्रदर्शितम् ।
तथाभियुक्तञ्च शिलीमुखार्थिना
यथेतरश्राय्यमिवावभासते ॥

SANSKRIT.

Examiner—BABU RAJENDRACHANDRA SASTRI, M.A.

THIRD HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. (a) सितं सितिञ्चा सुतरां मुनेर्वपुर्विसारिभिः सौधमिवीथ लम्भयन् ।
द्विजावलिब्याजनिशकरांशुभिः शुचिस्मितां वाचमवोचदच्युतः ॥
- (b) सखा गरीयाञ्छुश्च क्वचिमसो हि कार्यतः ।
स्नाताममिवौ मिने च सहजप्राकृतावपि ॥
- (c) विजयस्त्वयि सेनायाः साक्षिमानेऽपदिश्यताम् ।
प्रह्वभाजि समीप्योक्ते बुद्धेर्भोग इवात्मनि ॥

(1) Explain the first *śloka* in Sanskrit. In what case is 16
सितिञ्चा and why? Point out the necessity of supplying an

accusative to **अवोचत्**. Change the voice of the *śloka*, using the corresponding finite verb in the same tense as in the original

(2) Render the second *śloka* into prose order. Give the meanings of the terms **सहज** and **प्राकृत** as applied to friends and foes. Bring out the full sense of the first line of the *śloka*.

(3) Explain fully in Sanskrit the comparison instituted in the third *śloka* Parse **सेनायाः** and **बुद्धेः**.

2. (a) **समस्तापः कामं मनसिजनिदाघप्रसरयो-**

र्न तु प्रीयस्यैवं सुभगमपराङ् युवतिषु ॥

(b) **वाघ्येण प्रतिषिद्धेऽपि जयशब्दे जितं मया ।**

यत्ते दृष्टमसंस्कारपाटलोष्ठपुटं सुखम् ॥

(c) **वल्लीकार्धनिग्रमूर्तिवरसा सन्दृष्टसर्पत्वचा**

कण्ठे जीर्णलताप्रतानवलयेनात्यर्थसम्प्रीडितः ।

अंसव्यापि शकुन्मनीडनिचितं बिभ्रज्जटामण्डलं

यत्र स्थाणुरिवाचलो मुनिरसावभ्यर्कबिम्बं स्थितः ॥

(d) **लामलामकपोलमाननसुरः काठिन्यमुक्तलनं**

मध्यः क्लान्ततरः प्रकामविनतावंसौ हविः पाण्डुरा ।

शोषा च प्रियदर्शना च मदनक्लिष्टेयमालक्ष्यते

पत्ताणामिव शोषणेन मरुता स्पृष्टा लता माधवी ॥

(e) **स्मर एव तापहेतुर्निर्वापयिता स एव मे जातः ।**

दिवस इवार्धशामंस्तपात्यये जीवलोकस्य ॥

(f) **नैतच्चिन्तं यद्यमुदधिश्चामसीमां धरिबीम्**

एकः कृत्वा नगरपरिघप्रांशुवाङ्मनक्ति ।

आशंसन्ते समितिषु सुरा बद्धवैरा हि दैत्यैर

अस्याधिष्ये धनुषि विजयं पौरुषते च वधे ॥

(1) Give the full meaning of the first two extracts in Sanskrit. What is meant by **कामं** in the first extract? Derive **अपराङ्** In what **वाच्य** is **अपराङ्**, and why?

(2) Render the third *śloka* into prose order, supplying at

the same time the ellipses necessary to complete the sense of the *śloka*. Parse **उरसा** Explain, by a reference to the rules of Pāṇini, the absence of the **न्** in **विभत्**

(3) Write a commentary in Sanskrit on the fourth *śloka*. Account for the repetition of **चाम** in **चामचाम**. Point out the significance of the two **च'**s in the *śloka*.

(4) Point out the meaning of **एव** in the fifth *śloka*. Some read **अध्याम** in place of **अध्याम** in the *śloka*. Which of these two readings do you prefer, and why?

(5) Translate the sixth *śloka* into English. What is meant by **भुजङ्ग**? When is the root **भुज** used in the *Ātmanepada*?

3. Give the plot of the last act of the *S'akuntalā* in Sanskrit. 20

4. In what sense are the following words and expressions used in the *S'akuntalā*? 12

आकाशे, विष्कम्भक, प्रवेशक, and अपट्टीक्षेण प्रविश्य.

5. Show that the following remarks express some characteristic traits in the characters of the persons who made them:— 16

(a) न खलु धीमतां कश्चिद्विषयो नाम ॥

(b) किं पुरोभागे स्वातन्त्र्यमवलम्ब्यसे ॥

(c) यावेकित्वो गुर्वक्षयो इमा एष तु ए पुच्छिष्यो बन्धू ।
एकमेकस्य चरिष्ये भणामि किं एकमेकस्य ॥

(d) तदेषा भवतः कान्ता त्यज वैनां गृह्णाण वा ।

उपपन्ना हि दारेषु प्रभुता सर्वतोमुखी ॥ १

(e) दिदृक्षा धूमाग्लिददिदृक्षो विजयमाणस्तु पावस एव
आङ्गैः पडिदा ॥

6. Render the following passage into Sanskrit:—

16

सानुमती । शिष्यनिधं मय पञ्चाशद्विषयानि विच्छेदा-
नित्यसंनिधं जाव साङ्गजणस्तु अभिषेककालो न्ति । संपदं इमस्तु
राशिनो उदन्तं पश्यन्तीकरिस्तु । मेणसासम्बन्धेण सतीरभूदा
दाणिं मे सङ्गता । ताय च दुहिउणिमिन्तं आदिद्विपुत्रं हि ।

समन्ताद्बलोक्य । किं णु क्व उदुस्तवे वि णिबस्तुवारम्बं विषय एदं
राजउलं दीसद । अत्थि मे विहवो पणिहणेष सभ्यं परिखाडुं ।
किन्तु सहीए बाबरो मए माणइदव्यो । होउ इमाणं एव्व उज्जाणपा-
लिषाणं तिरक्खरणीपडिब्बसा पस्सपरिवत्तिथौ ऊविष्य उवलम्बिस्सं ॥

SANSKRIT.

Examiner—BABU HARAPRASAD SASTRI, M.A.

FOURTH HONOUR PAPER.

COMPARATIVE PHILOLOGY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Enunciate Grimm's Law, and state to what causes the 20
changes contemplated under that law are due. Examine the
opinion that they are not due to phonetic decay.
2. What grounds does Comparative Philology furnish for 6
supposing that the Aryans, in their original home, were not
acquainted with the use of iron ?
3. Prove that roots are the elements of language and not 20
letters. Do you know of any words that are framed by mere
letters ? State Max Müller's theory of the origin of roots.
4. How many sounds does each vowel possess according to 6
Pāṇini ? Are other varieties of sound possible for vowels ?
Give reasons for your answer.
5. What are letters made of ? How are they made ? Where 20
are they made ? Give a summary of Max Müller's views on
these points, and compare these views with those given in the
Laghu-Kaumudī.
6. What does Democritus mean when he says that, words 20
are but *statues in sound* ? Explain his theory of language.
7. Account for the use of the same Latin words in various 8
forms in English, and of the same Sanskrit words in various
forms in the vernaculars of India.
8. Render the following into Sanskrit, and give eight in- 10
stances of phonetic decay from it :—

तुमं सि मए चूषकुर दिखी कामुस्स गहिअधणुअस्स ।

पहिअजणजुवइलकवो पइअभदिखो सरो होदि ॥

ARABIC.

Paper set by—{ MAULAVI ABUL KHAIR MUHAMMUD
SIDDIQ, M.A.

Examiner—COL. H. S. JARRETT.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :—

10

وقال تابط شرا

إذا المرء لم يحذل وقد جد جده
اضاع وقاسى امرة وهو مدبر
ولكن اخو الحزم الذي ليس نازلا
به الخطب الا وهو للقصد مبصر
فذاك قريع الدهر ما عاش حول
إذا سد منه منخر جاش منخر
اقول للحيان وقد صفرت لهم
وطايب ويومي ضيق الجحر معور
هما خطتا إما اسار ومنة
وإما دم والقتل بالحر اجدر
واخرى اصادي النفس عنها وانها
لمورد حزم ان فعلت ومصدر
فرشت لها صاري قزل عن الصفا
به جوؤجؤ عبل ومتن مخصر
فخالط سهل الارض لم يكده الصفا
به كدحة والموت خزيان ينظر

2. (a) What was the real name of تابط شرا, and why was he 3
so called? What is the story connected with the preceding
extract?

(b) Parse the words لم يحذل, اضاع, قاسى, and اصادي in the 5
preceding extract, naming the صيغة and the باب and giving the
مادة and مصدر of each.

- (c) Analyse the second *bait* according to Arabic Grammar. 5
 (d) Account for the dropping of ن from خطنا in the fifth 3
bait.
 (e) What part of speech is حول in the third *bait*, and what 2
 are the usual measures of that part of speech ?
 3. Give an explanatory translation of the following lines 15
 into English :—

(a) وفاء كمأالربع اشجاء طاسمه

بان تسعدا و الهمع اشقاء ساجمه

وما انا الا عاشق كل عاشق

اعق خليليه الصفيين لائمه

وقد يتزيا بالهوى غير اهله

ويستصحب الانسان من لا يلايمه

بليت بلى الاطلاع ان لم اقف بها

وقوف شحيح ضاع في الترب خاتمه

(b) جيش كانك في ارض تطاوله

فالارض لا اسم والجيش لا اسم

اذا مضى علم منها بدا علم

وان مضى علم منه بدا علم

وشرب احمى الشعري شكائمها

وسمتها على اناها الحكم

حتى وردن بسنين بحيرتها

تذش بالماء في اشدائها اللجم

و اصبحت في قرى هنزيط جائلة

ترعى الظبا في خصيب زبته اللمم

- (a) Write the following words, as they occur in the preceding extract, with the vowel-points, and give their singulars or broken plurals, as the case may be, also, with the vowel-points—
 ماء, حكم, شكائم, شرب, خاتم, شحيح, خليل, ليم, ظبا, اشداق.

- (b) What are **اطلال** and what circumstances are associated with the idea ? What is **الشعوى** and what connection has it with the purport of the *bait* ? 4
- (c) Scan the first *bait* of extract (b), naming and explaining the alterations that the original feet have undergone, name the metre and the rhyme, and define the latter. 6
5. Give an explanatory translation into English of :— 8

رايت موالى اللى يخـذلونى
على حدثان الدهر اذ يتقلب
فهلا اعدونى لمثلى تفاقدوا
اذ الخصم ابزى مائل الرأس انكب
وهلا اعدونى امثلى تفاقدوا
وفي الارض مبعوث شجاع وعقرب
فلا تأخذوا عقلا من القوم انى
ارى العار يبقى والمعاقل تذهب
كانك لم تسبق من الدهر ليلة
اذا انت ادركت الذى كنت تطلب

1. (a) What is **ألى** in the first *bait*, and what is its other ? Dissect the word **موالى** and note its grammatical peculiarities. 4
- b) What part of speech is **هلا**, what is it called in Arabic grammar, and what are its different uses ? Illustrate them by examples. 5
- State the rules of concord between the nominative and verb in number, gender, and person, and illustrate them by examples. 7
- Translate into Arabic, giving all vowel-points :— 20

Several of their idols, as Manat in particular, were no more large rude stones, the worship of which the posterity of il first introduced ; for as they multiplied, and the territory of Mecca grew too straight for them, great numbers were led to seek new abodes ; and on such migrations it was for them to take with them some of the stones of that old holy land, and set them up in the places where they dwelt ; and these stones they at first only went round out of devotion, as they were accustomed to do the Kabah. But this soon ended in rank idolatry, the Ismailites forgetting the lesson left them by their father so far as to pay divine worship to any fine stone they met with.

ARABIC.

Examiners.—SHAMSUL-ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMUD GILANI.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :—

15

وانهض السلطان عند ما كان بنيشاپور في طلب المنتصر ابي
ابراهيم ابا الطيب سهل بن محمد بن سليمان الصعلوكي امام
اهل الحديث بها رسولا الى ايلك خان وضم اليه طغاسحق والي
مرخس في خطبة كريمه عليه و نقلها في صحبته اليه و اصحبه
ما عدا الحد و العد من سبائك العقيان و يواقيت البهرمان و
عقايد الدر و المرجان و تحوت الوشي و الحبر و نوادر البدو و الحضر
و صواني الذهب مملوءة من بياضات العبير و اواني الفضة منصودة
بشامات الكافور و غير ذلك من شارات الهند و قطاع العود و
ذكور النصول و اناث الفيول تحت حدوج مغطاة بذوات التعاريج
من الوان الدبايج منطقة بعصائب يخطف العيون بريقها و يصطحب
على الاقناب معاليقها و عناق ضوامر كالقداح بخدود كمتون الصفاح
و غرر كنجوم الصباح و قوائم كمنخوق الرياح و سنايك كفلق
الصفاح في مراكب كانما جلى بعضها من قطع عقيق او شعل
حريق و حلى سايرها بنجوم التريا و التثرة و بذات نعش من ورا
المجرة و قرن ذلك كله باموال على سبيل اللطاف نغم
ذوائب الاوصاف *

2. (a) Account, in the first and second lines of the above 5

tract, why ابي is used in one place and ابا in another ?
Give some other word that may undergo a similar change.

(c) What are ثريا , نثرة , and مجرة ? Put the
rel-points on مجرة Explain their positions fully.

1. (a) Give the singulars of عقايد , يواقيت , و سبائك 8

اقتاب، عصائب، دبابيج، تعاريج، ذوات، حدود، نصرل، شارات،
سنايك، غرر، قداح، ضوامر، عقاق، معاليق، شمامات، صواني
and شعل

(b) Give the plural of اهل، امام، عد، حد، وال، رسول and فلق. and مرجان، در، كريمة

(c) Is the the word شارات pure Arabic or not ?

4. Translate into English :—

15

واقبل ورتب الجيش قلبا كنهالن و ميمدة كروضى و ميسرة
كابان و حصن المصاف بزهاء مأئين من فيلة كرعن الجبال او
دكن السحاب النقال مغشاة بتجافيف لم يعوز منها غير حدق
النواظر و حديد الانياب الفواقر يهول ساستها عليها بمهرقات
كالبروق الخواطف و صفارات كالعود القواصف و قد نشرت عليها
التمائيل السود كانها الاساود و الاسود يخيّل اضطراب الرياح فيها
انها تزحف للالتهام او تنقض لاختطاف الهام و تعالت عليها
اطراف العوامل كانها اجام السواحل تاويها شياطين الانس فرسانا
و عفاريت الترك و الهند مردا و شبانا تبص عليها سابغات داود
كصفائح الماء تجلوها الشمس سافرة و تزهها اشمال سايرة قد
جعلوا الدروع وقاية للجسام فظاهروا عليها حرصا على الانتقام
فهم يأسون بمباشرة القتال و مشاورة الاقتال و استشارة المنايا
عن مراضى الاجال انس العيون باناسيها الباصرة و القلوب
بامانيها المحاضرة *

5. (a) What are ثهلان رضوى and ابان ? Where are they 4
situated ? Is ان in ثهلان and ابان a suffix for dual or a part
of the word ?

(b) What kind of word is زهاء ?

6. In how many ways are the broken plurals (جمع التكمير) 8
formed in Arabic ? Give examples.

7. Translate into English :—

واعلم ان العقل ينقسم الى قسمين قسم لا يقبل الزيادة

والنقصان وقسم يقبلهما فاما الاول فهو العقل الغريزي المشتري بين العقلاء و اما الثاني فهو العقل التجريبي وهو مكتسب وتحصل زيادته بكثره التجارب والوقائع وباعتبار هذه الحالة يقال ان الشيخ اكمل عقلا و اتم دراية وان صاحب التجارب اكثر فهما و ارجح معرفة و لهذا قيل من بيضت الحوادث لمتنه و اخلقت التجارب لباس جدته و اراه الله تعالى لكثرة ممارسته تصاريف اقداره و افضيته كان جديرا برزاقه العقل و راحة الدراية و قد يخص الله تعالى بالطواف الخفية من يشاء من عباده فيفيض عليه من خزائن مواهبه رزاقه عقل و زيادة معرفة تخرجه عن حد الاكتساب و يصير بها راجعا على ذوي التجارب و الاداب و يدل على ذلك قصة يحيى بن زكريا عليهما السلام فيما اخبر الله تعالى به في محكم كتابه العزيز حيث يقول و اتيناه الحكم صبيا فمن سبقته له سابقة من الله تعالى في قسم السعادة و ادركته عذابة ازلية اشروقت على باطنه انوار ملكوتية و هداية ربانية فاتصف بالذكاء و الفطنة قلبه و اسفر عن وجه الاصابة ظنه و ان كان حديث السن قليل التجربة *

8. (a) Give the true meaning of عقل غريزي in عربى, and 8
حرارة غريزي,

(b) Give a full biography of زكريا.

9. Translate into Arabic :—

After Lodi's return, his enviers and enemies and, in particular, Qutlu Khan, ensnared the fickle Dáúd in a mesh of intrigue. Dáúd's whole life was a game of frivolity and sensual pleasure ; jealousy, his consciousness of sin, his fear that a man whom he had so deeply injured as Lodi, and who possessed such ample power, might cast him down and usurp his place—all these motives led him to give ready ear to malicious innuendoes.

Lodi followed the march of Lodi's army as far as the house of al Khan of Chatmara, and there summoned Lodi and his vakils to a council. They, suspecting nothing, attended almost without escort ; suddenly, on a signal from Dáúd, Qutlu Khan and his accomplices burst into the room, took them unawares, and after a brief struggle, in which Lodi's sword-bearer was hewn to pieces, overpowered and bound them.

ARABIC.

Examiner—COL. H. S. JARRETT.

FIRST HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate with annotations where a word, construction, or allusion calls for them:—

20
 الا قالت العصماء يوم لقيتها * اراك حديثا ناعم البال افرعا
 فقلت لها لا تذكريني فقاما * يسود الفنى حتى يشيب ويصلعا
 وللقارح اليعسوب خير علامة * من الجذع المزجى وابعده منزعا
 وقال آخر

الا قالت الخنساء يوم لقيتها * عهدتك دهرًا ظاوي الكشح اهضما
 فاعما تربني اليوم اصبحت بادنا * لديك فقد الفى على البزل مرجما

وقال شبيب بن عوانة الطائي
 قضى بيننا مروان امسى قضية
 فما زادنا مروان الا تنائيا
 فلو كنت بالارض الفضاء لعفتها
 ولكن انت ابراه من ورائيا
 وقال جميل بن عبد الله بن معمر العذري

فليت رجالا فيك قد نذروا دمي
 وهموا بقتلي يا بني لقوني
 اذا ما رأوني طالعا من ثنية
 يقولون من هذا وقد عرفوني
 يقولون لي اهلا وسهلا ومرحبا
 ولو ظفروا بي ساعة قتلوني
 وكيف ولا توفي دماؤهم دمي
 ولا مالهم ذوندهمة في—دونني
 لحا الله من لا ينفع الود عنده
 ومن حبله ان مد غير متين

ومن هو ان تحدث له العين نظرة
يقضب لها اسباب كل قرين
ومن هو ذولونين ايسى بدائم
على خلق خوان كل امين

12 و كيف 2. (a) Scan in the last extract the line beginning writing the line out with diacritical points. ولا نووي

(b) The sense of the first extract is explained in the following passage, which translate :—

قالت هذه المرأة لما التقيت معها اعلمك عن قريب ناعم البال
تام شعر الراس لم يتسلط عليك صلح ولا حدث انحسار شعر
ولا شحوب اللون فكيف تغيرت مع قرب الابد *

(c) Parse لعفتها in the third extract, and give the conjugation (باب) of the verb, and the 3rd person, singular and plural, of the aorist, with vowel points.

Translate into English :—

وقال باعث بن صريم اليشكري
سائل اسيد هل تأرت بوائل
ام هل شفيت النفس من بلبالها
اذ ارسلوني مائحا بدلائهم
فملاؤها علقا الى اسبالها
اني ومن همك السماء مكانها
والبدر ليلة نصفها وهلالها
آليت اثقف منهم ذا لحيدة
ابدا فتنظر عينه في مالها
وخمار غانية عقدت براسها
اصلا وكان منشرا بشمالها
وعقبلة يسعى عليها قيم
متغطرس ابديت عن خلخالها

20

وكتيبة سفع الوجوه بواسل
 كالاسد حين تذب عن اشبالها
 قد قدت اول عنقوان رعيها
 فلففتها بكتيبة امثالها
 وقال الفند الزماني

ايا طعنة ما شيخ كبير يفن بال
 تقيم المآثم الاعلى على جهد واعوال
 ولولا نبل عوض في خطباي واصل
 لطاعت صدور الخيل طعنا ليس بالالي
 ترى الخيل على آثا رمهري في السنا العالي
 ولا تبقني صروف الدهر انسانا على حال
 تفقيت بها اذ كره الشكوة امثالي

كجيب الدفوس الورها م ع ريعت بعد اجفال

4. (a) Give the name and scansion of both these metres, 13
 (b) Write the singulars of all the plurals in the first extract, with vowel points.

(c) Derive مائحا

- (d) Explain the allusion in, the underlined verse. It is said to refer to the War of al-Basus. Briefly recount its origin and history, and mention the tribes that took part in it.

5. Translate into English :—

(a) لقد علمت عوذ وبهنة انني
 بوادي حمام لا احاول مغنما
 ولكن اصحابي الذين لقيتهم
 تعادوا سراعا واتقوا بابين ازنا
 فركبت فيسه اذ عرفت مكانه
 بمنقطع الطرفاء لدنا مقسوما
 ولو ان رمحي لم يخني انكساره
 جعلت له من صالح القوم توأما

ولو ان في يمنى الكتيبة شدتي
اذا قامت العوجاء تبعث مآثما
وقال زيد الفوارس

- (b) تالى ابن اوس حلفه ليردني
على نسوة كانهن مفائد
قصرت له من صدر شولة إنما
ينجي من الموت الكريم المناجد
دعاني ابن مرهوب علي شنع بيننا
فقلت له ان الرماح مصائد
وقلت له كن عن شمالي فانني
ما كفيك ان زاد المنيّة ذائد

6. Translate into Arabic :—

I have learnt lately with extreme regret the loss you have sustained in the death of your son. I understand the excess of your grief when I consider the brilliant qualities by which he was distinguished, and my attachment to you, as well as my friendship for him, make me as sensible of his loss as you can be. In attempting, therefore, to offer you a few words of consolation, I feel that they are, in a manner, addressed to myself.

ARABIC.

Examiner—SHAMSUL ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMUD GILANI.

SECOND HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate literally into English :—

18

ايها السادر في علوائه السادل ثوب خيلائه الجامع في جهالاته
الجامع الى خز عبلائه الام تستمر على غيك وتستمرى مرعى
بغيك و حتام تنهاى في زهوى ولا تنهي عن لهوى تبار
بمعصينك مالك ناصيتك وتجزى بقبك سيرتك على عالم
سريرك وتوارى عن قريبك وانت بمراى رقيبك وتستخف

من مملوك وما تخفى خافية على ملكك انظن ان ستنتفع
 حالك اذا ان ارتحالك او ينقذك مالك حين يوبقك اعمالك
 او يغني عنك ندمك اذا زلت قدمك او يعطف عليك معشرك
 يوم يضمك محشرك هلا انتهجت محجة اعتدائك وعجلت
 معالجة دائك وفلت شبابة اعتدائك وقدمت نفسك في
 اكبر اعدائك اما الحمام ميعادك فما اعدادك وبالمشيب انذارك
 فما اعدائك وفي اللحد مقيلك فما قيلك والى الله مصيرك
 فمن نصيرك طالما ايقظك الدهر فتناعست وجذبك الوعظ
 فبقاعست وامكذ ان تواسي فما آسيت توثر فلسا نوعيه على
 ذكر تعيه ونخدار قصرا نعليه على برتوليه وترغب عن هاد
 تسهديه الى زاد تسهديه وتغلب حب قوب تشهديه على ثواب
 تشهديه يواقيت الصلوة اعلق بقلبك من مواقيت الصلوة
 ومغالة الصدقات اثر عندك من موالة الصدقات وصحاف
 الالوان اشهى اليك من صحايف الاديان ودعابة الاقران آنس
 لك من تلوة القرآن تامر بالمعروف وتنتهك حماة وتحمي عن
 النكر ولا تتكاهم وتزحزح عن الظلم ثم تغشاه ونخشى
 الناس والله احق ان تغشاه *

10 and خزعبلات (a) Derive and name what parts of speech خيلاء are.

(b) Comment and give the original forms of الام and حاتم ?
 What term do grammarians give for such changes ?

(c) What part of speech is هلا ? Is it a simple or a compound word ? Give and explain instances of similar nature.

(d) Is the word قيل in the above extract a passive voice ?
 If not, explain what it is, and give reason for your answer.
 Quote other instances of similar expressions.

(e) Give the 2nd person singular, imperative, of the following.
 تناعس and تعامى - حصص - مارئ - آسى - وعى.

Translate into English :—

خالق سيدنا تحب وبعقرته يلب وقربه تحف ونايه تلف

وخلته سب وقطيعته نصب وغربه ذلق وشبهه تألق وظلفه
زان وقويم نهجه بان وذعنه قلب وجرب ونعته شروق وغرب *
* نظم *

سيد قلب سبوق صبر * فطن مغرب عزوف عيوف
مخلف منلف اغر فريد * ناب ذابل ذكي انوف
مفلق ان ابان طب اذا ناب * هياج وجل خطب مخوف
مناظم شرفه تألف وشوبرب حبائه يكف ونايل يدبه فاض
وشح قلبه غاض وخلف سخائه يحذلب وذهب عيابه يحترب
من لف لفه فلج وغلب وتاجر بابه جلب وخلص كف عن
هضم بري وبري من دنس غوي وقرن ليلانه بعز ونكب عن
مذهب كز ليس بوتاب عند نهضة شوبل يعف عفة بر *

4. (a) Point out any such words in the above passage 4
which may stand both for praise and blame.

(b) The double ي in بري and غوي, are they both parts of
the word, or one superfluous and one part of the word? If the
latter, which is which?

5. (a) Translate into English, explaining every reference 14
contained therein :—

ملت في ريق زماني الذي غبر الى مجاورة اهل الوبر لاخذ
اخذ نفوسهم الابية والسنتهم العربية فشمرت تشمير من لا يالو
جهدا وجعلت اضرب في الارض غورا ونجدنا الى ان اقتنيت
هجمة من الراعية وثلة من الثاغية ثم اويت الى عرب ارداد
اقيال و ابناء اقوال فواطونوني امنع جناب وقلوا عني حد كل فار
فما تلونني عندهم هم ولا قرع صفاتي سهم الى ان اضللت فم
ليلة منيرة البدر لفتحة غزيرة الدر فلم اطب نفسا بالغاء طلبه
والقاء حبلمها على غاربها فتدثرت فرسا محضارا واعتقلت له
خطارا وسريت ليلتي جمعاء اجوب البيداء واقتري كل شج
ومرداه الى ان نشر الصبح راياته وحيل الداعي الى صا
فنزلت عن متن الركوبة لاداء المكنوة ثم حلت في صهونها

فررت عن شحوتها وسرت لا ارى اثرا الا قفوتها ولا نشزا الا
 علوتها ولا واديا الا جزعته ولا راكبا الا استطلعته وجدي مع
 ذلك يذهب هدرًا ولا يجد وردة صدرًا الى ان حانت صكة عمي
 ولفح هجير يذهل غيلان عن مي *

(b) What do you know about اهل البر, and why they are so called ?

(c) Is حيعل a verb or a noun ? Is it a real or an adopted one ? Give reasons for your answer.

6. Translate into English as closely as you can :—

14

الحازم من يحفظ ما في يده و لم يؤخر شغل يومه لغدة
 من طلب ما لا يكون طال تعب لا تفتح بابا يعيبك سدة ولا ترم
 سهما يعجزك ردة سوء التدبير سبب التدمير اغمد سيفك ما ناب
 عنك لسانك ليس العجب من جاهل يصعب جاهلا ولكن العجب
 من عاقل يصعبه لان كل شيء يفر من ضده و يميل الى نفسه
 اذا نزل القدر بطل الحذر رب عطب تحت طلب و منية تحت
 امنية لا يخلو الموء من ودود يمدح وعدو يقدهم الجوع خير
 من الخضوع الكذب منهم و ان صدقت لهجتهم و وضحت
 حجتهم من طاعة طرفه اشتد حنقه من لم تسر حياته لم تغم
 وفاته من اعظم الذنوب تحسир العيوب الشرف بالهمم العالية
 لا بالرسم البالية اذا ملك الاراذل هلك الافاضل من ساءت
 اخلاقه طاب فراقه من حسنت خصاله طاب وصاله بعد يورث
 الصفاء خير من قرب يورث الجفاء اللسان سيف قاطع لا يؤمن
 حدة والكلام سهم نافذ لا يمكن رده من اطلع على جارة
 انتهك حجب استارة *

(b) Parse, and give the 2nd person singular, imperative, of يعيبك.

(c) In the word لا ترم is anything dropped, or not ? If dropped, point it out and give its root.

7. Translate into English, explaining some of the marked 10
proverbs contained therein:—

عند الصباح يحمد القوم السرى الظلم مرتعه وخيم عند النطاح
يغلب الكبدش الاجم العبد يقرع بالعصا و البحر تكفيه الملاحة
اعقل وتوكل العتاب قبل العقاب عند الرهان تعرف السوابق عند
الامتحان يكرم المرء اويهان عند النازلة تعرف اخاك في القمر
ضياء والشمس اضوا منه القول ما قالت حذام لقد اسمعت
لونايت حيا اقل طعامك تحمد مئامك كل فتاة بابيها معجبة
كل كلب يبابه نباح كاد العروس ان يكون ملكا كثرة العتاب توجب
البغضاء اكثر مصارع الرجال تحت بروق المطامع الكلام انتى
والجواب ذكر كل اناء يوشح بما فيه كما تزرع تحصد كل امرئ
في بيته صبي كلب جوال خير من اسد رابض لقد ذل من
دالت عليه الثعالب ليس الخبر كالعيان لكل صارم نبوة و لكل جواد
كبوة و لكل قادم دهشة *

8. Translate into Arabic (vowel points are required in all 20
written Arabic):—

But we look on the conduct of Hastings in a somewhat different light. He was struggling for fortune, honour, liberty, all that makes life valuable. He was beset by rancorous and unprincipled enemies. From his colleagues he could expect no justice. He cannot be blamed for wishing to crush his accusers. He was, indeed, bound to use only legitimate means for that end. But it was not strange that he should have thought any means legitimate which were pronounced legitimate by the sages of the law, by men whose peculiar duty it was to deal justly between adversaries, and whose education might be supposed to have peculiarly qualified them for the discharge of that duty. Nobody demands from a party the unbending equity of a judge. The reason that judges are appointed is, that even a good man cannot be trusted to decide a cause in which he is himself concerned. Not a day passes on which an honest prosecutor does not ask for what none but a dishonest tribunal would grant. It is too much to expect that any man, when his dearest interests are at stake, and his strongest passions excited, will, as against himself, be more just than the sworn dispensers of justice.

ARABIC.

Examiner—COL. H. S. JARRETT.

THIRD HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate, adding notes when necessary :—

قال يمدح المغيث بن علي بن بشر العجلي -

- 52 فؤاد ما يسليه المدام وعمر مثل ما تهب اللثام (a)
 ودهر ناسه ناس صغار وإن كانت لهم جث ضحام
 وما انا منهم بالعيش فيهم ولكن معدن الذهب الرغام
 أرانب غير انهم ملوك مفتحة عيونهم نيام
 باجسام يحرق القتل فيها وما اقرانها إلا الطغام
 وخيل ما يخزلها طعين كأن قنا فوارسها ثمام
 حللك انت لامن قال خلي وإن كثر التجميل والكلام
 ولو حيز الحفاظ بغير عقل تجنب عنق صيقله الحسام
 وشبه الشئ منجذب اليه واشبهنا بدنيانا الطغام
 ولو لم يرع إلا مستحق لرتبته اسامهم المسام
 ولو لم يعل إلا ذو محل تعالى الجيش وأنخط القمام
 ومن خبر الغواني والغواني ضياء في بواطنه ظلام
 اذا كان الشباب السكر والشباب هما فالحيوة هي الحمام
 وما كل بمعذور ببخل ولا كل على بخل يلام
 ولم أر مثل جيرانني ومثلي لمثلي عند مثلهم مقام
 بارضى ما اشتهدت رايت فيها فليس بقوتها الا كوام
 وقال وقد كبست انطاكية وفقلت حجركانت له ومهرها - (b)
 اذا غامرت في شرف مروم فلا تقنع بما دون النجوم
 فطعم الموت في امر حقير كطعم الموت في امر عظيم
 ستبكي شجوها فوسي ومهري صفائح دمعها ماء الجسم
 قرين الذار ثم نشان فيها كما نشأ العذاري في النعيم

وفارقن الصياقل مخلصات وايديها كثيرات الكلوم
يرى الجبناء ان العجز عقل وتلك خديعة الطبع اللثيم
وكل شجاعة في المراء تغني ولا مثل الشجاعة في الحكيم
وكم من عائب قولا صحيحا وآفته من الفهم السقيم
ولكن تأ الاذان منه على قدر القرائح والعلوم

2. Show how the **عروض** and **ضرب** of any particular **لحر** determine its name and class. Instance in the extracts given above.

(a) Name the **قافية** of this metre.

3. Explain the case of **شجوها** in the first extract. How 10 would the line run in prose order ?

(a) Derive the word **المسام** in the line beginning **ولو لم يرع** **الا مستحق** and translate the line literally.

4. Translate into English :—

30

(a) حوف اخوها ابوها من مهجة
وعمها خالها قوداء شليل
يمشي القراد عليها ثم يزلقه
منها لبيان واقرب زها ليل
عيراة قذفت بالنفض عن عرض
مرفقها عن بنات الزور مفتول
كأنما فات عينيها ومذبحها
من خطمها ومن اللحيين برطيل
تمرمتل عسيب النخل ذا خصل
في غارز لم تحونه الاحاليل
قدواء في حرتيها للبصير بها
عتق مبين وفي الخدين تسهيل
نخدي علي بسرار وهي لاحقة
ذوابل مسهن الارض تحليل

سمر العجايا يترك الحصى زينا
 لم يقهـن رؤى الاكم تنعيل
 كأن اوب ذراعها اذا عرقت
 وقد تلفع بالقور العساويل
 يوما يظل به الحوباء مصطخدا
 كأن ضاحية بالشمس مملول
 كل ابن انثى وان طالت سلامته
 يوما على آلة حدباء محمول (b)
 انبئت ان رسول الله اوعذني
 والعفو عذ رسول الله مأمول
 مهلا هداك الذي اعطاك نافلة
 القرآن فيها مواعظ وتفصيل
 لا تأخذني باقوال الوشاة ولم
 اذنب و ان كثرت في الاقويل
 لقد اقوم مقاما يقوم به
 ارى واسمع ما لو يسمع الفيل
 لظل يردد إلا ان يكون له
 من الرسول باذن الله تذويل
 حتى وضعت يميني لا أنازعه
 في كف ذي بقمات قبله القيل
 لذاك اهيـب عذدي اذ اكلمه
 وقيل انك منسوب ومسنول
 من خادر من ليوث الاسد مسكنه
 يبطن مثرغيل دونه غيل
 يغدو فيلحم ضرغامين عيشهم
 لحم من القوم معفور خراديله

إذا يساور قرنا لا يحل له
 أن يترك القرن إلا وهو مفلول
 منه تظل سباع الجـو ضامرة
 ولا تمشي بواديه الأراجيل

5. Parse. قنوء in exact (a), and give both forms, masc. 5
 and fem., sing. and plural.

(b) Give the singulars of السمر العجايات and اللكيين.

6. Translate into Arabic, making vowel points :—

(a) A man's giving in alms one piece of silver in his life- 20
 time is better than giving a hundred when about to die.

(b) No judge must decide between two persons when he is
 angry.

(c) Verily, the best of women are those that are content
 with little.

(d) There is no obedience to sinful commands, nor to any
 other than what is lawful.

(e) Deliberation in undertakings is pleasing to God, and
 haste is pleasing to the Devil.

ARABIC.

Examiner—SHAMSUL-ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMUD GELANI.

FOURTH HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English as closely as the idiom will 14
 admit:—

ثم تدانى الجيشان واصطدما واصطليا بفار الحرب واصطلما
 والتفت الاقتران بالاقران وامتدت الاعناق للضراب وشرعت
 النحور للطلعان واكفهرت الوجوه واعجرت وكشرت ذياب الضراب
 واهرت وتهارشت نموو الشورر واسبطرت وتعاشرت اسود الجنو
 واز بأرك واكتست بريش النبال الجلود فاقشعرت وهوت جبلة الجبد
 ورؤس الرؤس في محراب الحرب للسجود فخرت وثار الغب
 وقام الققام وخاض بحار الدماء كل خاص وعام وصارت نج
 السماء في ظلام الققام لشياطين الاساطين رجوما رواشق ولوا

حفرة لخدمة فرضه في تابوت من آبنوس وحمله الروس على
الروس ومشى في تشييع جنازته الملوك والجنود حلسري الروس
لابسي النياب السود ومعهم طوائف الامراء والاعيان وانزلة على
حفيدة محمد سلطان في مدرسة حفيده المذكور بالقرب من مكان
يسمى روح اباد وهو موضع مشهور فكان هناك على اثنان في
سرداب معلوم غير خاف اقام عليه شرائط العزاء من اقراء الختمات
والربعات والدعاء وتفريق الصدقات واطعام الاطعمة والحلوات
وسنم قبرة ونجرامه ونشر على قبرة اقمشته وعلق على
الجدران اسلحته وامتعته كل ذلك ما بين مكلل ومرصع و
مزرکش ومصنع ادنى شئ من ذلك بخراج اقليم وحنة من
كس تلك الجواهر تفوت النقويم وعلق نجوم قناديل الذهب
والفضة في سماء عواشيهما وسط اعلى مهادها فرش الحرير
والديداج الى اطرافها وحواشيه ومن جملة هذه القناديل
قنديل من ذهب زنته اربعة الاف مثقال رطل واحد بالسمرقندي
وبالدمشقي عشرة ارطال ثم رتب على حفرة القراء والخدمة
وارصد على المدرسة البوابين والقومة وقدر لهم الادارات من
المسانيات والمياومات والمشاهرات ثم نقله بعد ذلك بمدة
الى تابوت من فولاذ صنعه رجل من اهل شيراز ماهر في صنعه
اسنان وقبرة في مكانه المشهور تنقل اليه النذور وتطلب عنده
الحاجات وتبتهل عنده الدعوات وتخضع الملوك اذا مرت به
اعظاما وربما تنزل عن مراكبها اجلالا له واکراما *

4 (a) Explain ختمات and ربعات. Give the exact meaning 4
and the origin of سنم in سنم قبرة ?

(b) Are مزرکش and استادفولاذ pure Arabic words ?

(c) Explain clearly the difference between مساكنات - مياومات -
مشاهرات

5 Paraphrase into Arabic using your own language as 14
much as possible (giving every vowel-point) :—

فالتحم بينهم النطاح واشتبكت بين الطائفتين فامل الرماح
فازدهروا و اقتحموا واشتدروا و انقموا ولازالت اقلام الخط فى الواح
الصدور نخط والقضبان الصوارم لرؤس تلك الاقلام و الاعلام تقط
وعشاريط الذبال لدماميل الدمال تبط و الارض من اثقال اجبال
القتال تأط حتى سجي ليلا الظلام و القتام و اعطشا فتراجعوا وقد
اعطى الله النصر لمن يشا و جرى من دعاء العدو مع فوق
بهران و فقد من العساكر الاسلامية نفران ثم اصبحوا يوم السبت
حادي عشرة و قد تعبت الجنود الشامية و العساكر الاسلامية
السلطانية بالعدة البالغة و الالهة السابغة و الخيول المسومة
و الرماح المقومة و الاعلام المعلمة و لم يعوز اولئك الصناديد
سوى شمة من النصر و التابيد فنحوا قصدة و قصدوا ردة و صدة
و اقبلت عساكر و السعد الميمون طايوة و القضاء موازرة و القدر
مظاهرة بالجنود المذكورة و الجيوش المعهودة المنصورة توهمهم
الاقبال و اقبال القتال و اذابه قد اضر لهم الويل و عبي
عساكر تحت جنح الليل و بثهم فيهم و ارسل عليهم و قابلهم
بمقدمتهم و شغلهم بائلهم *

6. (a) Explain ان in جوعان - قضبان and عطشان &c. Is 4
it the same ان as in رجالان ? Show the difference of meaning
between جوعان and جائع.

(b) Explain the literal meaning of الخيول المسومة and
what difference is there between the former and الخيول الغير
المسومة.

7. Translate literally into English:—

14

الى ان ولي قيادة الجيوش و العساكر بخراسان وهى الرتبة
التي طال ما يتناحر عليها كباش الرجال و قروم الابطال فلم
يحظ بها الا العدد اليسير الذين سار ذكرهم فى الافاق و تسامع
بهم رجال خراسان و العراق سناء و قدرا و دهاء و نكرا و مهابة و
حشمة و نباهة و نعمة هذا على طرائة سنه و نضارة غصنه و عنقوان

امره وريهان شذابه و عمره كما قيل — قاد الجيوش لخمس
 عشرة حجة — ولداته اذ ذاك في اشغال — قعدت بهم هماتهم
 و سمت به همهم الملوك و سورة الابطال — و هلم جرا الى ان
 ملك خراسان بامرهما و زاولستان عن آخرها و بلاد نيمروز
 بحذافيرها و جبال الغور على حصانقتها و دوح السند فاستباحها
 و غزا المولتان فاجتباها و توغل الهند عودا على بدء فكا
 جراحها و اذل لقاحها و جاس مغانيها و رباعها و افنتج صياصياها
 و قلاعها و اقام عن بيوت الاصنام مساجد الاسلام و عن عشايد
 الكفر و البهتان معاهد التوحيد و الايمان فصارت الاطفال تهدد
 في بطالاتها بقدمه و تغزق باقبال الويته و اعلامه و ظل اقد بالهم
 و جيبالهم و ابطالهم كما قال الاشجع السلمي — و على عدوى
 يابن عم محمد رصدان ضوء الصبح و الاظلام — فاذا تبتد رعته و
 اذا هدا — سلت عليه سيوفك الاحلام — و حاز الله له من
 البسطة في العلم و الحلم و الهيبة بالاسم و الجسم و الظهور
 داحابيش الاعداء في وقايح يعز صبر النفوس على امتالها و نكاد
 تمور الارض من احوالها ما لم يسمع بمثله صبر لاحد من الملوك
 الا عن اساطير الاولين اريد بها التهويل و التطويل و التعجيب
 و التغريب دون الحقيقة التي يشهد بها العيان و يقوم عليها
 البيان و البرهان فلونشرت صحائف الدول الاسلامية و ايام الملة
 الخفيفة لكانت دولته عزة تلك الدول و مساعيده فيها طراز
 تلك الحل

8. Write out short accounts of the authors of "Tārikhi-Yamīni" and "Tārikhi-Taimuri." When and where did they flourish? Compare their writings and state which of them was a good writer of Arabic literature? 8

9 Translate into Arabic (giving every vowel-point):— 18

I have diligently considered the position of the earth and sun, and formed innumerable schemes, in which I changed their situation. I have sometimes turned the axis of the earth, and sometimes varied the ecliptic of the sun: but I have found it impossible to make it a disposition by which the world may

be advantaged: what one region gains, another loses by an imaginable alteration, even without considering the distant parts of the solar system with which we are unacquainted. Do not, therefore, in thy administration of the year, indulge thy pride by innovation; do not please thyself with thinking that thou canst make thyself renowned to all future ages, by disordering the seasons. The memory of mischief is no desirable fame. Much less will it become thee to let kindness or interest prevail. Never rob other countries of rain to pour it on thine own. For us the Nile is sufficient.

PERSIAN.

Paper set by—MAULAVI ABUL KHAIR MD. SIDDIQ, M.A.

Examiner—COL. H. S. JARRETT.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :—

14

چو بیدار شد رستم از خواب خوش
 بکار آمدش بارغ دست کش
 بدان مرغزار اندرون بنگرید
 زهر سوهمی بارگی را ندید
 غمی گشت چون بارگی را نیافت
 سراسیمه سوی سمگان شتافت
 همی گفت کاکنون پیاده دوان
 کجا پویم از ننگ تیـره روان
 ابا ترکش و گرز بسته میان
 چنین تری و شمشیر و ببر بیان
 بیابان چه گونه گذاره کنم
 ابا جنگ جویان چه چاره کنم
 کنون رفت باید به بیچارگی
 بغم دل نهادن بیک بارگی
 همی بست باید سلیح و کمر
 بجائی نشانش ییابم مگر

2. (a) Dissect the words *مرغزار* and *سراسیمه*, and give the meanings of their component parts. 3

(b) Define exactly the words *دست‌کش* and *بیر بیان* 3

(c) What sort of word is *سلیح*, and what is its exact meaning? 2

3. Translate into English :— 14

من با خرد به حجرت خلوت شتافتم
گفتم که ای نتیجه الطاف کردگار
آن شاهد از کجاست که این چرخ شوخ چشم
از گوش او برون کند این نغز گوشوار
باز این چه شکل بوالعجب و نقش نادر است
کز کارگاه غیب همی گردد آشکار
گردون ز بازوی که کشودست این طراز
گیتی ز ساعدی که ربودست این سوار
گر جرم کوکبت چرا شد چنین دوتا
ور پیکر مهست چرا شد چنین نزار
گفت آنچه برشمردی ازان جمله هیچ نیست
دانی که چیست با تو بگویم باختصار
نعل سمند شاه جهانست کاسمان
هر ماله بر سرش نهد از بهر افتخار

4. (a) What do the preceding lines refer to? 3

(b) Scan the first two *baits*, noting the difference between the two, and name the metre. 5

(c) Analyse the first two *baits*, according to Persian Grammar. 5

5. Translate into English :— 10

یك از دیگر استاد آنگاه دور
پیر از درد باب و پیر از درد پور
جهانا شگفتی ز کردار تست
شکسته هم از تو هم از تو درست
ازین دو یکی را نجنبید مهر
خرد دور بد مهر نهد مهر

همي بچه را باز داند ستور
چه ماهي بدريا چه در دشت گور
نداند همي مردم از رنج و آز
يکي دشمني را ز فرزند باز
بدل گفت رستم که هرگز نهنگ
نديدم که آيد بدينسان بچنگ

6. Explain fully the following lines, clearing the references, and narrating the stories with which they are connected :— 6

(a) اعجاز موسوي نبود هر کجا کسی

چو بي شعیب وار بدست شبان دهد

(b) زمانه ناکه صالح نکشته بود که چرخ

بدست چون تو کسی خواستش سپرد زمام

7. (a) Write the following words with the vowel-points, and give their Arabic plurals or singulars, as the case may be, also with the vowel-points :—بهاثم, کوکب, الطاف, نتیجه, جناح, علائق, بقعه, خواص. 4

- (b) Write the following words with the vowel-points, name their صیغه, and give their ماده —مبارک, غریق, منطقه, مجال, مقدر, انقلاب. 6

8. Translate into Persian :—

(a) The religion of Akbar himself may be inferred from what has been said. It seems to have been pure deism ; in addition to which some ceremonies were permitted in consideration of human infirmity. It maintained that we ought to reverence God according to the knowledge of Him derived from our own reason by which His unity and benevolence are sufficiently established ; that we ought to serve Him, and to seek our future happiness by subduing our bad passions, and practising such virtues as are beneficial to mankind ; but that we should not adopt a creed, or practise a ritual, on the authority of any man, as all were liable to vice and error like ourselves.

(b) With what caution does the hen provide herself a nest in places unfrequented, and free from noise and disturbance ! When she has laid her eggs in such a manner that she can cover them, what care does she take in turning them frequently that all parts may partake of the vital warmth !

PERSIAN.

Examiner—SAMSUL-ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMUD, GILANI.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate literally into English :—

13

باندازد طبع وقادش بلند آسمان کوتاه اوج و با غور فکر نقادش
 ژرف دریا تنگ موج بمعجز نغمهای داودی صوم کنندد دلهای
 اهین و بوطوبت ترانهای باربدی از مغز زهد یدوست چین در
 گلشن ترانه سازی جرم زهره بگل تسیم شاگردی در تارک ارائی
 و در صفحہ رقم غرازی صفر عطار را به نقطه امتحان قلم در
 مرتبه افزائی بلبل اگر بنغمات نقش او نفس بر امیزد کهن ترانه
 خود را با حرف برگ گل از منقار پیرون ریزد بشهد فصاحت چاشنی
 بلاغت در کام و زبان انباشته و بکلید طلاقت قفل لکنت از در
 بیان برداشته بروشنی بیانش شام طبعان در صبح طوازی و
 بر سائی ادایش کوتاه درکان در زبان درازی دست رس معانی سره
 کجا است فطرنش بر طاق بلند نهاده و قدرت خریداری الفاظ
 سنجیده کرا است فصاحتش به بیعانگی قیمت داده عبارت را
 پاکي لَو لَوِ عَدَن الفاظ را نوی فہرورنگ کهن *

2. (a) Give the 2nd person plural and the future tense of 8
 نقاد and وقاد.

(b) In how many ways is صیغہ مبالغہ formed in Arabic?
 Give examples.

(c) With what references are زهره and عطار used in the
 above extract?

(d) What part of speech is بیعانگی? Explain the final ی
 in it.

3. Give an account of باربد in Persian. Who was he? 8
 When and where did he flourish? What was his special work?

سروش موع تذکار و مورد قبول یابد نثار پیشگاه حضور پادشاه
 فلک دستگه انجم سپاه خورشید سایه جمشید پایه دوست نواز
 دشمن گداز عدل اندوز ظلم سوز قائم سیف دلیری پنجه ساعد
 ملک گیري نظام بخش ممالک امن ساز مسالک خوف پرداز
 مهالک سلطان معظم برادر مکرم امپراطور اعظم که تا در دیر
 مسدس جهان راهبان فلک هر صبح و شام طیلان ساز ظلام
 و زنار بند مجره و صلیب اویز جوزا و ناقوس نواز ثریا است معابد
 تخت و گاه و صوامع بخت و چاهش در اندکار زیور خلافت از
 نعمات داودی پرواز و مرغان خوش الحان اقبالش در اوج هوای
 امال با انفاس عیسوی دمساز باد ساخته مکشوف رای ملک ارا
 که گنجور عقود موافقت و دستور قواعد مصادقت و ترجمان
 سراپا دوستی و مفسر آیات یکجتهی است میداریم *

9. (a) Give the singulars or the plurals, as the case may be, and the etymology of—هدایا، دعا، اندکار، مسیط، نثار، مطایا، بسط، زنا، راهب، دیر، مهالک، ساعد، سیف، قایمه، موقع، ادرار، صوامع، معابد، صلیب، ناقوس. 8

(b) Why is جهان called مسدس? Explain this reference.

10. Translate into Persian:— 22
 Among the artists that had been allured into the happy valley, to labour for the accommodation and pleasure of its inhabitants, was a man eminent for his knowledge of the mechanical powers, who had contrived many engines both of use and recreation. By a wheel, which the stream turned, he forced the water into a tower, whence it was distributed to all the apartments of the palace. He erected a pavilion in the garden, around which he kept the air always cool by artificial showers. One of the groves, appropriated to the ladies, was ventilated by fans, to which the rivulets that ran through it gave a constant motion; and instruments of soft music were placed at proper distances, of which some played by the impulse of the wind, and some by the power of the stream.

PERSIAN.

Paper set by—MAULAVI ABUL KHAIR MD. SHAIQ M.A.

Examiner—COL. H. S. JARRETT.

FIRST HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks

1. Give an explanatory translation of the following lines 14
into English :—

کزون که در کف گل جام باد و صافست
صد هزار زبان بلبلش در اوصافست
بخواه دفتر اشعار و رو بصحرا کن
چه وقت مدرسه و بحث و کشف کشفست
فقیه مدرسه دی مست بود و فتوی داد
که می حرام ولی به زمال اوقافست
بدرد و صاف ترا حکم نیست دم درکش
که هرچه ساقی ما ریخت عین الطافست
ببر ز خلق و ز عنقا قیاس کار بگیر
که صیت گوشه نشینان ز قاف تا قافست
حدیث مدعیان و خیال همکاران
همان حکایت زردوز و بوریا بافست
خמוש حافظ و ابی نکتهای چون زر سرخ
نگاهداری که قلاب شهر صرافست

2. (a) Scan the first bait and name the metre. 5
(b) Comment on قاف مال, اوقاف, کشف, کشف. 5
(c) Write the following words with the vowel-points, name 6
their صیغه, and give their ماده, and give the original form of
the first word—صاف, مدرسه, فقیه, ساقی, مدعی, قلاب.
3. Give an explanatory translation into English :— 12

نگاشت عزم تو بر صورت فلک جنبش
سزشت حلم تو در طینت زمین آرام

نفیر کوس تو بدخواه ملک را بسماع
چنان بود که جعل را نسیم گل بمشام.
دران هوس که ش—ود رازدار خاتم تو
بدست حکم تو چون موم گشت سنگ رخام
امل بقیقه خندد چو شیشه از شادی
چو تو بمجلس عشرت بدست گیری جام
توئی که تا کف پای تو بوسه داد رکاب
دگ—ر سپهر حرون سر نمی کشد ز لگام
به یخت دشمن تر دامت بسی سودا
ولیک عاقبتش خشک گشت برتن خام
تورستمی بگه حمله پیر زال فلک
چگونه پیش تو دستان زند بهردی سام

4. Explain the following lines, clearing the references and allusions, and narrating the stories with which they are connected. — 12

- (a) یا همچو یونس آمده بیرون ز بطن حوت
افقاده بر کذا، دریانحیف و زار
- (b) ای هدهد صبا بسدا میفرستم—
بنگر که از کجا بکجا میفرستم—
- (c) گنج قارون که فرو میرود از قعر هنوز
خوانده باشی که هم از غیرت درویشانست
- (d) شب قارست و ره وادی ایمن در پیش
آتش طور کجا وعدۀ دیدار کجاست

5. Translate into English:—

7

اگر بـذهـب تو خون عاشقت مباح
صلاح ما همه آنست کان تراست صلاح
سواد زلف تو نفیسـر جاعل الظامات
بیاض روی تو تبیان فالح الاصباح

ز دیده ام شده صد چشمه در کنار روان
 که خود شنا نکند در میان آن ملاح
 لب چو آب حیات تو هست قوت روح
 وجود خاکي مـا را ازوست لذت راح
 ز چنگ زلف کمندت کسی نیاوت خلاص
 نه از کمالچـۀ ابرو و تیر غمـزۀ نـجـاح

6. (a) Analyse the first *bait* of the preceding extract, according to Persian Grammar. 5

(b) Explain the character of the *اضافات* in the following phrases—*گنج قارون*, *پیر زال فلک*, *مجلس عشرت*, *سنگ رخام*, *زلف کمند*, *سواد زلف*. 4

7. Write an essay in *Persian* on the evils of bad company. 12

8. Translate into Persian :— 18

Poverty is, except where there is an actual want of food and raiment, a thing much more imaginary than real. *The shame of poverty*, the shame of being thought poor, is a great and fatal weakness, though arising from the fashion of the times themselves. When adulation is sure to follow wealth, and when contempt would be awarded to many if they were not wealthy, who are spoken of with deference, and even landed to the skies, because their riches are great and notorious; when this is the case, we are not to be surprised that men are ashamed to be thought to be poor. This is one of the greatest of all the dangers at the outset of life; it has brought thousands and hundreds of thousands to ruin, even to *pecuniary* ruin.

PERSIAN.

Examiner—SHAMSUL-ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMUD, GILANI.

SECOND HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :—

و از برای دفع ان تمهید مقدمه لازم می نماید و ان این
 است که خلق ملکه ایست نفس را که مقتضی سهولت صدور
 فعلی باشد از او بی احتیاج بفکر و رویت و ملکه کیفیتی است

راسخ در نفس و در حکمت نظری معلوم شده که کیفیت نفسانی اگر سریع الزوال است آن را حال میگویند و اگر بطی الزوال است ملکه و سبب وجود خلق نفس را دو چیز تواند بود یکی طبیعت چنانچه مزاج شخصی در اصل فطرت بران وجه باشد که استعداد کیفیتی خاص در او بیشتر باشد تا بادنای سببی بان متکیف شود چنانچه مزاج حار یا بس غضب را و حار رطب شهوت را و بارد رطب نسیانرا و بارد یا بس بلاد را چنانچه به تفصیل در کتب حکمت و طب مبین شده و دیگر عادت و ان چنان باشد که در ابتدا با اختیار مزاولت فعلی نماید و بتکرار مهارست متمرکز و فرسوده شود چنانچه بهسولت بی رویت ان فعل از او صادر شود و حینئذ خلق باشد بعضی برانند که تمامت اخلاق طبعی اند یعنی مقتضای طبیعت اند و قابل زوال نیستند چنانچه در تقریر اشکال مبسوط شد و جمعی برانند که بعضی اخلاق مقتضای طبیعت است و قابل زوال نیست و بعضی قابل زوال *

2. (a) Distinguish between فکر و رویت? Give the root of the latter. 6

(b) Explain clearly حکمت عملی, حکمت نظری, and حکمت طبیعی.

(c) Derive مزاولت and عادی. What are their exact meanings? 5

3. Explain, with instances, the following grammatical terms—اضافت, حرف نداء, واور, عطف, الف وصل, الف مقصورة, ایجاز and میم 5

4. Translate into English, explaining the difficult passages clearly:— 15

و از اینجا است که اساطین ائمه حکمت و اکابر مشایخ ملت تصریح فرمودند که وحدت ذاتی حق نوعی دیگر از وحدت است غیر وحدت عددی چنانچه در صدر معتقد

شیخ کبیر و امام خبیر قدوة الواصلین الی الملک اللطیف ابی عبد الله محمد بن الحنفیة رضی الله عنه مسطور است الله واحد لا بالعدد ولا کالاتحاد و تصور این وحدت علی ما هی علیه من الاحاطة از طور مدارک عقول متجاوز است و جز بنور کشف و عیان بان نتوان رسید و از جهت صعوبت تصور این وحدت است که میفرماید و اذا ذکر الله وحده اشمازت قلوب الذین لا یؤمنون بالآخرة چنانچه امام راغب و غیر او از محققان تحقیق فرموده اند و پرتوی از او که مطمح نظر عقل تواند شد وحدت عددی است که بی فروغ آن هیچ ذره از ذرات در حین ظهور و موطن شعور نتواند آمد و با انکلال آن رابطه بقای هیچ فردی از افراد موجودات صورت نپذیرد *

5. (a) Who were محمد بن الحنفیة and امام راغب? Give a short account of each in Persian. 8

(b) What part of speech is قدوة?

(c) What is the root of اشمازت? Is it a trilateral or a quadrilateral one?

6. Translate literally into English:—

13

با وجود حجب کثرت در مشاهده شاهد وحدت معنی کلام معجز نظام لو کشف الغطاء لما ازدادت یقینا وصف حال او ساخته و گلستان نیت و بوستان عقیدتش از خس و خاشاک شک و شبهه برداشته مجموعه عرفان موحدان فردی از دفتر شناسائیش عذف و اشقام ما سوا پسندیده طبع مواسائیش بتوضیح بیانش نشانهای بی نشان همه دلنشین و خاطر نشان بافتاب نظر بر دو بیان نینداختن بمصور قضا تهدید باحال احولان نپرداختن زنا را باسجه نه پیوندیست که گسیختنش بر کشاکش کشیشان نخندد و کفر را با ایمان نه سرپست که صداعش صندل چاره از پیشانی برهمان نبرد از صدمه توحیدش دوئی در یکی گریخته و بعلاقه تجریدش خودی در توئی او یخته

گوشي حق شنو چشمي حق بين دلي حق جو و خاطري
عروان را سينه معروف خيز تاركي اسمان سا جبهه سجده ريز *

7. (a) Whose saying is *لو كشف الغطاء لما ازددت يقينا* ? 9
(b) Who is meant by *شاهد وحدت* ? Explain it clearly.
(c) Explain clearly the sentences from *نپرداختن* to *بافذاب نظر* and write down their predicate.
(d) What parts of speech are *شنو*, *بين*, *جو*, *سا*, *خيز*, *زا*, *جوه*, *ريز* and *ريز* in the above extract ?
(e) Give the verbs of the following phrases from *حق شنو* *جبهه سجده ريز* *گوشي* to the end 5

8. Explain the use of auxiliary verbs in Persian, and give examples. 5

9. Translate into Persian :— 23

It is indeed impossible to deny that in the great art of inspiring large masses of human beings with confidence and attachment, no ruler ever surpassed Hastings. If he had made himself popular with the English by giving up the Bengalees to extortion and oppression, or if, on the other hand, he had conciliated the Bengalees and alienated the English, there would have been no cause for wonder. What is peculiar to him is that, being the chief of a small band of strangers, who exercised boundless power over a great indigenous population, he made himself beloved both by the subject many and by the dominant few. The affection felt for him by the civil service was singularly ardent and constant. Through all his disasters and perils, his brethren stood by him with steadfast loyalty. The army, at the same time, loved him as armies have seldom loved any but the greatest chiefs who have led them to victory. Even in his disputes with distinguished military men, he could always count on the support of the military profession. While such was his empire over the hearts of his countrymen, he enjoyed among the natives a popularity, such as other governors have perhaps better merited, but such as no governor has been able to attain.

PERSIAN.

Paper set by—MAULAVI ABUL KHAIR MD. SIDDIQ, M.A.

Examiner—COL. H. S. JARRETT.

THIRD HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :—

14

مرا بخت روشن بدیدار تست * بوي خرم و جاودان تندرست

گزاینده کاری نو آمد به پیش * کز اندیشه آن دلم گشت ریش
 نشسته گردان سراسر بهم * بخواندند آن نامه گزدهم
 بدان گونه دیدند گردان نیدو * که نزد تو آید گرانمایه گیو
 بنزد تو آمد مر این نامه را * بدانی بد و نیک این خامه را
 چونامه بخوانی بروز و شب * مکن داستان را کشاده دولب
 اگر دسته داری بدست موی * یکی تیز کن مغز و بنمای روی
 وگر خفته زود برجه بدای * وگر خود بپائی زمانی مپای
 مگر با سواران سیار هوش * برانی ز زابل براری خروش
 بران سان که گزدهم ازو یاد کرد * جز از تو نباشد ورا هم نبرد

2. (a) Comment on the formation of the words روشن, 4
 دیدار, and جاودان, and give two other words similar to each of
 them.

(b) Parse بوی and گزاینده, giving the مصدر of each, and 3
 state if these two forms are used in modern literature, and
 what other forms are used in their place.

(c) What was نامه گزدهم? Is the pronunciation of گزدهم 2
 the same in the third and the last bait?

(d) Who is addressed in the first bait, and who is meant by 2
 ازو in the last?

3. Translate into English:—

12

خسروا گوی فلک در خم چوگان تو باد
 ساحت کون و مکان عرصه میدان تو باد
 همه آفاق گرفت و همه اطراف کشاد
 صیت خلق تو که پیوسته نگهبان تو باد
 زلف خاتون ظفر شیفته برچم تست
 دیدد فتح ابد عاشق، جولان تو باد
 ای که انشای عطارد صفت شوکت تست
 عقل کل چاکر طغراکش دیوان تو باد
 طیرر جلوه طوبی قد دلجوی تو شد
 غیرت خلد برین ساحت ایوان تو باد

نه بنهنا حيوانات و نباتات و جماد

• هرچه در عالم امرست بفرومان توباد

حافظ خسته باخلاص ثنا خوان توشد

لطف عام توشفا بخش ثنا خوان توباد

4. (a) Explain the fourth *bait*, clearing the references. 4

(b) Derive the word چوگان, and define exactly the word 3

طغرا.

(c) Scan the sixth *bait*, and name the metre. 2

5. Translate into English :— 12

چو خورشید رخشان بگسترد پر * سیه زاغ پوان فرو برد سر
تهمن بپوشید ببر بیان * نشست از بر اژدهای دمان
بیامد بدان دشت آورد گاه * نهاده ز آهن بسر بر کلاه
وزان روی سهراب با انجمن * همی می گسارید با رودزن
بهومان چنین گفت کان شیر مرد * که با من همی گردد اندر نبرد
برو کتف و یالش بمانند من * تو گوئی که داننده برزد رسن
نشانه‌ای مادر بیابم همی * بدل نیز لختی بذابم همی
گمانی برم من که او رستمست * که چون او نبرده بگیتی کمست

6. (a) Define exactly the words خورشید, تهمن, ببر بیان, 5
آوردگاه, and رودزن and give the component parts of each with
their meanings.

(b) What is meant by نشست از بر اژدهای دمان, and what 2
is the force of همی می گسارید in همی ?

(c) Explain the force of the final letter in اژدهای, نهاده, 2
لختی, and نبرده, in the second, third, seventh, and eighth *bait*
respectively.

7. (a) How are اسم آله and تصغیر formed in Persian ? 5
Illustrate your answer by examples.

(b) Write the following words with the vowel-points, name 6
تفاوت, مشکل :— ماده, باب, and give their صیغه
مشترک, مدام, ملازم, مستغنی.

8. Translate into Persian :— 20

When it was announced to him that the physicians had given

over all their efforts, declaring that medicine could no longer avail, Baber seized on the only hope that remained, and, in conformity with a superstition which still prevails in the East, he determined to devote his own life for that of his son. His friends, who had as little doubt of the efficacy of this substitution as he had himself, entreated him to forbear from a sacrifice involving the happiness of so many; but Baber's resolution was unmoved. He walked three times round the bed of the dying prince (a solemnity usual on such occasions), and then spent some moments in earnest prayer to God; at the end of which, he was filled with such assurance, that he more than once exclaimed, 'I have borne it away!' and so powerful was the impression both on his mind and his son's, that all the historians agree that Humayun began from that time to recover, while it is certain that Baber, who was already ill, and whose health must have been severely shaken by his anxiety and agitation, began visibly to decline.

PERSIAN.

Examiner—SHAMSUL-ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMUD GILANI.

FOURTH HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :—

16

درانعرصه که از انبوه پیداده و سوار زمین آئینه جوشن بار بود
اگرچه هیدت و سطوت پادشاه غازی چون قوت غاذیه و نامیه
لشکری فراوان تر از اوراق اشجار بگلدن برج و شاخ حصار رسانید
اما غنچه که در لاله زار امید دمید نقش جبینش الحمرة
للخجل بود و گلی که از برگستان چشمداشت بنظر آمد سجع
نگینش الصفرة للوجل اول بهادران بر سر نقبسی که افلاطون
اندیشه به افروختن شعله ادراک انجا نشسته بود و رصد طلوع
کوکب فتح از پدید آمدن ان برج بسته چون فکر منجم دویدند اما
هر چند آتش زدند همچو صحبت ارباب حدت طبع با بیسواد
در نگرفت چه سیاه بختان محشور و ستاره سوختگان بی نور
پانصد من باروت را بسان خسته مستقره دزدیده بودند لا جرم
مانند اختر راجع از انصوب برگشته مثال خیال شاعر قصه
رسیدن به بیتهای بلند نمودند یعنی ان دو برج که از افتادن

سنگها چون سکنه شعر از الفاظ ثقیل شکستی داشت اما بعد ازان که تقطیع بالات حرب و توزین بادوات ضریب درمیان امد ظاهر شد که دخل بیجا در رباعی ان چار دیوار عناصر که به نکتہای سر بسته حقه و مضمونهای پیچیده گلوله بسته شده بود مشکلست و دماغ سوزی در حل معما حصار که بغیر عمل تحلیل و تسهیل گشودنی نیست باطل *

2. (a) What are قوه نامیه and قوه غاذیه? How many kinds of قوه are there in وجود انسانی? Explain the function which each of them exercises. 6

(b) Who was the first inventor of رصد in astronomy?

(c) Explain اختر راجع and خمسة مستقره.

3. (a) There are two kinds of سکنه in prosody, the one called سکنه قبیع and the other سکنه ملیح. Explain and exemplify what kind of سکنه is called قبیع and what kind is called ملیح. 4

(b) What are تحلیل and تسهیل? and how are they used?

4. (a) How is the noun of instrument (اسم الة) formed in Persian? Give examples. 5

(b) What is تفریس? Explain and illustrate.

5. Translate into English:—

14

العزة له نقطه موهومی که خط بندگیش در سطح استان اگر بمركز قبول میرسید از خرمی چون جسم تعلیمی در ابعاد ثلثه میباید و سرمباهات بدایره فلك میرسانید از کجا این سعی بکار رفت و چگونه کار باینجا کشید که در زاویه قائمه قلعه باستقلال نشسته دعوی تساوی طرفین مینماید و بذص ولا تستوی الحسنه ولا السيئه دیدی عبرت نمی گشاید چه حد او را که مثلث مساوی الاضلاع بی ادبی رسم کند تا سه مرتبه محور دایره خلافت سطح پای قلعه او را سرفرازی بخشد و او یک بار نقطه وار در پای پرگار سم سمند جهان پیمای

نیفتند و چون نقش نگین از فروتنی سکه بلند نامی نزنند زهی
پستی خطرت و بسی حسیض مذلت بکجی طبع از فحواى ام
ایرموا امرا فانا مبرمون نباید انحراف ورزید و عمود استقامت
برزاویۀ منفرجه مربع قلعه نشاید اقامت کرد تا دایرۀ محاصره
بشکل مستطیل انجامد و برهان مهندس تدبیر بوجه آخر کشد *

4. 6. Explain clearly the geometrical terms—مَوْهُوم—نقطه، عمود، محور، قایمه، زاویه، ابعاد، ثلثه، جسم تعلیمی، دایره، and زاویه منفرجه.

7. What methods are employed in colloquial Persian to shew that a sentence is put interrogatively? Give instances. 4

8. Translate literally into English:—

مقدری که دست قدرت بیهمالش در مواد اضداد صوری
با همه تباین و دوری چندان خاصیت اتحاد نهاد که امیزش
آتش و آب و امتزاج باد و خاک خلقنی لطیف چون پیکر شریف
انسانی صفت قوام پذیرد و از تفاعل کیفیات متخالفه و تقابل
انفعالات مترادفه باحسن الوجوه سمت التیام گیرد و بتعلق
نفس و بدن با غایت اختلاف از اثر ایتلاف مسجود ملک و
مقصود فلک گردد مدبریکه از اثر حکمت بیهمالش چنانچه در
اجتماع و اتفاق اضداد آثار نیک و نذیج نزدیک نهاده تباد و
افتراق انداد را نیز اثر حصول مقصود و مراد داده است نیوین
اعظمین افتاب و ماه رونق بخش این بلند خرگاد و ظهور نور
و کمال ظهور در حالت جدائی و دوری این و آن و تباد و
تقابل مقام و مکان است و درود مسبحان افلاک بر روان پاک
رسل و انبیا و خلفا و اوصیا که 'بتواتر ابلاغ و اخبار و تواتر
کتب و آثار کاشف پیوند اول و آخر و شارع مسلک باطن و ظاهر
و مخبر ربط قدیم و جدید و مظهر فرق شقی و سعیداند *

9. (a) Give the root and the primary meanings of the following—ایتلاف، التیام، تواتر، مقام، اتحاد، سمت، مواد— 4

(b) Explain **تفاعل** and **انفعالات**.

10. Who is the writer of the eighth extract? Give an account of his life in Persian. 6

11. Translate into idiomatic Persian :— 24

Here the sons and daughters of Abyssinia lived only to know the soft vicissitudes of pleasure and repose, attended by all that were skilful to delight; and gratified with whatever the sense can enjoy. They wandered in gardens of fragrance, and slept in the fortress of security. Every art was practised to make them pleased with their own condition. The sages who instructed them told them of nothing but the miseries of public life, and described all beyond the mountains as regions of calamity, where discord was always raging, and where man preyed upon man. To heighten their opinion of their own felicity, they were daily entertained with songs, the subject of which was the *happy valley*. Their appetites were excited by frequent enumerations of different enjoyments, and revelry and merriment were the business of every hour, from the dawn of morning to the close of the evening.

HISTORY.

Paper set by—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M.A.

Examiner—MR. M. PROTHERO, M.A.

FIRST PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

History of England.

1. What difference is observable between the object of the early Danish invasions of England and the policy of the Danish rule under Cnut? Describe this policy. 12

2. Trace the growth of personal and political freedom in the English Township, from the granting of Henry the First's Charter to the close of the 13th century. What was the civic status, if any, of the Jews in those days? 15

3. What significance in the history of the relation of Church to State in England have the appointments of Wolsey as Legate and of Thomas Cromwell as Vicar General, respectively? Describe the Church-and-State policy of the latter, and its result. 14

4. Show, by a review of the demands in the Petition of Right and the Grand Remonstrance, what the course of Charles the First's misgovernment had been. To what extent were the evils of this misgovernment remedied by the Parliamt Convention? 13

5. Describe the Home Policy of the younger Pitt. What great intellectual activities of British genius contributed in shaping this policy? 12

Either, History of India.

6. Describe the financial and administrative condition of Bengal at the time of Warren Hastings' appointment as Gover- 12

nor. How much of this condition is traceable to the system introduced by Clive, and what did Hastings do to improve it?

7. Describe briefly the Mahratta Feudatory system as it stood at the middle of the 18th century. How did the treaty of Bassein endeavour to alter the economy of this feudalism? Briefly review the relations of the Mahratta powers with the British from the ratification of this treaty to that of the treaty of Poona, so as to show what measure of success this endeavour met with. 12

8. Describe the organisation of the Army of the Khalsa, pointing out those inherent defects in it that brought this army into conflict with the British. Briefly note, with dates, the events of the second Sikh War, and sketch the system of administration introduced into the Punjab at its close. 10

Or, *History of Greece.*

6. Show, by a comparison of the political constitution of the Heroic Age with that of Sparta in the 8th century B. C., in what point the latter was a modification of the monarchical character of the former, in the direction of a change to oligarchy. 10

7. State the terms of the League that laid the foundation of the maritime supremacy of Athens. Explain the causes that led to the commencement of the decline of this supremacy. Describe the home administration, colonial policy and financial position of Athens during the interval. Give the date of the final extinction of Athenian supremacy. 13

8. Describe the constitution of the Achaean League. Narrate briefly the history of the effort for Greek freedom made by it. How did the Romans come to have a hand in this struggle, and when did Greece become a Roman province? 11

HISTORY.

Paper set by—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M.A.

Examiner—MR. M. PROTHERO, M.A.

SECOND PASS PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Political Economy.

1. Explain the laws that determine an increased production of wealth from (a) Land, (b) Labour, and (c) Capital. Illustrate, from the present economic condition of any wealth-producing countries, the consequences that ensue when the rates of increase in these three requisites of production do not keep pace with one another. 13

2. Explain the 'Wages-Fund' theory. Point out, on its basis, the relation between Wages and (a) 'Good trade,' (b) increased efficiency of Labour, and (c) a rise in the margin of cultivation. What practical limitations debar the maintenance of the theorem—'the wages of labour tend to be equalized'? 13

3. On what grounds do those who deny the right of property in land, yet admit the justice of compensation to landlords in any scheme for the nationalization of the land. What different ways for State intervention, short of nationalizing the land, have been proposed as a remedy for the evils of competition? What is the general objection to all these ways? 14

4. 'Credit creates Capital:' explain this, and point out the part played by Banks in this work of creation. Explain the influence exerted by credit on prices through (a) Bills of Exchange, and (b) Bank Notes. 13

5. What is the 'adjustment,' and what the 'incidence,' of the Income Tax? Point out the difficulties in the way of any adjustment based upon the capitalized value of incomes. Discuss the remedies proposed for cases in which the incidence entails an unjust burden upon a certain class of incomes. 13

Either, History of India.

6. (a) Name and briefly characterize the different groups of works comprised under the name of *Vaidik literature*. State concisely the doctrines of the Yoga system of Patanjali. 12

(b) Explain the importance of the history of the kingdom of Magadha in determining ancient Hindu chronology. State the leading approximate dates so determined.

7. The Mahomedans were at different times connected with India as (a) foreign invaders, (b) the founders of an Indian empire, and (c) the rulers of an independent Indian empire. Give the date of the commencement of each of these epochs. Give an account of the reign of the founder of the Mahomedan empire in India, and define the limits of his dominions. 11

8. Describe the Revenue system of Akbar. What alterations did this system undergo at the hands of Aurangzib? How did Balaji Wiswanath contrive to make it the ostensible basis of his revenue system. 11

Or, History of Rome.

6. State the provisions of the Agrarian Laws contained in (a) the laws of Spurius Cassius, (b) the Licinian Rogations, and (c) the Bill of Caius Gracchus. Describe the condition into which the tenure of the public lands had fallen when the above legislation regarding them was proposed. 12

7. Give the names and dates of the wars that took place between the completion of the Roman conquest of Italy, and the commencement of the Civil wars. Name the provinces in existence at this latter period, with the dates of their formation. 10

8. Briefly describe the position of political parties at Rome on the outbreak of the First Civil War. Narrate the history of this war up to the passing of the Cornelian Laws. Explain the provisions and tendency of these laws. 12

HISTORY.

*Paper set by—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M.A.**Examiner—MR. M. PROTHERO, M.A.*

FIRST HONOUR PAPER.

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.**History of England.*

1. When did any one of the Anglo-Saxon principalities first manifest the ambition of founding a national English kingdom? When and how was this ambition substantially realised? Describe the constitution that the English kingdom, so formed, had assumed just before the establishment of Danish rule. 13

2. (a) Describe the reforms of Edward I. by which the Great Council of the Barons was changed into the Parliament of the Realm, and the judicial system made to assume the form it substantially has at present.

(b) State briefly the measures by which Edward I. attempted to impose restraints upon the power and rights of property of the Church, the Baronage, and the Yeomanry, respectively.

3. England changed gradually from an agricultural to a manufacturing country: trace this change, from the effects of the great Peasant Revolt and of the Wars of the Roses upon the agriculture and labour market of England, to the growth of the great English manufactures under Elizabeth. 17

4 'The rise of modern England began with the entry of Charles II. into Whitehall.' Describe the several intellectual movements that prepared the way for this rise. What considerations prevent the period from which modern England dates from being carried back to the Reformation? 14

5. What prime minister of England was its first great financier? Sketch his financial policy. How was this policy reversed by a subsequent prime minister, and with what disastrous consequences? 13

The English Constitution.

6. (a) 'The legislative and executive powers of the sovereign are both fictions: if so, wherein lies the power of the sovereign in the British Constitution? Give the substance of Queen Victoria's own words regarding the sovereign's rights. 15

(b) What does Bagehot mean when he finds one source of the strength of the British monarchy in 'the primitive barbarism that lies as a recognised basis to acquired civilisation'? What higher non-political sources are there of this strength?

7. Define Cabinet Government. Explain the pre-requisites of such a government. Point out the difference in this respect between the New England States and England. 13

HISTORY.

*Paper set by—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M.A.**Examiner—MR. M. PROTHERO, M.A.*

SECOND HONOUR PAPER.

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.**Political Economy.*

FAWCETT.

1. What is the economic basis of the English Poor Law System? Show what effects the changes made in this law from time to time have had upon (a) professional mendicancy, and (b) the free labour market. 14

2. 'Competition reduces wages and profits in all trades to their natural rates.' Where, then, is there room for the formation of Trades' Unions? What permanent preventive for strikes has been tried? Describe the *essentials* of such a preventive system when applied to (a) manufactures, (b) agriculture, and (c) banking. 16

3. Distinguish interest from profit and from the bank rate of discount. Explain the causes that give rise to different rates of interest in different countries. Point out the exact nature of the influence exerted by interest upon prices. 14

MILL.

4. State and prove Mill's law of the increase of production from land. Point out what influence this law has upon (a) the growth and movement of population, and (b) improvements in the means of production. 13

5. State and prove Mill's theory of rent. How is this theory affected by the two following hypotheses: viz. (a) if lands are of different degrees of fertility, but all, including the worst, pay a substantial rent; and (b) if all lands are of the same degree of fertility? 13

6. 'The value of money depends on demand and supply.' 'The value of money depends on cost of production.' Explain how these two laws are peculiarly modified; the former when money is considered as a circulating medium, the latter when it is considered as an imported commodity. 16

7. What is the difference between raising money for the purposes of government by taxation, and raising it by a loan? Explain the two different methods that have been proposed for paying off such a loan, and state the reasons for and against each of them. What inducement is there for the *permanent* maintenance of a national debt up to a limited amount? 14

HISTORY.

Paper set by—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M.A.*Examiner*—MR. M. PROTHERO, M.A.

THIRD HONOUR PAPER.

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*¹*Histories of Greece and Rome.*

1. (a) Indicate the course of each of the early migrations that led to the tribal distribution of the Hellenes over the European and Asiatic continents, that was found existing at the dawn of 'historic' times. Point out any difference between the causes of these migrations and the objects of the foundation of colonies and cleruchies in later times. 14

(b) Indicate the changes that the designation and powers of the Homeric Assembly of Freemen underwent in the successive constitutions of Sparta and Athens, so as to show the stages by which royalty passed into democracy.

2. The period of Spartan supremacy is marked by the pursuit of a Spartan policy whose object was hostility to Greek freedom : and the final extinction of that freedom was due to Spartan perfidy and cowardice. Illustrate this from the action and conduct of Sparta, from the victory at Aegospotami to the reduction of Greece to a Roman province. 11

3. Give the names and dates of the successive wars by which Rome extended her rule over all Italy. Draw a map showing the geographical position of the tribes and races with whom these wars were waged. State the principles that the Romans adopted in the settlement of the Italian communities ; and describe briefly the form of government that they established over them in accordance with these principles. 12

4. State the provisions of the Sullan Constitution. What were its aims, and how did the legislation of Pompey and Crassus seek to counteract them ? What remarkable trial helped to overthrow the opposition to this legislation ? 11

The Early Empire and the Age of the Antonines.

5. What was the advice Augustus Caesar left for his successors ? Show how it was followed, by a sketch of the frontier wars and policy of the emperors from A.D. 14 to A.D. 81. What was the organisation and efficiency of the frontier army during this period ? 12

6. Sketch the characteristic features of the state religion of Rome during the age of the Antonines. How did it differ in spirit from the religion of the old Republic ? Estimate its influence upon morality. 12

*(Any one of the following sets.)**Either ARNOLD'S Lectures on Modern History.*

7. 'The supreme society must be moral.' How does Arnold maintain this position, and meet objections to it ? 13

8. Describe the essential features of the religious movement 15

that signalised the first period of modern history. Point out how far it (a) satisfied the needs of Party, and (b) illustrated Arnold's view of the necessity of the supreme society being moral.

Or MILL'S Representative Government.

7. Explain the limitations under which the functions of a representative body lie with regard to the work of administration. Show wherein within its proper functions a representative government (a) may bear an unfavourable comparison with a bureaucracy, and (b) may not be patriotic. 14

8. Under what conditions is a federation of representative governments advisable? What does Mill mean by the 'more perfect mode of federation'? Describe the constitution of such a Federal Government, pointing out what provisions are made in it (a) for cases of difference between the federal and the state governments, and (b) for the protection of the weaker states. 14

Or, History of the Jews.

7. Explain the functions of a Judge in Israel. The rule of the Judges has been called the heroic age of Hebrew history; justify this by a brief survey of this history during that period. Explain the condition and surroundings of the Israelites that made this form of government expedient at the time. 12

8. Name and give the dates of the duration of the successive 'captivities' and subjections to foreign rule that the Jews endured from the earliest times to the final extinction of their political existence. What were Rabbinism and the Patriarchate respectively? Can either be looked upon in the light of a revival of Jewish national life? 16

HISTORY.

Paper set by—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M.A.

Examiner—MR. M. PROTHERO, M.A.

FOURTH HONOUR PAPER.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

History of India.

1. Distinguish between the subject matter of a Veda, a Brahmana, an Aranyaka, and an Upanishad. Contrast the tone of ancient Aryan thought and feeling as manifested in the Rigveda, with the tone of the Hindu mind as manifested in the Puranas. State the principal doctrines of the Sankhya system. 16

2. What probably was the state of civilization in the Deccan during the epoch celebrated in the great Sanskrit epics? Name and approximately locate the chief ancient principalities of the Deccan. What is the importance of the history of Maharashtra to Indian chronology? Does the character given 14

by Hionen Tsang to the people of Maharashtra resemble that ascribed by Elphinstone to their descendants, the Mahrattas?

3. Give the names and dates of invasion of those Arab, Turki, Mogul, and Afghan invaders of India that stopped short of establishing themselves as permanent rulers of India. Account for the great difference in the measures of permanent success that the Mahomedan religion and arms met with in India and Persia, respectively. How and when came Persian to be the court language of India, and Hindustani to be the language of a section of its people? 14

4. What radical change in the warlike policy of the Mahrattas towards the Mogul power was initiated by Baji Rao? What reason led him to adopt it? Give briefly the history of the efforts made by the Mahrattas to carry out this policy, up to the time of Scindia's assumption of the virtual rulership of the Mogul empire. Did this event make the Mahrattas the ruling power in all India? 15

5. Give some account of the origin of the chief Rajput states. Describe their political system, pointing out wherein it differs from that of the Mahrattas. Briefly state the varying relations in which the great Rajput principalities stood to the Mogul emperors from Akbar to Aurangzib. What effect had the non-intervention policy of the British Government upon their internal dissensions? 13

6. Write a brief history of the Carnatic from the establishment of the British at Fort St. David to the transfer of the administration of the province to the East India Company. Give dates. 15

7. Point out the significance that the Hindu Law of Adoption acquired in relation to the policy of the British Government towards dependent Hindu principalities. Notice any instance of the enforcement of this policy by Lord Dalhousie. Can the course adopted by any subsequent Governor-General be said to have reversed Lord Dalhousie's policy? 13

Preliminary Scientific L. M. S. Examination. 1893.

CHEMISTRY.

Examiner.—DR. C. J. H. WARDEN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain what you understand by— 30
 - (a) Chemical action.
 - (b) Nascent condition of elements.

Illustrate your reply by experiments.
2. Describe two methods of preparing oxygen, and compare 40
its physical and chemical properties with carbon monoxide.
Express chemical reactions by equations.
3. State what occurs when sulphuric acid acts upon the 50
following substances:—
 - (a) Copper.
 - (b) White lead.
 - (c) Charcoal.
 - (d) Nitrate of Calcium.
 - (e) Chloride of Barium.
 - (f) Sulphite of Sodium.
 - (g) Caustic soda.

Express reactions by equations.
4. What volume of Hydrogen, at standard temperature and 37
pressure, would be necessary to convert six litres of oxygen
into water: and how would you conduct the experiment? How
would you demonstrate that water consists solely of Oxygen
and Hydrogen?
5. What are the tests by which you would distinguish the 44
following salts:—
 - (a) Sugar of lead.
 - (b) Cream of tartar.
 - (c) Corrosive sublimate.
 - (d) Cyanide of potassium.
6. Describe how chloroform is prepared. Compare its physi- 39
cal and chemical properties with ether.
7. What is meant by the term *alcohols*? Describe the pre- 40
paration of any one alcohol, and give a short account of its
chemical and physical properties.
8. Give a short sketch of the *metric system* of measures and 20
weights.

BOTANY.

Examiner—DR. D. PRAIN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What are leaves? Describe the different parts of ordinary foliage leaves and state briefly the functions such leaves perform. Enumerate the various special modifications of leaves that occur, mentioning the uses of each. 50
2. What is inflorescence? Enumerate and describe the various forms that occur. 30
3. What are seeds? Describe the various parts that may be met with in seeds, distinguishing the accessory parts from those that are essential, and stating the probable uses of accessory parts when they occur. Mention the different kinds of fruits that may be mistaken for seeds, giving in each case the characters whereby they may be distinguished. 60
4. Define the terms *bract*, *cladode*, *coleorhiza*, *duramen*, *epiphyte*, *rhachis*, *laten*, *nectary*, *indusium*, *whorl*, *stipule*, *pappus*. 60
5. Define the natural orders *Anonaceae* and *Palmeae*. 50

First L. M. S. Examination.
1893.

PHYSIOLOGY.

Examiner—DR. D. M. MOIR.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Mention the characters of mixed saliva in man; its sources; its action on starch; and any tests which show when that action has occurred. 200
 2. Explain the following terms as applied to Respiration:— 200
Tidal and residual air, complemental and supplemental air, vital capacity and capacity of equilibrium. Differentiate Apnoea, Dyspnoea, Asphyxia, and Cheyne Stokes breathing.
 3. Describe the innervation of the Heart, both extrinsic and intrinsic. Quote any well known experiments on the lower animals. 200
 4. What are the chief varieties of Epithelium, and their sites in the human body? 200
- N. B.*—Use diagrams in your answers.

ANATOMY.

Examiner.—DR. J. B. GIBBONS.

[Questions of equal value, viz., full marks 125 for each.]

1. Give the attachments, actions, and nervous supply of the following muscles:—
Deltoid.
Gluteus Medius.
Tibialis Posticus.
2. Describe the course, relations, and branches of the Radial Artery.
3. Describe the course, relations and distribution of the Internal Plantar Nerve.
4. Describe the elbow joint.

MATERIA MEDICA.

Examiner.—ASST. SURGEON MAHENDRANATH GUPTA.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What are the general rules for preparing Acetum, Essence, Lamella, Spirit, Succus and Vapor? Give examples of each. 75

2. Enumerate the principal Diaphoretics, and give their doses. 75

3. What are the Therapeutical actions and doses of, Quininæ 150
Sulphas, Antimonium Tartaratum, Potassii iodidum, Chloral
Hydras, Acidum Hydrocyanicum Dilutum, Zinci Sulphas,
Potassii Bromidum, Acidum Hydrobromicum Dilutum, and
Calcii Sulphidum?

4. What are the Hypodermic Injections of the British 50
Pharmacopœia; their compositions and strength?

5. Give compositions (omitting quantities), doses and 150
strength of the active ingredients of Pulvis Creta Aromaticus
cum Opis Tinct. Quininæ Ammoniata, Pulvis Kino compositus,
Pilula Plumbi compositus, Liqr. Magnesia Carbonatis, Vinum
Ipecac, Syrupus Chloral, and Syrupus Ferri Iodide.

Second L. M. S. Examination.

1893.

MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE.

Examiner—RAI TARAPRASANNA RAY BAHADUR, F. C. S.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Describe the *post mortem* appearances of drowning. 100
How long does a dead body take in this country to float after death from drowning?
2. How would you determine from *post mortem* appearances 75
whether a burn was inflicted during life or after death?
3. Describe the symptoms and treatment of Arsenic poison- 150
ing. What diseases are the symptoms of arsenic poisoning likely to be mistaken for? What arsenical preparations are commonly met with in Bengal?
4. What are true and false *corpora lutea*? How would you 75
distinguish the one from the other?

MEDICINE.

Examiner—DR. A. CROMBIE.

1. *Small-Pox*.—What symptoms mark the stage of invasion? What is meant by “initial rashes”? What are the specific characters of the eruption in the discrete form giving the usual 100 day and place of its appearance?
2. *Spasmodic Asthma*.—State what lines of enquiry should be followed in investigating a case of Spasmodic Asthma, with a view to ascertaining its cause. .
What remedies are useful during an attack, and how are 100 they used?
3. *Albuminuria*.—Contrast a case of Chronic Tubular Nephritis with one of Chronic Interstitial Nephritis under the following heads:—(a) Age of patient. (b) Rapidity of progress. (c) Chief symptoms. (d) Condition of urinary secretion, 100 including chemical and microscopic examination.
4. *Diabetes Mellitus*.—What general symptoms would lead you to suspect the existence of *diabetes mellitus*, confining your answer to those of—
(1) The cutaneous system.
(2) The respiratory system.
(3) The nervous system.
(4) The genital system.
Prescribe a suitable diet for an orthodox Hindu. 100
5. *Intestinal Obstruction*.—Give the symptoms and treatment of acute intestinal obstruction. When would it be your duty 100 to advise surgical interference?

SURGERY.

Examiner—DR. J. O' BRIEN.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Dry Gangrene: Give the etiology, symptoms and treatment of this disease. 100
2. Describe the signs and symptoms of fracture of the patella. 100
Mention two approved methods of treatment and give your reasons for preferring either.
3. Describe the condition known as "infantile hernia." 100
Mention the position of the sac in such cases and the structures that would be divided in laying it open.
- 4. Describe Wheelhouse's operation for stricture of the urethra, and mention the class of cases in which it is suitable. What difficulties may occur in performing this operation? 100
5. Describe the etiology, symptoms and treatment of interstitial keratitis. State the diagnostic signs between this disease and pannus. 100

MIDWIFERY.

Examiner :—BABU DAYALCHANDRA SEN, M.B.

1. Describe the changes to be observed in the form and dimensions of the uterus in the course of normal pregnancy. 100
2. What are the symptoms of threatening abortion, and what would be your treatment when abortion is inevitable? 100
3. Describe the mechanism of head presentation in the 3rd position. (O. D. P) 100
4. Describe briefly the symptoms, diagnosis and treatment of Placenta Prævia. 100
5. Describe the symptoms, and treatment of a fibroid growth of the uterus. 100

PATHOLOGY.

Examiner—DR. D. D. CUNNINGHAM, F.R.S., C.I.E.

1. What are the principal causes leading to an abnormal escape of constituents of the blood from the interior of the vessels. 125
2. What appearances distinguish chronic venous congestion, and common cirrhosis of the liver, and under what circumstances would you expect to find these conditions present? 125
3. What is the readiest method of distinguishing cloudy swelling from fatty degeneration of the muscular tissue of the heart? 125
4. What tissue elements are specially affected in waxy degeneration of the kidney, and what appearances does the organ present when in an advanced stage of the affection? 125

HYGIENE.

Examiner.—DR. C. R. M. GREEN.

1. Describe, shortly, the different methods for removing 100 excreta by the Conservancy System (*i. e.*, other than by drains and sewers), and remark upon them.
2. A case of small-pox has occurred in a house. What 100 measures would you adopt to prevent the spread of the disease?
3. Draw up a form of report for entering the details of an 100 analysis of water. How do you estimate the permanent hardness of water?
4. What changes take place in the air by respiration? 100 How much CO_2 does an adult male give off per hour during repose? What minimum cubic air space would you allow in hospitals and in dwellings?

Tagore Law Examination.

1893.

Examiner.—MR. ARTHUR CASPERSZ.*Answer the questions concisely.—Time,—four hours.*

1. Classify Estoppels in a scheme of Jurisprudence.
2. Sketch very briefly the historical development of Estoppels.
3. "In most cases in which the doctrine in *Pickard v. Sears* applies, the representation is such as to amount to the contract or license of the party making it." Give instances of the application of this principle.
4. Illustrate the following statement:—"It appears to their Lordships that there may be statements made, and which have induced another party to do that which otherwise he would have abstained from doing, which cannot be characterised as 'misrepresentations.'"
5. Give instances of the application of the rules of Estoppel in the case of Vendors and Purchasers.
6. How have the rules of Estoppel been applied in the case of (a) Adoption, (b) Family arrangements, (c) Bailments?
7. Give a brief account of Estoppels arising in connection with Negotiable Instruments.
8. Is there an Estoppel by Deed in this country? Give reasons for, and illustrate, your answer.
9. Give instances of Admissions in the course of Judicial Proceedings (a) which may, (b) which may not—amount to Estoppels.
10. State concisely, with illustrations, the principles of Estoppel applicable in the case of (a) Principal and Agent, (b) Partners.
11. "Even the familiar principle that a Tenant cannot dispute the Landlord's title has been made to yield to its influence." Explain Mr. Mayne's remark.
12. Discuss the following statement: "*Res judicata*, by its very words, means a matter upon which the Court has exercised its judicial mind."
13. Illustrate the following statement:—"When the judgment of a Court of first instance is appealed against, the matter ceases to be *res judicata*."
14. (a) What do you understand by "matters constructively in issue?"
- (b) What is the rule as to *res judicata* between Co-defendants?
15. (a) What materials may be examined to see whether a matter is *res judicata* or not?
- (b) Define "cause of action."
16. What are the rules to be applied (a) in suits upon foreign judgments, (b) in suits in which foreign judgments are pleaded by way of defence?

Preliminary Scientific M. B. Examination.

1893.

CHEMISTRY.

Examiner—DR. C. J. H. WARDEN.

1. What bearing has Avogadro's law on the composition by volume of compound gases? What are the grounds for assuming that the atoms of elementary gases do not exist in a free state? 20
2. Twenty grames of oxalic acid are treated with sulphuric acid. What would be the chemical composition, weight and volume of the evolved gas at the standard temperature and pressure? The gas afforded by this experiment is passed over incandescent carbon; what will be the result as regards composition weight and volume, at the standard temperature and pressure? 35
3. How is hydrocyanic acid prepared according to the B. P. specification? Describe how you would ascertain the strength, and give tests for the qualitative detection of the acid. Classify the more important cyanides according to their chemical and physical properties. 40
4. Describe in detail how you would prepare glacial acetic acid from starch. 40
5. Give a sketch of the chemical methods commonly employed for determining the quality of a water intended for domestic purposes. 40
6. Explain what is meant by *latent heat of vaporisation*; describe an experiment to ascertain the latent heat of water. What is the latent heat of water? 20
7. Explain the construction and method of using an ordinary electric bell. 20
8. Give a sketch of the manner in which metals are classified for analytical purposes by means of group-reagents 40
9. Trace the relation between hydro-carbons, aldehydes, alcohols and acids. What do you understand by *ethereal salts*? What is the result of the interaction of ethereal salts and alkalies? 45

BOTANY.

Examiner—DR. D. PRAIN.

1. What is a root? How may roots be distinguished from stems? State the functions and describe the structure of roots. 50

Enumerate the various special modifications of roots that are met with, and mention the uses of each.

2. What is a stamen? Mention and explain the various terms applied to stamens with reference to their position in the flower, (a) as regards their place of attachment, and (b) in relation to each other. What is the nature and the function of pollen. 60

3. What is the bark? Describe its structure, explain its functions and detail its mode of growth. 40

4. What substances constitute the food of plants? State whence these are derived, and explain how they are assimilated. 50

5. Define the natural orders *Solanaceæ* and *Gramineæ*, enumerating the principal medicinal and economic plants belonging to each. 50

COMPARATIVE ANATOMY, &c.

COMPARATIVE PHYSIOLOGY.

Examiner—DR. D. M. MOIR.

FULL MARKS 450.

(Not more than six questions to be answered.)

1. What is Retrogressive Metamorphosis? Give the life history of either the Cirrepedia or the Ascidia (not both) as an illustration. 75

2. Compare the common fresh water Polype (*Hydra*) with the Sea-anemone (*Actinia*), giving diagrams. 75

3. Contrast the physical characters of the coloured blood corpuscles of Amphibia and of Mammals, and explain the difference between hot and cold-blooded animals. 75

4. How are endo-skeleton and exo-skeleton of the Carinatae adapted to their mode of locomotion? 75

5. What functions do the "segmental organs" of the Annelida subserve? 75

6. Compare the eyes of a crustacean, a cephalopod, and a vertebrate. 75

7. Describe the structure and development of the common Star-fish (*Asteroidea*). 75

8. Describe briefly the structure and function of the Placenta, and give examples of animals with diffuse, cotyledonary, zonary and discoidal placenta, naming one of each kind. 75

9. Enumerate the components of the typical vertebrate Pectoral Girdle. Why is the clavicle wanting in the unguolata? 75

First M. B. Examination.

1893.

PHYSIOLOGY.

Examiner—DR. D. M. MOIR.

1. Describe the stimulant effects of Galvanic and Faradic 200
currents on muscle and nerve.
2. Explain briefly the effects on the circulatory system of 200
a mammal resulting from :—
 - (a) Section of the cervical sympathetic nerve ;
 - (b) Stimulation of the Chorda Tympani nerve ;
 - (c) Section of both Pneumogastric nerves ;
 - (d) Stimulation of the central cut end of the “Depressor”
branch of the Vagus nerve.
3. Give an account of the development of a long Bone. 200
4. Describe the Larynx, its muscles and nerves ; and ex- 200
plain the mechanism of Phonation.

ANATOMY.

Examiner—DR. J. B. GIBBONS.

1. Describe the dissection necessary to expose the Adductor
Pollicis from the Palm of the Hand.
2. Give the attachments, nervous supply relations, and actions of
the following muscles :—
Levator ani.
Obturator Externus.
3. Describe the duodenum, give its relations, and blood supply.
4. Describe the knee joint, its ligaments, the articular surfaces
of the bones, and the position of the patella during movements of
the joint.

For each question 125 marks.

MATERIA MEDICA AND PHARMACY.

Examiner—ASSISTANT-SURGEON MOHENDRANATH GUPTA,
L.M.S.

1. What are the principal alkaloids derived from Opium, 100
their actions and doses.

2. Give compositions, doses and proportions of active ingredients of *Liquor Potassæ Arsenitis*, *Liquor Atropine Sulphatis*, *Liquor Hydrargyri Perchloridi*, *Liquor Morphinæ Acetatis*, *Pulvis Ipecac compositus*. *Pilula Phosphori*, and *Decoctum Aloes compositum*. 150

3. What are the different vapors of the British Pharmacopœa and their compositions. 75

4 Compare and contrast briefly in few words the therapeutical actions of Opium and Belladonna. 75

5. Enumerate the different preparations of Belladonna *Folia* and *Belladonna Radix*, mentioning the doses of those that are used internally. 100

Second M. B. Examination.

1893.

MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE.

Examiner—RAI TARAPRASANNA RAY BAHADUR, F.C.S.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. What is cadaveric rigidity? How long after death does it usually appear and pass off? In what order does it most frequently occur in the different parts of the body? 80
2. Describe the symptoms of Datura poisoning. For what criminal purpose is this poison chiefly used in India? What other seeds resembling Datura seeds may be found in the contents of a human stomach and how would you distinguish them from one another? 120
3. How would you determine the sex of a dead body by an examination of the skeleton? 60
4. Describe the signs of recent delivery. What means are most commonly employed for procuring criminal abortion in this country? 80
5. How would you distinguish from one another the stains upon articles of clothing produced by strong sulphuric, nitric and hydrochloric acids? 60

MEDICINE.

Paper set by—DR. A. CROMBIE.*Examiner*—DR. S. N. BROWNE.

Only five of the questions are to be answered.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain the meaning of the following expressions:— 100
 - (a) Brachycardia.
 - (b) Water-hammer pulse.
 - (c) Cheyne-Stokes respiration.
 - (d) Jacksonian epilepsy.
 - (e) Bulbar paralysis.
2. Mention the complications, sequelæ, and modes of death, which are liable to occur in cases of diphtheria. 100
3. Enumerate the directions in which enquiries must be made in order to ascertain the causes of headache in different cases, with a view to rational treatment. 100

4. What are the causes, symptoms, and results of (a) embolism, and (b) thrombosis of the cerebral arteries. 100

5. Give the symptoms caused by atrophic cirrhosis of the liver, and their treatment. 100

6. Enumerate the antipyretics of the coal-tar series in ordinary use. What undesirable effects are liable to follow the administration of each? And state the conditions in which they are indicated and contra-indicated. 100

SURGERY.

Examiner—DR. J. O'BRIEN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Describe the signs, symptoms and surgical treatment of Empyema, and give your reasons for preferring any particular form of operation. Describe the method in which an uncomplicated case terminates in recovery under surgical treatment. 100

2. Hydronephrosis; give the symptoms, etiology, prognosis and treatment of this disease. 100

3. Describe the symptoms and pathological conditions usually found in tubercular disease of the knee joint. Give in detail the treatment appropriate in the earlier and in the latter stages of the disease. 100

4. Describe the operation of lateral lithotomy and mention the structures that would be divided in reaching the bladder. In what class of cases is the operation unsuitable. 100

5. Describe the condition known as total posterior synechia. Give its etiology prognosis and effect upon the nutrition of the eye. What treatment should be adopted. 100

MIDWIFERY.

Examiner—BABU DAYALCHANDRA SOM.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Mention the certain signs of pregnancy, and describe their relative values. 100

2. What is abdominal pregnancy? Describe its causes, diagnosis and treatment. 100

3. Describe the mechanism of face presentation in the 1st position (M. D. P.). 100

4. What is Laparo-Elytrotomy? Compare it with Cæsarean section as to advantages and disadvantages. 100

5. Describe the symptoms and treatment of cancer of the cervix of the Uterus in the early stage. 100

PATHOLOGY.

Examiner—DR. D. D. CUNNINGHAM, F.R.S.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What points distinguish the lesions in acute ulcerative endocarditis from those in simple acute endocarditis? 150
2. What are the most recent views regarding the causation of Malarial Fevers? 150
3. What histological features distinguish leprotic neoplasms, and to what causes have the great differences in the degree of prevalence of leprosy in different areas been ascribed? 150
4. What is Koch's theory of the causation of epidemics of cholera? Mention any facts which appear to support or conflict with it. 150

HYGIENE.

Examiner—DR. C. R. M. GREEN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What does the oxidisable matter in water consist of? How would you estimate the amount of Nitrous acid present, and what inferences would you draw from its presence? 100
2. A sample of tea is sent to you for report. Describe your method of examination. 100
3. You are requested to report on the ventilation of a building. State shortly, the steps of your investigation and your reasons for them. 100
4. Explain what is meant by Hydraulic Mean Depth? What velocity of flow will keep a sewer clean? Describe some form of Flush-tank. 100

First Examination in Engineering. 1893.

CHEMISTRY.

Examiner—MR. A. PEDLER, F.R.S.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Matter is said to be indestructible. Describe carefully 12
some experiments which clearly prove this fact. Explain from
the point of view of the indestructibility of matter what hap-
pens in the following cases :—
 - (a) When a piece of wood burns in the air, and when
ed to redness out of contact with the air.
 - (b) When a glass of ice-cold water becomes wet on the
outside.
 - (c) When the fallen leaves of a tree crumble away and
disappear.
 - (d) When a piece of iron rusts away.
 - (e) When a plant grows in the soil from a seed.
 - (f) When a piece of camphor exposed to the air slowly
disappears.
2. Express the FULL meaning in words of the equations :— 16

$$2 \text{ SO}_2 + \text{O}_2 + 2 \text{ H}_2\text{O} = 2 \text{ SO}_2 (\text{HO})_2$$

$$\text{CO} + \text{Cl}_2 = \text{COCl}_2$$
3. Explain clearly the meaning of the following terms :— 20
Combustion, reduction, incandescence, deoxidation, chemical
affinity, double decomposition, oxidation, binary compound,
physical change, and chemical symbol.
4. Give full details of the process employed for the extrac- 20
tion of phosphorus from bones, and give the equations represent-
ing the reactions involved. What are the uses and properties
of phosphorus ?
5. What is the chief commercial source of the ammonia 20
compounds ? How would you prepare a jar of ammonia gas
and a solution of it in water ? Indicate the mode of using, and
explain the action of, an ammonia-ice machine.
6. What weight of calcium carbonate must be dissolved in 30
nitric acid to yield 50 litres of carbon dioxide measured at 7°C
and 740 m. m. pressure ? What weight of nitric acid would
have to be employed, and what weights of other new substances
will be formed in the reaction ($\text{Ca} = 40$) ?
7. State briefly how the complete analysis of an iron ore is 22
made, indicating particularly how the presence and the quanti-
ties of sulphur, manganese, iron, phosphorus, and silica are de-
termined.
8. How is alum manufactured ? What is the constitution 16
of the alums, and give the formulæ for chrome alum, silver
alum, iron alum, potassium alum, and ammonium alum.

9. Trace the formation of clay from the minerals from which it is derived. What is the usual composition of clay? How does Kaolin or China clay differ from ordinary clay? What should be the composition of clay to be used for the preparation of the following :— 20

Fire Bricks, Earthenware, Crucibles for metallurgical work, Porcelain and ordinary bricks? How would you analyse a clay?

10. What is the action of each of the three acids, nitric, hydrochloric and sulphuric acids (a) when diluted with water and at the ordinary temperature and (b) when concentrated and hot, on each of the following metals :—Lead, iron, tin, silver, zinc, and gold? 24

LIGHT AND HEAT.

Examiner—MR. A. PEDLER, F.R.S.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Describe the method of construction and use of an air thermometer, a thermometer filled with alcohol, and an ordinary pyrometer. How also can an electric pyrometer be made? 20

2. Sketch a gridiron pendulum, Graham's mercurial pendulum, and the balance wheel of a chronometer, and explain very clearly how each acts when subjected to changes of temperature, and the principle of construction of each. 20

3. What do you understand by the spheroidal condition of water and how is it explained? Does this condition ever happen in steam boilers? 20

A small quantity of mercury can be easily solidified in a red hot platinum crucible by using a bath of solid carbon dioxide and ether. Explain this.

4. It is well known that in Upper India ice may be formed on clear nights when the temperature of the air is several degrees above the freezing point of water. Ice may also be formed by placing a small quantity of water in a good vacuum together with a vessel containing concentrated sulphuric acid. Also ice may be formed by placing a test tube of water in a vessel containing ether and passing a rapid current of air through the ether. Explain these facts and also the production of ice in a Wollaston's Cryophorus. 20

5. Describe the construction and mode of working of an Otto Gas Engine, explaining clearly the immediate source of energy of such an engine, and tracing back the source of this energy as far as you can. 20

6. What is meant by the mechanical equivalent of heat? Explain briefly two methods for its determination. 20

A cannon ball weighing 50lbs. strikes a massive iron target with a velocity of 1,000 feet per second. If all the heat generated were expended on 100lbs. of water, what would be the effect on its temperature? 20

7. Describe briefly and explain any two of the following, 20

stating the principles on which the construction depends:—reflecting telescope; compound microscope; sextant, Bunsen's photometer; kaleidoscope; opera glass.

8. State clearly and examine the evidence on which it is concluded that sodium is present in the sun. 20

9. Explain how you would obtain the refractive index of a solid, a liquid and a gas. 20

What is meant by total reflection? How is it shown and what is its explanation?

10. Two theories of light have been proposed, known as the undulatory and emissive theories. 20

Describe both and explain on what grounds one has been preferred to the other.

ELECTRICITY, MAGNETISM AND TELEGRAPHY.

Examiner—MR. A. PEDLER, F.R.S.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Describe the construction and explain clearly the working of any two of the following; one being selected from list (a) and one from list (b). 22

a Ramsden's Electrical Machine; Nairnes' Electrical Machine, Winters' Electrical Machine; Armstrong's Hydro-Electrical Machine.

b Holtz's Electrical Machine; Voss's Electrical Machine; Electrophorus.

2. Describe very clearly what you mean by an electrical condenser. What are the usual forms of condensers employed? Explain their use, with the modes of charging and discharging them. 22

3. Explain fully the distribution of electricity in an electrified conductor, and state what you know as to the distribution, as dependent on the shape of the body. Apply your knowledge to the case of lightning conductors. 23

If you were called in to examine a lightning conductor what tests would you apply to determine its condition?

4. You are required to produce a thermo-electric current. State how you would do it, and what will be the nature of the current you would obtain. How would you combine the elements into a thermo-electric pile? Can these currents be usefully employed at all? 22

5. Describe how you would arrange to produce an arc electric light from a battery of Grove's cells, indicating how the cells would be charged and arranged, the construction of the electric lamp you would employ, and all the manipulation connected with the production of the light. 22

6. Draw a diagram of a bar magnet with its two poles clearly marked; and draw a small magnetic needle in numerous positions round this magnet, showing the direction in which the needle will set in each position.

A piece of soft iron, of the same shape and size as the bar magnet, is then placed with one end against the N. end of the bar magnet, and the experiment with the magnetic needle repeated. The soft iron bar is then removed from the magnet and tested as before with the magnetic needle. Draw the positions of the needle in these cases also. 23

Explain the cause of the various positions of the needle indicated.

7. Describe and explain some method by which the intensity of the horizontal component of the earth's magnetism at two different places can be compared. 22

8. Describe clearly the construction and use of any form of secondary battery you are acquainted with, and shew what takes place when it is charged and discharged. Indicate the uses to which such batteries may be applied. 22

9. Describe and explain clearly the principal parts of the Morse telegraph and its use in telegraphy. 22

GEODESY.

Examiner—MR. J. H. TOOGOOD.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. After measuring 3,260 feet with a 100 feet chain, it is found that the chain is $1\frac{1}{2}$ " too long, what is the true length of the line? 20

2. A primary scale is divided into inches, tenths and half tenths. Construct a Vernier to read $\frac{1}{1000}$ th inch. 30

3. Construct a diagonal scale of 1 yard to an inch to shew yards, feet and inches? What is the "representative fraction" of this scale. Indicate 2 yards 2 feet 5 inches on it. 25

4. In the Surveying and Prismatic compass there is a difference as regards the position of the E. and W. points of the compass, give the reasons for the same. 25

5. What is the objection to the Sextant as a surveying instrument? Prove that the angle indicated is half that between the observed objects.

6. The centre lines of a railway meet at an angle of $114^{\circ} 23'$ which are to be joined by a curve of $\frac{1}{4}$ mile radius; Calcutta (1) length of curve in feet, (2) length of tangent in feet (3) angle at circumference for 100 feet chord. Given Nat. tangent of $35^{\circ} 48' 30'' = .6446619$. 30

7. If the centre lines met in the middle of a stream, how would you ascertain the angle of intersection? Calculate the radius of a 4° curve—Nat. sin of $2^{\circ} = .034899$. 30

8. How would you ascertain whether the horizontal wire of a Dumpy Level is an adjustment? If incorrect, how would you correct the error? 30

9. A light has its focal plane 200 feet above sea level. Taking refraction into account at what distance would it be 20

10. In a railway cutting A is a point at "formation level," 30
B, C and D are points on the natural surface of the ground distant 120, 220 and 400 feet respectively from A. These points are all on the centre line. There is to be a falling gradient from A towards D of 1 in 3,520. The following staff readings are made by levelling:—

At A 13.41 ft. At B 9.36 ft.

At C 6.13 ft. At D 2.49 ft.

What are the depths to be excavated at B, C and D?

11. Complete and plot the accompanying Field Book. 30

Scales—Horizontal 200' = 1" Vertl. 20' = 1".

Station.	Back sight.	Intermediate sight.	Fore sight.	Distance.	Bearing.	Rise.	Fall.	Reduced Level.	REMARKS.
1	4.03	...	...	0	...	...	...	85.60	R. L. of Stn. 1 above mean sea level.
...	...	2.06	...	180	...	...	...	...
...	...	6.81	...	370	...	...	...	...
...	...	7.28	...	510	...	...	...	...
2	3.61	...	8.16	600	...	...	...	...
...	...	9.23	...	690	...	...	...	...
...	...	9.34	...	750	...	...	...	...
3	4.32	...	9.52	830	...	...	...	...	Left bank of Nullah.
...	...	4.34	...	900	...	...	...	...
...	...	7.28	...	1010	...	...	...	...
...	...	9.18	...	1140	...	...	...	...
...	...	7.69	...	1200	...	...	...	...
4	9.16	...	4.18	1350	Bearing 82°.	...	...	...	Right bank of Nullah.
...	...	7.00	...	1470	...	...	...	...
...	...	6.55	...	1600	...	...	...	...
...	...	3.26	...	1725	...	...	...	...
...	...	1.01	...	1866	...	...	...	...
5	...	...	3.26	2000	...	...	...	...	Bench mark.

MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION.

Examiner—MR. J. H. TOOGOOD.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Name the classes into which stones are generally divided. 35
Describe under each class the most common varieties used in Lower Bengal, giving the characteristics of their most durable qualities, and mentioning where the stones are met with.

2. How would you test the comparative durability of stones of the same kind? 20
3. Explain briefly the process of "blasting." What is meant by the "line of least resistance," and how should the charge be proportioned to this line? 30
4. Classify brick-earths, and give the proportions of the ingredients of a good brick-earth. 25
5. What are the characteristics of a good brick-earth? 25
6. Mention the two methods of brick burning now generally adopted in Bengal and describe them *briefly*. 40
7. What is Terra Cotta? To what uses is it applied? In its manufacture what points have to be guarded against, and how are these overcome? 30
8. Give Vicat's classification of Limes and distinguish between Hydraulic cement and Limes. 40
9. How would you make a *rough* analysis of a Limestone? 25
10. By what points would you be guided in your selection of sand for mortar, and for what reasons is sand used in mortars? 30
11. What are the characteristics of strong and durable timber? 30
12. What is the cause of decay in Timber? Describe Davison's desicating process. 20
13. What are the indications of good Wrought Iron, and what of Cast Iron? To what strains is each best adapted, and why? 25
14. What are the general ingredients of oil paints, what is the object of each, and what precautions should be taken before painting wood? 25

ARITHMETIC AND ALGEBRA.

Examiner—MR. C. LITTLE, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Find by how much the square root of 20

$$9 + \frac{1}{\quad}, \text{ differs from } \frac{355}{113}.$$

Which comes nearest to $3 + \frac{1}{10}\sqrt{2}$? 20

Simplify:— $\frac{259}{2 \cdot 1742} \times \frac{0038425}{2 \cdot 78} - \frac{00183}{035}.$

2. An up-train 88 yards long, travelling at the rate of 35 miles an hour, meets a down train 88 yards long at 12 o'clock, and passes it in 6 seconds. At 15 minutes and 6 seconds past 12 o'clock the up-train meets a second down-train 132 yards long, and passes it also in 6 seconds. At what time will the second train run down the first? 35

3. The pressure of compressed air varies inversely as its volume. If the pressure on the inner surface of a cylinder, fitted with a piston, be 20 lbs. on the sq. inch, and when the piston is forced in 2 inches the pressure becomes 30 lbs. on the sq. inch, what is the length of the cylinder? 10

4. A tradesman spends Rs. 1,500 in buying cloth at Rs. 3 per yard. He sends it to France at a cost of 2 annas per yard, and pays a duty 40 centimes a metre. Half of the goods being damaged, he sells at a loss of 20% on what they had cost him, and the rest at 7 francs a metre. Find his gain. 40

Assume that 25 fr. = 16 rupees, 100 centimes = 1 fr. and 1 metre = 39 $\frac{1}{4}$ in.

5. Prove the rule for finding the G. C. M. of two Algebraical expressions. 40

Find the G. C. M. of

$$4x^5 + 14x^4 + 20x^3 + 70x^2, \text{ and } 8x^7 + 28x^6 - 8x^5 - 12x^4 + 56x^3.$$

6. Simplify 45

$$(1) \left(\frac{x}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x+1} \right) \cdot \frac{x^3-1}{x^2+1} \cdot \frac{(x-1)^2(x+1)^2+x^2}{x^4+x^2+1}$$

$$(2) \frac{\sqrt{x} \left(\sqrt[4]{y} \right)}{y^{-\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{x^1}{x_0^1} \right)} \div \frac{y-\frac{1}{2}}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

7. Solve the equations 55

$$(1) \sqrt{x+3} + \sqrt{x+8} - \sqrt{4x+21} = 0$$

$$(2) \frac{x-b}{x-a} - \frac{x-a}{x-b} = \frac{2(a-b)}{x-}$$

$$(3) 2x^2 - 3y^2 = 2 \\ 2xy - 3y^2 = 3$$

8. Define ratio and proportion. 50

When any number of quantities are proportionals, prove that as one antecedent is to its consequent, so is the sum of all the antecedents to the sum of all the consequents.

If $(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})^2 : (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y})^2 :: a-b : x-y$ prove that $a : b :: x : y$.

9. Shew how to determine the characteristic of the logarithm of any number whether it be greater or less than unity. 45

$$\text{Find the value of } \log \sqrt[5]{\frac{588 \times 768}{686 \times 972}}$$

having given that $\log 2 = .301030$

$$\log 3 = .477121$$

$$\log 7 = .845098.$$

10. Find by the Binomial Theorem the value of the following series 40

$$1 + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{5}{8} + \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{5}{8} \cdot \frac{7}{12} + \dots \text{ad infinitum.}$$

PLANE GEOMETRY AND GEOMETRICAL CONIC SECTIONS.

* Examiner—MR. C. LITTLE, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. If, at a point in a straight line, two other straight lines 20
on opposite sides of it make the adjacent angles equal to two
right angles, prove that these two straight lines shall be in one
and the same straight line.

2. AB is the hypotenuse of a right-angled triangle ABC : 40
shew how to find a point D in AB such that DB may be equal
to the perpendicular from D on AC.

3. If the sides of a rectilineal figure, which has no re-entrant 20
angle, are produced in order, prove that all the exterior angles
so formed are together equal to four right angles.

Also prove that if the alternate sides of any polygon be 30
produced to meet, the sum of the included angles, together
with eight right angles, will be equal to twice as many right
angles as the figure has sides.

4. Show how to divide a given straight line into two parts, 25
so that the rectangle contained by the whole and one part may
be equal to the square on the other part.

On a given straight line describe a rectangle which shall be 35
equal to the difference of the squares on two given straight
lines, any two of the three given lines being together greater
than the third.

5. Prove that in equal circles the angles, whether at the 20
centres, or the circumferences, which stand on equal arcs, are
equal

A triangle ABC is inscribed in a circle, and the bisectors of 30
the angles meet the circumference at X, Y, Z. Find each
angle of the triangle XYZ, in terms of those of the original
triangle.

6. If the vertical angle of a triangle be bisected by a 30
straight line which cuts the base, the segments of the base have
to one another the same ratio as the remaining sides of the
triangle.

Prove this and the converse.

7. Prove that the rectangle contained by the diagonals of a 30
quadrilateral inscribed in a circle, is equal to the sum of the
two rectangles contained by its opposite sides.

8. Shew how to draw a pair of tangents to a parabola from 30
an external point.

If, from any point on the tangent to a parabola, a line be 30
drawn touching the parabola, prove that the angle between
this line and the line to the focus from the same point is con-
stant.

9. If PN be the ordinate of any point P on the ellipse, 30
prove that $PN^2 : AN \cdot A'N :: BC^2 : AC^2$.

10. If from any point P of an hyperbola PH and PK be 30
drawn parallel to the asymptotes, meeting them in H and K
respectively : then $4 PH \cdot PK = CS^2$. Prove this.

TRIGONOMETRY AND MENSURATION.

Examiner—MR. C. LITTLE, M. A.,*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Prove that the ratio of the circumference of a circle to its diameter is the same for all circles. 15

What is meant by the circular measure of an angle? 5

- On a circle 80 feet in radius it was found that an angle of $22^{\circ} 30'$ at the centre was subtended by an arc 31 ft. 5 in. in length; hence calculate to four decimal places the numerical value of the ratio of the circumference of a circle to its diameter. 25

2. Find the trigonometrical ratios of 30° and 15° . 40

$$\text{Solve the equation } \frac{\cot A}{\cos 2A} - \frac{\operatorname{cosec} A}{\sec A} = 1.$$

3. Prove that $\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$, and draw the figure for the case in which A and B are each greater than 90° and less than 135° . 20

Prove the following identities:— 35

$$(1) \cot(A+B) = \frac{\cot A \cot B - 1}{\cot A + \cot B},$$

$$(2) \sec^2(A+45^{\circ}) - \sec^2(A-45^{\circ}) = 4 \tan 2A \sec 2A,$$

$$(3) \frac{2 \sin A - \sin 2A}{2 \sin A + \sin 2A} = \tan^2 \frac{A}{2}.$$

4. Prove the formula 15

$$\tan \frac{A}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{(s-b)(s-c)}{s(s-a)}}.$$

In a triangle ABC the straight line joining A to the middle point of BC is at right angles to AC: shew that 30

$$\cos A \cos C = \frac{2(c^2 - a^2)}{3ac}.$$

5. Explain how it is possible to find the height of an inaccessible object on a hill. 15

A person standing on the bank of a river observes the elevation of the top of a tree on the opposite bank to be 51° ; and when he retires 30 ft from the river's bank he observes the elevation to be 46° : determine the breadth of the river, having given that— 35

$$L \sin 46^{\circ} = 9.8569341, \log 3 = .477121$$

$$L \sin 39^{\circ} = 9.7988718, \log 1.55823 = .1926316$$

$$L \sin 5^{\circ} = 8.9402960.$$

6. Shew how to solve completely a triangle of which two sides and the angle opposite one of them is given, and apply the formulæ you deduce to the particular case in which $a=8$, $b=7$, $A=120^{\circ}$. 35

$$\begin{aligned}\log 7 &= \cdot 8450987, \quad L \sin 60^\circ = 9\cdot 9375306 \\ \log 8 &= \cdot 9030900, \quad L \sin 49^\circ 16' = 9\cdot 8795287 \\ &\quad L \sin 49^\circ 17' = 9\cdot 8796375.\end{aligned}$$

7. Enunciate Simpson's Rule for finding the area bounded by a curve and three straight lines at right angles to one another. 10

The two radii which form a diameter of a circle are bisected, and perpendicular ordinates are raised at the points of bisection. Required the area of that portion of the circle which is included between the two ordinates, the diameter, and the curve, the radius being supposed equal to unity. 30

8. Write down the volumes of the following figures:— 20

- (1) A solid ring.
- (2) A pyramid on a regular hexagonal base.
- (3) A wedge.
- (4) A zone of a sphere.

The spire of a church is a right pyramid on a regular hexagonal base; each side of the base is 10 feet, and the height is 50 feet. There is a hollow part which is also a right pyramid on a regular hexagonal base, the height of the hollow part is 45 ft. and each side of the base is 9 ft. Find the number of cubic feet of masonry in the spire. 30

9. A hollow paper cone, whose vertical angle is 60° , is held with its vertex downwards, and in it there is placed a sphere of radius two inches. The portion of the cone remote from the apex is now cut away along the line where the paper touches the sphere. Find the exterior surface of the body thus formed. 40

STATICS AND DYNAMICS.

Examiner—MR. C. LITTLE, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. State and prove the triangle of forces. Shew how this result may be applied to reduce a system of forces, acting at a point, to a single force. 30

2. Prove that the sum of the moments of two forces acting along two intersecting straight lines about any point in the plane containing the lines, is equal to the moment of the resultant of the forces about the same point. 25

Three forces P, Q and R act along the sides BC, CA, AB of a triangle ABC: find the condition that the line of action of the resultant of these forces may pass through the centre of gravity of the area of the triangle. 30

3. What is meant by the centre of mass of a body? Find the centre of mass of a triangular lamina. 20

ABC is a triangle, DE a straight line drawn within the triangle, parallel to the base BC intersecting the other sides in D and E, DE and BC being equal to b and a respectively; if h be the line drawn from A bisecting BC, prove that the distance of the centre of mass of the trapezoid BCED from A is 35

$$\frac{2}{3} h \cdot \frac{a^2 + ab + b^2}{a(a+b)}.$$

4. Find the condition of equilibrium in the system of pulleys 20
in which the strings are parallel, and one end of each is attached to the weight.

There are three pulleys, one fixed and two moveable, each 1 20
lb. in weight and 2 inches in diameter, and the last string is fixed at both ends to the bar, which carries a weight of 12 lbs. Prove that the weight must be suspended at a point on the bar distant $\frac{3}{4}$ in. from the first string.

5. A uniform rod, 4 inches in length, is placed with one end 40
inside a smooth hemispherical bowl of which the axis is vertical and the radius $\sqrt{3}$ inches long. Shew that one-fourth of the rod will project over the rim of the bowl.

6. If a body moving from rest with uniform acceleration 20
 f describes the space s in time t , prove that $s = \frac{1}{2} ft^2$.

A body is thrown vertically upwards with a velocity of 56 ft. 20
per sec. from a height of 176 ft above the ground: find its velocity at the moment it reaches the ground.

7. Find the time of flight, the horizontal range and the 30
greatest height of a projectile whose initial velocity is u and direction of projection inclined at an angle a to the horizontal.

If a man can throw a ball 50 yards vertically upwards, find 20
the greatest distance he can throw it on a horizontal plane.

8. Two masses m and M are connected by a string passing 20
over a smooth and fixed pulley; find the tension of the string, and the acceleration of either weight.

Two particles whose masses are $3m$ and m move on two 25
smooth planes, each inclined to the horizon at an angle of 45° , and are connected by a fine string passing over their common vertex. Find the acceleration of their centre of gravity and the path in which it moves.

9. Find the velocity and direction of motion of an imper- 20
fectly elastic ball after impact upon a fixed plane.

A particle is projected with velocity v at an elevation a from 25
a point in a smooth horizontal plane. Prove that after a time

$\frac{2v \sin a}{(g \downarrow - e)}$ it will have ceased to rebound and will be moving
along the plane with a uniform velocity $v \cos a$.

ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY.

Examiner—MR. C. LITTLE, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Find the length of the perpendicular from the point 45
 x', y' on the straight line $x \cos a + y \sin a - p = 0$, explaining the convention as to sign.

Prove that the equation and length of a perpendicular from
the point (a, b) upon $ax + by = 0$ are $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} = 0$ and $(a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

the angle between the axes being $\tan^{-1} \frac{a^2 - b^2}{2ab}$.

2. Find the equation of the straight line which passes through a given point and the point of intersection of two given straight lines. 25

3. Shew that the area of the triangle contained by the lines 40

$$x \cos a + y \sin a - a = 0$$

$$x \cos \alpha - y \sin \alpha - a = 0$$

$$(x + y) \cos \alpha - (x - y) \sin \alpha - a = 0$$

is
$$\frac{a^2 \sin 3\alpha}{\cos \alpha (\sin 2\alpha + \cos 2\alpha)}.$$

4. Find the equation of the tangent to a circle in the form 45
 $y = mx + c\sqrt{1+m^2}.$

Prove that $(hy - kx)^2 = c^2 \{ (x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 \}$ represents the two tangents to the circle, $x^2 + y^2 = c^2$, which pass through the point (h, k) .

5. Find the equation of the parabola referred to the axis 40 and directrix as axes of co-ordinates.

If the straight line $y = m(x - a)$ meets the parabola at (x', y') and (x'', y'') , shew that

$$x' + x'' = 2a + \frac{4a}{m^2} \text{ and } y' + y'' = \frac{4a}{m}$$

$$x'x'' = a^2 \quad y'y'' = -4a^2.$$

6. Prove that the parabolas $y^2 = 4ax$ and $y^2 = 4bx$ cut at an 35 angle whose tangent is

$$\frac{3}{2 \left\{ \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{b}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right\}}.$$

7. What is meant by, (1) the excentric angle and, (2) the 45 auxilliary circle of an ellipse.

Find the locus of the point of intersection of a pair of tangents to an ellipse at right angles to one another.

8. Find the equation of the pair of straight lines drawn 50 from the centre of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - 1 = 0$ to the points of

intersection of the polar of (x_1, y_1) with the same ellipse.

If these lines be at right angles to one another shew that (x_1, y_1) lies on a circle.

9. Find the equation of an hyperbola when referred to its 45 asymptotes as axes of co-ordinates.

Tangents to an hyperbola are drawn from any point in one of the branches of the conjugate; shew that the chord of contact will touch the other branch of the conjugate.

10. In the equilateral hyperbola, find the length of a chord 30 normal at one extremity in terms of the co-ordinates of that extremity.

DRAWING.

Examiner—W. BANKS GWYTHYR, A.R.I.B.A., A.M.I.C.E.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

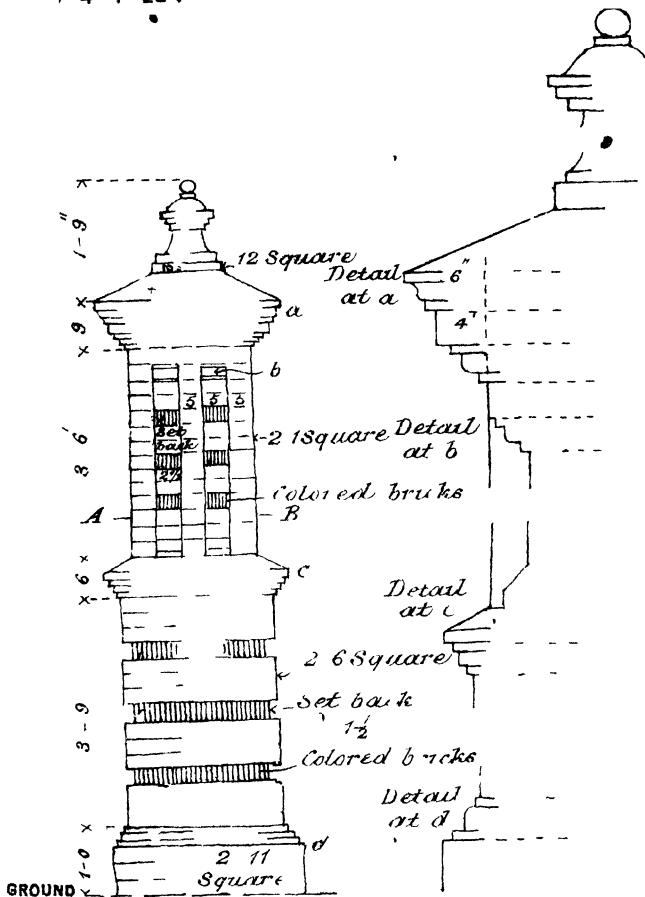
Note.—Drawings to be done in pencil only, and all lines used in construction to be left. Given lines should be shown as thin continuous lines, construction lines should be dotted, and results should be shown in strong lines. Neatness and accuracy will be taken into account in awarding marks.

1. The distance between Calcutta and Hooghly which is 15 known to be 26 miles measures nine inches on a map. Construct a scale for this map to read miles, furlongs and chains.
2. Draw a pentagon of two inches side, and reduce it geometrically to a square of equal area. 20
3. A triangle, the plan of which forms an equilateral figure, 25 has its three points 10, 14 and 21 units above the horizontal plane and its longest side, which measures 20 units, parallel with the vertical plane. Draw the vertical projection and find the real form of this triangle, assuming each unit of measurement equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$."
4. Draw to a scale of $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch to the foot, (i) an elevation, and (ii) the plan at A B, of the pillar shown in the figured sketch in the sheet of illustrations handed to you. 40
5. Make a free-hand drawing—that is without measuring or ruling—of the block of ornament put before you. Leave one half in outline and shade in the other half. 50
6. Sketch in rough perspective, without the aid of the usual geometrical processes, a view of the group of articles shown in the sheet of illustrations, assuming the view to be taken from the point C. Also roughly cast in the shadows in your sketch, supposing light to strike from the direction indicated by the arrows D. 50

FIRST EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING /

DRAWING

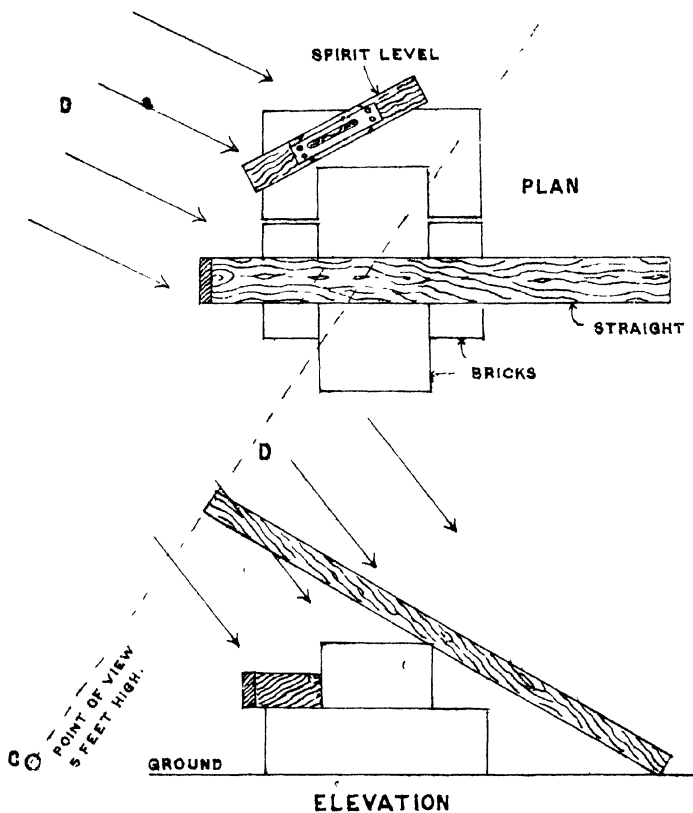
1 4 P 224



FIRST EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING

DRAWING

Q. 6. P 224



Tagore Law Examination.

1892.

Examiner—MAULAVI MUHAMMAD YOUSUFF KHAN BAHADUR,
B. L.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What are the sources of Mahomedan Law? How are 25
Words divided according to the Mahomedan system of juris-
prudence?

The Koran lays down the expression "three Kooroo" as the period of Iddut for divorced women. What is the meaning of the word Kooroo according to Imam Abu Huneefa, and where-in does Imam Shafei differ from the former, and what is the process of reasoning by which each of the two Imams supports his view, and what is the practical result of the difference? What is the general rule underlying the reasoning of Abu Huneefa? Give other instances of such general rule. How is the general rule of Abu Huneefa applicable in the construction of the expression, Fai or "then," in the following quotation from the Koran, and what view does Abu Huneefa entertain regarding the husband's power of giving divorce after Khoola and how does Shafei meet that view?

Divorce is made twice, [*i. e.*, you may give two Rujue, or irrevocable divorces to your wife at once, or you may give two Sherai divorces in each period of purity]: then (Fai) it is obligatory on the husband to retain [the wife] with propriety or to leave [her] with excellence: and it is not lawful for you all, (*i. e.*, the husbands) that you should take back any part of what you might have given to them, [*i. e.*, your wives] unless when they both, [*i. e.*, the husband and wife] fear that they both shall not be able to fulfil the ordinance of God. Then [or Fai] if you all [Oh! Kazees or guardians of husband and wife] are afraid that they, [*i. e.*, husband and wife] shall not fulfil the ordinance of God, it is not sinful in them both, [*i. e.*, the husband and wife] that the women shall give redemption money. All this constitutes God's ordinance, and therefore you should not overstep the boundary thereof, and they who overstep such boundary are oppressors [of their own selves]. *Then if the husband divorces her*, [*i. e.*, his wife] *she shall not be lawful to him*. [*i. e.*, the husband] after this, [*i. e.*, after this last divorce] until she marries a husband different [from the first husband]. Then if he [the new husband] divorces her it is not sinful in them [that is the first husband and the wife] that they should

return to each other [that is make a fresh marriage] if they believe that they will fulfil the ordinance of God: And all this is the ordinance of God, which God lays down for a knowing tribe [that is for people who are *sui juris* and are not insane or minors and have understanding].

2. What is the import of an aam, or general expression according to Mahomedan Jurisprudence. What is the conflict in the following two Sooras of the Kooran, and how is that conflict removed and the texts reconciled according to Abu Huneefa, and what is the view of the conflict taken by Ally? 10

The passage from Soorai Nisai Toola runs thus:—

“And those men who die from amongst you (true believers) and leave their wives, the wives shall wait (and not marry) with their free will for four months and ten days.”

The passage from Soorai Nisai Koosra runs thus:—

“And those women who are pregnant, their Iddut is delivery from pregnancy.”

3. What is the primary or Hukeekat use of a term and what is the secondary or Majaz use, as understood in Mahomedan Jurisprudence? 20

What sort of connection is necessary for the Majaz or secondary use of an expression?

Is a marriage valid in which the expression “gift” was used? If so what are the reasons? What are the reasons assigned by Shafei for confining the validity of a marriage with the use of the word “gift” only to the case of the prophet, and how does Imam Abu Huneefa meet the view taken by Shafei?

Can there be a valid divorce by the use of the word “emancipation”? Can there be a valid emancipation by the word “divorce”? Give reasons.

4. If a man says as regards his slave, older in age than the speaker “this is my son,” what is the effect of the expression according to Abu Huneefa’s view and what according to the view taken by the two disciples? What is the rule in regard to the Majaz or secondary use of an expression of which the above instance is an illustration, both according to Abu Huneefa and the two disciples, and what are the reasons adduced for the views respectively taken. What argument is deduced in support of a particular view in this matter by the instances technically known as, Muss-i-Sama and Kooza, that is when a man swears “By God I will touch the sky” and “By God I will drink the water in the jug”? 16

What is the rule in case a man says in regard to a woman who is older in age, or whose descent is well known from some other man, “This is my daughter?”

5. “What is the import of the word “and” according to Abu Huneefa and according to the two disciples? What is the effect of the expression “If you enter the house, you are divorced and divorced and divorced” and of the expression “You are divorced and divorced and divorced if you enter the house” and of the expression “you are divorced thrice, if you enter the house” and of the expression “if you enter the house, you are divorced thrice?” 14

What is the rule in regard to the construction of the word "and" when it is used to join two sentences? What is the meaning of the expression—"If thou enterest the house, then thou art divorced *and* thy co-wife is divorced," and of the expression—"If thou enterest the house, then thou art divorced, *and* thy co-wife."

6. What is the lowest period of gestation, in the establishment of parentage, and from what event is such period calculated in the case of Nikah Fasid and Nikah Suheeh, that is invalid marriage and valid marriage? What is the difference between a Fasid and Suheeh marriage? 10

7. What is Khoola and what is Zihar? 5

Honours Examination in Medicine.

1893.

MIDWIFERY.

Examiner—DR. C. R. M. GREEN.

(All four questions must be answered).

Time allowed four hours

<i>Marks</i>	Written	...	700
	Clinical	...	200
	Oral	...	100

1. Discuss the pathology of the diseases and anomalies of the placenta, and describe their effect on the course of pregnancy and labour.

2. Describe the operation of Symphysiotomy and its after treatment.

Compare this operation with other procedures that may be adopted for those conditions in which this operation is indicated

3. What are the common varieties of monstrosities that give rise to dystocia? Explain the mechanism of labour in these cases. Discuss the development of an acardiac monster.

4. What are the causes, dangers and treatment of the condition known as tympanites uteri or physometra, occurring before the birth of the child?

MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE.

Examiner—DR. J. B. GIBBONS.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Describe a paroxysm of Acute Mania, how would you 100 distinguish between a true and a feigned attack.

2. A person took a meal of rice, dal, vegetables and fish at 175 7 P. M., retired to bed at 8 P. M., and was found dead when the room was entered at 7 A. M., next morning. What conditions would assist you in arriving at an opinion as to when death occurred.

3. Describe the appearances of the body common to all 175 forms of asphyxia, and those which are characteristic respectively of drowning hanging and smothering.

4. A youth, about 20 minutes after taking food complained 250 of severe heartburn and vomited. In a short time the following symptoms were present—pain in the Epigastrium, vomiting and retching, a feeling of constriction of the throat, a sensation of swelling in the face, numbness, tingling, and a burning heat at first in the stomach but rapidly becoming general, with diminished sensibility of the surface of the body; great muscular weakness; vertigo, dimness of vision, pupils dilated; pulse small, feeble and irregular, and imperceptible in the extremities towards the end; respiration shallow and difficult, mind clear. Death sudden after a few irregular gasping respirations, four hours from the onset of the symptoms.

P. M., showed congestion of the liver, lungs, kidneys, brain, and spleen. The stomach was congested throughout and presented several, small, slightly raised, yellowish grey patches. The intestines showed patches of congestion.

The stomach, its contents, portion of liver and one kidney are sent to you to discover the cause of death; What poison would you expect to find, describe fully the process you would use for its detection.

Written	...	700
Oral	...	100
Practical	...	230

L. E. and B. E. Examinations.

1893.

DIFFERENTIAL AND INTEGRAL CALCULUS.

Examiner—MR. C. LITTLE, M.A.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Prove that the limiting value of $\frac{a^x - 1}{x}$, when $x=0$ is 30
equal to $\log_e a$.

Find the differential coefficient of a^x .

Differentiate $\frac{(x-1)^4}{(x+2)^3}$ twice with respect to x , and find the
value of the result when $x=0$.

2. If $u=f(v)$ and $v=\phi(x)$, show how the differential co- 30
efficient of u may be found with respect to x .

Differentiate with respect to x ,

$$(1) \sin^{-1}(1-x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}},$$

$$(2) e^{\log z} \text{ where } z = \frac{\sin \sqrt{x}}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}.$$

3. Prove that

30

$$\frac{d^r \cos mx}{dx^r} = m^r \cos \left(mx + r \frac{\pi}{2} \right).$$

Apply Leibnitz's theorem to find the third differential co-
efficient of $e^{rx} \sin mx$.

$$\text{If } (1-x^2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} = 0.$$

prove that

$$(1-x^2) \frac{d^{n+2} y}{dx^{n+2}} - (2n+1)x \frac{d^{n+1} y}{dx^{n+1}} - n^2 \frac{d^n y}{dx^n} = 0.$$

4. Prove that $\log \frac{xe^x}{e^x - 1} = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x^3}{24} \dots$

20

5. Evaluate the following indeterminate quantities :— 20

$$(1) \frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{x-a}}{\sqrt{x^2-a^2}} \text{ when } x=a.$$

$$(2) (\sin x)^{\tan x} \text{ when } x=0.$$

6. Find the conditions that $f(a)$ is a minimum value of the function $f(x)$. 35

A tree in the form of a frustum of a cone is n feet long, and the greater and less diameters are a and b feet, respectively, shew that the greatest beam of square section that can be cut

out of it is $\frac{na}{3(a-b)}$ feet long.

7. Show how to integrate 30

$$\frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2-a^2}}, \quad \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2-a^2}}, \text{ and } \tan^{-1}x \, dx.$$

8. Find the value of 30

$$\int \frac{1+\cos x}{x+\sin x} dx, \quad \int \frac{x^2 dr}{x^2+4x+3}, \text{ and } \int x^m (\log x)^2 dx.$$

9. Prove that 30

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^m (a+bx^n)^p dx \\ &= \frac{x^{m+1} (a+bx^n)^p}{m+1} - \frac{bnp}{m+1} \int x^{m+n} (a+bx^n)^{p-1} dx. \end{aligned}$$

and apply this formula of reduction to find the value of

$$\int (a+bx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx.$$

- 10 Show how to find the area of a given portion of the space inclosed by a plane curve. 25

Find the area included between the curves $y^2-4ax=0$ and $x^2-4ay=0$.

11. Find the area of a loop of the curve $r=a \cos n\theta$. 25

HYDROSTATICS.

Examiner—MR. C. LITTLE, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. State what the fundamental assumption is regarding a perfect fluid. Show how this leads to the following results :— 30

(1) the pressure of a fluid on any surface with which it is in contact is perpendicular to the surface ; (2) the principle of transmission of fluid pressure.

2. Find the pressure at any depth in a heavy homogeneous liquid at rest, and show that the difference of the pressures at any two points varies as the vertical distance between the points. 35

If, in a fluid at rest, the pressure at any point is proportional to the square of the depth, show that the density is proportional to the depth

3. Show how to find the resultant horizontal pressure on a surface in contact with a fluid.

A rectangle is immersed vertically to a depth a below the surface of a fluid, and has two of its sides horizontal? Find the position of the horizontal line which divides the surface into two portions the pressures upon which are equal. 35

4. Find the conditions of equilibrium of a floating body.

A uniform cylinder of length $2b$ inches, and density ρ floats in a liquid with its axis vertical and half immersed: another liquid is then poured upon the top of the former (with which it does not mix) to a depth of a inches, which causes the cylinder to rise b inches in the lower liquid. Find the density of the upper fluid. 30

5. If 37 lbs. of tin lose 5 lbs. in water, 23 lbs. of lead lose 2 lbs. in water, and a composition of tin and lead weighing 120 lbs., loses 14 lbs. in water: find the proportion of lead to tin in the composition. 25

6. Describe Toricelli's experiment which led to the present method of measuring atmospheric pressure.

When the mercury in a barometer stands at 30 inches, show that the pressure of the atmosphere on a square inch is about $14\frac{1}{2}$ lbs, the specific gravity of mercury being 13.6, and the weight of a cubic foot of water 1000 oz. 35

7. Draw a figure showing the arrangement of valves in Smeaton's air pump, and find the density of air in the receiver after n strokes. 35

If in Smeaton's air pump there be communication with a condenser through the upper valve, and the capacity of the cylinder be half that of either receiver, compare the pressures in the receivers after two descents and ascents of the piston.

8. In the common suction pump determine the force necessary to move the handle downwards, when the length of the pipe from the piston to the surface of the water is 15 feet, the diameter of the piston 6 inches, the length of the handle 5 feet, that of the arm at right angles to it and connected with the piston rod 1 foot, and the play of the handle 60° . 25

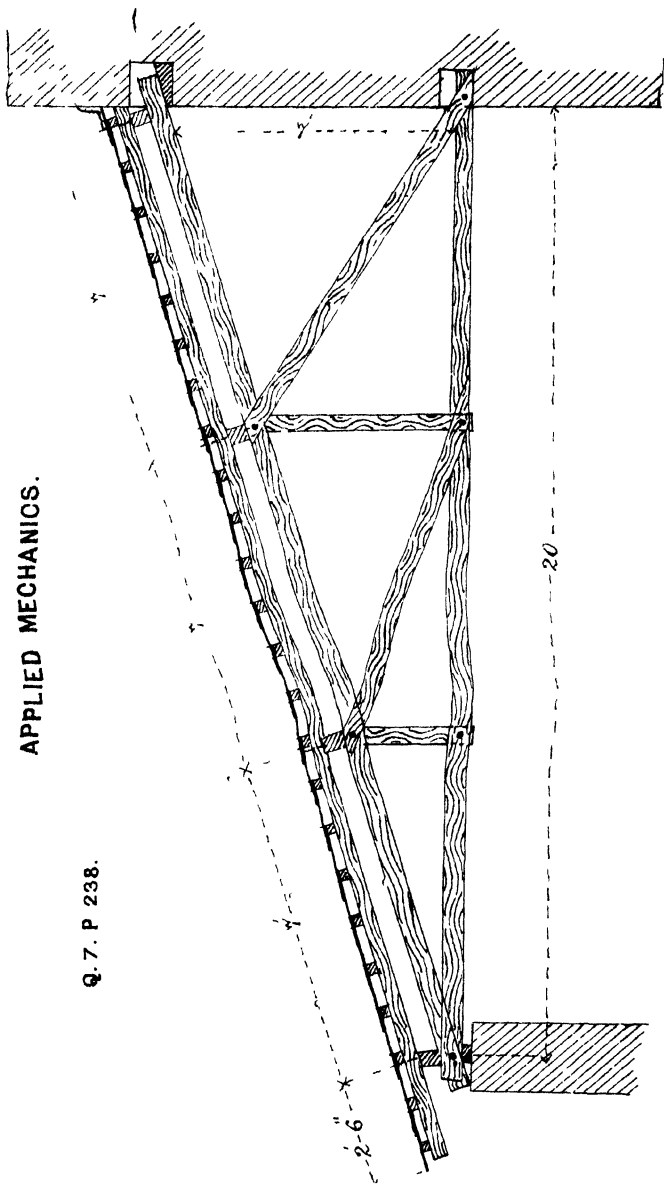
9. Describe the method of using the hydrostatic balance for substances both lighter and heavier than water. 25

10. A quantity of air under a pressure of m lbs. to the square inch, occupies n cubic inches, when the temperature is t° . Show that its volume under a pressure of m' lbs. to the square

inch, when the temperature is t'° is $\frac{m}{m'} \left\{ 1 + a(t - t') \right\} n$ cubic inches nearly.

APPLIED MECHANICS.

Q. 7. P 238.



4. Describe the crystalline form and general characters, 42
and give the chemical formulæ of the following minerals :—
Galena, Cinnabarite, Corundum, Muscovite, Malachite and
Tetrahedrite.

5. Explain clearly what you mean by the calorific power and 25
calorific intensity of fuel, and mention briefly how they can be
determined.

6. Describe the materials and give roughly the composition 40
of the substances used as fuel in the solid, liquid and gaseous
condition. Indicate the conditions under which each fuel can
be consumed, and the metallurgical* processes to which they
can be applied.

7. What are the metals which can be obtained from their ores 30
by the following general processes, and in each case mentioned,
give an extremely brief outline of the method used, (a) reduction
of oxides by carbon, (b) amalgamation, and (c) electrolytic
methods?

8. Describe the processes for lead smelting, (a) in reverber- 30
atory furnaces, (b) in blast furnaces, and (c) in open hearths.
If possible, give sketches of the furnaces described.

9. Describe how malleable iron is obtained (a) by the pri- 30
mitive tribes in India, and (b) by the Catalan forge. How is
steel made by the Siemens-Martin process? Give rough
sketches of the furnaces described.

10. Describe clearly the method of extracting copper by the 25
Welsh process, and explain the chemical actions involved.

DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION.

Examiner—MR. W. BANKS GWYTHYR, A.R.I.B.A.,
A.M.I.C.E.

[N. B.—In awarding marks accuracy and neatness of sketches will be
taken into account.]

1. What conditions have to be taken into account in fixing upon
the thickness of the walls of a building? Also in deciding the kind
of foundations?

2. What precautions would you take in constructing a stone wall
with brickwork backing? Give reasons. What is a *through stone*?
In bedding large blocks of ashlar, what points would you give spe-
cial attention to, and why?

3. Write a clear and concise specification for earthwork and
concrete work in a large building to be erected upon a mass of con-
crete 3 feet thick, measuring 200 feet in length, and 60 feet in
breadth, laid at an average depth of 15 feet in wet soil; the
stratum of firm clay suitable for building upon having a lateral dip
of 4 feet.

4. Explain briefly and illustrate the following :—

Sheet-piling, underpinning, revetment, flying buttress, architrave
and pediment. What is the *seal* of a drain trap, and what do you
understand by a 'latrine on the flushing system'?

5. It is proposed to build a 5-inch brick partition-wall across a room 20 feet wide and 15 feet high, in the upper floor of a house, there being no wall immediately below to support it. Show what method of construction you would adopt to ensure that no weight shall be thrown on to the floor. No wood to be used, and a central opening of 6 feet by 8 feet in height to be left in the wall.

6. Complete the detail drawing of the iron columns illustrated in the sketch handed to you. How would you proportion the base plate, stone block, and foundation masonry at the foot of the column?

7. A staircase has to be erected in the room shown in the accompanying sketch. Draw the plan and section of what you would propose.

ROADS AND RAILWAYS.

Examiner—MR. J. H. TOOGOOD.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

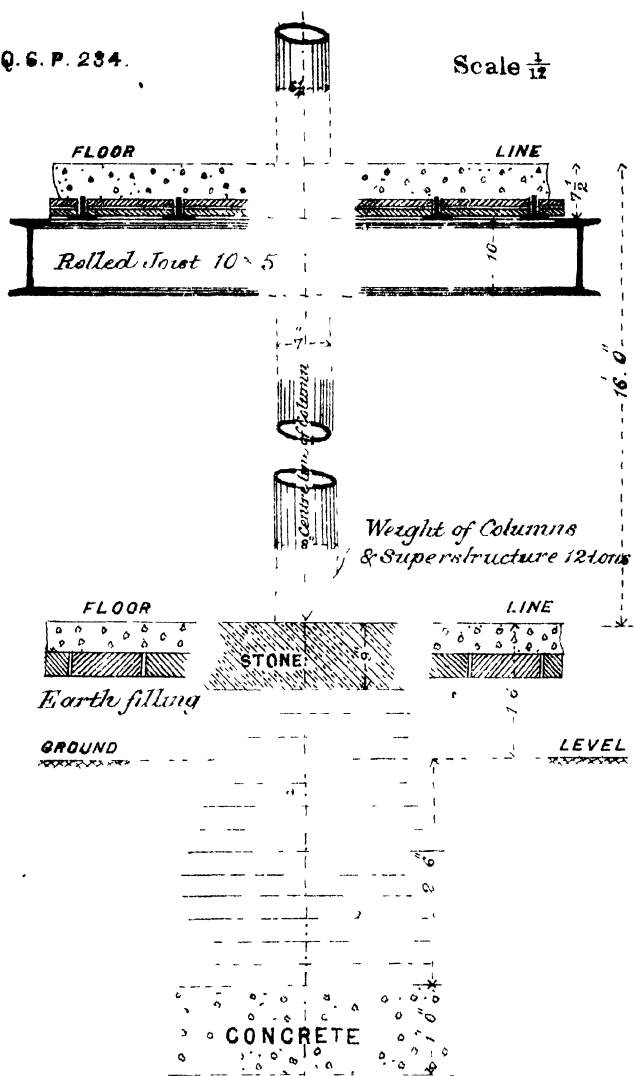
Max. Marks.

1. In laying out a new road, by what considerations would you be guided in making deviations from the straight line? 20
2. Why are easy gradients of more importance on metalled than on unmetalled roads? What are the *maximum* gradients allowable on each. 20
3. Give good cross sections of a First-class Road in:— (a) a cutting; (b) an embankment; (c) on a hill-side. State what alterations you would make if the land were very valuable. 50
4. Enumerate the materials commonly used in India for metalling roads. Specify for Stone-metalling, and give directions as to how it should be laid down and consolidated. 30
5. What are Compound and Serpentine Curves, respectively, and under what circumstances are they adopted? In a Serpentine Curve, given one radius and its tangential point, find the other radius and its tangential point. 30
6. Why is it of more consequence to shorten the line as much as possible in the case of a Railway than in that of a Road? 30
7. On what principles would you estimate the propriety of going to great expense in flattening the gradients of a Railway. 30
8. Examine the various evils attendant on Curves on Railroads, with reference to the permanent way, rolling stock, and passenger traffic, and the efficacy of the expedients adopted to mitigate some of them. 30
9. Describe and state the uses of Turn-tables, Traversing Platforms, Switches, Points and Counter-rais. 30
10. On what do the power and speed of a Locomotive depend? What is meant by the *adhesion* of a Locomotive, and how does it limit the tractive force? How do you estimate the amount of *adhesion*? 30

DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION.

Q. G. P. 234.

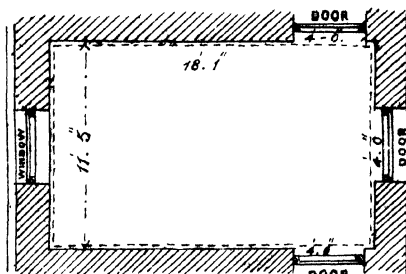
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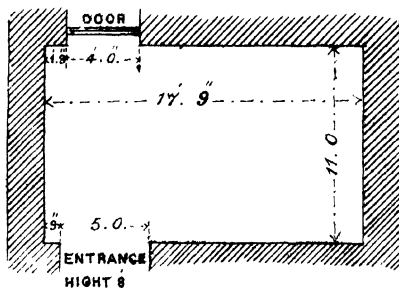
DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION.

4½ FEET STAIRCASE

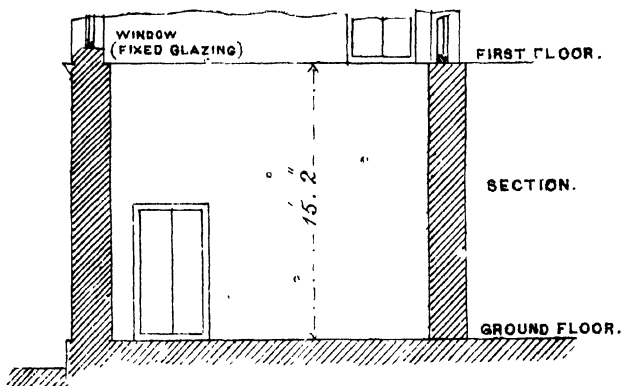
Q.7 P. 234.



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.



GROUND FLOOR PLAN



SECTION.

SCALE 4 FEET TO AN INCH.

HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING.

. Examiner—MR. G. C. MACONCHY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. A town in Bengal, with a population of 40,000 persons, 40
is to be supplied with water from a river, whose waters contain
silt but are otherwise pure, distant 6 miles from the town.
The lowest water level of the river is R. L. 165.00. The level
of the river bank and ground at the head works is R. L. 185.00.
The level of the town is R. L. 200.00. State briefly what works
and plant are required in order to convey a pure supply to the
town.

2. In the last question the internal diameter of the pipes 70
which convey the water to the town is 12", and the coefficient

of friction is $\zeta = 01 \left(1 + \frac{1}{12d}\right)$ where d is the diameter in

inches. Supposing it were desired to construct a reservoir at
the river bank at such an elevation that the water would descend
from it to the town by gravitation, what must be the elevation of
the reservoir-bed above the ground to give a supply at the rate
of 5 gallons per head of population per day, half the supply to
be delivered in four hours, and the remainder in eight hours?

What would be the effect on the supply if the bed of the
reservoir were lowered to a height of 30 feet above ground
level?

If the level of the ground half-way between the river and
the town is R. L. 260.00, what should be the position of the
pipes relatively to the ground at this point?

If the level of the pipes 1 mile from the town is R. L. 190.00,
what is the bursting-pressure in the pipes at this point?

3. What is the object of (a) air-valves, (b) scouring valves, 40
and in what situations in a line of pipes should they respec-
tively be placed? What precautions would you adopt in a long
line of pipes to prevent the pipes emptying themselves back-
wards in case of a burst? Sketch in detail, with verbal des-
criptions where required, the ordinary forms of joints in (a) cast
iron, (b) wrought-iron pipes.

4. In calculating the discharge of an earthen canal what 70
formula would you use? Mention any other formula which
would give a sufficiently accurate result. A canal has a bed-
width of 20 feet, side slopes of 1 to 1, a longitudinal bed-slope
of 9 inches per mile, and discharges 292 cubic ft. per second.
A distributary taking off from this canal has a bed-width of 5
feet, sides slopes of 1 to 1, a longitudinal bed slope of 15" per
mile, and is to be worked with a maximum depth of water of 3
feet. The bed of the distributary at the head is one foot above
that of the canal. What area of waterway is required for the
distributary head sluice?

The coefficient in Kutter's formula is for the canal $C = 0.766$
and for the distributary, $C = 0.567$. The coefficient of velocity
through the sluice is 0.75. The following are corresponding

values of the depth of water and hydraulic mean depth in the canal:—

<u>depth</u>	<u>h. m. d.</u>
feet	
3.....	2.42
4.....	3.07
5.....	3.66
6.....	4.22
7.....	4.75
8.....	5.25

5. Sketch, with dimensions, a design for the sluice in the last question. The crest of the canal bank is 5 ft. wide and the outer slope of the bank $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 1. The level of the canal bed is 215.00, of the crest of the canal bank 224.00, of the ground 218.00, of the crest of the distributary bank 221.00 35

6. A partially-empty tank in which the water-level is R. L. 150.00 is to be filled to a level of 160.00 from a canal whose surface is at 160.00 through a pipe 6" in diameter discharging into the tank below the water-level. The tank is 150 feet long and 100 feet wide, and for the purposes of this calculation the sides may be considered as vertical. The coefficient of velocity through the pipe is 0.8. How long will it take to fill the tank? 35

7. The sketch represents the design for a sluice to drain a tract of country into the river Hooghly. The sluice is to be situated in the bed of a khal, and the velocity through the sluice may be as high as 8 feet per second. 35

Criticise the design and say whether it should be altered and, if so, in what respects.

8. A canal in Behar crosses a channel which drains 18 sq. miles of country. What must be the water-way of a siphon to pass the drainage under the canal, so as not to cause an afflux of more than 6" on the up-stream side? The coefficient of velocity through the siphon is such as to give a velocity of 5 feet per second with a head of 1 foot. 35

9. An earthen canal, in Bengal of 15' base with banks 8' high works with 5' depth of water, the mean velocity of flow being 1.8 feet, and the inner slopes of the banks are $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 1. The water contains a moderate quantity of silt. Show by a sketch what would probably be the actual shape of the cross section at the end of the irrigation season? 20

10. Why is it desirable to design large canals in Bengal, so that the velocity of flow shall be as high as possible without danger of excessive erosion of the banks? 20

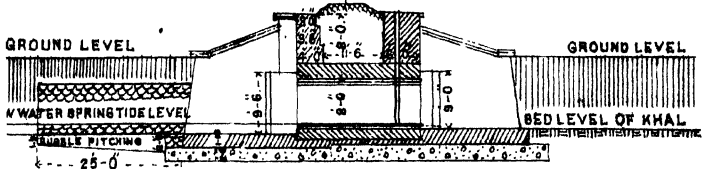
HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING

Q.7. P. 236.

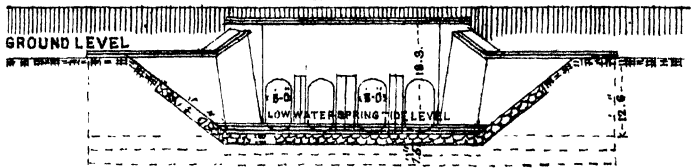
DRAINAGE SLUICE

Scale 15 ft. = 1 Inch

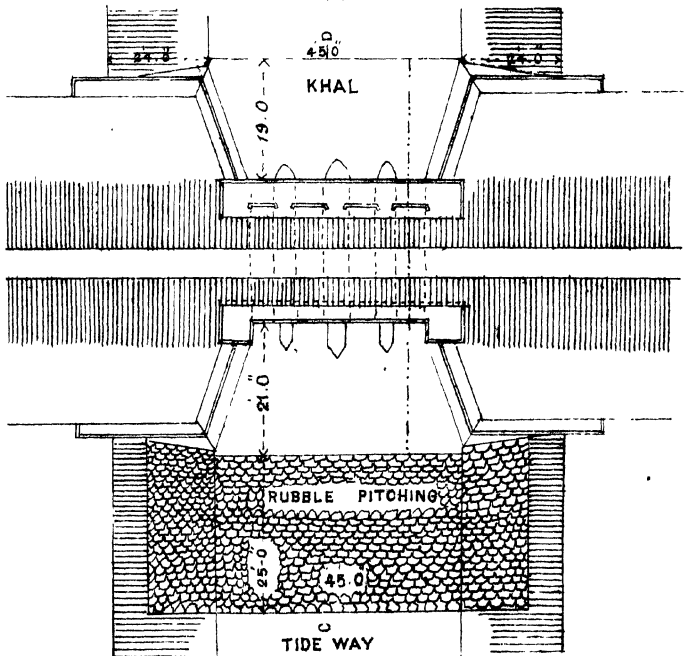
SECTION ON C-D.



FRONT ELEVATION.

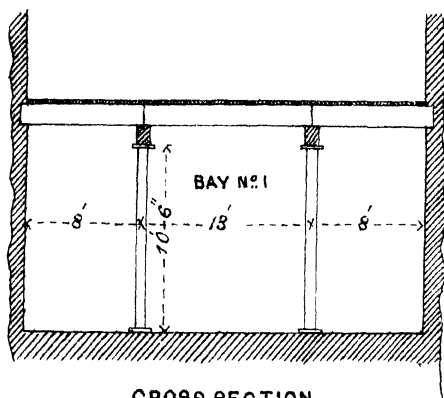


PLAN

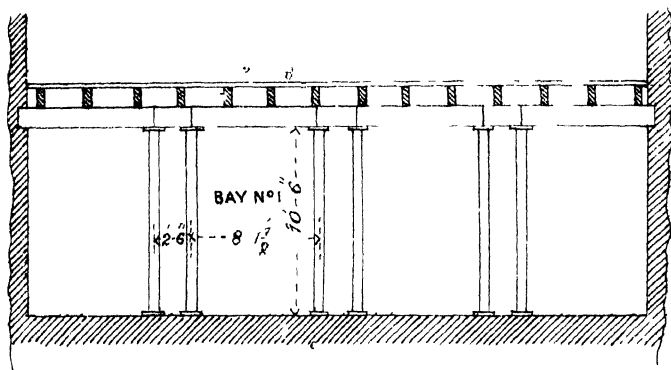


APPLIED MECHANICS.

Q. 4. P. 237.



CROSS SECTION



LONGITUDINAL SECTION

APPLIED MECHANICS.

• Examiner—MR. G. C. MACONCHY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

The following values are to be used throughout this paper :—

Wrought Iron.—Coefficient of elasticity 13,000 tons per sq. inch.

Safe working stress—5 tons per sq. inch compression and tension.

Timber.—Safe working stress—1 ton per sq. inch compression and tension.

Brick-masonry.—Weight—112 lbs. per cub. ft.

1. Explain what is meant by—

Stress ; strain ; working stress ; ultimate strength ; factor of safety ; elasticity ; elastic limit ; permanent set ; live load ; bending moment ; shearing force ; moment of inertia ; torsion ; line of resistance ; linear arch ; funicular polygon ; frame diagram ; force diagram ; reciprocal figure. 30

2. Show that the resistance of an elastic prismatic piece to shocks depends, not on any one of its linear dimensions, but upon its volume only. 20

3. A narrow platform 6 feet long is suspended from a rigid beam by two wrought iron rods, each 1" in diameter and 15 ft. long, one at each end of the platform and situated in its centre line. A weight of 1 cwt. is dropped from a height of 10 ft. above the platform so as to fall on its centre line at a point distant 2' from one rod and 4' from the other. Find (a) the maximum intensity of stress and (b) the elongation momentarily produced in each rod. 20

What would be the maximum intensity of stress and elongation (I) if the weight were applied suddenly to the platform, but without falling through any height, and (II) if it were applied gradually. The platform is assumed to be perfectly rigid, strong, and weightless. The weight of the rods themselves, and all effects of vibration are to be neglected.

4. The sketch represents a wooden floor, intended to carry a maximum live load of 100 lbs. per sq. foot, (including the weight of the floor itself) and supported on hollow cylindrical cast iron columns with flat ends. Taking the thickness of metal as $\frac{1}{2}$ " what should be the diameter of the columns? The constants in Gordon's formula are 30

$$f = 80,000 \text{ lbs. per sq. in.}$$

$$a = \frac{1}{800}$$

Calculate the requisite dimensions for the joists.

5. What should be the dimensions of the architraves in bay No. 1 in the last question? What would be the deflection of the joists under the action of the maximum load? 30

6. A cylindrical chimney of brick-masonry is 1' 9" in internal diameter at the top. At a horizontal section 20' from the top the external diameter is 4' 3", the thickness of the masonry 30

all the way down being 10". What is the limiting horizontal wind pressure to which the chimney may safely be exposed, so far only as the horizontal section 20' from the top is concerned? The conditions of stability at this section under the limiting wind-pressure should be thoroughly examined. The pressure of the wind on a cylindrical surface may be taken as half that on a flat surface of the same projected area normal to the direction of the wind.

7. The sketch represents a roof-truss to be erected in a verandah in an exposed situation liable to be visited by cyclones. The material to be used is timber. Assuming the wind to act in a direction making an angle of 30° with the surface of the roof and to exert a force of 60 lbs. per sq. foot on a flat surface normal to its direction, determine by the graphic method the least admissible cross sectional area of the various portions of the truss, the trusses being spaced 10 ft. apart. Distinguish between ties and struts. The weight of the roof and of the truss itself is to be neglected. 40

8. What is the rule regarding the position of the resultant pressure on a horizontal section of a retaining-wall? What would be the effect on the material of the wall at the section if the resultant fell otherwise than according to this rule? 30

A brick-masonry reservoir is to contain 10 ft. depth of water, and the top of the wall is to be 1 foot above the surface of the water. The bed is to be at ground level. The inner face of the reservoir wall is to be vertical, the exterior face is to have a uniform batter, and the wall is to be 2' 1" thick at the top. What must be the thickness of the wall at ground-level?

9. A beam of 12 ft. span, supported at the ends, carries four concentrated loads each weighing 1 ton, spaced as follows; the first 2' from the left-hand support and the remainder at intervals of 3 feet, the last being 1 foot from the right hand support. 30

Draw to scale the curves of (1) shearing forces, (2) bending moments.

10. A uniformly distributed load of w_1 tons per foot run has advanced l feet along a girder of L feet span which weighs w_2 tons per foot run. The total length of the rolling load is greater than L , so that the whole length l is occupied by the rolling load. 40

Obtain general expressions showing the shearing force and bending moment at any section of the girder in (1) the portion occupied by the rolling load (2) the unoccupied portion.

Deduce the value of the maximum bending moment in each portion separately. Calling M_1 the maximum value of the bending moment in the occupied portion, is there a maximum value of M_1 for any value of l between $l=0$ and $l=L$?

MECHANISM AND STEAM ENGINE.

• *Examiner*—MR. G. C. MACONCHY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. A and B are two fixed axes, perpendicular to the plane of the paper, 5 feet apart; AD and BE are two rigid links, each 2' 6'' long, capable of revolving round the axes A and B. At D and E the links are jointed to a rigid frame in the shape of an isosceles triangle of dimensions

$$CD = CE = 3' 0''; DE = 2' 0''.$$

The axes of the joints at D and E are parallel to the axes at A and B. The frame CDE oscillates on either side of the symmetrical position until the sides CD and CE are alternately perpendicular to a straight line joining AB. Find the position of the instantaneous axis of the frame CDE (1) in its central position (2) in either extreme position.

What should be the length of the links AD and BE and the distance apart of the axes A and B to ensure that the point C may move as nearly as possible in a straight line parallel to AB? Where would the instantaneous axis of the frame be always situated, if the path of C was a true horizontal straight line.

The motion of C being very nearly rectilinear, what would the arrangement be called?

2. What is the object of the fly-wheel of a steam-engine? 33

A non-expansive, single-cylinder, direct-acting, winding-engine exerts a mean useful effort on the crank pin of 31,651 foot lbs. during one-half of each revolution, and 24,617 foot lbs. during the other half of the revolution. At one end of the crank-shaft is keyed the drum, 4 feet in diameter, on which is coiled the chain, which, while the engine is working at normal speed, winds up a weight of 1 ton at a mean speed of π feet per second. At the other end of the crank-shaft is keyed a fly-wheel. The radius of gyration of the fly-wheel being 7 feet, what must be its weight, in order that the fluctuation of its angular velocity may not exceed $\frac{1}{30}$ th of the mean angular velocity? The resistance due to the load alone is to be considered, and this may be taken as constant. All other resistances due to friction, &c., to be neglected.

3. The fly-wheel in the last question is made of cast iron. 18
Taking the weight per cubic foot of cast iron to be 444 lbs., and the safe working tensile stress at 3,600 lbs. per sq. inch, at how many revolutions per minute can the engine be worked without causing undue stress in the flywheel?

4. When the engine in question 2 is working at normal 33
speed, what is the effective H. P. exerted in raising the load?

What would be the effective H. P. exerted on the load when being raised at the extreme speed of question 3?

The diameter of the shaft throughout being 3'', and the aggregate pressure on the bearings in which the shaft revolves 16 tons, what H. P. is required to overcome the frictional resistance of the bearings at normal speed?

The coefficient of friction is to be taken as 0.05.

5. What are the usual proportions of the teeth of a spur-wheel, the pitch being unity? 33

The radius of the pitch-line of a spur-wheel with cycloidal teeth is $4''$; the radius of the rolling circle for the faces of the teeth is $1''$; the height of the teeth above the pitch-line is $\frac{1}{4}''$.

Find by construction a circular arc corresponding very nearly with the true epicycloid which gives the proper shape for the face of one tooth.

6. Give sketches and descriptions of the action of any three of the following kinds of valves:— 33

Flap-valve; India-rubber disc valve; lift or puppet valve; ring-valve; slide-valve; equilibrium-valve; throttle-valve.

7. What are the uses of indicator-diagrams? 33

Sketch (1) a perfect diagram, (2) an actual diagram, of a non-condensing engine, pointing out what portions of the latter relate to the periods of (a) admission, (b) expansion, (c) release, (d) compression.

How would the following faults in working affect the shape of the diagram?

(a) Opening of steam-valve too late or too slowly.

(b) Steam-valve closing too slowly, or steam passages too small.

(c) Condensation in the cylinder.

(d) Exhaust-valves opening too slowly.

(e) Exhaust-valves closing too slowly.

Explain how the indicated H. P. of the engine is obtained from the diagram when the length of stroke, number of revolutions, and scale of pressures are given.

8. The figure represents a horizontal engine, AC being the connecting rod and BC the crank. The resultant of all the resistances against which the engine is working may be taken as equivalent to a force W acting at D on a prolongation of the crank-arm, such that DC is equal to CB, the direction of W being at right angles to DCB. CB = 1 foot, AC = 3 feet, W = $1\frac{1}{2}$ tons. At the instant under consideration the angle ABC is 30° . 33

Find—

(1) The horizontal pressure P on the piston.

(2) The reaction of the slide-block at A.

(3) The thrust of the connecting-rod.

(4) The reaction of the bearings at B.

Friction to be neglected throughout.

9: A single-threaded worm, turned by a handle of $1' 6''$ radius, drives a wheel with 40 teeth, on the axis of which is keyed a pinion with 15 teeth, which in turn drives a wheel with 50 teeth, on the axis of which is keyed a drum $2'$ in diameter. The weight to be lifted is suspended from a chain coiled round the drum. 18

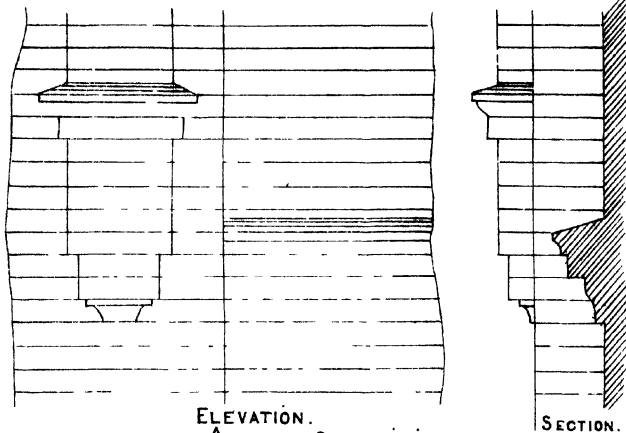
What is the velocity-ratio of the power, applied at the handle and the weight, acting at the circumference of the drum?

10. When pressure is transmitted by one spur-wheel to another, the teeth must be sufficiently thick to enable them to withstand the pressure without danger of breaking. As the 33

DRAWING

Q. 3 P. 241

FIG. I



ELEVATION.

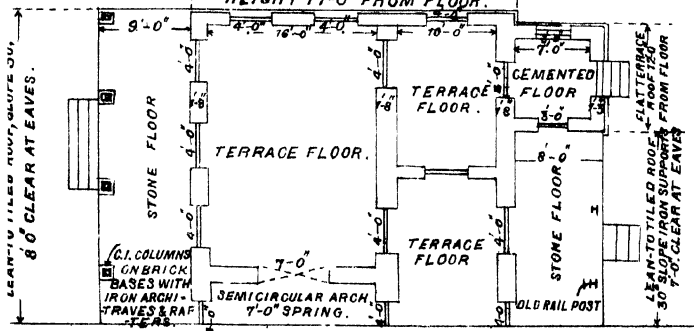
SECTION.

A SCALE. 1/4" = 1'

Q. 5 P. 241.

FIG. II.

FLAT TERRACE ROOF
HEIGHT 17'-0" FROM FLOOR.



PART PLAN.

SCALE 1/8" = 1'

NOTE.

- I. FOUNDATIONS 3 FEET BRICKWORK AND 1 FOOT CONCRETE. LATTER 4 FEET WIDE FOR MAIN WALLS & 3 FEET FOR OTHER WALLS.
- II. PLINTH TO BE 2'-6" ABOVE GROUND.
- III. FLOORS ALL AT SAME LEVEL.
- IV. 4'-0" DOORS TO BE 2'-0" HIGH
- V. 3'-0" DOORS TO BE 6'-6" HIGH.
- VI. FLAT ROOMS TO BE SUPPORTED ON ROLLED JOISTS & T. IRONS.
- VII. PARAPET 6" HIGH ALL ROUND.

thickness of the teeth is a constant fraction of the pitch, a relation can be obtained between the pitch and the pressure, which for the gearing in question 9 is $p = 0.05 \sqrt{P}$, where p is the least admissible pitch in inches and P is the pressure on the teeth in lbs.

The power applied to the handle being 50 lbs., and friction being neglected, determine the least admissible radii and pitches of all the wheels in question 9, and the corresponding pressures on the teeth. The pressures may be assumed to act tangentially to the pitch-lines.

DRAWING.

Examiner—MR. W. BANKS GWYTHIER, A.R.I.B.A.,
A.M.I.C.E.

Given lines should be shown in thin firm lines, those used in construction should be dotted, and results distinguished by using thick firm lines. Neatness and correctness of work will be taken into consideration.

1. Three lines, which are $1\frac{1}{2}$, 2, and $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length, and are mutually at right angles, converge from above, and meet at a point in the ground plane; the $2\frac{1}{2}$ inch line prolonged forms angles of 60° with the vertical and ground planes. Find the plan and elevation of these three lines.

2. A right hexagonal prism of $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch side and 3 inches height stands balancing on one of its points, the plane of its axis forming an angle of 45° with the vertical plane; draw the plan and elevation. Also draw the contours of the solid taken at every $\frac{1}{4}$ inch level measured from the ground plane.

3. Draw the shadows which will occur on the wall-face shown in elevation at A, in fig. i., with light falling at the conventional angle.

4. Make a free-hand sketch of an empty wheel-barrow of the common type. Assume yourself to be standing about 15 feet from it, and that your line of view makes roughly an angle of 60° with the axis of the barrow.

5. Set up a section, along the line BC, of the building shown in plan at fig. ii., using a scale of $\frac{1}{96}$.

OPTIONAL SUBJECTS.

MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION.

Examiner—MR. W. BANKS GWYTHER, A.R.I.B.A.,
A.M.I.C.E.

1. For what purposes is stone chiefly used in Bengal? Note the kinds of stone used for different purposes, for what qualities they are chosen, and where they are obtained.

2. What differences are there in the manufacture of bricks and terra-cotta? What advantages has the latter material over most building-stones for architectural purposes?

3. What do you know of the methods of testing the quality and strength of cast and wrought-iron? If two similar bars of these, both planed smooth, were put before you, how would you distinguish them? Also, if both bars were fractured? If two similar bars of wrought-iron were fractured, one suddenly and the other gradually, what difference, if any, would you expect to find in the fractured surfaces?

4. What do you know about the growth, felling, transmission to Calcutta, and placing on the market, of Burmah Teak? Also discuss briefly the presence and effect of sap in a wood.

5. Supposing in a case of doubt as to the quality of the materials which are being put into a building already partially constructed, you are asked to examine and report on them, detail the steps you would take. It may be assumed that all the materials intended to be used are lying at site.

GEODESY.

Examiner—MR. G. C. MACONCHY.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What considerations influence the selection of a good 20
base-line for a survey, and the positions of trigonometrical
stations? Show, by a diagram, the method of extending tri-
angulation rapidly from the base without admitting any ill-con-
ditioned triangles.

2. Describe the various methods of filling in the details of a 20
survey. How would you fix your position in a survey by obser-
vations with a prismatic compass?

3. Give the usual method of examining and correcting the 20
adjustments of the pocket-sextant.

Two rounds of angles are taken from a trigonometrical
station, one with a theodolite, the other with a pocket-sextant.
What would be a test of the accuracy of the round taken with
the theodolite? Under what circumstances would the test
applied to the theodolite be applicable to the angles taken with
the sextant? Explain clearly the reasons for this.

4. A and B are two fixed stations near a river; C is an inaccessible point on the opposite bank of the river. With a chain and a few flags only, show how to let fall a perpendicular from C on the line AB. (C is so situated that the foot of the perpendicular will fall somewhere between A and B). 20

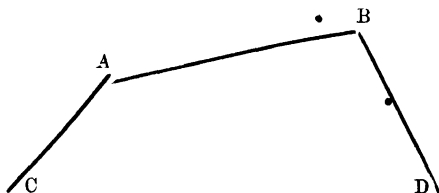
5. Describe how the permanent adjustments of a dumpy-level are effected. 20

The following are the entries in a levelling field-book. Work out the reduced levels and check your calculations.

Back.	Inter- mediate.	Fore.	Rise.	Fall.	Reduced level.
6.83	4.21 11.76 0.29				261.77
7.27	9.18	5.64			
8.01	7.39 2.45	2.16 8.92			

6. AB is a line one mile long connecting two roads CA and DB which, if produced, would intersect in a thick forest at an inaccessible point E. The angles CAB and DBA are 150° and 120° respectively. A curve of one mile radius has to be traced between these roads. At what distances from A and B will the required starting-points lie? Explain how you would set out this curve with a theodolite. What are the successive tangential angles for two-chain chords, and what will be the total length of the curve? 25

E



7. Describe all the approximate methods you know of for finding the meridian. Mention, without description, any accurate methods. 25

CHEMISTRY.

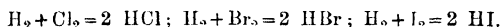
Examiner—MR. A. PEDLER, F.R.S.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. A certain volume of Oxygen weighs 5 grammes. Find the weights at the same temperature and pressure of the same volume of Marsh Gas, Hydrogen, Iodine vapour, Carbonic oxide, ammonia, arsenic trioxide vapour, nitric oxide and nitrogen tetroxide. 17

2. 5 grammes of Silver nitrate are added to 5 grammes of a solution containing 10·22 per cent. of Hydrochloric acid. What are the weights of the substances left after the mixture is made? 17

3. Explain under what circumstances the following three reactions happen, and point out how in certain cases chemical equations fail to indicate the full facts of the reactions. 16



4. What occurs when a solution of ammonia in water is added to each of the following solutions,—(a) cupric sulphate; (b) ferric chloride; (c) zinc sulphate; (d) alum; and (e) baric chloride, and also when ammonia gas is passed over solid silver chloride and over red-hot cupric oxide. 16

5. Explain the composition of white cast iron, grey cast iron, spiegeleisen, wrought iron, and steel. What are the theories suggested to account for the formation of steel in the "cementation" process. 15

6. Starting from ferrous sulphate how could you obtain (a) metallic iron, (b) ferrous oxide, (c) ferric oxide, (d) magnetic iron oxide, and (e) ferric chloride? How would you distinguish between ferrous and ferric salts in solution? 17

7. Describe the methods of making sodic carbonate (a) by Leblanc's process and (b) by the ammonia process. 15

8. Explain how galvanized iron and tin plates can be manufactured, and what are the properties of each, specially (a) when the outer surfaces are uninjured, and (b) when by any accident the external layers are partially removed. 17

9. What is the action of water (a) in the liquid condition and at the ordinary temperature, and (b) in the form of steam and at a red heat on each of the following metals:—Iron, Platinum, Magnesium, Sodium, Zinc, Copper, Gold, Brass, Lead, Potassium, Tin, Silver, and Mercury. 20

PHYSICS.

• Examiner—MR. A. PEDLER, F.R.S.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1 What is meant by the absolute zero of temperature ? 16
State very clearly on what considerations it is founded.
 2. Give a brief history of the early stages in the history of 18
the steam engine. Explain clearly Watts's single acting
engine, and show why it was replaced by the double acting
engine.
 3. Describe and explain the meaning and use of the follow- 16
ing terms:—Spherical aberration, virtual image, chromatic
aberration, double refraction, circular polarization, artificial
horizon.
 4. A very narrow beam of white light is allowed to fall on 16
a triangular prism of dense glass. Explain clearly how you
would set the prism so as to obtain a spectrum from it, and so
as to yield the best results.
 5. What is meant by the interference of light ; state what 16
you know on this subject.
 6. Describe very clearly the construction of all the parts and 16
mode of action of an Electric bell, such as is used in connection
with telegraphs.
 7. Describe the construction and explain the action of any 18
one form of Dynamo-machine with which you are acquainted.
 8. Give a sketch of the theory of Magnetic fluids. Define 16
clearly what is meant by Magnetic Potential.
 9. Describe experiments showing clearly the conversion of— 18
 - a. Mechanical work into heat.
 - b. Electricity into heat
 - c. Chemical action into heat.
- And also the converse cases of these.

PURE MATHEMATICS.

•
Examiner—MR. C. LITTLE, M.A.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Prove that— 2

$$(1) \frac{\frac{a^2(b-c)}{x-a} + \frac{b^2(c-a)}{x-b} + \frac{c^2(a-b)}{x-c}}{\frac{a(b-c)}{x-a} + \frac{b(c-a)}{x-b} + \frac{c(a-b)}{x-c}} = x$$

$$(2) \sqrt{(bc-ad)(ca-bd)(ab-cd)} = abc + bcd + cda + dab$$

$$a + b + c + d = 0$$

2. Solve the equations :

15

$$\left. \begin{aligned} (1) \quad y^2 + xy &= 4 \\ x^2 + 2y^2 - xy &= 8 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$(2) \quad \sqrt{2x+5a} - \sqrt{2x} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{5a-2x}}.$$

3. If p and q be two numbers whose difference $q-p$ is very small compared with either of them, prove that

$$n \sqrt{\frac{p}{q}} \text{ is nearly equal to } 1 - \frac{2}{n} \frac{q-p}{q+p}.$$

4. If the distance between two stations C and D on a horizontal plane subtend equal angles (a) at two other stations, A and B on the plane, and if s be the sum of the angles ABD, BAC, prove that

$$CD = AB \frac{\sin a}{\sin (s-a)}.$$

5. If a, b, c are in A. P., show that

15

$$\cos \frac{A-C}{2} = 2 \cos \frac{A+C}{2}, \text{ and that}$$

$$\tan \frac{A}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{s-c}{3(s-a)}}.$$

6. Prove DeMoivre's Theorem. Find by this means the coefficient of x in the expansion of $e^{ax} \sin bx$ in ascending powers of x .

7. Prove that the area of the triangle contained by two tangents from the point (x_1, y_1) to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$, and their chord of contact is

$$\frac{r(r_1^2 + y_1^2 - r^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x_1^2 + y_1^2}.$$

8. If the excentric angles of two points on an ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$, be $\theta + \phi$ and $\theta - \phi$, prove that the tangents at these points will intersect in the point whose co-ordinates are $a \cos \theta \sec \phi$, $b \sin \theta \sec \phi$.

9. From the centre C of the hyperbola $x^2 - y^2 = a^2$, a perpendicular is drawn to the tangent at any point meeting it at M and the curve at N, show that CM, CN = a^2 .

15

MIXED MATHEMATICS.

• Examiner—Mr. C. LITTLE, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. The sides AB, BC, CD and DA of the quadrilateral are bisected at E, F, G and H, respectively. Prove that the resultant of the two forces represented in magnitude and direction by EG and HF, is represented in magnitude and direction by AC. 20

2. A uniform rod of length $2l$ rests with one end against a smooth vertical wall, and is placed across a smooth horizontal bar fixed at the distance a from the wall. Prove that if a be 20

the inclination of the rod to the horizon $\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{a}{l}$.

3. A uniform heavy rod AB has one end A fastened to a fixed point C by a string, and has the other resting on a rough horizontal plane. Prove that if the angle CAB is a right angle, and the inclination of the rod and the plane is α , then the coefficient of friction must exceed $\frac{\tan \alpha}{1 + 2 \tan^2 \alpha}$. 25

4. A frustum is cut from a right circular cone by a plane through the middle point of the axis and parallel to the base of the cone. Find its centre of gravity, and prove that it will just rest with its slant side on a horizontal plane if the height of the cone bear to the diameter of the base the ratio $\sqrt{7} : \sqrt{17}$. 30

5. Two weights P, Q whose coefficients of friction are $\mu_1 \mu_2$ each less than $\tan \alpha$, on a rough inclined plane of angle α are connected by a string which passes through a fixed pulley A, in the plane. Prove that if the angle PAQ be the greatest possible, the squares of the weights of P, Q are to one another as $1 - \mu_2^2 \cot^2 \alpha : 1 - \mu_1^2 \cot^2 \alpha$. 35

6. A particle is projected with a velocity of 40 feet per second, and when 10 feet above the horizontal plane through the point of projection, its vertical velocity is 10 feet per second. Show that the *latus rectum* of its path is 53.7 feet. 20

7. At the bottom of a mine 275 feet deep there is an iron cage containing 14 cwt. of coal, the cage itself weighing 4 cwt. 109 lbs., and the wire rope which raises it 6 lbs. per yard. Find the work done in lifting the load to the surface, and the horse-power of an engine which can raise it in 40 seconds. 25

8. If the unit of mass is 32 lbs., the unit of force the weight of one lb., and the unit of velocity 16 feet per sec., find the units of time and length. 25

B. L. Examination,

1893.

JURISPRUDENCE, &c.

Examiner—MR. BYOMKES CHAKRAVARTI, M.A.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. "The proposition that laws are commands must be taken with limitations." Explain and discuss this statement, pointing out the limitations referred to. 10
2. Write notes on the following dicta :— 6
 - (a) "No law can be unjust."
 - (b) "The King can do no wrong."
 - (c) "The King never dies."
3. "The phrase *in personam*, like the phrase *in rem*, denotes the compass of the right." Explain and state the essentials of a *jus in rem* and a *jus in personam* respectively. 6
4. What are the various sources of law? Write short notes on each of them. 10
5. State and discuss Sir Henry Maine's view as to the materials out of which the *jus prætorium* was formed. Compare the development of the *jus prætorium* with that of English equity. 12
6. "The conception of the absolute power of disposition of property to take effect not only during the lifetime of the proprietor but even after his death is essentially modern." Explain and discuss this statement. 12
7. How do you explain the fact that under the Old Roman Law the same formalities of execution were necessary for the validity of a contract as that of a will? How came these formalities to be relaxed? 8
8. "The more archaic the code, the fuller and the minuter is its penal legislation." Explain and discuss this statement. 10
9. Distinguish between will and intention, and exemplify the varieties of intention pointed out by Austin. 8
10. What led to the establishment of the late Supreme Court in Calcutta? What was the extent of its territorial and personal jurisdiction at its establishment, and when, and why was such jurisdiction curtailed? 8
11. State briefly, the provisions for legislation contained in the Indian Council's Act, 1861. 10

LAW RELATING TO PERSONS IN THEIR PUBLIC AND PRIVATE CAPACITIES INCLUDING THE LAW OF TESTAMENTARY SUCCESSION.

Examiner—BABU JOGINDRANATH BHATTACHARYYA,
M.A., D.L.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

I. ENGLISH LAW.

1. What is the age of majority according to English law? 1
Mention the principal exceptions to the general rule as to the incapacity of minors to enter into contracts. 5
- What contracts by infants are void altogether under the present law of England? 3
2. Who are entitled to be regarded as natural born subjects according to the present law of England? 3
On what conditions, and by what means, can an alien become naturalized in England? 3
To what extent has the position of aliens been improved by recent legislation? 3
3. State what you know as to the nature and extent of the wife's right to maintenance under the English Law. 2
What is a marriage settlement? 1
Mention the difference between the legal effect of an ante-nuptial settlement, and that of a post-nuptial deed of the same kind. 3

II. INDIAN LAW.

4. When is majority attained by the following persons?
 - (a) A minor zemindar whose estate has been taken charge of by the Court of Wards. 1
 - (b) A minor for the protection of whose person or property a guardian has been appointed by a Civil Court. 1
 - (c) A minor who being a party in a Civil suit has been represented in that suit by a guardian *ad litem* appointed by the Court. 1
5. What circumstances is a Court required to take into consideration in appointing a guardian under Act VIII. of 1890? 6
6. On what grounds can a guardian duly appointed be deprived of the powers vested in him? 6
When do the powers of a guardian cease by the operation of law? 6
7. How is the term "estate" defined in the Court of Wards Act? 2
Who are the persons that come within the category of "dis-qualified proprietors"? 4
Can the share of an undivided member of a Hindu family be taken charge of by the Court of Wards? 3
8. How are the following terms defined in the Probate and Administration Act:—
 - (a) Will, 1
 - (b) Probate. 1
 - (c) Executor? 1

- Mention the classes of people to whose wills the procedure prescribed by the Probate and Administration Act for obtaining probates and letters of administration, is applicable. 5
9. What formalities are required to be observed in executing a will to which the Hindu Wills Act may apply? 8
10. Can a Hindu by a will to which the Hindu Wills Act applies make a valid devise in favor of an unborn person? 6
- Discuss the question, and state how it has been decided. 8
11. Mention briefly the powers, duties and rights of executors and administrators under the Probate and Administration Act. 10
12. To what extent is testamentary disposition permitted by Mahomedan Law? 3
- Is any limitation imposed by Mahomedan Law on the power of a dying person to make an acknowledgment of a debt in favour of an heir? 3

THE LAW OF PROPERTY INCLUDING THE LAW RELATING TO LAND TENURES, &c.

Examiner—BABU UPENDRANATH MITRA, M.A., B.L.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What does the term "estate" signify in English law? Does the interest of an heir apparent, a licensee or a lessee for a term of years amount to an "estate"? In what sense is the term used in Indian law, *e. g.*, in Act XI of 1859, Act VIII (B. C.) of 1876, and Act VII (B. C.) of 1880? 10
2. Define a reversion and a remainder. How do these estates differ from the interest of the "reversioner" or "reversionary heir" spoken of in Hindu law? 10
3. What is a "joint tenancy," and what a "tenancy in common"? In what respects do they differ from the co-tenancy of the members of a joint family under the *Mitakshara* and under the *Dayabhaga*? 10
4. What are "choses in action," "chattels real," "incorporeal chattels" and "purely incorporeal hereditaments"? Give two examples of each. 8
5. To what extent may animals *feræ naturæ* become the subject of property? Are deer in a park and fish in a pond personal property? 8
6. Explain the terms *Jagir*, *Chakeran*, *Abwab*, *Patni*, *Utbandi*, and *Rajyat*. 8
7. What three classes of persons have an interest in the produce of every *bigha* of land in this country? Which of these three is declared by the Regulations of 1793 to be the proprietor of the soil? Give an instance where two, and another where three of these interests are vested in one and the same person. 8
8. Who are "ex-proprietary tenants," and what are their rights under Act XII of 1881? May *zemindars* in Bengal acquire the status of "ex-proprietary tenants"? 8
9. How do the provisions of Act XII of 1881, and those of Act VIII of 1885, about "rights of occupancy," differ (1) 9

in respect of the *persons* who may acquire such rights, (2) in respect of the *subject* in which such rights may be acquired, and (3) in respect of their *heritable* and *transferable* quality?

10. On what dates and for what arrears may the sale of a *Patni* be applied for under Reg VIII of 1819? What are the rights of a purchaser at such a sale? 8

11. By the gradual recess of a navigable river, a *chur* is annexed to two contiguous plots of land within the ambit of a *zemindari*. One of the plots belongs to a *lakhirajdar* and the other to a *raiya* having a right of occupancy. What are the rights of the *zemindar*, the *lakhirajdar* and the *raiya* to this *chur*? 8

12. May a Hindu widow having a qualified estate in her deceased husband's property claim a partition under Act VIII (B. C.) of 1876? 5

THE LAW OF PROPERTY INCLUDING THE LAWS OF TRANSFER, &c., &c.

Examiner—MR. G. S. HENDERSON, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. B mortgaged his house to A to secure an advance of Rs. 20,000. Subsequently, after the due date for repayment, A having failed to obtain repayment of the advance and being desirous of leaving the country at once and being unable to wait in order to bring a suit upon the mortgage for the purpose of realizing his money in the ordinary way, assigned the mortgage to a third person, C, for Rs. 15,000. Upon payment of what sum can B who has come to know of the assignment redeem the mortgage? Give reasons for your answer. 12

2. For whose benefit, in the absence of special terms in the mortgage contract, do accessions to the mortgaged property enure? What are the rules as to the profits arising from improvements made at his own expense by a mortgagee in possession? If a village which is mortgaged as a whole by name without specification of boundaries is subsequently, during the term of the mortgage, increased or diminished by a decision of a survey officer which is binding upon the mortgagor, to what extent is the village subject to redemption? 10

3. State what it is essential for a plaintiff to prove in a suit to establish a right of way which is denied by the defendant. Explain the terms *affirmative* and *negative* easements, and give examples of each. 8

4. What is the procedure for compelling registration of a document, of which registration is compulsory, where registration is refused upon the ground that a person by whom it purports to have been signed denies execution? 6

5. Where there is an absolute dedication by a Hindu of property to religious or charitable purposes under what circumstances and to what extent may the trustee encumber the property? To what extent and under what circumstances may he bind his successors? 8

6. Where a valid trust for religious or charitable purposes has been created, can the beneficial ownership, according to Hindu law, under any circumstances, revert to the founder of the trust or his heirs? If there should be a failure of the objects of the trust what rights, if any, have the founder or his heirs in respect of the trust property or funds? 8
7. Illustrate and explain shortly the maxims:—(1) He who seeks equity must do equity. (2) He who comes into equity must come with clean hands. 8
8. "An express trust may be either executed or executory." Discuss this proposition, giving examples of executed trusts and of executory trusts. What is the general rule as to the liability of trustees in regard to the employment of agents in the matter of the trusts? 10
9. Distinguish between the terms "accident" and "mistake" in equity. Give instances in which equity will relieve against a mistake. 10
10. Upon what grounds, according to Mahomedan Law, may the superintendent of an endowment be removed from his office; (1) by the ruling power; (2) by the founder of the endowment? 6
11. To what kind of property and under what circumstances does the right of *shufaa* or pre-emption apply? 6
12. Is there any restriction according to Mahomedan Law, upon the power of the owner to dispose of his property during his life time? What are the essential conditions of a gift according to Mahomedan Law? In what cases may a gift not be resumed by the Donor? 8

THE LAW OF CONTRACTS AND TORTS.

Examiner—MR. G. S. HENDERSON, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Give three examples of contracts for the sale of goods where, in the absence of anything stated in contracts as to warranty, the law implies a warranty. Is there any warranty in the following cases:—(d.) A orders of B a paintseller, 50 gallons of paint for painting a ship. B on this order supplies paint. (b.) A writes to B a manufacturer of a particular kind of cloth known as "B's patent Indigo cloth":—"Send me your patent Indigo cloth for the purpose of being used in the making of Indigo at my factory." B supplies his cloth upon the order. Discuss the two cases 12
2. (a.) A, a merchant in Calcutta made an offer by letter to B, a merchant in London, which B accepted by letter. Before B's acceptance A had written another letter withdrawing the offer, but this letter did not reach B until after his letter had been posted in due course 10
- (b.) A offered to sell a horse to B and gave him a week to decide whether he would accept the offer. Before the expiration of the week and without notice to B, A sold the horse

at a higher price to a third person, and B in ignorance of the sale accepted A's offer within the time limited. State, giving your reasons, whether there was any binding contract in either case between A and B. In the latter case what would have been the result if B before accepting had become aware independently of A, that A had in the meantime before his acceptance sold the horse.

3. What is the effect of a release by the creditor (a) of one of several joint guarantors and (b) of one of several joint tortfeasors or wrong-doers upon the liability of the others? Where several persons have been together concerned in the commission of an actionable wrong may the person wronged, instead of suing all of such persons for damage for the wrong, elect to sue any one or more of them? 9

4. What is the general rule governing the liability of a master for wrongs committed by his servant or agent? A conductor of a tram-car having authority from his employers, a Tramway Company, to remove offensive passengers, removed a passenger whom he considered to be drunk and offensive to the other passengers and in doing so used excessive violence. Is the Tramway Company answerable for the action of the conductor? Would it make any difference if the conductor had been altogether mistaken as to the condition and conduct of the passenger? Give your reasons for your answers. 11

5. State generally the duties and liabilities of a common carrier. 7

6. Distinguish between executed and executory contracts, giving examples of each. What is meant by the rule that the consideration of a promise must move from the promisee? 8

7. B, the proprietor of a circus who admits people upon payment into the inclosure as spectators of his entertainment, required A, who had duly paid his money and been admitted, to go out, and upon A's refusal to go out ejected him using no more violence than was necessary. What rights has A against B? Upon what ground, if any, might B justify his action, assuming that A before being required to leave had in no way improperly conducted himself? 7

8. What steps may be taken by (1) the co-trustees (2) the beneficiaries under the trust to prevent a threatened breach of trust by one of several trustees. Is there any obligation upon either the co-trustees or the beneficiaries in such a case to take steps to prevent the breach? 7

9. Give examples of contracts where the court will properly exercise its discretion not to decree specific performance upon the ground that the circumstances under which the contracts were made are such as to give the plaintiff an unfair advantage over the defendant, although there be no fraud or misrepresentation on the plaintiff's part. 8

10. A and B being partners in a business, hire a horse and a cart from C to be used for the purposes of the business. A, without the knowledge of his partner, uses the horse and cart for a purpose wholly unconnected with the business, and while the horse and cart are being so used the horse is killed owing to A's negligence. What are the respective rights and liabilities?

ties of A, B, & C, *inter se* with regard to the hiring and the damages caused by the loss of the horse?

11. State generally the law as to the relations between principal and surety. 7

THE LAW OF CRIMES AND CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

Examiner—MR. BYOMKES CHAKRAVARTI, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What is an act of State? Can a Municipal Court take cognisance of such an act? 5

2. Distinguish between a preparation and an attempt to commit an offence. 3

A, a collecting *Sircar* lately in the employ of B upon dismissal causes a demand to be made by a letter addressed by his solicitor, to B for the return to him (A) or his solicitor *at once* of the sum of Rs. 3,000 which A says he deposited with B as security for his service, and for which he alleges he holds a receipt signed by B's manager, a copy of such receipt being sent with the letter. In fact no money was ever deposited or receipt given. Is A guilty of any offence? Give your reasons. 6

3. Define the offence of kidnapping from lawful guardianship and shew that criminal intention is not a necessary ingredient of this offence. 4

A is the father of a Hindu married woman aged fifteen years. B is her husband. While she is living with her husband in his house in Calcutta A comes and asks B to let him (A) take her and her infant son of the age of six months away from Calcutta to his house at Rungpore to attend a wedding there. B refuses to do so. He further tells A that he (B) will not allow him (A) to do so in any event and asks him to go away. A, however, stays on and during a temporary absence of B's from the house, takes his daughter and grand-child away to Rungpore. Has A committed any offence? 10

4. Would you make any distinction in awarding punishment between the case of attempt and that of an actual completed crime? If so, why? 6

5. How would you define the expression *privileged communication* in connection with the law of defamation? Is the expression open to any objection? In what cases is the plea of privilege a good defence? 4

A, in good faith, submits a petition to the railway authorities complaining of the conduct of an engineer in their employ who is in charge of a projected line of railway, on the ground that he, the engineer, has diverted the line away from A's village under the influence of an improper motive to injure him. A's information in that respect is incorrect. But he believes it to be true after reasonable enquiry, and is shewn to have had no malice against the engineer. Would you advise the engineer to prosecute A? Give your reasons. 8

6. Define criminal trespass and distinguish it from civil trespass. 2

A has an intrigue with a Hindu widow residing in the house of B and visits her at night in that house. On the occasion of one of these visits and upon being found in the house he is assaulted by B and handed over to the police. The police refuse to take up the case and B complains against A before a Magistrate. A also complains against B in respect of the assault. Are they or either of them guilty of any offence? 8

7. In what cases must there be— 10

(a) a sanction to prosecute,

(b) a complaint by the person aggrieved, before criminal courts can interfere?

8. Who can appeal against an acquittal? Where and within what time must the appeal be preferred? 6

9. Two parties, called A party and B party respectively, are accused of having committed the offence of rioting against each other on the same occasion, and are tried by the same Magistrate who hears the evidence in both the cases, one after the other, (some of the accused persons in the one case being witnesses in the other, and *vice versa*) and delivers one judgment convicting some of the men belonging to both the parties. Is the trial bad or is it cured by any provision of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882? 10

10. Under what circumstances, are you entitled to have the witnesses for the prosecution, in a warrant case recalled for purposes of cross examination, on behalf of the defence, after a charge has been framed? Do you know of any recent authorities on this point? If so, mention them. 10

11. Can a High Court as a court of appeal in a criminal case enhance the sentence passed against an accused person? What are the conditions which must be satisfied before a sentence can be enhanced? 8

CIVIL PROCEDURE, EVIDENCE, AND LIMITATION.

Examiner—BABU JOGINDRANATH BHATTACHARYYA,
M.A., D.L.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What rules are there in the Civil Procedure Code as to the manner in which plaints and written statements must be drawn up? On what grounds and before what stage can a plaint be returned by the Court for amendment? 8 4

2. What is the proper Court.

(a) For instituting a suit relating to land? 2

(b) For suits of other kinds? 5

3. What is "set off"? 1

Under what conditions can set off be pleaded by a defendant? 6

4. On what grounds and at whose instance can a sale of im- 8
movable property in execution of a decree be set aside?
5. What special jurisdiction is given to the High Court and 8
the District Courts by S. 539 of the Civil Procedure Code?
- In answering the question state clearly—
- (a) To what class of trusts the Section is applicable 2
(b) Who can sue under the Section. 2
(c) By whose sanction a suit under the Section can 2
be brought.
- (d) What reliefs may be obtained by a suit under the 4
Section.
6. What facts are relevant when the question to be decided 6
is as to the existence of a custom?
- In what cases, and under what conditions, is a verbal state- 4
ment of opinion made by a deceased person admissible as rele-
vant to prove an allegation of a public right or custom.
7. State what you know as to the law relating to the exclu- 10
sion of oral by documentary evidence.
8. What are privileged communications? 8
Is a communication to a muktair privileged?
9. State what is meant by—
- (1) Examination in chief. 1
(2) Cross-examination. 1
(3) Re-examination. 1
- What is a leading question? 1
When are leading questions allowed? 2
10. When a suit has been instituted after the expiry of the 2
period of limitation, but the plea has not been set up as a de-
fence, can the plaintiff's claim be decreed?
- In what cases is a legal right extinguished altogether, after 2
the expiration of the period of limitation?
11. Mention briefly the conditions on which the period of 8
limitation in respect of a claim for money, or as to any right or
property, is extended by—
- (1) Payment of interest. 3
(2) Part payment of principal. 3
(3) Acknowledgment of liability. 3
12. What is an easement? 1
- What provisions are there in the Limitation Act as to the 5
acquisition of rights of easement by prescription?
- A sues in 1893 for a declaration that he is entitled to a right 3
of way over B's land. A proves that he has enjoyed the right
continuously for a period of 23 years: *i. e.*, from the year
1870; but B proves that from 1882 to 1892 C held possession
of the land as a lessee, under a lease for the abovementioned
term. Is A entitled to a decree?

HINDU AND MAHOMEDAN LAW.

Examiner—BABU UPENDRANATH MITRA, M.A., B.L.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain the terms *Sakulya*, *Samanodaka*, *Bandhu*, and 9
Dwymushyana. Who are *Sapindas* according to the *Mitak*-

shara? In what special sense is the term *Sapinda* used in the *Dayabhaga*?

2. Compare the provisions of the *Shia* and *Sunni* laws with those of the *Dayabhaga* and the *Mitakshara*, as regards the succession of cognatic relatives. Does the Indian Succession Act make any distinction between Agnates and Cognates?

3. What is *Jimutvahan's* definition of *Stridhana*? Is property inherited by females, *Stridhana* according to the *Mitakshara*? Do female heirs of male Hindus, governed by the *Mitakshara*, take an absolute estate in the property inherited by them? Give reasons.

4. When, and in what cases, does a *Mitakshara* son's pious obligation to pay his father's debts arise?

5. May a daughter-in-law or a son-in-law in any case inherit the property of the father-in-law or mother-in-law under any school of Hindu or Mahomedan Law?

6. Who are entitled to claim maintenance under the Hindu law? In what cases are they entitled to a separate and independent allowance?

7. Illustrate the two following rules—

(a) The Hindu Law never allows the inheritance to remain in abeyance.

(b) Property which has once vested in a person is not de-vested by any subsequent event.

Are there any real or apparent exceptions to these rules?

8. What different forms of adoption in Hindu Law are allowed in the present age? What are the requisites of a valid adoption in Bengal?

9. Who are "sharers" according to the Mahomedan Law, and what are their respective shares? Is there any difference in this matter between the *Sunni* and *Shia* doctrines?

10. State the several modes by which an irreversible divorce is effected? May a Mahomedan wife divorce her husband under any circumstances?

11. Explain and illustrate the doctrines of Increase and Return. How far, if at all, are these doctrines recognized by the *Shia* Law?

12. A Native Christian of British India dies intestate, leaving one widow, two grand-daughters by a deceased daughter, one grandson by a deceased son, and a cousin german. How will the property of the deceased be distributed according to the Indian Succession Act?

Honours in Law Examination.

1893.

JURISPRUDENCE.

Examiner—MR. P. O'KINEALY.

1. How does Austin explain the proposition of Hobbes—"No law can be unjust?"

2. What are Austin's objections to Judiciary law?

3. "The *jus naturale* or law of nature is simply the *jus gentium* or law of nations seen in the light of a peculiar theory." Explain this.

4. Trace the historical connexion between the *jus naturale* and modern International law.

5. To what principle in Roman law does Maine trace the rules of warlike capture in modern International law.

6. "It follows from the essentials of a legal right that a sovereign Government of one or a sovereign Government of a number in its collegiate or sovereign capacity has no legal rights (in the proper acceptance of the term) against its own subjects." Explain this.

7. What were the leading incidents of *Emptio-venditio*, *locatio-conductio*, *societas*, *mandatum*.

8. "He also to whom the use of any particular thing is granted or commodated is bound by the delivery of the thing, and is subject to an action called *commendataria*. But such person widely differs from him who hath received a *mutuum*." Explain in what the difference consists.

9. What was the effect of the *lex Aquilia*? To what does it correspond in English law?

10. What things are necessary to constitute a breach of blockade by neutrals?

HINDU LAW.

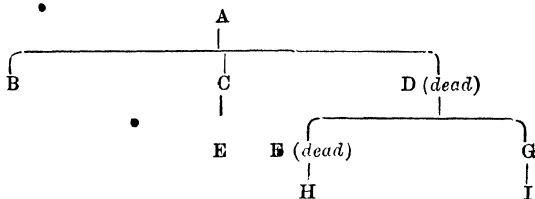
Examiner—MR. C. P. HILL.

1. What is the distinguishing feature of Hindu law as compared with other systems of law with which you are acquainted? How does the personal element in Hindu law operate in regard to Hindus migrating from one part of India to another?

2. When does an adoption divest, and when does it not divest, an estate already vested? Give reasons for your answer.

3. To what extent are the rights of partition and alienation affected by the different views of Vijnanesvara and Jimuta Vahana regarding the origin of ownership?

4. A joint Hindu family governed by the Mitakshara consists, as shown in the subjoined Table, of A, his sons B and C, his grandsons E and G, and two great-grandsons H and I.



A inherited property from his father and has also self-acquired property. By which of the members of the joint family and in respect of what property can a partition be compelled?

5. What are the rights of a widow under the Dayabhaga on partition of ancestral estate?

6. What are the rights of co-parceners as against one of their number, who without their consent has taken exclusive possession of a portion of the joint property?

7. A Hindu testator bequeathes property to his nephew, A for life, and upon A's death to X and Y, the existing infant sons of A, and to their uterine brothers who may be born thereafter, to be divided equally between the said X and Y and their said uterine brothers. Are the bequests valid? Briefly state such arguments as occur to you for and against their validity.

8. What general principles regulate the order of succession of male heirs under the Bengal School?

9. What is the order of succession to the *ayantaka* property of a married woman according to writers of the Bengal School?

MAHOMEDAN LAW.

Examiner—MR. C. P. HILL.

1. Who are residuaries in their own right? What rule of inheritance controls the preference between residuaries of different classes? Illustrate the operation of the rule by examples.

2. State the rules relating to "the increase," and "the return" respectively; and give examples of their operation. Is there any, and, if so, what difference between the Sunni and Shiah systems as regards the adoption and application of these rules?

3. What are the conditions of testamentary capacity under the Mahomedan law? What limits does that law assign to the testamentary power, and under what circumstances is effect given to bequests in excess of those limits?

4. What are the conditions of a valid gift as regards (a) the donor, (b) the donee, and (c) the thing given? A Sunni makes a gift of a fund parting entirely with all dominion over the corpus, but reserving to himself during his lifetime the right to receive the interest. Is the gift valid? Give reasons for your answer.

5. Under what circumstances, and in whose favour, does the right of pre-emption exist; and by what devices can it be defeated?

6. Does the Mahomedan law of wakf admit of a settlement of property for the benefit of the wakif and his descendants with, or without an ultimate gift of the usufruct to strictly religious or charitable purposes? State fully the grounds on which your answer is based.

7. What is meant by the option of puberty in regard to marriage between minors? In what cases does it exist, and when and how must it be exercised? Do the doctrines of the Sunnis and the Shiah differ in any, and if so in what respects in relation thereto?

8. With what marital rights are a wife's rights to maintenance and dower respectively correlated. Specify some of the results of such correlation.

9. By whom can the acknowledgment of sonship be made, and what are the essential conditions for its validity?

CONTRACTS AND TORTS.

Examiner—MR. C. P. HILL.

1. What is the difference between a void agreement and a voidable contract? Under which head would you class an agreement made by a minor in India, and why?

2. A and B enter C's shop, and in C's hearing A tells B that he wants a certain article for a specified purpose. A then asks C if he has the article in question and on C's answering in the affirmative A buys the article of C on credit and takes it home, but finds it wholly useless for the specified purpose. C knew this when he sold the article. In what relation do A and C stand towards each other as regards the right to enforce or repudiate the agreement of sale? State your reasons.

3. A, a tobacco merchant, had 10 hogsheads of tobacco lying in bond in his name at the K dock, for which warrants had been issued to him. B bought the tobacco from A and paid for it, but left the dock warrants in A's possession, and took no steps to have any change made in the books of the Dock Company as to the ownership of the tobacco, it being arranged between B and A that A should clear and forward the tobacco to B when requested, on receipt of the duty and dock charges. A thereafter fraudulently obtained an advance from C on pledge of the tobacco, and handed the dock warrants to C who acted in perfect good faith, and took fresh dock warrants from the Dock Company. A failed, and B demanded the tobacco from C who claimed to retain it for the amount of his advance. Who was entitled to the tobacco? On what grounds do you base your answer?

4. What is meant by a lien at law? How is a legal lien created and how is it lost? Can it revive under any circumstances after it has been lost.

5. Explain the difference, and the legal results of the difference, between a representation, a condition precedent and a warranty on a sale of goods?

6. When and by whom can the right of stoppage in transit be exercised?

7. What are the rights of an indorsee of an overdue bill of exchange; are those rights affected by the fact of such indorsee being one of several joint acceptors of the bill?

8. Under what circumstances is a man liable for the tortuous acts of his servant?

9. State briefly the doctrine of contributory negligence.

10. What facts must a plaintiff prove in order to succeed in an action for malicious prosecution?

TRANSFER OF PROPERTY, MORTGAGE, LAND TENURES AND LAND REVENUE, VENDORS AND PURCHASERS OF ESTATES.

Examiner—MR. P. O'KINEALLY.

1. State the rule of perpetuity. To what classes of transfers does that rule not apply? A's will contains the following clause:—"I direct my executors to pay to the trustees of the Calcutta Free School for the time being, Rs 1,00,000. I direct the said trustees to keep in repair the monument erected to me on the maiden. In case they at any future time neglect to do so, I bequeath the said sum of Rs 1,00,000, to the District Charitable Society." Does this clause offend against the rule of perpetuity? State the reasons for your answer.

2. Does a contract for the sale and purchase of immovable property for consideration pass any interest in the property to the buyer? State the reasons for your answer? Upon what principle is such a contract enforced specifically.

3. Who are the proper parties to suits for sale or for redemption? A second mortgagee of immovable property brings a suit for sale of the property against the mortgagor and a third mortgagee, but he does not make the first mortgagee a party to the suit: Is the suit properly constituted? Give the reasons for your answer.

4. State the circumstances which rendered it necessary to enact Regulation VIII of 1819. Give the nature and incidents of a patni talook as set forth in the preamble to that Regulation.

5. A revenue-paying estate owned by six recorded sharers becomes liable to sale for arrears of revenue. Contrast the position of a recorded sharer in respect of whose share the collector has ordered a separate account to be kept with that of a recorded sharer with whom no such account has been opened.

6. When is a person said to have a charge on immovable property? How do you distinguish between a charge and a mortgage? Give examples showing the difference between them.

7. In what cases may a share in a revenue-paying estate be sold for arrears of revenue? Contrast the rights of the purchaser of a permanently settled estate at a sale for arrears of revenue, with those of the purchaser of a share in a similar estate at a similar sale.

8. What is meant by a vendor's lien for unpaid purchase-money? Give the general rule as to the transactions between the vendor and the purchaser which will prevent the lien from attaching or discharge it if it has attached. What is the effect on the vendor's lien of—

(a) The vendor agreeing that the purchase-money shall be paid after a re-sale by the purchaser.

(b) The vendor taking a mortgage of a portion of the estate for the purpose of securing payment of the purchase-money.

(c) The vendor taking a promissory note from the purchaser as security for the purchase-money.

9. A, by a duly registered instrument, transfers an estate to B, the transfer purporting to be for a valuable consideration set forth in the instrument. In reality the transfer was made for the sole purpose of protecting the property from A's creditors, who were about to attach and sell the same in execution of decrees for money obtained by them against A; and B gave no consideration whatever for the property. Can A compel B to transfer the property back to him? Give the reasons for your answer.

10. Explain and illustrate what is meant by the doctrine of *lis pendens*.

LIMITATION, PRESCRIPTION, SUCCESSION, ENDOWMENTS AND TRUSTS.

Examiner—MR. P. O'KINEALY.

1. "The law of limitation does not extinguish the right, but merely bars the remedy." How far does that principle hold good in Indian Law? Explain the difference between extinguishing the right and barring the remedy.

2. How is limitation computed in the case of continuing breaches of contract and continuing wrongs? Give two examples of a continuing breach of contract and two examples of a continuing wrong independent of contract.

3. Define and give examples of—

(a) A positive easement "

(b) A negative easement.

Criticise the use of the epithets apparent, non-apparent, continuous and discontinuous, as applied to easements

4. Distinguish between an easement and a license. Give examples of a license, and state under what circumstances a license cannot be revoked.

5. Has the manager of endowed property power to mortgage the whole, or sell a portion, of the property? If so, state the grounds upon which the law gives such a power, and the circumstances under which that power may be exercised.

6. Explain what is meant by the *cy pres* doctrine as applied to charitable trusts.

7. When the construction of a will is in question, for what purposes may extrinsic evidence be given? For what purposes may it not be given? Give examples.

8. Examine the proposition :—" A will speaks from the death of the testator." Show how it must be limited in order to be accurate.
9. What are the duties and liabilities of trustees with regard to—
- (a) The custody of trust property.
 - (b) The investment of trust property.
 - (c) Their liability for defaults of their co-trustees.
10. In what cases do constructive trusts arise ?

M. A. Examination, 1893.

ENGLISH—I.

*Paper set by—*MR. A. E. GOUGH, M.A.

*Examiner.—*MR. F. J. ROWE, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Prove from your reading in Shakespeare that “though he so nicely discriminates, and so minutely describes, the characters of men, he commonly neglects and confounds the characters of ages, by mingling customs ancient and modern, English and foreign.” 10

2. Whence did Shakespeare derive the main theme of *King Lear*; the demonology of the play; the episode of Gloucester and his sons? What purpose is to be assigned to this episode, and to the comic pathos of the Fool? 8

3. “Shakespeare has suffered the virtue of Cordelia to perish in a just cause, contrary to the natural ideas of justice, to the hope of the reader, and to the faith of chronicles.” Account for this. Show that “the ethics of the play of *King Lear* are Stoical ethics.” 8

4. Explain the following passages—

a. I do profess to be no less than I seem; to serve him truly that will put me in trust; to love him that is honest; to converse with him that is wise and says little; to fear judgment; to fight when I cannot choose; and to eat no fish. 3

b. Good King, that must approve the common saw!
That out of Heaven’s benediction com’st
To the warm Sun!
Approach, thou beacon to this under globe,
That by thy comfortable beams I may
Peruse this letter!—Nothing almost sees miracles,
But misery;—I know, ’tis from Cordelia
Who hath most fortunately been inform’d
Of my obscured course; and shall find time
From this enormous state,—seeking to give
Losses their remedies. 4

c. *Kent.* Is this the promis’d end?
Edgar. Or image of that horror?
Albany. Fall and cease!
Lear. This feather stirs; she lives; if it be so,
It is a chance that does redeem all
sorrows
That ever I have felt.

5. Assign the probable date of the composition of "Much Ado About Nothing"; account for the title; and point out the sources from which the story is derived. Explain: "I wish some other method had been found to entrap Beatrice than the very one which had before been practised upon Benedick." Examine the characters of Claudio, Benedick, Don John, and Beatrice. 10

6. Write short notes on the following passages—

a. He set up his bills here in Messina, and challenged Cupid at the flight; and my uncle's fool, reading the challenge, subscribed for Cupid, and challenged him at the bird-bolt. 2

b. Verges. Marry, Sir, our watch to-night, excepting your Worship's presence, ha' ta'en a couple of as arrant knaves as any in Messina. 4

Dogberry. A good old man, sir; he will be talking: as they say, When the age is in, the wit is out; God help us! it is a world to see! Well said, i' faith, neighbour Verges: well, God's a good man; an two men ride of a horse, one must ride behind. An honest soul, i' faith, sir: by my troth he is, as ever broke bread; But God is to be worshipped: all men are not alike, alas, good neighbour!

Leonato. Indeed, neighbour, he comes too short of you.

Dog. Gifts that God gives.

c. I pray thee, peace. I will be flesh and blood; For there was never yet philosopher That could endure the toothache patiently, However, they have writ the style of gods, And made a push at chance and sufferance.

7. Show the truth of the following remark in reference to Antony and Cleopatra. "The spirit of the play, though superficially it appear voluptuous, is essentially severe. That is to say, Shakespeare is faithful to the fact." 8

8. Annotate the following passages—

a. Sextus Pompeius 6

Hath given the dare to Cæsar, and commands
The empire of the sea: our slippery people
(Whose love is never link'd to the deserver,
Till his deserts are past,) begin to throw
Pompey the Great and all his dignities
Upon his son; who, high in name and power,
Higher than both in blood and life, stands up
For the main soldier: whose quality, going on,
The sides of the world may danger! Much is breeding
Which, like the courser's hair, hath yet but life,
And not a serpent's poison.

b. Menas. These three world-sharers, these competitors
Are in thy vessel: Let me cut the cable;
And, when we are put off, fall to their throats:
All there is thine. 4

Pompey. Ah, this thou shouldst have done,
And not spoke on't! In me 'tis villainy;
In thee it had been good service.

9. Show that "the subject of Coriolanus is the ruin of a noble life through the sin of pride"; and that "the pride of Coriolanus is a passionate self-esteem, and a passionate prejudice of class." 8

10. Annotate the following passages: mention various readings:—

a. O, me alone! Make you a sword of me? 4

If these shows be not outward, which of you
But is four Volsces? None of you but is
Able to bear against the great Aufidius
A shield as hard as his. A certain number,
Though thanks to all, must I select from all; the rest
Shall bear the business in some other fight,
As cause will be obey'd. Please you to march;
And four shall quickly draw out my command,
Which men are best inclin'd.

b. The napless vesture of humility.

c. *Menenius*. Why, so; you have made good work:

A pair of tribunes that have rack'd for Rome,
To make coals cheap: a noble memory. 4

Cominius. I minded him, how royal 'twas to pardon.

When it was less expected: He replied,
It was a base petition of a state
To one whom they had punish'd

11. Explain the following passages:— 4

a. Why should a king be subject to a priest?

Proud Rome, that hatchest such imperial grooms.
With these thy superstitious taper-lights
Wherewith thy antichristian churches blaze
I'll fire thy crazed buildings, and enforce
Thy papal towers to kiss the lowly ground.

b. Would, when I left sweet France, and was embark'd 3

That charming Circe, walking on the waves
Had changed my shape! or at the marriage-day
The cup of Hymen had been full of poison.

c. *King Edward*. Thus lives old Edward, not reliev'd
by any.

And so must die, though pitied by many.
Oh, water, gentle friends, to cool my thirst,
And clear my body from foul excrements!

Matrevis. Here's channel water, as our charge is given:
Sit down, for we'll be barbers to your grace.

c

ENGLISH—II.

Paper set by MR. A. E. GOUGH, M.A.

Examiner—MR. F. J. ROWE, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Write a short biographical notice of Chaucer. Describe the plan of the Canterbury Tales. How far has this plan been carried out? Show that the pilgrims are designed each as the 10

type of a class, and the whole as a picture of the times. Note indications of Chaucer's opinions on Church and State. Describe the pardoner and his preaching. Compare Tetzels.

2. Write short notes, grammatical and exegetical, on the following passages. Of what is passage b a translation?

- a. Thyn Ypocras, and eek thy Galianes, 6
 And euery boist ful of thy letuarie;
 God blesse hem, and our lady Seinte Marie.
 So mot I theen, thou art a propre man.
 And lyk a prelat, by Seint Ronyan!
 Seyde I nat wel? I can nat speke in terme;
 But wel I wot, thou dost my hert to erme,
 That I almost have caught a cardiacle.
 By corpus' bones! but I have triacle,
 Or elles a draught of moyste and corny ale,
 Or but I here anon a mery tale,
 Myn hert is lost for pitee of this mayde.
- b. Thou mayde and moder, daughter of thy Sone 4
 Thou well of mercy, sinful soules cure,
 In whom that God, for bountee, chees to wone,
 Thou humble, and hey ouer euery creature
 Thou nobledst so ferforth our nature
 That no desdeyne the Maker had of kynde,
 His Sone in blode and flesshe to clothe and wynde.
- c. For which, when I had longe auysed me, 5
 I demede him som chanoun for to be.
 His hat heng at his back down by a laas,
 For he had riden more than trot or paas;
 He had ay priked lyk as he were wood.
 A clote-leaf he had under his hood
 For swote, and for to kepe his heed from hete.
 But it was ioye for to seen him swete!
 His forhed dropped as a stillatorie,
 Were full of plantayn and paritorie

3. Give the date of *Paradise Regained*, and account for its severity and absence of ornament. Account for Wordsworth's judgment of *Paradise Regained* as "the most perfect in execution of anything written by Milton." Prove by quotations whether Milton does or does not hold the historical and accredited conception of the personal union of the divine and human natures in Christ. 10

4. Annotate the following extracts:—

- a. But when his purpose is 6
 Among them to declare his providence!
 To thee not known, whence hast thou then thy truth,
 But from him or his angels president
 In ev'ry province? Who, themselves disdaining
 T' approach thy temples, give thee in command
 What to the smallest tittle thou shalt say
 To thy adorers: thou, with trembling fear,
 Or like a fawning parasite, obey'st;
 Then to thyself ascrib'st the truth foretold.
 But this thy glory shall be soon retrench'd.

- b. Such forces met not, nor so wide a camp, 4
 When Agrican with all his northern powers
 Besieg'd Albracca, as romances tell,
 The city of Gallaphrone, from thence to win
 The fairest of her sex, Angelica.
- c. The first and wisest of them all profess'd 5
 To know this only, that he nothing knew ;
 The next to fabling fell and smooth conceits ;
 A third sort doubted all things, though plain sense ;
 Others in virtue placed felicity,
 But virtue join'd with riches and long life.
5. At what period of his life, in what society, and in the 12
 study of what books, did Pope compose the *Essay on Man* ?
 Show that it consists of an imperfectly connected series of ver-
 sified fragments of philosophy. Illustrate by quotations Pope's
 optimism and unintentional pantheism.
6. Write short notes on the following lines :—
- a. Vice is a monster of so frightful mien, 2
 As to be hated needs but to be seen.
- b. Shall burning Ætna, if a sage requires, 5
 Forget to thunder and recall her fires ?
 On air or sea new motions be imprest,
 O, blameless Bethel, to relieve thy breast ?
 When the loose mountain trembles from on high,
 Shall gravitation cease if you go by ?
 Or some old temple, nodding to its fall,
 For Chartres' head reserve the hanging wall ?
- c. To sigh for ribands if thou art so silly, 4
 Mark how they grace Lord Umbra or Sir Billy.
 Is yellow dirt the passion of thy life ?
 Look but on Gripus, or on Gripus' wife.
 If parts allure thee, think how Bacon shin'd
 The wisest, brightest, meanest of mankind !
7. Enumerate the historical incidents embodied in Tenny- 10
 son's *Queen Mary*. Sketch briefly the characters of Mary,
 Philip, Cardinal Pole, Gardiner, Bonner, Cranmer.
8. Annotate the following passages :—
- a. Here a pious Catholic,
 Mumbling and mixing up in his sacred prayers
 Heaven and earth's Maries : over his bow'd shoulder 5
 Scowl'd that world-hated and world-hating beast,
 A haggard Anabaptist. Many such groups.
 The names of Wyatt, Elizabeth, Courtenay,
 Nay the queen's right to reign—'fore God, the rogues—
 Were freely buzz'd among them.
- b. *Thirlby*. So worshipt of all those that came across 6
 him :
 The stranger at his hearth, and all his house—
Mary. His children and his concubine, belike.
Thirlby. To do him any wrong was to beget
 A kindness from him, for his heart was rich,
 Of such fine mould, that if you sow'd therein

The seed of hate, it blossom'd Charity.

Pole "After his kind it costs him nothing," there's
An old world English adage to the point.
These are but natural graces, my good bishop,
Which in the Catholic garden are as flowers,
But on the heretic dunghill only weeds.

- c. Many points weather'd, many perilous ones,
At last a harbour opens; but therein
Sunk rocks—they need fine steering—much it is
To be nor mad, nor bigot—have a mind—
Not let priests' talk or dream of worlds to be,
Miscolour things about her—sudden touches
For him, or him—sunk rocks; no passionate faith—
But—if let be—balance and compromise;
Brave, wary, sane to the heart of her—a Tudor
School'd by the shadow of death—a Boleyn, too,
Glancing across the Tudor—not so well.

ENGLISH—III.

Paper set by MR. A. E. GOUGH, M.A.

Examiner—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Show that language is not a criterion of race. 9
State the different views regarding the original home of the fair-haired, blue-eyed Aryans.
2. Account for pre-Aryan forms and words in the Keltic languages, and for the dark and fair types of Keltic physique. Enumerate the Keltic languages, and point out their leading characteristic. 9
3. Explain:—"Wherever the Kelt has gone he has been followed by the Teuton, and little by little has had to make way before his stronger and more stolid supplanter." Divide the Teutonic group of languages, marking carefully the place of English in this group. What is meant by *Umlaut* and *Ablaut*? Exemplify the interchange of consonants under Grimm's law in the several Teutonic languages. 13
4. Examine the origin and nature of myths, showing that the myth is as a general rule a faded metaphor, and that myths spring up most abundantly in the epithetic stage of language. What is meant by an eponymous hero? Are all myths solar? 8
5. Exemplify the operation of each of the three great causes of change in language, viz., imitation, the wish to be clear and emphatic, and the laziness of the speakers. Explain the processes of phonetic decay and dialectic regeneration. Account for nominal and verbal flections. 9
6. Give a list of Roman, Church-Latin, and British words taken up into Anglo-Saxon as names of familiar objects and names of places. Mention Danish names of English places. Exemplify the softening of hard consonants and strong gutturals in English after the Norman Conquest. 9

7. Enumerate and exemplify the principle Saxon and French suffixes used in the formation of English substantives and adjectives. Account for synonymous couplets, such as *act and deed, prest and boun, head and front*. Give examples of flexional adverbs formed from case-endings. 8

8. Decline *stan, fot, scip, cild, spræc, ic, þu, he*. 15

Conjugate *wesan, habban, bindan*.

9. Translate into modern English:— 13

And on hiera dagum, Hengest and Horsa, fram Wyrtegeorne galapode, Bretta cyninge, gesóhton Breterfe on þæm stede þe is genemned Ypwines-fléot, ærest Brettum to fultume, ac hie eft on hie fuhton. So cyning hét hie feohtan on gæan Peohtas; and hie swá dydon, and sige hæfdon swá hwær swá hie cómon. Hie þa sendon to Angle, and héton him sendan mæran fultum; and héton him seogan Bret-weala náhtnesse and þæs landes cysta. Hie þa sendon him mæran fultum. Þá cómon þá menn of þrim mægþum Germanie; of Ealdseaxum, of Englum, of Iotum. Of Iotum cómon Cant-ware and Wiht-ware—þæt is seo mægþ þe nú eardap on Wiht—and þæt cynn on West-seaxum þe man nu-giet hætt 'Iotena cynn.' Of Eald-seaxum cómon E'ast-seaxe, and Sup-seaxe, and West-seaxe. Of Angle cómon—se á sippan stód wæste betwix Iotum and Seaxum—E'ast-egle, Mid-del-egle, Mierce, and calle Norp-hymbre.

10. Translate into Anglo-Saxon:— 7

The Kingdom of Heaven is like unto a treasure hid in a field; the which when a man hath found, he hideth, and for joy thereof goeth and selleth all that he hath, and buyeth that field. Again, the Kingdom of Heaven is like unto a merchant man seeking goodly pearls: who when he had found one pearl of great price, went and sold all that he had, and bought it.

ENGLISH—IV.

Paper set by—Mr. M. J. WHITE, M.A.

Examiner—Mr. H. M. PERCIVAL, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Describe the character of Marcus Antonius, referring to the narrative of Plutarch for illustrations. 8

2. Give Plutarch's reflections, in his life of Coriolanus, on the following events:— 8

(a) The early training of Coriolanus;

(b) His being crowned by the Dictator on the field of battle;

(c) His standing for the Consulship;

(d) The building of the Temple of Fortune.

3. Give an estimate of the value of Clarendon's *History*:— 8

(a) As a record of events;

(b) As a work of literary art.

4. Give a sketch, after Clarendon, of the characters of any two of the leaders in the Civil War. 8

5 "Sir Thomas Brown's general mood may be characterized as the Metaphysical." Illustrate the force of this criticism by a reference to his reflections in the *Hydriotaphia*. 10

Should his extensive employment of Latinized words be considered a defect or an excellence in his style?

6. Explain the author's meaning :— 18

(a) The relics of many lie like the ruins of Pompey's in all parts of the earth; and when they arrive at your hands, these may seem to have wandered far, who, in a direct and meridian travel, have but few miles of known earth between yourself and the pole.

(b) Severe contemplators, observing these lasting relics, may think them good monuments of person's past, little advantage to future beings; and considering that power which subdueth all things to itself, that can resume the scattered atoms, or indentify out of anything, conceive it superfluous to expect a resurrection out of relics; but the soul subsisting, other matter, clothed with due accidents, may solve the individuality.

(c) While we look for incorruption in the heavens, we find that they are but like the earth;—durable in their main bodies, alterable in their parts; whereof, beside comets and new stars, perspectives begin to tell tales, and the spots that wander about the the sun, with Phaeton's favour, would make clear conviction.

7. Write a few remarks on the close connection, in De Quincey's essays, between style and thought. 8

8. Express briefly the thoughts suggested by the following passages :— 8

(a) It is no less to the honour of the great Triumvir, that a strength of colouring should survive in his character capable of baffling the wrongs and ravages of time; capable of forcing its way by mere weight of metal through a tract of sixteen hundred and odd years to the notice of one immortal eye that could read its true lineaments and proportions.

(b) The amphitheatre extinguished the theatre.

9. "Though English thus received vast additions to its vocabulary, it still remained essentially a German tongue." 6

Explain the meaning of this statement.

10. To what causes may we trace the change which took place in the grammatical forms of the English language in the eleventh, twelfth, and thirteenth centuries? 6

11. "The poetry and the prose which take the strongest hold of the heart of a nation are usually somewhat archaic in diction." What is the reason of this? 6

12. Write a few notes on the history of the neuter possessive, "its." 6

ENGLISH V.

Paper set by—MR. M. J. WHITE, M.A.

Examiner—MR. J. MANN, M.A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Express in your own words the purport of the following passages, and show their bearing on George Eliot's earlier works of fiction :— 12

(a) Immense improvement! says the well-regulated mind, which unintermittingly rejoices in the New Police, the Tithe Commutation Act, the Penny-post and all guarantees of human advancement, and has no moments when conservative reforming intellect takes a nap, while imagination does a little Toryism, by the sly, revelling in regret that dear, old, brown, crumbling, picturesque inefficiency is everywhere giving place to spick-and-span, new painted, new varnished efficiency, which will yield endless diagrams, plans, elevations, and sections, but alas! no picture.

(b) Depend upon it, you would gain unspeakably if you would learn with me to see some of the poetry and the pathos, the tragedy and the comedy, lying in the experience of a human soul and that looks out through dull grey eyes, and that speaks in a voice of quite ordinary tones.

2 On what grounds does Mill maintain that the development of Individuality is a good to the individual himself and to society at large? 12

3. Examine the claims put forth on behalf of Democracy, 18

(a) That it is more active than other forms of government in reforming legislation.

(b) That it is irresistible, and inevitable, and probably perpetual.

(c) That it is more free than other governments from "sinister influences," that is, motives leading a government to prefer the interests of small portions of a community to the interests of the whole.

4. Taine says, "Shakespeare does not dream of ennobling, but of copying human life, and aspires only to make his copy more energetic and more striking than the original." Enquire into the truth of this remark. 10

5. What were Dryden's views with regard to the Shakespearean drama? Why was his attempted imitation of the French drama a failure? What was the true character and proper sphere of his genius? 10

6. What circumstances gave rise to the novel of the eighteenth century? What are its general characteristics? What are the two opposite ideas of morality represented by Fielding and Richardson respectively? How do these ideas carried to excess detract from the merits of their novels considered as works of art? 8

7. "Each of the principal personages of King Lear is brought into presence of those mysterious powers which domi- 12

nate life, and preside over human destiny ; and each, according to his character, is made to offer an interpretation of the great riddle." Show this, by a reference to the characters of Edmond, Edgar, Kent, the Fool, and Lear.

8. "Julius Cæsar and Antony and Cleopatra are related as works of art rather by points of contrast than by points of resemblance." Mention the points of contrast.

"The pathos of Antony and Cleopatra resembles the pathos of Macbeth." Trace the resemblance.

9. Does Shakespeare indicate in any of his plays on which side his sympathies were ; with the patricians or the plebeians, with the people or with kings and nobles ? 10

ENGLISH VI.

Paper set by—MR. M. J. WHITE, M.A.

Examiner—MR. J. MANN, M.A.

ESSAY.

Write an essay on one, and one only, of the following subjects :—

1. The causes of the decline of the Roman Empire.
2. A statement of the case of Charles I, in his dispute with his Parliament, from the point of view of a constitutional royalist.
3. The influence of the character of a people on the national literature.

SANSKRIT I.

Examiner—BABU KRISHNAKAMAL BHATTACHARYA, B.A.

PROSE AND POETRY.

1. (क) षालोच्य भाविविधिकर्तृकलोकदृष्टि-

कष्टानि रोदिति पुरा ह्यपयैव यद्गः ।

नामेच्छेति मिथैषान्नमघ्न यथां

संसारतारुणतरीमद्वजत् पुरीं सः ॥

(ख) तत्रापि तत्रभवती भृशसंशयालो-

रालोक्य सा विधिनिषेधनिवृत्तिमुखाः ।

पाथःपतिम्रति धृताभिमुखान्कुलौक-

पाणिः क्रमोचितमुपाक्रमताभिधातुम् ॥

(ग) स तुतोषान्नतो विप्रान् दृष्ट्वा स्पृष्टपरस्परान् ।

होमशेषैर्भवत्सोममुज्ज्वलान् वीक्ष्य दुर्नवान् ॥

(a) Write a **वाक्या** of the above three *śloka*s in the ordinary **टीका** form.

(b) Cite the *Brahmana* text which was evidently in the poet's mind in writing the *śloka* क.

(c) In क, what tense does **पुरा** denote? What other tense does it sometimes denote? Cite the rule of grammar that regulates its use.

(d) Who is referred to by **सा** in ख? and by **अस्याः**? How do you derive **संशयालुः**? How does it differ in meaning from **शयालुः**? Illustrate, if possible, the use of **शयालुः** by a quotation.

(e) Who is meant by **सः** in ग? Clearly explain the reason of his momentary joy, immediately followed by keen disappointment.

(f) Derive **परस्पर** with special reference to the addition of **स** in the middle, citing if possible the aphorism for words like **परस्पर** and **अन्योन्य**.

(g) What is meant by **क्रमोचितम्** in ख? Cite a passage or passages illustrating such use of the word **क्रम**.

2. वयस्य ! एवमादिभिरनुपक्रम्योऽयमातङ्कः ।

कुतुमशयनं न प्रत्ययं न चन्द्रमरीचयो

न च मलयजं सर्गाङ्गीनं न वा मणियष्टयः ।

मनसिजघनं सा वा दिव्या ममालम्बोचितं

रहसि लघयेदारब्धा वा तदाश्रयणौ कथा ॥

Name the work from which the above extract is taken, and explain why the author called it by that name ; in other words, explain the connection between the name of the work and the matter it deals with. Give the purport of the stanza in your own words. Supply the predicates in the first two lines. Give the meanings of the following words as used here :—**अनुपक्रम्य**, **आतङ्क**, **प्रत्यय**, **वडि**,

वज्र, **अपेक्षितं**, **अलम्ब**, **रहसि** ।

चेरन्मदनुसृतोऽस्ति खितैकमिति

वक्षो विशाखविशिखत्रणलाङ्घितं मे ।

रोमाञ्चकचुकितमद्भुतवीरलामातु

सत्यं ब्रवीमि परिरम्भिवेक्षति ताम् ॥

Who speaks this, and on what occasion? How do you reconcile his words with the original object of his meeting the party spoken

to? Who is विशाख? What incidents are referred to by the expression in which the word विशाख occurs?

4. Why is **विकलकण्ठिक** so called? Point out the connection of the incident alluded to by the name with the principal event of the story. Explain —

पञ्चविकलस्य पत्नी शुष्कस्य तपः सरस्य जलहीनम् ।

सर्पस्योद्धृतदंष्ट्रकुल्यं लोके दरिद्रस्य,॥

What rhetorical figure (**अलङ्कार**) does this *śloka* illustrate? Why is **कुल्यं** in the neuter? Derive **विकल** and **दंष्ट्रा**.

शार्ङ्गश्याकृष्टिमुक्तप्रशिक्षितकविकाप्रपञ्चेणात्र देशे

देवेनाकारि चित्रं प्रजविततुरगं वाणमोक्षस्यलेषु ।

अस्यामुद्यानराजो स्थितमिह कथितं राजभिस्त्रैर्विनेत्यं

सम्प्रत्यालोक्षमानाः कुसुमपुरमुवो भूयसा दुःखयन्ति ॥

Explain the above. Who is the **देव** referred to here? Explain **विभक्ति** in **चित्रं**, **तुरगं**, and **भूयसा**. Account for the neuter **स्थितम्**, and **कथितम्**. Why is **शार्ङ्ग** so called?

6. Translate into English :—

सखे किं बह्नोक्तेन? सर्वथा सुखोऽसि आशीविपविषवेगविषमाणामेतेषां
कुसुमचापसायकानां पतितोऽसि न गोचरे । सुखमुपदिश्यते परस्य । यस्य
चन्द्रियाणि सन्ति मनो वा, यः पश्यति वा शृणोति वा श्रुतमवधारयति वा,
यो वा शुभमिदं न शुभमिदमिति विवेक्तुमलं स खलूपदेशमर्हति । मम
सर्वमेवेदमतिदूरापेतम् । अवष्टभो ज्ञानं धैर्यं प्रतिसंख्यानमित्यस्तमितैषा
कथा । कथमप्येवमेवायलविधृतास्तिलन्त्यसवः । दूरातीतः खलूपदेशकालः,
समतिक्रान्तो धैर्यावसरः, गता प्रतिसंख्यानवेला, अतीतो ज्ञानावष्टभ-
समयः । केन वाक्मिन् समये भवन्ममपचायोपदेष्टव्यम्? उन्मागैर्प्रवृत्ति-
निवारणं वा करणीयम्? कस्यान्यस्य वा वचसि मया स्थातव्यं? को वाप-
रस्वत्समो मे जगति बन्धुः? किं करोमि यन्न शक्नोमि निवारयितुमा-
ह्वानम् । इयमनेनैव क्षणं भवता दृष्टावस्था ! तद्गत उपदेशकालः ।
यावत् प्राणिमि तावदस्य कल्पान्तोदितद्वादशदिनकरकिरणातपतीव्रस्य
मदनसन्तापस्य प्रतिक्रियां क्रियमाणाभिष्कामि ।

SANSKRIT. II.

Examiner—MAHAMAHOPADHYAY CHANDRAKANTA
TARKALANKARA.

द्वितीयपत्रम् ।



मनुसंहितायाः ।

१। एष वै प्रथमः कल्पः प्रदाने इत्यकथयोः ।

अनुकल्पस्त्वयं प्रोक्तः सदा सद्भिरनुष्ठितः ॥

१ (क) स्तोकोऽयं व्याख्यायताम् ।

२ (ख) किं नाम इयं किं वा कथम् ?

८ (ग) कौटिल्यः प्रथमः कल्पः कौटिल्यो वाऽनुकल्पः ?

४ (घ) प्रथमकल्पस्यासम्भवस्य लक्षणानुकल्पस्यानुष्ठानं भवति । एवञ्च सति, 'सदा सद्भिरनुष्ठितः'—इति 'सदा' पदश्रुतिः कथमु-
पपादनीया ?

१। कुश्लघान्यको वा स्यात् कुम्भीघान्यक एव वा ।

अथैहिको वापि भवेदसल्लनिक एव वा ॥ १

चतुर्णामपि चैतेषां द्विजानां गृहमेधिनान् ।

व्यायान् परः परो ज्ञेयो धर्मतो लोकजित्तमः ॥ २

षट्कर्माण्येको भवत्येषां त्रिभिरन्यः प्रवर्तते ।

द्वाभ्यामेकचतुर्थस्तु ब्रह्मसर्वेण जीवति ॥ ३

६ (क) एते स्तोका व्याख्यायन्ताम् ।

४ (ख) कुश्लघान्यकादीनां स्वरूपाणि लिखन्ताम् ।

२ (ग) चतुर्णामिति चतुर्थं निर्दिश ।

१० (घ) द्वितीयस्तोके कानि षट् कर्माणि, कानि त्रीणि कर्माणि, के
द्वे कर्माणी, किं वा ब्रह्मसर्वम् ? एवमिति केषां ?

२। प्राणायामैर्देहेषान् धारणाभिश्च किल्बिषम् ।

प्रत्याहारेण संसर्गान् ध्यानेनानीश्वरान् गुणान् ॥

- ९ (क) कोऽस्त्रार्थः ?
- १० (ख) के नाम प्राचायाम-दोष-धारवा-प्रत्याहार-संसर्ग-ध्यान-चनौ-
श्वरगुणाः ? दोषानीश्वरगुणयोः को भेदः ?
- ९ (ग) कस्यायं धर्मोऽपदिष्टः ?
- १० ४। विज्ञेयद्रव्याणां मध्ये कस्य द्रव्यस्योपरि कौटशः करो राज्ञा
पक्षीतयः ? ,
- ८ ५। कति दृष्टस्थानानि कानि च तानि ?
- १९ ६। के नाम प्रकाशतस्कराः के वाऽप्रकाशतस्कराः ? केनोपा-
येन राज्ञा ते वशीकर्तव्याः ? तस्करप्रतिषेधार्थं वा राज्ञा
किं करणीयम् ?
- ८ ७। कानि जातिभ्रंशकराणि पापानि ? किं वा तत्र प्रायश्चित्तम् ?
- १० ८। श्लेचश्मृतात्मजीवात्मनां कानि स्वरूपाणि ? तेषां कस्य
किं कर्म ?

SANSKRIT III.

Examiner—MAHAMAHOPADHYAY CHANDRAKANTA

TARKALANKARA.

तृतीयपत्रम् ।



वेदोपनिषद्बैदिकप्रक्रियाणाम् ।

- १। स नो विद्याया सुक्रतुरादित्यः सुपथा करत् ।
प्र ष चार्थूणि तारिषत् ॥ १
एष स्य कार्द्वर्जरे सृज्जे-
रमे बुधान उपसां सुमन्त्रा ।
इषा तां वर्धदद्भ्या पयोभि-
र्युयं पात स्वस्तिभिः सदा नः ॥ १

शोषमित् इथिवीमहं जंघनानीह वेह वा ।

कुवित् सोमस्यापामिति ॥ ९

विष्णोर्मुं कं वीर्याणि प्र वोचं

यः पार्थिवानि विममे रजांसि ।

यो अस्त्रभायदुत्तरं सघस्थं

विचक्रमाणस्तेषोरभायः ॥ ४

- ६ (क) एते सन्त्रा व्याख्यायन्ताम् ।
- ९ (ख) एकं मन्त्रं लौकिकसंस्कृते परिणमय ।
- ५ (ग) चतुर्थमन्त्रस्य तात्पर्यं विशदयत्य वर्णय ।
- ४ (घ) प्रथममन्त्रे 'विस्वाहा' इति किं विभक्त्यन्तं कथं वा निष्पन्नं ? द्वितीयमन्त्रे 'यूयं' इत्यनेन केषां परामर्शः ? तृतीयमन्त्रे 'अहं' इत्यस्य 'इह'पदद्वयस्य च कोऽर्थः ? चतुर्थमन्त्रे 'न कं' इति पदद्वयमेकपदं वा ?
- १० (ङ) क्रतुः, कारः, सुमन्त्रा, अरते, कुवित्, विष्णोः, पार्थिवानि-विममे, रजांसि, उत्तरं, उरगायः, इत्येतानि पदानि केव-र्येषु प्रयुक्तानि ? एषां मध्ये कानि पदानि केवर्थेषु लौकिक-संस्कृते प्रयुज्यन्ते ?
- ४ (च) सोमस्य,—इति कस्मिन्नर्थे षष्ठी कथं जाता ? अपामिति किं विभक्त्यन्तं पदं को वा तस्यार्थः ?
- ८ (ज) प्रणः, करत्, तारिषत्, स्य, जंघनानि, वोच, अस्त्रभायत्, सघस्थं,—इत्येतानि पदानि वैदिकप्रक्रियासूत्राद्युक्तेष्वपूव्वकं साधनीयानि ।
- ९ । यस्मिन् सर्व्वाणि भूतान्यात्मैवाभूद्विजातनः ।
तत्र को मोहः कः शोक एकत्वमनुपश्यतः ॥
- ९ (क) व्याख्यायतामयं मन्त्रः ।
- ९ (ख) यत् तत् शब्दयोः कावर्था ?
- ४ (ग) आत्मैवेदं सर्वमित्युपनिषत्प्रधान्तः । एवं सति, सर्वदेव

सर्वाणि भूतान्यात्मैति यत्किन् सर्वाणि भूतान्यात्मैवाभूद्दि-

त्युक्तिः कथं नासङ्गता ?

- ४ (घ) को मोक्षः कः शोक इत्यस्य कोऽर्थः ? किमनेनोक्तं ?
- १० (ङ) “अविद्यया षट्यु तौर्त्वा विद्ययाऽष्टतमश्नुते । विनाशेन षट्यु तौर्त्वा सन्भूत्याऽष्टतमश्नुते । इति श्रुत्वा केचित् संशयं कुर्वन्ति ।” अतस्तन्निर्धारणार्थं संक्षेपतो विचारणां करिष्यामः—इत्युपक्रम्य भाष्यकारेण या विचारणा कृता, संशयोपपादनपूर्वकं तां विचारणां संक्षिप्य वर्णय ।

२ । केनेषितं पतति प्रेषितं मनः
केन प्राणः प्रथमः प्रैति युक्तः ।
केनेषितां वाचमिसां वदन्ति
चक्षुः श्रोत्रं क उ देवो युनक्ति ॥

- २ (क) कोऽस्यार्थः ?
- ४ (ख) इषितं प्रेषितमिति कथं न पुनरुक्तिः ?
- ४ (ग) मनस्तावत् स्वस्वविषयेष्विन्द्रियाणि निरुक्ते स्वयं च स्वतन्त्रं प्रवर्तते इति सर्वेषामनुभवसिद्धम् । एवञ्च केनेत्यादिप्रश्नः कथं सम्भवति ?

- ४ (घ) किमेषां प्रश्नानामुत्तरम् ?
- ४ । अशरीरं शरीरेष्वनवस्थेष्ववस्थितम् ।
महान्तं विमुमात्मानं मत्वा धीरो न शोचति ॥

- २ (क) अस्यार्थः क्रियताम् ।
- ४ (ख) यदि शरीरेष्ववस्थितं तद्वा कथमशरीरम् ?
- २ (ग) अनवस्थेष्टिति विशेषणस्य किं तात्पर्यम् ?
- ६ (घ) आत्मानि जगत्कल्पितमित्युपनिषत्सिद्धान्तः । एवं चेत् आत्मान्येव शरीरमवस्थितं भवितुमर्हति । तथाच सति, शरीरेष्वात्मानोऽवस्थानोक्तिः कथं नासङ्गता ?

- ४ (क) महात्मं विभुमिति विशेषणद्वयस्य किं तात्पर्यम् ? किं नाम
महत्त्वं किं वा विभुम् ?
- ४ (घ) आत्ममननस्य शोकनाशकत्वं कया रीत्योपपादनीयम् ?
कीदृशमच मननमभिप्रेतं कीदृशो वा शोकोऽभिप्रेतः ?

SANŚKRIT IV.

Examiner—BABU KRISHNAKAMAL BHATTACHARYYA, B.A.

1. Explain fully Pāṇini's Aphorism, अकथितश्च. Name specifically the roots to which this rule is intended to apply. Why are these roots divided into two classes? What is the reason of the name अकथित as applied to one of the two objects of the said roots? Is गो दुग्धं दोग्धि equally correct with गां दुग्धं दोग्धि. Give reasons for your answer.

2. State the rules, together with the exceptions, relating to the use of षष्ठी in कर्मा or कर्म, when in conjunction (योग) with a क्त प्रत्यय. How would you maintain the correctness of expressions like नरकस्य जिष्णुः ?

3. Expound the विग्रहवाक्य of the compound word पराधीन, citing the Aphorism which applies to the samāsa, and also the rule for adding the लङित affix.

4. When does the word ह्याय become neuter at the end of a compound? State and reconcile the seemingly contradictory rules of Pāṇini on this point.

5. Cite and explain the rule for forming लूर्याचन्द्रमसौ in lieu of लूर्यचन्द्रमसौ. In what cases is the said rule inapplicable? How does Bhattoji deduce the limitation of the rule from the words of the Aphorism that gives the said rule?

6. What is a आधिभाव, and what a अभिचारिभाव? How many of each are there? Name them and define the following:—शोक, उन्माद, देव्य, मति अवहित्वा, and वितर्क.

7. How is a दोष, or defect defined? How many classes of them are there? Name these classes, and shew how the general definition applies to each class. Is there any defect in the following stanza, because the negative particle used in each line does not form a समास?

ज्ञानन्दोत्थं नयनसलिलं यच्च नान्यैर्निमित्तै-
 र्मान्यस्तापः कुसुमशरजादिदृष्टसंयोगसाध्यात् ।
 नाप्यन्यस्मात् प्रणयकलहादिप्रयोगोपपत्ति-
 र्विज्ञेयानां न च कलुषयो यौवनादन्यदस्ति ॥

Give reasons for your answer.

2. Give an example of the defect known as **अभिचारिभावश्च** **शब्दवाच्यता**, and make the necessary alterations in the language of the example you give for removing the defect.

9. Define and illustrate **दीपक** and **तुल्ययोगिता**, and clearly explain the difference between the two.

10. Name the rhetorical figures (**अलङ्कार**) exemplified in the following quotations, clearly explaining in each case how the definition of the figure in question applies :—

- (a) त्वं जीवितं त्वमसि मे हृदयं द्वितीयं
 त्वं कौमुदी नयनयोरन्तर्गतं त्वमङ्गे ।
 इत्यादि चाटुकशतैरनुबध्य मुग्धां
 तामेव शान्तमथवा किमिच्छोत्तरेण ॥
- (b) तत्कौर्मिचन्द्रमुदितं गगने निरीक्ष्य
 रोचिष्यपि स्वपतिसंशयजातशङ्का ।
 श्रीकौर्मिचन्द्रदृष्ट कञ्चलललाटनेत्र
 प्रेयांसमाकलयदसौ न विधौ कलङ्कः ॥
- (c) इदं किलाव्याजमनोहरं वपु-
 स्तपःक्षमं साधयितुं य इच्छति ।
 भ्रुवं च नीलोत्पलपत्रधारया
 शमीलतां हेतुमर्थव्यस्यति ॥
- (d) अयमेकपदे तथा वियोगः प्रियया शोपनतः सुदुःसहो मे ।
 नववारिधरोदयादहोभिर्भवितव्यं च निरातपत्वरमैः ॥
- (e) यस्य किञ्चिदपकर्तुमक्षमः कायनिर्घर्गटहीनविग्रहः ।
 कान्तवक्त्रसदृशकृतिं कृती राऊरिन्दुमधुनापि बाधते ॥

SANSKRIT V.

Examiner—MAHAMAHOPADHYAY CHANDRAKANTA
TARKALANKARA.

पञ्चमपत्रम् ।

दर्शनस्य ।

तत्र

न्यायस्य ।

- १० १ । बुद्ध्युपलब्धिज्ञानानां कौटुशोभेदः कया युक्त्या सांख्यैवच्यते ?
न्यायमते तेषां भेदोभेदो वा ? किं तत्र कारणम् ?
- २ । ज्ञानं यन्निर्विकल्पाख्यं तदतीन्द्रियमिष्यते ।
- ४ (क) निर्विकल्पाख्यं ज्ञानं कौटुशम् ? निर्विकल्पाख्यमित्यत्र विकल्पाशब्दस्य कोऽर्थः ?
- १० (ख) निर्विकल्पाख्यज्ञानस्यातीन्द्रियत्वे का युक्तिः ? अतीन्द्रियस्य तस्य स्वीकारेऽपि का युक्तिः ?
- २ । चित्तरूपस्वीकारे का युक्तिः ? कथा वा युक्त्या नयैश्चित्र-
- १० रूपं न स्वीक्रियते ? प्राचीनमते चित्तरूपवत् चित्ररस-
स्पर्शादयोऽपि स्वीकर्त्तव्याः न वा ? किं तत्र कारणम् ?
- ४ । मौमांसकैरन्यथाख्यातिः कया युक्त्या नाङ्गीक्रियते ? नैयायि-
कैर्वा कया युक्त्या साङ्गीक्रियते ? मौमांसकोक्तयुक्तिविषये
१५ नैयायिकैः किमुच्यते ? का चेयमन्यथाख्यातिर्नाम् ?

संख्यस्य ।

- १ । पुरुषस्य दर्शनार्थं कैवल्यार्थं तथा प्रधानस्य ।
पञ्चभूतद्वयोरपि संयोगस्तत्कृतः सर्गः ।
- २ (क) विशदीकृत्य व्याख्यायतामिदं कारिका ।

- ५ (ख) पुरुषस्यापरिणामित्वात् तस्य दर्शनं कथं सम्भवति ?
 ४ (ग) संयोगोऽयं कौटुम्भः ?
 ४ (घ) प्रधानपुरुषयोरविनाशितया विवेकख्यातेरनन्तरमपि तयोः
 संयोगसत्त्वात् तदानीमपि सर्गः कथं न भवति ?
 ८ (ङ) सर्गः कृतिविधः ? काश्च ता विधाः ? कति तदवान्तरभेदाः ?
 के च ते ?

वेदान्तस्य ।

- ५ १ । देहादावात्मप्रत्ययोगीणो मिथ्या वा ? पञ्चदशेऽपि कारण-
 मुपन्यस्य स्वोत्तरं समर्थय ।
 ९ । वेदान्तमते तथ्यतापक्षभावानुपपत्तिः कया रीत्या सांख्ये-
 ८ राशङ्किता ? वेदान्तिभिः कया रीत्या तदाशङ्कां निराकृत्य
 सांख्यमते तथ्यतापक्षभावानुपपत्तिः समर्थिता ? कस्यायं
 तथ्यतापक्षभावो नाम ?
 १ । अथ माभूदेष दोष इत्युत्तरो विकल्पोऽभ्युपगम्येत न प्रधानस्य
 पुरुषाणामात्मनस्त्वयत्नेश्वरेण परिच्छिद्यते इति । तत ईश्वरस्य
 सर्वज्ञत्वाभ्युपगमज्ञानिरपरोदोषः प्रसज्येत । इति भाष्यम् ।
 ४ (क) एष दोष इति को दोषः ?
 ८ (ख) पूर्वोत्तरविकल्पौ, कौटुम्भौ ? कथञ्च उत्तरविकल्पे एष दोषः
 न भवति पूर्वविकल्पे च भवति ? स्वमते वा एष दोषः
 कथं न भवति ।
 १ (ग) सोऽयमीश्वरः कस्यानुमत्तः ?

SANSKRIT VI.

Examiner—BABU KRISHNAKAMAL BHATTACHARYA, B.A

ESSAY.

Write an essay on The Rise and Progress of the Science of Comparative Grammar, specially dwelling upon the following points, viz.,—

- (1) Its nature and character as a science ;
- (2) Its position with reference to other sciences ;
- (3) The problems with the solution of which it concerns itself ;
- (4) Classification of languages ;
- (5) What had been achieved in this branch of the science prior to the labours of Bopp, Burnouf, and other modern authors ;
- (6) The discovery of a particular ancient language which gave an impetus to the progress of the science, and the reason why it was so ;—and giving a brief account of the principal European scholars who were pioneers in the work of forming an acquaintance with the aforesaid language, and of the ideas contributed by each towards the development of the science.

PERSIAN I.

Examiner—SHAMS-UL-ULAMA SHAIK MAHMUD GILANI.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. اشعار ذیل را بطریق واضح و روشن در فارسی 16
سلیس ترجمہ کنید

احداست و شمار از او معزول
صمد است و نیاز از او مخزول
ان احدنی که عقل داند و هم
و ان صمد نی که حس شناسد و فهم
نه فراوان نه اندکی باشد
یکی اندر یکی یکی باشد
دو دوئی جز بد و سقط نبود
هرگز اندر یکی غلط نبود

تا ترا در درون شمار و شکی است
 چه یکی خوان چه درکه هر دو یکی است
 تو چراگاه دیو دان به یقین
 جسم و چند و چرا و چون راهین
 نه بزرگیش هست از افـرونی
 ذات او بر ز مـندی و چـونی
 از پی بحث طالب عاجز
 هل و من گفتن اندر او جایز
 کس نگفته صفات مبدع هو
 چند و چون و چرا چه و کی و کـو
 ید او قدرت است و وجه بقـاش
 آمدن حکمش و نزول عطـاش
 قدمینش جلال قهر و خطر
 اصبعینش نفاذ حکم و قدر
 هستها تحت قدرت اویند
 همه با او و او همی جویند
 جنبش نور هوی نور بود
 نور کی ز افقاب دور بود
 با وجودش ازل پریـر آمد
 یکه آمد و لیک * دیر آمد
 در ازل بسته کی بود عملش
 یک غلام است خانه زاد ازلش
 از ابد دور دار وهم و گمان
 که ابد از ازل گرفت نشان
 کی مکلف باشدش ز بیش وز کم
 که مکان خود مکان ندارد هم

با مکان افروین مکان چه کند
 ه اسمان گر خود اسمان چه کند
 نه مکان پی برد بدو نه زمان
 نه بیان زو خبر دهد نه عیان
 نه بارگان ثبات او قاتش
 نه مکان جای هستی دانش

- 5 بیان کن اشارتی را که در بیت دهم و یازدهم واقع شده (a) 2
 و بنویس آیات و احادیثی را که این ابیات اشاره بانهاست
 بیت چهاردهم را بطور شرح و تفصیل بیان کنید که مراد از
 7 این ازل ذات واجب است یا ازل زمانی - در شرح حال (b) 3
 حکیم هنائی که کی متولد شده و در چه سنه وفات یافته
 و در چه عهد بوده با بعضی از سوانح عمری و مدارج
 و مقامات او بقدری که میدانید در فارسی بنویسید *
- 6 ابیات ذیل را با اشارات و سرگذشت و حکایات آن 4

مختصراً بفارسی شرح کن

قهر او چون بگستر اندام * سگی ارد ز صورت بلعام
 لطف او چون در آید اندر کار * سگ اصحاب کهف برد بغار
 سحره از لطف گفت ان لایسر * با عزایل قهر کرد اناخیر
 یکی ترک غول نو برده * صد هزاران علم نگون کرده
 فرش مشتقی گرسنه بنوشته * چاکرین زان یکی دوناگشته

- 8 بیان کن که حسن تعلیل چیست و چند قسم است (a) 5
 و بنویس شواهد از برای هر یک *
 بنویس کیفیت جمع و تفریق را که ثمر چند نوع (b)
 است و مثال بیاور از برای آن *

8 شرح ده که مسجع و ذوالقافیتین و متلون و تلویح 6
و سیاق الاعداد در اصطلاح اهل عروض چیست و تفصیل هریک
را با امثال و شواهد بقدریکه بتوانی و در خاطر داری بنویس *

20 اشعار ذیل را در فارسی ترجمه نمایند - (a) 7

هرکه چون من بکفرش ایمان است
وز همه خلق او مسلمان است
روی ایمان ندیده؟ نجدا
گر با ایمان خوشت ایمان است
ای پسر مذهب قلندر گیر
که در او دین و کفر یکسان است
خویشتن بر طریق انسانند
که طریقت طریق انسان است
دست از این توبه و صلاح بدار
کاندرین راه کافری ان است
راه تسلیم رو که عاجز حکم
دام مرغان و بند را مان است
ملک تسلیم چون مسلم شد
بهتر از ملکت سلیمان است
مردم صو معه مسلمان نیست
گرهه جوذ راست و سلیمان است
ساقیا درده ان ملکی که از او
افوت عقل و راحت جان است
حاکمی رنگ روی معشوق است
راوی بوی زلف جانان است
مجلس از بوی او من زار است
دیده از رنگ او گلستان است

از لطافت هولی رنگین است
وز صفت افتاب قابان است

- (b) در دور تو کم کسی امان یابد
در عشق تو کم دلی زیان یابد
خود نیز نشان نمی توان دادن
زانکس که ز تو همی نشان یابد
وصل تو اگر بچنان بیا بد دل
انصاف بده که رایگان یابد
تنها تو همه جهانی وانکس
گو یافت ترا همه جهان یابد
دراینه گر جمال بنمائی
از نور رخت خیال جان یابد
ور سایه تو بر افتاب افتد
منشور جمال جاودان یابد
از روز عیان تری و جو ینده
از راز دلت همی نهان یابد
ان روی که دل نیاردش دیدن
دیده که بود که روی ان یابد
نشگفت که در زمین نجوی تو
ماهی تو و مه بر آسمان یابد
زی قون قرین تو که یابد کس
یا چون تو یکی بدهد قران یابد

- 10 تقطیع کن یکی از اشعار غزل دوم را و بیان کن که (c)
از چه بحر است -

- بیان کن معنی علم بدیع را و بیان کن که چه فرق است (a) 8
میان علم بیان و علم بدیع -

(b) شرح کن معنی این اشعار را و بیان کن که از محسنات
شعریه چه در آنها است *

سختش را مزاج مسحر حلال
در گهش را خواص بیت حرام
ازان سرد آمد این کاخ دل اویز
که چون جا گروم کودی گویدت خیز
نمی شود مؤذام گرم ازان مسحر که بناز
گشاد نرگس مخمور و بست خواب مرا
جان من بستان ببوسی و ببوسی بازده
تا بلب هم جان ده من باشی و هم جان ستان
چو خیزد شعله تیغدت نشیند اب براتش
چو خندد ماسر بزمت بگرید ابر بر دوا

9. Translate into idiomatic Persian :—

20

An assemblage of such troops never stood the heavy charge of a body of Moguls, but dispersed at once, and scampered off singly to the nearest hills or broken ground. If the enemy left their ranks to pursue them, they cut off single horsemen, or rapidly assembled behind a ravine, or in some other situation where it was not safe for small parties to attack them; and, when the disheartened pursuers turned back with their horses exhausted, the Marattas were upon them in a moment, charged in on them, if there was an opening or confusion, but generally hung loosely on their flanks and rear, sometimes dashing up singly to fire their matchlocks into the mass, or even to despatch a straggler with their long spears. Their chief excellence, as well as their delight, was in the plunder of a convoy. The favour of the country people gave them full information, while it kept the Moguls in darkness, till they were suddenly assailed on the line of march, and saw the camels and cattle, carrying the grain and stores they were escorting, swept off in a moment.

PERSIAN II.

Examiner—COL. H. S. JARRETT.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate as literally as the English idiom will admit :—

(a) و تحقیق آنست که حکمای متقدمین بحرکت ثوابت از 8

جهت کمال بطور مستشعر نشده اند و بسبب آنکه مدت عمر وفا نکرده زمانی که مقدار ثوابت را احساس توان نمود نیافته اند - پس در وقت تعیین بروج صورت اسد که از اجتماع چند کواکب ثابت متوهم میشود صحافی و مقابل جزوی از فلک الافلاک بود که الان بحرکت فلک البروج ازان جز انتقال نموده بموضع که صورت سنبله در آن زمان در آن موضع بود استقرار یافته - و همچنین سنبله بموضع میژان و میژان در مکان عقرب تا آخر بروج پس حساب منجمان هند بر وفق رصد حکمای متقدمین است که مبتنی است بر عدم حرکت ثوابت و حساب رصد جدید بر اعتبار حرکت فلک البروج که مستلزم انتقال صورت اسد است بموضع سنبله و مقدار مابه التفاوت در میان این دو حساب هفده درجه است که هر برج هفده درجه از مکان خود انتقال نموده و ازینجا میتوان دانست که از رصدی که حکمای هند بسته اند بسته اند تا رصد جدید یکهزار و یکصد و نود سال گذشته بقول که در هر هفتاد سال یک درجه قطع کند چنانچه اکثر حکما بر آنند بضرب هفتاد در هفده *

همان زمان که آسمان بفرو ولادت عالیش بر زمین حسد (b) بود و زمین بمقدم گرامیش بر آسمان فخر جست روز آفرینش نورانی شد - پایگاه دانش و پیدش بلبلد گشت و بدست سایه پروردان سعادت پرتو و نسوبین بدنای پاکدامن عنصر قدسی و گوهر قدوسی آنحضرت که بسر چشمه نوره الهی و دریای معرفت ازلی بشست و شو یافته بود و انوار قبول و اقبال بر وجود پاکش تافتد بوسم عادت که شیوه متصدیان تربیت ترکیب ظاهر عنصریست اغتسال و اصطفا یافت دایما معنل مزاج روح امتزاج بمطاط سعادت ارتباط که از پردهای دیدگ پاکان پاکو

بود پیچیده آن پیکر ربانی و هیکل آسمانی را بحسن ادب و کمال احترام بر کنار و کنف قدسی سیرت‌ان پاکذیل نهادند *

دادار بدایع آفرین هرچه از ممکن خفا بمجالی نظم—ور (c) 8
آرد بسیاری از عجایب امور را مشتمل باشد لیکن آدمی زاد بموجب غفلتی که در نشاء کثرت و لباس متعلق ستون این بغای عالی اساس است از دریافت آن باز میماند چه اگر این طور نشدی 'و را از نظارگی بودن فرصت نبودی و بهی— کاره نپرداختی مبدع جهان آرا اکثری از عجایب قدرت خود از نظر جهانیان می پوشد و بقدر احتیاج که یکبارگی از نمایش غرایب مقدرات الهی محروم نماند بودی چند از روی مقدسات مکامن غیب بر میدارد و باز از دید بسیار از غفلتی که در سرشت ایشان و دیعت نهادی تقدیر است همان دید را پرده شفا سائی میگرداند و پس ازان رافت عامه الهی برای هزار گونه حکمت که یکم ازان آگاهی غفلت زدهای این جهان است آفرینش دیگر بظهور می آرد و نقاب و احتجاب را اندک برداشته رنگ آمیز تعجب میگرداند - از انجمله احوال بدایع طراز حضرت الذقواس و او دختر قدسی اختر جویینه بهادر است از قوم قیات از نسل برلاس *

شبی آن نور پرورد الهی بر بستر استراحت پهلوی نهاد بود (d) 8
که ناگاه نور شگرف در خرگاه پرتو انداخت و آن نور در کام و دهان آن سر چشمه عرفان و حضور در آمد و آن عفت قباب ازان نور آبتن شد - سبحان الله نفوس قدسیه انسانی را از آدم تا این نور پرورد در نعمت و محنت و فراخی و تنگی و لطف و غضب و سایر صفات متضاده مرتبه بدرتمه پرورش داده مستعد فیضان نور مقدس میساختند - آغاز ظهور حضرت شاهنشاهی

آن روز بود که بعد از سپهر در مدارج مختلفه از خدر مقدسی
حضرت مریم مکانی برای سرانجام نشاء صورت و معنی
بعالم بروز شفافیت - افلاطون تجرد باید که این سخنان بگوئی
هوش شنود که خدیو زمان در پرده آرائی و زمانیان با درد
چشم و زحیر باعث پرده در است - و چون ایام آستان سپهری
شد سه پسر گرامی سعادتمند ولادت یافت *

2. From what historian and work has Abul Fazl probably taken the particulars of this last extract? Who were the three children born of the princess, and what families descend from them, and to which of them does the writer ascribe pre-eminence, and why? Are there other instances of the rule of a Tartar tribe being invested in a female?

3. Translate literally, with explanations where requisite:—

10 لا زال مجدداً للکبراء و مجدداً فی اعانة العقراء بعد از رفع (a)
تحیت و تسلیم مقرون بلوازم توفیر و تعظیم مرفوع انکه مسموع
افتاد که اندک عارضه عارض گشته و حمد الله سبحانه بخیر
گذشته می باید که شکرانگه آن را اکثر اوقات بی شائبه غرض
و مطالبه عوض بکار سازی مظلومان و مهم پودازی مهمومان
گذرانند و آنرا وسیله حصول نجات دینی و دنیوی و واسطه علو
درجات صوری و معنوی دانند *

15 (b) اتانی کتاب فاح من نشرطیه

نسیم و داد فیه برد اوامی

ففی کل لفظ منه نمایه منیتی

و فی کل معنی منه کده مرامی

* نظم *

رسید نامه رسائی از شهریار گرامی

بنام گم شده نامی رساند نامه نامی

نه نامه درج لطافه که درج بود آنجا

جواهر هنر و فضل و مکرمت به نامی

چون عرائس معانی ابرار که نفائس معالی افکارند بعد
از تمثل بصور خیالی و تشکل باشکال مثالی جواهر زواهر حسن
عبارات و لالی متلالی لطف استعارات را زیور سروبر و حلی
و شاح و افسر کرده از خلال مجال و خدور خطوط و مسطور غالیه
رنگ عنبر فام کالدرد فی الدجیة و الشمع فی الغمام جلوه گری
نمودند هر یک از قوای جسمانی و مادی روحانی حظی دیگر
یافتند و بهره هر چه تمامتر گرفتند باصرا از مشاهده نقوش قلمی
و صور رقمی آن اطراف و اکناف حدیقه حدقه را سنبل و ریحان
و بنفشه و ضمیران کاشت و از باران صاحب شوق و شبنم سرشک
نیاز سیراب و ربان گردانید *

از عکس خط سبز تو ای رشک قمر

رسته است زباغ خاطر من سنبل تر

می پرور مش بیاد گار خط تو

از شبنم اشک سحر و خون جگر

و ذائقه از حلاوت الفاظ شهد آمیز و عذوبت کلامات

شور انگیزش کام جانوا چاشنی شربت عینا یسرب بها المقربون

چشایند و شامه از تنسم روائع روح پرور و استشمام فوائع روح

گسترش مشام جان را شمیم شراب و یسقون من ریحان مختوم

خفاه مسک رسانید *

Give the name and measure of the last Persian distich, and the scansion of each line. 5

4. Translate literally:—

منشور سعادت دوجیهانی و مشهور کرامت جاودانی اعنی

30 نوازشنامه نامی و گزارش صحیفه سامی که از کلک معانی نگار

درنثار دیور پرتو دیدیم نیکو تقریر سمت تصویر پزیرفته بود در اسعد

ازمنه چون دم مسیح روح افرازد و چون نفس فصیح فرح افزا وارد

گشت و از شبستان لا تیا سوا من روح الله نسیم صبح خیز لیطمئن

قلبی رسا نید چون مضمون محبت عز و قبول مخبر خبر لازم
 الانتهاج محبت مزاج ملائک صفات حقائق درجالت ابد الله معالیه
 و اید سوالیه بود موجب آسایش روح و سرمایه فزوح گشت
 فشکرا حمیه او حمدا جدیدا به تقدیم رسانیده شده امید که
 دائما آن ذات به نرات از نقائص الواک کدورت جسانی مصقول
 و عقوق بوده با نوار تجلیات سلطه رحمانی موصوف و مقرون
 باشد بمنه وجوده ثابیا چگونگی حال این سرگشته دیار تعب و
 حریق زاویه نیران لهب دارند عریقه عزیز القا اعزه الله
 بعضی خواهد رساند توقعه نفاعیه مساعدت فرمایند ظل
 حیات عمود باد *

Compare the epistolary styles of Jami and Abul Fazl, and trace the origin of this class of composition.

PERSIAN III.

Examiner—SHAMSUL-ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMUD GILANI.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English :—

18

صبح دارم گفتانی در نهان آورده ام
 افنا بزم کزدم عیسی نشان آورده ام
 عیسیم کز بیت معمور آمده وز خزان خلد
 خورده قوت وزل؛ اخوان ز خزان آورده ام
 همین صلابی خشک ب پیران تودامن که من
 هر دو قرص گرم و سرد آسمان آورده ام
 طفل زی مکتب برد نان من ز مکتب آمدم
 بهر پیران ز آفتاب و مه دو نان آورده ام
 گرچه عیسی دار از اینجا بار سوزنی بوده ام
 گنج قارون بین کز اینجا سوزبان آورده ام

رفقه زین سولاشه در زیر زانوسو بین کنون
 کابلق گینتی جنیبت در عنان آورده ام
 از نظاره صوی را جانی و از هر صومرا
 طوطی گویا است کز هندوستان آورده ام
 من نه پیل آورده ام بعضی بس نظاره کز صفر
 پیل بالا طوطی، شکر فشان آورده ام
 در گشاده دیده ام خرگاه ترکان فلک
 ماه را بسته میان خرگاه سان آورده ام
 از سفر میایم و در راه صید افکنده ام
 اینک صید چرب پهلو کار مغان آورده ام
 گر سواران خنگ توسن در کمند آورده اند
 من کمند افکنده و شیو زیان آورده ام
 چشم بد دور از من و راهم که راه آورد عشق
 شب روان را سرمه چشم روان آورده ام
 بسکه در بحر طلب چل روز شصت افکنده ام
 تا دران شصت سبک صید گران آورده ام
 نقد شش روز از خزانه هفت کردون بوده ام
 گرچه در نقب افگنی چل شب کران آورده ام
 خاک پای خاک بیزان بوده ام تا گنج زر
 کرده ام سودا به بدن عمری کوان آورده ام
 خاک بیزی کن که من هم خاک بیزی کرده ام
 تا ز خاک، این مایه گنج شایگان آورده ام
 دیده ام عشاق ریزان اشک داود از طرب
 آن همه چون سبزه در یک ریسمان آورده ام
 اشک من در رقص و دل در حال و ناله در سماع
 من دریده خرقة عبور وغان آورده ام

2. (a) Explain بیت معمور in line 2. 6
 (b) In line 5 write out the allusion سوزن عیسی.
 (c) What rule of syntax does apply to the construction of the phrase پیل بالا. Give other instances of a similar nature.
3. Define تخفیف and تعلیل. Give the various divisions of the former, with examples. How Arabic words according to تخفیف are adopted in Persian? 5
4. Give the rules for the formation of each of the following phrases:— 5
 تورین گوهوی - اشرف انبیا - از صد سال -
 نگوبم گرامی
 خلقی براو لعنت کردند * صد هزار اسپ حاضر شد
 شخصی را دیدم که پایش در گل فرو رفته بود -

شاه عادل را رعیت لشکر است

5. Paraphrase into your own Persian:—

14

در کام صبح از نای شب مشکبست عدا ریخته
 زرین هزاران نوگسه بر سقف مینا ریخته
 صبح اسپ گلگون تاخته شمشیر بیرون آخته
 بر شب شبیخون ساخته خورش بعدا ریخته
 کیمحت سبز آسمان دارد دادیم بیکران
 خون شب است آری بیگمان بر طاق خضرا ریخته
 صبح آمده زرین سلب نوروز نوراهان طلب
 زهره شرف افتاده شب وز زهره صفرا ریخته
 شب چاه بیژن بستنه مشرق گشاده زال زر
 خون سیا و خشان نگر بر خاک و خارا ریخته
 مستان صبح اموخته وزعی فتوح اندوخته
 می شمع روح افروخته نقل مهنا ریخته

رضوان قدح خم خانها حوض جنان پیمانها
 کف برکدو دردانه‌ها از عقد حورا ریخته
 مرغ از شبستان هرم میوه ز بسقان ارم
 گردن ز پستان کرم شیر مصفا ریخته
 بادام ساتی مست خواب از جرعه شادان خراب
 از دستها جام شراب افتاده صهبا ریخته
 مرغ صراحی کذده پر برداشته یک نیمه سر
 وز نیم مفقار دگر با قوت همرا ریخته

6. Write out the allusions of چاه بیزن - 4
 7. (a) Render the following into idiomatic English:— 20

روز می و وقت عیش و گاه سرور است
 یار جوان می کهن خدای غفور است
 میل و سکون شوق و صبر ذوق و تحمل
 شعله و خمن برق و کشت سنگ و بلور است
 عشق و شکیب آزو علم رنج و صبوری
 ممتنع و طوفه و محال و ندور است
 بادیه پر سنگ و وقت تنگ و قدم لنگ
 توشه کم و رزه دراز و مرحله دور است
 یار غیور است و حسن سرکش و من مست
 شوق فنون و تبرک شراب طهور است
 بادیه بی آب و چشمه دور و هوا گرم
 رخ تر و لب خشک و آفتاب حور است
 زهد گداز می ثواب و هجر قیامت
 وصل جنان یار حور و نغم قصور است
 طاقت و دل زهد و مست واعظ و رندی
 قوه و شل پند و کربصورت و کور است

جعد و بنا گرش زلف و رخ خط و رویت
 هاله و مه ابرو مهر سایه و نور است
 خشم و رضا کین و مهر هجر و وصالت
 خار و رطب نیش و نوتن سوگ و سرور است
 گریه مطر اشک دیده قطره سحاب است
 عشق شرر شوق شعله سینه تنور است
 یار عدو چرخ ضد زمانه مخالف
 نفس رضا دل حلیم طبع صبور است
 (b) الا ای خمیده سر زلف دلبر
 که همونگ مشکي و همسنگ عذیر
 چو بخري عزیز و چو فقري پریشان
 چو کفري سیده و چو ظلمي مکدر
 همه سایه در سایه همچو بیشه
 همه پایه در پایه همچو منبر
 شب شب شمع و مه دیدم اما ندیدم
 شب یتره در شمع و ماه مذور
 شمیمی که از تارهای تو خیزد
 کند تا بحشر جهان را معذب
 چو بدویشد باد بر چهره جانان
 پریشیده گردد دلها سوا سر
 بلی چون پریشان شود آشیانی
 در افکند در خانه مرغان بی پر
 ز شر می فرومانده در چهر جانان
 بعجزی سوافکنده در پای دابو
 بطرزی که در پیش جبریل شیطان
 بر انسان که در نزد کرار قنبر

قضا گانج است و نکوئی کفایت
 رخ یار عن صفحه تار تو مسطر
 چو دیوی که با جبرئیلی مقابل
 چو مشکي که با سیم نابی برابر

8. (i) In lines 2, 3, 8 and 9 of the above extract (a), explain the prosodical peculiarities contained therein. 4
 (ii) What part of speech is *پربشیده* in line 6 of the extract (b).
 9. (a) What Persian words you would use in pointing out a person, and things other than persons? 6
 (b) If any Arabic word ending in *ة تانیث* comes in a Persian or an Arabic sentence, what is the rule for writing it? Is it the same in both?
 (c) If a Persian word ends in *نون و باء موحدة*, is it used in the same way, or changed and used?

10 Translate into Persian:—

18

Fortune, however, seemed determined that of these bitterness we should not taste; for the next morning, bright and joyous overhead bent the blue unclouded heaven; while the plain lay gleaming at our feet in all the brilliancy of enamel. I was sorely tempted to linger another day in the neighbourhood; but we have already spent more time upon the Geysirs than I had counted upon, and it will not do to remain in Iceland longer than the 15th, or Winter will have begun to barricade the passes into his Arctic dominions. My plan, on returning to Reykjavik, is to send the schooner round to wait for us in a harbour on the north coast of the island, while we ourselves strike straight across the interior on horseback.

1st question selected from Khacani p. 312	Lucknow edn.
5th " " " Do. p. 354	Do.
7th " " " Kaani p. 51 & 91,	Bombay edn.

PERSIAN IV.

Examiner—COL. H. S. JARRETT.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate with notes, where required:—

20

(a) *بداورد پس نامه بر پزند*
نشسته بنو شیوان رای هند

یکی تخت شطرنج کرده برنج
 تهی کرده از رنج شطرنج گنج
 چنین داد پیغام هندی زرای
 که تا چرخ باشد تو باشی بجای
 کسی، کو بدانش برد رنج پیش
 بفرمای تا تخت شطرنج پیش
 نهاده و هر گونه رای آورند
 که این نعر بازی بجای آورند
 بدانند هر مه— را بنام
 که چون راند بایدهش و خانه کدام
 پداده بدانند و پیل و سپاه
 رخ و اسب و رفتار فرزین و شاه
 گر این نعر بازی برون آورند
 بدانند گان بر فزون آورند
 هر آن ساو و ناژی که فرمود شاه
 بخوبی فرست—م بدان بارگاه

(b)—

همه گوش دارید گفتار اوی	همی رای سالار هشیار اوی
بیا راست دانا یکی رزمگاه	بقلب اندرون ساخته جای شاه
چپ و راست صف برکشیده سپاه	پداده به پیش اندرون رزمخواه
هشیوار دمیستور بر دست شاه	بوزم اندرونش نماینده راه
مبارز که اسب افگند بود و روی	بدست چپ و راست پرخاشجوی
وزو برتر اسپان جنگی پدای	بدان تاکی آمد بدالای رای
بیا راسته پیل جنگی و وسوی	بجنگ اندرون همکنان کرده خوی

۴

—Shāh Nāmāh.

(c) Narrate briefly the rest of this episode in Persian.

(d) Is there any other form of the *Mutakārib* metre in use besides the tetrameter? Show the effect on

this measure when, (1) مَـتَـصُور (2) مَـحْذُوف,

مَقْبُوضِ اِثْلَم (4) اِثْلَم (3)

2. Translate:—

20

اگر چه فرستاده قیصرم همان چاکر شاه را چاکرم
 درودی رسانم ز قیصر بشاه که چاوید باد این سرو تاج و گاه
 و دیگر که فرمود تا هفت چیز بدرسم ز داندگان تو نیز
 بدو گفت شاه آن سخنها بگوی سخن گوی را بیشتر آب روی
 بفرومود تا موبد موبدان بشد پیش با نامرور بخردان
 لب شاه از آواز پرسنده مرد زمانه همی بود با باد سرد
 که تا چیست این درنهان هفت چیز که رومی پدر سید خواهد بنیز
 سخن گوی بکشاد بند از نهفت سخنها قیصر موبد بگفت
 بموبد چنین گفت کای رهنمون چه چیز آنکه خوانی همیش اندرون
 دگر آنکه بدوش خوانی همی جز این نیز نامش ندانی همی
 زبر چیست ای مهتر و زیر چیست همان بی کرانه چه و خوار کیست
 چه چیز آنکه نامش فروان بود مر اورا بهر جای فرمان رود
 پس آنکه بدو گفت کای هوشیار جواب سخن سر بسر گوش دار
 مرین را که گفتی تو پاسخی کیست سخن دربرون و درون اندکیست
 برون آسمان اندرونش هواست که آن فر یزدان فرمان رواست
 همان بی کران از جهان ایزدست که زو قاب گیري بدانش بدست
 زبر چو بهشت است و دوزخ بزیر بر آنکس که باشد بیزدان دلیر

Who is the Roman Emperor here alluded to under the name of Kaiser in this interview of his envoy with Bahrām Gor? State briefly the origin and results of the Persian war in his reign and give its date and the terms of its conclusion.

By what name is Bahrām known to Western historians of his time? Whom did he succeed and by whom was he succeeded on the throne of Persia? What was the manner of his death?

3. Translate into Persian:—

The fruits of a long peace perished under the rude grasp of the Barbarians, and they themselves were incapable of tasting

25

the more elegant refinements of luxury which had been prepared for the use of the soft and polished Italians: Each soldier, however, claimed an ample portion of the substantial plenty, the corn and cattle, oil and wine that was daily collected and consumed in the Gothic camp. The trembling captives, sons and daughters of Roman Senators, presented in goblets of gold and gems, large draughts of wine to the haughty victors who stretched their huge limbs under the shade of plane-trees, artificially disposed to exclude the scorching rays of the Sun.

The prostrate South to the destroyer yields
Her boasted titles and her golden fields :
With grim delight the brood of winter grew
A brighter day and skies of azure hue ;
Scent the new fragrance of the opening rose
And quaff the pendant vintage as it grows.

4. Translate adding brief notes where a word, a construction, 15
or an allusion seems to require it.

(a) صفت فصل بهاران که چنان کرد دماغ

که درو نرگس نادیده بماند حیران

فصل بهاران چو علم در کشید انر سرا پرده بر اختر کشید
سکه گل چون درم شه زدند سکه بصد وجه موجه زدند
شاه سپر غم بچمن داد بار خار سلاخی شد و گل پرده دار
تیغ کشید از چه که سوسن بالغ هم ز سرش سایه نبیرد باغ
تا شودش سوسن آزاده رام خار سلاخی شده سرتیغ نام
خون خود از باد خزان گل نخواست لیک صبا از سرخونش نخاست
خواست گل از باد بخواهد دیه برد برون نرگش از تعمیه
سوسن ازین غصه بکین خواستن خواست بشمشیر زهی خاستن
او خود از آن خاست که آزاد گشت غنچه چه افتاد که برباد گشت
بس که صبا هم می غنچه کرد تازه نشد نادم او را نخورد

(b) گفتن شاه جهان پاسخ پیدغام پدر

قصه یوسف گم گشته به پیر کفعمان

گفت بحاجب که بشه باز گوی خدمت من گوی و پس آنکه بگوی
که ای سورت از افسردولت بلند رای تو از گنج خرد بهره مند

باصنت از بهر تعذای ملک خلم بود پختن سودای ملک
 پخته آخر دم خامان مزن من ز تو زادم نه تو زادی زمن
 تخت نه ز آباست مرا کوزمن است ملک عقیم و فلک آبستن است
 ملک اگر ارث بدی ناز بخت کی شد می پیشتر از تو بخت
 ملک بمیراث نیابد کسی تا نزنه تیغ دو دستی بسی
 در تو ز میوات پدر دم زنی قصه سه جد راست زمن روشنی
 هست ز یکسو بقو میراث شاه من ز سه شاهم بقو میراث خواه

5. (a) Trace the line of royal descent mentioned in the last couplet.
- (b) Do you know any other poem of this form in which the rubrics of the chapters are in a different metre to the main body of the poem. Scan both.
- (d) Name three of the permissible deviations of this measure from the standard. What was the original form and what the later innovation?
- (e) Exemplify any abnormal protraction of the number of feet in the metre by any poet.

PERSIAN V.

Examiner—SHAMSUL-ULAMA SHAIKH MAHMUD GILANI.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 18 این عبارت را در فارسی سلیس ترجمه نمایند - 1.

گلگونۂ حمیدی که عذار عذراء ورق را نزیباترین وجهی
 گلگون نماید و غارۂ شکری که رخسار عروس دلاری صفحه را
 به یکسوترین صورتی اراید سزاوار جمال جمیل حضرت
 ذوالجلالیست که هفت اسمان در حرم حرم صدعش شاهدهی
 است هر هفت کوه از ماه و مهرش تینۂ علا در پشانی و شرف
 آفتابش در سر بدر تابان در خلوت سر ~~سرای~~ قدرتش دلبر قمر طلعتی
 است در پرده از لایب اختر نما و چرخ مکوکب یکشبه نقده
 بانفش در رو و اطاس گلدوز زر تارش در بر مشک ییزی طره

لیلای لیل از عبیر افشانی شانه کش صنع بیمثال او است
 و سرخاب شفق و سفیداب صبح در چهره نگار خورشید عذار
 روز از غالیة مازی ماشطه لطف لا یزال او حلیه گر عذائش
 نو عروس مهر را در نظر عالی رواق سپهر هر صبح برای ارایش
 بر سر طشت سیمین افق می نشاند و حجله ارای موحشش
 هر شام از انجم و اختر طبق طبق در و گوهر بوسم شاباش بر
 فرق کواعب اتراب تراب می افشاند بوسر معجر شیر و شکر
 فجر از تار شعاع کله ریز است و بر طرف خدود جوا و شان
 فلک از سلك ثریا عقد اویز صورت ارای ابداعش زک زربین
 از نور و عبیر مشکین از شب دیجور بجهه و گیسوی دلبز فتنه
 خوی جهان پاشیده و مشاطه اختراعش از پیدال طلای بیضا
 بر ابروی سلمای هلال و سمه نور و از سیاهی شب کحلی سمره
 بچشم شواهد سنین و شهر کشیده مهر انور در محفل قدرتش
 گرد بالشی است دیبا و مافروی زهره جبین ماه در انجم
 شهود اثار جلالش شاهدهی است زیبا کف الخضیب از رنگ
 بخشی حنای عاطفتش همیشه در خضاب است و ارایش گر
 مکرمتش در طار می چرخ چهارم اگار بند پنجه آفتاب *

5 بیان کن معنی (شرف آفتاب) را که چیست (a) 2.
 و چه وقت میشود و در اینجا بهمان معنی است یا معنی
 دیگر دارد -

چیت معنی - تینه - یکشبه - نقده - زری - کله ریز * (b)
 کف الخضیب کدام ستاره است و در کدام (c)
 اسمان است از جمله ثوابت است یا سیارات و چرا کف الخضیب
 نامیده شد بنویس جمع و مفرد کلمات ذیل را -

5 نهار - غالیة - ماشطه - رواق - انجم - کواعب - اتراب - 3.
 فجر - شعاع - عقد - جبهه هلال - شهود - اثار *

6 بیان کن بقدری که در خاطرداری کدام کلمات است که 4.
در فارسی و عربی همان نلمه بدون تغییر استعمال میشود و کدام
کلمات از فارسی معرب شده در عربی استعمال میشود *

18 بیان کن معانی این کلمات را که هر یک کنایه از چیست 5.
و در چه محل استعمال میشود - آب آتش رنگ - آب آتش مزاج -
آب برآتش زدن - آب در جوی داشتن - آب در غرنال نگاهداشتن -
آب در هاون سودن - آتشین پل - آفتاب بگل اندودن - آهن
خای - انگشت بر دهان نهادن - انگشت زدن - باد سنج - باز
سفید پر - به پف بسته بودن - برین نوشتن - بغداد خالی
بودن - پس گوش افگندن - پشم در کلاه داشتن - پهلوی زدن -
تشت از بام افتادن - جان تو و جان او - چپ شدن - خانه
فروشی - در جوال شدن - دست یافتن - دل دل کردن - زندان
خاموشان - زندان سکندر - زهر خند - سپهر افگندن - ستاره
شماردن - سر که فروختن *

6. عبارت ذیل را در فارسی ترجمه نمایید - 16

ایام نوروز از جلو گلهای انشی اندرگون وزند خوانی زند
خوان انشکد نوبهار شد و هزار دستان با هزار دستان دستانسرای
بستانسرای گلزار فرگس با غازیات همچشمی اغازید و صدای اشجار
از صبای اسرار بتمایل گرائید اعضاء ابر اذاری بنظریه و اعضاء
اغصان پرداخت و گلبنان نعل و نعل اخضر قامت رعنائی بر
اوراخت شبینم نیسانی مشایم زمانه را بعرق بهار میخت و عرصه
چمن از ظهور اهور ازهر از هر طرف رنگ خود نمائی ریخت
الم تر ان الله یذی محابثم یؤلف بینهم ثم یمحله رکابا فتری
الردی یزوج لهن حلاله جل جلاله ارجوان از جوان و پیر
دلهای صنوبری بر بود و فوج و فوج عبید اقای بر رعم انفدی

خشروم و خیشوم خشام را بعطر عبیراصود بروایم گلها طبقات
 اطواد را از شمایم عنبیین شمامه عنبرکوه برکوه ساخت
 و قطرات شبنم حذود ورد طوری را اجمل من در رالبحور علی
 نحرور الحور بود اخت از ربض درخقان سبز چنان در جبال
 و جبال دران احیان چنان چنان جبال و چنان چنان فرح
 انگیز گشت که بی اختیار از مدور آثار وجد و طرب بصدور
 می پیوست فانظ—روا الی آثار رحمة الله کیف یحیی
 الارض بعد موتها *

4. تشکدۀ نوبهار چیست و بنا کنندۀ آن کیست چیزی از 7.

شرح آن نگارش کنید *

9. بیان کن کلمانی را که در فارسی برای دو معنی که ضد
 یکدیگر است آمده باشد و نیز بیان کن حرفی را که در فارسی
 چون در آخر کلمه درآید دلالت بر نسبت نماید *

22. عبارت ذیل را بفارسی فصیح ترجمه نمائید - 9.

(a) Although I never had the pleasure of seeing Prince Napoleon before, I should have known him among a thousand, from his remarkable likeness to his uncle, the first Emperor. A stronger resemblance, I conceive, could scarcely exist between two persons. The same delicate, sharply cut features, thin refined mouth, and firm determined jaw. The Prince's frame, however, is built altogether on a larger scale, and his eyes, instead of being of a cold piercing blue—are soft and brown, with quite a different expression.

(b) On rising from table, each one strolled away in whatever direction his particular taste suggested. The painter to sketch; the geologist to break stones; the philosopher to moralize, I presume—at least, he lighted a cigar,—and the rest to superintend the erection of the tents which had just arrived.

PERSIAN VI.

• Examiner—COL. H. S. JARRETT.

ESSAY.

Choose any one of the following subjects :—

- 1 Write a general survey of the pre-Islamic dynasties of Persia giving the origin of each family and the derivation of the name.
2. Explain the cause of the adoption of the Shíah doctrines as the national religion of Persia and the origin of the reign under which it may be considered to have become established. Review the characteristic tenets of this creed
3. Sketch the life and reign of Nádír Shah

PHILOSOPHY I.

Examiner—DR. G. THIBAUT. M. A.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Broadly contrast the modern conception of Psychology, 11
as illustrated by Sully's Manual, with the treatment of Psychology by earlier writers such as Reid and Hamilton.
2. Clearly state the doctrine of the Relativity of Human 16
Knowledge as held by Hamilton. Examine Mill's objections to that doctrine. Give an account, expository and historical, of the theory of the primary qualities of matter.
3. Critically examine Mill's theory of the Ego and Sully's 15
account of the development of the notion of Self. Elucidate Kant's distinction of the empirical and the intelligible Ego.
4. Review Hamilton's doctrine of unconscious mental mo- 10
difications.
5. Give an account of the principal theories of causation, 15
from Hume downwards. Criticise in detail the views held by Hamilton and Mill respectively.
6. Give a critical summary of Sully's account of the process 11
of visual perception, and of his views concerning the intuition of objects,
7. Examine Hamilton's and Sully's theories of pleasure and 11
pain. Give an account of the department of intellectual sentiment.
8. Distinguish simple and complex action. Furnish psycho- 11
logical definitions of Deliberation and Resolution. Describe the gradual progress of self-control.

PHILOSOPHY II.

Examiner—Dr. D. MACKICHAN.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Discuss the ethical system of Plato with special reference to his definition of Virtue. Exhibit the points of contact between the ethical and metaphysical parts of his system. Compare the use which Plato makes of the conception of the State in his ethical enquiries with the part which it plays in modern systems. 16

Has the Platonic theory any relation to the doctrines of the Intuitional School?

2. Illustrate by reference to the history of ethical theory the importance of the distinction between judgments of action and judgments of motive and inward character. State your own view of the question. 12

3. State the formal principle enunciated by Kant and explain how he exhibits the duty of Benevolence as an immediate deduction from it. Discuss Sidgwick's criticism of the principle as a complete criterion of duty and of the conclusions with regard to the duty of benevolence which Kant deduces from it. 14

4. State the question with regard to the freedom of the will in relation to motive, and explain its bearing on ethical theory. Examine Sidgwick's position in regard to this point. How is the problem met in the theory advanced by Green? 14

5. Note the chief points in the history of the Utilitarian or Hedonistic theory. Examine Mill's qualitative distinction in pleasures and Herbert Spencer's theory of the adjustment of the claims of Egoism and Altruism. 16

6. Compare Sidgwick's theory of a Universalistic Hedonism with Green's conception of the Moral Ideal with respect to their inner principle and their practical value. 14

7. Exhibit the inner relations of the Intellectual and the Aesthetic systems of morals by reference to the philosophical conditions by which they were produced and the ethical aims which they represent. State the points of resemblance and of contrast between them and the Intuitional theory as expounded by Martineau. 14

PHILOSOPHY III.

Examiner—Dr. D. MACKICHAN.*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.*

1. Give a brief historical review of the opinions which have been entertained by logicians regarding the function and value of the Syllogism. Explain Aristotle's view of the function of the Syllogism with special reference to Mill's criticism. 12

2. State and explain the doctrine of *Essence* as enunciated by Ueberweg. Shew by reference, especially to the views of Mill, the influence which the doctrine of *Essence* has exercised upon the theory of propositions and of classification. 14
3. Explain the Axiom of the Sufficient Reason, and illustrate by means of a short historical note of the different forms in which it appears in various logical systems. 12
4. Explain fully Jevon's view of the Philosophy of Inductive Inference. Examine and criticise his statement that "by induction we gain no certain knowledge." 12
5. State the distinction between True Induction and the other forms of induction which are excluded by Mill. Give in outline the four methods of induction laid down by Mill with the canons which belong to them. Can certainty be reached by the first method? Explain. 15
6. Exhibit clearly the Logic of the Inductive Method and shew the exact nature of the evidence on which all inductive inference ultimately rests. What point of contact has the Baconian system of induction with the modern inductive Method? 14
7. Discuss the question of the applicability of the Inductive Method to the investigation of ethical and social problems. 12
8. Illustrate the distinction between the Analytic and Synthetic Methods. Why is the one called *progressive* and the other *regressive*? 9

PHILOSOPHY IV.

Examiner—DR. G. THIBAUT, M. A.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Characterize the chief tendencies of Greek Philosophy of the Pre-Socratic period. Give a detailed account of the position of Heraclitus. 11
2. Indicate the relations of Plato's doctrine to the teaching of Socrates as well as to the systems of the earlier philosophers. 11
3. 'The logical successor of Descartes was certainly Leibnitz, not Spinoza. It was Leibnitz who caught the true spirit of the system and in many way carried it on to a broader and fuller development. Spinoza's was a retrograde movement into the antiquated verbalistic thought.'—Explain. 12
4. Clearly explain what Lockè and Berkeley respectively understood by 'matter.'—Compare the teaching of Berkeley with that of Malebranche. 14
5. State and critically examine Hume's derivation of the notions of space and time. 13
6. Discuss the mutual relations of Kant's three *Critiques*. 14
7. State, according to Kant, the antinomies springing from the idea of the world as a totality of phenomena in one space 14

and time; and show that while there is no dogmatic solution of those antinomies there is the possibility of a critical solution.

8. Explain Hegel's saying that 'everything depends on the Absolute being apprehended not merely as substance but as subject.' 11

PHILOSOPHY V.

Examiner—DR. G. THIBAUT, M.A.

ESSAY.

'Philosophical Criticism, and its relations to Dogmatism and Scepticism.'

PHILOSOPHY VI.

Examiner—DR. D. MACKICHAN.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain what is meant by a "science of religion." Discuss the question of the possibility of such a science and state the special difficulties which meet it in the nature of the facts with which it deals. What ideas in the thought of the present time have been specially favourable to the development of this inquiry? 14
2. "The Kantian philosophy laid the foundation of the modern doctrine of Nescience." Examine this statement and contrast the leading modern forms of the doctrine with the Kantian position, and explain the difference in the character of the result so far as natural theology is concerned. 12
3. State Max Müller's theory of the origin of our idea of the Absolute. Discuss the psychological basis of this theory and examine critically the idea of the Infinite which it presents. Contrast with this idea the conception of the Infinite which underlies the agnostic theory of Herbert Spencer. 14
4. Illustrate briefly Max Müller's theory of the development of this idea by reference to the history of religion in India. Explain what he means by the stages of Henotheism and Atheism. 12
5. Discuss the bearing of the doctrine of evolution on the theistic argument, (a) on the physical and (b) on the ethical side. 12
6. State the speculative problem involved in the question of the relation of the Infinite to the Finite; and compare the solutions presented by Theism and Pantheism. 12
7. State the Speculative Theory of Religion as advanced by Principal Caird. On what philosophical system is it based, 14

and what are the advantages which he claims for it in opposition to the various forms of Materialism ?

8. Discuss the question of the relations of Morality and Religion, from the point of view of the Intuitional and the Speculative theories respectively.

MATHEMATICS I.

Examiner.—MR. W. BOOTH, M.A.

N.B.—Each Candidate is supposed to bring, or be provided with a book of Mathematical Tables for this paper.

The value of each question is the same.

1. Solve the equations—

$$\begin{cases} x^2 + yz = a^2 \\ y^2 + zx = b^2 \\ z^2 + xy = c^2 \end{cases}$$

2. State and prove Permat's and Wilson's Theorems in the Theory of Numbers.

3. The three sides of a plane triangle are 14,678 feet, 15,864 feet and 16,977 feet, find the area and the angles.

4. The vertical angle of a plane triangle is $58^\circ 13' 43''$ and the containing sides are 16,737 and 17,897 feet, find the base and the base angles.

5. Show how geometrically to construct an angle of 3° . Being given the value of $\sin \theta$ equal to $\frac{a}{\sqrt{1+a^2}}$. Calculate the value of \sin

8θ and $\tan 8\theta$.

6. If $\alpha \beta \gamma$ be the roots of $ax^3 + 3bx^2 + 3cx + d = 0$ Calculate the value of $\frac{6}{a-\beta} + \frac{6}{\beta-\gamma} + \frac{6}{\gamma-a}$ in terms of a, b, c, d .

7. If

$$\begin{vmatrix} \lambda & \mu & \omega & \rho \\ a & b & c & d \\ a' & b' & c' & d' \\ a'' & b'' & c'' & d'' \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{be identically} \\ \text{equal to zero} \end{array}$$

for all values of $\lambda \mu \omega \rho$ then you are required to show that the co-efficients of these quantities in the development of this determinant are connected by two identical relations.

(a) Give a geometrical interpretation.

8. Solve the equation—

$$x + \frac{1}{1-x} - \frac{1-x}{x} - a - \frac{1}{1-a} + \frac{1-a}{a} = 0$$

and thence resolve it into factors.

Show that if

$$x + \frac{1}{1-x} - \frac{1-x}{x} = -3p$$

then will

$$\left\{ x + \frac{a}{1-x} - \frac{a^2(1-x)}{x} \right\}^3 = -27(p-a)(p-a^2)^2$$

where a is one of the cube roots of unity.

9. If $\alpha \beta \gamma \delta$ be the roots of $ax^4 + 4bx^3 + 6cx^2 + 4dx + e = 0$ form the equation which has the square of $(\alpha - \beta)(\gamma - \delta)$ for a root.

10. Eliminate x, y and z from the equations—

$$x + y + z = 0$$

$$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = a$$

$$x^5 + y^5 + z^5 = b$$

$$x^7 + y^7 + z^7 = c.$$

11. Being given $v = \frac{\sin x}{\sin a} = \frac{\sin y}{\sin b} = \frac{\sin z}{\sin c}$ and $x + y + z = 2\pi$, find the values of x, y and z .

12. If $\frac{p_{n-2}}{q_{n-2}}, \frac{p_{n-1}}{q_{n-1}}, \frac{p_n}{q_n}$ be successive convergents to the

continued fraction $\frac{\beta_1}{1} + \frac{\beta_2}{\alpha_2 + \frac{\beta_3}{\alpha_3 + \dots}}$ show that

$$p_n = \alpha_n p_{n-1} + \beta_n p_{n-2}, \quad q_n = \alpha_n q_{n-1} + \beta_n q_{n-2}$$

and

$$p_n q_{n-1} - p_{n-1} q_n = (-1)^n \beta_1 \beta_2 \dots \beta_n.$$

Instead of any (except No. 3 and No. 4 which all candidates are expected to attempt) of the preceding you can substitute any of the following:

A. If a, b, c be integral solutions of $a^9 + b^9 = c^9$, then abc is divisible by 19; prove this. Can you show that there are no such integers?

B. Every prime number, of the form $4n + 1$ is always expressible as the sum of two square integers.

C. By remembering that $e^{(a+1)x} = e^{ax} \cdot e^x$. otherwise, sum the series

$$\frac{a}{1 \cdot 2x} + \frac{a^3}{3 \cdot 2x-2} + \frac{a^5}{5 \cdot 2x+4} + \dots + \frac{a^{2x+1}}{2x+1}$$

and the series

$$\frac{\cos \theta}{1 \cdot 2x} + \frac{\cos 3\theta}{3 \cdot 2x-2} + \dots + \frac{\cos (2x+1)\theta}{2x+1}.$$

D. Expand $e^{\lambda x}$ in a series of ascending powers of x , and considering λ as one of the fifth roots of unity, sum the infinite series:—

$$1 + \frac{y}{6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 \cdot 10} + \frac{y^2}{6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 \cdot 10 \cdot 11 \cdot 12 \cdot 13 \cdot 14 \cdot 15} + \frac{y^3}{6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 \cdot 10 \cdot 11 \cdot 12 \cdot 13 \cdot 14 \cdot 15 \cdot 16 \cdot 17 \cdot 18 \cdot 19 \cdot 20} + \&c.$$

N.B.—[Full marks for nine answers, except some candidate chooses to answer more than nine questions, in which case the maximum number so answered carries full marks.]

MATHEMATICS II.

Examiner—MR. W. BOOTH, M.A.

The same value is attached to each question.

1. In general, if through each point of a plane curve a line of given length be drawn making a constant angle with the normal, the normal to the curve locus of the extremities of this line passes through the centre of curvature of the proposed. Prove this in any way.

2. If z be a function of x and y and $v = px + qy - z$ prove that when p and q are taken as independent variables we have

$$\frac{du}{dp} = x, \quad \frac{du}{dq} = y, \quad \frac{d^2u}{dp^2} = \frac{t}{rt - s^2},$$

$$\frac{d^2u}{dp dq} = -\frac{s}{rt - s^2}, \quad \frac{d^2u}{dq^2} = \frac{r}{rt - s^2},$$

where p, q, r, s, t denote the partial differential co-efficients

$$\frac{dz}{dx}, \quad \frac{dz}{dy}, \quad \frac{d^2z}{dx^2}, \quad \frac{d^2z}{dx dy}, \quad \frac{d^2z}{dy^2}.$$

3. Find the integral

$$\int \frac{dx}{(x-p)\sqrt{a+2bx+cx^2}}$$

and hence show how to find

$$\int \frac{(lx+m) dx}{\{(x-a)^2 + \beta^2\} \sqrt{a+2bx+cx^2}}$$

How would you calculate

$$\int \frac{dx(lx+m)}{\{(x-a)^2 + \beta^2\}^2 \sqrt{a+2bx+cx^2}}$$

4. If

$$\frac{x^2}{\lambda^2} + \frac{y^2}{\lambda^2 - b^2} + \frac{z^2}{\lambda^2 - c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{\mu^2} + \frac{y^2}{\mu^2 - b^2} + \frac{z^2}{\mu^2 - c^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{x^2}{\omega^2} + \frac{y^2}{\omega^2 - b^2} + \frac{z^2}{\omega^2 - c^2} = 1$$

find x , y and z .

- (a) Prove that the differential equation in elliptic co-ordinates of any tangent to the ellipse $\mu = \mu_1$ is

$$\frac{d\mu}{\sqrt{(\mu^2 - c^2)(\mu^2 - \mu_1^2)}} + \frac{d\omega}{\sqrt{(c^2 - \omega^2)(\mu_1^2 - \omega^2)}} = 0.$$

- (b) Hence show that this differential equation in μ and ω admits of an algebraic integral.

- (c) Prove that the differential equation of the involute of the ellipse $\mu = \omega_1$ is

$$\sqrt{\frac{\mu^2 - \mu_1^2}{\mu^2 - c^2}} d\mu + \sqrt{\frac{\mu_1^2 - \omega^2}{c^2 - \omega^2}} d\omega = 0.$$

5. Define Euler's integrals and find the relation between them.

6. Assuming

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{x} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \int_0^x \sin \left\{ \frac{(2n-1)\pi a}{2x} \right\} f(a) da$$

and then putting $f(a) = a^i$, where i is an integer, deduce relations between the sums of reciprocals of powers of the odd whole numbers. In particular

$$1 - \frac{1}{3^3} + \frac{1}{5^3} - \dots = \frac{\pi^3}{32} \text{ and } 1 - \frac{1}{3^5} + \frac{1}{5^5} - \frac{1}{7^5} + \dots = \frac{5\pi^5}{1536}$$

- (a) or prove the functional relation assumed.

7. Instead of No. 3 you can substitute

Prove that the integral $\int \frac{f(Ax+B)dx}{(a'x^2+2b'x+c')\sqrt{ax^2+2bx+c}}$

when $ac-b^2$ and $a'c'-b'^2$ are positive, may be put under the form

$$P \cos^{-1} \left(\lambda_1 \frac{U}{V} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} + Q \cosh^{-1} \left(\lambda_2 \frac{U}{V} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

where P and Q are constants and λ_1, λ_2 are the roots of the equation

$$\lambda^2(ac-b^2) - \lambda(a'c+ac'-2bb') + a'c'-b'^2 = 0$$

also $U \equiv ax^2+2bx+c, V \equiv a'x^2+2b'x+c'.$

8. Solve the equation, where λ and μ are constants

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\lambda \frac{dy}{dx} + (\lambda^2 + \mu^2)y = 0.$$

(a) Solve $x^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 0$

9. Integrate the equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + f(x) \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right) + F(y) \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 = 0.$$

10. When is the equation

$$Pdx + Qdy + Rdz = 0,$$

deducible from a single relation between the variables.

(a) Integrate

$$(y^2 + yz + z^2)dx + (z^2 + zx + x^2)dy + (x^2 + xy + y^2)dz = 0.$$

11. Obtain the general solution of the equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + \lambda \frac{dy}{dt} + \mu^2 y = F(t),$$

where λ and μ are constants.

Instead of any of the foregoing the candidate may substitute any of the following :—

A. If $\tan(\sin x) - \sin(\tan x)$ be expanded in a series of ascending powers of x , calculate the co-efficient of the first term.

B. If $2(y - ax)(y - \beta x) = ax^3 + 3bax^2y + 3caxy^2 + dy^3$ denote a plane curve, then one of the radii of curvature at the origin is—

$$\frac{(a - \beta)(1 + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a + 3ba + 3ca^2 + da^3}.$$

(b) Can you also obtain the three radii of curvature at a triple point?

C. In the equation $f(x + h) = f(x) + hf'(x + \theta h)$ prove that the first two terms in the expansion of θ in ascending powers of h are—

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{h}{24} \frac{f'''(x)}{f''(x)}.$$

D. Transform the equation

$$xy^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3xy \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{dy}{dx} x^2 \left[\left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 + y^2 \right]$$

into one between u and v where these quantities are defined

by the equations $x = \frac{u}{v}$, $y = v$, and v is regarded as the independent

variable. Hence integrate the given equation.

E. If r be the line joining the elements ds and ds' of two non-plane curves, and Σ be the angle between the directions of ds and ds' prove—

$$\cos \Sigma = \frac{dr}{ds} \frac{dr}{ds'} + r \frac{d^2r}{ds ds'}.$$

N.B.—Nine answers insure full marks with the reservation before mentioned.

MATHEMATICS III.

*Examiner—MR. W. BOOTH, M.A.**Nine answers carry full marks.*

1. A line moves so as always to intersect three given straight lines which are not all parallel to the same plane; find the equation of the surface generated by the straight line.

(a) If the equation of a surface be $ayz + bzx + cxy + abc = 0$ the axes being oblique, show that it can be transformed to

$$\left(\frac{x}{\alpha}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{\beta}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{z}{\gamma}\right)^2 = 1 \text{ where the axes are rectangular.}$$

2. What is the discriminating cubic of a surface of the second degree? Show that its roots are all real.

3. Find the lengths of the axes of the section of

$$\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{z}{c}\right)^2 - 1 = 0$$

by the plane $x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \chi = 0$

4. Discuss the surface $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz = a^3$.

5. Find the differential equation of the locus of those points on any surface where the indicatrix is an equilateral hyperbola.

6. If a line drawn through two points $x_1 y_1$ $x_2 y_2$ in the plane of the ellipse $S = 0$ where S stands for $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2 - 1$ show

that the intercept on it by this curve is $2D_{12} \frac{\sqrt{S_{12}^2 - S_1 S_2}}{S_1 + S_2 - 2S_{12}}$ where

D_{12} is the length of the line joining $x_1 y_1$ to $x_2 y_2$, and S_{12} stands for $\frac{x_1 x_2}{a^2} + \frac{y_1 y_2}{b^2} - 1$.

(a) Can you find a similar expression if the curve be given by the general equation.

7. Express the tangent of half the angle between the two tangents to an ellipse from any external point in terms of the semi-axes majors of the confocals through the point.

8. Find the condition that the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - 1 = 0$, may touch the circle $(x - \alpha)^2 + (y - \beta)^2 - \gamma^2 = 0$; when will this circle touch the circle $x^2 + y^2 = (x^2 + y^2)^2$.

9. When will the general equation of the second degree in tangential co-ordinates represent a parabola.

(a) If $\begin{vmatrix} a & h & g \\ h & b & f \\ g & f & c \end{vmatrix} = 0$, then $\begin{vmatrix} a & h & g & \lambda \\ h & b & f & \mu \\ g & f & c & \omega \\ \lambda & \mu & \omega & \rho \end{vmatrix} = 0$ is

a perfect square. Prove this and give a geometrical interpretation.

10. Given a triangle and a line in its plane; if perpendiculars be dropped from the vertices on the line, find the relation connecting them with the sides and angles of the triangle.

11. Find the locus of the foci of conics inscribed in a given parallelogram.

Instead of any of the foregoing, any of the following may be substituted.

A. If $F(x, y, z, a) = 0$ denote a surface, and if a be supposed to vary, you are required to find the locus of the consecutive intersections of the surfaces of the system. Can you shew that the locus envelopes or touches all the surfaces? What is the nature of the contact generally?

(a) If $F(x, y, z, a, b) = 0$ denote a surface, and if a and b both vary, how is the equation of the locus of consecutive intersections found? Prove that this locus touches the several surfaces. Is the contact of the same kind as in the preceding part?

B. Also, if the equation of a plane be $x \operatorname{cosec} A + y \operatorname{cosec} B + z \operatorname{cosec} C = \cot A + \cot B + \cot C$, where $A + B + C = \pi$, determine the envelope of the plane.

Also, if a, b, c, d, e , be all functions of three variables x, y, z , then $at^4 + 4bt^3 + 6ct^2 + 4dt + e = 0$ denotes a surface, and if t be supposed to vary, you are required to write down without calculation the equations of the cuspidal curve on the envelope.

C. If a, b, c, g, f and c be functions of two variables x and y , then $a \cos^2 \theta + 2h \cos \theta \sin \theta + b \sin^2 \theta + 2g \cos \theta + 2f \sin \theta + c = 0$ denotes a plane curve, and if θ be supposed to vary, you are required to prove that the equation to the envelope is the discriminant with respect to λ of the discriminant of $\lambda U + V = 0$, where U stands for $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 + 2gxz + 2fyz + cz^2$ and V stands for $x^2 + y^2 - z^2$.

D. If ABC be the vertices taken in order of a triangle inscribed in an equilateral hyperbola, and if O be the centre, prove geometrically that $BC \cdot OX + AB \cdot OZ = CA \cdot OY$ where XYZ are the middle points of the sides.

Generalise this theorem for any rectilinear polygon inscribed in an equilateral hyperbola, and hence deduce that $\int r ds$ taken

between any two points on the curve is equal to the rectangle under the chord joining the points and the line connecting the middle point of the chord with the centre.

(a) Being given a triangle self conjugate to a parabola find the locus of the focus.

E. Find the equation of the osculating plane, the equations of the principal normal, and the co-ordinates of the "centre of curvature" at any point of a curve. [Non-plane.]

MATHEMATICS IV.

Examiner—MR. G. W. KÜCHLER, M.A.

1. A pyramidal plug is made to fit symmetrically into an equilateral triangular hole, whose plane is horizontal. Prove that to retain it in the hole with its axis vertical, so that its section by the plane of the hole is an equilateral triangle, a horizontal couple

Wh $\sqrt{4k-1}$ must be applied, where W is the weight of plug, h the depth of its vertex in this position, and k the ratio of the area of the section of the plug to the corresponding area of the triangular hole.

2. Shew that any given system of forces can be reduced to a single force together with a couple whose axis is along the direction of the single force.

Shew that if the algebraic sum of the moments of a system of forces about three straight lines is zero the central axis of the system coincides with one of the generators of a system of concyclic hyperboloids, and if the algebraic sum of the moments about four straight lines is zero, the central axis intersects a fixed straight line at right angles.

3. Find the centres of gravity of

(1) The surface formed by the revolution of the cardioid about its axis.

(2) A loop of the curve

$$x^2y^2 - 4a^2y + (3a^2 - x^2)^2 = 0.$$

4. Find for what laws of attraction a spherical shell may be supposed to be condensed at its centre, when attracting an external particle.

Find the resultant attraction of a spherical segment on a particle at the centre of its base.

5. Find the general equations of equilibrium of a flexible string acted on by any forces, and if T be the tension at any point, m the mass of unit length of the string, and $Fm\delta s$ the resultant external force on the element δs , shew that—

$$\left(\frac{T}{\rho}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dT}{ds}\right)^2 = m^2 F^2.$$

If a heavy string hangs in the form of a semi-circle with its diameter horizontal, find the law of its density.

6. A particle moves in a straight line, under an attractive force, towards a point in the line, and varying as the distance from the point: discuss the motion.

Two smooth straight horizontal non-intersecting wires are fixed at right angles to each other at a distance d apart. Two small rings of equal mass, connected by an inextensible string of length l , slide one on each wire, and are projected with velocities u and v , from points at distances a and b , from the shortest distance between the wires. Shew that after the string becomes tight, the motion is oscillatory and of period—

$$\frac{2\pi(l^2 - d^2)}{av \, bu}$$

7. If a point is describing any curve in space, shew that its accelerations along the tangent and principal normals are $\frac{dv}{ds}$ and $\frac{v^2}{\rho}$ respectively.

A point describes an ellipse under accelerations F_1, F_2 tending to the foci, and r_1, r_2 are the focal distances of the point; prove that

$$\frac{1}{r_1^3} \frac{d}{dr_1} (F_1 r_1^3) = \frac{1}{r_2^3} \frac{d}{dr_2} (F_2 r_2^3).$$

8. Shew that the force to the pole under which the pedal of a given curve can be described varies as—

$$\frac{r}{p^5} \left(2r - p \frac{dr}{dp} \right)$$

and if this force be constant, find the polar equation to the curve.

9. A particle falls from rest under gravity through a distance x in a medium where the resistance is proportional to the square of the velocity; v is the velocity acquired by the particle, V the limiting velocity, and v_0 the velocity which would be acquired by falling through a distance x in vacuo; prove that

$$\frac{v^2}{v_0^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{v_0^2}{V^2} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} \cdot \frac{v_0^4}{V^4} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} \cdot \frac{v_0^6}{V^6} + \dots$$

10. Find the moment of inertia about a principal axis of an ellipsoid whose density at any point is proportional to the product of the distances of the point from the principal planes.

11. A disc of any form is moving in its own plane in any manner. Suddenly a point O is seized and made to move in some given manner. Find the initial motion of the disc, and the blow at O necessary to produce the given change.

If the velocities of O just before and after the change be given in direction and magnitude, find the change in Kinetic Energy.

12. A cricket-ball is rotating about a horizontal axis at right angles to its path; if the ground be perfectly rough, shew that the ball will rebound at an angle greater or less than if there were no friction, according as the lowest point of the ball just before striking the ground is moving forward or backward.

MATHEMATICS. V.

Examiner—MR. G. W. KÜCHLER, M.A.

1. Define the focal length of a lens; and if it be denoted by f , prove the formula

$$\frac{1}{v} - \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{f},$$

which connects the distances of the conjugate foci of a direct pencil passing centrically through a thin lens.

A pencil of rays passes through a sphere consisting of two hemispheres of different refractive powers. If the axis of the

pencil pass through the centre, and be perpendicular to the bounding plane, find the geometrical focus of the refracted pencil.

2. Find the caustic by refraction at a straight line, for rays issuing from a point.

If rays proceed from a luminous point in the pole of an equi-angular spiral, shew that the caustic by reflexion at the curve is a similar spiral, and find the condition that the two spirals should coincide.

3. Describe Huygen's eye-piece; if the distance of distinct vision for any person be given, draw a diagram of the astronomical telescope fitted with this eye-piece, and adapted for the distance. Where must the eye be placed so as to take in the whole field of view ?

Find in this case the distance between the extreme lenses of the telescope, in terms of their focal lengths and the distance of distinct vision.

4. If a direct pencil of parallel rays fall on a thin lens, find the longitudinal aberration.

If the lens be plano-convex, and the curved face be presented instead of the plane face to the parallel rays, shew that the aberration is diminished in the ratio of $\mu^3 - 2\mu^2 + 2 : \mu^3$.

5. If a beam of parallel solar rays strike a drop of water and emerge after a internal reflexions, shew that for a certain direction of incidence there will be a minimum deviation, and hence explain the phenomenon of the primary and secondary rainbows.

6. A triangular lamina, all the sides of which are unequal, floats in a fluid with one angle A immersed, determine the positions of equilibrium, the plane of the lamina being vertical.

7. Find the depths of the centre of pressure of

(a) A triangular lamina totally immersed in a homogeneous liquid, the depths of its angular points being given.

(b) A lamina bounded by the arc of a cycloid from cusp to cusp, and the straight line joining the two cusps, just immersed with its vertex in the surface of a liquid whose density varies as the depth.

8. If a fluid be in equilibrium under the action of any system of forces, find the pressure at any point, and the conditions of equilibrium.

A hemispherical bowl, filled with fluid of a given density, is placed in an inverted position on a horizontal plane, and the whole system revolves round a vertical axis passing through the centre of the sphere with a given angular velocity : determine the weight of the bowl, that it may just prevent the fluid from escaping.

9. Find a relation between the height of the barometer and the height above the earth's surface, taking into account the variation of gravity.

Determine an equation giving the greatest height reached by a balloon, on the supposition that the mass of air displaced by it in any position is homogeneous, and that the temperature throughout is constant.

10. A flexible vessel, in the form of a surface of revolution is subject to fluid pressure, such that it is the same at all points

in the same circular section : determine the principal tensions at any point.

A hemispherical bag, supported at its rim, is filled with water, find the principal tensions at a given depth.

11. Define the hodograph of an orbit, and show that the velocity with which the hodograph is described represents in magnitude and direction the acceleration in the orbit.

The hodograph of an orbit, described under a central force, is a parabola referred to its focus : find the orbit.

12. Determine the circumstances of irrotational motion of a liquid, so that the stream-lines shall be the series of curves obtained by varying a in the equation $r^n \sin n \theta = a^n$.

MATHEMATICS VI.

Examiner—MR. G. W. KÜCHLER, M.A.

1. Explain how the curvature of a curve at any point is measured, and find an expression for the curvature of a parabola at any point.

If the circle of curvature at any point of a parabola touch the directrix, find the ratio of the focal distance of the point to the *latus rectum*.

2. Enunciate and prove Proposition I.

Find the velocity at any point when an ellipse is described (1) about the focus, (2) about the centre.

Show that the shadows of the sails of a wind-mill rotating uniformly, are such that the extremities describe ellipses in the same way as particles moving about centre of force in the centre, and hence for two sails only, the velocity of the tip of one varies as the length of the other.

3. Enunciate and prove Proposition IV.

A particle slides down a smooth curve under gravity : find the velocity at any point and the pressure. Find also if the particle can leave the curve, and where.

Discuss in particular the case of a particle starting from rest from the vertex of a parabola placed with its axis vertical and vertex upwards.

4. Find the law of force tending to any given point in the plane of a circle, under the action of which a particle can describe the circle.

If a particle describe an ellipse of centre C , about any centre of force S in its plane, and the straight line CS cut the ellipse in P , and f be the acceleration due to the force at P ,

show that the periodic time is
$$\frac{2\pi \cdot CP^{\frac{3}{2}}}{f^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot SP}.$$

5. A particle is describing an ellipse under a centre of force in the focus : find the changes in the major axis, eccentricity and apse line, when the particle receives (1) a small tangential impulse, (2) a normal impulse, (3) a radial impulse.

6. In a spherical triangle shew that

$$\cos a = \cos b \cos c + \sin b \sin c \cos A.$$

Shew from this formula, that if a , b and A are given, and if b be so small that b^4 and higher powers may be neglected, c will be given by the equation

$$c - a = b \cos A - \frac{1}{2} b^2 \cot a \sin^2 A + \frac{1}{3} b^3 \cos A \sin^2 A.$$

7. Prove the formula

$$\tan \frac{A}{2} = \sqrt{\frac{\sin(s-b) \sin(s-c)}{\sin s \sin(s-a)}}$$

OA, OB are two fixed great circles on a sphere, and A, B, variable points on them, such that $OA + OB + AB$ is constant. Shew that AB touches two fixed small circles.

8. Describe the changes of position in the point of the sun's rising at different times of the year, and at different points on the earth's surface.

If the interval between rising and passing due west be the same for every star, find the latitude of the place.

9. Explain what is meant by mean solar time, sidereal time, and equinoctial time, and compare the lengths of the mean second and the sidereal second.

If α , α' are the hour angles in degrees of the sun at Greenwich at t and t' hours mean time, find the equations of time at the preceding and following mean noons.

10. Find the effects of parallax on the declination and hour angle of a heavenly body.

The parallaxes of the sun and moon being respectively $8''.86$ and $57'$, find approximately the distances of the sun and moon from the earth, and thence shew that the moon's orbit in space is always concave to the sun.

11. To what causes is it due that the right ascension and declination of a star observed at the beginning and end of a year are not exactly the same.

Find the effect of precession in right ascension and declination.

How does precession affect the length of the sidereal day?

12. Shew how to calculate the times of the beginning and end of a solar eclipse.

If the inferior ecliptic limits are $\pm \epsilon$, and if the satellite revolves n times as fast as the sun, and its node regresses θ every revolution it makes round its primary, prove that there cannot be fewer consecutive solar eclipses at one node than the integer next less than

$$c \frac{2(n-1)\epsilon}{n\theta + 2\pi}.$$

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (A.)

CHEMISTRY I.

Examiner—SURGEON-MAJOR C. J. H. WARDEN, M.D.

1. Give a short account of the chemical work of either Lavoisier or Priestley, and discuss the influence of his discoveries upon contemporary chemical science.

2. Describe the different allotropic modifications of boron, selenium and silicon; and state how each may be obtained.

3. Name the chief ores of zinc, and state their chemical composition. Describe the principal methods used for the extraction of metallic zinc from the ore, and name the foreign substances most commonly found as impurities in the commercial metal. In what alloys does zinc play an important part?

4. Give the tests by which you would recognise the presence in a compound of each of the following bodies:—hydrofluosilicic acid, bromic acid, tungstic acid, and selenious acid.

5. Describe in detail the precautions that you would use in course of quantitative analysis:—(a) in filtering liquids with and without the aid of the filter pump; (b) in washing precipitates, and (c) in igniting precipitates.

6. What do you understand generally by the term *Fermentation*? Give a sketch of the chemical effects of the different kinds of fermentation with which you are acquainted, and indicate their useful applications, or detrimental effects, in everyday life.

7. Distinguish carefully between *di-hydric* and *di-basic* organic acids, giving examples of each kind. How would you classify the monobasic organic acids, and with what series of alcohols would you connect each class individually? Illustrate by an example, with equations, the manner in which the higher fatty acids may be successively prepared from those lower in the series.

8. Give a short description of any *three* organic compounds containing arsenic, stating their chemical composition, their methods of preparation, and their chemical and physical properties.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (A.)

CHEMISTRY II.

Examiner—SURGEON-MAJOR C. J. H. WARDEN, M.D.

1. State what you understand by the *atomic volume* and the *molecular volumes* of bodies, and show how these constants are ascertained. Explain minutely the practical application of the laws governing molecular volume in determining the formulæ of carbon compounds.

2. Describe the preparation and properties of pure anhydrous hydrofluoric acid. To what uses is the acid put in the laboratory, and what precautions must be observed in working with it?

3. Give an account of the reactions, properties, and methods of preparing the ternary compounds of:—(a) nitrogen, oxygen, and hydrogen; and (b) nitrogen, oxygen, and chlorine.

4. Compare the chemical and physical properties of nickel and cobalt. How are these two metals separated when they occur together in the course of quantitative analysis? State what you know of the cobaltamine salts.

5. Describe in detail the process of manufacturing coal-gas. Enumerate the principal constituents of the crude gas, stating which are valuable, and which are objectionable: and explain the methods by which the impurities are usually removed. To what extent does coal-gas differ in composition from wood gas?

6. You are given a sample of phospho-tin containing small quantities of iron and lead, how would you proceed to make a quantitative analysis of the specimen?

7. Sketch the general methods of formation of the Ketones, and discuss the structure and the class relations and reactions of this group of bodies. Distinguish between *acid saponification* and *ketonic saponification*. Illustrate your replies by examples and equations.

8. Define the term *alkaloid*, and name the chief *alkaloids* present in tobacco, coffee, opium, cocoa, and cinchona bark; and write what you know of the chemical characteristics and reactions of any two *alkaloids*.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (A.)

CHEMISTRY III.

Examiner—SURGEON-MAJOR C. J. H. WARDEN, M.D.

1. What do you understand by the term *Spontaneous Combustion*? Describe two or three experiments illustrating this phenomenon. Explain the causes of the spontaneous combustion of hay, coal, oily rags, and certain fire-work mixtures, and by defining the conditions which favour such combustion, state what precautions you would use in the storage of these commodities.

2. Write a short account of the oxygen compounds of those elements which form both basic and acid oxides. Give the graphic formulæ both of the oxides, and of a typical compound of each kind.

3. Give the chemical composition and graphic formulæ of each of the following bodies, and name any purposes to which any of these are commonly applied:—cinnabar, quartz, talc, heavy spar, realgar, wolfram, ilmenite.

4. Give an account of the manufacture of metallic sodium, stating the sources from which it is usually derived, and the precautions to be observed in handling it. What are the principal industrial applications of metallic sodium? Of what use is it in the Chemical Laboratory, and in what manner is it generally applied in organic chemical work?

5. Enumerate the principal substances which you would expect to find in a commercial sample of Black Ash, and describe the methods which you would employ in making a complete quantitative analysis of the sample.

6. Describe fully with equations how phenol may be prepared

from benzene. Name the class of alcohols with which you would connect phenol, stating the reasons for your reply. Give an account of the action upon phenol of—(a) nitric acid, (b) chlorine, (c) phosphorus pentasulphide, (d) acetyl chloride, (e) barium hydroxide. In each case give equations and quote the systematic names of the products with their graphic formulæ.

7. What general methods do you know for the production of acetylene? How would you prepare a supply of this gas in a pure state? Describe the action of chlorine, of bromine, and of potassium permanganate solution on acetylene.

8. What do you know of the terpene group of hydrocarbons? Write a short account of the extraction of the turpentine oils, and describe their properties and behaviour with re-agents? Write down the commonly accepted graphic formula of terpene, and compare it with that of cymene.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (A.)

CHEMISTRY IV.

Examiner—MR. W. McMILLAN, F. I. C., F. C. S.

PRACTICAL I.

- (a) One Gravimetric determination.
- (b) Blowpipe test of a substance containing only one metal.
- (c) Qualitative analysis of three salts, each containing not more than one acid and one base.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (A.)

CHEMISTRY V.

Examiner—MR. W. McMILLAN, F. I. C., F. C. S.

PRACTICAL II.

- (a) Analysis by dry methods of a mixture which may contain two metals.
- (b) Analysis by wet and dry methods of a mixture which may contain up to three acids and three bases.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (A.)

CHEMISTRY VI.

Examiner—MR. W. McMILLAN, F. I. C., F. C. S.

PRACTICAL III.

- (a) Identification of an organic principle.
- (b) One Volumetric determination.
- (c) Qualitative analysis of an ore.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (B.)

HEAT, ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM, I.

Examiner—MR. A. MACDONELL, M. A.

1. State and prove Green's theorem.

Use it to prove that on a conductor removed from the influence of all electrified conductors a charge of given amount can be distributed in only one way.

2. Prove (1) the theorem of Gauss that the mean potential over a spherical surface due to matter entirely outside the sphere is equal to the potential at the centre of the sphere; (2) that the potential at any point outside a cylinder of uniform distribution of matter over the surface of the cylinder, or throughout its interior, is the same as if all the matter were uniformly distributed along its axis.

3. Show that in an electrical system in equilibrium the potentials of the several conductors may be expressed as a linear function of the charges.

Explain the meaning of the coefficients of the charges in the linear function and prove the relation $p_{rs} = p_{sr}$.

4. Prove that the components of magnetic induction satisfy the solenoidal condition, and hence that the induction through any surface bounded by a closed curve depends only on the form and position of the closed curve.

5. From theoretical considerations show that a small magnetic body in a magnetic field will move towards the strongest part of the field and a diamagnetic body towards the weakest. If R is the resultant magnetic force at the position occupied by the body and K is the coefficient of magnetisation, prove that the force acting on the

small body tending to move it is $\frac{1}{2} K \frac{dR^2}{dx}$.

6. Give an account of the experiments the results of which Ampère assumed in finding his formula for the mutual action between two elements of circuits carrying currents.

State Ampère's formula and apply it to find the action exerted by an infinite straight current on a finite current perpendicular to it and in the same plane.

7. Prove that the energy per unit volume in the magnetic field

is $\frac{1}{8\pi} BH \cos \theta$, where B is the magnetic induction, H the magnetic force, and θ the angle between them.

A piece of iron passes through a cycle of magnetisation. A closed curve is drawn in which the co-ordinates are I , the intensity of magnetisation, and H . Show that the loss of energy in the cycle is represented by the area enclosed by the curve.

8. What is the coefficient of mutual induction between two circuits? Express it in terms of the lines of force emanating from either circuit. If M is the coefficient show that the force between

them tending to increase a variable x is $y_1 y_2 \frac{dM}{dx}$, where y_1, y_2 are the currents in the circuits.

Two circular currents whose radii are a, b , are placed in the same plane at a distance c between centres, c being large compared with either a or b . Show that the force between them is approximately

$$\frac{3\pi^2 a^2 b^2}{c^4} y_1 y_2.$$

9. Find a formula for determining by means of a galvanometer the quantity of electricity in a given discharge. Describe the form of galvanometer you would use. What modification would you make in your formula if there were damping?

10. Give an account of Weber's theory of diamagnetism.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (B.)

HEAT, ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM II.

Examiner—MR. A. MACDONELL, M. A.

1. How does Maxwell define the potential of a conductor? Using this definition, what is the meaning of the statement that the potentials of zinc and copper are different when in contact? Give an account of accurate experiments made to determine the difference of potential due to contact of metals, pointing out the difficulties of the enquiry and showing how far these have been overcome.

2. Find the increment of the energy of an electrical system whose charges and potentials are changed. Prove Gauss's theorem $\Sigma E'P' = \Sigma E''P$.

3. Describe the method of solving electrical problems by the use of electrical images. An uninsulated infinite conductor has a hemispherical projection whose centre is on the plane. On the radius which is perpendicular to the plane is placed a point charge e . Find the density of the induced charge on the plane and on the hemisphere.

4. Give an account of the construction and method of using a torsion balance, pointing out the difficulties in its use.

Assuming that the case is spherical and metallic, find a formula for the turning moment of the needle which takes into account the effect of induced electrification on the side of the case.

5. Prove the rule for obtaining the greatest galvanometer deflection when using Wheatstone's Bridge—of the two resistances, that of the battery and that of the galvanometer, connect the greater resistance so as to join the two greatest to the two least of the four other resistances.

6. Give Faraday's arguments in favour of his statements:—
(1) When metals of different kinds connected in one circuit are equally subject in every circumstance to electro-magnetic induction, they exhibit exactly equal powers with respect to the currents which either are formed, or tend to form, in them. (2) The

currents produced by magneto-electric induction in bodies are proportional to their conducting powers.

7. How did Faraday establish his proposition, that the electricity which decomposes, and that which is evolved by the decomposition of, a certain quantity of matter, are alike?

8. Faraday says:—"The process of electrolytic discharge appears to me to be in close analogy, and perhaps in its nature identical with, discharge by connection." Discuss this statement.

9. Describe Kohlrausch's method of measuring a current in absolute measure.

10. How is the specific inductive capacity of a di-electric like gutta-percha found? What are the difficulties met with in the experiments?

Prove that the capacity of a wire of diameter d , at a height h above a flat plane and remote from all other conductors, is $l/2 \log \frac{4h}{d}$, l being its length.

11. Show that the time required for any given similar electric operation on a long cable, is proportional to the capacity per unit length, to the resistance per unit length, and to the square of the distance from the sending station.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (B.)

HEAT, ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM III.

Examiner—MR. W. BOOTH, M. A.

1. In Maxwell's graphic representation why are we justified in considering the two adiabatics and the two isothermals to form a parallelogram?

(a) The value of K_v is $T \frac{AM}{AN}$ and of K_p is $T \frac{AK}{AL}$ why should the

T in both expressions stand for equal quantities of heat?

(b) How does he translate into English the quantitative relation

$\left(\frac{dv}{d\theta}\right)_p = -\left(\frac{d\phi}{dp}\right)_\theta$? If y be a function of x and if δy be the varia-

tion of y consequent on a change δx in x , is $\frac{\delta y}{\delta x}$ the change in y consequent on x becoming $x+1$?

2. What is the specific heat of a substance when it undergoes an adiabatic transformation? and an isothermal transformation?

(a) Write an explanatory note entering into details on, "A third mode of defining specific heat is sometimes adopted in the case of saturated steam."

3. Give an account in detail of Thomson's porous-plug experiment.

(a) If the characteristic equation of the gas operated on were $v = T\phi(p)$ would there be any difference of temperature on the two sides of the partition?

4. How does Clausius prove rigorously that for a perfect gas in the Carnot's simple cycle $\frac{H_1}{\tau_1} - \frac{H_2}{\tau_2} = 0$.

(a) In what sense is the absolute scale of temperature absolute?

5. How may it be proved rigorously without any reference to a perfect gas that in a simple Carnot cycle transformation

$$\frac{H_1}{f(t_1)} - \frac{H_2}{f(t_2)} = 0.$$

(a) Hence show how $\frac{\delta H}{f(t)}$ is a perfect differential.

6. How do you consider the equation for the flow of heat in a bar, viz., $H = -K \frac{dV}{dx}$ to be obtained?

7. Obtain the law of the distribution of heat in a bar, one of whose extremities is kept at a constant temperature.

(a) When the permanent state is reached, assuming it as a fact proved by experiment that for three distances from the heated end, represented by x , $x+i$, $x+2i$, the ratio of the sum of the extreme excess temperatures to the mean excess temperature is independent of x . Show that the law of distribution for this case may be deduced.

8. With reference to Ingenhousz's experiment, prove that, "The order in which the melting begins is the order of the diffusivities of the metals employed, and when it has reached its limit (if the temperature of the liquid be maintained constant) the order of the lengths melted is the order of their conductivities."

9. If the thermal conductivity of iron be represented by K , shew that the amount of heat flowing in a given time through a hollow iron shell whose internal radius is r and external radius is R when the inner surface is maintained at $T^\circ \text{C}$ and the outer at 0°C depends on the value of $4\pi K T \frac{Rr}{R-r}$.

10. A body expands at constant temperature, T , from volume v_1 to volume v_2 , against an external pressure π : prove that the amount of heat absorbed is—

$$\int_{v_1}^{v_2} \left(T \frac{dp}{dt} - p \right) dv + \pi(v_2 - v_1)$$

11. In hydrogen the two specific thermal capacities K_p and K_v are approximately constant. Assuming their constancy, the second law of thermodynamics, and that the equation of the isothermal is $vp = (K_p - K_v)\theta$, prove that the entropy $\phi = K_v \log p + K_p \log v$.

OPTIONAL.

N. B.—You can substitute any of these in place of any of the above.

1. If the characteristic equation of a substance be

$$p = \frac{Rt}{v-a} - \frac{a}{(v-\beta)^2}$$

calculate the difference between "the" two specific heats of the substance.

2. Calculate the height of a homogeneous atmosphere of a gas

whose characteristic equation is $p = \frac{Rt}{v-a}$.

3. A perfect gas expands subject to the condition that its elasticity is always equal to the sum of that at a constant temperature, and that at constant entropy, prove that its specific heat, that at constant volume and that at constant pressure, form a G. P.

4. Show that the change in the entropy of a pound of water, in passing from the solid into the gaseous state, is

$$\phi - \phi_0 = \frac{L_0}{\theta_0} + \int_{\theta_0}^{\theta_1} \frac{\nu d\theta}{\theta} + \frac{L_1}{\theta_1} + (k-c) \log_e \frac{V}{V_1} + c \log_e \frac{\theta}{\theta_1}.$$

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (B.)

HEAT, ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM IV.

Examiner—MR. W. BOOTH, M.A.

1. Calculate the height of a homogeneous atmosphere in Paris for dry air at 0° C. from well known physical data and express your answer in metres.

(a) Being given g in Paris equal to 980 c.m., also g in Darjeeling equal to 929 c.m. calculate the height of a homogeneous atmosphere in Darjeeling the air being moist and the temperature not being 0° C.

2. Explain from theory the doctrine of nodes and loops in an organ pipe.

(a) Why are we permitted to add the displacements?

(b) How are some of the results verified by means of Koenig's flames.

3. Draw a neat diagram showing the superposition of the displacements of the air particles when a note and its octave are sounded together, also of a note and its third, the vibration being propagated in the same direction and the amplitudes and epochs being equal.

4. Explain how $y = a \sin \frac{2\pi}{\lambda}(vt-x)$ may be taken to represent

a sound wave in air. Demonstrate the formula for the velocity of sound in air and explain the validity of Laplace's interpretation as to the particular elasticity referred to.

5. What becomes of the light when two lights interfere?

6. Demonstrate the validity of the Huyghenian construction as to the form of the wave surface in calc-spar on the quasi dynamical principles of Fresnel.

7. "If a transparent specimen of Iceland spar be placed over a dot of ink on a sheet of white paper the two images will be seen. One of them, the ordinary image, will seem slightly nearer to the eye than the other, the extraordinary image. Suppose the spectator to view the dot in a direction at right angles to the paper, then if the crystal with the face still on the paper be turned round the ordinary image will continue fixed and the extraordinary image will describe a circle round it, the line joining them being always in the direction of the shorter diagonal of the face of the crystal, supposing its edges to be of equal lengths. In this case it is found that the angle between the ordinary and extraordinary ray is $6^{\circ} 12'$."

(a) How is the angle here referred to measured experimentally?

(b) How may its value be conveniently calculated from the optical constants of the crystal?

Can you show that the tangent of the angle here referred to is $\frac{1}{\pi} \frac{d\pi}{d\omega}$ where π stands for $\sqrt{a^2 \cos^2 \omega \times b^2 \sin^2 \omega}$ and ω is the angle

made by the axis of the crystal with one of its natural faces.

(c) What is the extraordinary index of an uniaxial crystal; how is it measured?

(d) Defining the index of refraction of the extraordinary ray (not wave) to be $\sin i$ divided by $\sin r$, what is its value in the case referred to in the preceding extract?

(e) Draw a neat diagram showing the paths of the two rays in calc-spar for a prism cut artificially, the axis being in the refracting surface and also in the plane of incidence, which of the two indices is the greater in this case?

(f) The second law of Descartes being obeyed and the prism being a natural specimen, investigate for the extraordinary ray if it be possible that the angle of incidence may be finite with a zero value for the angle of refraction.

(g) It is required to cut the crystal in such a way that obeying the second law of Descartes and looking down nearly perpendicularly the angle between the ordinary and extraordinary rays may be a maximum?

(h) Explain the different statements in the preceding extract.

8. How could you obtain:—

- (a) Plane polarised light?
- (b) Circularly polarised light?
- (c) Elliptical polarised light?

9. How do you distinguish common light from circularly polarised light?

Can you say how partially plane polarised light may be distinguished from elliptically polarised light?

10. Give the theory in detail of the rings and crosses produced by polarised light on a screen when working with an uniaxial crystal.

OPTIONAL.

N. B — You can substitute any of these in place of any of the above.

A. The rectangular components of the luminous vibrations in the plane of the wave front are

$$u = l \cos \omega t + m \sin \omega t$$

$$v = l' \cos \omega t + m' \sin \omega t.$$

When is the light plane polarised?

(a) When is it circularly polarised?

B. If the rectangular components of a homogeneous luminous vibration be represented by the equations

$$u = (x + y) \sin \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} (vt - z).$$

$$v = (x - y) \sin \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} (vt - z + a)$$

x, y , being the co-ordinates of a point on a screen on which the light is incident perpendicularly, describe the appearance presented to the eye.

(a) When viewed through a Nicol's prism.

C. Given the velocity of sound and the velocity of the listener approaching the source, which is fixed, calculate the consequent sharpening of the note.

(a) Also, given the velocity of sound and the velocity of the source towards the listener who is at rest, determine sharpening of the note.

D. Huggins found that the hydrogen line in the spectrum of Sirius was moved towards the red end, through a distance corresponding to a change in wave length of 0.109 millionth of a millimetre. What conclusion may be drawn from this, the wave length for hydrogen being 486.5 millionths of a millimetre, the velocity of light 185,000 miles per second, and the Earth moving with a velocity of 12 miles per second in a direction opposite to that of Sirius?

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (B.)

HEAT, ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM V.

Examiner—MR. W. BOOTH, M.A.

PRACTICAL I.

1. Read the barometer with the vernier attached, and correct for temperature.

2. Compare the thermometric conductivities of any three metals.

3. Find the specific heat of any metal.

4. Use Helmholtz's apparatus and shew by an optical method that the vibrational numbers of a note and its octave are as one to two.

5. Use two organ pipes to shew the phenomenon of beats. Find the vibrational number of either.

6. Use Hadley's sextant and find the angle subtended by a given object.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (B.)

HEAT, ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM VI.

Examiner—MR. A. MACDONELL, M.A.

PRACTICAL II.

1. Magnetise the piece of steel put before you, and determine the effects of heat on its magnetism for temperatures ranging between about 25° C and 150°. Plot your results

2. Make three solutions of Sulphate of Copper of different strength. Determine the strength of each solution and find the resistance of as much as is required to fill the given tube.

3. Trace the fall of potential along the given wire when a steady current is passed through it. Plot your results.

4. Find the strength of the magnetic fields at four different points in the magnetic axis of the given solenoid when you pass a steady current through it, and use your results to verify the ordinary formula.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (C.)

LIGHT AND SOUND I

Examiner—MR. W. BOOTH, M. A.

1. How can the distance between the virtual radiants in Fresnel's bi-prism experiment be determined experimentally?

2. In Fresnel's (mirror) fringes, if white light be used, the two bright bars next to the central bar are nearly white. In Fresnel's bi-prism fringes these bars are of a violet colour. Explain the reason of this difference.

3. How did Poisson remedy a defect in Young's theory of the colours of thin plates?

4. Explain how the intensity at any point of the diffraction

pattern is proportional to
$$\frac{a^2 \sin^2 \left\{ \frac{\pi a \sin \theta}{\lambda} \right\}}{\left(\frac{\pi a \sin \theta}{\lambda} \right)^2}$$
 when the light

is incident perpendicularly on the aperture.

5. Can you attempt to deduce the form of the wave surface in biaxial crystals on the quasi dynamical principles of Fresnel?

6. When the two waves are travelling in the biaxial crystal how are they to be refracted out of it?

(a). If luminous energy travels along a line of single ray velocity in the crystal how is it to be refracted out of it?

7. Describe either Jellett's prism or Babinet's compensator.

8. Give the theory of the production of circularly polarised light from plane polarised light?

9. Give an account of Fresnel's explanation of the rotation of the plane of polarisation of light passing through quartz.

10. How did Fresnel deal with the problem of the reflection and refraction of plain polarised light?

OPTIONAL.

1. In Fresnel's experiment with the two mirrors, how is the light arranged before it falls on the mirrors?

(a). "What then can be the form of vibration for common light? It is probably very irregular, consisting of ellipses of various sizes, positions, and forms (including circles and straight lines), rapidly succeeding one another." Why so?

Assuming the contents of this extract, have you any difficulty in explaining the existence of interference bands?

2. Give, by means of a graphic representation, a complete exposition of the doctrine of a Nicol's prism.

3. A beam of light consisting of parallel rays, polarised in parallel planes, passes at right angles through a uniaxial crystal cut parallel to the axis, and then through a Nicol's prism. Show that the intensity of the emergent light is given by the equation

$I = \cos^2 \alpha - \beta \cos^2 \phi + \cos^2 (\alpha + \beta) \sin^2 \phi$, where α and β are the angles which the axis of the crystal makes with the planes of polarisation and analysis respectively, and ϕ depends on the thickness of the crystal.

4. How is the Rhombohedron derived from the hexagonal prism?

(a). The angles between the faces are $105^\circ 5'$ and $74^\circ 55'$. Calculate the angles of the bounding parallelograms.

(b). Calculate the angles the axis makes with the faces and the edges.

Mr. Glazebrook says (Optics, page 288); "The angles between this (the axis) and any one of the rhombic faces is about $26^\circ 15' 30''$." Examine this statement.

N. B.—You may substitute any of these for any of the preceding.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (C.)

LIGHT AND SOUND II.

Examiner—MR. W. BOOTH, M.A.

N.B.—Full marks for seven answers.

1. Find the relation between the distances of two conjugate foci from a lens and its focal length on the principles of the wave theory.

2. When is a lens equivalent to two or more lenses. In the case of three lenses find the focal length of the equivalent lens.

3. On what does the purity of a spectrum depend? Compare diffraction and refraction spectra.

4. Describe Ramsden's eyepiece.

5. Give the Newtonian doctrine of the rainbow, and calculate the radii of the primary and secondary bows.

6. Find the general expression for the aberration in the refraction of direct pencils by a lens whose thickness is neglected.

7. When will two prisms both placed in the position of minimum deviation produce an achromatic combination?

8. What are the centre and the nodal points of a thick lens? Find their positions.

9. Prove that a system of three thin convex lenses made of the same material placed so that the distance between the first and second is a , and that between the second and third is b , is achromatic for an excentric pencil coming from a point on the axis whose distance from the first lens is—

$$\frac{2abf_1 - af_1f_2 - (a+b)f_1f_2}{f_3f_1 + 3ab - 2bf_1 - 2(a+b)f_2 - 2af_3 + f_2f_3 + f_1f_2}$$

where f_1, f_2, f_3 are the focal lengths of the three lenses (taken positively).

OPTIONAL.

(a). A writer on Thermodynamics says :—"The usual thermal unit is defined as the amount of heat required to raise unit mass of water from the temperature of melting ice through one degree C. of temperature measured on the air-thermometer, and it is called a *caloric*. In this definition it is necessary to mention the initial temperature, as M. Regnault's experiments shew that $\theta + 0.00002\theta^2 + 0.0000003\theta^3$, or according to later calculations by M. Bosscha, $\theta + 0.00011\theta^2$ is the heat required to raise one gram of water from the temperature of melting ice through θ degrees C. and hence that $1 + 0.00022\theta$ is the amount required to raise the same mass at θ° C. through one degree. The real calculation gives + 1,00011 instead of 1 for the term independent of θ . This is merely because the first formula is empirical, and thus not quite accurate, the difference is negligible." Is there anything remarkable in this extract?

(b). A writer on Hydrostatics says :—"If the pressure over the plane be variable, we may suppose the area a made so small that the pressure shall be sensibly uniform, and in this case P will be

small as well as a , but $\frac{P}{a}$ or p will measure the rate of pressure at

the point. Or we may say that p , the pressure at the point, i.e., the rate of pressure per unit area, is the limiting value of $\frac{P}{a}$, when a ,

and therefore P, are indefinitely diminished." Have you any remarks to make on this extract ?

(c). The late Professor Bain says, ["Logic Deduction," page 88] :—"Polarization and Double Refraction are co-extensive properties." Is this so ?

(d). Professor Tyndall says, ["Sound," page 14] :—"In fact, every experiment on the reflection of light has its analogy in the reflection of sound." Is this so ?

(e). Professor Bain says, ["Logic Induction," page 131] :—"concerning the Wave Theory of Light :—"We cannot positively affirm that no other supposition will explain the facts; what we can say is that of all hypotheses hitherto suggested this approaches the nearest to an exact explanation. Newton's corpuscular hypothesis is admitted to have broken down on *Interference*; and there is at the present day, no rival." Why do the phenomena of *Interference* preclude the possibility of light being a form of energy ? Recollect there is a permanence of energy as well as a permanence of matter.

(f). There is an *Interference* experiment however, which affords an *experimentum crucis* between these theories; yet the same *experimentum crucis* is obtained by experiments independent of *Interference*. Can you explain this statement ?

(g). Mr. Spencer says :—"Think you that a drop of water which to the vulgar eye is but a drop of water, loses anything in the eye of the physicist who knows that its elements are held together by a force, which, if suddenly liberated, would produce a flash of lightning." Can you explain the meaning of this extract ?

(h). Maxwell says ["Heat," page 215] :—"If light is a substance, there cannot be another substance which when added to it shall produce darkness. We are therefore compelled to admit that light is not a substance." Why so ? Instead of the term "substance" substitute "form of energy" in this extract and state the result ?

(i). Maxwell again says :—"Now there is nothing absurd in one motion being the exact opposite of another, though the supposition that one substance is the exact opposite of another substance, as in some forms of the Two-fluid theory of Electricity, is an absurdity." Suppose now a man were to say, corresponding to these equal and opposite motions there are two Kinetic energies, and since light is a form of energy, it is with them we have to deal, and it is as difficult for us to consider them as cancelling one another as it is for us to consider one substance as the exact opposite of another substance. Have you anything to say ?

(j). In Stoke's well-known exposition of the doctrine of Fraunhofer's lines there occurs :—"It is evident that such a medium, one being agitated, would give out the note above-mentioned, while, on the other hand, if the note were sounded in air at a distance the incident vibrations would throw the strings into vibration, and consequently would themselves be gradually extinguished, since otherwise there would be a creation of *vis viva*, that is, of Kinetic energy." Suppose now a person said :—"Will not the strings themselves emit the note referred to, and will not the sonorous energy now radiated be equal to that absorbed; how then can the presence of the strings effect the question ? How would you reply ?

(k). In examining with a spectroscope white light which has passed through the flame of a spirit lamp with a salted wick, determine the condition requisite in order that the dark D line may appear.

(l). Light having passed through a polariser, a doubly refracting crystal and an analyser, falls on a screen, thus producing a certain illumination, the analyser is now rotated through 90° , and a new illumination is produced. Where is now the luminous energy which was on the screen in the first position of the analyser?

(m). Professor Tyndall says [Notes on Light, page 69]:—"In one particular case the ellipse in which the individual particles of ether move is converted into a circle. This occurs when one of the systems of waves is an exact quarter of an undulation behind the other." Is this so?

(n). "In the case of a medium simultaneously disturbed by two sources of similar vibrations, we have seen that the amplitude of the resultant vibration at any point P is determined by the equation:—

$$A^2 = a_1^2 + a_2^2 + 2a_1 a_2 \cos \delta$$

where δ is the phase difference of the vibrations reaching P, etc. The average value of A^2 throughout the whole medium will be $a_1^2 + a_2^2$, or the sum of the average energies of the vibrations excited by the sources acting separately." Explain this extract.

N. B.—Any four of these Optional questions may be substituted for any one of the preceding.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (C.)

LIGHT AND SOUND, III.

Examiner—MR. A. MACDONELL, M.A.

1. Find the displacement of a vibrating particle at the time t , at a distance x from the origin. Using this equation find the changes that take place in the air inside a tube, through which two similar waves are passing in opposite directions.

2. What is the nature of the curves traced out by the luminous point in Lissajous' experiment, when one fork is sounding the octave of the other?

3. Investigate the differential equation of motion of the particles of a rod vibrating longitudinally, and find its general solution.

4. A string is fastened at both ends. A point in it distant p from one end is displaced laterally through a distance q , and then let go. Find the subsequent motion.

5. Find the motion of a particle vibrating subject to the action of a resistance, which varies as the velocity. Point out in what respect the motion agrees with, and differs from, S. H. M.

6. Donkin says that a noise is, in general, a combination of a number of musical tones too near to one another in pitch to be distinguished by the unassisted ear. A simple tone is incapable of resolution by reason of its absolute simplicity. Explain these statements, and give his arguments in support of them.

7. State and illustrate the principle of superposition as applied in acoustics. What is the fundamental assumption on which it is based, and to what extent is it justifiable? Give instances from acoustics in which the principle cannot be applied.

8. Explain the theory of resonance.

9. Give Helmholtz's arguments in support of Ohm's law that the human ear perceives pendular vibrations alone as simple tones, and resolves all other periodic motions of the air into a series of pendular vibrations, hearing the series of simple tones which correspond with these simple vibrations.

10. How did Helmholtz investigate the form of the vibration of strings? Describe his apparatus for the synthesis of sound.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (C.)

LIGHT AND SOUND, IV.

Examiner—MR. A. MACDONELL, M. A.

1. Give an account of the changes which take place in water, in its various forms, as the temperature changes. To what extent would you consider water as a representative liquid?

A vessel is filled up to a certain mark with water at 0° . It is heated and at 12° C, the water is again at the mark. Find the coefficient of expansion of the vessel, given that the density of water at 0° is .999884, and at 12° is .999562.

2. Explain the formation of dew, giving, if possible, an account of the more recent experiments and views on the subject.

3. Trace Carnot's cycle, and explain its importance in thermodynamical investigations.

4. Give an account of the theory of the degradation of energy.

5. Explain clearly your reasons for believing that heat is a form of energy. Explain the statement that heat is the lowest form of energy.

6. Give an account of Maxwell's theory of electrical displacement. Point out some of the analogies between the treatment of problems in statical electricity, and in other branches of Physics.

7. How is the electrical state of the atmosphere studied?

8. Describe any method for finding with accuracy the value of the horizontal intensity of the earth's magnetism.

9. State and explain Kirchhoff's laws for branched circuits.

A circuit is made in the form of a square of uniform wire, together with two diagonals of wire of the same section as the sides, but of a material whose specific resistance is to that of the side wires

as $\sqrt{2}$ is to 1. Find the currents in each branch, when a given current enters at the middle point of one side, and leaves at the middle point of the opposite side. Find also the equivalent resistance of the framework.

10. Give the chief laws of electrolysis and describe how they may be verified. Give some account of the more recent theories of electrolysis.

11. A movable circuit tends to place itself so as to have as many positive lines of force passing through it as possible. Explain the above fully and illustrate your explanation by examples.

12. Give an account of some dynamical theory of electromagnetic action, showing how this theory accounts for magnetic attraction, and for the gradual rise and decay of currents in wires.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (C.)

LIGHT AND SOUND, V.

Examiner.—MR. W. BOOTH, M. A.

PRACTICAL I.

1. Set up the large College spectroscope and show Fraunhofer's lines.

2. Set up Duboscq's apparatus and show the rings and crosses on a screen produced by polarised light (uniaxial crystal).

3. Set up the grating and attempt to measure the wave length of the D line.

4. Measure the angle of the crystal by a goniometer or otherwise.

5. Measure the index of refraction of the piece of glass.

6. Set up the solar microscope and throw magnified images of specimens on a screen.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (C.)

LIGHT AND SOUND, VI.

Examiner.—MR. A. MACDONELL, M. A.

PRACTICAL II.

1. Find the time of vibration of given pendulums.

2. Verify the relation between the vibration number and length of a given string stretched by a constant weight.

3. Find the magnetic moment of a magnet.

4. Compare the E. M. F. of two batteries.

5. Show that the quantity of copper deposited in the electrolysis of copper sulphate is proportional to the quantity of electricity which has passed.

6. Measure the resistance of two coils (1) in series (2) in parallel.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (E.)

PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY, I.

Examiner—BRIGADE-SURGEON LT.-COL. D. D. CUNNINGHAM,
M. B., F. R. S., C. I. E.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What constitutes an "Individual" in the Zoological sense of the term? 5
2. What are the principal varieties of the hind-limb in Birds? Give examples of genera in which each of them occurs. 5
3. Describe the circulatory and respiratory apparatus of Cephalopoda 10
4. What are the distinctive features in the skull of Ophiidia? 20
5. What are peptones; in what respects do they differ from albumins; how are they formed within the animal organism; what is the object of their formation, and what is their ultimate fate? 20
6. What are the characters and functions of the blood of Invertebrates as compared with those of the blood of Vertebrates? 10
7. What is the nature of the organic basis of osseous tissue; how can it be freed from the mineral matters with which it is normally impregnated, and what do the latter consist of? 10
8. In the mature animal organism what tissue-elements are respectively of epiblast, mesoblast and hypoblast origin? 20

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (E.)

PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY, II.

Examiner—BRIGADE-SURGEON LT.-COL. D. D. CUNNINGHAM,
M. B., F. R. S., C. I. E.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What is the source of the brown and black pigments which are present in the human organism, and what are the principal sites in which they normally occur? 5
2. What is Tunicin; in what organisms does it occur, and how may it be obtained from them? 6
3. What are the distinctive features of the Fauna of Oceanic islands; how does Darwin account for them, and how does he explain the fact that species of terrestrial molluscs so frequently occur in such localities? 20
4. What features distinguish Metazoic from Protozoic organisms? 5
5. Mention any phenomena indicating that the Oxygen which is absorbed into the internal nutritive medium by respiratory processes really plays the part of a food-material and is not expended in giving rise to direct oxidative decomposition of 20

protoplasm in connection with the exercise of functional activity.

6. Describe the various stages in the development of the nervous system of Vertebrata. 20

7. Describe the development of the Notochord and Vertebral column. 5

8. What are the distinctive properties of haemoglobin, and what is its special function in the animal organism? 20

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (E.)

PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY, III.

Examiner—BRIGADE-SURGEON LT.-COL. D. D. CUNNINGHAM,
M. B., F. R. S., C. I. E.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What causes the difference in color in pale and red muscular tissue, and how can the cause of the peculiarity of color in the latter tissue be determined? 5

2. Give an account of the morphology of Siphonophora 20

3. What are the primary groups into which metazoic organisms may be divided, and what are the distinctive features of each of them? 10

4. Describe the general arrangement of the nervous system in Arthropoda and Mollusca. 15

5. What views have been entertained in regard to the value of characters, which have been acquired under the influence of peculiarities of environment, as factors in the evolution of species? 20

6. What is "Visual purple" and what are the most important facts which have been ascertained regarding it? 10

7. Describe the development of the ovary in Vertebrata and the history of the ova up to the period of fertilisation. 10

8. Describe the distinctive features of the two primary varieties of osseous tissue, and the differences in the process of development which account for the peculiarities which they present. 10

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (E.)

PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY, IV.

Examiner—BRIGADE-SURGEON LT.-COL. D. D. CUNNINGHAM,
M. B., F. R. S., C. I. E.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Compare the arrangement of the circulatory apparatus in Reptilia and Pisces. 20

2. What are "neuromuscular" or "myoepithelial" cells, and in what animals do they occur? 5

3. What are the distinctive features of the anterior extremities of Aves? 10
4. How does Darwin account for the presence and frequent variability of rudimentary, abortive and atrophied structures in organisms? 10
5. How can the great structural peculiarities which are presented by many sterile and neuter insects be accounted for on the theory of natural selection? 20
6. Describe the gastric apparatus of Ruminantia; what are the functions of the various parts of it, and why is such a complicated arrangement necessary? 10
7. Describe the process of segmentation in alecithal, telolecithal, and centrolecithal ova; of what animals are ova of the latter type characteristic? 15
8. Describe the development of the nervous system and of the tracheæ in Insecta 10

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (E.)

PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY, V.

Examiner—BRIGADE-SURGEON LT.-COL. D. D. CUNNINGHAM,
M. B., F. R. S., C. I. E.

PRACTICAL I.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. To what groups of Mammalia did the animals, from which the specimens marked A, B, & C were derived, belong? Write out the dental formula for each specimen. 20
2. Describe the nature of the preparation with which you are furnished. What structures can you recognise in it? From what class of animals do you think that it was derived? 20
3. To what order of Insecta do the specimens before you belong? On what grounds do you base your determination? 20
4. To what Order, Tribe, Family and Genus does the bird before you belong? 20
5. What is the nature of the organism before you? Make microscopic preparations demonstrating the distinctive structural features which it presents. 20

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE (E.)

PHYSIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY, VI.

Examiner—BRIGADE-SURGEON LT.-COL. D. D. CUNNINGHAM,
M. B., F. R. S., C. I. E.

PRACTICAL II.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Make a permanent preparation of the blood of the toad with which you are supplied; staining so as to demonstrate the nuclei clearly. 16

2. Make a preparation of striate muscular tissue. 16
 3. Make a preparation demonstrating the minute structure of non-striate muscular tissue. 16
 4. Demonstrate the presence of the Endothelial coating of the peritoneum. 16
 5. Describe the nature and origin of the microscopic preparations numbered A., B , C., D., and E. 16
- Demonstrate that the material placed before you consists of blood. 20

Premchand Roychand Studentship Examination.

1893.

ENGLISH I.

Examiner—MR. J. MANN, M. A.

1. Turn literally into modern English :—

pā wearð se cyning Oswold swiðe ælmesgeorn and ðadmōd on pēawum and on eallum pingum cystig, and man ārærde. cyrcan on his rice geond eall and mynsterlice gesettnysa mid micelre geornfulnysse.

Hit gelamp on sumne sǣl pæt hī sǣton ætgædere Oswold and Aidan on þām hālgan ēasterdægo: pā bær man þām cyninge cynelice pēunga on anum sylfrenan disc: and sōna pā inn ēode an pæs cyninges pēgna þe his ælmyssan bewiste, and sǣde pæt fela þearfan sǣtan geond pā stræt gehwanon eumeno tō pæs cyninges ælmyssan. Pā sende se cyning sōna þām þearfum pone sylfrenan disc mid sande mid ealle, and hēt tōccorfan pone disc and syllan þām þearfum heora ælcum his dǣl, and man dyde pā swā.

- (a) Decline 'pone sylfrenan disc' throughout both numbers.

- (b) Give the dual forms found in Anglo-Saxon.

- (c) Give the principal parts of the verbs *ceorfan*, *hēt*, *wearð*.

2. Modernize, with notes :—

- (a) His body was to-bolle for wratthe · pæt he bote his lippes,
And wryngunge he yede with þe fiste · to wreke himself
he poughte

With werkes or with wordes · when he seighe his tyme.

Eehe a worde pæt he warpe · was of an addres tonge,

Of chydyng and of chalangyng · was his chief lyfode

With bakbityng and bismar · and beryng of fals witness;

Þis was al his curteisye · where pæt euero he shewed him.

'I wolde ben yshryue : quod þis schrewe · 'and I for
shame durst.

- (b) Blynde and bedreden · were botened a pousande,

pæt seten to begge syluer · sone were þei holed.

For pæt was bake for Bayarde · was bote for many hungry,

And many a beggare for benes · buxome was to swynke,

And eche a pore man wel apayed · to haue pesen for his
huyre,

And what Piers preyed hem to do · as prest as a sperhauke.

Indicate the scope and spirit of *Piers the Plowman* : and state what you know of *Pierce the Ploughman's Crede*. Mention the rules for the structure of alliterative verse.

3. Turn into good modern English prose, with annotations :

A Sergeant of Lawe, war and wys,

That often hadde ben atte parvys

Ther was also

...For his science and for his heih renoun,

Of fees and robes had he many oon.
 So great a purchasour was ther nowher noon.
 Al was fee symple to him in effecte,
 His purchasyng might nought been to him suspecte.
 Nowher so besy a man as he ther nas,
 And yit he semede besier than he was.
 In termes hadde caas and domes alle
 That fro the tyme of kyng Will were falle.
 Therto he couthe endite, and make a thing,
 Ther couthe nō man pynche at his writyng.
 And every statute couthe be pleyn by roote.
 He rood but hoomly in a medled coote
 Gird with a seynt of silk, with barres smale.

Scan the first six lines of the above passage, and state in what cases the final *e* is pronounced in Chaucer's verse.

Illustrate Chaucer's originality.

Describe the Pardoner or the Maunciple, and give an outline of the tale told by the former.

How does Chaucer describe himself in the *Canterbury Tales*? Comment on the character of the tale he assigns to himself.

Give the meaning of the following :—

- (a) And yit this Maunciple sette here aller cappe.
- (b) Your bagges beth not fuld with *ambes aas*
But with *sys synk*.
- (c) That oon of yow, or be him loth or leef,
He may go pypen in an ivy leaf.

4 'Spenser whom I dare name a better teacher than Scotus or Aquinas.' 'Wherever in the *Faery Queene*, you come suddenly on the moral, it gives you a shock of unpleasant surprise:' Discuss these estimates of Spenser as a teacher.

Give an account of the House of Alma as described in Book II of the *Faery Queene*.

Annotate the following stanza :—

The frame thereof seemed partly circulare,
 And part triangulare, O worke divine:
 These two the first and last proportions are;
 The one imperfect, mortal, fæminine;
 The other immortal, perfect, masculine;
 And twixt them both a quadrate was the base
 Proportioned equally by seven and nine;
 Nine was the circle set in heaven's place
 All which compacted made a goodly Diapase.

Interpret these lines :—

And there though last not least is action;
 A gentler shepherd may nowhere be found;
 Whose muse full of high thought's invention
 Doth like himself heroically sound.

5. Discuss two of the following dicta :—

- (a) 'The Lear of Shakespeare cannot be acted.'
- (b) 'Macbeth is the most purely tragic of all Shakespere's plays.'
- (c) 'Timon is a tragedy of despair.'

Which of Shakespeare's plays appeared in quarto editions? Indicate the relation of the first quarto of *Hamlet* to the second.

Discuss the question of the authorship of *Henry the Eighth* or of the 2nd and 3rd parts of *Henry the Sixth*.

Interpret :—

(a) There is, Sir, an aery of children, little eyases, that cry out on the top of question, and are most tyrannically clapped for't; these are now the fashion, and so berattle the common stages—so they call them—that many wearing rapiers are afraid of goose-quills, and dare scarce come thither..... 'Faith there has been much to do on both sides, and the nation holds it no sin to tarre them to controversy : there was for a while no money bid for argument, unless the poet and the player went to cuffs in the question.

- (b) Nature is fine in love, and where 'tis fine
It sends some precious instance of itself
After the thing it loves.
- (c) Mine eye hath played the painter, and hath stelled
Thy beauty's form in table of my heart ;
My body is the frame wherein 'tis held,
And perspective it is best painter's art.
For though the painter must you see his skill
To find where your true image pictured lies.

ENGLISH II.

Examiner —MR. J. MANN, M. A.

You are requested not to answer more than eight questions.

1. Write a life of Ben Jonson. Describe his dramatic style, and compare his characterization with Shakespeare's.

The Prologue to *Every Man in his Humour* has been called an elaborate sneer at Shakespeare: Comment on this, and cite from Ben Jonson illustrations of the spirit in which he regarded Shakespeare.

2. Annotate, quoting parallel passages :—

Then listen I
To the celestial Sirens' harmony
That sit upon the nine enfolded spheres
And sing to those that hold the vital shears,
And turn the adamantine spindle round,
On which the fate of gods and men is wound.
Such sweet compulsion doth in music lie
To lull the daughters of Necessity ;
And keep unsteady Nature to her law
And the low world in measured motion draw
After the heavenly tune, which none can hear
Of human mould with gross unpurged ear.

Sketch the history of the English *Mask*.

3. Write a character of Bacon.

Indicate the scope and purpose of the *Advancement*, and notice any of the *Discredits of Learning* dealt with in the first Book.

4. Discuss—

(a) Dryden's character of Zimri, comparing it with Pope's description of the same personage ;

(b) Pope's characters of Atticus and Atossa.

Reproduce as much as you can of these characters.

5. Estimate Pope's place in English poetry.

6. Describe Swift's satire, and give an account of the *Drapier's Letters*.

7. Sketch the plot of one of Sheridan's comedies; and give an account of the *Rehearsal*.

8. 'The wit of Dogne, the wit of Fuller, the wit of Congreve, the wit of Sheridan: how many disparate things are here expressed by one and the same word *wit*.' Illustrate this.

9. Compare Milton and Wordsworth as writers of Sonnets. Annotate Wordsworth's Sonnet on the Sonnet, and consider particularly the statement: 'with this key Shakespeare unlocked his heart.'

10. Discuss Lamb's *egotism*: and illustrate the following lines

From the olden time
Of authorship thy patent should be dated,
And thou with Marvell, Browne, and Burton mated.

Give the substance of Lamb's character of Malvolio.

ENGLISH III.

Examiner—MR. J. MANN, M. A.

You are requested not to answer more than ten questions.

1. What do you know of the epic poem *Beowulf*, its origin, date, and place? Estimate its importance.

2. Give some account of the early religious drama in England, noticing any of the extant series of mysteries.

3. Trace the stages by which the grammar of the oldest English passed into the grammar of Chaucer. Describe the chief extraneous influences on the vocabulary of the language from the time of Edward the Confessor.

4. Write a literary life and estimate of Hazlitt or of Leigh Hunt.

5. Write an estimate of Scott's poetry.

6. Give an account of two of the following poems:—

Christabel; *Hyperion*; *Gebir*.

7. Describe Wordsworth's *Ode to Duty*; and illustrate what has been called 'Wordsworth's healing power.'

8. Write a history of the Laureateship, and estimate the claims of any living poets to the office.

9. Illustrate Browning's dramatic power; and give an account of any one of his dramas.

10. Notice the principal poetical elegies in English.

11. Discuss Matthew Arnold's description of poetry as a criticism of life.

12. 'Mighty poets in their misery dead': illustrate this from English literature.

ENGLISH IV.

Examiner—MR. J. MANN, M. A.

Write an essay on one of the following subjects:—

- a. Shakespeare's Fools.
- b. Matthew Arnold's Poetry.
- c. The English Drama of the 19th century.

LATIN I.

Examiner—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M. A.

1. Translate into English:—

(A) *Calpurnius*. Nimis miser sum: nummum nusquam reperire argenti queo:

Ita miser et amore pereor et inopia argentaria.

Ballio. Emito die caeca hercle olivum, id vendito oculata die:

Jam hercle vel ducentae possunt fieri praesentes minae.

Ca: Perii: annorum lex me perdit quinavicenaria:

Metuunt credere omnes. *Ba*: Eademst mihi lex: metuo credere.

Pseudolus. Credere autem? eho, an paenitet te, quanto hic fuerit usui?

Ba: Non est ussu quisquam amator nisi qui perpetuat data:

Aut det usque aut quando nil sit semul amare desinat.

Ca: Nilne te miseret? *Ba*: Inanis cedis: dicta non sonant.

Atque ego te vivom salvomque vellem. *Ps*: Eho, an jam mortuost?

Ba: Utut est, mihi quidem profecto cum istis dictis mortuost.

Ilico vixit amator, ubi lenoni supplicat.

Semper tu ad me cum argentata accedito querimonia:

Nam istuc quod nunc lamentare, non esse argentum tibi,

Aput novercam querere.

(*Plautus*.)

(a). Refer to any similar scenes or situations in *Plautus* or *Terence*. Are they representations of real life? Annotate the above passage.

(B) Denique si vocem rerum natura repente
Mittat, et hoc alicui nostrum sic increpet ipsa
'Quid tibi tanto operest, mortalis, quod nimis aegris
Luctibus indulges? Quid mortem congemis ac fles?
Nam gratis anteacta fuit tibi vita priorque
Et non omnia pertusum congesta quasi in vas
Commoda perfluxere atque ingrata interiere:
Cur non ut plenus vitae conviva recedis
Aequo animoque capis securam, stulte, quietem?

Sin ea quae fructus cumque es periere profusa
 Vita in offensust, cur amplius addere quaeris,
 Rursum quod pereat male et ingratum occidat omne,
 Non potius vitae finem facis atque laboris?
 Non tibi praeterea quod machiner inveniamque,
 Quod placeat nil est: Eadem sunt omnia semper'.....

(*Lucretius*).

(b). Compare these sentiments regarding Death with those put by Lucan into the mouth of Cato. Are they in keeping with those that Tennyson makes Lucretius utter before his death?

(C). O saepe mecum tempus in altimum
 Deducte, Bruto militiae duce,
 Quis te redonavit Quiritem
 • Dis patriis Italoque caelo,
 Pompei meorum prime sodalium,
 Cum quo morantem saepe diem mero
 Fregi coronatus nitentes
 Malobathro Syrio capillos?
 Tecum Philippos et celerem fugam
 Sensi relictæ non bene parmula,
 Cum fracta virtus et minaces
 Turpe solum tetigere mento.
 Sed me per hostes Mercurius celer
 Denso paventem sustulit aere;
 Te rursus in bellum resorbens
 Unda fretis tulit aestuosus.
 Ergo obligatam redde Jovi dapem
 Longaque fessum militia latus
 Depone sub laura mea nec
 Parce cadis tibi destinatis.
 Oblivioso levia Massico
 Ciboria exple; funde capacibus
 Unguenta de conchis. Quis undo
 Deproperare apio coronas
 Curatve myrto? quem Venus arbitrum
 Dicit bibendi? Non ego sanius
 Bacchabor Edonis: recepto
 Dulce mihi furere est amico.

(*Horace*).

(c). Annotate the above Briefly describe the successive "functions" at a Roman supper, adding a menu and wine-list.

(D). Jam diu lato spatiosa campo
 • Fortis heroos Erato labores
 Differ, atque ingens opus in minores
 • Contrahe gyros.
 Tuque regnator lyricæ cohortis
 Da novi paullum mihi jura plectri.
 Si tuas cantu Latio sacravi,
 • Pindare, Thebas.
 Maximo carmen tenuare tento:
 Nunc ab intonsa capienda myrto
 Serta; nunc major sitis, et bibendus
 Castior amnis.

Quando te dulci Latio remittent
 Dalmatae montes ; ubi Dite viso
 Pallidus fossor redit, erutoque
 Concolor auro ?
 Ecce me natum propiore terra
 Non tamen portu retinent ameno
 Desides Baiæ, liticene notus
 Hectoris armis.
 Torpor est nostris sine te Camœnis ;
 Tardius sueto venit ipse Thymbræ
 Rector, et primis meus ecce metis
 Haeret Achilles.

(Statius).

(d) Explain the allusions above. What aspects of Statius's genius and of literary society at Rome does this extract illustrate ?

2. Emend the corrupt reading in the second line of the following :—

Denique non monumenta virum dilapsa videmus,
 Quærere proporro sibi cumque senescere credas,
 Non ruere avolsos silices a montibus altis
 Nec validas ævi vires perferre patique
 Finiti ?

(Lucretius).

LATIN II.

Examiner.—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M. A.

Translate into English :—

(A). Adversus istos qui sese 'Chaldaeos' seu 'genethliacos' appellant, audivimus quondam Favorinum philosophum Romæ Graece disserentem ad hanc ferme sententiam : eos, quoniam viderent terrena quaedam inter homines sita caelestium rerum sensu atque ductu moveri, quale est, quod oceanus quasi lunae comes cum ea simul senescit adolescitque, hinc videlicet sibi argumentum ad suadendum paravisse, ut crederemus, omnia rerum humanarum tanquam stellis atque sideribus evincta, duci et regi. Esse autem nimis quam ineptam absurdumque, ut quoniam aestus oceani cum lunae curriculo congruit, negotium quoque alicujus, quod ei forte de aquae ductu cum rivalibus aut de communi pariete cum vicino apud judicem est, ut existimemus, id negotium quasi habena quadam de cælo vinctum gubernari. Quod etsi vi et ratione quapiam divina fieri potest, nequaquam id tamen censebet in tam brevi exiguoque vitae spatio quantovis hominis ingenio comprehendendi posse et percipi, set^c conjectari paucæ quaedam, nullo scientiæ fundo concepto, sed fusa et vaga et arbitraria, qualis longinquæ oculorum acies est per intervalla media caligantium.

(Aulus Gellius).

(a). Note any points in grammar and style in the above extract wherein it differs from the Latin prose of the "Golden" age. What is the value of the writings of Aulus Gellius in the history of literature ?

(B). Inter initia usque adeo ab omni caede abhorrebat ut absente adhuc patre, recordatus Virgilii versum : "Impia quam caesis

gens est epulata juvenis," edicere destinavit, ne boves immolarentur. Cupiditatis quoque atque avaritiae vix suspicionem ullam aut privatus umquam aut princeps aliquandiu dedit, immo e diverso magna saepe non abstinentiae modo sed etiam liberalitatis experimenta. Omnis circa se largissime persecutus, nihil prius aut acrius monuit quam ne quid sordide facerent. Relictas sibi hereditates ab iis, quibus liberi erant, non recepit. Legatum etiam ex testamento Rusci Caepionis, qui caverat ut quot annis ingredientibus curiam senatoribus certam summam viritum praestaret heres suus, irritum fecit. Reos, qui ante quinquennium proximum apud aerarium pependissent, universos discrimine liberavit, nec repeti nisi intra annum eaque conditione permisit, ut accusatori qui causam non teneret exilium poena esset. Scribas quaestorios negotiantis, ex consuetudine sed contra Clodiam legem, venia in praeteritum donavit. Subsiciva, quae divisis per veteranos agris carptim superfuerunt, veteribus possessoribus ut usu capta concessit. Fiscales calumnias magna calumniantium poena repressit, ferebaturque vox ejus: "Princeps qui delatores non castigat, irritat."

(Suetonius).

- (b). Note down the main points in the Roman law of Wills and Bequests.

(C). Quisquis est Deus, si modo est alius, et quacunque in parte, totus est sensus, totus visus, totus auditus, totus animae, totus animi, totus sui. Innumeros quidem credere, atque etiam ex virtutibus vitiisque hominum, aut, ut Democrito placuit, duos omnino, majorem ad socordiam accedit. Verum Deos agere curam rerum humanarum credi, ex usu vitae est: poenasque maleficiis aliquando seras, occupato Deo in tanta mole, nunquam autem irritas esse; nec ideo proximum illi genitum, hominem, ut vilitate juxta bellus esset. Imperfectae vero in homine naturae praecipua solatia, ne Deum quidem posse omnia. Namque nec sibi potest mortem consciscere, si velit, quod homini dedit optimum in tantis vitae poenis: nec mortales aeternitate donare, aut revocare defunctos. Nec facere, ut qui vixit, non vixerit; qui honoris gessit, non gesserit: nullumque habere in praeterita jus, praeterquam oblivionis: per quae declaratur haud dubie naturae potentia, idque esse quod Deum vocamus.

(Pliny).

- (c). Define the principal theories of the ancients regarding the nature and attributes of God.

(D). De republica quid ego tibi subtiliter? Tota periit, atque hoc est miserum, quam reliquisti, quod tum videbatur ejusmodi dominatio civitatem oppressisse, quae jucunda esset multitudini, bonis autem ita molesta, ut tamen sine pernicie: nunc repente tanto in odio est omnibus, ut quorsus eruptura sit horreamus. Nam iracundiam atque intemperantiam illorum sumus experti, qui Catoni irati omnia perdiderunt. Sed ita lenibus uti videbantur venenis, ut posse videremur sine dolore interire. Nunc vero sibilis vulgi, sermonibus honestorum, fremitu Italiae vereor ne exarserint. Equidem, sperabam, ut saepe etiam loqui tecum solebam, sic orbem reipublicae esse conversum, ut vix sonitum audire, vix impressam

orbitam videre possemus: et fuisset ita, si homines transitum tempestatis expectare potuissent; sed quum diu occulte suspirassent, postea jam gemere, ad extremum vero loqui omnes et clamare coeperunt.

(Cicero).

(d). Date and address the above as a Roman letter, it having been written in B. C. 59 by Cicero to Atticus from Rome. Briefly describe the state of affairs at Rome accounting for the tone perceptible in it.

(E). Nondum tamen summa moliri Agrippina audebat, ni praetoriarum cohortium cura exsolverentur Luscus Geta et Rufrius Crispinus, quos Messalinae memores et liberis ejus devinctos credebat. Igitur distrahi cohortes ambitu duorum, et, si ab uno regerentur, intentionem fore disciplinam adseverante uxore, transfertur regimen cohortium ad Burrum Afranium egregiae militaris famae, gnarum tamen cujus soonte praeficeretur. Snum quoque fastigium Agrippina extollere altius: carpento Capitolium ingredi, qui honos sacerdotibus et sacris antiquitas concessus venerationem augebat feminae, quam imperatore genitam, sororem ejus qui rerum potitus sit et conjugem et matrem fuisse, unicum ad hunc diem exemplum est. Inter quae praecipuus propugnator ejus Vitellius, validissima gratia, aetate extrema (adeo incertae sunt potentium res) accusatione corripitur, deferente Junio Lupo senatore. Is crimina majestatis et cupidinem imperii objectabat, praebeuissetque aures Caesar, nisi Agrippinae minis magis quam precibus mutatus esset. ut accusatori aqua atque igni interdiceret. Haec tunc Vitellius voluerat.

(Tacitus).

(e). Enumerate the various engines of misgovernment at work during the early Empire. What causes conspired to render their operations so successful?

LATIN III.

Examiner.—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M. A.

1. Explain the formation of the archaic case endings occurring in Plantus and Lucretius. Quote or refer to fragments of early Latin throwing light upon the origin of these forms.

2. Name and explain the construction of the various lyric metres used by Horace. Point out any difference between him and Catullus in the use of these metres.

3. Describe the legal status and social position of the Servus in the days of the Republic.

4. Give an outline of the Roman Judicia.

5. Define the relation of Patronus to Clients, and trace its history. Was there any law or custom among the ancient Romans that fulfilled any of the purposes of the modern Poor Law?

6. What striking contrast has been pointed out between the natural bent of Lucretius's mind and the character of the philosophy he expounds, and what explanation has been given of this contrast? Does any modern resemble him as a poet? if so, in what respect?

7. Point out the chief beauties of the Roman Elegy. Distinguish between the peculiar merits of the principal Latin Elegiac poets. Quote in illustration.

8. What essential difference is there between Livy's and Tacitus's treatment of history? Investigate fully the causes of this difference. Is there any point of excellence common to the two?

LATIN IV.

Examiner—MR. H. M. PERCIVAL, M. A.

I. Translate into Latin Prose :—

If peradventure, reader, it has been thy lot to waste the golden years of thy life—thy shining youth—in the irksome confinement of an office; to have thy prison days prolonged through middle age down to decrepitude and silver hairs, without hope of release or respite; to have lived to forget that there are such things as holidays, or to remember them but as the prerogatives of childhood; then and then only will you be able to appreciate my deliverance. It is now six-and-thirty years since I took my seat at the desk in Mining Lane. Melancholy was the transition at fourteen from the abundant playtime and the frequently intervening vacations of school-days to the eight, nine, and sometimes ten hours' a day attendance at the counting-house. But time partially reconciles us to anything. I gradually became contented, doggedly contented, as wild animals in cages But now I am no longer clerk to the firm of Boldero, Merryweather and Co. I am Retired Leisure. I am to be met with in trim gardens. I am already come to be known by my vacant face and careless gesture, perambulating at no fixed pace, nor with any settled purpose. They tell me a certain *cum dignitate* air, that has been buried so long with my other good parts, has begun to shoot forth in my person. I grow into gentility perceptibly. When I take up a newspaper it is to read the state of the opera. I have done all that I came into this world to do. I have worked taskwork, and have the rest of the day to myself.

II. Turn into Latin *Alcaics or Sapphics* :—

Gather ye rose-buds while ye may :

Old time is still a-flying; •

And this same flower that smiles to-day,

Tomorrow will be dying.

The glorious lamp of heaven, the Sun,

The higher he's a-getting, •

The sooner will his race be run

And nearer he's to setting. •

III. Write an Essay in English on *one* of the following subjects :—

1. The commerce and economic condition of the Roman Republic,

or

2. Electicism in Roman Philosophy,

or

3. The indigenous element in Latin Literature.

PHILOSOPHY I.

Examiner—DR. P. K. RAY.

PSYCHOLOGY.

N. B.—Only 4 questions are to be answered.

1. What is meant by the unity of the mind? Does Psychology assume it? How do you reconcile the unity of the mind with a plurality of its functions?
2. Explain and criticise the different theories of the visual preception of space.
3. Analyse the belief in the existence of other persons and trace its genesis and development
4. Give a critical account of the nature, origin and development of the consciousness of power.
5. Give a critical account of distinction between Sense, Understanding, and Reason.
6. What is the relation of Knowledge to (1) Sensation, (2) Imagination, (3) Thought, (4) Belief, (5) Being? Fully discuss the question.
7. Give an account of Aristotle's theory of the relation of the soul to the body and compare it with the modern theories.

PHILOSOPHY II.

Examiner—DR. P. K. RAY.

ETHICS.

N. B.—Only 4 questions are to be answered.

1. Trace the genesis and development of the Moral Consciousness.
2. Give a critical account of the modern theories of Pleasure and compare them with the theories of Plato and Aristotle.
3. Explain and criticise the different theories of the *Summum Bonum* (Highest Good).
4. Explain and examine the different theories of the nature of Moral Authority.
5. Give a critical account of Butler's Ethical theory and compare it with the theory of the Stoics.
6. Give a critical account of Sidgwick's Ethical theory.
7. Compare the fundamental conceptions of Kant's Ethics with those of Martineau's.

PHILOSOPHY III.

Examiner.—DR. P. K. RAY.

LOGIC.

N. B.—Only 4 questions are to be answered.

1. Distinguish the different schools of Logic and give a critical account of the fundamental principles of each.
2. Explain and examine Mill's theory of Definition.

3. What is the true type of Reasoning? Fully discuss the question and give a critical account of the views held by different Logicians.

4. What are the functions and logical values of Mill's Experimental Methods?

5. Give a critical account of attempts to reduce Induction to Deduction.

6. What is the relation of Probability to Induction? Fully discuss the question.

7. Compare the Categories of Kant with those of Hegel.

PHILOSOPHY IV.

Examiner DR. P. K. RAY.

HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY.

N. B.—Only 3 questions are to be answered.

1. Compare the Idea of the Good in Plato's Dialectic with the idea of God in Spinoza's and with the idea of the Absolute in Hegel's systems.

2. Give a critical account of the conception of Matter from Descartes to the present day.

3. Explain and examine Kant's conception of Nature and compare it with Mill's and Spencer's conceptions.

4. Compare Empiricism and Rationalism as theories of the sources and limits of knowledge.

5. Give a critical account of Pan-phenomenalism as a theory of the Universe.

6. Fully discuss the question:—"Can Reason be conceived as a mere result growing out of the blind and accidental changes of matter or must Reason be regarded as a pre-existing and absolutely necessary condition to the historical development of the material and intellectual world?" Grant's Aristotle.

L. M. S. re-Examination.**1893.****MEDICINE.***Examiner.*—DR. A. CROMBIE.*The value of each question is 10⁰ marks.*

1. Describe the symptoms which may be produced by the following conditions, pointing out those which are diagnostic of each :—

- (a) Chronic gastric catarrh.
- (b) Excessive acidity of the gastric contents.
- (c) Gastric ulcer.
- (d) Dilatation of the stomach.

2. Indicate the treatment appropriate to each of these conditions.

3. Of what conditions is Hæmaturia symptomatic, and how are they distinguished from one another? What is the difference between Hæmaturia and Hæmoglobinuria.

4. What is the prognosis in the several valvular lesions of the heart? Mention the general principles of treatment in such cases.

5. What are the symptoms and course of a case of cerebro-spinal meningitis?

PATHOLOGY.*Examiner*—BRIGADE-SURGEON LT.-COL. D. D.

CUNNINGHAM, M. B., F. R. S., C. I. E.

1. What do you understand by Embolism; what causes 125 may give rise to it; what distinguishes simple from infective Embolism, and what results may follow the occurrence of simple Embolism?

2. What is the cause of the elevation of temperature which 125 attends febrile conditions of the organism?

3. Describe the conditions which are present in typical 125 cases of multiple Lymphadenoma.

4. What are the distinctive features of tubercular and 125 typhoid ulcers of the intestinal mucous membrane.

HYGIENE.*Examiner*—DR. W. J. SIMPSON.*Each question has the same value.*

1. What are the chief local conditions which play a prominent part in the development of malaria; and how can these be remedied.

2. What is the period of incubation of smallpox, cholera, typhoid fever, measles and diphtheria, and how long does the period of infection continue in each of these.

3. What are the characteristics of a pure water and how is its potability determined.

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